REGIONAL TRAVEL TRENDS

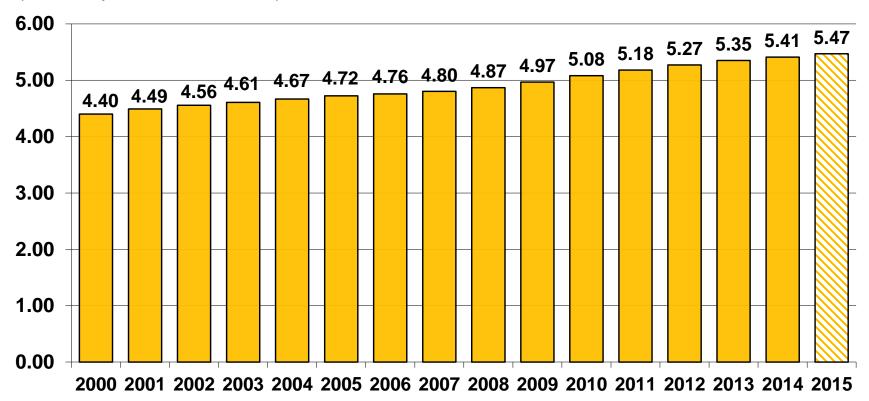
Robert Griffiths
TPB Planning and Programming Director

Transportation Planning Board April 20, 2016



Regional Trend: Populations

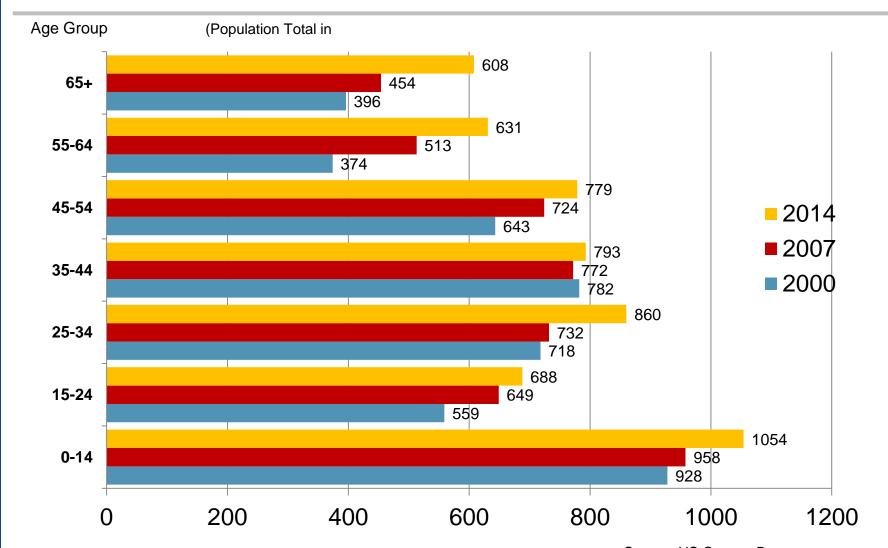
(Total Population in Millions)



