UPDATE ON CONGESTION MANAGEMENT PROCESS (CMP) ACTIVITIES

MOITS TECHNICAL SUBCOMMITTEE MARCH 10, 2015

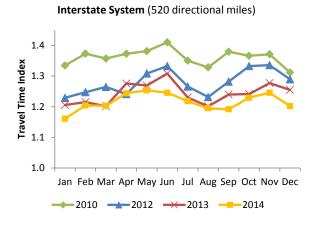
Wenjing Pu, COG/TPB Staff

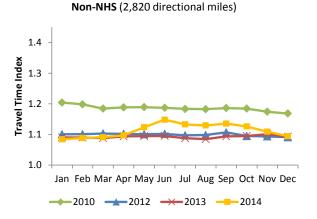
Outline

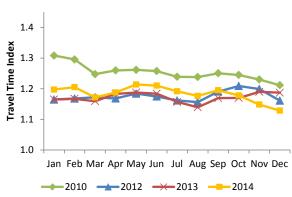
- National Capital Region Congestion Report
 - □ 4th Quarter 2014
 - Available: <u>www.mwcog.org/congestion</u>
- 2nd Vehicle Probe Data Users Group meeting
 - Agenda and presentations available:
 www.tinyurl.com/vpdug (click "Documents" tab)

Congestion Report - Congestion

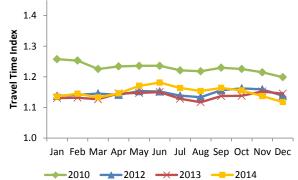
- Less congestedInterstates (Q4& 2014)
- More congested arterials (2014)
- Overall, traffic was more congested in 2014 than 2013







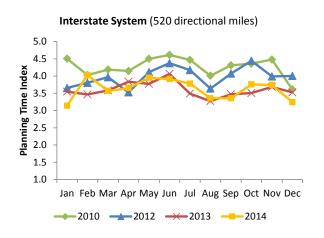
Non-Interstate NHS (2,160 drectional miles)

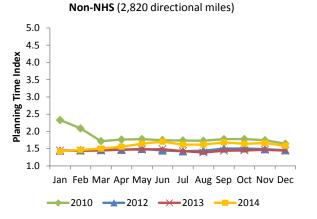


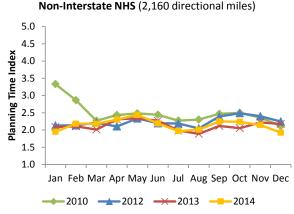
All Roads (5,500 directional miles)

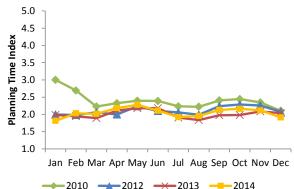
Congestion Report - Reliability

- Slightly less reliable Interstates (Q4 & 2014)
- Less reliable arterials (2014)
- Overall, traffic
 was less
 reliable in 2014
 than 2013





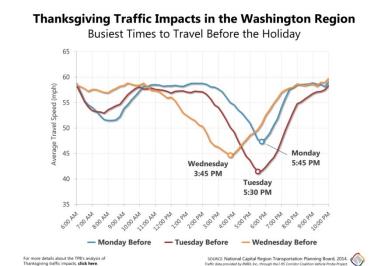


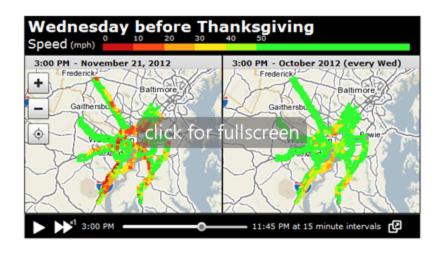


All Roads (5,500 directional miles)

2014Q4 Spotlight: Thanksgiving Travel

- TPB Weekly Reportreleased on Nov. 18,2014
 - Tuesday worse than Wednesday
 - Animated traffic maps
- Well received by the media and public
- Coordinated efforts within COG





Vehicle Probe Data Users Group

- Mission: to enhance regional coordination, consistency, and capabilities in the use of vehicle probe-based traffic data toward performancebased transportation planning and programming
- Two meetings to date
 - October 9, 2014
 - February 12, 2015
 - Speakers: Stanley Young (UMD), Subrat Mahapatra (SHA), and Mena Lockwood (VDOT)
 - 28 participants (including 8 COG/DTP staff)

Stan Young's Recommendations on Arterial Data*

Likely to have usable probe data	Possibly usable probe data	Unlikely probe data is usable
 AADT >40000 2+ lanes <= 1 signals per mile Principal Arterials (HPMS) Limited Curb cuts 	 AADT 20K to 40K 2+ lanes <= 2 signals per mile Minor Arterials (HPMS) Should be tested 	 Low volume, < 20K AADT >=2 signals per mile Major Collectors (HPMS) Not recommended

- Probe data is anticipated to improve in time
 - Increased probe density and better processing
- As Probe data degrades, delay is underestimated
 - As probe technology matures, measured delay may increase
 - Challenged by queuing or cycle failure
 - Not sensitive to / confused by bi-modal traffic patterns

^{*}Source: Stanley Young, University of Maryland

SHA's Use of Probe Data*

- Annual Mobility Report
 - 2014 Draft Report
- Project Planning and Design Studies
- Mobility Dashboard (Online)
 - What is happening
 - What is SHA doing
 - What is the OUTCOME
- Before and After Studies
- Advanced Analysis Tools
 - SHA will develop multi-resolution and time-dependent travel demand models for integrated planning and operations



VDOT's Use & Evaluation of Probe Data*

VDOT's Process:

- Quality Evaluation: (UVA and VCTIR)
 - INRIX, HERE, and TomTom real-time data is being compared sideby-side on 10 routes in Virginia (5 freeway/5 arterial).
 - Evaluation methodology is based on University Maryland VPP evaluation, including recent modifications for examining distributions of travel time on arterial roads
 - Portable Bluetooth readers, permanent readers, and WiFi address matching are being used to generate the "ground truth". Data will be collected at each site for between 1 and 2 weeks.
 - Both TMC level and sub-TMC data is being evaluated. One route that is not on the TMC network (SR 419) is being evaluated.

Next Steps

- Next meeting in May
 - VDOT's evaluation of probe data (Michael Fontaine, VCTIR)
 - Preliminary outline in processing probe data and calculating performance measures (Wenjing Pu, COG)
 - SHRP2 research: Value of Travel Time Reliability in Transportation Decision Making: Proof of Concept— Maryland (Kaveh Sadabadi, UMD)
- Draft recommendations for probe data processing
- MAP-21 Congestion and System Performance rulemaking