# Emergency Transportation, Protective Actions and Shelter-in-Place Progress and Products to Date

Presentation to the
Evacuation & Protective Actions Joint Technical Working Group
Metropolitan Washington Council of Governments
For Consideration- Draft- June 5 Meeting of NCR

May 27, 2003 Item #5

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## **Presentation**

- Project Definition
- Transportation Aspects
  - Scenario Testing, Initial Results
  - Review of Analysis Tools, Initial Results
- Protective Actions Aspects
  - Vulnerable populations
  - Shelters
  - Behavioral Research
  - Public Messages, Public Warning

## **Project Definition**

- Purpose is to plan for <u>probable</u> incidents with broad regional impacts requiring coordination
- Evacuation <u>may</u> be advisable for a limited geographic region for a particular incident
- In most situations, most should stay put
- Imperative for Public Safety
  - Advance public education
  - Clear warning systems giving appropriate guidance
  - Coordination across jurisdictions, across functions, and across all levels of government

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#### Risk Matrix Probability of Mishap Severity of Occasional **Probable** Consequences **Impossible Improbable Frequent** I Catastrophic II Critical III Low Risk **Marginal** IV Negligible

## Transportation Aspects: Scenarios

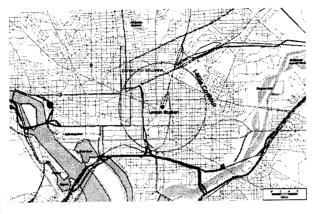
- · Scenarios from Phase 1 revised, specified
  - To develop time estimates
  - To test strategies
- Stage 1 (May)- immediate vicinity
- Stage 2 (June-August)- broader area analysis, baskets of strategies

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## Scenario 1

- Union Station
- Large conventional explosion
- 9 am weekday
- Extensive loss of life, structural damage, fire

## Scenario 1: Union Station



# Evacuating (1 mile radius):

#### Time required

- Uncontrolled
- HOV-4 no transit
- HOV-4 w/ transit
- Pedestrian only

#### Special issues

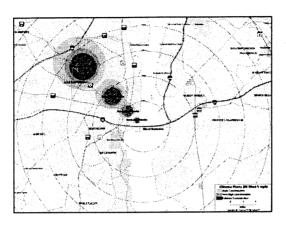
Proximity to gov't bldgs likely to evoke federal response

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## Scenario 2

- Woodrow Wilson Bridge
- Tanker truck explosion- liquefied chlorine gas
- 4 pm Sunday, holiday weekend
- Plume headed to Old Town Alexandria at 5 mph
- Extensive loss of life at site, limited structural damage

## Scenario 2: W. Wilson Bridge



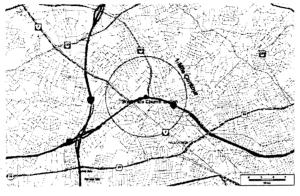
- # Evacuating (Plume area):
- Time required
  - Uncontrolled
  - HOV-4 no transit
  - HOV-4 w/ transit
  - Pedestrian only
- Special issues:
  - Gas sinks, best shelter in place 2<sup>nd</sup> floor, up
  - Large #s tourists, shoppers
  - Key decision-makers likely dispersed

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## Scenario 3

- West Falls Church
- Large conventional explosion at Metro station
- 2 pm weekday
- Some loss of life, extensive structural damage, fire, Metro and I-66 disrupted

## Scenario 3: Falls Church



# Evacuating (1 mile radius):

#### Time required

- Uncontrolled
- HOV-4 no transit
- HOV-4 w/ transit
- Pedestrian only

#### Special issues

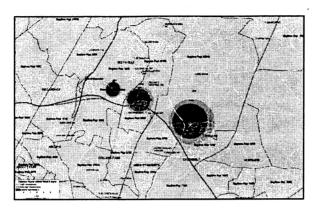
- Major commuter artery
- Timing involves schools, parent notification, etc.

