

EV Infrastructure Planning Work Group

EV Micro-Climate Planning Lessons Learned



November 29, 2011





The EV Project



\$230 million project

- \$115 million grant from US Dept. of Energy
- \$115 million match
- Purpose: <u>To plan</u>, <u>build, study, and</u> <u>evaluate</u> mature electric vehicle charging infrastructure in six states plus the District of Columbia
- Product: <u>Lessons</u> <u>learned</u>

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The EV Project



Up to 8300 Residential EVSE (Nissan Leaf and Chevrolet Volt) Up to 5000 Publicly Available AC Level 2 EVSE Up to 225 Dual Port DC Level 2 EVSE

Project

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Infrastructure Planning Lessons Learned

- The EV Project Assumptions
- EV Micro-Climate Planning Overview
- EVSE Type and Capabilities
- EVSE Location Planning
- EVSE Premise Planning
- Publicly Available EVSE
- Workplace EVSE
- Residential EVSE

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- Preliminary Notes on EVSE Usage
 - NOTE: The EV Project is continuing and new lessons are being learned





The EV Project Assumptions

EVSE Deployment

- Rich Infrastructure helps create EV Demand
- Government Grants cannot be counted on for Long Term Funding
- Publicly Available Charging must make Financial Sense
- Business Models need to be Developed and Tested

No-Cost EVSE Charging

- Not Beneficial in Long Run
- No support to Business models
- Encourages bad behavior
 - On-peak charging
 - Long stay time at EVSE
 - ICE vehicle drivers' ire
- Smart EVSE Preferred over Basic EVSE
 - Data Collection

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- Utility Integration
- Remote Upgrade Capabilities
- AC Level 1 is Not Included



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EV Micro-Climate Planning

Organize Stakeholders

- Local Input and Interests
- On-Site Facilitator
- Personal Agendas

Plan Development

- Infrastructure Deployment Guidelines
- Long-Range Plan
- Micro-Climate Plan

Install Per Plan

- Publicly Available
- Workplace
- Collect Data

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AC Level 1 EVSE

120 VAC, typically 15 amp circuit, 1.4 kW

Capable of charging LEAF in ~24 hours

Residential Locations

- Lightly traveled BEVs, PHEV
- All night charging available

Workplace Locations

All day charging available

Emergency Use

- Backup for Out of Range
- No Smart Level 1 EVSE
 - No Data Collection
 - No Utility Interface



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AC Level 2 EVSE

- 240 VAC, typically 40 amp circuit, 7.2 kW
 - Capable of charging LEAF (3.3 kW Charger) in 4 – 6 hours
- Destination Locations
 - Where people shop, play, gather,
 - Target is 1 3 hour stays
- Workplace Locations
- Parking Garages

- Expand effective operating range of the EV
 - Allows for unscheduled trips
 - Enhance "Range Confidence"





DC Level 2 EVSE

- 480 VAC, typically 50 60 kW
 - Capable of charging LEAF (30%-80% SOC) in 24 minutes

Destination Locations

- Convenience Stores, Fast Food Restaurants, Rest Stops
- Where people stay a short time
- Target is 15 30 minute stays
- "Safety Net" Locations
- "Garageless" EV Owners
- Freeway Corridors

- Typically High Traffic Areas
 - Convenient Locations
 - Accessible to the greatest numbers





EVSE Location Planning

- Site Selection
 - Traffic Studies
 - Land Use Designations
 - Early Adopter Demographics
 - Toyota Prius Owners
 - Employment Centers
 - Regional Attractors
 - Daily/Hourly Availability
- GIS Mapping
 - Powerful Visualization
- Non-Preferred Examples
 - Curbside

- Park & Ride
- Airport Long-Term Parking Areas





EVSE Premise Planning

- Site Specific Selection
 - Visibility to EV Driver Signage
 - No "Preferential" Location
 - ADA Requirements
 - Electrical Construction Costs
 - Smart EVSE Communications
 - Daily/Hourly Availability
 - Lighting

- Security Checks
- EV Charging Only
- Non-Preferred Examples
 - Interior or Below Grade in Parking Garage
 - At Facility Entrance
 - In Existing ADA Stalls





Publicly Available EVSE

- Commercial Host Considerations
 - Hosts want to see Vehicles
 - Electrical Construction Costs
 - Permit fees vary widely
 - Risk/Reward
 - Utilization
 - Business Case
 - Utility Electricity Costs
 - Utility Demand Charges
 - Vandalism Questions
 - Corporate Image



It's not easy to give away free EVSE





Workplace EVSE

- Motivated Employer
 - Adds to "green" image
 - LEED Certification
 - Encourages employees to drive EV
 - Respond to Employee Requests
- Issues

- Preferential Treatment
- Value of Service taxable or de minimis fringe benefit
- Where to Place cost/convenience/preferential treatment
- Quantity of EVSE expansion
- EVSE Sharing Issues
- On-peak charging





Residential EVSE

Garages

- Attached Garage is easiest
- Lowest Cost Installation
- Multi-Family
 - Location?
 - Ownership?
 - Security?
 - Billing?
 - Installation costs?
 - Insurance/Liability?
 - Garageless
 - DC Level 2?

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Parking Garage?



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Preliminary Notes

170 Publicly Available EVSE– 3rd Quarter 2011

Charging Availability: Range of Percent of Charging Units with a Vehicle Connected versus Time of Day³





Max percentage of charging units connected across all days

Min percentage of charging units connected across all days

Percentage of charging units connected on single calendar day with peak electricity demand

Charging Demand: Range of Aggregate Electricity Demand versus Time of Day⁴



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- Max electricity demand across all days
- Min electricity demand across all days
- Electricity demand on single calendar day with highest peak

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Preliminary Notes

2413 Residential EVSE– 3rd Quarter 2011



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Thank You

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