# Comprehensive Transportation Review:

Bicycle, Pedestrian, Transit, & Auto Review

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# Comprehensive Transportation Review:

#### Bicycle, Pedestrian, Transit, & Auto Review





### Overview of Issues Challenges in Development Review

- Suburban Area Becoming Urban
- a. Built-out Highway System
  b. Substandard Pedestrian, Bike, Transit Infrastructure
- Traditional Traffic Impact Studies Continue Trend of Auto-oriented Solutions to Congestion



### Challenges in Implementing Transit-oriented Development



- Smart Growth vs. Congestion
- Performance Measures:
  - Traffic vs. Transportation



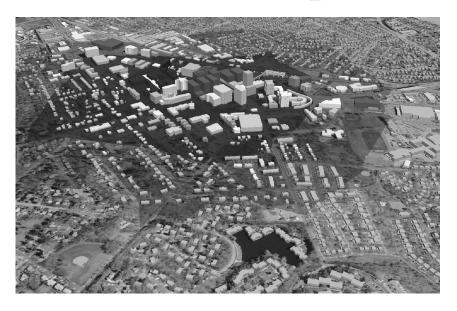
### **Smart Growth vs. Congestion**



- Focus growth in areas with transportation options
- Dense areas produce traffic congestion



### Performance Measures: Traffic vs. Transportation



- Highway improvements often impede on pedestrian and transit accessibility
- Performance Measures quantify traffic problem, not transportation system quality



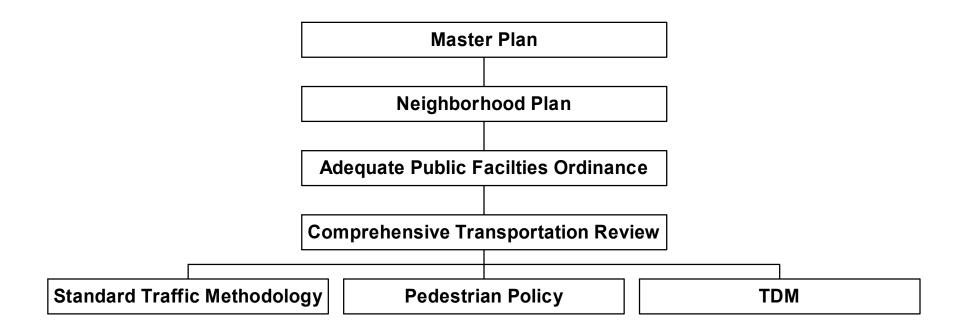
### Goals:

# Minimize Traffic Impacts Increase Non-auto Mode Share





### Implement Goals / Guidance in the Master Plan: Checks & Balances

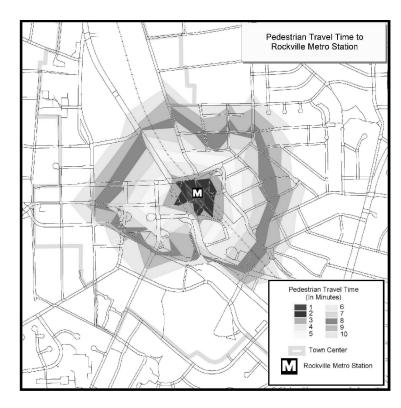




### Plan of Attack: Create a Comprehensive Transportation Review

### Multi-modal Analysis:

- •Traffic
- •Pedestrian
- •Bicycle
- •Transit





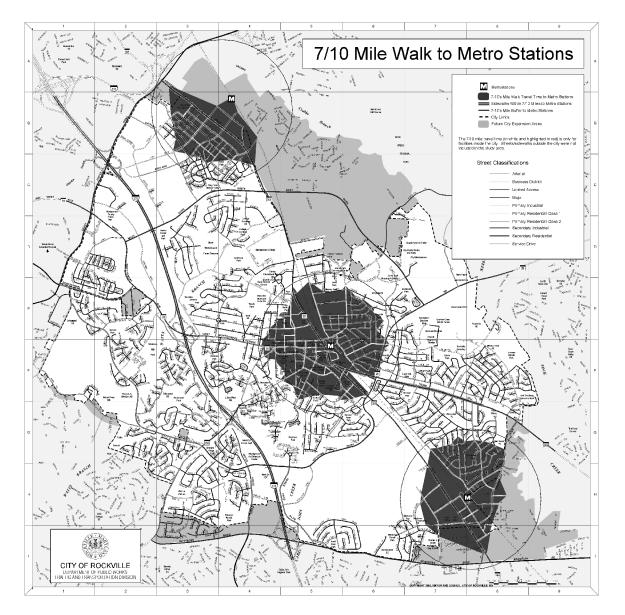
# The CTR Replaces the Traditional Traffic Impact Study

