

REWEIGHTING OF THE MERGED 2017-2018 REGIONAL TRAVEL SURVEY AND 2018-2019 MARYLAND TRAVEL SURVEY

Ray Ngo
Senior Transportation Engineer

Travel Forecasting Subcommittee
September 24, 2021



Regional Household Travel Survey Usage for Models Development

2007/08



**The Gen2 (Ver 2.3, 2.4)
Travel Models**

2017/18

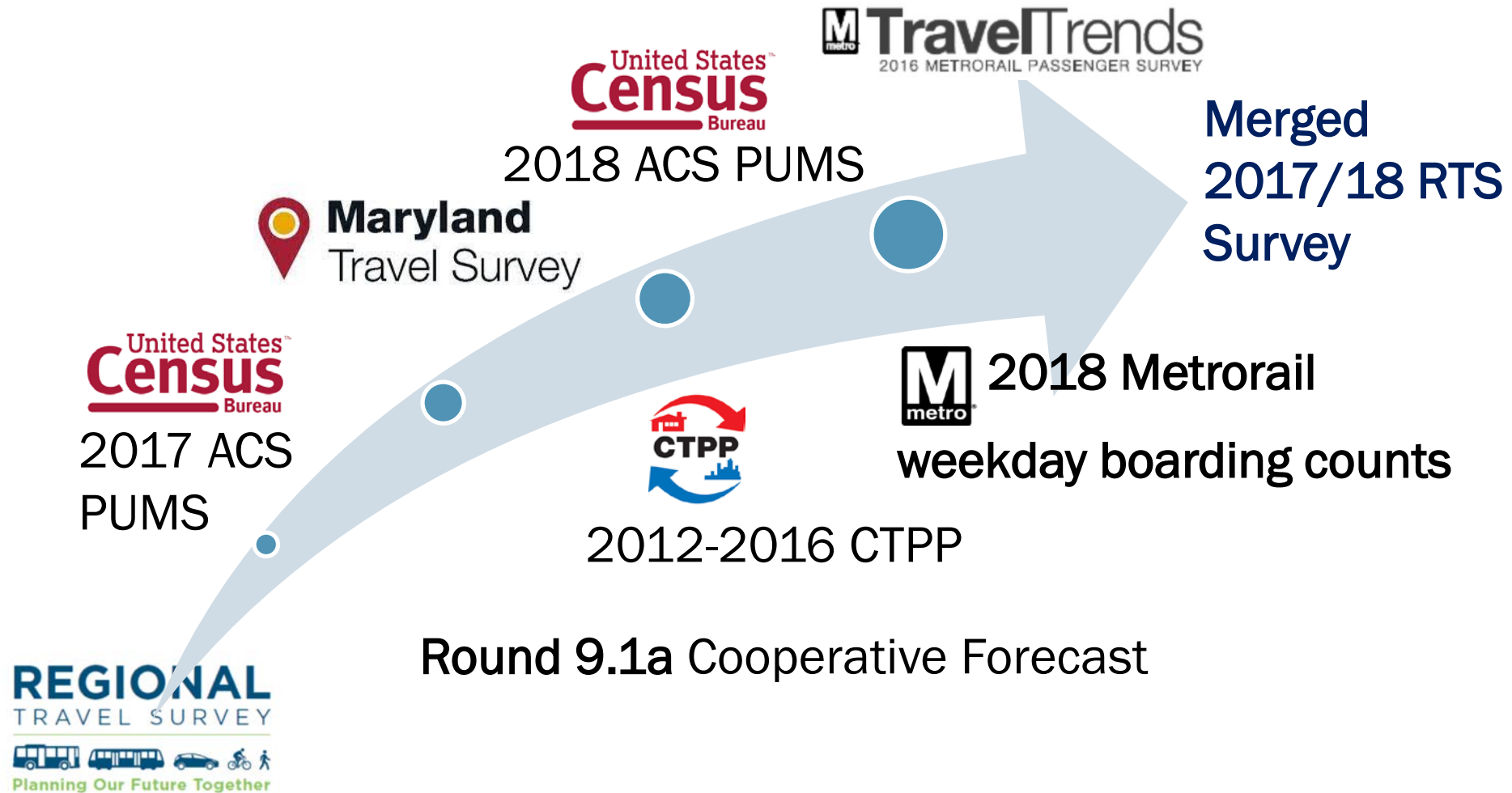


**The Gen3
Travel Model**

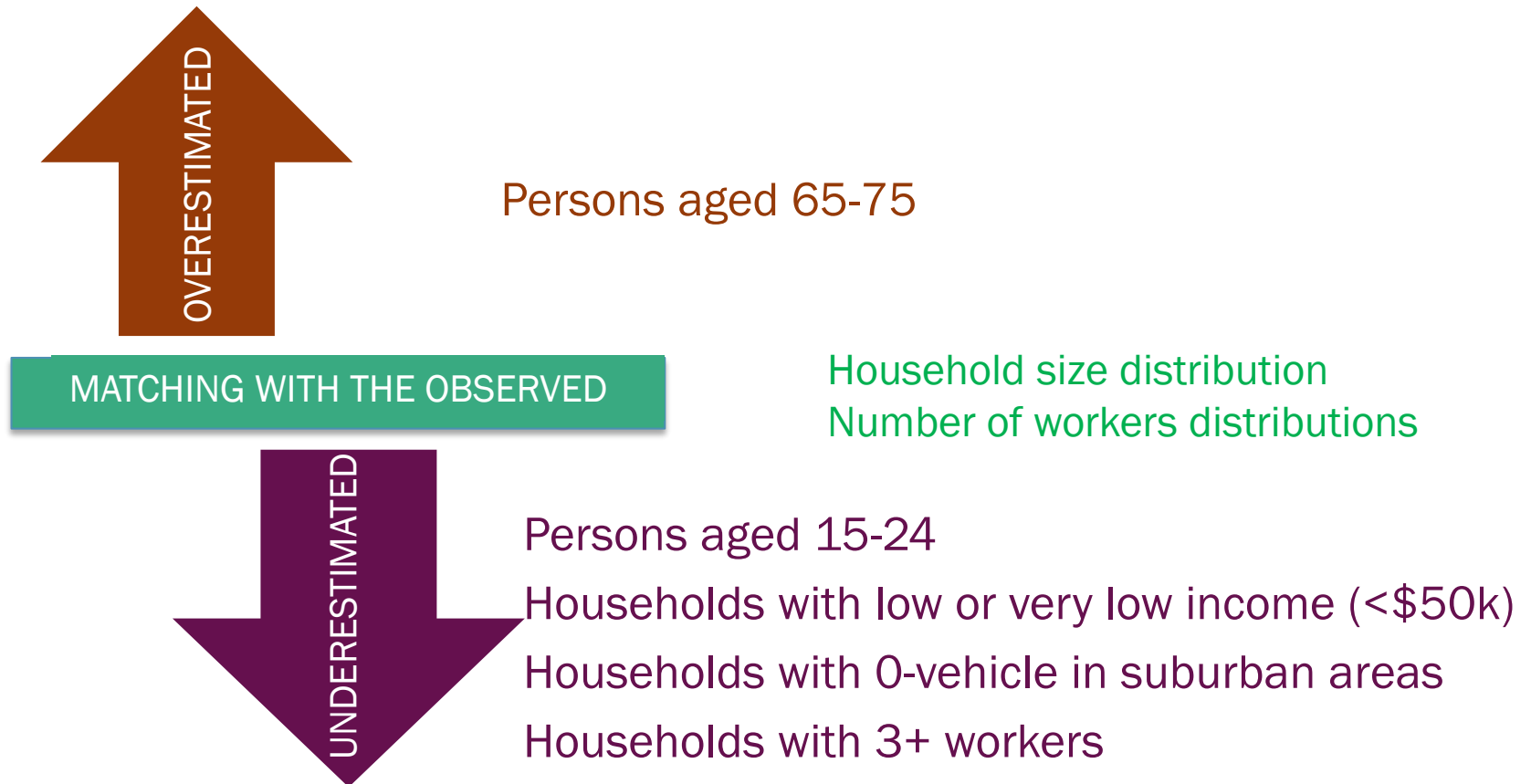
2018/19



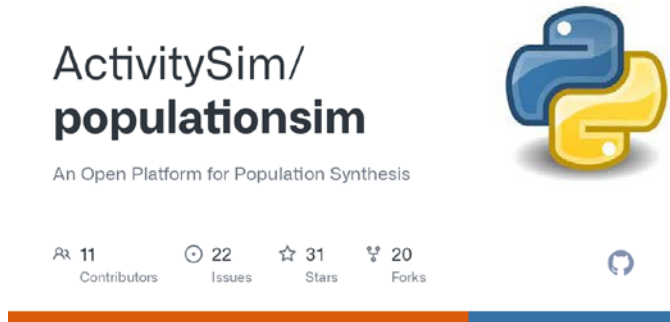
Multi-step Process of Survey Expansion



Issue 1: Implications of Using Household Size as the Single Expansion Variable



Reweight the Survey Using PopulationSim



- A population synthesizer based on maximum-entropy list-based approach
- The tool adjusts household expansion factors by a **combination of variables** specified at **different geographic levels**
- *PopulationSim methodology: Binny Mathew Paul et al., “Multi-Level Population Synthesis Using Entropy Maximization-Based Simultaneous List Balancing,” 2018*



