TRANSPORTATION RESILIENCE PLANNING UPDATE

Transportation Resilience Improvement Plan (TRIP) Progress Update

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TPB Technical Committee November 3, 2023



Today's Agenda

- Where we left off TRIP/PROTECT overview
- Regional TRIP process/timeline
- Risk-based vulnerability assessment methodology
- Other TRIP components completed to date
- Next steps



TRIP Objectives and Purpose

- Develop a Transportation Resilience Improvement Plan (TRIP) in collaboration with member organizations that will:
 - Contribute to member organizations' understanding of and planning for climate change risk and resilience
 - Identify priorities for resilience investment
 - Better position the region for federal funding and match reduction under the PROTECT program



Damage to Hunter Mill Road in Fairfax County from Tropical Storm Lee (Flicker/VDOT, 2011)

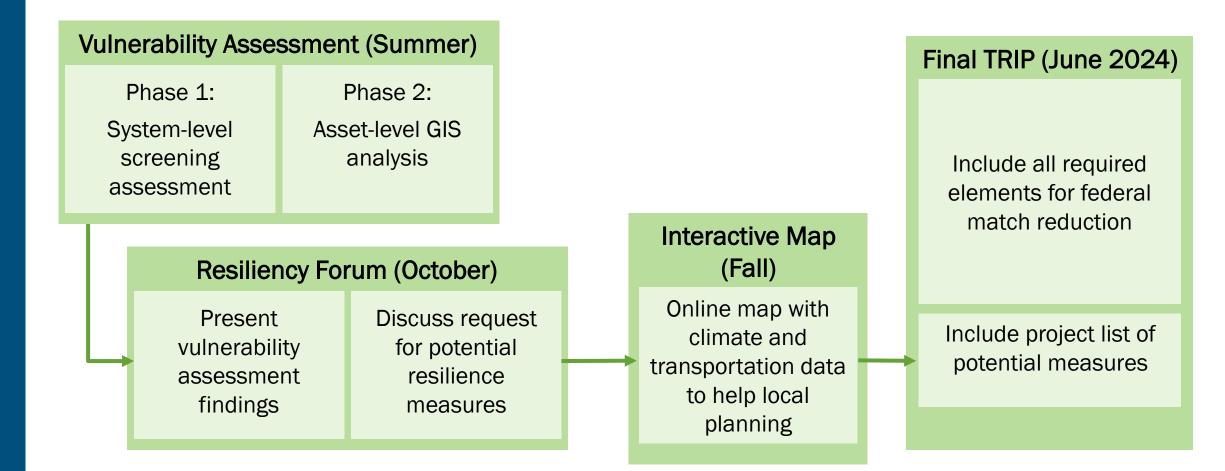


PROTECT Program

- Projects in the TRIP will be eligible for a 7% cost-share reduction for the Promoting Resilient
 Operations for Transformative, Efficient, and Cost-Saving Transportation (PROTECT) Discretionary
 Grant Program
 - Additional 3% reduction if incorporated into the TPB long-range transportation plan
- The TRIP must include several required elements, including but not limited to:
 - Address immediate and long-range planning activities and investments related to resilience
 - Demonstrate a systemic approach to resilience
 - Include risk-based assessment of vulnerabilities to current and future weather events and natural disasters
- PROTECT aims to help make surface transportation more resilient to natural hazards, including climate change, sea level rise, flooding, extreme weather events, and other natural disasters through support of planning activities, resilience improvements, community resilience and evacuation routes, and at-risk coastal infrastructure



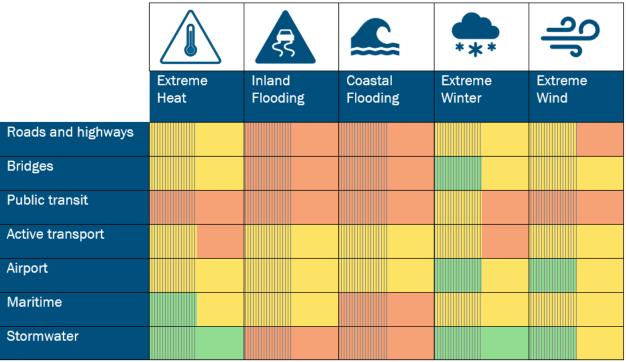
Process and Timeline





Phase 1: System-Level Analysis

TABLE 1. SUMMARY SYSTEM-LEVEL ANALYSIS RESULTS FOR MWCOG REGION (INFRASTRUCTURE IMPACTS ON LEFT; SERVICE AND CUSTOMER IMPACTS ON RIGHT)