Source: US Census Bureau



Regional Trend: Changing Age Distribution

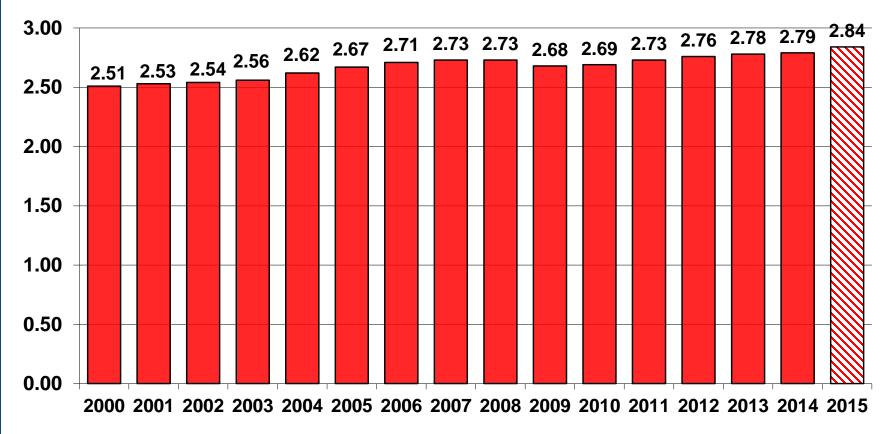




Source: US Census Bureau

Regional Trends: Employment

Wage & Salary Employment in Millions



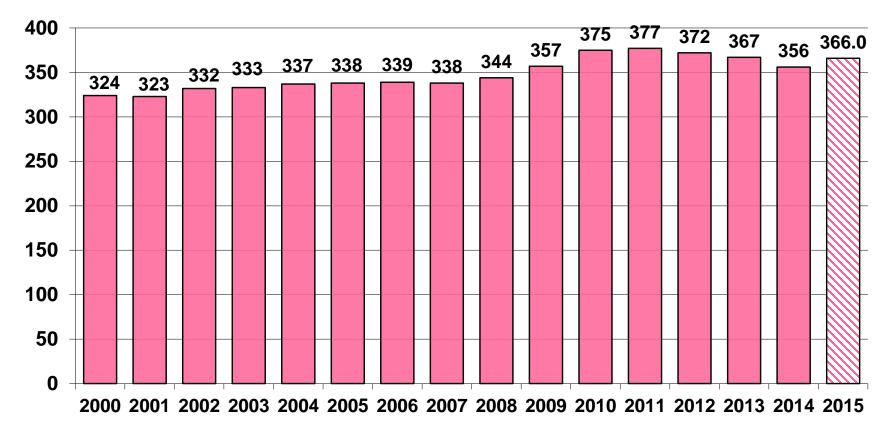
YEAR

Source: Bureau of Labor Statistics, Quarterly Census of Employment and Wages



Regional Trends: Federal Employment

Federal Civilian Employment in Thousands

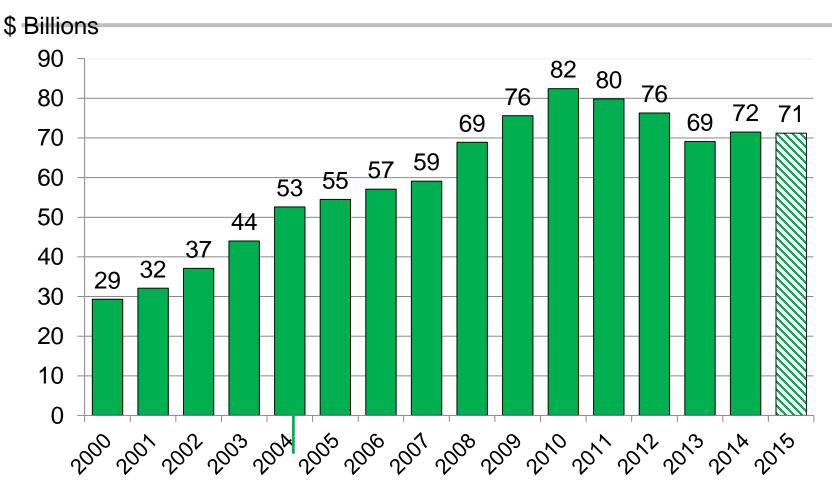


YEAR

Source: Bureau of Labor Statistics, Quarterly Census of Employment and Wages



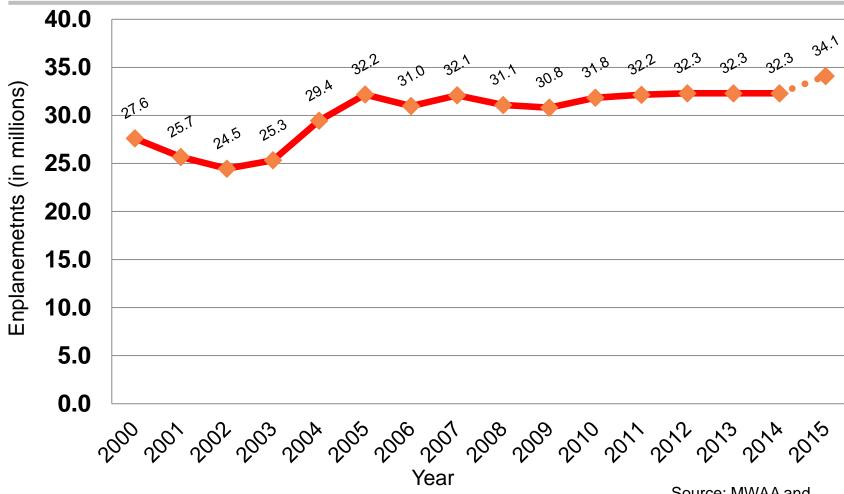
Federal Procurement Spending in the Washington Metro Area



Source: GMU Center for Regional Analysis, US Census, Consolidated Federal Funds Report and USAspending.gov

