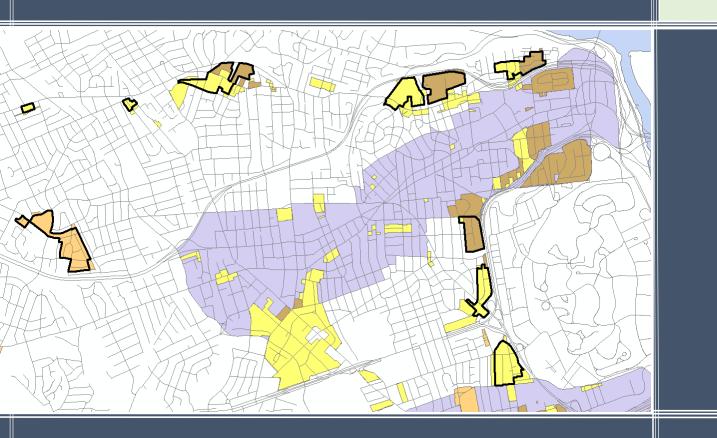
# STRATEGIES TO ADVANCE THE PRESERVATION AND PRODUCTION OF AFFORDABLE AND MISSING MIDDLE HOUSING



September 21, 2018



## Arlington's History of Commitment ARLINGTON



#### AFFORDABLE HOUSING INVESTMENT FUND

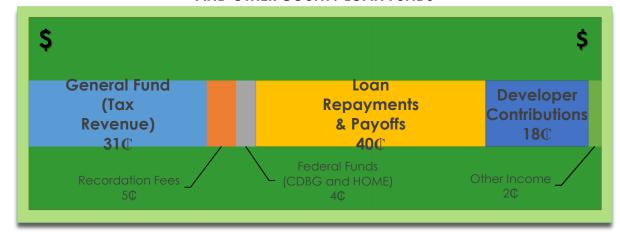
AND OTHER COUNTY LOAN FUNDS

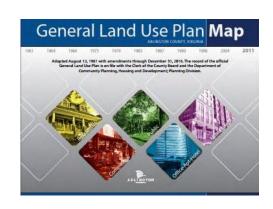


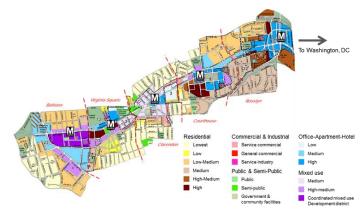
Investment











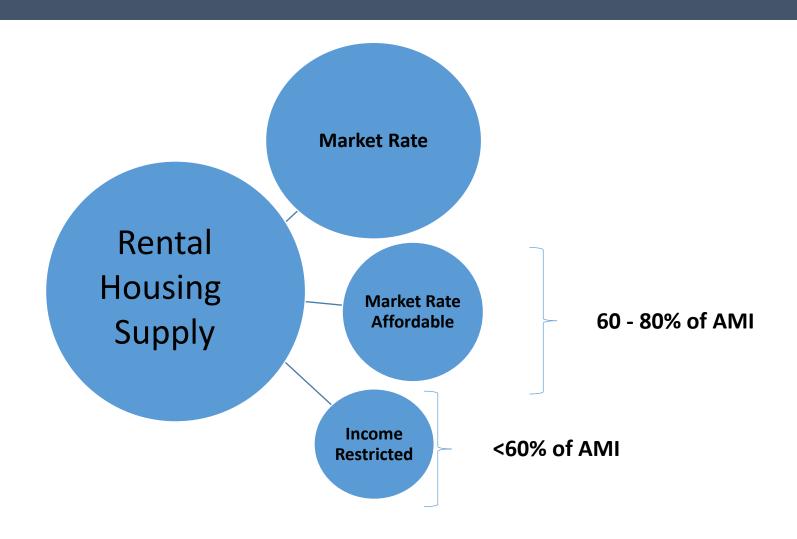
## **Policy & Planning Highlights**



- Density Bonus for moderate-income housing 1972
- Initiated Affordable Housing Investment Fund 1988
- Special Affordable Housing Protection District 1990
- Housing Principles and Goals 2000
- Affordable Housing Zoning Ordinance Amendment 2005
  - Codified standard contributions for Special Exception Site Plan approvals

