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Solid Waste Data Quality Terri Goldberg, NEWMOA

Context

 Multi-state effort: CT, ME, MA, NH, NJ, NY, RI, & VT

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- Compile state MSW disposal & C& D materials data to understand their fate
- Present imports & exports tonnages
- Several year lag time because some states cannot quickly gather, review, & compile data for sharing



- recycle
 - Understand the flow of waste in region & out
 - ID changes & trends over time
 - Support state SW planning efforts
 - Improve data quality & consistency across the region so comparisons & analysis of waste flow is possible
 - Develop understanding of the interdependency of states for waste management capacity (regional waste-shed)

MSW Data

 2000 – 2017: 7 publications that compile state data & focus on imports & exports of MSW for disposal

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- MSW from residential & commercial sources (not all solid waste – e.g., does not include C&D materials, WTE ash, asbestos wastes, contaminated soil, industrial wastes)
- MSW shipped for landfill & incineration

www.newmoa.org/solidwaste/MSW2014DatatReport.pdf

MSW Disposal

- All states collect detailed information from regulated & permitted disposal facilities – landfills & waste-to-energy
- Most consistent & best MSW data is available from these facilities
- Transfer stations do not reliably know the disposal fate of their material

Figure 1: 2014 MSW Imports & Exports for Disposal (Tons)



Observations

 Facilities in all NEWMOA states export MSW for disposal

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- Facilities in all NEWMOA states, except RI & VT import MSW for disposal
- Only NJ & NY relied heavily on exports to facilities in non-NEWMOA states in 2014
- Import & export tonnages for MA were similar in 2014



(Tons)



Observations

• Facilities in a state dispose of most of the MSW generated in that state

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NJ & NY export a higher percentage than others

Per-capita Disposal in 2014 (tons)

	Generated in state (includes exports)	Disposed in state (includes imports)
СТ	0.66	0.63
ME	0.56	0.57
MA	0.72	0.71
NH	0.53	0.73
NJ	0.70	0.48
NY	0.70	0.46



Figure 14: MSW Generated in Massachusetts & Disposed of: 2000 through 2014 (Tons)





C&D Materials Data

- 2005 2017: 3 online presentations that compile state data on C&D materials shipped for processing, recovery, & disposal
- In 2012, states reached agreement on C & D materials data set & their definitions

www.newmoa.org/solidwaste/CandDReport2013.pdf

C&D Management in the Northeast in 2013

- Materials from building construction, renovation, & demolition
- Processors: focus on "mixed" C&D
 - Facilities handling mainly ABC from road & bridge projects not included - would dwarf tonnages
 - Facilities handling mainly land clearing wood also not included
- Landfill uses <u>not</u> considered recovery
 - Shaping & grading
 - Roads
 - Alternative daily cover (ADC)

C & D Materials Data

- Data from facilities that report to states
 For example, data on recycling direct from job sites is not collected by states
- Latest data collection effort started in 2015
 - State resources limited
 - Follow-up with non-reporters
 - Enter data in their database systems
 - QA/QC data



Figure 2: 2013 C&D Generated by State and Disposed (tons)



Disposed in State (includes imports)

Figure 3: 2013 Total Quantity of C&D Disposed of In-State (tons)





Inputs to Processors

Figure 4: 2013 C&D Inputs at Processors (tons)





Figure 6: 2013 C&D Processor Recovered Outputs (tons)





- Cuts in state programs have impacted their ability to gather, manage, QA, & analyze data
- Many manually transfer data to databases
- Few have created e-reporting portals
- Lack of resources for automation

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What Matters in Data Quality?

- Definitions matter
- Authority matters
- Quality assurance matters
- Waste flows matter
- Chain of custody matters

Definitions Matter

- MSW is a subset of solid waste
 - Landfills & WTEs need to collect data on each type of solid waste
- Definitions of recycling varies
- Example: C & D materials states disagree about whether alternative daily cover (ADC) is a form of disposal or diversion – many facilities want to count ADC as recycling – NEWMOA considers it a landfill use

Definitions Matter

Example: sources of C&D vary – need consistency to aggregate data meaningfully

- Road/bridge projects vs. building projects
 - Road/bridge projects generate large amounts of asphalt, brick, &/or concrete (ABC); ABC is very heavy
 - ✓ If data from facilities that process road/bridge ABC is included, tonnages are huge & obscure data on architectural C&D

Authority Matters

- Each state has its own authority to require reporting & to develop & use definitions
- Challenging to change state laws & requirements

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 No overriding federal mandatory reporting framework or data definitions

Quality Assurance Matters

- State programs need to review facility data closely to identify discrepancies & inconsistencies – can't publish without careful QA
- Frequently find errors & inconsistencies in reports during reviews

Waste Flow Matters

- Waste imports & exports need to be accounted for when estimating state generation
- Reports on exports from one state may not match data on imports to the destination facilities
- Direct haul & pass through are important

Chain of Custody Matters

- Significant quantities of C&D materials go to processors – who sometimes transfer to other processors (potential double counting)
- Outputs from C&D debris processors can transfer to another facility for additional processing, disposal, landfill use, &/or recycling

SMM Data

- Available MSW SMM data not considered as good quality as disposal
- States have inconsistent authority & spotty ability to collect data from recycling, composting, AD, & other SMM facilities
- NEWMOA has started a project to ID core common SMM metrics to help facilitate multi-state data gathering & aggregation



- Non-profit, non-partisan interstate association
- Solid waste, materials management, hazardous waste, waste site cleanup, toxics, pollution prevention, & sustainability programs
- CT, ME, MA, NH, NJ, NY, RI, & VT
- Formally recognized by EPA in 1986