Key Differences:

- The CTR brings a new multi-modal focus to the development review process
- The CTR adds off-site analysis for pedestrian, bike, and transit infrastructure
- The CTR continues to use best practices in traffic studies for congestion & neighborhood protection



# Transit-Oriented Areas



 7/10ths mile from Fixed Transit Right of Way

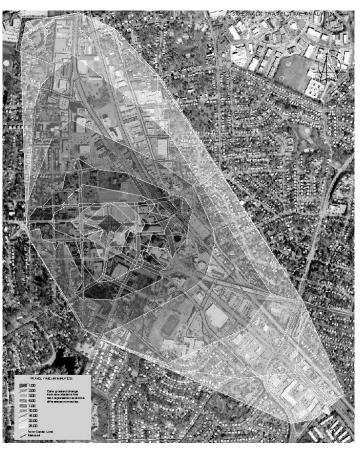


### Pedestrian & Bicycle Analysis Connectivity / Safety

<u>On-site:</u> Follow Pedestrian Policy Guidelines

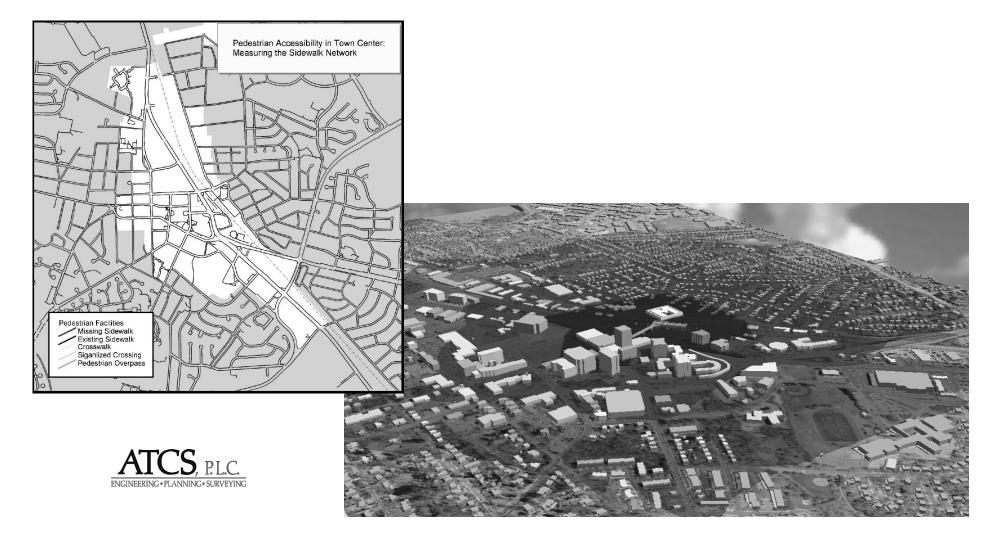
Off-site:

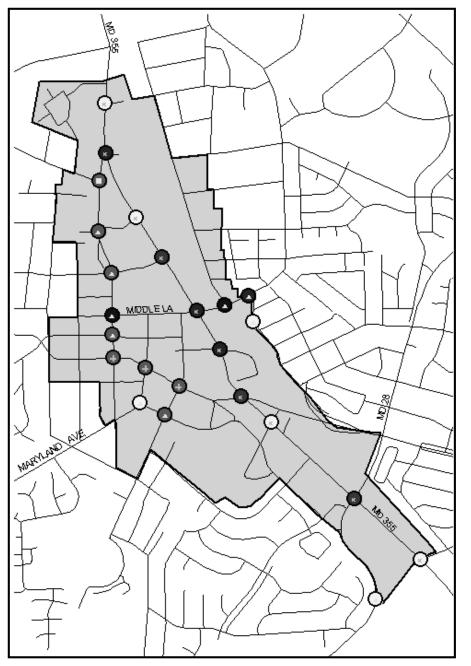
Create 0.25-0.5 Radius Study AreaEvaluate Connectivity & Safety





