CONGESTION REPORT

3rd Quarter 2021

A quarterly update of the National Capital Region's traffic congestion, travel time reliability, top-10 bottlenecks and featured spotlight

September 2021



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The National Capital Region Transportation Planning Board (TPB) is the federally designated metropolitan planning organization (MPO) for metropolitan Washington. It is responsible for developing and carrying out a continuing, cooperative, and comprehensive transportation planning process in the metropolitan area. Members of the TPB include representatives of the transportation agencies of the states of Maryland and Virginia and the District of Columbia, 24 local governments, the Washington Metropolitan Area Transit Authority, the Maryland and Virginia General Assemblies, and nonvoting members from the Metropolitan Washington Airports Authority and federal agencies. The TPB is staffed by the Department of Transportation Planning at the Metropolitan Washington Council of Governments (COG).

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TABLE OF CONTENTS

CONGESTION – TRAVEL TIME INDEX (TTI)	1
RELIABILITY – PLANNING TIME INDEX (PTI)	2
TOP 10 BOTTLENECKS	3
CONGESTION MAPS	9
2021Q3 SPOTLIGHT	11

FIGURES AND TABLES

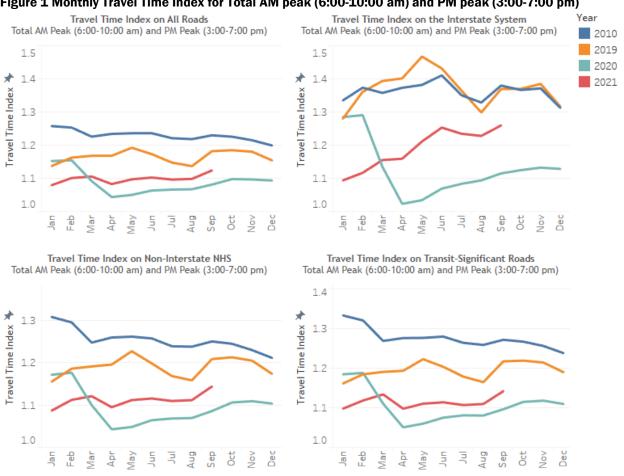
FIGURE 1 MONTHLY TRAVEL TIME INDEX FOR TOTAL AM PEAK (6:00-10:00 AM) AND PM PEAK (3:00-7:00 PM)	1
FIGURE 2 MONTHLY PLANNING TIME INDEX FOR TOTAL AM PEAK (6:00-10:00 AM) AND PM PEAK (3:00-7:00 PM)	2
FIGURE 3. TRAVEL TIME INDEX DURING WEEKDAY 8: 00-9:00 A.M. IN 3RD QUARTER OF 2021	9
EICLIDE 4 TRAVELTIME INDEX DURING WEEKDAY 5:00 6:00 P.M. IN 280 OLIARTED OF 2021	ın

CONGESTION - TRAVEL TIME INDEX (TTI)

Interstate System TTI 3rd Quarter 2021: TTI Trailing 4 Quarters:	1.24 1.17	↑13.1% or 0.14 ¹ ↓0.7% or -0.01 ²	Non-Interstate NHS ³ TTI 3rd Quarter 2021: TTI Trailing 4 Quarters:	1.12 1.11	↑4.4% or 0.05 ↓0.7% or -0.01
Transit-Significant ⁴ TTI 3rd Quarter 2021: TTI Trailing 4 Quarters:	1.12 1.11	↑3.1% or 0.03 ↓1.3% or -0.01	All Roads TTI 3rd Quarter 2021: TTI Trailing 4 Quarters:	1.11 1.10	†3.2% or 0.04 ↓0.9% or -0.01

¹ Compared to 3rd Quarter 2020; ²Compared to one year earlier; ³ NHS: National Highway System; ⁴ See "Background" section.

Figure 1 Monthly Travel Time Index for Total AM peak (6:00-10:00 am) and PM peak (3:00-7:00 pm)



Source: TPB

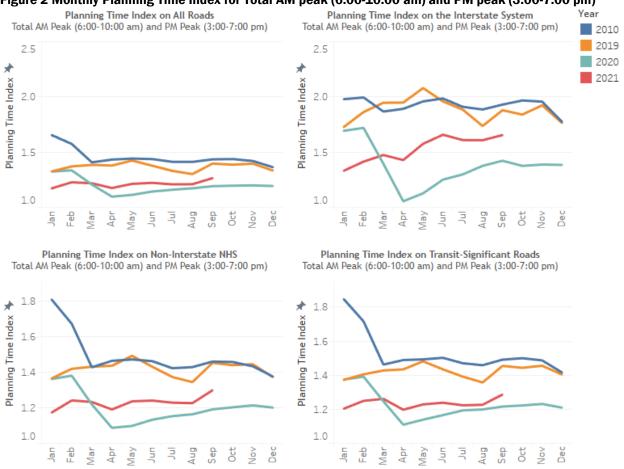
Travel Time Index (TTI), defined as the ratio of actual travel time to free-flow travel time, measures the intensity of congestion. The higher the index, the more congested traffic conditions it represents, e.g., TTI = 1.00 means free flow conditions, while TTI = 1.30 indicates the actual travel time is 30% longer than the free-flow travel time.