Population Synthesis Introduction

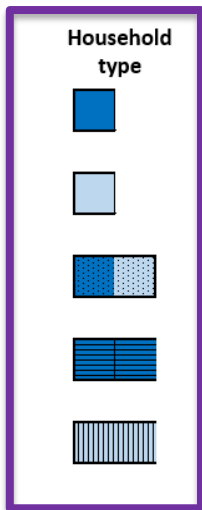
DATA

RESULTS

Census microdata

Control attributes

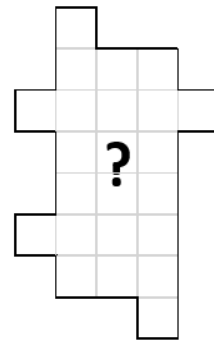
Synthetic population



Weight

?
?
?
?
?

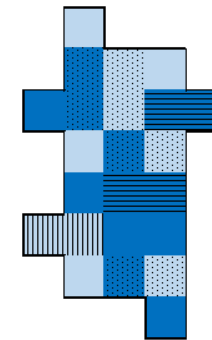
Total population



Population synthesis

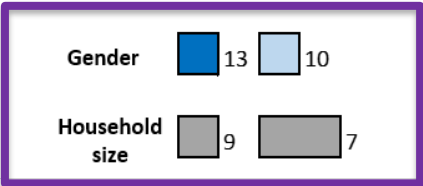
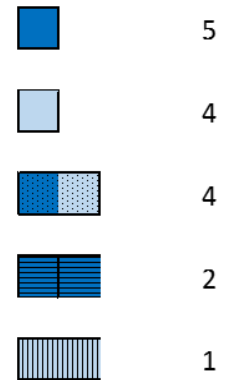


Total population



Household type

Weight



Source: <https://silo.zone/synPopDE.html>



Updated Household and Person-Level Weighting Variables



**PUM
A**

21 dimensions

Income (5), Size (5), Workers (4), Vehicles (4), Presence of Children (2), Total Households (1)



**PUM
A**

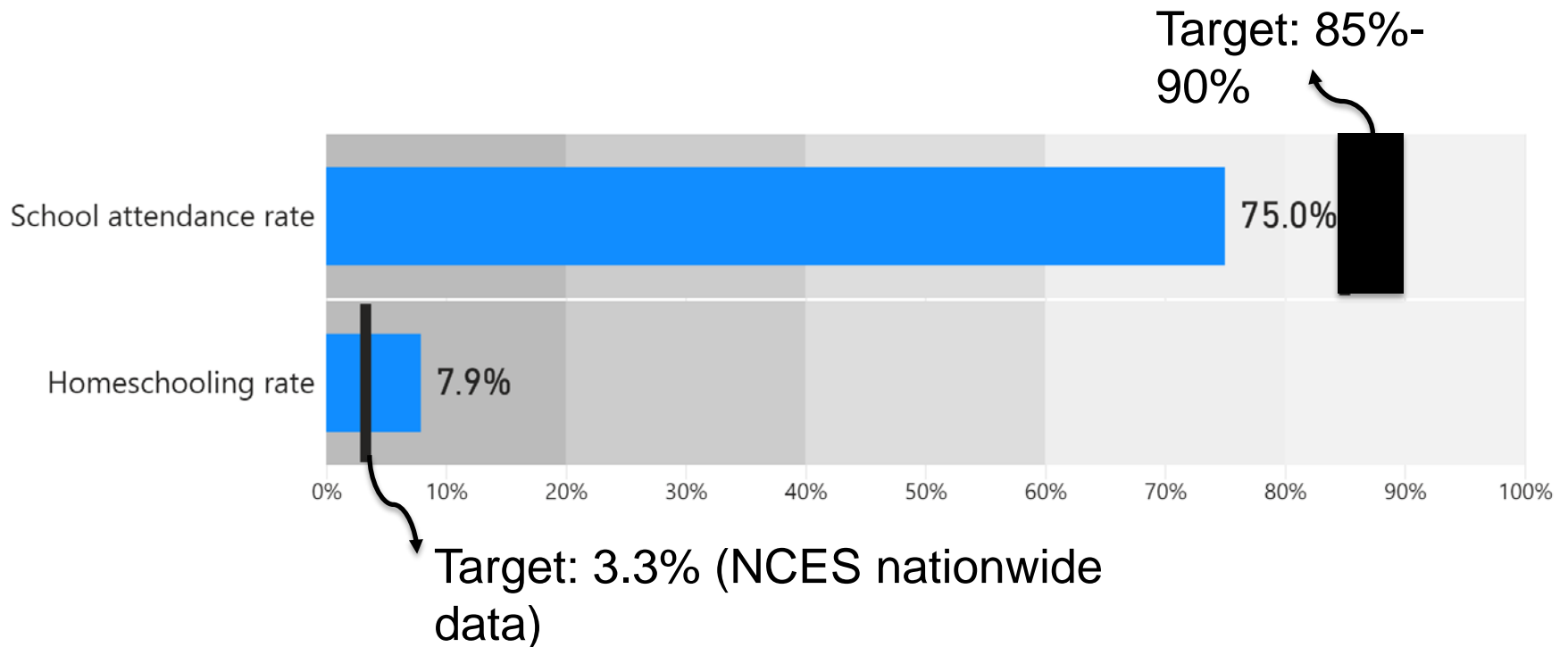
24 dimensions

Gender (2), Age (7), Working Status (2), Student Status (2), Race/Ethnicity (5), Area Type (5), Total Person (1)