Legend:

				(no pattern)
High sensitivity	Medium	Low sensitivity	Impacts to	Impacts to customers
	sensitivity		infrastructure	and service

Pairs that moved on to Phase 2:

- Extreme heat: Public transit
- Inland flooding: Roads and highways, bridges, public transit, stormwater
- Coastal flooding: Roads and highways, bridges, public transit, stormwater, maritime
- Extreme winter: Public transit, active transportation
- Extreme wind: Roads and highways, public transit



Phase 2: Asset-Level Analysis (Literature Review)

For flagged Phase 1 pairs not well suited to a GIS analysis, we completed a qualitative literature review, with a focus on:

- Historical trends and future conditions for each hazard
- Previous events and impacts for each pair

Literature Review Pairs

- Inland flooding:
 - Stormwater
- Coastal flooding
 - Stormwater
 - Maritime

- Extreme winter:
 - Public transit
 - Active transportation
- Extreme wind:
 - Roads and highways
 - Public transit



Phase 2: Asset-Level Analysis (GIS Analysis)

For pairs with available data: Completing an asset-level GIS analysis using asset-specific data, exposure indicators, and criticality indicators

GIS Pairs

- Extreme heat:
 - Public transit
- Inland flooding:
 - Roads and highways
 - Bridges
 - Public transit
- Coastal flooding:
 - Roads and highways
 - Bridges
 - Public transit

Key Climate Datasets

Hazard	Dataset
Temperature Land Surface Temperature	
Inland Flooding	FEMA 100/500 Year Floodplain Maps
Sea Level Rise	NOAA Digital Coast 2 Ft Sea Level Rise

Key Criticality Elements

Criticality Element		
MWCOG Equity Emphasis Areas (for all pairs)		
Functional Class (for roads and bridges)		
Detour Length (for bridges)		



Regional Stakeholder Participation

- Working Group quarterly meetings
 - State DOTs
 - Locality representatives
 - Transit agencies
- Regional Transportation Resilience Forum
 - Wider audience than working group
 - Regional partners
 - Advocacy groups
 - MPO representatives from outside our region





Regional Stakeholder Participation

Exhibit 1: What is a top-of-mind resiliency priority for your agency?

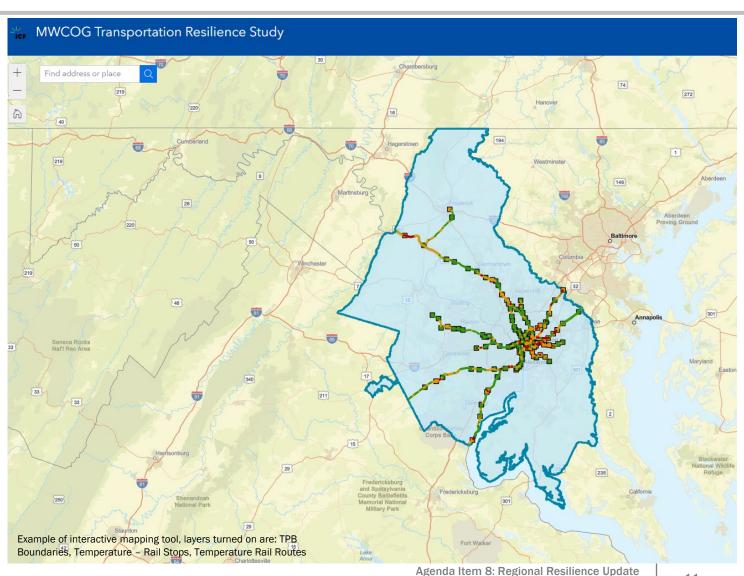




Interactive Mapping Tool

- The results of the Vulnerability
 Assessment will be integrated into an Interactive Mapping
 Tool on the TPB ArcGIS
 website
- The Mapping Tool layers transportation asset, climate, and equity spatial data to identify highly vulnerable assets
- Agencies can use the Mapping Tool to evaluate their assets and services





November 3, 2023

TRIP Project List

- The TRIP project list will be established using a project request form, which will be shared with this group and beyond to solicit project submissions
- The list of resilience projects should address, but are not limited to, the identified priority vulnerabilities
- The following resilience criteria will be used to help define a good/reasonable resilience project:

Resilience Criteria	Description	
Eligible transportation asset	Roads and highways, bridges, public transit infrastructure, active transportation infrastructure, airports, maritime infrastructure, and stormwater infrastructure.	
Qualifying project type for PROTECT	 Resilience Planning (e.g., resilience planning activities, capacity building) Resilience Improvements (e.g., improving drainage, elevating bridges) Community Resilience and Evacuation Routes (e.g., redundant evacuation routes) At-Risk Coastal Infrastructure – (e.g., relocate coastal highway infrastructure) 	
The proposed project protects the most vulnerable and critical assets/services identified through local studies and assets/services identified through local studies are as with historic evidence of natural hazard damage.		
Reduces climate risks	The proposed project reduces the risks associated with one or more climate hazards: extreme heat, inland flooding, coastal flooding, extreme winter conditions, and extreme wind.	





Next Steps

- Collect resilience project submissions I need your help here!
- Finalize project list once submission window closes (end of January 2024)
- Working Group meetings #3 & #4
- Finalized mapping tool
- Draft and final version of plan
- Continued collaboration with member localities, state DOTs, other regions creating their own TRIPs

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Additional slides



Phase 2 GIS Methodology: Extreme Heat



- Extreme heat & public transit
 - Exposure indicator: Land surface temperature (70% weighting)
 - Criticality indicator: MWCOG Equity Emphasis Areas (30% weighting)

Scoring Scale for Exposure

Indicator Value	Score
Top 1/3 of surface temperatures	3
Middle tier of surface temperatures (1/3-2/3) experienced in the study area	2
Bottom 1/3 of surface temperatures experienced in the study area	1

Scoring Scale for Criticality

Indicator Value	Score
Located in Equity Emphasis Area	3
Not located in Equity Emphasis Area	1



Phase 2 GIS Methodology: Inland Flooding



- Inland flooding & roads and highways, bridges, and public transit
 - Exposure indicator: Located in FEMA Floodplain; or Bridge-specific indicators (70% weighting)
 - Criticality indicator: MWCOG Equity Emphasis Areas; Functional classification (roads and bridges only) (30% weighting)

Scoring Scale for Exposure

Indicator Value	Score
Located in the 100-year floodplain	3
Located in the 500-year floodplain	2
Located in the 500-year floodplain + differential buffer	1
Not inundated	0

Scoring Scale for Criticality Indicators

Indicator	Indicator Value		
MWCOG Equity Emphasis Area	Located in Equity Emphasis Area	3	
	Not located in Equity Emphasis Area	1	
Functional Classification	Interstate, Other freeways or expressways	3	
	Other principal arterial		
	Major and minor collector, minor arterial local	1	

Phase 2 GIS Methodology: Coastal Flooding



- Coastal flooding was analyzed for roads and highways, bridges, and public transit
 - Exposure indicator: Depth of inundation from a 2 feet sea level rise scenario; or Bridge-specific indicators (70% weighting)
 - Criticality indicator: MWCOG Equity Emphasis Areas; Functional classification (for roads and bridges only) (30% weighting)

Scoring Scale for Exposure

Indicator Value	Score
Inundation of ≥1 ft	3
Inundation of $0.5 < x \le 1$ ft	2
Inundation of $0 < x \le 0.5$ ft	1
Not inundated	0

Scoring Scale for Criticality Indicators

Indicator	Indicator Value	Score
MWCOG Equity Emphasis Area	Located in Equity Emphasis Area	3
	Not located in Equity Emphasis Area	1
Functional Classification	Interstate, Other freeways or expressways	3
	Other principal arterial	2
	Major and minor collector, minor arterial local	1



Phase 2: Asset-Level Analysis (GIS Analysis)

Asset	High (2.5-3)	Medium (2-2.5)	Low (0-2)
Bridges	Flood: 1	Flood: 39	Flood: 1,281
Bus stops	Temp: 196	Temp: 6,468	Temp: 15,560
	SLR: 0	SLR: 0	SLR: 0
	Flood: 173	Flood: 877	Flood: 378 (excluding 0s)
Rail Routes	Temp: 36	Temp: 716	Temp: 1,320
	SLR: 37	SLR: 83	SLR: 4 (excluding 0s)
	Flood: 233	Flood: 322	Flood: 258 (excluding 0s)
Rail Stops	Temp: 0	Temp: 53	Temp: 107
	SLR: 0	SLR: 0	SLR: 0
	Flood: 1	Flood: 6	Flood: 4 (excluding 0s)
Roads	SLR: 123	SLR: 49	SLR: 44 (excluding 0s)
	Flood: 2,844	Flood: 3,869	Flood: 2,682 (excluding 0s)

