

**Metropolitan Washington Council of Governments
National Capital Region Transportation Planning Board**

**COG/TPB Travel Forecasting Model, Version 2.2
Specification, Validation, and User's Guide**

DRAFT

January 19, 2007

The preparation of this report was financially aided through grants from the District of Columbia Department of Transportation, the Maryland Department of Transportation, the Virginia Department of Transportation, and the U.S. Department of Transportation (Federal Highway Administration and Federal Transit Administration) under the Urban Mass Transit Act of 1964, as amended. The material herein does not necessarily reflect the views of the sponsoring agencies.

Title COG/TPB Travel Forecasting Model, Version 2.2: Specification, Validation, and User's Guide	Date	January 19, 2007
	Number of pages	150+
	Publication number	
	Availability	In PDF form at www.mwcog.org
Agency The Metropolitan Washington Council of Governments (COG) and the National Capital Region Transportation Planning Board (TPB). COG serves as the regional planning organization for the Washington metropolitan area. COG works toward solutions to regional problems, especially those related to regional growth, transportation, housing, human services, and the environment. The TPB is the designated Metropolitan Planning Organization (MPO) for transportation for the Washington region. Members of the TPB include representatives of local governments; state transportation agencies; the Maryland and Virginia General Assemblies; the Washington Metropolitan Area Transit Authority; and non-voting members from the Metropolitan Washington Airports Authority and federal agencies.		
Credits Program Administration: James C. Hogan Technical Manager: Ronald Milone Authors: Ronald Milone, Hamid Humeida, Mark Moran, & Meseret Seifu		
Abstract: This report describes the latest version of the regional travel model, Version 2.2, for the Washington, D.C. area including the model specification, the model validation, and a user's guide. This work represents a continuation of an ongoing models development plan that was formulated in FY-93 by the Travel Forecasting Subcommittee (TFS), a subcommittee of the TPB's Technical Committee. Previous models included the Version 2.1D #50 and 2.1/TP+ Release C. The Version 2.2 model incorporates many changes that were recommended as a result of a formal review of 2.1/TP+ Release C model by a TRB-based expert review panel.		
Copies of this report can be found on the MWCOCG Web Site: www.mwcog.org/transportation/committee/committee/default.asp?COMMITTEE_ID=43 Metropolitan Washington Council of Governments 777 N. Capitol Street, N.E., Suite 300 Washington, D.C. 20002-4239 Tel. (202) 962-3200		

Table of Contents: Model Specification and Validation

Chapter 1 Introduction.....	1-1
1.1 Summary of Refinements in Version 2.2 Model	1-2
1.2 Commercial Vehicle Model	1-3
1.3 Overview of Version 2.2 Model	1-4
Chapter 2 Inputs to the Travel Model	2-1
2.1 Round 7.0A Land Use.....	2-1
2.2 External and Through Forecasts	2-2
2.3 Miscellaneous and Airport Passenger Trip Forecasts.....	2-5
Chapter 3 Demographic models	3-1
3.1 Demographic Sub-models.....	3-1
3.2 Household Size Sub-model.....	3-2
3.2 Household Income Sub-model.....	3-5
3.4 Vehicle Availability Sub-model	3-7
Chapter 4 Trip Generation	4-1
4.1 Model Structure	4-1
4.2 Trip Production Model.....	4-1
4.3 The Internal-to-External Trip Extraction Model.....	4-2
4.4 Non-Motorized HBW Trip Extraction Model	4-8
4.5 Trip Attraction Model	4-10
4.6 HB Trip Attraction Income Disaggregation Model	4-11
4.7 Truck Model.....	4-11
4.8 Commercial Vehicle Model.....	4-12
Chapter 5 Trip Distribution.....	5-1
5.1 Model Structure	5-1
5.2 Internal Motorized Person Models.....	5-2
5.3 External Auto Person / Truck Models	5-4
5.4 Friction Factor Summary	5-4
Chapter 6 Mode Choice.....	6-1
6.1 Model Structure	6-1
6.2 Treatment of Parking Costs and Terminal Times	6-3
Chapter 7 Time-of-Day Model.....	7-1
7.1 Model Structure	7-1
Chapter 8 Traffic Assignment / Feedback.....	8-1
8.1 Model Application and Structure.....	8-1
Chapter 9 Validation	9-1

Table of Contents: User’s Guide

Chapter 10 Model Application Overview 10-1
 10.1 Executing the Model 10-3
 10.2 Launching a Model Run..... 10-10

Chapter 11 Set-Up Programs and Highway Network Building 11-1

Chapter 12 Auto Access Link Development..... 12-1

Chapter 13 Pre-Transit Network Processing 13-1

Chapter 14 Transit Skim File Development..... 14-1

Chapter 15 Transit Fare Development 15-1

Chapter 16 Demographic Submodels..... 16-1

Chapter 17 Trip Generation 17-1

Chapter 18 Trip Distribution..... 18-1

Chapter 19 Mode Choice..... 19-1

Chapter 20 Time-of-Day Processing 20-1

Chapter 21 Traffic Assignment 21-1

Chapter 22 Bibliography 22-1

Appendices

Appendix A	Model adjustment factors
Appendix B	Year 2000 mode choice summary (final, i6, iteration)
Appendix C	Year 2000 mode choice, Comparison of estimated and observed (2000 CTPP)
Appendix D	Year 2030 mode choice summary with 2010 transit constraint through the regional core (final, i6, iteration)
Appendix E	TP+ scripts
Appendix F	Batch files
Appendix G	Flowcharts
Appendix H	Fortran and other control files

List of Figures

Figure 1-1 Modeled area: 2,191 TAZ, 22 jurisdictions	1-6
Figure 1-2 Version 2.2 Travel Model Structure.....	1-7
Figure 3-1 Household size sub-model: Graphical form.....	3-3
Figure 3-2 Household income sub-model: Graphical form	3-5
Figure 4-1 Internal-to-External Trip Extraction Model	4-3
Figure 5-1 Friction factors for HBW, internal travel.....	5-5
Figure 5-2 Friction factors for HBS, internal travel.....	5-5
Figure 5-3 Friction factors for HBO, internal travel.....	5-6
Figure 5-4 Friction factors for NHB, internal travel.....	5-6
Figure 5-5 Friction factors for commercial vehicle trips (both internal and external travel).....	5-7
Figure 5-6 Friction factors for external travel on interstates.....	5-9
Figure 5-7 Friction factors for external travel on arterials.....	5-9
Figure 5-8 Friction factors for external travel: Heavy and medium truck	5-10
Figure 6-1 Structure of the COG/TPB mode choice model.....	6-2
Figure 6-2 Parking cost model for the Version 2.1 D #50 model set.....	6-4
Figure 8-1 Conical volume-delay functions used in the Version 2.2 travel model: $V/C > 1$	8-5
Figure 8-2 Conical volume-delay functions used in the Version 2.2 travel model: $V/C < 1$	8-6
Figure 8-3 Volume-delay functions used in the Version 2.2 travel model: Freeways.....	8-7
Figure 8-4 Volume-delay functions used in the Version 2.2 travel model: Major Arterials.....	8-8
Figure 8-5 Volume-delay functions used in the Version 2.2 travel model: Minor Arterials	8-9
Figure 8-6 Volume-delay functions used in the Version 2.2 travel model: Collectors.....	8-10
Figure 8-7 Volume-delay functions used in the Version 2.2 travel model: Expressways	8-11
Figure 8-8 Queuing function used for freeways and ramps.....	8-13
Figure 10-1 Application process of the Version 2.2 travel model	10-2
Figure 10-2 Subdirectory Structure for executing the Version 2.2 Model.....	10-4
Figure 2-1 Superdistrict system used for transit percent adjustment factors (TPAFs) and car occupancy adjustment factors (COAFs)	A-6

List of Tables

Table 2-1 Round 7.0A Land Use Forecasts for Version 2.2 Modeling (w/ CTPP Employment Adjustments).....	2-2
Table 2-2 External and Through Auto/Truck Trips by Year	2-3
Table 2-3 External Auto/Truck Productions by Year	2-4
Table 2-4 External Auto/Truck Attractions by Year	2-4
Table 2-5 Miscellaneous and Airport Passenger Auto Driver Forecasts	2-5
Table 3-1 2000 CTPP Household Income Quartile Ranges	3-1
Table 3-2 Household size sub-model: Tabular form	3-4
Table 3-3 Household income sub-model: Tabular form.....	3-6
Table 3-4 Vehicle availability model.....	3-7
Table 4-1 Final HBW Trip Production Rates	4-4
Table 4-2 Final HBS Trip Production Rates.....	4-5
Table 4-3 Final HBO Trip Production Rates	4-6
Table 4-4 Final NHB Trip Production Rates	4-7
Table 4-5 Area Type Definitions (1-7) as a function of population and employment density	4-8
Table 4-6 Average share of HBW non-motorized productions as a function of area type	4-8
Table 4-7 Summary of the Trip Attraction Models	4-10
Table 4-8 Income Distribution (Percents) of Home-Based Trip Attractions	4-11
Table 4-9 Truck trip generation rates as a function of truck type, location, and land use category.....	4-12
Table 5-1 Trip distribution markets.....	5-1
Table 5-2 Summary of Motorized Trips by Purpose, Mode, and Income Level	5-3
Table 5-3 Friction factors for internal travel: HBW, HBS, HBO, NHB, commercial vehicles	5-8
Table 5-4 Friction factors for external travel: Interstate, arterial, medium & heavy truck, commercial vehicles ...	5-11
Table 6-1 Access modes used in the mode choice model.....	6-2
Table 6-2 Definition of short and long walk to transit.....	6-2
Table 6-3 Final adjusted HBW mode choice model (main model)	6-5
Table 6-4 Final adjusted HBW mode choice model (carpool occupancy model).....	6-5
Table 6-5 Final adjusted HBS mode choice model (main model).....	6-6
Table 6-6 Final adjusted HBS mode choice model (carpool occupancy model)	6-6
Table 6-7 Final adjusted HBO mode choice model (main model)	6-7
Table 6-8 Final adjusted HBO mode choice model (carpool occupancy model)	6-7
Table 6-9 Final adjusted NHB mode choice model (main model)	6-8
Table 6-10 adjusted NHB mode choice model (carpool occupancy model).....	6-8
Table 7-1 Version 2.2 Temporal Factors (Percentages) For Truck and Non-Modeled Travel Markets	7-1
Table 7-2 Observed travel distributions during peak and non-peak time periods by purpose, mode, and direction .	7-3
Table 8-1 LOS E Capacities	8-3
Table 8-2 Free-Flow Speeds.....	8-3
Table 8-3 Conical volume-delay functions used in the Version 2.2 travel model: Tabular format	8-4
Table 8-4 Volume-delay functions used in the Version 2.2, travel model: Speeds, Part 1 of 2.....	8-12
Table 8-5 Volume-delay functions used in the Version 2.2, travel model: Speeds, Part 1 of 2.....	8-12
Table 9-1 Year 2000 Estimated and Observed VMT Summary by Jurisdiction (VMT in thousands)	9-2
Table 9-2 Year 2000 Estimated and Observed Daily Screenline Crossings (in thousands)	9-3
Table 9-3 Year 2000 Estimated Vs. Observed Transit Trips and Percentages by Purpose.....	9-4
Table 9-4 Summary of travel model output: 2000 (Ver. 2.2), 2030 (Ver. 2.2), 2030 (Ver. 2.1D #50).....	9-5
Table 10-1 Non-TP+ Software Required for Version 2.2 Model Execution	10-6
Table 10-2 Input Files Required for the Version 2.2 Model Execution.....	10-7
Table 10-3 Batch Files Used in the Version 2.2 Model Execution.....	10-8
Table 10-4 Sequence of Batch Files Executed by Iteration	10-9
Table 1-1 Trip distribution K-factors in the Version 2.1D #50 and Version 2.2 travel models.....	A-2
Table 2-1 Superdistricts defined in terms of TAZ.....	A-7
Table 2-2 Final HBW TPAF file	A-8

List of Equations

Equation 3-1 Income ratio equation.....	3-5
Equation 4-1 Percent of total trips productions that are I-X	4-2
Equation 4-2 Extraction of non-motorized trips at the attraction end of trip.....	4-9
Equation 4-3 Trip generation of commercial vehicle trips	4-12
Equation 5-1 Composite Impedance Equation	5-2
Equation 8-1 Conical volume delay function (VDF).....	8-2
Equation 8-2 Congested time without queuing function	8-2
Equation 8-3 Congested time with queuing function (freeways and ramps only)	8-3

List of Exhibits

Exhibit 11-1 Version 2 Highway Network Area Type Definitions	11-2
Exhibit 11-2 STAPROTP Control Parameters	11-3
Exhibit 11-3 Land Use File Format Description.....	11-10
Exhibit 11-4 Node Coordinate File Format Description.....	11-10
Exhibit 11-5 Base Highway Link File Format Description	11-11
Exhibit 11-6 Consolidated Station / PNR Lot File Format Description	11-12
Exhibit 11-7 Rail Link File Format Description.....	11-12
Exhibit 13-1 CNTCONN2 Control Parameters	13-3
Exhibit 13-2 NODESTB Control Parameters	13-3
Exhibit 13-3 WLKLNKTP Control Parameters	13-4
Exhibit 13-4 PREFARTP Control Parameters.....	13-4
Exhibit 13-5 ‘Raw’ GIS-Based Transit Walk Area File Format Description (GISWKA??).....	13-5
Exhibit 13-6 GIS-Walk Link File Format Description (GISWKL??).....	13-6
Exhibit 13-7 TAZ / Bus Fare Zone Equivalency File Format Description (TAZFRZN).....	13-6
Exhibit 15-1 Metrorail Station Link File Format Description (METLNKM1.TB)	15-1
Exhibit 15-2 Metrorail Station XY File Format Description (METNODM1.TB).....	15-2
Exhibit 15-3 Bus Fare Matrix File Format Description (BUSFAR??).....	15-2
Exhibit 15-4 TAZ / Bus Fare Zone Equivalency File Format Description (FARE_A2).....	15-2
Exhibit 16-1 COGMCA1 Control Parameters.....	16-2
Exhibit 16-2 Zonal Area Type File Format Description (BASEZON.DAT).....	16-2
Exhibit 16-3 Transit Walk Area Percentage File Format Description (SHLG??).....	16-3
Exhibit 16-4 Household Income, Household Size File (HHSIZINC.DAT)	16-3
Exhibit 16-5 Zonal Households by Vehicle Ownership Levels (HH_VEH.DAT)	16-4
Exhibit 16-6 Transit Accessibility File (JOBACC .ASC)	16-4
Exhibit 17-1 Zonal HH File Format Description (HHI?_SV.DAT)	17-3
Exhibit 17-2 Zonal Adjustment File Format Description (ADJZPAF7.UP?).....	17-3
Exhibit 17-3 External Production / Attraction File (PEXT.ASC, AEXT.ASC)	17-4
Exhibit 18-1 Highway Terminal Time File (ZTERMTM.ASC).....	18-2
Exhibit 19-1 Temporal Distribution (%) of Transit Trips by Orientation, Time Period, and Purpose	19-4
Exhibit 19-2 Zonal File, or “A1 Deck,” Format Description (??v2.a1f).....	19-8
Exhibit 19-3 Transit and Car Occupancy Adjustment Factor File Format Description (mc?f_?.asc).....	19-8
Exhibit 19-4 Mode Choice Parameter Listing, Values which may be changed by user	19-9
Exhibit 19-5 Mode Choice Parameter Listing, Values which should not be changed by user	19-11
Exhibit 21-1 Link variables on the loaded-link highway network from the final speed feedback iteration (i6hwy.net)	21-3

Chapter 1 Introduction

The Metropolitan Washington Council of Governments (COG) serves as the regional planning organization for the Washington metropolitan area. The National Capital Region Transportation Planning Board (TPB) is the designated Metropolitan Planning Organization (MPO) for transportation for the Washington region. Like most major MPOs in the United States, the TPB maintains a four-step transportation planning model that is used to analyze regional transportation and air quality planning. A modeling capability is necessary for satisfying several stringent federal requirements impacting how transportation plans and programs are studied. Travel forecasting methods must be continually evaluated and refined as new data is collected, as new methods emerge from the research community, and as new questions arise from local decision-makers.

This report documents the COG/TPB Version 2.2 regional travel demand model. The model is the product of several activities that have occurred during the past two years as part of the TPB's Models Development program. The Models Development program functions to promote both short- and long-term improvements to the travel forecasting methods used in the Washington, D.C. region. The program operates under the review and guidance of the Travel Forecasting Subcommittee (TFS) - a subcommittee of the Transportation Planning Board's Technical Committee that is comprised of representatives from state and local transportation agencies, local transportation consultants, and interested citizens. Many TFS members have a stake in the TPB's technical methods because the regional model is commonly used, or adapted, by the local agencies for local project planning work.

The TPB's short-term approach to models development is one that favors incremental change to currently adopted application methods. Consequently, the Version 2.2 model is very similar in structure and operation to the TPB's existing travel model, Version 2.1D#50 (COG/TPB 2004.11.17A, B). However, the refinements now incorporated into the Version 2.2 model are numerous and affect each step of the modeling chain to varying degrees. The remainder of this chapter addresses the major refinements of Version 2.2 (Section 1.1), followed by an overview of the model (Section 1.2). The remainder of the report is arranged in three parts. Part 1 (Chapters 2 through 8) addresses the specification of the model inputs and model components, from trip generation through traffic assignment. Much of the model specification is identical to the Version 2.1 D model. The Version 2.2 model was not re-estimated with new data, but some adjustments were made to the home-based work (HBW) trip distribution and mode choice models, based on comparisons of the model with data from the 2000 Census Transportation Planning Package (CTPP). Part 2 (Chapter 9) comprises the model validation and Part 3 (Chapters 10 through 21) is the user's guide, describing the application of the model. This report also includes a series of technical appendices, including new flow charts that were not part of the previous user's guide.

1.1 Summary of Refinements in Version 2.2 Model

The key refinements of the Version 2.2 travel model are summarized below.