RELIABILITY – PLANNING TIME INDEX (PTI)

Interstate System PTI 3rd Quarter 2021: PTI Trailing 4 Quarters:	1.62 1.49	†18.9% or 0.26 ¹ †0.2% or -0.00 ²	Non-Interstate NHS ³ PTI 3rd Quarter 2021: PTI Trailing 4 Quarters:	1.25 1.22	†7.0% or 0.08 ‡2.4% or -0.03
Transit-Significant ⁴ PTI 3rd Quarter 2021: PTI Trailing 4 Quarters:	1.25 1.23	↑3.5% or 0.04 ↓3.7% or -0.05	All Roads PTI 3rd Quarter 2021: PTI Trailing 4 Quarters:	1.23 1.21	†4.5% or 0.05 ‡2.4% or -0.03

¹ Compared to 3rd Quarter 2020;²Compared to one year earlier; ³ NHS: National Highway System; ⁴ See "Background" section.

Figure 2 Monthly Planning Time Index for Total AM peak (6:00-10:00 am) and PM peak (3:00-7:00 pm)



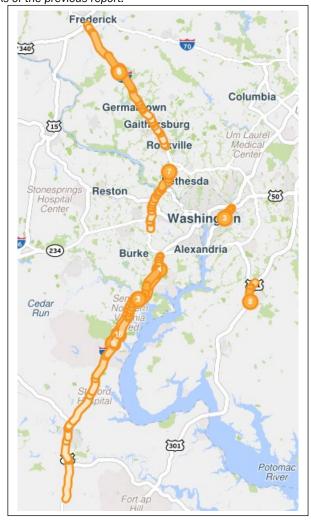
Source: TPB

Planning Time Index (PTI), defined as the ratio of 95th percentile travel time to free flow travel time, measures travel time reliability. The higher the index, the less reliable traffic conditions it represents, e.g., PTI = 1.30 means a traveler must budget 30% longer than the uncongested travel time to arrive on time 95% of the instances (i.e., 19 out of 20 trips).

TOP 10 BOTTLENECKS

Rank (Last Quarter Rank)	Location	Average duration	Average max length (miles)	Total duration	Impact factor
1 (1)	I-95 S @ VA-123/EXIT 160	9 h 34 m	3.7	36 d 16 h 15 m	145,520
2 (2)	I-95 N @ VA-123/EXIT 160	5 h 35 m	4.3	21 d 10 h 54 m	128,130
3 (4)	DC-295 S @ E CAPITOL ST	10 h 39 m	1.57	40 d 21 h	86,987
4 (3)	I-95 N @ VA-617/BACKLICK RD/EXIT 167	3 h 10 m	3.97	12 d 4 h 13 m	65,915
5 (12)	I-270 S @ MD-109/EXIT 22	2 h 37 m	3.83	10 d 1 h 26 m	54,679
6 (10)	I-95 S @ VA-619/EXIT 150	2 h 27 m	4.72	9 d 10 h 12 m	53,368
7 (8)	I-495 CW @ I-270-SPUR	1 h 34 m	6.1	6 d 1 h 29 m	52,932
8 (6)	US-301 S @ MCKENDREE RD/CEDARVILLE RD	4 h	2.47	15 d 8 h 31 m	51,975
9 (7)	I-270 N @ MD-109/EXIT 22	2 h 5 m	4.62	7 d 23 h 49 m	50,286
10 (**)	I-95 N @ VA-234/EXIT 152	1 h 34 m	5.83	6 d 19 m	44,843

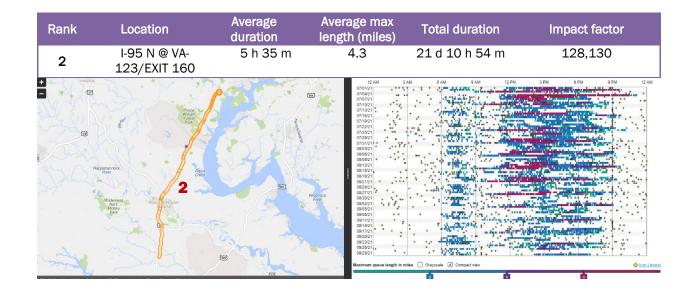
**Not in the top 50 bottlenecks of the previous report.