Note: Area Type indicates whether the home location is in a TPB Activity Center



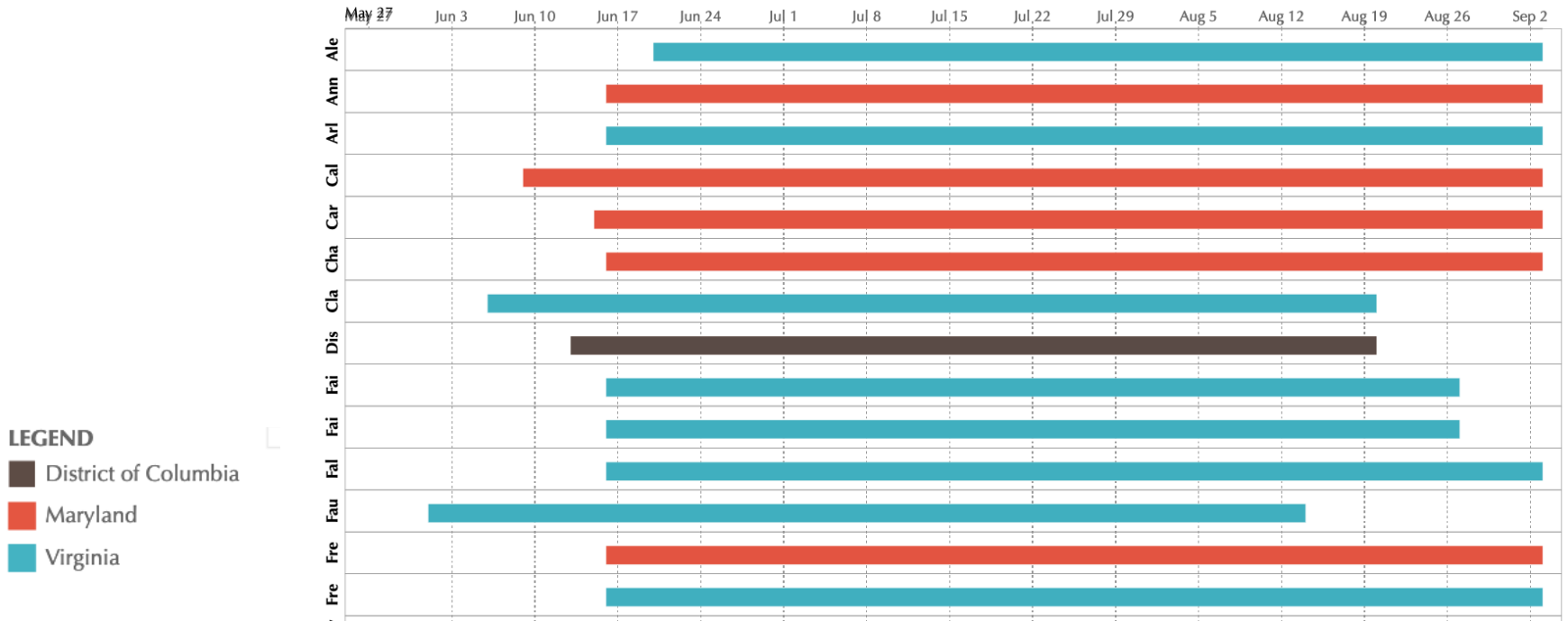
Issue 2: Underrepresentation of Students Attending School and Overestimation of Homeschooled Students



Step 1: Removed Holiday Dates

- Federal holidays
- School holidays

School holiday dates vary. For example, summer breaks by jurisdiction



Step 2: Updated Household and Person-Level Weighting Variables



**PUM
A**

21 dimensions

Income (5), Size (5), Workers (4), Vehicles (4), Presence of Children (2), Total Households (1)



**PUM
A**

**REGIO
N**

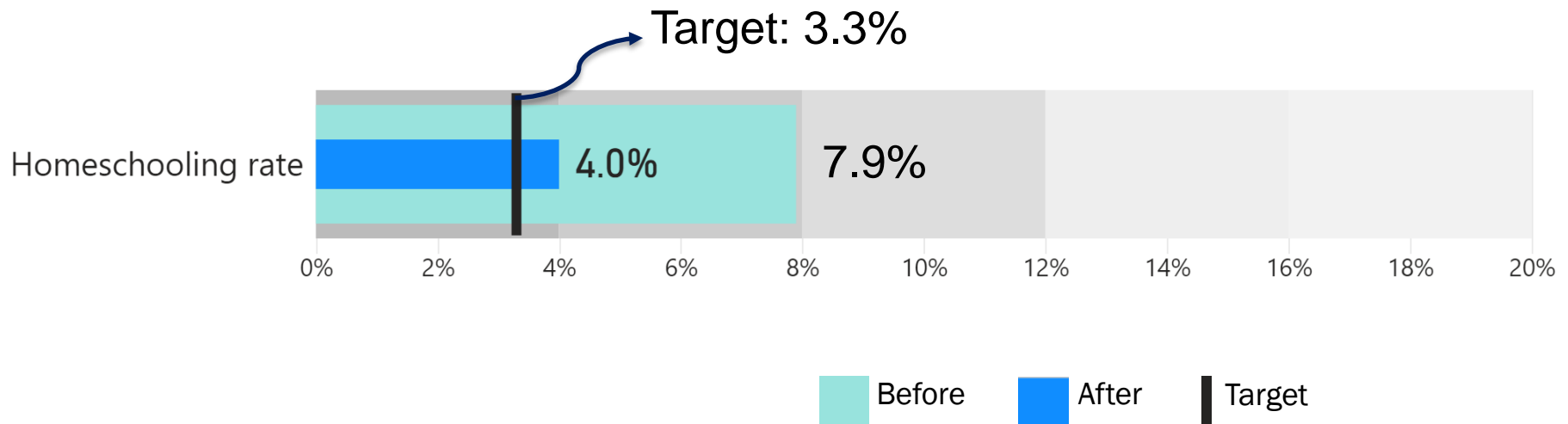
25 dimensions

Gender (2), Age (7), Working Status (2), Student Status (2), Race/Ethnicity (5), Area Type (5), Total Person (1)

Homeschooling (1)

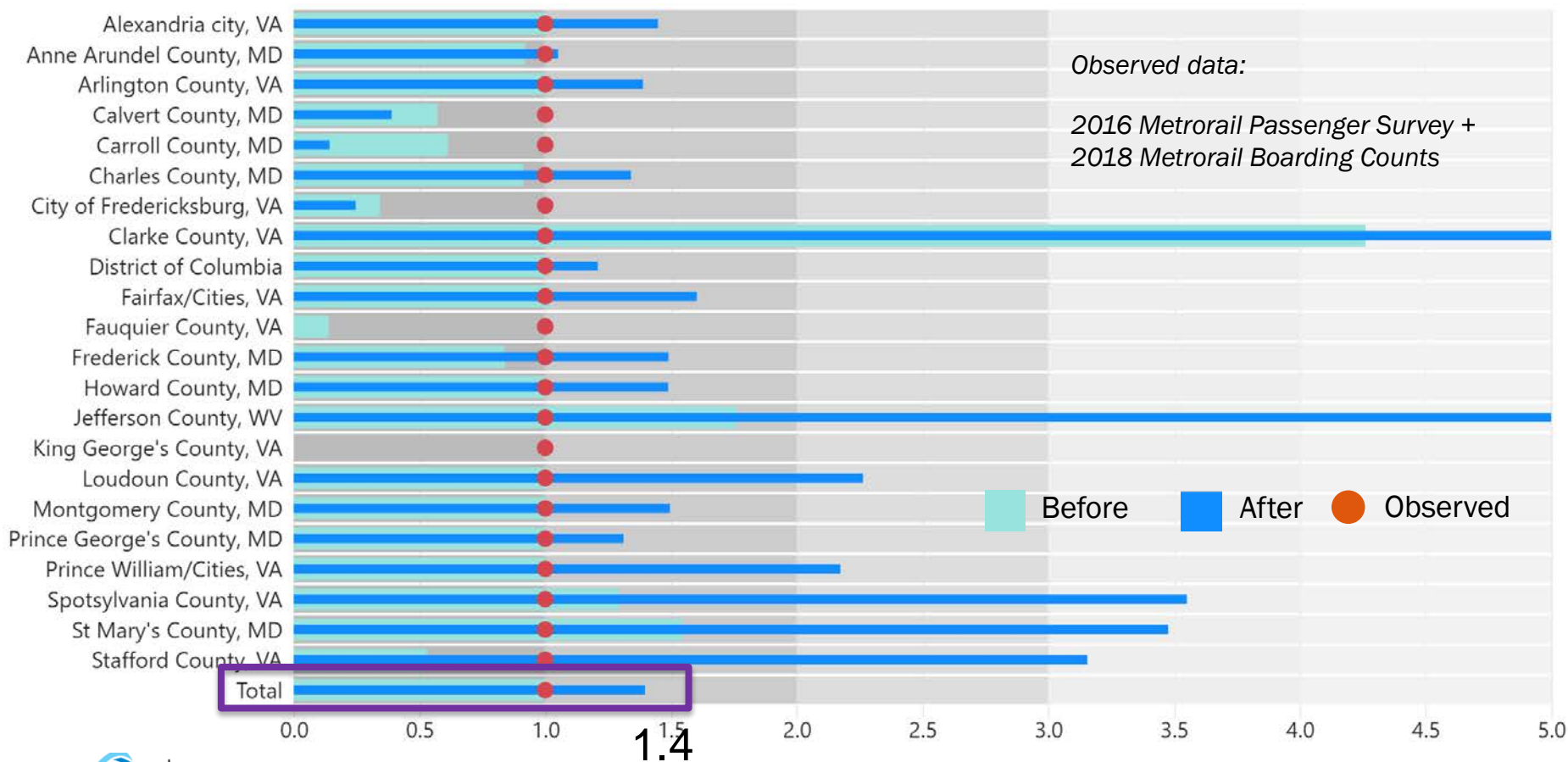


Improved Homeschooling Rate after the Reweighting



Issue 3: Overestimation of Metrorail Ridership after the Reweighting

Ratio of Average Weekday Metrorail Trips by Residence to the Observed



Updated Household and Person-Level Weighting Variables



PUM
A

21 dimensions

Income (5), Size (5), Workers (4), Vehicles (4), Presence of Children (2), Total Households (1)