- An explicit commercial vehicle model has been integrated into the four-step model. This particular improvement was one of several recommendations made by an expert review panel following a formal review of TPB's past travel forecasting procedures. Previously, the commercial vehicle travel market was accounted for in the non-home-based (NHB) purpose, as is the case with many regional travel models. This is not desirable, however, since commercial travel is quite different from resident NHB travel in terms of trip generation, and travel lengths, and mode usage. The Version 2.2 model now simulates commercial travel using explicit trip generation, trip distribution, and time-of-day models. The final trip tables are further modified with an adjustment matrix to enable closer matches of estimated and observed commercial counts at the assignment step.
- Base and future year external and through trips are basic inputs to the travel model that are developed on a year-by-year basis. The traffic growth assumption at each external station has, in recent years, been assumed to be 3% per year. This growth assumption has recently been revisited based on an analysis of the future capacity at individual external stations, historical growth trends at individual stations, and socio-economic growth trends between 2000 and 2030. Based on this analysis, the growth assumption has been revised on a station-by-station basis, and now varies from 1.1% to 2.7% per year. Thus, external traffic forecasts now generated in the Version 2.2 model over 30 years is substantially lower than that assumed in the Version 2.1D model. Additionally, the process for developing external and through travel files has been updated so that the commercial vehicle travel at external stations is explicitly developed.
- The volume-delay functions used in the user equilibrium highway assignment step have been revised. One result of the revision is that freeway speeds may now congest down to 2 mph under extreme congested conditions, compared to a bottom speed of 11 to 13 mph that was found in the Version 2.1D model. Furthermore a queuing delay function has been added to freeway and ramp links. The function imposes additional time to freeways links based upon the computed V/C ratio to represent queuing. The queuing delay ranges from 0 minutes, at V/Cs of 0.8 or less, to 14 minutes at V/Cs of 1.4 or higher. Both the revised volume-delay curves and the queuing time were developed to eliminate a limited number of hyper-loaded links, i.e., links with simulated volumes that exceed the daily capacity of the link.
- Many of the adjustment factors historically used in TPB models, such as K-factors and geographic mode choice adjustments, have been removed in the Version 2.2 model. During the last formal review of the TPB models, it was indicated that staff should be more judicious about using such factors because they could potentially undermine the consistency and explanatory logic of the model. Many of the model adjustments used in the Version 2.1D model have been excluded from Version 2.2, including bridge penalties, non-work K-factors in trip distribution, and all non-work geographic transit and car occupancy adjustments in mode choice. Some HBW K-factors were deemed necessary and maintained

in Version 2.2 based on a comparison of estimated trips and Census trip estimates at the jurisdictional level. The overall number of HBW K-factors in the Version 2.2 model is less than that used in the Version 2.1D model. It is important to point out, however, that the removal of such factors has resulted in somewhat diminished model performance for some metrics, particularly at finer levels of geography.

- The demographic models, which are used to disaggregate the total number of households in a zone among joint income, size, and vehicle ownership classes, have been re-estimated using the 2000 Census data. The re-estimated models have been adapted into new application programs as TP+ scripts. These models were formerly applied as Fortran executables. It is important to note that the zonal income index that is maintained in the zonal land use file (ZONE.ASC) has been reformulated in accordance with the 2000 Census data.
- Several legacy Fortran programs have been converted into TP+ scripts. These include programs historically used for developing zonal transit fares (MFARE1 and MFARE2) and for applying trip generation (CGTGV2TP). These programs have been converted to TP+ scripts to facilitate transparency and to allow for flexibility in the implementation of future program modifications. The transit fares scripts are named MFARE1.S and MFARE2.S. The trip generation script is named Trip_Generation.S.
- A new TP+ step has been added to the model chain in order to develop base deflation factors for converting transit and highway costs from current year dollars to base/constant year dollars. This capability will facilitate the consistency in cost deflation across modes, and will also enable the analyst to quickly specify alternative cost escalation policies.
- Airport trip forecasts have been updated using the 2000 Regional Air Passenger Survey. Prior forecasts were developed from the 1998 Air Passenger survey.
- Prior TPB model versions have required that transit line files be provided in the older MINUTP TRNPTH format. Transit line files developed for the Version 2.2 model now reflect the newer TP+ TRNBUILD format. This newer format allows more accurate coding of transit lines. For example, using the newer format, one can designate bus stops as board-only or alight-only (useful for accurately coding express bus service). Similarly, one can code run times for sub-sections of a route, not just for the entire route, a feature useful for the accurate depiction of transit lines that undergo extensions or cutbacks.
- Several minor mechanical changes have also been made to scripts and batch files to streamline the application process, or to comply with the latest TP+ versions that are now released.

1.2 Commercial Vehicle Model

The inclusion of an explicit commercial vehicle model is one of the major improvements of the TPB's Version 2.2 model, and some additional information is provided here. The model was developed on the basis of a commercial vehicle survey that was conducted during the spring and summer of 2005. Commercial vehicle counts were collected at 144 locations throughout the region. The locations selected for the commercial vehicle survey were deemed to be representative of facility types and area classifications that are used in the regional model.

The model was developed using an innovative and cost-effective approach that has been successfully implemented at other metropolitan areas (including Baltimore). The calibration approach has been previously characterized previously as one, “that starts with the answer and works backward.” The calibration steps undertaken to develop the model were as follows (Allen, 2005A):

- 1) After the survey data was cleaned, a model was developed to develop daily commercial vehicle volumes for the universe of highway links. The “synthetic” commercial counts were developed using a model developed from the sampled counts.
- 2) With the counts assigned to network links, an observed trip table was derived. Methods for building a trip table from network link volumes are commonly available. The observed trip table was used as the basis for a model calibration.
- 3) A borrowed trip generation and distribution model was used to develop a starting trip table. A ‘single-unit truck’ F-factor from the TMIP Quick Response Freight Manual (QRFM) was ultimately selected for the proposed distribution model. The trip-ends of the starting trip table were compared to those of the observed trip table and assessed. Trip-generation adjustments were made iteratively so to eliminate biases attributable to zonal characteristics or special generators.
- 4) After trip-end biases were eliminated, a comparison of the starting trip table and the observed trip table yielded, for the most part, random differences. These differences were then addressed with the development of an adjustment matrix (or a “delta table”) used to correct the starting table to match the observed trip table, at the i/j level. Delta tables may be either additive or multiplicative. The latter type was ultimately selected. Separate delta tables were developed for internal and external commercial trips.
- 5) A time of day model was then developed to apportion commercial trips to the three time periods used in the TPB model.

The final parameters used in the trip generation, trip distribution, and time of day models are detailed in the appropriate sections of this report, below. It is important to point out that, with the provision of the commercial model, a measured reduction in NHB trip generation was necessary to avoid double counting. It is also important to understand that the delta table, itself, is an integral component of the commercial model application in addition to the generation, distribution, and time of day components. The delta table is to be used uniformly for base and forecast years.

1.3 Overview of Version 2.2 Model

The Version 2.2 travel model, like its predecessors, Version 2.1D #50 and Version 2.1 C, is a four-step model that is based on a 2,191 transportation analysis zone (TAZ) system. The study area is comprised of 22 jurisdictions in all, extending over four states: the District of Columbia¹, Maryland, Virginia, and West Virginia as shown on Figure 1-1. It is important to note that this

¹ The District of Columbia is administratively treated by the TPB as a state.

study area extends well beyond the COG member area, as well as, beyond the non-attainment area that is used in air quality planning work.

A graphic depiction of the Version 2.2 model structure is shown on Figure 1-2. The figure illustrates the basic inputs and outputs associated with each modeling steps.

The demographic models which are first applied for the purpose of disaggregating the total number of zonal households among 64 cross-classes: 4 household income groups² by 4 household size groups (1, 2, 3, 4+) by 4 vehicle availability groups (0, 1, 2, and 3+ vehicles available). The allocation of households to each cross-class is made at traffic analysis zone (TAZ) level. The figure indicates that peak-hour transit accessibility measures are used as part of the demographic (vehicle availability) submodel step.

The trip generation models are next applied to compute daily trip productions and attractions by purpose. The modeled purposes include four resident travel types (home-based work [HBW], home-based shop [HBS], home-based other [HBO], and non-home-based [NHB]), a commercial vehicle purpose (consisting of both autos and light duty trucks), and two truck types, Medium and Heavy. Medium trucks are those with two axles and 6 or more tires, and Heavy trucks comprise all large combination vehicles.

Trip generation involves the application of daily trip rates to the number of households in each of the 64 classes and to jobs. The HBW trip rates reflect both motorized (i.e., transit and automobile) and non-motorized (i.e., bicycle and walk) person travel. Trip rates associated with the remaining modeled purposes represent motorized (i.e., transit and automobile) person travel only. The non-motorized component of HBW trip-ends generated is subsequently extracted from the total trip-ends prior to trip distribution. Trip attractions are computed by purpose as a function of gross land use categories. External (i.e., external-to-internal, X/I, and internal-to-external, I/X) productions and attractions are entered as an exogenous input, by purpose, into the trip generation process. External travel relates to auto person and truck travel only. External transit travel is not represented in the external trip inputs and is not estimated in the travel model. The trip generation process yields productions and attractions, which are stratified by the four income levels for the home-based purposes, and non-stratified for the NHB, commercial vehicle, and truck-related purposes.

The trip distribution model uses the standard gravity model formulation and makes use of a composite time function that represents a blending of transit and highway travel times. The distribution step involves separate gravity model runs for 27 travel markets, given that home-based purposes are income stratified, and external travel is modeled separately by purpose and facility type (interstate travel vs. non-interstate). However, the trip distribution process ultimately results in seven daily trip tables corresponding to the basic motorized person, commercial, and truck purposes.

The mode choice process consists of four models corresponding to the HBW, HBS, HBO and NHB purposes. The models are used to apportion total motorized person trips among auto

² The income levels used approximate household income quartiles, based on the 2000 CTPP.

driver, auto passenger, and transit modes. The HBW model also distinguishes auto trips that utilize special preferential HOV facilities that have been coded into the highway network.

Figure 1-1 Modeled area: 2,191 TAZ, 22 jurisdictions

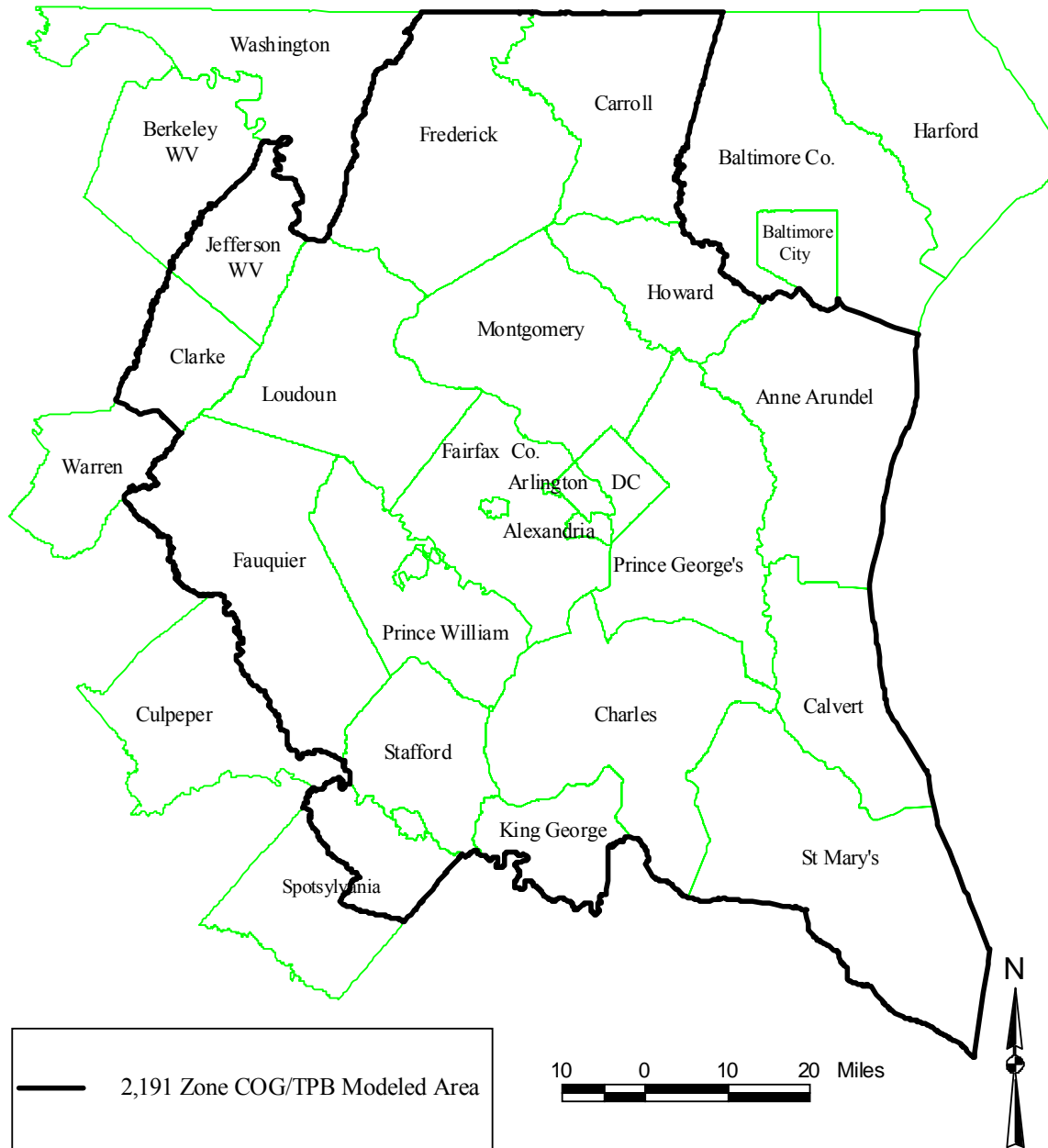
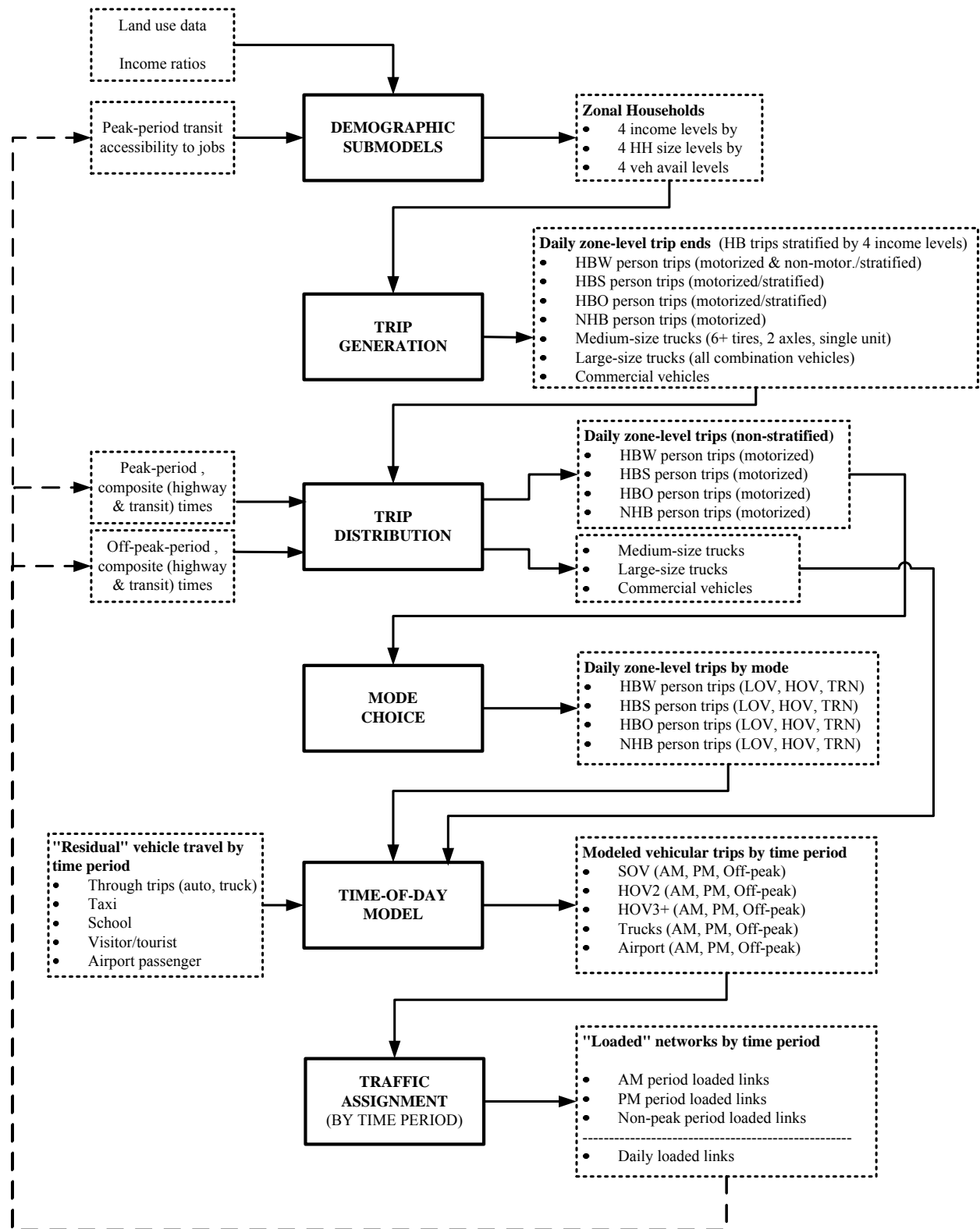


Figure 1-2 Version 2.2 Travel Model Structure



AM congested and off-peak highway travel times

travModStructV2.2.vsd

The time-of-day model apportions daily resident travel among three time periods: AM peak period (6:00 AM - 9:00 AM), PM peak period (4:00 PM - 7:00 PM) and off-peak period (all remaining hours). The model consists of survey-based factors that are applied on the basis of purpose, mode, and trip orientation, i.e. home-to-non-home or non-home-to-home. This step also includes provisions for apportioning daily residual travel³ and truck travel among the three time periods. The time-of-day process ultimately produces three 'total vehicle' trip tables, one for each of the three time periods.

The Version 2.2 traffic assignment process consists of separate assignment executions, which correspond to the above mentioned three time periods. The AM and off-peak SOV restrained times resulting from the traffic assignment step are fed back into trip generation (via transit accessibility), trip distribution, and mode choice steps. PM travel times are not recycled. A link-level method of successive averaging (MSA) process is applied after each successive highway assignment process to ensure converging highway volumes and speeds. The model uses 20 user equilibrium traffic assignment iterations and six speed-feedback iterations. The highway assignment report file includes a number of equilibrium closure statistics, the newest which is the "relative gap" (RELGAP).⁴

³ Residual travel is also referred to as 'miscellaneous' travel which represents special travel markets that are typically not (or not well) represented in home-interview surveys; it is comprised of taxi, school, visitor/tourist, and air passenger auto driver travel.

⁴ The relative gap closure statistic was added to TP+ in Version 4.0.

Chapter 2 Inputs to the Travel Model

This chapter describes the land use and non-modeled trip files that have been prepared for the Version 2.2 model application. The land use files are developed from COG's Cooperative Forecasting program. Non-modeled trip files used in the Version 2.2 model represent special travel markets that need to be accounted for in the regional forecast. Such markets include external trip-ends, through trips, airport passengers trips, and 'miscellaneous' (or taxi, school, and visitor/ tourist) trips. These are detailed below.

2.1 Round 7.0A Land Use

The Version 2.2 model requires a zonal land use file be provided in a standard format for each simulated year. Land use forecasts are periodically updated through COG's Cooperative Forecast program. The most recent set of land use forecasts is known as Round 7.0A Cooperative Forecasts, released in August 2006. The Cooperative Forecast files consist of zonal forecasts of households, household population, group quarters population, and employment by category (retail, office, industrial, and other). The files also include a jurisdiction code that is utilized by the travel model, ranging from 0 to 23. The Round 7.0A land use forecasts are provided in five-year increments, from 2000 to 2030.