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## Scenario 4

- Greenbelt Station
- RR tanker explosion (accidental) on tracks next to station- liquefied chlorine gas
- 2 pm weekday
- Plume headed to Beltway, BW Parkway, residences and office parks at 5 mph
- Extensive loss of life at site, limited structural damage

## Scenario 4: Greenbelt



# Evacuating (Plume area):

#### Time required

- Uncontrolled
- HOV-4 no transit
- HOV-4 w/ transit
- Pedestrian only

#### Special issues

- Plume disrupts I-95, Beltway, BW Parkway
- Residences, office parks
- 2-3 days for full clearance

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# Transportation Aspects: Analysis Tools

- Four potential tools identified
  - Oak Ridge Emergency Management System (OREMS) from ORNL (all-hazard)
  - TransCad/Transmodeler from Caliper (all-hazard)
  - Hurrivac/ETIS from PBS&J (natural hazard, prim. hurricane, large scale)
  - PC Based Dynamic Network Evacuation Planning System (PCDYNEV) from KLD (all-hazard, large scale)
- Demos, in-depth evaluations June-August

## **Protective Actions**

- Research and stakeholder contacts underway
- Participating in meetings across spectrum
- David McMillion (former head of MEMA) fulltime at COG
- Other experts part-time: Behavior, warnings, messages, federal COOPs and EMs
- Initial GIS database in place- vulnerable pops.
- Requests for information initiated

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## Shelters, Vulnerable Populations

- Information requests made
  - To regional EMs to provide aggregate shelter, contact information
  - To school superintendents to provide general planning guidelines
  - To COG committee on pets/ animals to provide planning guidelines, public information
- Initial vulnerable population database
  - Schools, day care centers, hospitals, nursing homes, other medical facilities, correctional institutions, animal facilities
  - All: Location, name, # employees
  - Schools, medical facilities: Size (range)

## **Human Behavior**

- Dr. Peter Lindell consulting
- Initial findings:
  - "End users critically evaluate (warning) information, and will challenge it, supplement it with additional information, or ignore it if they consider it inadequate"
  - 28 summary principles (see handout)
  - Advance preparation, education, and practice key to reasoned response

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## **Public Messages**

- Kay Ingel consulting
- Initial findings:
  - Messages should point to action from "tune in to Station XX" to "take shelter"action alleviates worry
  - Messages and recommended actions should be consistent across media for any given population segment

## **Public Warning**

- Dr. Peter Ward consulting
- Attended national conference 5/15-17
- Initial findings:
  - Many methods available for disseminationjurisdictions employing many of them
  - Key regional challenge is ensuring secure, consistent protocols and procedures between decision-makers (e.g., RICCS) and disseminators- EAS, NOAA, beyond

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## Federal/ COOP plans

- Hilary Styron consulting
- Initial findings
  - Joint Federal COOP meeting June 5<sup>th</sup>, request for information to be delivered
  - Joint Federal EM meeting June 19<sup>th</sup>, to request coordination

## Next Stage June-September

- Transportation Aspects
  - Test baskets of strategies for scenarios
  - Develop recommendation for analysis tool
  - Develop initial plans
- Protective Action Aspects
  - Complete research, information gathering
  - Develop initial plans
- Identify future needs

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### **Development of Initial Plans**

- Transportation elements
  - Initial evacuation traffic management and mitigation regional coordination plan
  - Initial emergency response vehicle route regional coordination plan
  - Initial transit and bus emergency regional coordination plans

## **Development of Initial Plans**

Continued

- Protective actions elements
  - Initial school emergency regional coordination plan
  - Initial regional mass care shelter coordination plan
  - Initial Special Needs Groups coordination plan
  - Initial pet and animal regional coordination plan
  - Initial strategic plan for long-term clearance recovery and re-entry

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## **Development of Initial Plans**

Continued

- Public awareness and communications elements
  - Initial population alert and warning system regional coordination plan
  - Initial RESF 14 mass media information coordination plan
    - Initial public education campaign materials on protective actions
    - Initial pre-scripted public awareness messages for evacuation, sheltering-in-place, and self-protection based on protective actions recommendations of EMAs
    - Initial shelter-in-place information guide

## **Assessment of Future Needs**

 Develop list of tasks for a potential follow-on Phase III

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## **Schedule**

- June
  - Interaction of analysis and involved RESFs
- July
  - Further interaction of analysis and involved RESFs; drafting of document
- August
  - Finalization of analysis and document; identification of follow-on issues
- September
  - Presentation of deliverables; begin process for next phase.

## **Outlook**

- Renewed effort funded through 2003
- Federal participation and leadership vital
- State emergency management agency participation vital
- Private sector also a partner
- Numerous and wide-ranging stakeholders
- High visibility