PUM
A
**REGIO
N**

29 dimensions

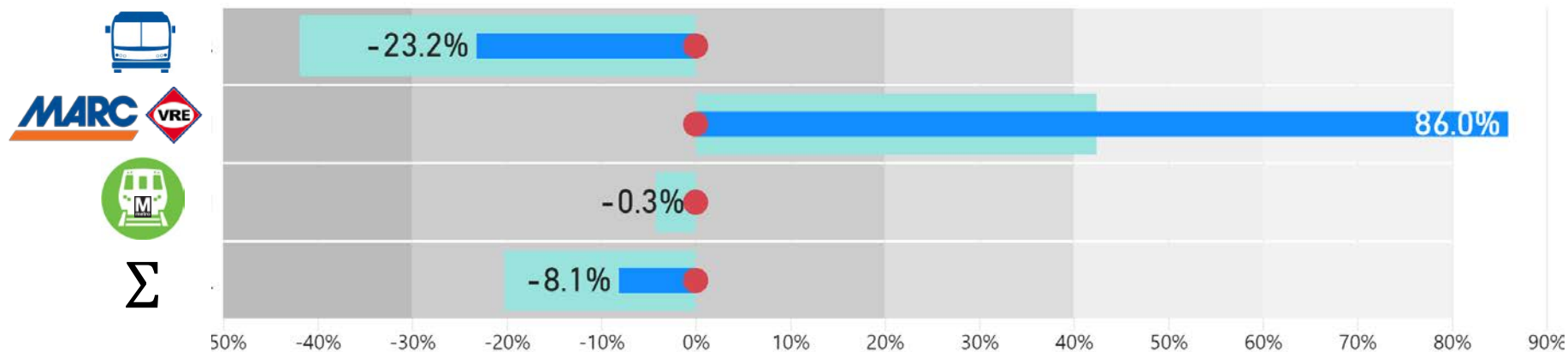
Gender (2), Age (7), Working Status (2), Student Status (2), Race/Ethnicity (5), Area Type (5), Total Person (1)

Homeschooling (1), Metrorail rides (4)



Issue 4: Underestimation of Bus Ridership and Overestimation of Commuter Rail Ridership after the Reweighting

Difference (in Percentage) between Average Weekday Metrorail Trips by Residence and the Observed



Observed data:

Bus: Regional Transportation Data Clearing House (RTDC)
Commuter rail: 2016 MARC On-Board Survey, VRE 2019 On-Board Survey, VRE October 2018 Station Boarding
Metrorail: 2016 Metrorail Passenger Survey

Before After Observed



Updated Household and Person-Level Weighting Variables



PUM
A

21 dimensions

Income (5), Size (5), Workers (4), Vehicles (4), Presence of Children (2), Total Households (1)



PUM
A

REGIO
N

36 dimensions

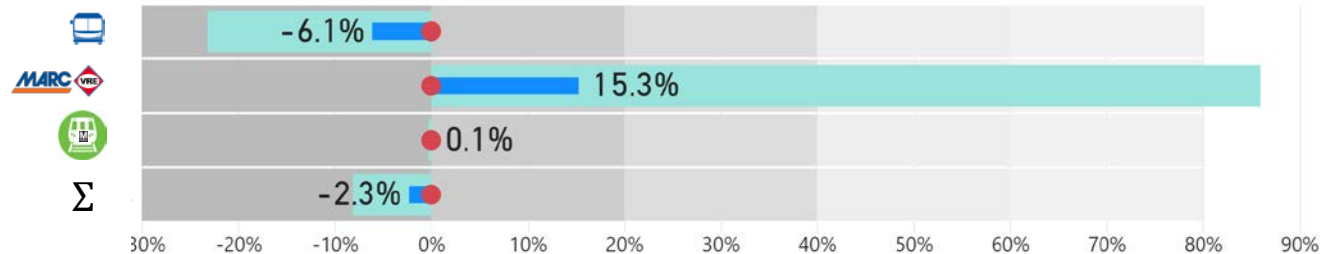
Gender (2), Age (7), Working Status (2), Student Status (2), Race/Ethnicity (5), Area Type (5), Total Person (1)



Homeschooling (1), Metrorail rides (4), Commuter rail rides (3), Bus trips (4)