Procedures to prepare standardized land use files supporting the TPB travel model have, in recent years, included a provision to factor employment on a jurisdictional basis to account for definitional differences between planning agencies. These employment adjustments were applied to the Round 7.0A files (COG/TPB 2006.08.11), but the adjustments were made only to jurisdictions outside of the COG member area. In addition to land use data, the standard zonal land use file requires additional zonal data that do not vary by year, including the zonal area, a zonal household income index (the ratio of the zonal median income to the regional median income), and the airline distance to the nearest external station. Given that the household income submodel was recently updated, the zonal income index defined previously (from the 1990 CTPP) was recently updated based on the 2000 CTPP (COG/TPB 2006.08.11).

The Round 7.0A land use totals, over time, are listed on Table 2-1. The totals shown in between the five-year increments have been linearly interpolated. (Intermediate years are typically required for air quality planning work, and so files are generally prepared for all years between the base and horizon year in a given land use round).

Table 2-1 Round 7.0A Land Use Forecasts for Version 2.2 Modeling (w/ CTPP Employment Adjustments)

Year	HH	HHPOP	GQPop	TotPop	TotEMP	OffEMP	RetEMP	IndEMP	OthEMP
2000	2,143,412	5,632,182	115,927	5,748,109	3,441,382	1,628,792	630,271	459,905	722,414
2001	2,184,397	5,737,574	116,621	5,854,206	3,495,953	1,652,006	644,086	467,995	731,896
2002	2,225,373	5,842,960	117,334	5,960,294	3,550,546	1,675,208	657,878	476,110	741,372
2003	2,266,399	5,948,364	118,045	6,066,409	3,605,157	1,698,421	671,672	484,173	750,869
2004	2,307,375	6,053,750	118,758	6,172,497	3,659,750	1,721,623	685,464	492,288	760,345
2005	2,348,360	6,159,142	119,452	6,278,594	3,714,321	1,744,837	699,279	500,378	769,827
2006	2,389,612	6,259,576	120,331	6,379,926	3,792,409	1,786,672	712,794	509,032	783,810
2007	2,430,888	6,360,032	121,228	6,481,265	3,870,493	1,828,568	726,335	517,674	797,838
2008	2,472,108	6,460,457	122,132	6,582,584	3,948,620	1,870,488	739,896	526,420	811,894
2009	2,513,384	6,560,913	123,029	6,683,923	4,026,704	1,912,384	753,437	535,062	825,922
2010	2,554,636	6,661,347	123,908	6,785,255	4,104,792	1,954,219	766,952	543,716	839,905
2011	2,592,637	6,747,104	124,541	6,871,656	4,165,345	1,985,921	777,823	551,546	849,991
2012	2,630,630	6,832,889	125,174	6,958,079	4,225,889	2,017,594	788,696	559,397	860,119
2013	2,668,616	6,918,632	125,843	7,044,459	4,286,562	2,049,383	799,642	567,299	870,321
2014	2,706,609	7,004,417	126,476	7,130,882	4,347,106	2,081,056	810,515	575,150	880,449
2015	2,744,610	7,090,174	127,109	7,217,283	4,407,659	2,112,758	821,386	582,980	890,535
2016	2,775,237	7,161,847	127,810	7,289,653	4,463,366	2,141,562	831,574	590,263	899,992
2017	2,805,907	7,233,528	128,502	7,362,035	4,519,064	2,170,358	841,739	597,557	909,436
2018	2,836,597	7,305,239	129,226	7,434,460	4,574,765	2,199,139	851,913	604,790	918,897
2019	2,867,267	7,376,920	129,918	7,506,842	4,630,463	2,227,935	862,078	612,084	928,341
2020	2,897,894	7,448,593	130,619	7,579,212	4,686,170	2,256,739	872,266	619,367	937,798
2021	2,926,518	7,516,612	131,523	7,648,144	4,738,459	2,282,809	880,843	627,372	947,429
2022	2,955,162	7,584,649	132,440	7,717,097	4,790,740	2,308,877	889,428	635,410	957,067
2023	2,983,813	7,652,674	133,366	7,786,032	4,843,045	2,334,895	898,014	643,388	966,706
2024	3,012,457	7,720,711	134,283	7,854,985	4,895,326	2,360,963	906,599	651,426	976,344
2025	3,041,081	7,788,730	135,187	7,923,917	4,947,615	2,387,033	915,176	659,431	985,975
2026	3,067,834	7,852,977	136,154	7,989,128	4,997,160	2,410,914	924,043	667,046	995,008
2027	3,094,597	7,917,258	137,109	8,054,379	5,046,738	2,434,851	932,971	674,693	1,004,116
2028	3,121,383	7,981,545	138,083	8,119,616	5,096,350	2,458,831	941,913	682,422	1,013,291
2029	3,148,146	8,045,826	139,038	8,184,867	5,145,928	2,482,768	950,841	690,069	1,022,399
2030	3,174,899	8,110,073	140,005	8,250,078	5,195,473	2,506,649	959,708	697,684	1,031,432

Sudirectory: I:\team\mod_inputs\lu\rnd70a_2000CTPPIncRatio_2006_10_27

2.2 External and Through Forecasts

The Version 2.2 model requires six files relating to external (I-X and X-I) and through (X-X) travel, for a given simulation year. These include:

1. a through auto driver trip table (excluding commercial vehicle trips);
2. a through truck (medium/heavy) trip table;
3. a through commercial vehicle trip table;
4. a file containing external commercial vehicle trip-ends, at the station level;
5. a file containing external auto-person and truck productions by purpose (excluding commercial trips), at the station level;
6. a file containing external auto-person and truck attractions by purpose (excluding commercial trips), at the station level;

External and through trips are generally developed using an assumed growth rate at each external station, and an observed traffic ‘profile’ at each external station, indicating the proportion of through and external travel and the proportions of travel modes and purposes (these data are collected via roadside surveys). The working assumption, in recent years, assumed that external traffic would grow uniformly at each station at a constant rate of 3% annually. More recently, however, this assumption has been revised based on a more rigorous review of growth indicators, including the forecasted capacity at external stations, historical traffic growth trends, and projected land use growth near external stations (COG/TPB 2006.06.30, Chapter 2). This information suggested that the annual growth assumption should be revised on a facility-specific basis, from 1.1% to 2.7% (the average annual growth rate across all stations is now 1.8%).

A summary of the revised external and through trips are shown on Table 2-2. The projected total external travel shown for 2030, 2.071 million vehicles, is now about 70% of what it would be with a 3% annual growth assumption (about 2.950 million trips). External productions and attractions are shown in greater detail, by mode and purpose, in Table 2-3 and Table 2-4, respectively.

Table 2-2 External and Through Auto/Truck Trips by Year

Year	AAWDT	Auto Drv Control	Truck Control	Auto XX Trip-Ends	ComVehXX Trip-Ends	Auto XI Adr Trips	Auto IX Adr Trips	TruckXX Trip-Ends	Truck XI Trips	Truck IX Trips
2000	1,215,783	1,003,776	114,016	70,027	5,318	486,084	442,347	59,702	27,157	27,157
2001	1,241,868	1,025,617	116,596	71,598	5,442	496,841	451,736	61,065	27,765	27,765
2002	1,268,380	1,047,815	119,218	73,196	5,567	507,774	461,279	62,450	28,384	28,384
2003	1,295,320	1,070,372	121,883	74,819	5,694	518,883	470,976	63,857	29,013	29,013
2004	1,322,688	1,093,287	124,590	76,468	5,824	530,169	480,827	65,287	29,651	29,651
2005	1,350,398	1,116,488	127,330	78,137	5,955	541,596	490,801	66,735	30,298	30,298
2006	1,387,429	1,147,495	130,993	80,368	6,130	556,867	504,130	68,670	31,162	31,162
2007	1,425,145	1,179,074	134,723	82,640	6,308	572,420	517,706	70,640	32,042	32,042
2008	1,463,631	1,211,298	138,530	84,959	6,490	588,291	531,558	72,651	32,940	32,940
2009	1,502,887	1,244,166	142,413	87,324	6,676	604,479	545,688	74,702	33,856	33,856
2010	1,542,997	1,277,751	146,380	89,741	6,865	621,019	560,125	76,797	34,791	34,791
2011	1,571,648	1,301,740	149,214	91,467	7,001	632,834	570,438	78,294	35,460	35,460
2012	1,600,811	1,326,158	152,098	93,224	7,139	644,861	580,935	79,818	36,140	36,140
2013	1,630,317	1,350,863	155,017	95,001	7,278	657,028	591,556	81,359	36,829	36,829
2014	1,660,251	1,375,926	157,977	96,805	7,420	669,372	602,330	82,923	37,527	37,527
2015	1,690,697	1,401,419	160,989	98,639	7,564	681,927	613,289	84,514	38,238	38,238
2016	1,716,953	1,423,403	163,586	100,221	7,688	692,755	622,739	85,885	38,850	38,850
2017	1,743,636	1,445,745	166,225	101,829	7,814	703,758	632,344	87,279	39,473	39,473
2018	1,770,576	1,468,302	168,890	103,452	7,941	714,868	642,041	88,687	40,101	40,101
2019	1,797,858	1,491,145	171,588	105,095	8,070	726,118	651,861	90,112	40,738	40,738
2020	1,825,483	1,514,274	174,320	106,760	8,201	737,510	661,804	91,555	41,383	41,383
2021	1,850,285	1,535,041	176,774	108,254	8,318	747,738	670,731	92,851	41,961	41,961
2022	1,875,429	1,556,094	179,260	109,769	8,437	758,106	679,782	94,165	42,548	42,548
2023	1,900,744	1,577,290	181,764	111,294	8,557	768,546	688,894	95,487	43,139	43,139
2024	1,926,401	1,598,773	184,302	112,840	8,678	779,126	698,129	96,828	43,737	43,737
2025	1,952,314	1,620,470	186,865	114,401	8,801	789,812	707,456	98,182	44,342	44,342
2026	1,975,577	1,639,948	189,166	115,802	8,911	799,405	715,829	99,397	44,885	44,885
2027	1,999,096	1,659,640	191,492	117,219	9,022	809,104	724,295	100,626	45,433	45,433
2028	2,022,872	1,679,547	193,844	118,652	9,134	818,909	732,853	101,868	45,988	45,988
2029	2,046,818	1,699,598	196,212	120,094	9,247	828,784	741,472	103,119	46,547	46,547
2030	2,071,022	1,719,863	198,606	121,553	9,362	838,765	750,184	104,383	47,111	47,111

I:\ateam\mod_inputs\externals\2007-1-11

Ref: ExtAutTrk_CV.txt

2.3 Miscellaneous and Airport Passenger Trip Forecasts

The remaining non-modeled trips consist of taxis, school, and visitor/tourist auto drivers trips (also collectively referred to as ‘miscellaneous trips’) and airport passenger auto driver trips. The trip totals of these trips are shown on Table 2-5. All of these trips are based on surveyed travel patterns that have been growth factored through time. The airport trips have recently been developed using the 2000 COG Air Passenger Survey (COG/TPB 2006.06.30, Chapter 6). The trip tables represent auto travel to each of the three major airports serving the Washington/Baltimore area.

Table 2-5 Miscellaneous and Airport Passenger Auto Driver Forecasts

Year	School	Taxi	Visitor/ Tourist	Airport
2000	250,448	111,246	222,227	49,723
2001	255,129	113,337	226,490	49,657
2002	259,809	115,428	230,753	49,588
2003	264,490	117,518	235,016	49,522
2004	269,170	119,609	239,279	49,453
2005	273,851	121,700	243,542	49,386
2006	278,407	123,715	247,527	52,871
2007	282,964	125,730	251,512	56,356
2008	287,520	127,746	255,496	59,844
2009	292,077	129,761	259,481	63,329
2010	296,633	131,776	263,466	66,814
2011	300,347	134,043	267,660	69,852
2012	304,060	136,310	271,853	72,891
2013	307,774	138,578	276,047	75,928
2014	311,487	140,845	280,240	78,967
2015	315,201	143,112	284,434	82,006
2016	318,127	144,191	286,834	84,343
2017	321,053	145,270	289,234	86,680
2018	323,979	146,350	291,633	89,021
2019	326,905	147,429	294,033	91,358
2020	329,831	148,508	296,433	93,695
2021	332,552	149,544	298,480	95,254
2022	335,273	150,580	300,527	96,815
2023	337,994	151,616	302,574	98,378
2024	340,715	152,652	304,621	99,938
2025	343,436	153,688	306,668	101,498
2026	346,932	155,598	309,981	103,166
2027	350,429	157,508	313,294	104,837
2028	353,925	159,418	316,607	106,512
2029	357,422	161,328	319,920	108,182
2030	360,918	163,238	323,233	109,851

Ref: I:\ateam\mod_inputs\misc\ and I:\ateam\mod_inputs\airport\ and extrnalPsAs.xls

Chapter 3 Demographic models

This chapter describes the specification of demographic modeling process used within the Version 2.2 model. The models were recently re-estimated using the 2000 CTPP and a more detailed discussion of the model development can be found in earlier work (COG/TPB 2006.06.30, Chapter 2).

3.1 Demographic Sub-models

The demographic models are used to distribute the total number of households in a given zone among 64 classes. The classes are established by three dimensions:

- Household size (1, 2, 3, or 4+ persons per household);
- Household income (Income “quartile” 1, 2, 3, or 4); and
- Vehicle ownership/availability (0, 1, 2, or 3+ vehicles per household).

According to the 2000 CTPP, the median household income for the TPB modeled area is approximately \$63,800 in 1999 dollars. The household income quartiles based on the 2000 CTPP and are defined as discrete ranges shown on Table 3-1.

Table 3-1 2000 CTPP Household Income Quartile Ranges

Quartile	Income range (1999 dollars)
First	Less than \$36,199
Second	\$36,100 to \$63,799
Third	\$63,800 to \$100,699
Fourth	\$100,700 or more

It is important to point out that the number of households in each income range, as tabulated from the Census, does not equal 25% precisely as one might expect. This is because the Census data does not provide individual household incomes, but rather, reports household income tabulations *at zone level* in terms of the number of households falling in 26 discrete income ranges (for reasons of confidentiality). The reported income ranges at zone level do not conform neatly to the regional quartile ranges shown above, and so, there is some degree of approximation in the tabulation of the number of zonal households in each quartile group.

A submodel was developed for each of the three socio-economic dimensions. The household size sub-model uses Census-based relationships to estimate the percent of households in each integer class of household size, given the zone’s average household size. The household income sub-model uses similar Census-based relationships to estimate the percent of households in each income class, given the zone’s median household income. Lastly, the vehicle ownership model uses a disaggregate logit formulation to estimate the percentage of households in each of the four vehicle-availability classes. The logit model makes use of the household size and income information developed in prior steps. The model specifications are detailed below.

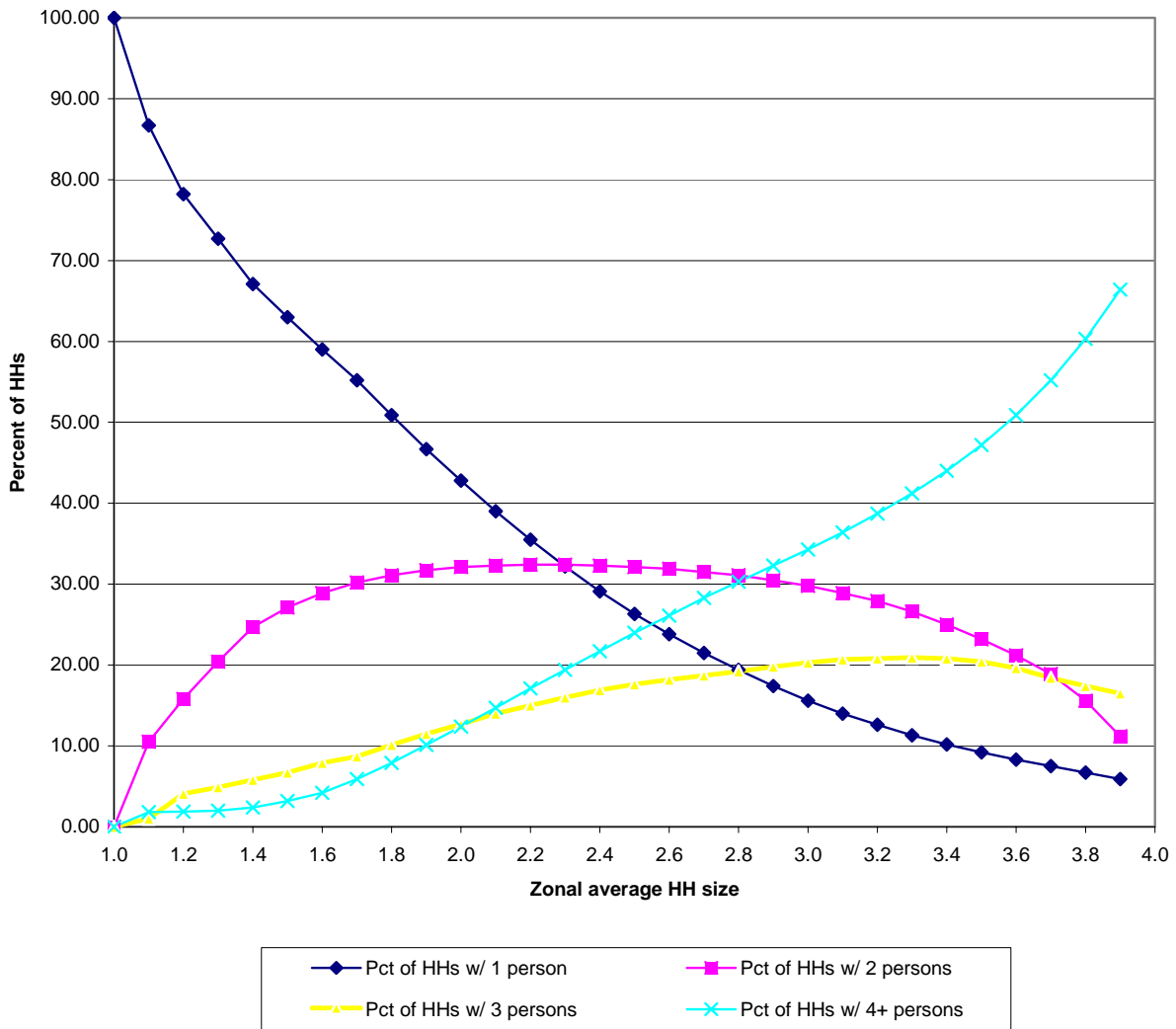
3.2 Household Size Sub-model

The household size sub-model is an “aggregate share” model. The model is essentially a family of four curves used to allocate the total number of households among integer size levels, based on the average household size of a given zone. Each curve uses the same independent variable:

Curve	Dependent variable	Independent variable
1	Percent of HHs with 1 person	Average zonal household size
2	Percent of HHs with 2 persons	Average zonal household size
3	Percent of HHs with 3 persons	Average zonal household size
4	Percent of HHs with 4+ persons	Average zonal household size

The final model is shown in graphical form in Figure 3-1 and in tabular form in Table 3-2.