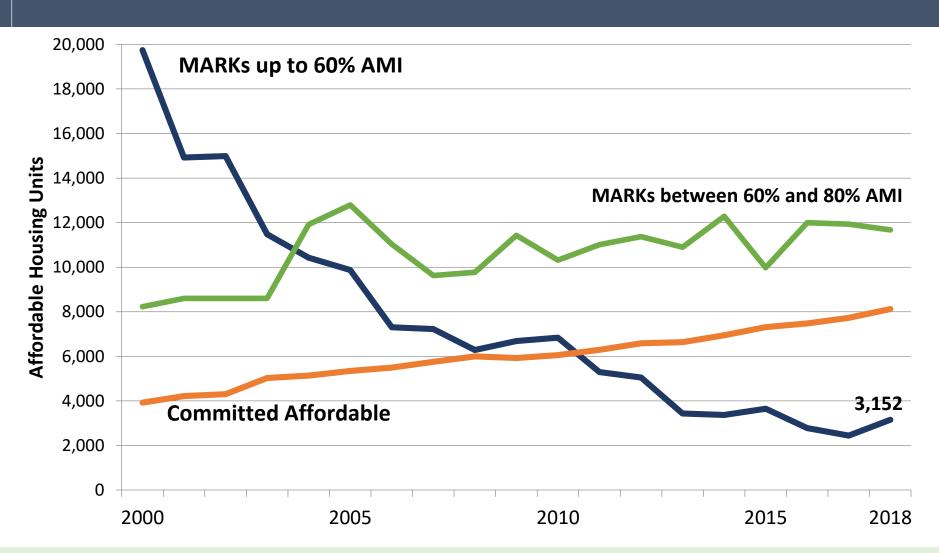
## **Housing Market in Arlington**





## **Housing Trends**





## **Historical Successes**





Wakefield Manor

Union on Queen



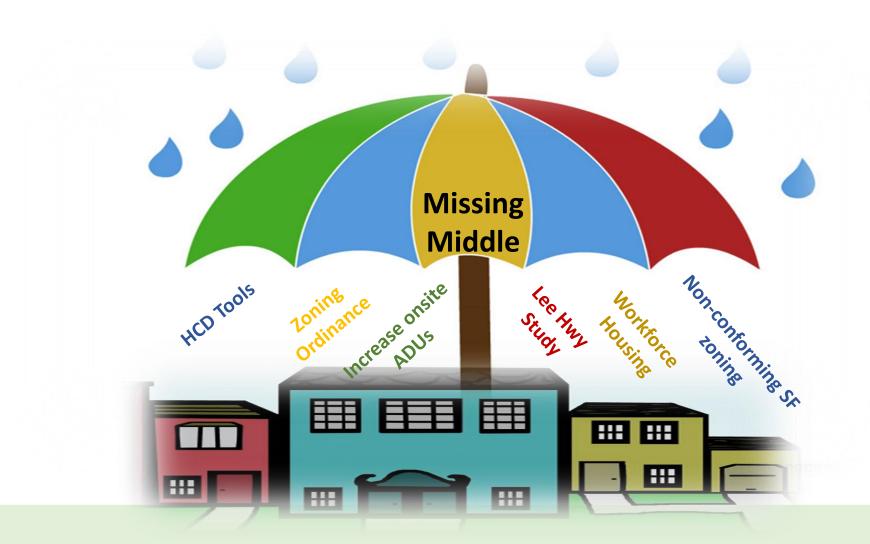
## **Policy & Planning Efforts (cont.)**



- Affordable Housing Master Plan 2015
  - Elevated AH to level of Comprehensive Plan element
  - Launching point for additional study & implementation

## **Current Implementation Efforts**





## **Comprehensive Plan Guidance**



#### Affordable Housing Master Plan (AHMP) [2015]

**Objective 1.1**: Produce and preserve a sufficient supply of affordable rental housing to meet current and future needs.