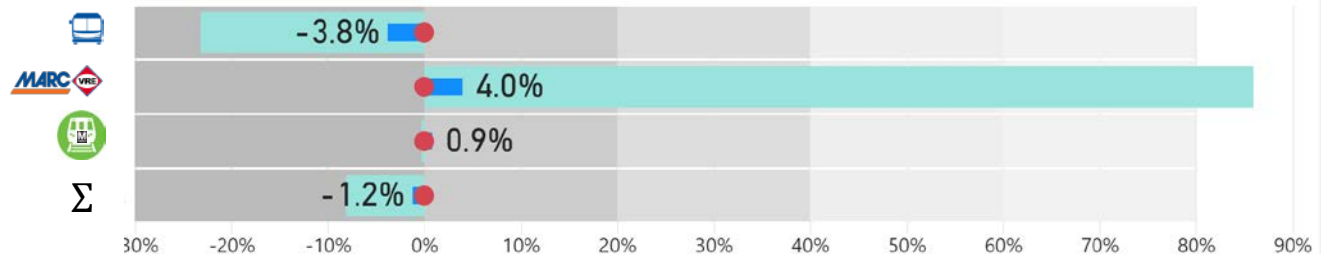




Importance Values Set for Commuter Rail and Bus Variables: Sensitivity Testing

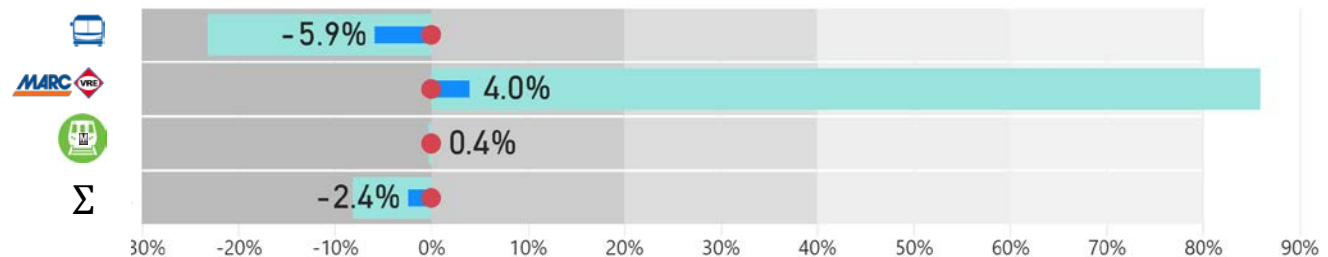
Scenario 1:
  20,000



Scenario 2:
 200,000
 100,000

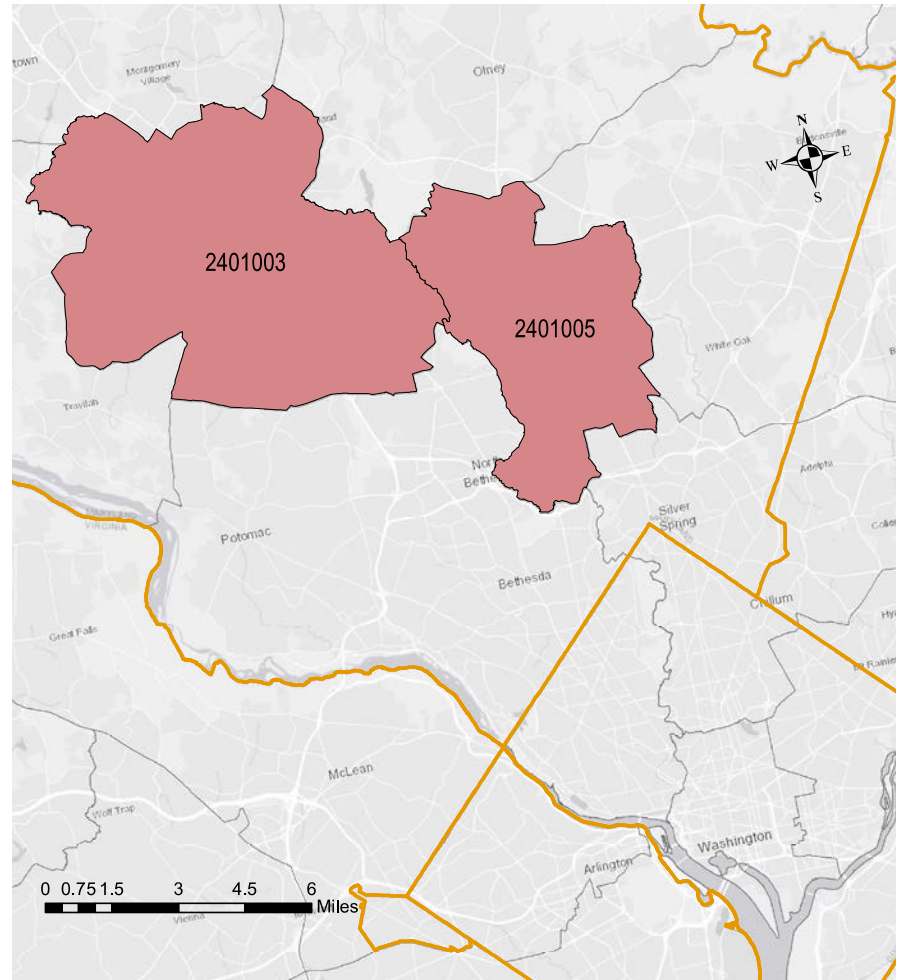
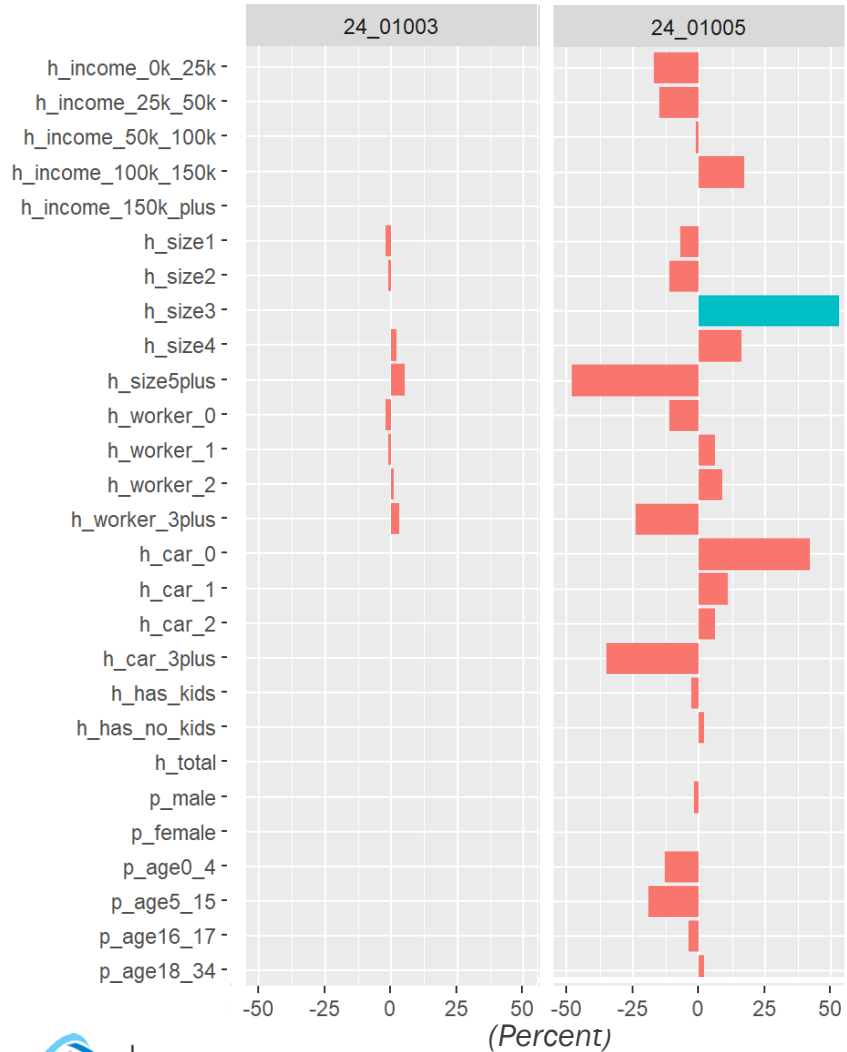


Scenario 3:
 200,000
 100,000



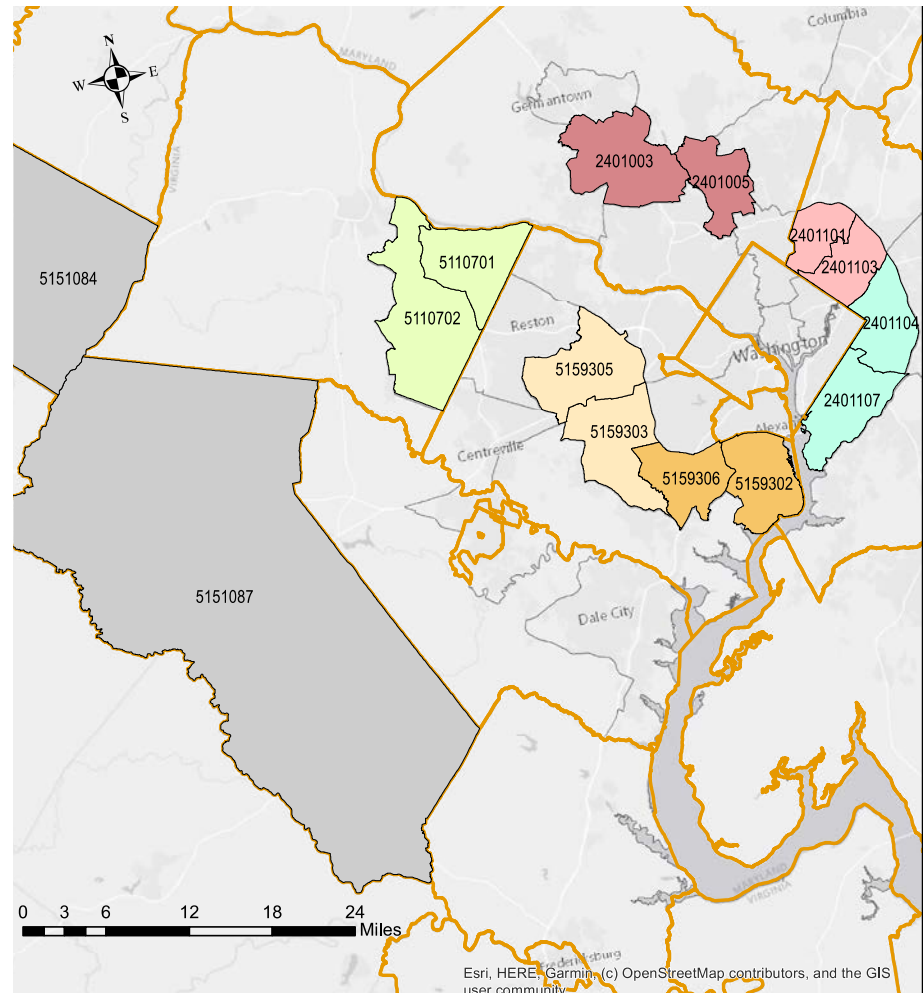
Before
 After
 Observed

Issue 5: Differences with Targets at PUMA Level



PUMA Consolidation

7 combined PUMA sets



Final Reweighting Round



**PUM
A**

21 dimensions

Income (5), Size (5), Workers (4), Vehicles (4), Presence of Children (2), Total Households (1)