Figure 3-1 Household size sub-model: Graphical form



Ref: Demographic_v22.xls HHsizg

Table 3-2 Household size sub-model: Tabular form

Ave zonal HH size	Pct of HHs with 1-pers.	Pct of HHs with 2-pers.	Pct of HHs with 3-pers.	Pct of HHs with 4+pers.	Total percent
1.0	100.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	100.00%
1.1	86.70%	10.50%	1.00%	1.80%	100.00%
1.2	78.20%	15.80%	4.10%	1.90%	100.00%
1.3	72.70%	20.40%	4.90%	2.00%	100.00%
1.4	67.10%	24.70%	5.80%	2.40%	100.00%
1.5	63.00%	27.10%	6.70%	3.20%	100.00%
1.6	59.00%	28.90%	7.90%	4.20%	100.00%
1.7	55.20%	30.20%	8.70%	5.90%	100.00%
1.8	50.90%	31.10%	10.10%	7.90%	100.00%
1.9	46.70%	31.70%	11.50%	10.10%	100.00%
2.0	42.80%	32.10%	12.70%	12.40%	100.00%
2.1	39.00%	32.30%	14.00%	14.70%	100.00%
2.2	35.50%	32.40%	15.00%	17.10%	100.00%
2.3	32.20%	32.40%	16.00%	19.40%	100.00%
2.4	29.10%	32.30%	16.90%	21.70%	100.00%
2.5	26.30%	32.10%	17.60%	24.00%	100.00%
2.6	23.80%	31.90%	18.20%	26.10%	100.00%
2.7	21.50%	31.50%	18.70%	28.30%	100.00%
2.8	19.40%	31.10%	19.20%	30.30%	100.00%
2.9	17.40%	30.50%	19.80%	32.30%	100.00%
3.0	15.60%	29.80%	20.30%	34.30%	100.00%
3.1	14.00%	28.90%	20.70%	36.40%	100.00%
3.2	12.60%	27.90%	20.80%	38.70%	100.00%
3.3	11.30%	26.60%	20.90%	41.20%	100.00%
3.4	10.20%	25.00%	20.80%	44.00%	100.00%
3.5	9.20%	23.20%	20.40%	47.20%	100.00%
3.6	8.30%	21.20%	19.60%	50.90%	100.00%
3.7	7.50%	18.90%	18.40%	55.20%	100.00%
3.8	6.70%	15.60%	17.40%	60.30%	100.00%
3.9	5.90%	11.20%	16.50%	66.40%	100.00%

Ref: : Demographic_v22.xls HhsizT

3.2 Household Income Sub-model

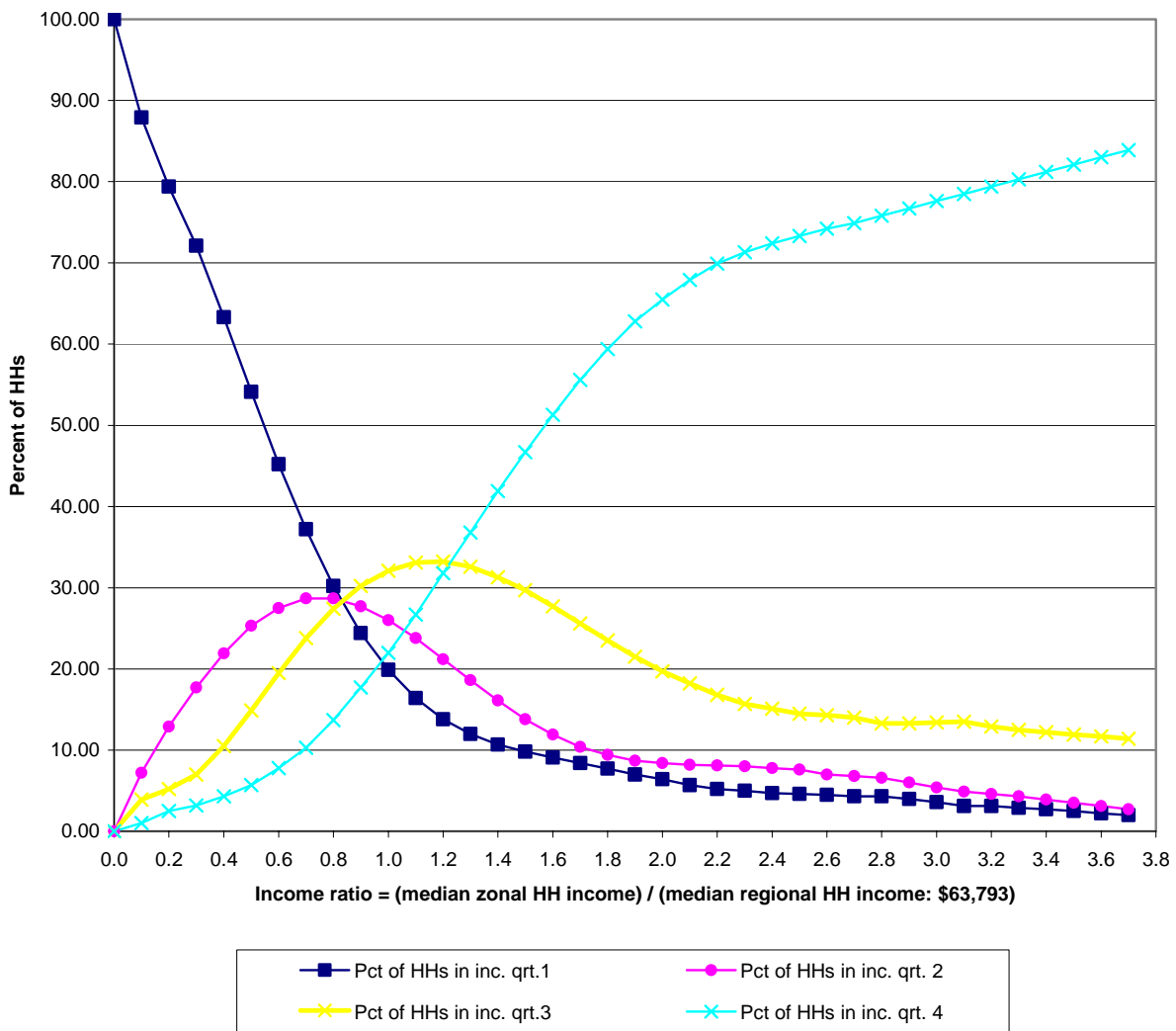
The household income sub-model is also an “aggregate share” model and is, therefore, similar in form to the household size sub-model. The household income sub-model is used to estimate the share of households in each of the four income quartiles in each zone, given the median household income for the zone. As a surrogate for the median zonal household income, the following normalized variable was used as the independent variable for the model:

Equation 3-1 Income ratio equation

$$\text{Income ratio} = (\text{zonal median HH income in 1999}) / (\text{regional median HH income in 1999})$$

The final model is shown in graphical form in Figure 3-2 and in tabular form in Table 3-3.

Figure 3-2 Household income sub-model: Graphical form



Ref: Demographic_v22.xls HHIncG

Table 3-3 Household income sub-model: Tabular form

Income ratio	Pct of HHs in inc. qrt.1	Pct of HHs in inc. qrt. 2	Pct of HHs in inc. qrt.3	Pct of HHs in inc. qrt. 4	Total percent
0.0	100.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	100.00%
0.1	87.90%	7.20%	3.90%	1.00%	100.00%
0.2	79.40%	12.90%	5.20%	2.50%	100.00%
0.3	72.10%	17.70%	7.00%	3.20%	100.00%
0.4	63.30%	21.90%	10.50%	4.30%	100.00%
0.5	54.10%	25.30%	14.90%	5.70%	100.00%
0.6	45.20%	27.50%	19.50%	7.80%	100.00%
0.7	37.20%	28.70%	23.80%	10.30%	100.00%
0.8	30.20%	28.70%	27.40%	13.70%	100.00%
0.9	24.40%	27.70%	30.20%	17.70%	100.00%
1.0	19.90%	26.00%	32.10%	22.00%	100.00%
1.1	16.40%	23.80%	33.10%	26.70%	100.00%
1.2	13.80%	21.20%	33.20%	31.80%	100.00%
1.3	12.00%	18.60%	32.60%	36.80%	100.00%
1.4	10.70%	16.10%	31.30%	41.90%	100.00%
1.5	9.80%	13.80%	29.70%	46.70%	100.00%
1.6	9.10%	11.90%	27.70%	51.30%	100.00%
1.7	8.40%	10.40%	25.60%	55.60%	100.00%
1.8	7.70%	9.40%	23.50%	59.40%	100.00%
1.9	7.00%	8.70%	21.50%	62.80%	100.00%
2.0	6.40%	8.40%	19.70%	65.50%	100.00%
2.1	5.70%	8.20%	18.20%	67.90%	100.00%
2.2	5.20%	8.10%	16.80%	69.90%	100.00%
2.3	5.00%	8.00%	15.70%	71.30%	100.00%
2.4	4.70%	7.80%	15.10%	72.40%	100.00%
2.5	4.60%	7.60%	14.50%	73.30%	100.00%
2.6	4.50%	7.00%	14.30%	74.20%	100.00%
2.7	4.30%	6.80%	14.00%	74.90%	100.00%
2.8	4.30%	6.60%	13.30%	75.80%	100.00%
2.9	4.00%	6.00%	13.30%	76.70%	100.00%
3.0	3.60%	5.40%	13.40%	77.60%	100.00%
3.1	3.10%	4.90%	13.50%	78.50%	100.00%
3.2	3.10%	4.60%	12.90%	79.40%	100.00%
3.3	2.90%	4.30%	12.50%	80.30%	100.00%
3.4	2.70%	3.90%	12.20%	81.20%	100.00%
3.5	2.50%	3.50%	11.90%	82.10%	100.00%
3.6	2.20%	3.10%	11.70%	83.00%	100.00%
3.7	2.00%	2.70%	11.40%	83.90%	100.00%

Ref: Demographic_v22.xls HHIncT

3.4 Vehicle Availability Sub-model

The vehicle availability sub-model is the last demographic sub-model. It is a disaggregate choice model that apportions households among vehicle availability levels. The variables considered are household size, household income (furnished by the previous models), the area type, and transit accessibility defined as the number of jobs accessible in 40 minutes using AM transit service. The model is shown on Table 3-4.

Table 3-4 Vehicle availability model

No. of vehicles				Variable name	Coeff.
0	1	2	3+		
	x			Constant	1.0138
		x		Constant	-2.3381
			x	Constant	-5.1710
		x		HH size	0.8700
			x	HH size	1.3026
x				Income level 2 dummy	1.2376
	x			Income level 2 dummy	1.7892
		x		Income level 2 dummy	1.8221
x				Income level 3 dummy	1.3285
	x			Income level 3 dummy	2.4831
		x		Income level 3 dummy	2.7395
x				Income level 4 dummy	1.9991
	x			Income level 4 dummy	3.7372
		x		Income level 4 dummy	4.1987
x				Tot emp w/in 40 min transit (AM pk)	-1.10E-06
	x			Tot emp w/in 40 min transit (AM pk)	-1.82E-06
		x		Tot emp w/in 40 min transit (AM pk)	-2.05E-06
x				Area type, 1994 (1 to 7)	0.0668
	x			Area type, 1994 (1 to 7)	0.2783
		x		Area type, 1994 (1 to 7)	0.4093
x				DC dummy	-0.9246
	x			DC dummy	-1.0751
		x		DC dummy	-1.6334

Ref:Demographicu.1Tpp.xls VA

Chapter 4 Trip Generation

The Version 2.2 trip generation process computes zonal trip productions and trip attractions, for each modeled purpose. This chapter details the trip generation model pertaining to resident, commercial vehicle, and truck purposes.

4.1 Model Structure

The generation model is used to compute the number of daily motorized person trips and truck trips produced and attracted to each traffic analysis zone. Motorized person trips are defined as those using automobile, motorcycle, or transit modes. Resident trips consist of four purposes:

- Home-Based Work (HBW)
- Home-Based Shopping (HBS)
- Home-Based Other (HBO)
- Non-Home-Based (NHB) – excluding Commercial trips

Truck trips are developed for two vehicle types:

- Medium (single unit, two axles, 6 or more tires)
- Heavy (all combination vehicles)
- Commercial vehicles (autos and light duty trucks)

The commercial vehicle purpose was subsumed within the NHB purpose in previous TPB models. The Version 2.2 model now accounts for commercial trips as a separate and distinct trip purpose. Both the NHB and commercial trips are inclusive of light trucks. The trip generation process also estimates productions and attractions associated with HBW non-motorized (walk and bicycle) trips. The non-motorized trips are ultimately removed from the ‘final’ trip-ends prior to the trip distribution step. The trip generation model produces home-based productions and attractions which are stratified by the four income levels.

The resident trip generation process can be envisioned as a series of five sequential steps. These are:

- 1) Trip production model;
- 2) Internal-to-external trip extraction model;
- 3) Non-motorized HBW trip extraction model;
- 4) Trip attraction model; and
- 5) Home-based attraction income disaggregation model.

These five models are specified below.

4.2 Trip Production Model

The trip production model is a cross-classification type model involving the application of trip rates which are applied to households in specific socio-economic categories. The trip rates are specific to each purpose. The cross-classes established for the Version 2.2 model are structured by the four household income, four household size, and four vehicle availability levels developed

by the demographic models. The total number of cross-classes equals 64 (i.e., 4 x 4 x 4). The trip rates are displayed, by purpose on Table 4-1, Table 4-2, Table 4-3, and Table 4-4.

Prior TPB travel models have included the application of a global trip production factor of 1.50 to the non-work (i.e., HBS, HBO, and NHB) trip productions so that the traffic assignment model will validate to counts. This underestimation of the model is believed to be due principally to the under-reporting of non-work trips and the fact that there was no explicit commercial vehicle model, so these trips were included in the NHB purpose. Without such an adjustment factor, the simulated vehicle miles of travel (VMT) assigned to the highway network would fall short of the observed VMT. This factoring of non-work trips procedure is carried forth into the Version 2.2 model, except that the global factor applied to the NHB purpose has been reduced from 1.50 to 1.22, to avoid the double-counting of commercial trips, which were subsumed in earlier models. Appendix A contains a description of all the adjustment factors using in the travel model.

4.3 The Internal-to-External Trip Extraction Model

External (I-X, X-I) travel is entered exogenously into the trip generation process and is passed through to the final trip-ends, unaltered. Since the trip production rates reflect both internal and internal-to-external (I-X) travel generated by households in the modeled area, it is, therefore, necessary to remove the I-X portion of total trip productions to avoid double-counting. The model used to remove I-X trips is specified as the following equation, and is shown graphically in Figure 4-1:

Equation 4-1 Percent of total trips productions that are I-X

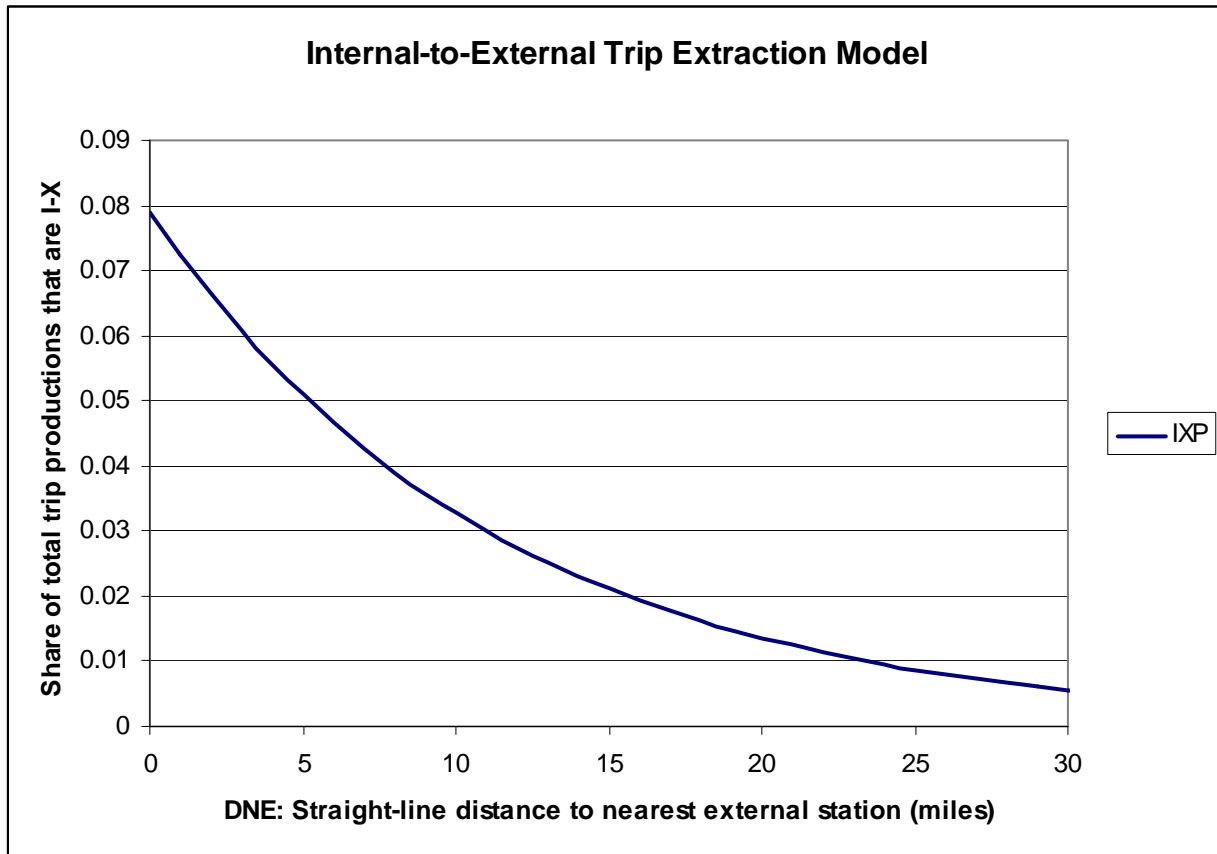
$$IXP = 0.079\text{Exp}(-0.088 * DNE)$$

where:

- IXP = the percent of total trip productions that are I-X
- DNE = the 'straight-line' distance to the nearest external station (in miles)
- Exp = the exponential function

This function captures the fact that, as the distance to the nearest external station increases, the share of total trip productions that is attracted to external locations (I-X) drops.

