Building Resilient Infrastructure and Communities (BRIC) and Flood Mitigation Assistance (FMA)

JaLeesa Tate, MD State Hazard Mitigation Officer Debbie Messmer, VA State Hazard Mitigation Officer Vermecia Alsop, DC Hazard Mitigaiton Officer



Building Resilient Infrastructure and Communities (BRIC)

- Funds available annually
- Nationally competitive
- Greatest flexibility for activity types



BRIC Guiding Principles

- Support community capability and capacity building
- Encourage and enable innovation
- Promote partnerships
- Enable large infrastructure projects
- Maintain flexibility
- Provide consistency



BRIC Eligible Activities

- Previous PDM activities are still eligible
- Expanded eligibility includes:
 - Project scoping
 - Building code projects
 - Additional activities for wildfire and wind implementation (DRRA Section 1205)
 - Earthquake early warning (DRRA Section 1233)

Projects Must:

- Be cost-effective
- Reduce/eliminate risk and damage from future natural hazards
- Meet latest two consensus codes (i.e.2015 or 2018 international building code)
- O Align with Hazard Mitigation Plans
- Meet all environmental and historic preservation requirements



BRIC Cost Share

- 75% Federal / 25% non-Federal
- 90% Federal / 10% non-Federal for Small and Impoverished Communities
 - 3,000 or fewer individuals identified by the State as disadvantaged
 - Average per capita annual income not exceeding 80% of the national per capita income

BRIC Funding Categories

- Capability and Capacity Building
 - Building codes activities
 - Partnerships
 - Project scoping
 - Mitigation planning and related activities
- Mitigation Projects
- Direct Technical Assistance



Flood Mitigation Assistance (FMA)

- Funds available annually
- Nationally competitive
- Projects and Plans are limited to flood mitigation activities only
- Community must be in Good Standing with National Flood Insurance Program (NFIP)
- Mitigated property must carry NFIP policy before, during, and after

FMA Guiding Principles

- Reduce or eliminate flood risk
- Prioritize repetitive and severe repetitive loss properties
- Prioritize properties insured by the National Flood Insurance Program (NFIP)
- Dedicate funding to plan for flood risk mitigation



FMA Eligible Activities

- Property Acquisition and Structure Demolition
- Property Acquisition and Structure Relocation
- Structure Elevation
- Mitigation Reconstruction
- Dry Floodproofing of Historic Structures
- Dry Floodproofing of Non-Residential Structures

- Localized Flood Risk Reduction Projects
- Structural Retrofitting of Existing Buildings
- Non-Structural Retrofitting of Existing Buildings and Facilities
- Infrastructure Retrofit
- Soil Stabilization
- Project Scoping- Individual Home & Community Flood
- Miscellaneous/Other



FMA Cost Share

- 75% Federal / 25% non-Federal
- 90% Federal / 10% non-Federal for Repetitive Loss
- 100% Federal for Severe Repetitive Los

a. Severe Repetitive Loss (SRL) structure (ii)

 Have at least 2 separate NFIP claim payments exceeding Market Value of Structure

b. Repetitive Loss (RL) structure

 Have at least 2 NFIP claim payments where average costs equal or exceed 25% of Market Value of Structure

c. Severe Repetitive Loss (SRL) structure (i)

 Have at least 4 NFIP claim payments of \$5,000 or more, with cumulative payments exceeding \$20,000

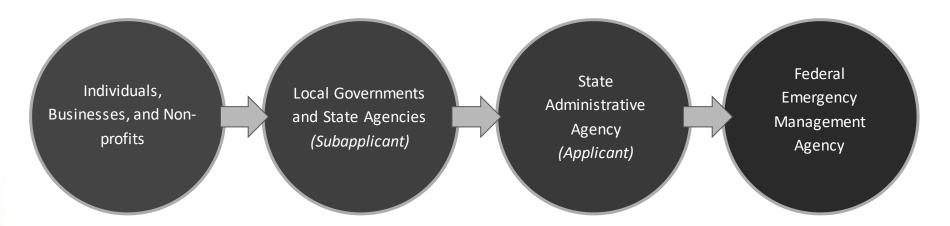


FMA Funding Categories

- Project Scoping
- Community Flood Mitigation
- Technical Assistance
- Flood Hazard Mitigation Planning
- Individual Flood Mitigation Projects

Subapplicant Eligibility

 Individuals, businesses and nonprofits are unable to apply directly for a grant. Local governments and State agencies are eligible subapplicants and must sponsor a proposed project from ineligible entities.