**PUM
A
REGIO
N**

36 dimensions

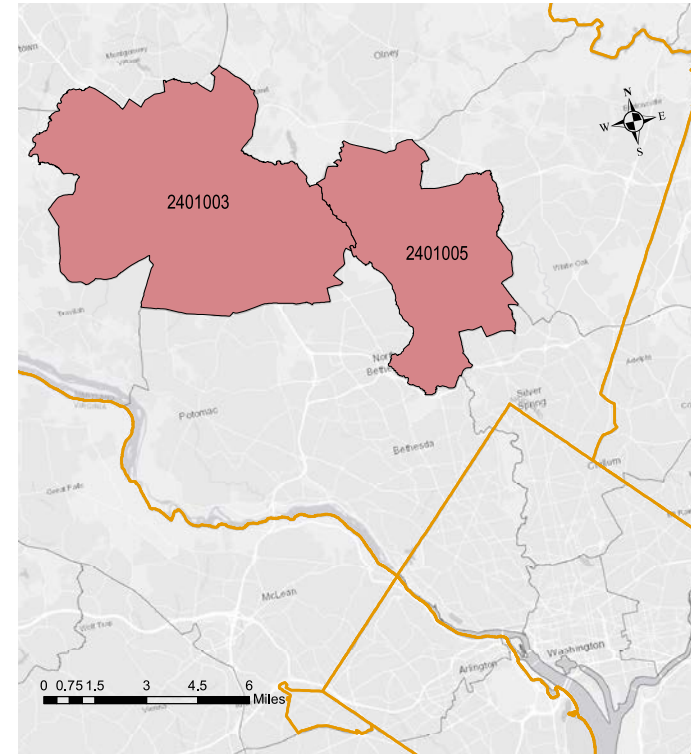
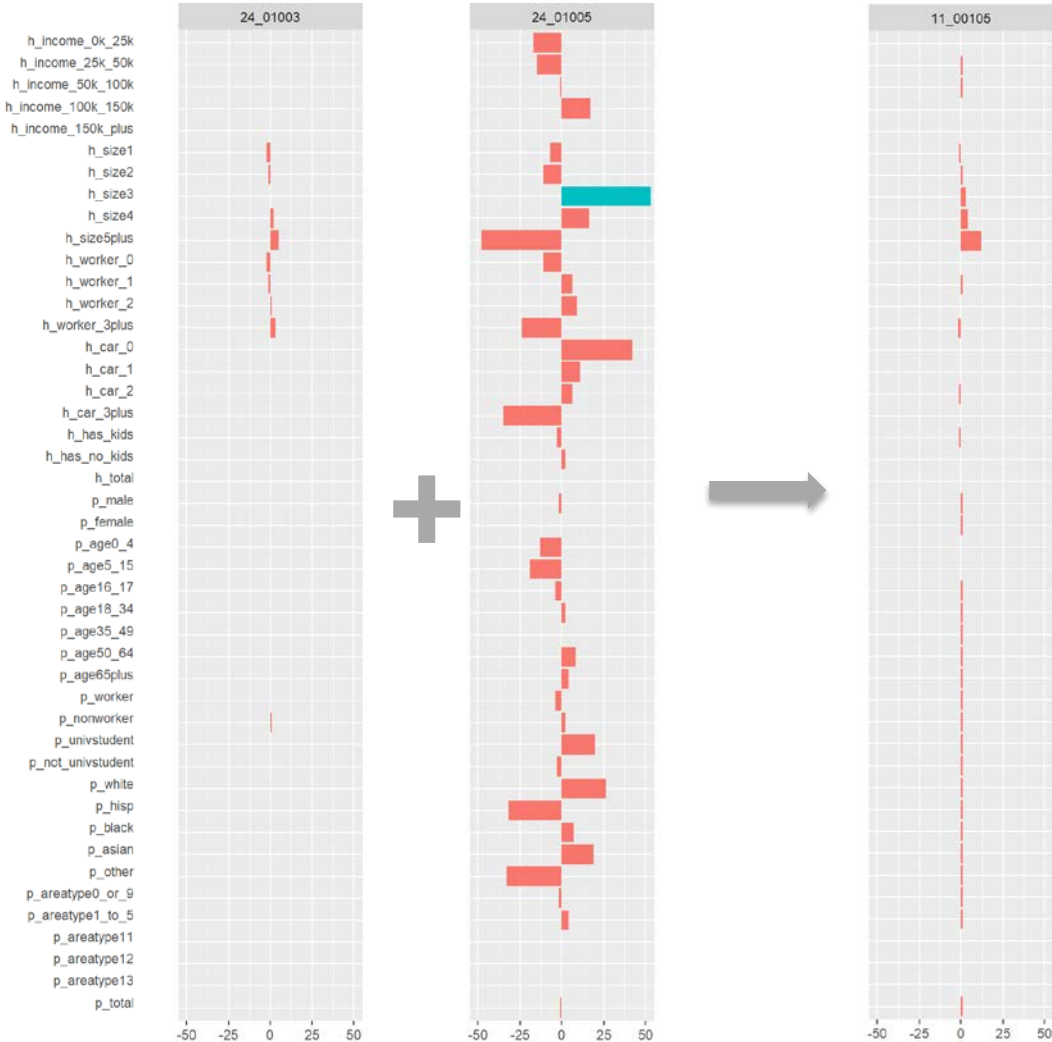
Gender (2), Age (7), Working Status (2), Student Status (2), Race/Ethnicity (5), Area Type (5), Total Person (1)

Homeschooling (1), Metrorail rides (4), Commuter rail rides (3), Bus trips (4)