- 1.1.1: Encourage the construction and preservation of affordable rental housing through land use/zoning policy, financial and technical assistance.
- 1.1.3: Make every reasonable effort to prevent the loss of market-rate affordable rental housing.
  - **1.1.4**: Encourage and incentivize the distribution of affordable housing throughout the County.

#### **General Land Use Plan**

 Preserve and enhance existing single family and apartment neighborhoods.

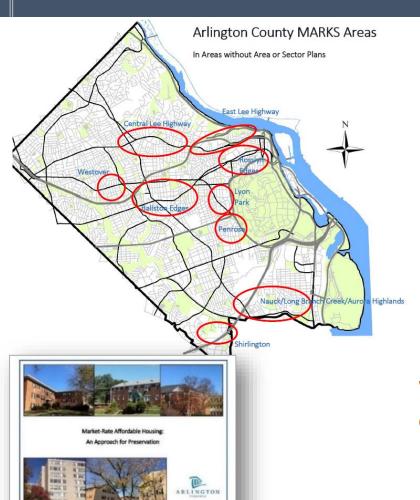
## **County Board Direction**



- Survey the County to identify areas with significant market rate affordable resources – outside of established Planning Areas, and
- 2. Provide recommendations on how to preserve these resources.

#### **Initial Analysis**





#### MARKs general characteristics

- Primarily RA (multifamily) Zoning
- Many built prior to 1960
- Often historically-significant
- Garden-style apartments
- Building forms and unit sizes rarely constructed today

Recommendation: create a special planning district where new tools will be available to promote continued housing affordability

## **HCD Phase I Summary**



#### **Housing Conservation District established in December 2017**

#### **Housing Conservation District Policy Framework**

To guide Phase II development of HCD incentives

#### **General Land Use Plan Amendment**

Defines goals, objectives, and mapped boundaries

#### **Affordable Housing Master Plan Amendment**

References the HCD as an implemented policy

#### **Zoning Ordinance Amendment**

Requires site plan approval for new townhouse development within the HCD

## **Adopted HCD Goals**



- Implement the Affordable Housing Master Plan
- Encourage the retention and renovation of existing rental affordable housing
- Provide opportunities for the creation of new affordable units
- Maintain the character of established multiplefamily areas
- Signal that a variety of tools are available to achieve the above

## **Proposed Building Typologies**



#### Staff Objectives:

- To promote a variety of building types that can provide more choices for affordable housing
- To determine which typologies are appropriate in each HCD
- To enhance the character of HCD (scale and mass)
- To promote height compatibility and transitioning

## **Existing Building Typologies**



- Single Family
- Semi-detached
- Duplex
- Townhouse
- Stacked Flats
- Garden Apartments
  (Low-rise, Mid-rise and
  High Rise): parking is below
  ground or surface
- Liner Apartments (Low-rise): parking is above ground lined by habitable space



Semi-detached (Penrose)



Stacked Flats (Langston)



Garden Apartments High-rise (Spout Run)



**Duplex (Westover)** 



Garden Apartments Lowrise (Westover)



**Townhouse (Spout Run)** 



Garden Apartments Mid-rise (Spout Run)



Liner Apartments Lowrise (Spout Run)

## **Proposed Building Typologies**



- Cottages
- Accessory Dwelling Units
- Mansion House Apartments
- Tower Apartments (High-rise): parking is above ground in podium





**Cottages** 





**Mansion House Apartments** 





**Garden Apartments High-rise** 

## **Level of Analysis**



- Assessing existing conditions
  - Height
  - Neighborhood context
  - Transportation network
  - Zoning regulations
  - Other (schools)
- Developing model site development scenarios
- Performing feasibility analysis
- Examining how to streamline/simplify development review process