Figure 4-1 Internal-to-External Trip Extraction Model



Ref: tripExtractionModel.xls

Table 4-1 Final HBW Trip Production Rates

Income Level	HH Size	Vehicles				Sub-Total
		0	1	2	3+	
1	1	0.69	0.85	0.75	0.96	0.79
	2	1.08	1.08	1.41	1.41	1.22
	3	1.10	1.52	1.94	1.94	1.66
	4+	1.66	1.66	1.94	1.94	1.81
	Subtotal	0.91	1.07	1.58	1.74	1.20
2	1	1.02	1.18	1.30	1.53	1.17
	2	1.35	1.35	1.53	2.12	1.53
	3	1.66	1.66	1.79	2.12	1.85
	4+	1.85	1.85	2.05	2.43	2.10
	Subtotal	1.21	1.34	1.73	2.23	1.61
3	1	1.02	1.22	1.22	1.22	1.20
	2	1.46	1.46	1.84	2.15	1.77
	3	1.66	1.66	2.02	3.02	2.36
	4+	2.30	2.30	2.30	3.08	2.55
	Subtotal	1.31	1.46	2.03	2.87	2.04
4	1	1.33	1.33	1.33	2.00	1.34
	2	1.45	1.45	1.84	2.15	1.80
	3	1.67	1.67	2.02	3.02	2.43
	4+	3.33	3.33	3.33	3.36	3.35
	Subtotal	1.67	1.72	2.34	3.05	2.42
	TOTAL	1.05	1.33	2.02	2.72	1.85

Table 4-2 Final HBS Trip Production Rates

Income Level	HH Size	Vehicles				Sub-Total
		0	1	2	3+	
1	1	0.22	0.60	0.60	0.63	0.46
	2	0.22	0.68	0.68	0.68	0.60
	3	0.22	0.68	0.84	0.84	0.68
	4+	0.22	0.68	0.96	1.00	0.76
	Subtotal	0.22	0.64	0.77	0.85	0.58
2	1	0.22	0.60	0.60	0.63	0.55
	2	0.29	0.68	0.68	0.84	0.68
	3	0.40	0.96	0.96	1.04	0.96
	4+	0.45	0.96	1.00	1.10	1.01
	Subtotal	0.27	0.70	0.83	1.01	0.76
3	1	0.29	0.67	0.67	0.67	0.62
	2	0.43	0.68	0.90	0.96	0.83
	3	0.50	0.96	1.00	1.14	1.05
	4+	0.60	0.96	1.14	1.40	1.21
	Subtotal	0.38	0.73	1.00	1.22	0.96
4	1	0.43	0.86	0.86	0.86	0.81
	2	0.89	0.89	0.96	0.98	0.95
	3	0.90	1.04	1.15	1.20	1.16
	4+	1.09	1.28	1.33	1.66	1.46
	Subtotal	0.68	0.95	1.11	1.39	1.16
	TOTAL	0.27	0.72	0.97	1.22	0.88

Table 4-3 Final HBO Trip Production Rates

Income Level	HH Size	Vehicles				Sub-Total
		0	1	2	3+	
1	1	0.42	1.12	1.44	1.44	0.89
	2	0.54	1.70	1.77	1.80	1.54
	3	1.28	2.40	2.61	2.39	2.29
	4+	1.36	2.90	4.27	3.82	3.29
	Subtotal	0.62	1.61	2.45	2.74	1.66
2	1	0.69	1.16	1.47	1.47	1.12
	2	0.89	1.89	1.97	2.04	1.90
	3	1.35	2.50	3.19	3.47	3.02
	4+	0.75	3.49	4.27	5.67	4.40
	Subtotal	0.81	1.72	2.88	3.99	2.42
3	1	0.71	1.04	1.47	1.47	1.04
	2	0.89	2.16	2.46	2.66	2.34
	3	1.55	2.84	3.19	3.56	3.28
	4+	3.45	4.65	5.39	6.50	5.68
	Subtotal	1.00	1.95	3.68	4.70	3.37
4	1	0.71	1.09	1.08	2.00	1.05
	2	1.57	1.81	2.46	2.46	2.28
	3	3.45	3.45	3.94	3.94	3.89
	4+	4.15	4.84	5.92	6.74	6.17
	Subtotal	1.57	2.22	3.81	5.02	3.84
	TOTAL	0.75	1.81	3.40	4.52	2.88

Table 4-4 Final NHB Trip Production Rates

Income Level	HH Size	Vehicles				Sub-Total
		0	1	2	3+	
1	1	0.20	1.26	1.26	1.26	0.88
	2	0.30	1.26	1.43	1.43	1.17
	3	0.40	1.43	1.43	1.43	1.26
	4+	0.50	1.50	1.60	1.70	1.42
	Subtotal	0.27	1.30	1.45	1.52	1.11
2	1	0.30	1.26	1.40	1.49	1.14
	2	0.40	1.26	2.20	2.20	1.83
	3	0.50	1.76	2.60	2.80	2.36
	4+	0.60	1.98	2.80	2.97	2.64
	Subtotal	0.36	1.39	2.42	2.69	1.90
3	1	0.40	1.52	1.57	1.57	1.39
	2	0.50	1.62	2.33	2.54	2.10
	3	0.60	2.48	2.89	2.89	2.83
	4+	0.61	2.19	2.92	4.20	3.26
	Subtotal	0.46	1.73	2.64	3.41	2.50
4	1	0.60	1.76	1.76	2.40	1.64
	2	0.70	1.76	2.40	2.69	2.30
	3	0.80	2.72	2.81	3.10	2.92
	4+	0.90	1.54	3.35	4.38	3.62
	Subtotal	0.68	1.84	2.77	3.67	2.83
	TOTAL	0.33	1.50	2.48	3.21	2.13

4.4 Non-Motorized HBW Trip Extraction Model

The HBW trip rates reflect both motorized and non-motorized travel. The inclusion of non-motorized trips was intended to allow the modeler the ability to relate land use policy (e.g. land use mix, density, etc.) to the level of walking and bicycling, and its explicit effect on the reduction of motorized HBW travel. However, the decision was also made early on that non-motorized trips should not be carried forth into trip distribution and mode choice steps given that the non-motorized trips are extremely dissimilar in spatial scale compared to that of motorized travel (non-motorized trips predominantly occur within zones, or between adjacent zones). The model is based on the area type variable, an index ranging from 1 to 7 that is based on both population density and employment density within 1 mile of a given zone, as shown in the table below:

Table 4-5 Area Type Definitions (1-7) as a function of population and employment density

One-Mile 'Floating' Population Density (pop/sq mi)	One-Mile 'Floating' Employment Density (Emp / Sq mi)						
	0-100	101-500	501-1,500	1,501-5,000	5,001-15,000	15,001-35,000	35,001+
0-100	7	7	5	5	2	2	2
101-350	7	5	5	5	2	2	2
351-1,500	6	6	5	5	2	2	2
1,501-3,500	6	6	4	3	2	2	2
3,501-6,500	4	4	3	3	2	2	1
6,501-10,000	4	3	3	3	2	2	1
10,001+	3	3	3	2	2	2	1

The area type code, therefore, represents both the intensity of land use development as well as the mix of home and job locations. This variable is also used as a basis for highway link capacities and free-flow speeds. The model, shown on Table 4-6, expresses the share of non-motorized travel based on the area type designation of the zone

Table 4-6 Average share of HBW non-motorized productions as a function of area type

Area Type	Avg. Share of HBW Non-Motorized Productions
1	0.4033
2	0.1116
3	0.0320
4 – 7	0.0235

The extraction of non-motorized trips at the attraction end is done using the equation below.

Equation 4-2 Extraction of non-motorized trips at the attraction end of trip

$$\text{NMAattrs} = 0.8982 * \text{NMProds} \quad (\text{R-square: } 0.80)$$

where:

$$\begin{aligned} \text{NMAattrs} &= \text{The number of non-motorized attractions} \\ \text{NMProds} &= \text{The number of non-motorized productions} \end{aligned}$$

Subject to following condition:

$$\text{If } \text{NMAattrs} > \text{Total Attractions, then } \text{NMAattrs} = \text{Total Attractions} * 0.187\%$$

4.5 Trip Attraction Model

The trip attraction models are essentially regression equations which are detailed on Table 4-7. In the case of HBS and NHB trips, the equations vary further by area type. The equations were developed using district-level data from the 1994 Household Travel Survey.

Table 4-7 Summary of the Trip Attraction Models

Trip Purpose	Area Type	No. of Observations	Independent Variable(s)	Attraction Rates
HBW	All (Area Type 1-7)	253	Total Employment	1.11
HBS	Area Type 1	8	Retail Employment	0.29
	Area Type 2	32	Retail Employment	2.44
	Area Type 3-7	180	Retail Employment	3.35
HBO	All (Area Type 1-7)	266	Retail Employment Non-Retail Employment Household Population	1.30 0.30 0.77
NHB	Area Type 1	9	Non-Retail Employment	0.42
	Area Type 2-7	257	Retail Employment	2.77
			Non-Retail Employment Household Population	0.49 0.28

Notes:

- HBW model reflects motorized and non-motorized person travel.
- HBS, HBO, and NHB models reflect motorized person travel only.

4.6 HB Trip Attraction Income Disaggregation Model

The trip attraction model provides the *total* number of trip attractions for each purpose. In order to support the income stratified trip distribution process (discussed in the next chapter), a technique for allocating total home-based attractions among four income levels is necessary. The stratification of trip productions is not problematic since income is one of the dimensions used in the cross-class structure.

A simple technique is used to apportion total HB attractions among the four income groups. Income shares, developed from the 1994 Household Travel Survey, are applied on the basis of purpose and area type, as shown on Table 4-8. The table indicates that the distributions of attractions by income group, for each purpose, generally do not vary dramatically on average.

Table 4-8 Income Distribution (Percents) of Home-Based Trip Attractions

Purpose	Area Type Code	Income 1	Income 2	Income 3	Income 4	Total
HBW	1	12.20	17.82	28.97	41.01	100.00
	2	15.59	17.14	30.06	37.21	100.00
	3	15.23	21.53	33.30	29.94	100.00
	4-7	20.62	25.01	32.36	22.01	100.00
HBS	1-2	17.65	17.90	30.66	33.78	100.00
	3	15.01	20.10	37.32	27.57	100.00
	4-7	14.46	20.55	30.51	34.48	100.00
HBO	1-2	15.88	16.65	30.39	37.08	100.00
	3	9.71	16.26	38.42	35.61	100.00
	4-7	13.09	21.19	34.56	31.16	100.00

Source: 1994 HTS

4.7 Truck Model

The truck trip generation process is based on the rates that have been in used for several years. The rates, shown on Table 4-9, are based on fixed locations and land activity variables. This model will be updated in upcoming work planning for the latter half of this fiscal year.

Table 4-9 Truck trip generation rates as a function of truck type, location, and land use category

Vehicle Type	Location	Land Use Category				
		Office	Retail	Industrial	Other	HH
Medium Truck (Single Unit 6+ Tires)	Regional. Core	0.01	0.17	0.09	0.04	0.04
	DC Non-Core	0.01	0.17	0.19	0.04	0.04
	VA 10-mi Sq.	0.01	0.17	0.14	0.04	0.04
	Other	0.01	0.17	0.11	0.04	0.04
Heavy Truck (All Combination Vehicles)	Regional. Core	-	0.04	0.03	0.03	-
	DC Non-Core	-	0.04	0.13	0.03	-
	VA 10-mi Sq.	-	0.04	0.04	0.03	-
	Other	-	0.04	0.11	0.03	-

Ref.: tgcheck.xls

4.8 Commercial Vehicle Model

The trip generation of zonal commercial vehicle trips is developed with the equation shown below (Allen, 2007):

Equation 4-3 Trip generation of commercial vehicle trips

$$\text{COM productions} = (0.056 * \text{indemp} + 0.168 * \text{offemp} + 0.494 * \text{retemp} + 0.082 * \text{othemp} + 0.130 * \text{HH}) * \text{ATFAC}$$

(attractions = productions, by zone)

where:

Indemp = industrial employment

offemp = office employment

retemp = retail employment

othemp = other employment

HH = households

ATFAC = area type adjustment factor:

Area type	Factor
1	1.05
2	0.90
6	1.20
7	1.15

Note: no factor is applied to area types 3-5.

Chapter 5 Trip Distribution

As with previous model specifications, the Version 2.2 trip distribution model involves a standard gravity model approach and the use of a composite (highway and transit) travel time impedance measure. The model also employs income stratification as well as special external auto and truck distribution models. The primary trip distribution updates to the Version 2.2 model include:

- a reduced number of K-factors used for the HBW purpose;
- The complete elimination of K-factors for HBS, HBO, and NHB;
- The removal of inter-jurisdictional time penalties, including bridge penalties;
- The additional commercial vehicle purpose has been added.

A detailed discussion of the model structure follows below.

5.1 Model Structure

The Version 2.2 trip distribution model is used to develop zonal trip tables corresponding to the six basic purposes established above: HBW, HBS, HBO, and NHB motorized person trips, commercial vehicle trips, and Medium and Heavy truck trips. The Version 2.2 trip distribution process consists of several different distribution models that are developed for special travel markets within the six basic purposes. Table 5-1 indicates the 27 specific trip markets that are modeled.

Table 5-1 Trip distribution markets

Purpose/Mode	Internal Person Models	External Person Models
HBW person	4 Income Strata	2 Facility Types (Interstate /Arterial)
HBS person	4 Income Strata	2 Facility Types (Interstate /Arterial)
HBO person	4 Income Strata	2 Facility Types (Interstate /Arterial)
NHB person	1 (non-stratified)	2 Facility Types (Interstate /Arterial)
Commercial Vehicles	1 (non-stratified)	1 (non-stratified)
Medium Truck	1 (non-stratified)	1 (non-stratified)
Heavy Truck	1 (non-stratified)	1 (non-stratified)
Total Intl./Extl. Markets	16	11
Total Markets Modeled	27	

5.2 Internal Motorized Person Models

The Version 2.2 trip distribution model includes income stratification for the home-based trip purposes. The model also makes use of a composite time formulation involving both highway and transit travel times. The composite time formulation is desirable since many corridors in the Washington region are well served by transit, and the consideration of highway time only (as has been used in some previous model versions) has the potential to understate accessibility. The definition of the composite impedance is:

Equation 5-1 Composite Impedance Equation

$$CT_i = \frac{1.0}{1.0/HT + P_i/TT}$$

Where:

- CT_i = composite time for income group 'i' for a given interchange.
- HT = un-weighted highway time (including terminal times)
- TT = un-weighted transit time (in-vehicle and out-of-vehicle time)
- P_i = regional transit share of income group 'i' for a given purpose

The highway and transit times used in the formulation vary by purpose. AM peak highway/transit times are used for the HBW purpose and off-peak highway/transit times are used for the remaining HBS, HBO, and NHB purposes.

The regional transit shares used in the formulation vary by purpose and income group. The transit shares, shown in Table 5-2, have been taken from the HTS. The exhibit indicates the work transit shares (shown as percents) vary by income from 0.1402 to 0.2572. The transit percentages for the remaining purposes vary by income group from 0.0075 to 0.0755. Since these values are relatively small, the effect of highway times will be generally more predominant on the overall composite time function compared to the effect of transit times for most interchanges.

Some points can be made regarding the composite time function. First, for interchanges that are not served by transit, the composite time function reflects highway time. Second, transit time values will generally contribute small effects on the time function, in general, since the regional transit shares are relatively small. Nonetheless, even if transit is not particularly competitive with highway time for a given interchange, the composite time function will still reflect *some* travel time benefit compared to the 'raw' highway time compared to an interchange that is not transit-connected.

Table 5-2 Summary of Motorized Trips by Purpose, Mode, and Income Level

Source: 1994 COG/TPB Household Travel Survey
 All trips geocoded within the HTS survey area

Purpose	Mode	Income Level				Total
		<30k	30k - 50k	50k - 75k	>75k	
HBW	Auto Driver	265,104	402,570	660,332	742,078	2,070,084
	Auto Passenger	41,854	47,055	73,652	76,477	239,038
	Auto Person Subtotal:	306,958	449,625	733,984	818,555	2,309,122
	<i>Average Auto Occupancy</i>	<i>1.2</i>	<i>1.1</i>	<i>1.1</i>	<i>1.1</i>	<i>1.12</i>
	Transit	106,263	78,376	116,054	133,428	434,121
	Auto Person & Transit Subtotal:	413,221	528,001	850,038	951,983	2,743,243
	<i>Transit Percentage</i>	<i>25.72%</i>	<i>14.84%</i>	<i>13.65%</i>	<i>14.02%</i>	<i>15.83%</i>
HBS	Auto Driver	179,240	222,468	395,854	361,316	1,158,878
	Auto Passenger	42,034	51,234	85,486	90,586	269,340
	Auto Person Subtotal:	221,274	273,702	481,340	451,902	1,428,218
	<i>Average Auto Occupancy</i>	<i>1.2</i>	<i>1.2</i>	<i>1.2</i>	<i>1.3</i>	<i>1.23</i>
	Transit	12,092	6,601	4,521	3,435	26,649
	Auto Person & Transit Subtotal:	233,366	280,303	485,861	455,337	1,454,867
	<i>Transit Percentage</i>	<i>5.18%</i>	<i>2.35%</i>	<i>0.93%</i>	<i>0.75%</i>	<i>1.83%</i>
HBO	Auto Driver	378,412	541,343	1,003,575	1,044,304	2,967,634
	Auto Passenger	158,697	210,756	465,074	478,663	1,313,190
	Auto Person Subtotal:	537,109	752,099	1,468,649	1,522,967	4,280,824
	<i>Average Auto Occupancy</i>	<i>1.4</i>	<i>1.4</i>	<i>1.5</i>	<i>1.5</i>	<i>1.44</i>
	Transit	43,863	24,177	27,803	38,078	133,921
	Auto Person & Transit Subtotal:	580,972	776,276	1,496,452	1,561,045	4,414,745
	<i>Transit Percentage</i>	<i>7.55%</i>	<i>3.11%</i>	<i>1.86%</i>	<i>2.44%</i>	<i>3.03%</i>
NHB	Auto Driver	317,239	488,048	859,926	878,859	2,544,072
	Auto Passenger	74,157	108,357	215,941	239,842	638,297
	Auto Person Subtotal:	391,396	596,405	1,075,867	1,118,701	3,182,369
	<i>Average Auto Occupancy</i>	<i>1.2</i>	<i>1.2</i>	<i>1.3</i>	<i>1.3</i>	<i>1.25</i>
	Transit	28,671	28,320	46,358	58,052	161,401
	Auto Person & Transit Subtotal:	420,067	624,725	1,122,225	1,176,753	3,343,770
	<i>Transit Percentage</i>	<i>6.83%</i>	<i>4.53%</i>	<i>4.13%</i>	<i>4.93%</i>	<i>4.83%</i>
All Purposes	Auto Driver	1,139,995	1,654,429	2,919,687	3,026,557	8,740,668
	Auto Passenger	316,742	417,402	840,153	885,568	2,459,865
	Auto Person Subtotal:	1,456,737	2,071,831	3,759,840	3,912,125	11,200,533
	<i>Average Auto Occupancy</i>	<i>1.3</i>	<i>1.3</i>	<i>1.3</i>	<i>1.3</i>	<i>1.28</i>
	Transit	190,889	137,474	194,736	232,993	756,092
	Auto Person & Transit Subtotal:	1,647,626	2,209,305	3,954,576	4,145,118	11,956,625
	<i>Transit Percentage</i>	<i>11.59%</i>	<i>6.22%</i>	<i>4.92%</i>	<i>5.62%</i>	<i>6.32%</i>

Ref: 94htstrip2.1.xls

5.3 External Auto Person / Truck Models

The external trip distribution models segment markets by purpose and facility. Facilities are distinguished as interstates (or interstate-like facilities) and arterial facilities. The rationale behind this distinction is that arterial facilities tend to serve more localized traffic associated with shorter trip lengths while interstate travel is associated with longer trip lengths. In contrast, the external truck models (medium and heavy) are not segmented by facility types.