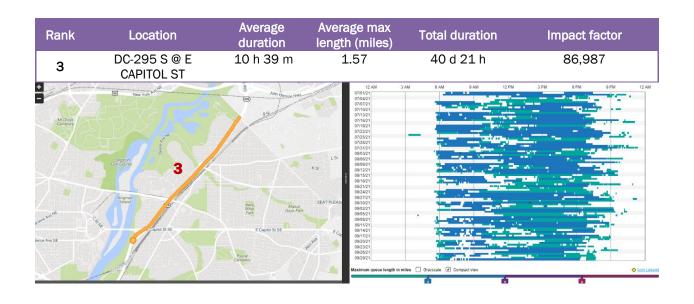


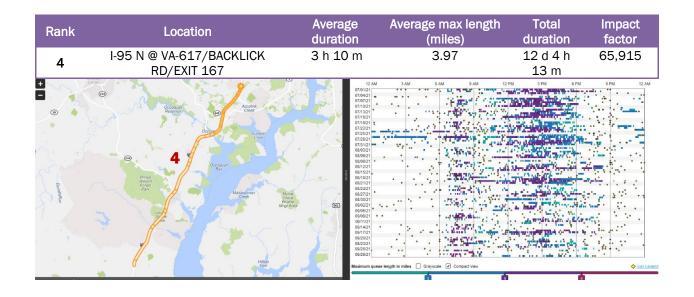
Rank	Location	Average duration	Average max length (miles)	Total duration	Impact factor*
1	I-95 S @ VA- 123/EXIT 160	9 h 34 m	3.7	36 d 16 h 15 m	145,520

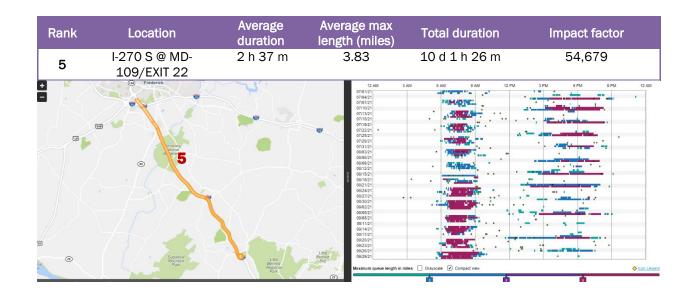
^{*} The Impact Factor of a bottleneck is simply the product of the Average Duration (minutes), Average Max Length (miles) and the number of occurrences.

