### **MEETING NOTES**

### BICYCLE AND PEDESTRIAN SUBCOMMITTEE

**DATE**: Tuesday, November 19, 2002

**TIME**: 1:00 P.M.

PLACE: COG, 777 North Capitol Street, NE

First Floor, Room 1

**CHAIR**: Heather Wallenstrom

Virginia Department of Transportation

VICE-

**CHAIRS**: Michael Jackson

Maryland Department of Transportation,

Jim Sebastian

District Division of Transportation

### Attendance:

Shaheer Assad Loudoun County

Don Barclay WalkDC Marie Birnbaum WalkDC

George Branyan MD SHA Maryland Highway Safety Office

Harry Cepeda DDOT

Charlie Denney Arlington County
Bennett Elbo Prince William County

Eric Gilliland WABA Chris Holben DDOT

Jim Hudnall Oxon Hill Bicycle and Trail Club

Dan Janousek City of Gaithersburg

Chuck Kines MNCPPC-Montgomery County

Brian King VDOT – Planning

Karl Kratzer Luchner

Bob Kuhns Grove/Slade Associates

Rachel Lyons Design House

Randy Mardres College Park Area Bicycle Coalition

Debbie Mayer City of Rockville

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Rich Metzinger National Park Service

Allen Muchnick Virginia Bicycling Federation

Jim Sebastian District of Columbia

Fred Shaffer MNCPPC

Katherine Shriver Baltimore Metropolitan Council

Peter Steele Prince William County

Gail Tait-Nouri Montgomery County DPWT

Kenneth Todd NCBW Jan Vaughn VDOT

Heather Wallenstrom VDOT, NOVA

Chris Wells Fairfax County DOT
Maria M. White City of Alexandria
John Wetmore Perils for Pedestrians
Chris Wells Fairfax County DOT

#### **COG Staff Attendance:**

Michael Farrell Andrew Meese Gerald Miller

### 1. General Introductions.

Participants introduced themselves.

### 2. Review of the Minutes of the September 17, 2002 Meeting

Minutes were approved. A request was made that the sign-in sheet, with contact information, be distributed at every meeting.

# 3. Discussion of Nominations for the Top Ten Regional Bicycle and Pedestrian Projects

Michael Farrell, COG

Michael suggested that we start with the existing list of projects that the region has already agreed are of high priority. The projects listed in the TCSP priority projects would be a good starting point. We could then delete projects that have been built, funded, or have dropped off in priority for some other region.

Jim Sebastian briefly described the process that went into creating the TCSP reports. Essentially, each jurisdiction nominated some projects, and then a committee selected regional priorities from that list. Service to regional activity centers was an important selection factor.

Apart from the TCSP, the Top Ten list originated as a way of raising the profile of bicycle and pedestrian projects that were not getting into the TIP.

Heather said that the TCSP list might not be sufficiently geographically balanced. She was also concerned that a top twenty list might be too many to sell.

Jim suggested that we look at the last top ten list. Mike had not been able to find the last list. There were about twelve on the last list. Projects that were funded were deleted from the next year's list. A question was asked about the purpose of the list, whether it was to consist of recreational or commuter facilities. The TCSP list looks recreational, while the newer nominations seem more commuter-focused. Allan Muchnick proposed that the main criterion for this list be that it need funding. Jim suggested that each jurisdiction nominate its top project in need of funding. Do not list things that are funded or already very likely to be funded. The list should consist of good projects not yet funded, and the purpose is to highlight these projects at a regional level, to improve their chances of being funded.

We have heard from six jurisdictions about the projects they would like to include. Heather suggested that we defer selecting the projects to a meeting of the Bike Plan Work Group.

Andy Meese added that having a list like this gives substance to the demand for more bicycle and pedestrian projects. The shortage of funding this year should be considered in choosing priority projects this year.

Harry Cepeda suggested that jurisdictions explain why their project should be funded immediately. Heather asked what information Michael would be needing. Michael explained that he already had asked for answers to a standard list of questions, but promised to re-visit it.

A question arose with respect to timing. Andy suggested that it would be best if we had a list to suggest to the TPB Technical Committee at its meeting this December. Michael suggested that we let the Bike Plan Work Group pick the list. The TPB Technical Committee meets December 6, so the Bike Plan Work Group will have to meet the first week of December. Allan suggested that each jurisdiction nominate its #1 priority for funding. Michael mentioned that he needed to know enough about the projects to be able to explain them to the TPB.

Chris Wells was concerned that Fairfax County's nominations had not gone through sufficient internal review. And many of his projects were large, cross-county projects without adequate scoping. The Board of Supervisors has not had a chance to review the list. Gail Tait-Nouri also expressed concern about narrowing priorities down to a single project; she has eleven projects that she would like to push for funding. Heather suggested that we need a short list; something that we want funded this year. The question was posed as to what funding source we were pursuing. Michael replied that bicycle and pedestrian projects are eligible for nearly all the funding pots within TEA-21. Heather added that we don't know precisely what funding source is going to be used, but lists such as this can be used when congressional earmarks are being developed. Another person added that the highway people typically do not worry about specific

funding sources; they just do their studies and get everyone locked in to the idea that the project is going to be built.