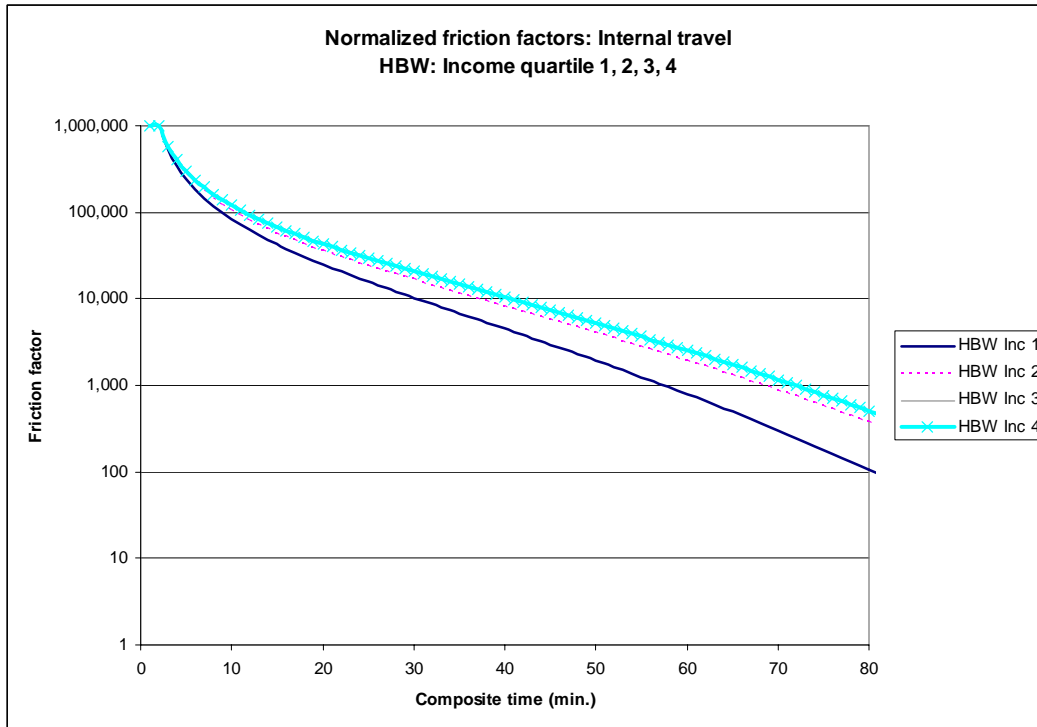
The modeled network contains 47 external stations, numbered consecutively from 2145 to 2191. Among these stations interstate-type facilities are defined as I-95 north and south (external stations 2149, 2182), US 301 (2146), US 15/29 (2154), I-66 (2156), I-70 east and west (2166, 2180), US 15 north (2179), US 1& I-195 (2183), MD 295 (2184), I-97 (2187), and US50/301, Bay Bridge (2191). All remaining stations are defined as arterial-type facilities.

The highway time is used as the impedance measure in the distribution of external trips. AM peak time is used for the HBW purpose and off-peak times are used for all remaining purposes. The external calibration does not make use of time penalties added into the impedance files. However, the impedances are altered in that extremely large time values were inserted into internal and through (I-I, X-X) interchanges to preclude those types of interchanges from occurring in the trip distribution process.

5.4 Friction Factor Summary

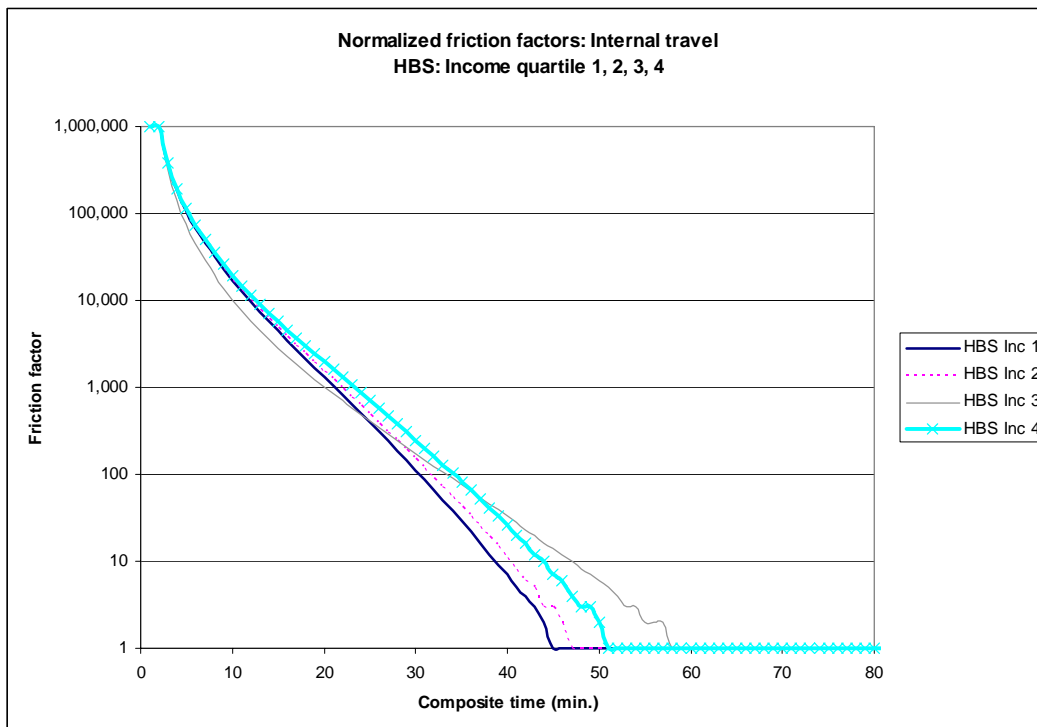
The friction factors, or F-factors, for internal travel are shown in graphical form in Figure 5-1, Figure 5-2, Figure 5-3, and Figure 5-4. The same information is shown in tabular form in Table 5-3. The friction factors for commercial vehicle travel, both internal and external, are shown in Figure 5-5. The friction factors for external travel are shown in Figure 5-6, Figure 5-7, and Figure 5-8.

Figure 5-1 Friction factors for HBW, internal travel



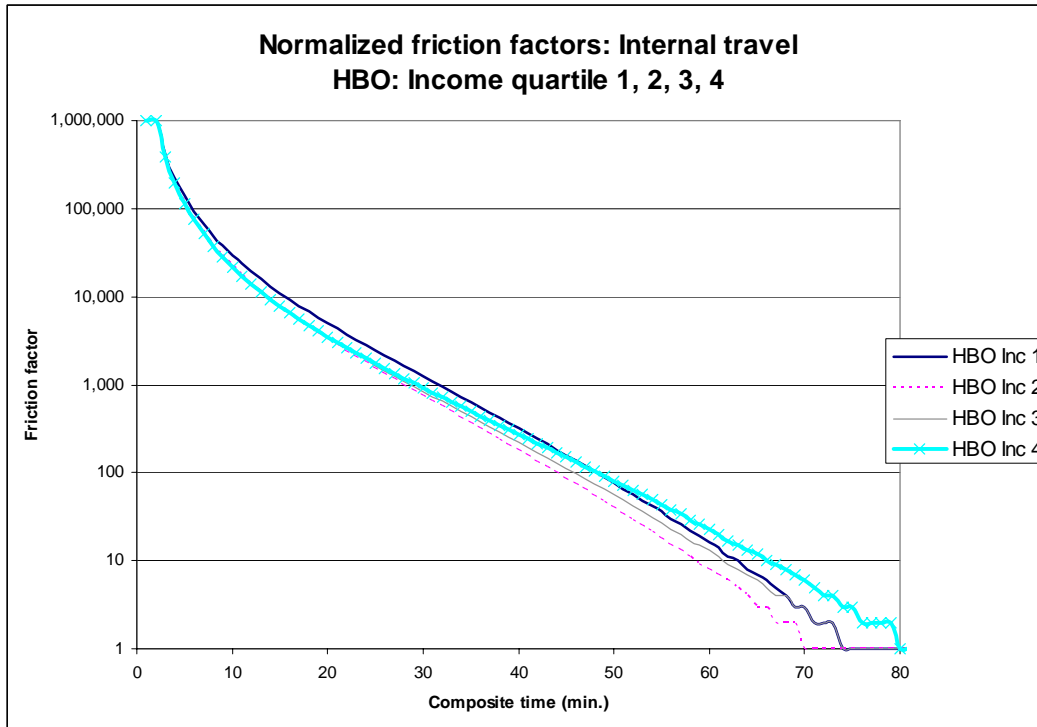
Ref: v22_f_factors.xls

Figure 5-2 Friction factors for HBS, internal travel



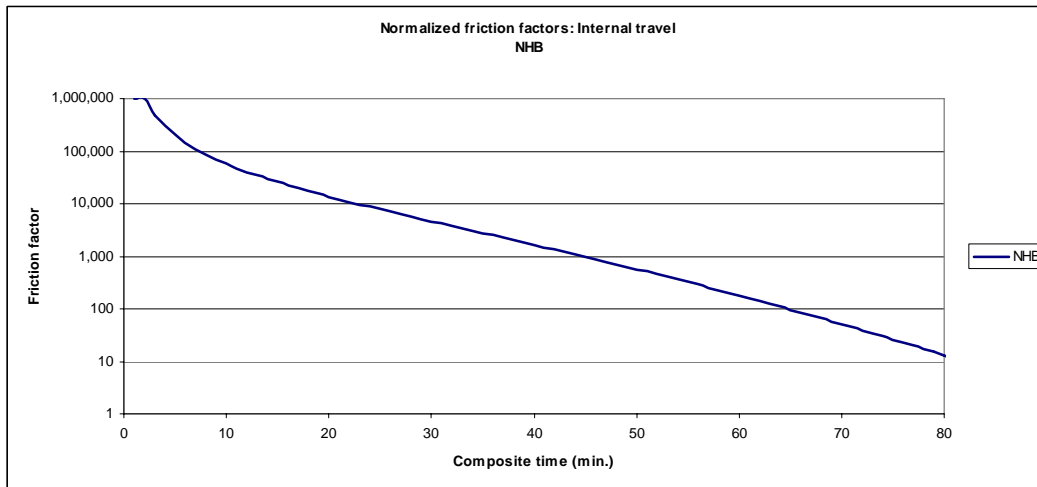
Ref: v22_f_factors.xls

Figure 5-3 Friction factors for HBO, internal travel



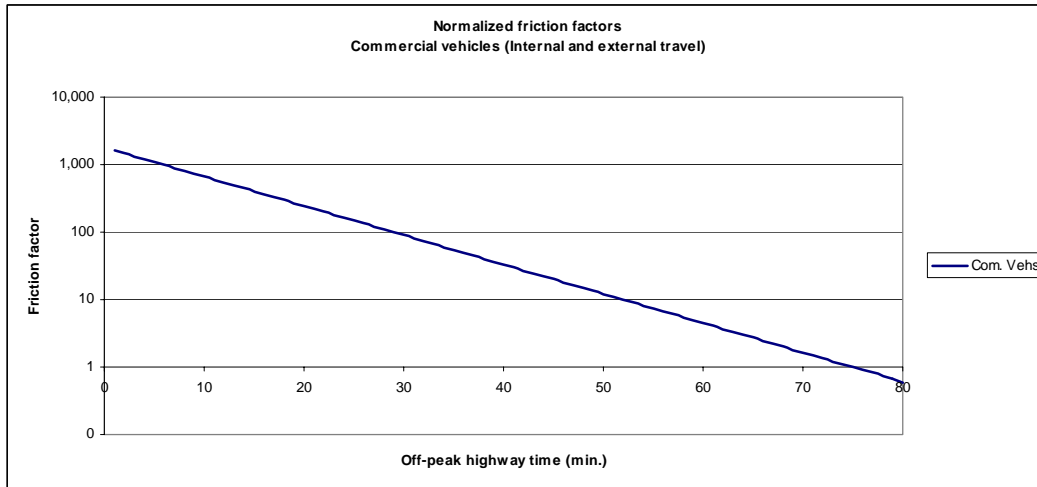
Ref: v22_f_factors.xls

Figure 5-4 Friction factors for NHB, internal travel



Ref: v22_f_factors.xls

Figure 5-5 Friction factors for commercial vehicle trips (both internal and external travel)



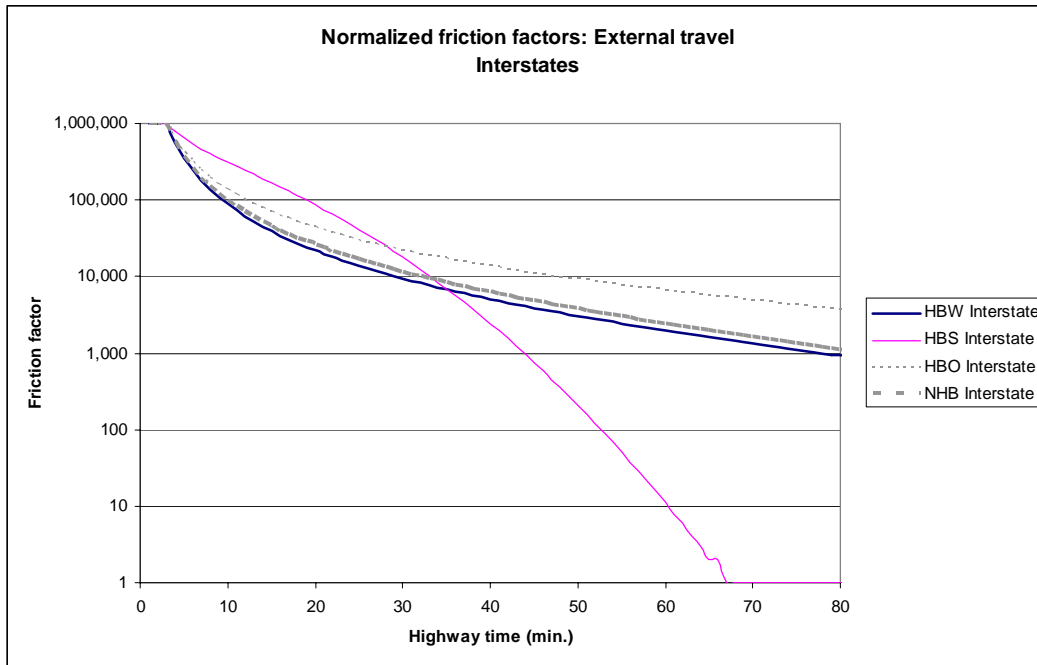
Ref: v22_f_factors.xls

Table 5-3 Friction factors for internal travel: HBW, HBS, HBO, NHB, commercial vehicles