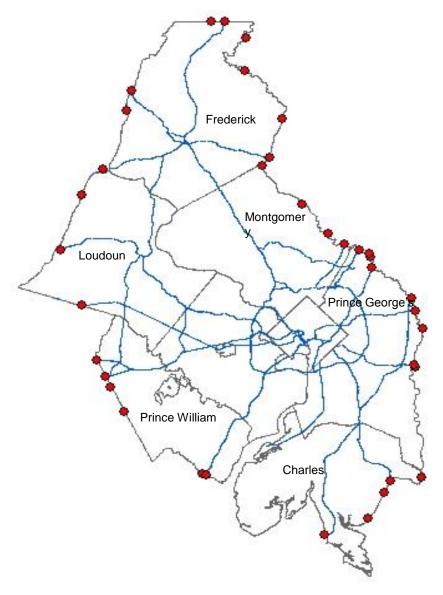


Regional Passenger Enplanements Trend, 2000-2014



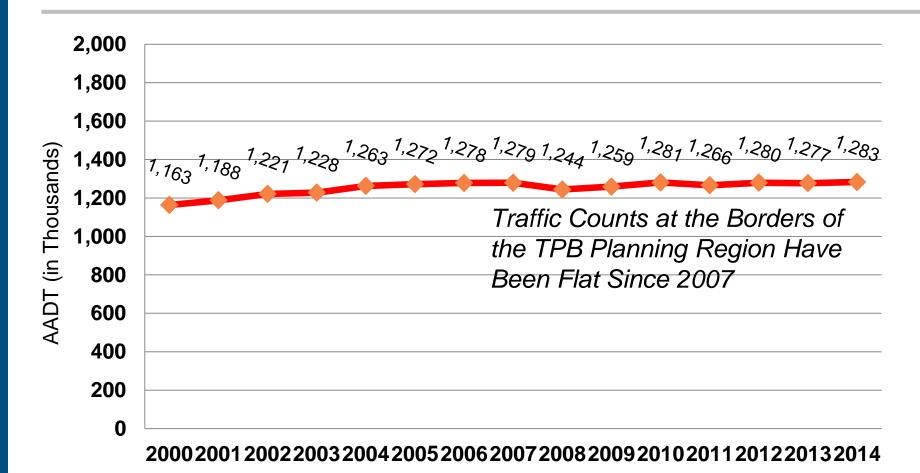


Map of External Traffic Count Stations





Regional Trend: Daily Vehicle Traffic Entering and Leaving the Region



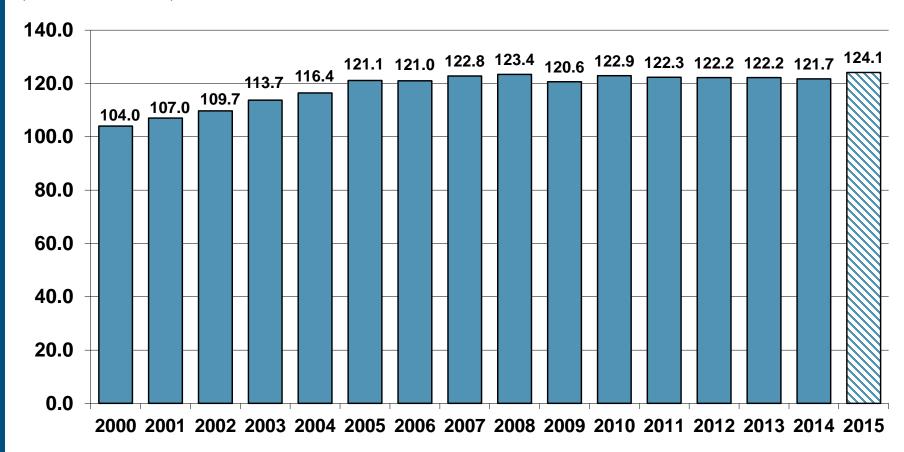
Year



Source: MDOT, VDOT

Regional Trend: Weekday VMT

(VMT in Millions)



YEAR

Source: DDOT, MDOT, VDOT



Regional Trend: Weekday VMT/Capita

(Daily VMT per Capita) 30 23.8 24.1 24.7 24.9 25.7 25.4 25.6 25.3 24.3 24.2 23.7 23.3 22.9 25 20 15 10 5 2001 2002 2003 2004 2005 2006 2007 2008 2009 2010 2011 2012 2013 2014 2015