### Rockville's Pedestrian Objectives: Safety, Connections & Travel Time





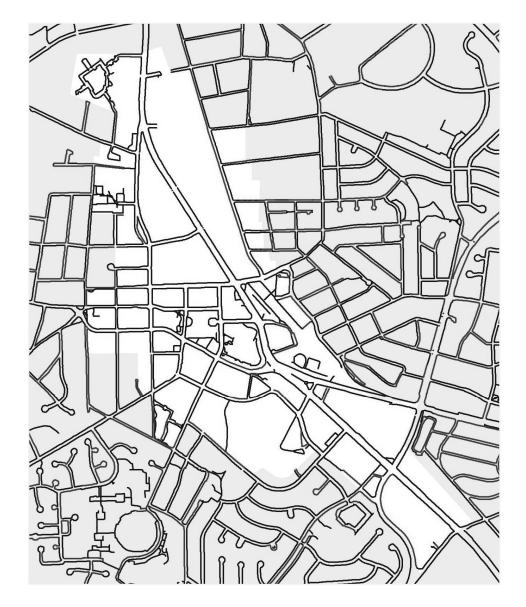


Objective: Improve Pedestrian Safety Measure: Intersection Safety



#### Objective: Improve Pedestrian Connections Measure: Streets with Sidewalks on Both Sides

- •Within the Town Center, 77% of streets have sidewalks on one or both sides.
- •The performance measure (77%) ranks the Town Center 10<sup>th</sup> out of 18 planning areas, sub-par for the amount of activity within a Town Center.







#### Objective: Improve Pedestrian Accessibility Measure: Walk Accessibility to Activity Centers



- 583 Residential Units are within a **5-minute** walk to Rockville Metro Station (Red)
- An additional 606 Residential Units are within a **10-minute** walk (Blue)
- An additional 1,599 Residential Units are within a 15-minute walk (Purple)

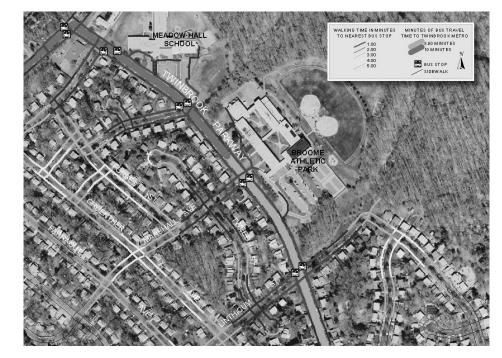
### Transit Analysis Accessibility / Safety

On-site:

- •Bus Stop Infrastructure
- •Walk Accessibility to Stop
- •Safety Features (Such as Lighting)

#### Bus Stop Criteria:

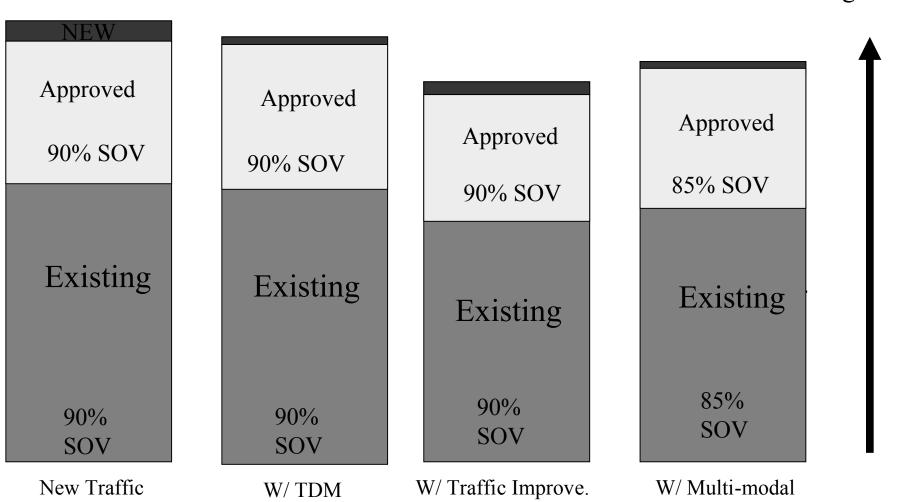
- •0-10 Patrons: Concrete Pad
- •11-25 Patrons: Pad & Bench
- •Over 25 Patrons: Shelter







#### **Example Traffic Mitigation at Impacted Intersection in TOA**



Congestion

# Recommendations

- Establish Transit-Oriented and Non Transit-Oriented Areas
- a. Identify Different Congestion Level Thresholds
  - b. Multi-Modal Facility Improvements
- Credit for Multi-Modal Traffic Improvements