Comp. Time (min)	HBW				HBS				HBO				NHB	Com. Vehs	
	Inc 1	Inc 2	Inc 3	Inc 4	Inc 1	Inc 2	Inc 3	Inc 4	Inc 1	Inc 2	Inc 3	Inc 4			
1	984,609	984,609	984,609	984,609	984,609	984,609	984,609	984,609	984,609	984,609	984,609	984,609	984,609	984,609	1,629
2	984,609	984,609	984,609	984,609	984,609	984,609	984,609	984,609	984,609	984,609	984,609	984,609	984,609	984,609	1,474
3	534,862	566,562	586,872	584,487	375,164	376,643	318,181	382,415	416,158	387,467	387,021	382,823	486,880	486,880	1,333
4	346,225	382,193	405,901	403,096	187,206	188,666	142,136	193,948	225,057	199,164	198,868	195,320	294,634	294,634	1,207
5	246,589	281,175	304,449	301,683	107,995	109,279	75,734	113,614	139,174	118,391	118,244	115,574	199,021	199,021	1,092
6	186,490	218,449	240,292	237,689	68,132	69,246	45,071	72,786	93,608	77,092	77,050	75,064	144,039	144,039	988
7	146,952	176,174	196,388	193,977	45,635	46,606	28,927	49,529	66,675	53,422	53,452	51,966	109,278	109,278	894
8	119,294	145,983	164,616	162,394	31,883	32,735	19,608	35,182	49,498	38,721	38,800	37,680	85,782	85,782	809
9	99,042	123,469	140,645	138,600	22,971	23,723	13,848	25,796	37,907	29,031	29,143	28,294	69,089	69,089	732
10	83,678	106,108	121,966	120,081	16,935	17,600	10,098	19,374	29,737	22,343	22,479	21,834	56,765	56,765	662
11	71,688	92,358	107,029	105,291	12,704	13,295	7,552	14,824	23,778	17,557	17,708	17,220	47,384	47,384	599
12	62,115	81,228	94,831	93,226	9,658	10,183	5,764	11,509	19,307	14,030	14,190	13,823	40,064	40,064	542
13	54,323	72,054	84,694	83,208	7,418	7,884	4,475	9,038	15,875	11,366	11,532	11,260	34,232	34,232	491
14	47,879	64,375	76,143	74,767	5,741	6,155	3,522	7,163	13,190	9,314	9,482	9,284	29,506	29,506	444
15	42,476	57,863	68,839	67,564	4,470	4,836	2,805	5,718	11,054	7,705	7,873	7,735	25,619	25,619	402
16	37,892	52,279	62,533	61,349	3,495	3,819	2,256	4,590	9,331	6,424	6,591	6,501	22,381	22,381	363
17	33,964	47,443	57,035	55,935	2,742	3,026	1,829	3,701	7,926	5,393	5,557	5,506	19,656	19,656	329
18	30,566	43,219	52,203	51,181	2,155	2,404	1,494	2,995	6,767	4,554	4,714	4,693	17,339	17,339	298
19	27,605	39,500	47,925	46,974	1,695	1,913	1,227	2,429	5,802	3,864	4,019	4,022	15,355	15,355	269
20	25,006	36,206	44,112	43,228	1,334	1,524	1,014	1,974	4,994	3,292	3,442	3,465	13,641	13,641	244
21	22,711	33,269	40,696	39,873	1,050	1,215	841	1,606	4,312	2,814	2,959	2,997	12,153	12,153	220
22	20,674	30,638	37,618	36,852	826	968	700	1,308	3,733	2,413	2,552	2,602	10,854	10,854	199
23	18,857	28,269	34,833	34,120	648	771	585	1,065	3,239	2,075	2,207	2,267	9,713	9,713	180
24	17,228	26,126	32,302	31,639	508	613	490	867	2,815	1,787	1,914	1,980	8,707	8,707	163
25	15,764	24,182	29,994	29,377	398	487	411	705	2,451	1,543	1,663	1,734	7,817	7,817	148
26	14,442	22,410	27,882	27,309	310	386	346	573	2,136	1,333	1,447	1,522	7,027	7,027	134
27	13,246	20,792	25,944	25,412	242	305	291	466	1,864	1,154	1,261	1,338	6,323	6,323	121
28	12,160	19,309	24,161	23,667	187	241	246	377	1,628	999	1,101	1,179	5,694	5,694	109
29	11,171	17,947	22,517	22,058	145	190	208	306	1,422	866	961	1,039	5,132	5,132	99
30	10,270	16,693	20,997	20,572	112	149	175	247	1,243	751	841	918	4,627	4,627	90
31	9,447	15,536	19,590	19,196	86	117	148	199	1,086	652	735	811	4,174	4,174	81
32	8,693	14,467	18,284	17,919	66	91	125	160	950	565	644	718	3,766	3,766	73
33	8,002	13,477	17,072	16,734	50	71	106	129	830	491	563	635	3,399	3,399	66
34	7,368	12,560	15,943	15,632	38	55	90	103	725	426	493	563	3,067	3,067	60
35	6,785	11,708	14,892	14,605	29	42	76	82	634	369	432	499	2,768	2,768	54
36	6,249	10,916	13,913	13,648	22	33	64	66	554	320	378	442	2,498	2,498	49
37	5,755	10,179	12,998	12,754	16	25	54	52	483	277	331	392	2,254	2,254	45
38	5,300	9,493	12,144	11,920	12	19	46	41	422	240	290	348	2,033	2,033	40
39	4,881	8,854	11,346	11,140	9	15	39	33	367	208	254	309	1,833	1,833	36
40	4,494	8,258	10,599	10,411	7	11	33	26	320	180	222	274	1,652	1,652	33
41	4,137	7,701	9,901	9,729	5	8	28	20	279	156	194	243	1,488	1,488	30
42	3,808	7,181	9,247	9,090	4	6	23	16	242	134	169	215	1,340	1,340	27
43	3,504	6,696	8,635	8,491	3	5	20	12	210	116	148	191	1,206	1,206	24
44	3,223	6,242	8,061	7,931	2	3	16	10	183	100	129	169	1,085	1,085	22
45	2,963	5,818	7,524	7,406	1	3	14	7	158	86	113	150	975	975	20
46	2,724	5,422	7,020	6,913	1	2	12	6	137	74	98	133	876	876	18
47	2,502	5,051	6,548	6,452	1	1	10	4	119	64	85	117	786	786	16
48	2,298	4,704	6,106	6,019	1	1	8	3	103	55	74	104	705	705	15
49	2,109	4,380	5,692	5,614	1	1	7	3	88	47	65	92	632	632	13
50	1,935	4,077	5,303	5,234	1	1	6	2	76	40	56	81	566	566	12
51	1,774	3,793	4,940	4,878	1	1	5	1	66	34	49	72	507	507	11
52	1,626	3,528	4,599	4,544	1	1	4	1	56	29	42	63	453	453	10
53	1,489	3,280	4,280	4,232	1	1	3	1	48	25	36	56	405	405	9
54	1,363	3,049	3,981	3,939	1	1	3	1	42	21	31	49	361	361	8
55	1,247	2,832	3,701	3,664	1	1	2	1	36	18	27	43	322	322	7
56	1,140	2,630	3,440	3,408	1	1	2	1	30	15	23	38	287	287	7
57	1,041	2,441	3,195	3,167	1	1	2	1	26	13	20	34	255	255	6
58	951	2,264	2,966	2,942	1	1	1	1	22	11	17	29	227	227	5
59	868	2,099	2,752	2,732	1	1	1	1	19	9	15	26	202	202	5
60	791	1,945	2,552	2,536	1	1	1	1	16	8	13	23	179	179	4
61	721	1,802	2,365	2,352	1	1	1	1	14	7	11	20	158	158	4
62	656	1,668	2,191	2,180	1	1	1	1	11	6	9	17	140	140	4
63	597	1,544	2,028	2,020	1	1	1	1	10	5	8	15	124	124	3
64	543	1,427	1,877	1,871	1	1	1	1	8	4	7	13	110	110	3
65	493	1,319	1,735	1,731	1	1	1	1	7	3	6	12	97	97	3
66	447	1,219	1,604	1,601	1	1	1	1	6	3	5	10	85	85	2
67	406	1,125	1,481	1,480	1	1	1	1	5	2	4	9	75	75	2
68	368	1,038	1,367	1,367	1	1	1	1	4	2	4	8	66	66	2
69	333	957	1,261	1,262	1	1	1	1	3	2	3	7	58	58	2
70	301	882	1,162	1,165	1	1	1	1	3	1	3	6	51	51	2

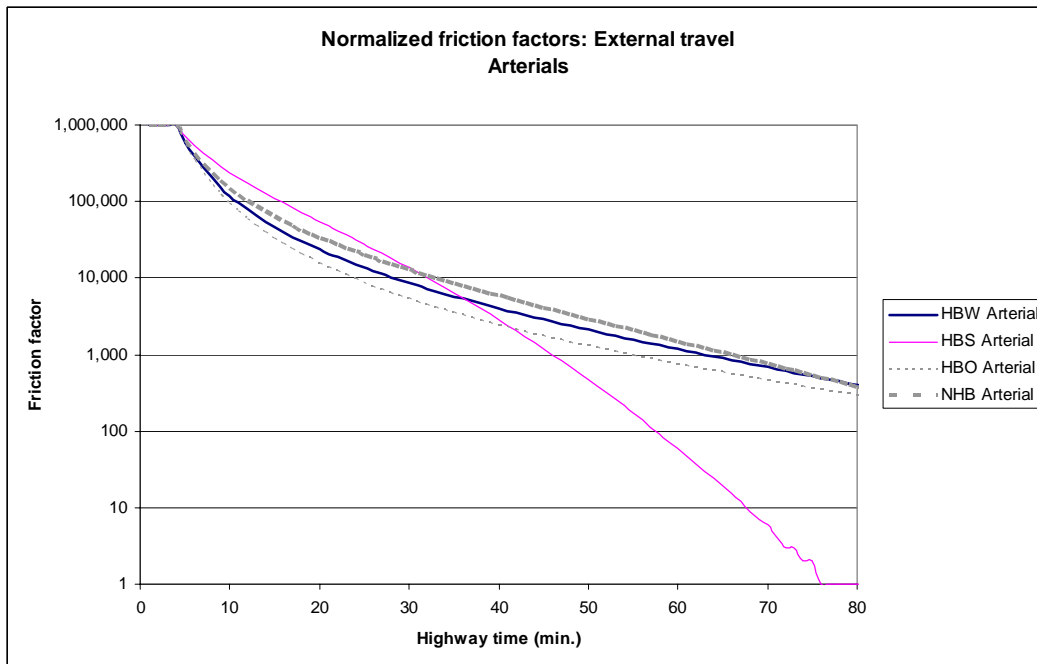
Ref: v22_f_factors.xls

Figure 5-6 Friction factors for external travel on interstates



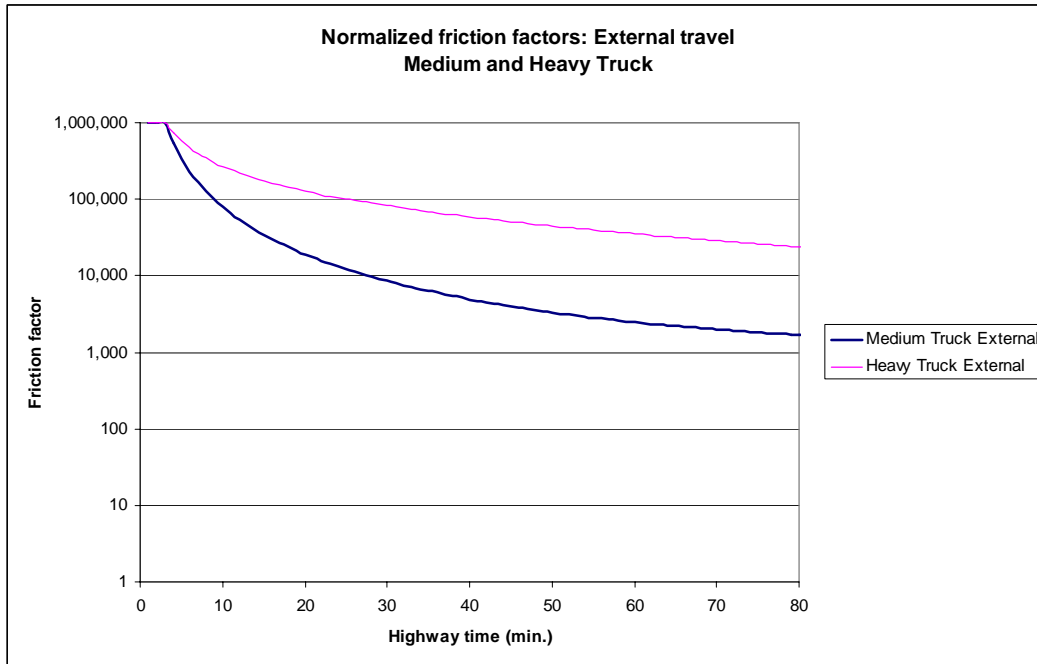
Ref: v22_f_factors.xls

Figure 5-7 Friction factors for external travel on arterials



Ref: v22_f_factors.xls

Figure 5-8 Friction factors for external travel: Heavy and medium truck



Ref: v22_f_factors.xls

Table 5-4 Friction factors for external travel: Interstate, arterial, medium & heavy truck, commercial vehicles

Highway Time (min)	HBW Interstate	HBS Interstate	HBO Interstate	NHB Interstate	HBW Arterial	HBS Arterial	HBO Arterial	NHB Arterial	Medium Truck External	Heavy Truck External	Comm Vehs
1	984,609	984,609	984,609	984,609	984,609	984,609	984,609	984,609	984,609	984,609	1,629
2	984,609	984,609	984,609	984,609	984,609	984,609	984,609	984,609	984,609	984,609	1,474
3	984,609	984,609	984,609	984,609	984,609	984,609	984,609	984,609	984,609	984,609	1,333
4	554,679	777,594	615,654	570,003	984,609	984,609	984,609	984,609	539,457	723,621	1,207
5	355,325	641,659	427,667	372,910	590,136	709,738	556,119	622,434	338,371	569,788	1,092
6	246,882	543,380	317,518	263,572	388,216	539,905	348,612	427,490	231,213	468,652	988
7	181,418	467,715	246,809	196,487	272,306	425,824	234,823	310,836	167,614	397,234	894
8	138,887	406,863	198,396	152,294	200,170	344,544	166,714	235,615	126,889	344,185	809
9	109,702	356,371	163,619	121,600	152,496	284,052	123,206	184,340	99,294	303,267	732
10	88,811	313,505	137,691	99,391	119,490	237,502	93,977	147,852	79,760	270,769	662
11	73,343	276,499	117,780	82,787	95,778	200,729	73,538	120,982	65,442	244,351	599
12	61,571	244,160	102,114	70,039	78,219	171,065	58,769	100,633	54,643	222,462	542
13	52,404	215,648	89,538	60,031	64,886	146,728	47,805	84,862	46,305	204,035	491
14	45,127	190,357	79,269	52,027	54,546	126,484	39,474	72,397	39,735	188,314	444
15	39,254	167,832	70,762	45,522	46,379	109,454	33,020	62,377	34,470	174,746	402
16	34,444	147,722	63,624	40,161	39,827	94,994	27,933	54,206	30,188	162,919	363
17	30,457	129,747	57,568	35,689	34,498	82,624	23,864	47,458	26,659	152,520	329
18	27,114	113,682	52,381	31,919	30,111	71,975	20,567	41,823	23,718	143,305	298
19	24,284	99,334	47,898	28,709	26,461	62,763	17,863	37,070	21,242	135,084	269
20	21,868	86,539	43,995	25,954	23,394	54,761	15,623	33,026	19,138	127,704	244
21	19,787	75,154	40,573	23,571	20,795	47,789	13,749	29,558	17,336	121,043	220
22	17,983	65,048	37,553	21,495	18,575	41,699	12,169	26,562	15,781	115,001	199
23	16,410	56,104	34,873	19,675	16,667	36,370	10,826	23,959	14,430	109,495	180
24	15,028	48,213	32,482	18,071	15,014	31,701	9,676	21,682	13,249	104,457	163
25	13,808	41,278	30,339	16,650	13,576	27,607	8,686	19,681	12,211	99,829	148
26	12,727	35,203	28,410	15,384	12,316	24,016	7,828	17,913	11,294	95,564	134
27	11,763	29,905	26,666	14,252	11,208	20,866	7,080	16,344	10,479	91,619	121
28	10,901	25,301	25,083	13,235	10,229	18,104	6,426	14,947	9,754	87,961	109
29	10,126	21,318	23,642	12,319	9,359	15,684	5,850	13,697	9,104	84,558	99
30	9,427	17,888	22,325	11,489	8,585	13,565	5,341	12,576	8,519	81,385	90
31	8,795	14,946	21,119	10,736	7,892	11,712	4,890	11,566	7,993	78,419	81
32	8,221	12,435	20,010	10,051	7,270	10,093	4,488	10,654	7,516	75,641	73
33	7,699	10,301	18,989	9,425	6,710	8,681	4,129	9,828	7,083	73,032	66
34	7,222	8,495	18,045	8,852	6,205	7,452	3,807	9,079	6,690	70,577	60
35	6,785	6,976	17,172	8,326	5,747	6,383	3,517	8,396	6,330	68,264	54
36	6,384	5,702	16,361	7,841	5,331	5,456	3,256	7,774	6,001	66,080	49
37	6,016	4,641	15,607	7,395	4,953	4,653	3,019	7,206	5,699	64,014	45
38	5,676	3,760	14,905	6,982	4,608	3,959	2,805	6,685	5,422	62,057	40
39	5,362	3,032	14,249	6,600	4,292	3,361	2,610	6,207	5,166	60,201	36
40	5,071	2,434	13,636	6,245	4,003	2,846	2,432	5,768	4,930	58,437	33
41	4,802	1,945	13,062	5,916	3,738	2,404	2,270	5,364	4,712	56,759	30
42	4,552	1,547	12,524	5,609	3,494	2,026	2,121	4,992	4,510	55,161	27
43	4,319	1,225	12,017	5,323	3,269	1,703	1,985	4,648	4,322	53,636	24
44	4,101	965	11,541	5,055	3,061	1,428	1,860	4,330	4,147	52,181	22
45	3,899	757	11,092	4,805	2,869	1,194	1,745	4,037	3,984	50,789	20
46	3,709	591	10,669	4,571	2,692	996	1,639	3,764	3,833	49,458	18
47	3,531	459	10,269	4,351	2,527	829	1,540	3,512	3,691	48,182	16
48	3,365	355	9,890	4,145	2,374	687	1,450	3,278	3,558	46,959	15
49	3,209	273	9,532	3,951	2,232	569	1,365	3,060	3,434	45,786	13
50	3,062	209	9,192	3,768	2,100	469	1,287	2,858	3,318	44,658	12
51	2,924	160	8,869	3,596	1,977	386	1,215	2,670	3,209	43,574	11
52	2,793	121	8,563	3,434	1,862	317	1,147	2,495	3,106	42,531	10
53	2,671	91	8,271	3,280	1,755	259	1,084	2,332	3,009	41,526	9
54	2,555	69	7,994	3,135	1,655	212	1,026	2,180	2,919	40,558	8
55	2,445	51	7,730	2,998	1,561	172	971	2,038	2,833	39,625	7
56	2,342	38	7,478	2,868	1,473	140	920	1,905	2,752	38,724	7
57	2,243	28	7,237	2,745	1,391	113	872	1,782	2,676	37,854	6
58	2,150	21	7,008	2,628	1,314	91	827	1,666	2,604	37,013	5
59	2,062	15	6,788	2,518	1,242	73	785	1,558	2,535	36,199	5
60	1,979	11	6,578	2,412	1,174	59	745	1,458	2,471	35,413	4
61	1,899	8	6,377	2,312	1,110	47	708	1,363	2,410	34,651	4
62	1,824	6	6,184	2,217	1,050	38	673	1,275	2,352	33,913	4
63	1,752	4	5,999	2,127	993	30	641	1,193	2,297	33,198	3
64	1,683	3	5,822	2,040	940	24	610	1,115	2,245	32,505	3
65	1,618	2	5,652	1,958	890	19	580	1,043	2,195	31,832	3
66	1,556	2	5,489	1,880	843	15	553	976	2,148	31,179	2
67	1,497	1	5,332	1,805	798	12	527	912	2,104	30,544	2
68	1,440	1	5,181	1,733	756	9	502	853	2,061	29,928	2
69	1,386	1	5,035	1,665	717	7	479	798	2,021	29,329	2
70	1,335	1	4,895	1,600	679	6	457	746	1,983	28,747	2

Ref: v22_f_factors.xls

Chapter 6 Mode Choice

The Version 2.2 mode choice model is identical to that used in the Version 2.1D#50 model except that many of the geographic adjustment factors used to fine-tune transit percentages and car occupancies at county-to county levels have been removed. This chapter details the specification of the model.

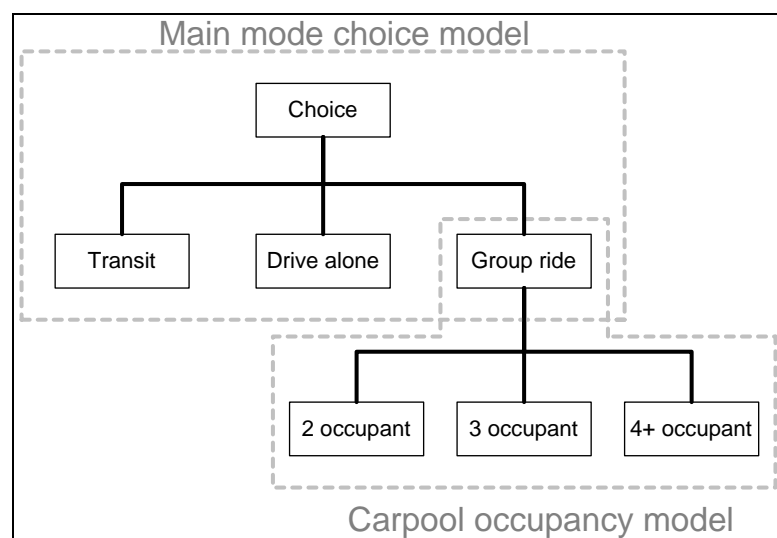
6.1 Model Structure

The mode choice model estimates the share of person trips made by each travel mode. Estimates are made at the zone-to-zone interchange level, but are usually presented at the jurisdiction interchange level or regional level. The following modes are represented in the Version 2.2 model:

- TR Transit
- DA Drive alone
- GR2 Group ride, two occupants
- GR3 Group ride, three occupants
- GR4 Group ride, four or more occupants

There are four separate and distinct mode choice models -- one for each trip purpose: HBW, HBS, HBO, and NHB. Each of the four models is comprised of two sub-models: a “main mode choice model” and a “carpool occupancy model.” The main mode choice model allocates person trips among transit, drive alone, and group ride (carpool) modes. The carpool occupancy model allocates group-ride person trips among 2-person carpool, 3-person carpool, and 4+person carpool modes. The structure of the COG/TPB mode choice model (Versions 1, 2, 2.0, 2.1D, and 2.2) is shown in Figure 6-1. Each sub-model is a multinomial logit model. The two sub-models are applied in a sequential manner, so the model form is referred to as a “sequential multinomial logit model.” The carpool occupancy model is executed first. The resulting occupancy information is then used within the main model to determine average costs associated with each person in the carpool mode.