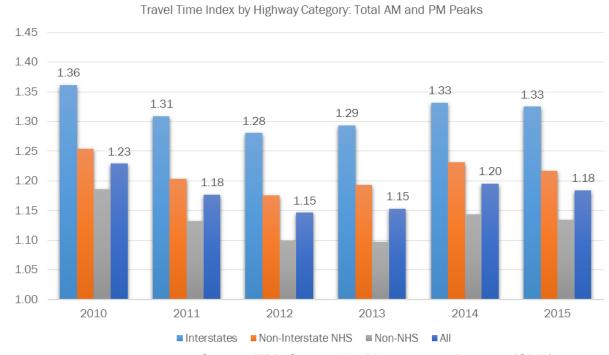


Regional Trend: Peak Period Congestion

- Peak Period congestion in the region decreased between 2010-2013; but now has increased slightly
- The *Travel Time Index* decreased by 6.5% between 2010 and 2013 and increased by 2.6% since 2013..

Note:

- Travel Time Index (TTI) is an indicator of the intensity of congestion, calculated as the ratio of actual travel time to free-flow travel time.
- AM Peak: 6:00-10:00 am
- PM Peak: 3:00-7:00 pm

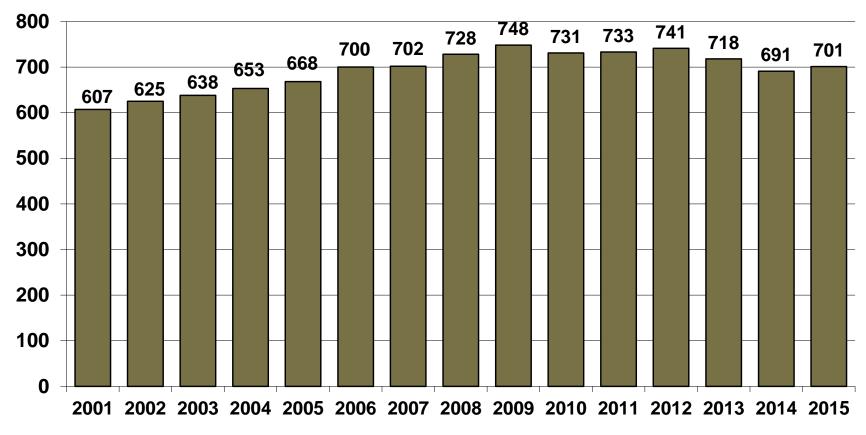


Source: TPB Congestion Management Process (CMP)



Regional Trend: Metrorail Ridership

(Weekday Ridership in Thousands)