## **Feasibility**



- Starting assumptions
  - Based on existing conditions and context
  - Form based, not density based (i.e.: allow up to "X" stories for certain areas/sites, based on context, regardless of resulting density)
- Feasibility analysis
  - Would a developer/property owner actually pursue the recommended development options?
  - Are these recommended options viable? As compared to townhouse development?
- Not as simple as amending the Zoning Ordinance to allow additional bonus density – ONE SIZE DOES NOT FIT ALL
  - Different owner types
  - Sites and their contexts differ, too
  - Need to balance competing County goals (historic preservation, trees, parking, transportation, schools)

#### **Neighborhood Context**

## ARLINGTON VIRGINIA

#### Penrose HArea:

#### Existing Conditions:

- Character of Area (including HRIs)
- Street Network/Block Pattern
- Roadway Classification and Conditions
- Proximity to Transit
- Existing Open Spaces and Tree Canopy
- Lot Analysis
- Building Analysis

#### Further Analysis:

- Site Studies infill, partial or full redevelopment
- Economic modeling



**HRI Sites** 



**Street Network/Block Pattern** 



**Road Classification (Street Hierarchy)** 



**Transit Routes** 



**Existing Open Spaces and Tree Canopy** 

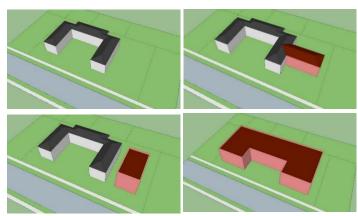


**Lot/Building Types** 

## **Provide a Range of Redevelopment Options**



- Single-family / Two-family
  - Address non-conforming lots
  - Allow stand-alone ADUs
- Multifamily
  - Interior improvements (basement, attic)
  - Bump-outs and additions
  - Stacked flats
  - Infill buildings
  - Partial redevelopment
  - Total Redevelopment



## **Evaluating Viable Alternatives to Townhouse on Multifamily Sites**



#### **Preliminary Analysis:**

- Interior Rehabilitation & Bump-outs
- Stacked Flats
- Small Apartment Redevelopment
- Infill Development
- Partial Redevelopment
- Total Redevelopment

All show potential as alternatives to townhouse development.

#### **Considerations:**

- Relative cost and complexity
- Time / lost revenue
- Owner vs purchaser
- Review process

## **Preliminary Conclusions and Findings**



#### It is likely that:

- Private open space and parking areas will be repurposed for housing
- Redevelopment will lead to <u>far greater</u> density on some sites
- As an incentive:
  - Parking requirements will be reduced in a manner not typically seen on non-Metro corridor sites
  - Pre-existing parking shortages may not be addressed
- There will be greater demands on the transportation network and schools (not quantified yet)
- Many properties within the HCD are identified on the Historic Resources Inventory (HRI) – eligible for local designation
  - Have not developed specific recommendations to address these sites
  - TDR?

## **Financial Incentives/Tools**



- Revise Multifamily Partial Property Tax Exemption
- Examine TDR Policy
- Tie-ins with PACE program (Property Assessed Clean Energy)
- Affordable Housing Investment Fund

## **Approval Process Changes**



- Looking to streamline / simplify approval process for preferred development as compared to Townhouse
  - Townhouse only by Special Exception Site Plan (120 to 180-day process)
  - HCD-compliant development to be approved either:
    - Administratively (by-right), or by
    - Special Exception Use Permit (60-day process)

#### **Next Steps**



- 1. Continue Analysis
  - Determine potential increase in multifamily units within HCD
  - Determine potential new CAFs
- 2. Evaluate potential impacts
  - Transportation (traffic; parking)
  - ii. Schools
- 3. Reconcile HCD and Historic Preservation
- 4. Revisit Townhouse Development via Site Plan Evaluate two options:
  - i. Keep townhouse as site plan only, or
  - ii. Allow townhouse via use permit, with additional guidance

#### **Evaluate:**

- Is it worth it?
- Are the impacts acceptable?
- How will community react?

#### **Contacts**



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