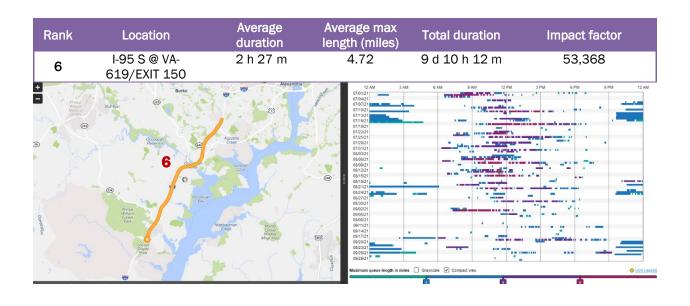


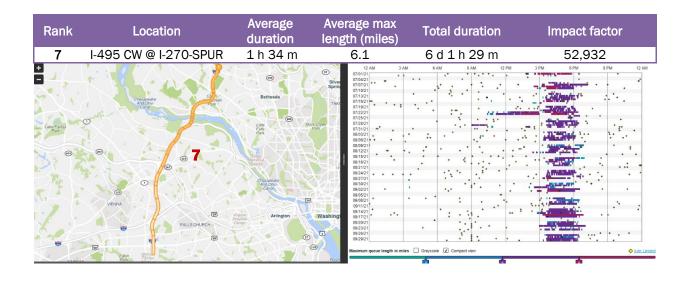


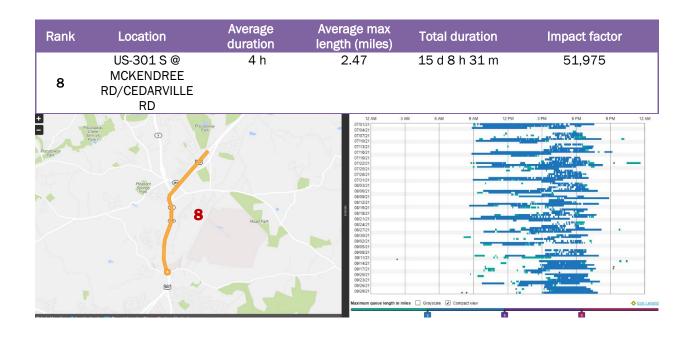


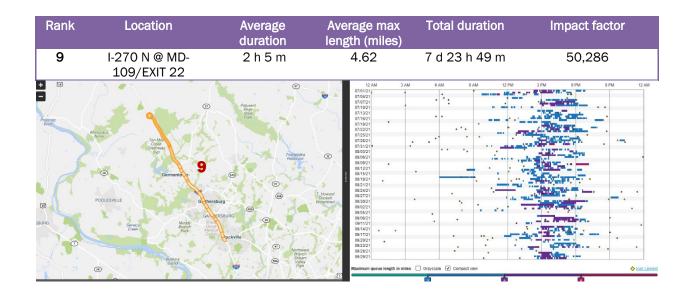


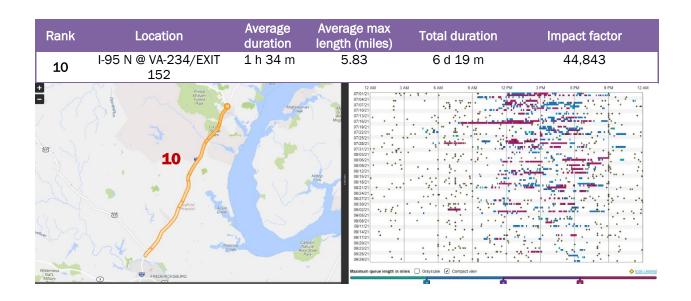






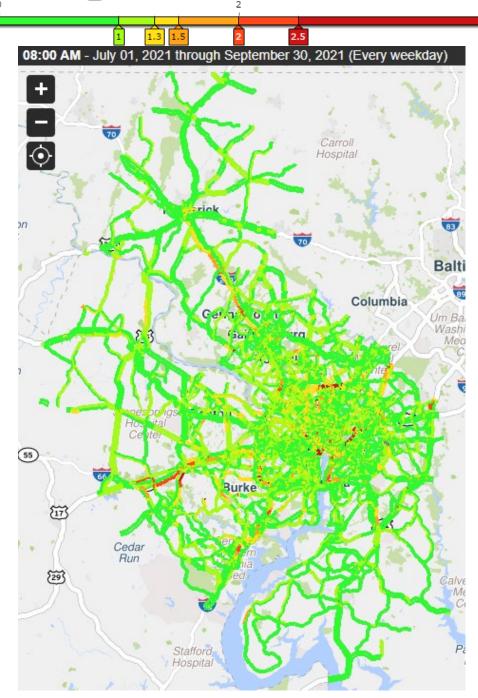






CONGESTION MAPS

Figure 3. Travel Time Index during weekday 8: 00-9:00 A.M. in 3rd Quarter of 2021



Source: University of Maryland CATT Lab

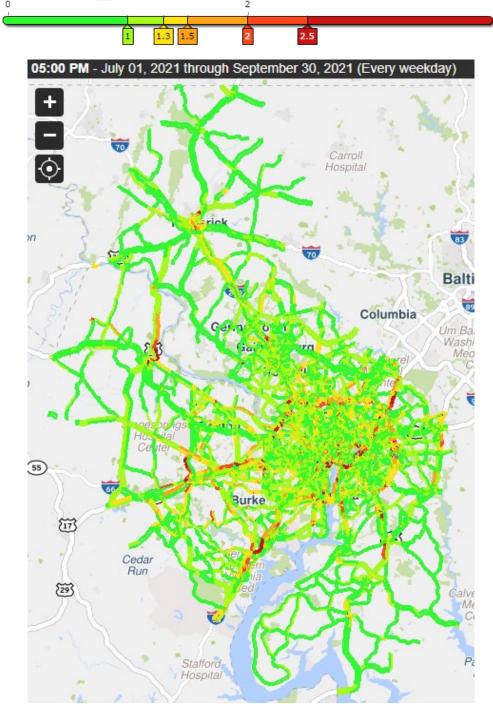


Figure 4. Travel Time Index during weekday 5:00-6:00 P.M. in 3rd Quarter of 2021

Source: University of Maryland CATT Lab

2021Q3 SPOTLIGHT

The third quarter includes two months that are considered the peak of the summer travel season (July and August) – and September which is considered a "back to work" month after the Labor Day weekend is concluded. Travel time index (TTI, see Figure 1) was relatively unchanged from June 2021 in the second quarter for the four highway networks analyzed, but trended up in September as some persons went back to work and some schools and colleges opened again. Similarly, planning time index (PTI, see Figure 2) as little changed in July and August but edged up in September.

Evidence of increased summertime travel and congestion may be found along I-95 south of Springfield, Virginia. The first entry is familiar – I-95 southbound south of Springfield. Four other entries on the list are from various segments of northbound and southbound I-95 south of Springfield.

Other entries may also be due to increased summertime travel, as all of them carry some degree of traffic crossing the TPB region or with one trip end outside the region and most show congestion outside the traditional weekday AM or PM commute periods.