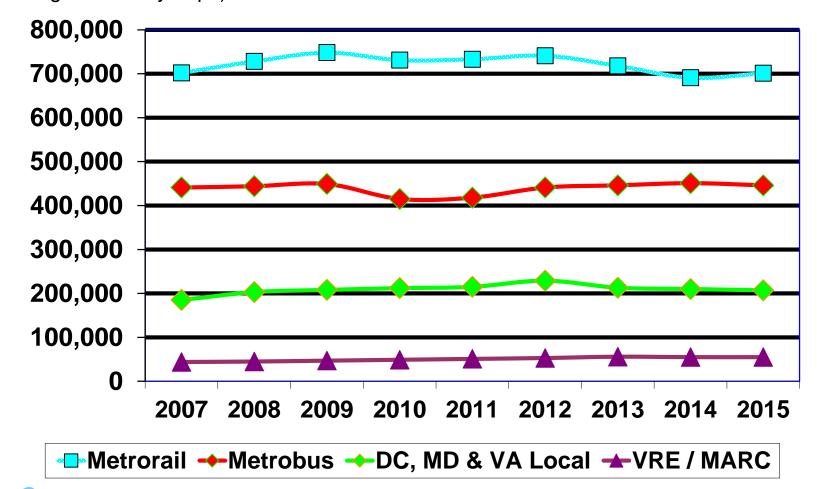
FISCAL YEAR



Source: WMATA

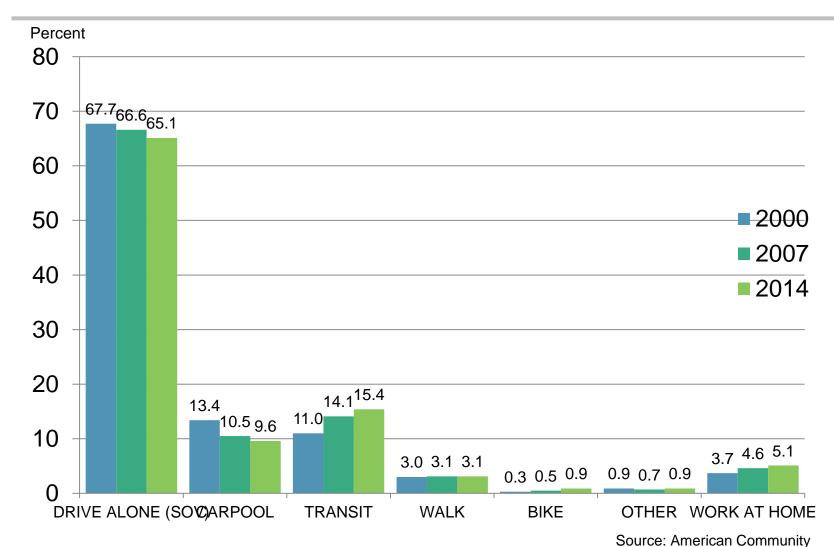
Weekday Metrorail, Metrobus, Local Transit, Commuter Rail Ridership, 2007-2013

(Average Weekday Trips)