Subapplicant Eligibility

- Subapplicants must have a FEMA-approved Hazard Mitigation Plan by the application deadline and at the time of obligated funding.
- Subapplicants must provide a Benefit Cost Analysis (BCA) or other documentation, approved by FEMA, that validates cost-effectiveness.
- Additional requirements for both FMA and BRIC can be found within the respective Notice of Funding Opportunity.

Reviews and FY20 Results



FEMA Scoring Criteria

Qualitative



Risk Reduction / Resiliency Effectiveness



Future Conditions



Implementation Measures



Population Impacted



Outreach Activities



Leveraging Partners

Technical



Infrastructure project



Mitigating risk to one or more lifelines



Incorporation of nature-based solutions



Applicant has mandatory building code adoption requirement (2015 or 2018 versions of International Building Code and International Residential Code)



Subapplicant has Building Code Effectiveness Grading Schedule Rating of 1 to 5



Application generated from a previous FEMA Hazard Mitigation Assistance Advance Assistance award



Increased non-federal cost share



Designation as a small impoverished community



Safety and Security - Law Enforcement/Security, Fire Service, Search and Rescue, Government Service, Community Safety



Food, Water, Shelter - Food, Water, Shelter, Agriculture



Health and Medical - Medical Care, Public Health, Patient Movement, Medical Supply Chain, Fatality Management



Energy - Power Grid, Fuel



Communications - Infrastructure, Responder Communications, Alerts Warnings and Messages, Finance, 911 and Dispatch



Transportation - Highway/Roadway/Motor Vehicle, Mass Transit, Railway, Aviation, Maritime

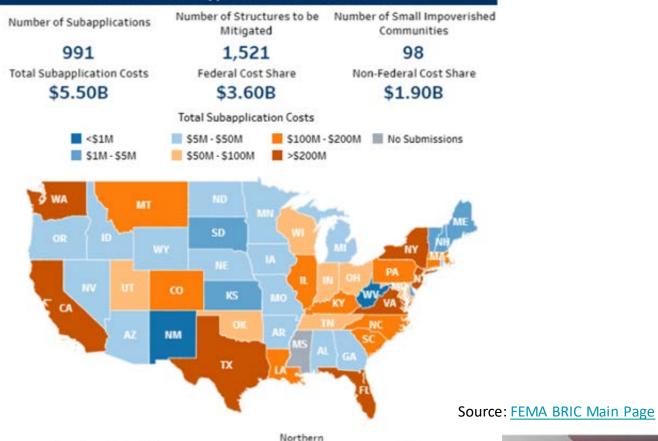


Hazardous Material - Facilities, HAZMAT, Pollutants, Contaminants

All project applications identified for further review had <u>at least</u>

<u>two</u> community lifelines addressed in their application

Building Resilient Infrastructure Communities Fiscal Year 2020 Application Period Submissions





Top 10 Subapplication Activity by Total Subapplication Costs Flood control Utility and infrastructure protection Retrofit Management costs Relocation Saferoom/shelter Mitigation reconstruction

This visualization contains data from the Fiscal Year 2020 application cycle for the Building Resilient Infrastructure and Communities that closed on Jan. 29, 2021. Data Source: FEMA Grants Outcomes (GO).

Other |

Acquisition

Stabilization and restoration

Source: FEMA BRIC Main Page



Setting the Stage for 2021

- Utilizing last year's resources, previous Pre-Disaster Mitigation (PDM) awards, and real world experiences.
- It is critical to prepare as early as possible to develop quality subapplications.
- Approximately \$1B will be made available nationwide for FY21.
- The FY21 Notice of Funding Opportunity (NOFO) is anticipated to be released August 2021.