7 combined PUMA sets

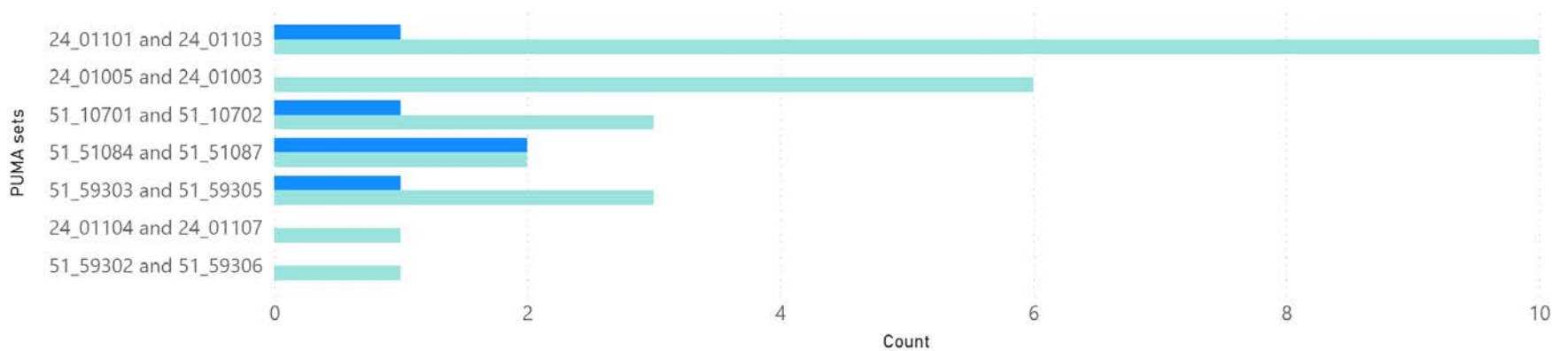


Comparison with Targets at PUMA Level

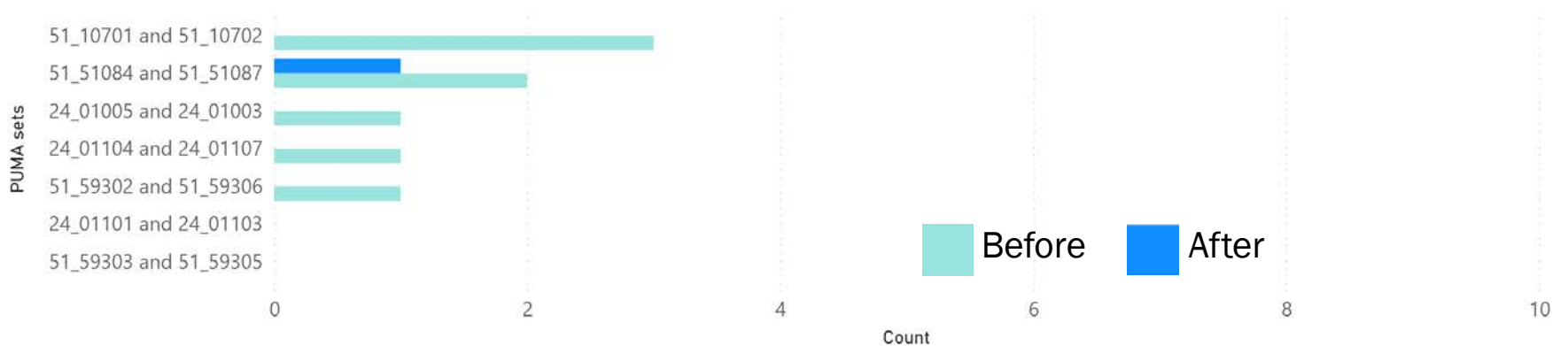


Comparison with Targets at PUMA Level

Count of Variables with >25% and <50% Difference from Target

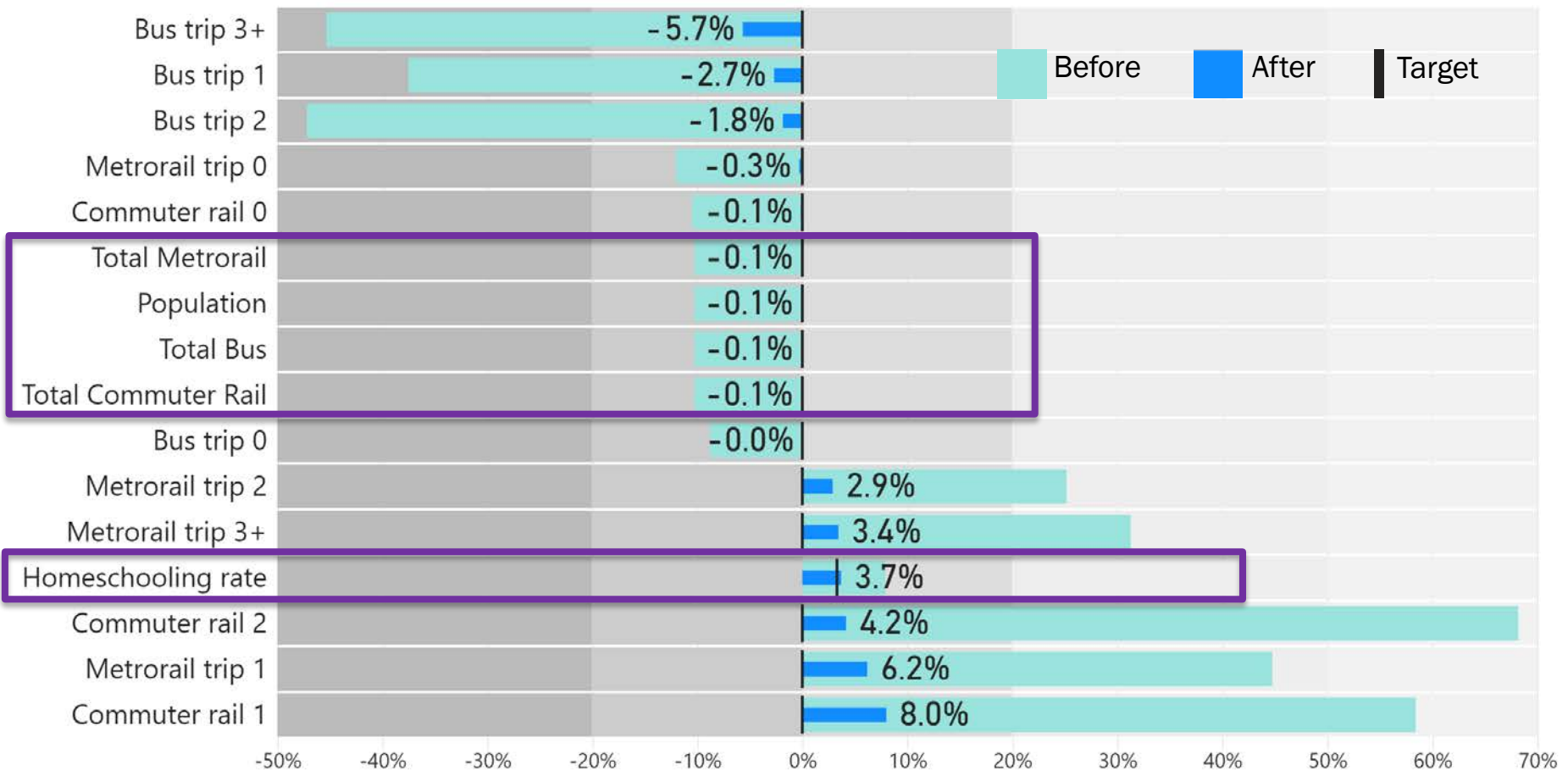


Count of Variables with $\geq 50\%$ Difference from Target



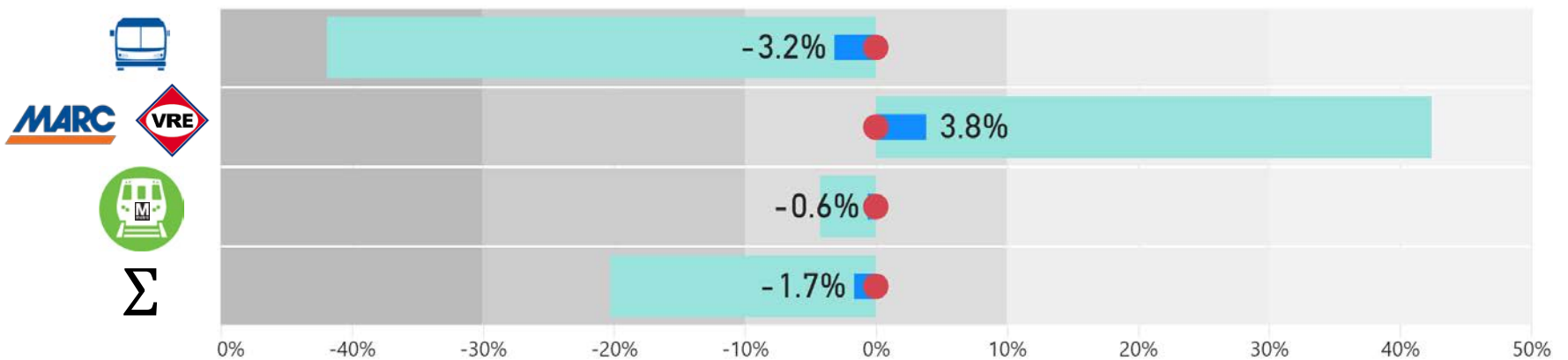
Comparison with Controls

Difference in Percentage (except Homeschooling Rate) from Key Variables to Their Targets



Comparison with the Observed Transit

Difference (in Percentage) between Average Weekday Metrorail Trips by Residence and the Observed



Before
 After
 Observed

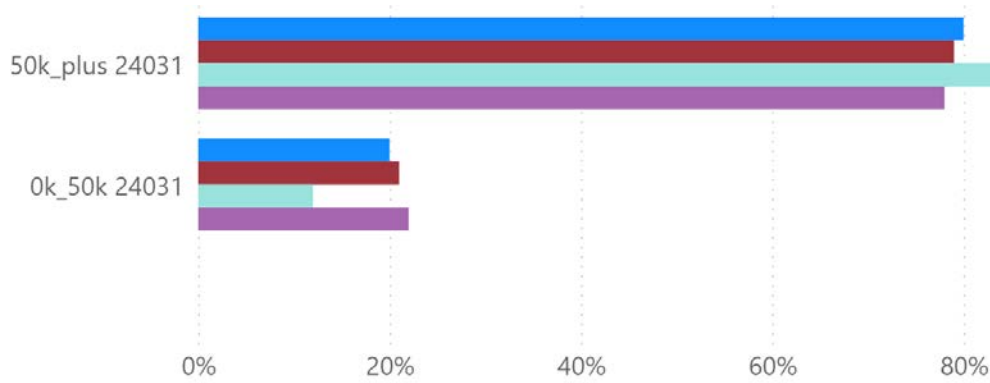
Observed data:

Bus: Regional Transportation Data Clearing House (RTDC)
Commuter rail: 2016 MARC On-Board Survey, VRE 2019 On-Board Survey, VRE October 2018 Station Boarding
Metrorail: 2016 Metrorail Passenger Survey

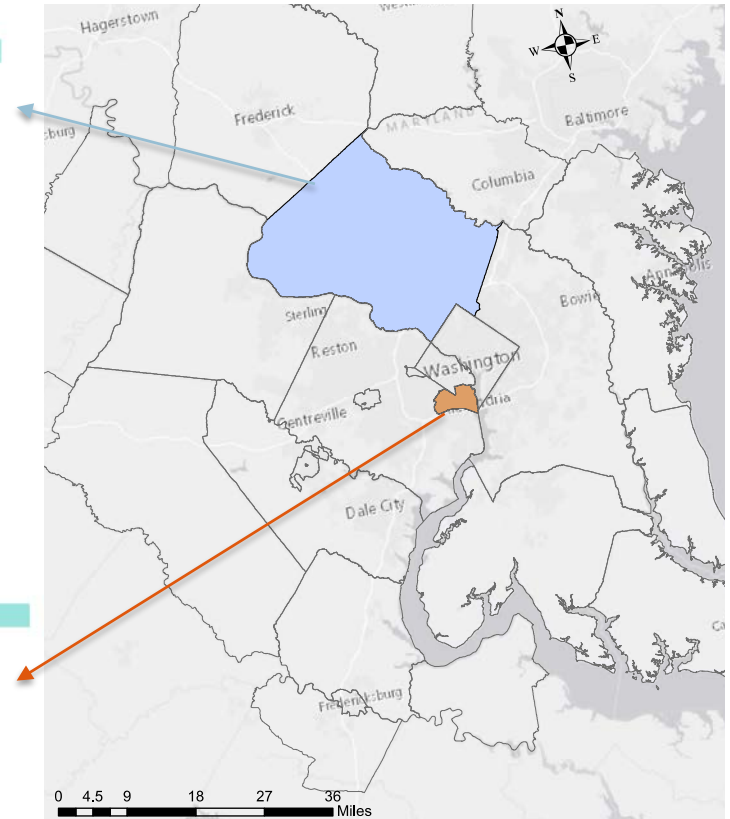
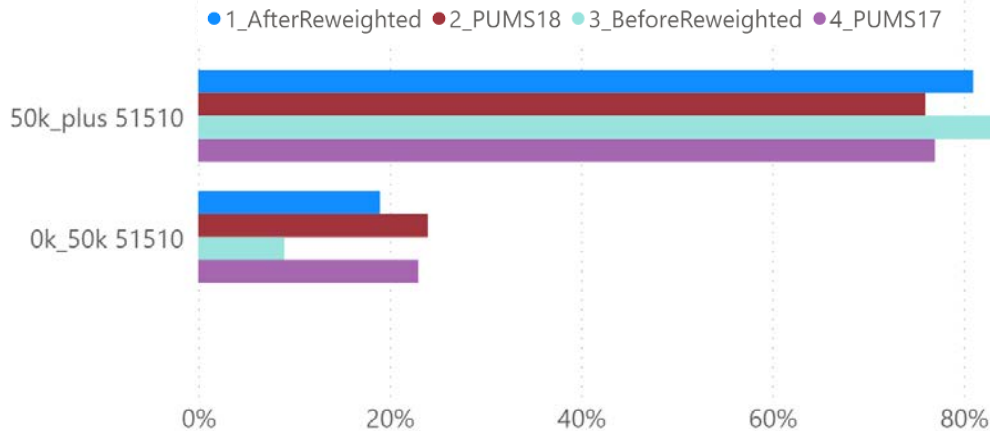


Income Comparison with PUMS Data

Household Income Share Comparison for Montgomery County, MD

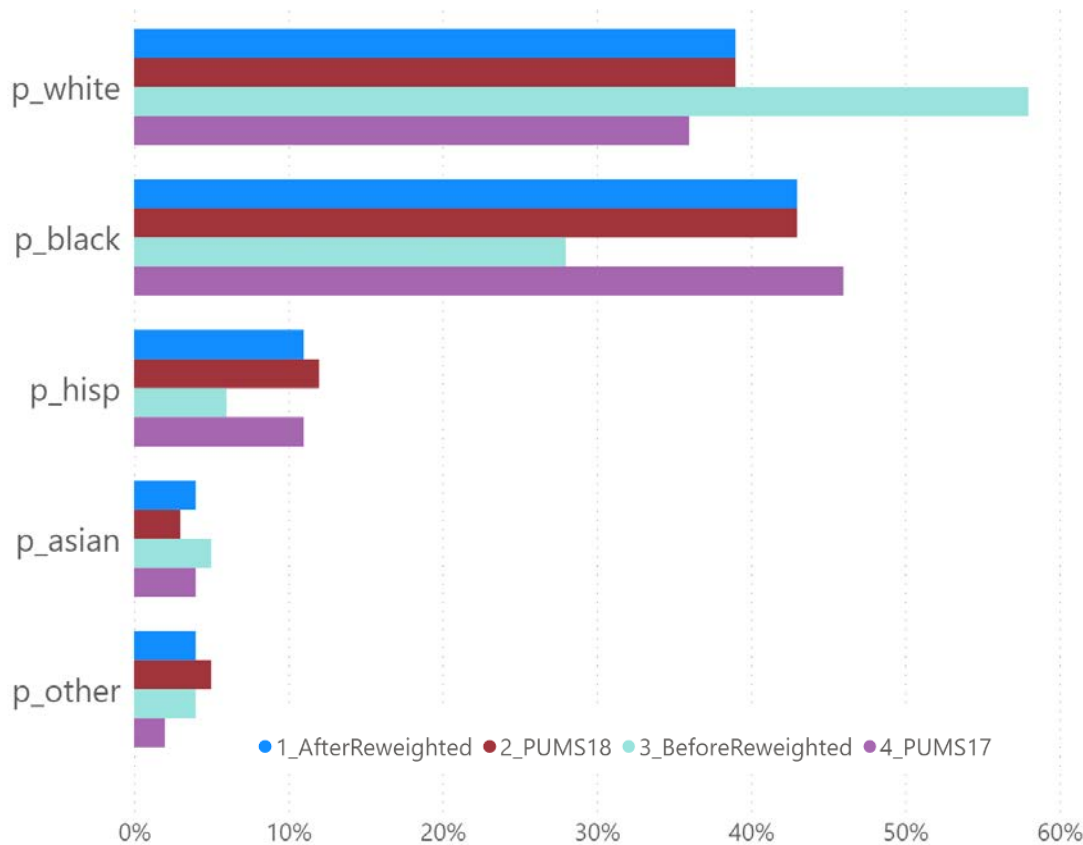


Household Income Share Comparison for Alexandria, VA






Race/Ethnicity Comparison with PUMS Data

Race/Ethnicity Share Comparison for Washington DC



Summary

<p>Issues</p>	 <p>Source: https://www.familyeducation.com</p>
<p>Solution</p>	<p>ActivitySim/ populationsim</p> <p>An Open Platform for Population Synthesis</p>  <p>+</p> <p>PUMA Consolidation</p>
<p>Results</p>	 <p>IMPROVEMENT</p> <p>→</p> <p>The Gen3, Phase 1 Travel Model</p>



Acknowledgements

- Feng Xie (COG)
- Binny Paul, Joel Freeman (RSG)
- Kenneth Joh, Nicole McCall (COG)
- Mark Moran, Tim Canan (COG)
- Sanghyeon Ko (COG)



Ray Ngo

Senior Transportation Engineer

(202) 962-3231

rngo@mwkog.org

mwkog.org/TPB

Metropolitan Washington Council of Governments

777 North Capitol Street NE, Suite 300

Washington, DC 20002



National Capital Region
Transportation Planning Board