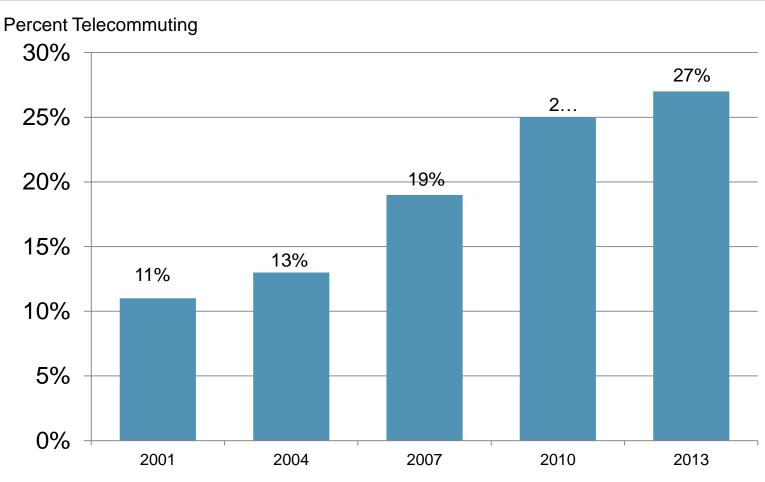


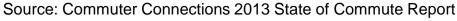
Regional Trend: Commute Mode Share





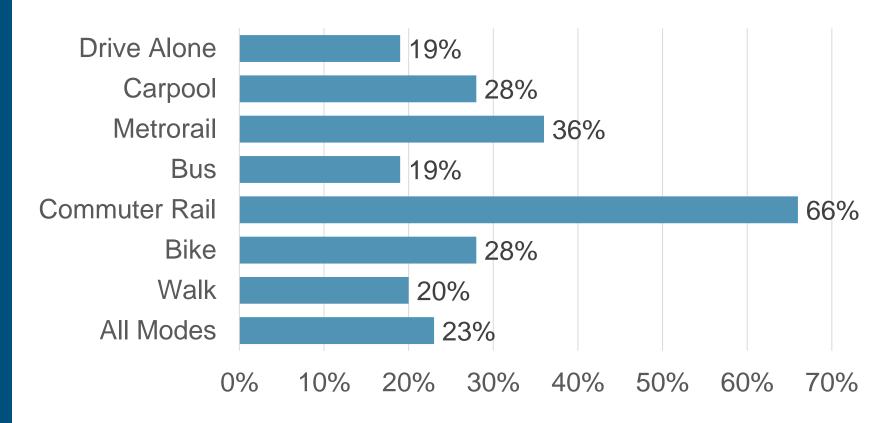
Regional Trend: Percentage of Commuters Telecommuting

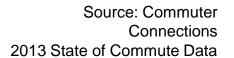






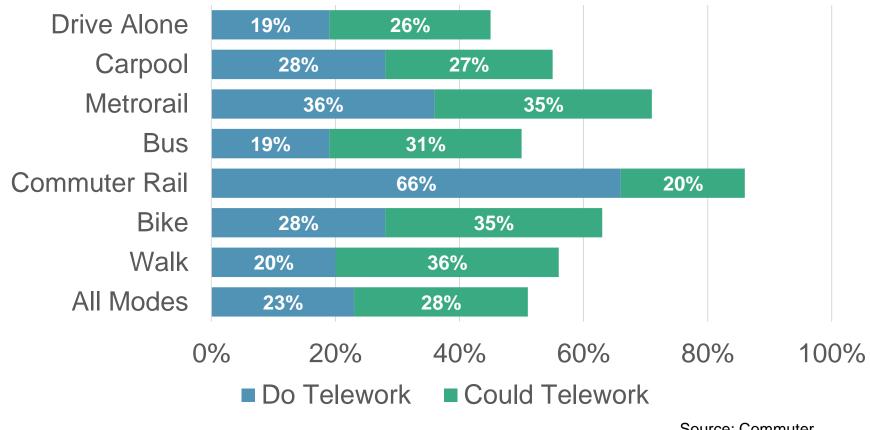
Percent Teleworking by Primary Commute Mode







Percent Teleworking by Primary Commute Mode





Source: Commuter Connections 2013 State of Commute Data

General Findings

at east occasionally.

- Population and employment in the region increased by 9% between 2000 and 2007. Weekday VMT increased by 18% and Metrorail ridership increased by 19% in this period.
- Between 2007 and 2014 population increased by 13% and employment increased by 2%. Weekday VMT declined by 1% and Metrorail ridership decreased by 4% in this period. Bus ridership increased by about 1% and commuter rail ridership increased by 22%.
- VMT per capita increased by 8.5% between 2000 and 2007 and decreased by 10.5% from 2007 to 2014. Peak period congestion decreased by 6.5% between 2010 and 2013.
- The share of commuters teleworking, at least occasionally, increased from 11% in 2001 to 27% in 2013. Commuter Rail and Metrorail commuters are more than Drive Alone and Bus commute to telework,

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