What We Know Now



- Large whole community projects that benefit not only a communities' population, but create an economic benefit score higher.
- All of the projects identified for further review were infrastructure projects, and mostly public infrastructure projects.
- 17 out of the 22 projects had a higher cost share then the standard 75/25.
- Modeling projects after the Mitigation Action Portfolio is a great place to start.



DC FY20 BRIC and FMA Projects

Power Reliability at Critical Facilities

(OUC, DPMED, DOEE, HSEMA)

- 1. St. Elizabeth's Microgrid*
- 2. Washington Hospital Center
- 3. Blue Plains Advanced WWTP
- 4. Resilience Hub

Community Flood Mitigation

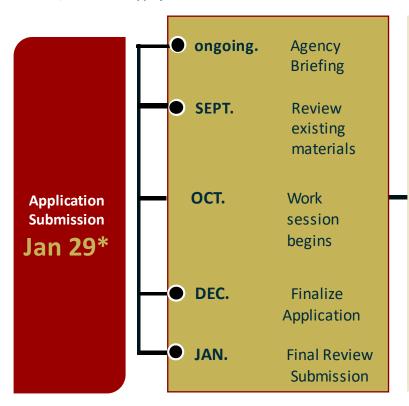
(OP, DPR, DGS, DDOT, DOEE, HSEMA)

- Southwest neighborhood *
- 2. Watts Branch neighborhood
- 3. DPR Small Parks
- 4. Resilient Focus Areas



DC FY21 BRIC and FMA Timeline

As of 7/23: Preliminary project idea list



1. Noncompetitive process

- a) Critical Facilities Power Reliability
- b) Flood prone areas including Poplar Point/Anacostia
- c) Public Awareness and Education
 - i. Community Emergency Response Team
 - ii. Stakeholder Engagement
 - iii. Tracking Citizen Flooding Complaints

2. Competitive process

- a) DC Water Blue Plains Advanced WWTP Floodwall
- b) DOEE FloodSmart Mitigation for Residents
- c) DDOT Living Shoreline at Buzzard Point
- d) HSEMA/DOEE NFIP Home Elevations
- e) Districtwide Power Generation at Critical Facilities



VA BRIC and FMA Applications Submitted to FEMA

- City of Alexandria 4 Mile Run Sediment Removal Project
- Prince William County Fleetwood Drive Floodgate Installation
- Town of Hillsboro Water Supply Improvements
- City of Fairfax Plan Integration
- Fairfax County Acquisition of 1 Property
- Loudoun County Selma Estates Acquisition Project



Virginia FY21 BRIC and FMA Timeline

- August 2021: Anticipated release of FEMA Notice of Funding Opportunity (NOFO)
- End of August/Beginning of September: Webinars provided by VDEM to subapplicants
- November 10, 2021: Pre-applications/Applications due to VDEM
- December 2021: Peer Review Process
- January 2022: VDEM will enter applications into FEMAGo and submit to FEMA



Maryland FY20 BRIC and FMA Projects

- Prince George's County: Hazard Mitigation Plan Update
- MD Dept. of the Environment: Hyattsville Nature-based Solution
- Frederick City: Motter Avenue Area Community Flood Mitigation Project

Maryland FY21 BRIC and FMA Timeline

- August 2021: Anticipated release of FEMA Notice of Funding Opportunity (NOFO)
- August 31, 2021: Notice of Interest (NOI) Due to MEMA
- October 2021 FEMA GO Subapplications Available
- November 12, 2021 Subapplications due to MEMA
- January 2022 State Application Due



JaLeesa Tate, CFM MD State Hazard Mitigation Officer mitigation.mema@maryland.gov



Vermecia Alsop
DC State Hazard Mitigation Officer
vermecia.alsop@dc.gov



Debbie Messmer VA State Hazard Mitigation Officer <u>debbie.messmer@vdem.virginia.gov</u>