A time of 10:00 a.m. on December 3 for the Bike Plan Work Group meeting was tentatively chosen, subject to room availability. The main item on the agenda will be developing a top ten list. Jim suggested that we also discuss other elements of the bike plan. We should keep the old list, eliminating the ones that have been funded, and adding a few new ones. Mike will circulate the existing list to the group.

• Mike will send out a meeting notice for the Bike Plan Work Group and the last list of Priority Pedestrian and Bicycle Projects.

## 4. **Route 50 Traffic Calming Project** Jan Vaughn, VDOT

Route 50 is a rural minor arterial with about 10,000 vehicles per day. Two lanes, and the project length is twenty miles. Many of curves are below standard for the 55 mph speed limit, yet people are driving faster than that. Speed limits have been lowered to 50 mph between the towns, 25 mph in the towns, and 35 mph approaching the towns. Some of the traffic calming features are entrance features such as roundabouts and decorative signs to indicate to drivers that they are entering a town. Three single-lane roundabouts have been proposed to accommodate heavy left-turn volumes. Route 50 will remain a two-lane highway. In the rural areas a wide splitter island might be used to slow traffic and provide a refuge for vehicles turner left out of driveways. A stabilized grassy shoulder will be provided to allow broken-down to pull over, and will aid speed enforcement. The project was done as an alternative to widening and creating a bypass. Aggressive driving and speeding in the towns was a concern. Historic restrictions also apply, and minimizing tree removal was a priority. The project received \$13 million in federal demonstration project funding. Bicycle facilities were not provided because restricting roadway width is one of the traffic calming features, and a wider road would imply removing more trees.

Several subcommittee members expressed dismay that no bicycle lanes were to be provided on these stabilized shoulders. Tests of different should stabilization materials will be carried out. Tests are for maintenance only, not for effect on speed. This is a pioneer rural traffic calming project.

One safety concern with the splitter islands was that they do not allow trucks to pass bicycles, forcing the bicyclist off the road. A paved shoulder should be provided at these splitter islands for safety reasons.

The raised intersections were discussed. The entire intersection is elevated. The material is concrete blocks. Bollards are set back from the curb at a radius of 40 degrees for fire trucks, but a white concrete band is set at a radius of 20 degrees, to encourage cars to take a tighter, slower

turn. The existing radius at some of these intersections is ten degrees, fire trucks currently swing into the opposing lane to make their turns.

Jan Vaughn promised to send the presentation to Michael Farrell. Converted into a pdf., it could be distributed to the subcommittee.

• Michael Farrell will look into ways of getting this presentation more widely distributed.

### 5. **Bike Plan Schedule**

Michael Farrell, COG

The policies and principles chapter has already. It has already been reviewed. The data chapter is not ready, but will be updated when the data is available. A copy of the proposed on-line database and the policies and principles chapter was provided to the group for comment. Once the database is put on-line, corrections can be sent to Michael Farrell for update.

• Subcommittee members should think of what kind of data they would like to have in the on-line database, and send suggestions to Michael Farrell.

### 6. Updated Bike to Work Guide

Michael Farrell, COG

An updated version should be available within a few days.

7. **Bicycling and Walking to Work in the Washington Region: the 2000 Census** Michael Farrell, COG

Michael presented the 2000 census results for bicycling and walking to work. Every jurisdiction except the District of Columbia has seen significant declines in walking and bicycling to work. The proportion of workers walking to work has remained constant since 1990, while the proportion bicycling to work rose. The data is from the census long form, which is addressed to people where people live. The entire trip must be on foot or by bicycle for it to count as a pedestrian or bicycle trip. The question is about the primary mode of transportation to work in the first week in April. Allan Muchnick suggested that we compare the weather in the first week in April with the weather in 2000. COG also does its own household travel survey, which includes non-work trips, which tend to be shorter and thus more likely to be taken on foot or by bicycle. Harry Cepeda asked for the proportion taking transit. Eric Gillilland mentioned that from the Bike to Work survey it appeared that the average commuting distance was ten miles. But the top two reasons given for not riding were lack of safe routes and lack of facilities, both things that we can control.

• Michael promised to get the same information on transit use that he provided for walking and bicycling to work, as well as the latest COG household travel survey information.

### 8. Education: ADA Course

Michael Farrell

A one-day event at the Reeves Center sometime in January, it will involve field work, and food will be provided. Jim suggested that Michael prepare a flyer that can be e-mailed to the group to assist with promotion. The Reeves Center can accommodate 100 people. A final date has not yet been selected.

• The date should be finalized soon.

### 9. Street Smart Update

Rachel Lyons, Design House

Rachel Lyons discussed the Street Smart media campaign. The evaluation will be done by the end of next week. The impact of the sniper is unknown. 1,000 posters were distributed, and 535,000 inserts were placed in Maryland Driver's License renewal packets. The tip sheets are done, and Rachel is hoping to receive orders to avoid incurring a storage fee. Harry Cepeda complimented Rachel on the quality of the campaign.

### 10. Studies Status Sheet

Only two jurisdictions sent anything in for the studies status sheet. Heather asked the group to please send in updates, so that this can form a meaningful picture of what the region is doing.

### 11. **Adjourn**