Figure 6-1 Structure of the COG/TPB mode choice model



mestruct.vsd

Market segmentation in the mode choice models is established on the basis of household vehicle ownership, access mode to transit, and the walking distance to/from transit service. Vehicle ownership is defined as the number of vehicles available to a household (0, 1, or 2+). There are three general access mode types:

Table 6-1 Access modes used in the mode choice model

Access mode	Description
Walk-access	Both ends of the trip are within walking distance of transit
Drive-access	The origin end of the trip is beyond walking distance to transit
No access	The destination end of the trip is beyond walking distance to transit, so transit cannot be used for the trip

Walking distance to/from transit is defined as being either “short” or “long,” based on the following definitions:

Table 6-2 Definition of short and long walk to transit

Distance to a rail station	Distance to a bus stop	Walking distance to/from transit
0 - 0.33 miles	Any	Short
0.33 - 1.00 miles	Any	Long
> 1.00 mile	0 - 0.33 miles	Short
> 1.00 mile	0.33 - 1.00 miles	Long
> 1.00 mile	> 1.00 mile	Beyond walking distance to/from transit

Thus, each zone is made up of zero or more short-walk areas, zero or more long-walk areas, and zero or more beyond-walking-distance areas. This market segmentation by walking distance to/from transit is referred to as the “two-tier walk-access” segmentation, since there are two main types of walk access: short and long. Distances are straight-line distances (“as the crow flies”).

6.2 Treatment of Parking Costs and Terminal Times

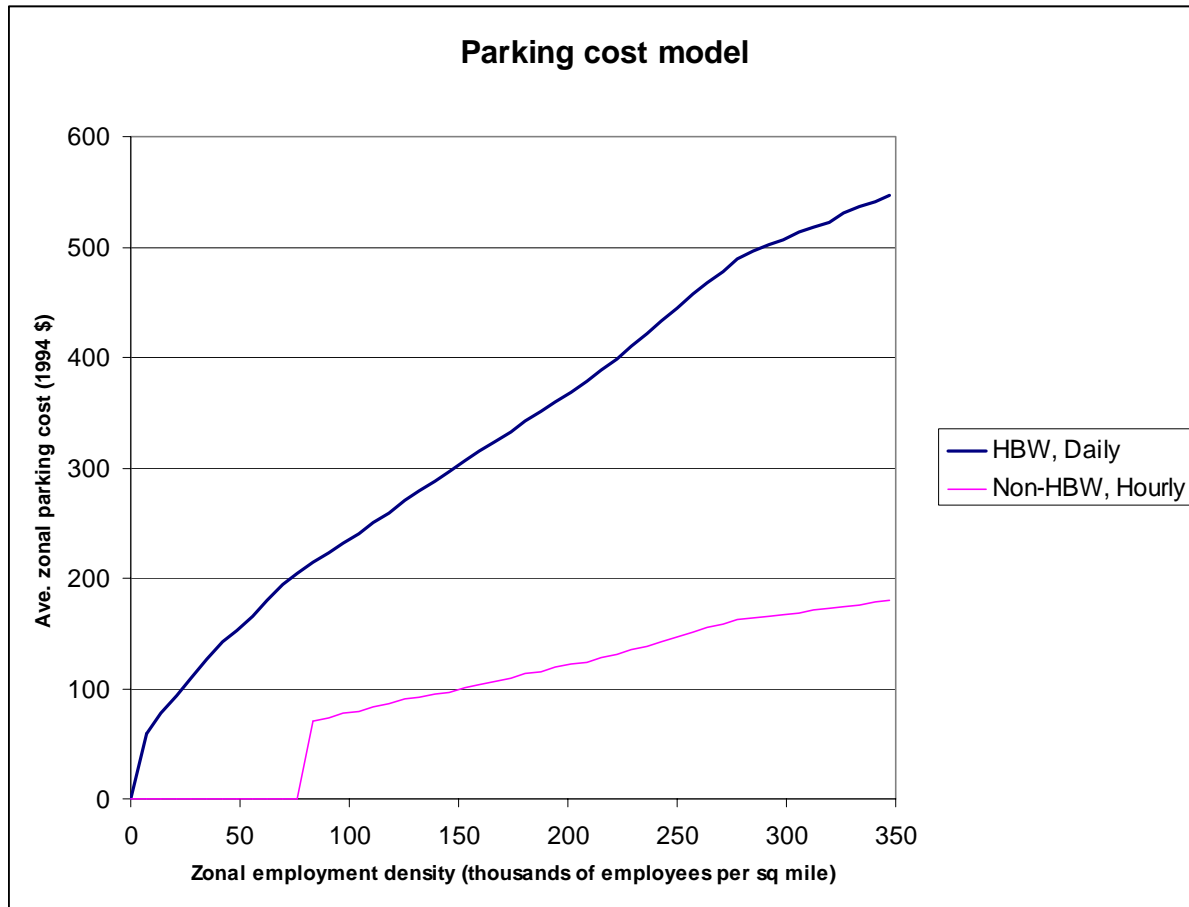
Parking costs and highway terminal time assumptions

In applying the Version 2.2 model, prior to the execution of the mode choice model programs are used to generate zonal files containing zonal parking costs and highway terminal times. The files are, in turn, read into the mode choice model upon execution. A graph of daily HBW and hourly non-HBW parking costs, as a function of zonal employment density, is shown in Figure 6-2. The non-HBW hourly parking cost is assumed to be one-third of the daily HBW rate, subject to a minimum employment density of 80,000 employees per sq. mile.

Highway terminal time is typically associated with the average time spent parking or un-parking an automobile. The current mode choice model application program considers highway terminal time only at the attraction end (i.e. highway terminal time associated with trip origins is not considered at all). Highway time is calculated as a function of employment density, as shown in the table below:

Employment density range (Emp/Sq. Mi.)	Highway terminal time (minutes)
0 - 4,617	1
4,618 - 6,631	2
6,632 - 11,562	4
11,563 - 32,985	6
32,986 +	8

Figure 6-2 Parking cost model for the Version 2.1 D #50 model set



parkingCostModelUpdate.xls

The final set of adjusted mode choice models is shown in Table 6-3 through Table 6-10.

Table 6-3 Final adjusted HBW mode choice model (main model)

Utility			Variable name	Alogit coeff name	Coeff.
TR	DA	GR			
x	x	x	IVTT	IVTT	-0.03000
x			OVTT	OVTT	-0.07500
x	x	x	Cost	Cost	-0.00425
	x		0-veh HH dummy	ve0dumda	-4.83100
	x		1-veh HH dummy	ve1dumda	-0.85460
	x		2+veh HH dummy	ve2dumda	0.08240
		x	0-veh HH dummy	ve0dumgr	-4.61750
		x	1-veh HH dummy	ve1dumgr	-2.40710
		x	2+veh HH dummy	ve2dumgr	-1.89790
x*			0-veh HH & drv acc dummy		-2.04990
x*			1-veh HH & drv acc dummy	ve1autacc	-0.58760
x*			2+veh HH & drv acc dummy	ve2autacc	-0.35710
x			Land-use mix index, prod end	LUMixiTR	4.449E-05
	x		Land-use mix index, attr end	LUMixjDA	-2.518E-05
Value of time**					\$4.23
OVTT / IVTT					2.50

Notes:

* This variable relates to only drive-access transit trips.

** For the work purpose, one would expect a VOT between \$4.44 and \$8.88 in 1994 dollars.

VOT = 0.60 * (IVTT/Cost), where 0.60 converts cents/min to dollars/hour

Ref: adj_dab_mb.xls, final

Table 6-4 Final adjusted HBW mode choice model (carpool occupancy model)

Utility			Variable name	Alogit coeff name	Coeff.
2	3	4+			
x	x	x	Operating cost	opcost	-0.01124
x	x	x	Parking cost	pkcost	-0.02318
x	x	x	Toll	toll	-0.05077
	x	x	Time saved by HOV3+ relat. to HOV2	timsav	0.03611
	x		1-vehicle HH dummy	Oc31vdum	-1.47162
	x		2+vehicle HH dummy	Oc32vdum	-1.88085
		x	1-vehicle HH dummy	Oc41vdum	-3.04973
		x	2+vehicle HH dummy	Oc42vdum	-2.54494

Ref: adj_dab_mb.xls, final

Table 6-5 Final adjusted HBS mode choice model (main model)

Utility			Variable name	Alogit coeff name	Coeff.
TR	DA	GR			
x	x	x	IVTT	IVTT	-0.00912
x			OVTT	OVTT	-0.02432
x	x	x	Cost	Cost	-0.00416
	x		0-veh HH dummy	ve0dumda	-3.03700
	x		1-veh HH dummy	ve1dumda	2.27200
	x		2+veh HH dummy	ve2dumda	3.75100
		x	0-veh HH dummy	ve0dumgr	-0.88800
		x	1-veh HH dummy	ve1dumgr	1.92900
		x	2+veh HH dummy	ve2dumgr	3.50700
x*			0-veh HH & drv acc dummy		-2.90000
x*			1-veh HH & drv acc dummy		0.00000
x*			2+veh HH & drv acc dummy		2.00000
x			Land-use mix index, attr end	LUmixjTR	4.869E-05
	x		Land-use mix index, prod end	LUmixiDA	2.627E-05
	x		Land-use mix index, attr end	LUmixjDA	2.438E-05
x			Metro rail use dummy	metro dum	0.84404
Value of time**					\$1.31
OVTT / IVTT					2.67

Notes:

* This variable relates to only drive-access transit trips.

** For non-work trips, one would expect a VOT between \$1.11 and \$4.44 in 1994 dollars.

VOT = 0.60 * (IVTT/Cost), where 0.60 converts cents/min to dollars/hour

Ref: adj_dab_mb.xls, final

Table 6-6 Final adjusted HBS mode choice model (carpool occupancy model)

Utility			Variable name	Alogit coeff name	Coeff.
2	3	4+			
x	x	x	IVTT	IVTT	-0.45633
	x		1-vehicle HH dummy	Oc31vdum	-0.92201
	x		2+vehicle HH dummy	Oc32vdum	-0.48966
		x	1-vehicle HH dummy	Oc41vdum	-1.51854
		x	2+vehicle HH dummy	Oc42vdum	-0.84071

Ref: adj_dab_mb.xls, final

Table 6-7 Final adjusted HBO mode choice model (main model)

Utility			Variable name	Alogit coeff name	Coeff.
TR	DA	GR			
x	x	x	IVTT	IVTT	-0.01902
x			OVTT	OVTT	-0.04991
x	x	x	LnCost	LnCost	-0.78384
	x		0-veh HH dummy	ve0dumda	-4.35730
	x		1-veh HH dummy	ve1dumda	0.00470
	x		2+veh HH dummy	ve2dumda	0.31110
		x	0-veh HH dummy	ve0dumgr	-3.19380
		x	1-veh HH dummy	ve1dumgr	-0.50410
		x	2+veh HH dummy	ve2dumgr	0.04990
x*			0-veh HH & drv acc dummy		-2.90000
x*			1-veh HH & drv acc dummy		-1.10000
x*			2+veh HH & drv acc dummy		-0.65000
x			Land-use mix index, prod end	LUmixiTR	5.194E-05
x			Land-use mix index, attr end	LUmixjTR	2.307E-05
	x		Land-use mix index, prod end	LUmixiDA	2.585E-05
	x		Land-use mix index, attr end	LUmixjDA	2.171E-05
x			Metrorail use dummy	fmetdum	0.69708
x			Short walk to short walk dummy	SWtoSWmkt	0.41346
Value of time**					\$0.74
OVTT / IVTT					2.62
Average cost, cents/trip, 1994 \$				51.06	

Notes:

* This variable relates to only drive-access transit trips.

** For the non-work purpose, one would expect a VOT between \$1.11 and \$4.44 in 1994 dollars.

VOT w/ ln(cost) = 0.60 * (ave. trip cost) * (Time/Cost).

Ref: adj_dab_mb.xls, final

Table 6-8 Final adjusted HBO mode choice model (carpool occupancy model)

Utility			Variable name	Alogit coeff name	Coeff.
2	3	4+			
x	x	x	IVTT	IVTT	-0.68530
	x		1-vehicle HH dummy	Oc31vdum	-0.31756
	x		2+vehicle HH dummy	Oc32vdum	-0.15151
		x	2+vehicle HH dummy	Oc42vdum	0.21854

Ref: adj_dab_mb.xls, final

Table 6-9 Final adjusted NHB mode choice model (main model)

Utility			Variable name	Alogit coeff name	Coeff.
TR	DA	GR			
	x		Constant	DAconst	0.85410
		x	Constant	GRconst	-0.07600
x*			Drive-access transit dummy		-1.40000
x	x	x	IVTT	IVTT	-0.03242
x			OVTT	OVTT	-0.06695
x	x	x	LnCost	LnCost	-0.86043
x			Land-use mix index, attr end	TRLUmixj	1.659E-05
	x		Land-use mix index, prod end	DALUmixi	1.369E-05
		x	Land-use mix index, attr end	DALUmixj	1.300E-05
x			Metrorail use dummy	Metrodum	1.47447
x			Short walk to short walk dummy	SWtoSWmkt	0.76998
Value of time**					\$1.46
OVTT / IVTT					2.07
Average cost, cents/trip, 1994 \$				64.63	

Notes:

* This variable relates to only drive-access transit trips.

** For the non-work purpose, one would expect a VOT between \$1.11 and \$4.44 in 1994 dollars.

VOT w/ $\ln(\text{cost}) = 0.60 * (\text{ave. trip cost}) * (\text{Time/Cost})$.

Ref: adj_dab_mb.xls, final

Table 6-10 adjusted NHB mode choice model (carpool occupancy model)

Utility			Variable name	Alogit coeff name	Coeff.
2	3	4+			
	x		Constant	Const3oc	-0.92477
		x	Constant	Const4oc	-1.41003
	x	x	IVTT	IVTT	-0.00709
x	x		Highway distance	hwydst	-0.00187

Ref: adj_dab_mb.xls, final

Chapter 7 Time-of-Day Model

The Version 2.2 time-of-day model functions to apportion daily vehicle trips among three time modeled periods, prior to the traffic assignment step. Peak-hour factors corresponding to the three time periods are also required to support the traffic assignment process. This chapter presents the details of the model and the development of the peaking factors.

7.1 Model Structure

The Time-of-Day Model addresses the temporal dimension of travel subsequent to the mode choice step. The time of day model functions to convert daily trips by purpose and mode to specific time periods, in preparation for the traffic assignment step. The modeled time periods are defined as the AM peak period (6-9AM), PM peak period (4-7PM) and the off-peak period (all remaining hours).

The conversion of daily trips for the resident trip purposes (HBW, HBS, HBO, and NHB) are made with the application of temporal factors that have been developed directly from the HTS. The factors, shown as Table 7-2, have been developed from detailed trips-in-motion summaries. The factors are applied on the basis of purpose, mode, and direction of the trip, with respect to the home-end of the trip.

The truck and various non-modeled auto driver travel markets are also converted from daily trip tables to the three time periods using a system of temporal factors. The factors are summarized in Table 7-1.

Table 7-1 Version 2.2 Temporal Factors (Percentages) For Truck and Non-Modeled Travel Markets

Time Period	Travel Market							
	X-X Truck	Medium Truck	Heavy Truck	X-X Auto Dr	Taxi Auto Dr	Tourist Auto Dr	School Auto Dr	Airport Auto Dr
AM	23.00	19.50	15.40	18.00	9.00	33.00	33.00	18.00
PM	11.00	15.20	13.00	22.00	27.00	33.00	33.00	29.00
Off-Peak	66.00	65.30	71.60	60.00	64.00	34.00	34.00	53.00

The temporal medium and heavy truck factors above were derived from the most recent Federal guidance on freight modeling⁵. The through (X-X) truck factors were developed from the 1996 COG Truck External Survey. The remaining temporal factors were based on professional judgment.

The daily commercial vehicle trips are apportioned among the AM, PM, and off-peak periods based on a 23%, 27%, and 50% split, respectively. The directional production/attraction split within the AM, PM, and off-peak periods is 70/30, 30/70, and 50/50, respectively. It should be added that the resulting trips are subject to small trip increments (or 'deltas') that are added to the modeled trips on an i/j basis in order to better match observed commercial link volumes. The delta

⁵ Quick Response Freight Manual, TMIP, Sept. 1996, (pg 4-38)

trips were developed separately for internal and external trips through a rigorous calibration process called adaptable assignment (Allen, 2005B).

In application these factors are assumed to remain *constant* over time. Although it is reasonable to expect, that congestion will encourage traffic spreading from the AM and PM periods to the off-peak, the peak spreading phenomenon is complex and not well understood in the profession. Instead of addressing this issue in the regional model, TPB accounts for peak spreading issues in its travel model post-processor (a.k.a. the mobile emissions post processor), where hourly volume and speed estimates are formulated.

Another important temporal parameter in the traffic assignment process is the peaking factor, which is the proportion of traffic in a given time period which occurs in the peak hour. Link speeds are a function of the volume-to-capacity (V/C) ratio. The peaking factor is necessary for converting hourly lane capacities into 'period lane capacities', from which V/C ratios are computed. The Version 2.2 model requires peaking factors for the AM, PM, and Off-peak time periods. To arrive at regionally appropriate peaking factors, an analysis of total auto driver trips from the HTS was summarized to the modeled time periods. The maximum hourly volume occurring within each time period was then determined. The resulting peaking factors are shown below.

Peak Hour Factors (Percentages)	
AM Period (6:00-9:00AM):	40%
PM Period (4:00-7:00PM):	37%
Off-Peak (All Other Hours):	12%

Table 7-2 Observed travel distributions during peak and non-peak time periods by purpose, mode, and direction

(Source: 1994 COG/TPB Household Travel Survey)

Purpose	Mode	Home to Non-Home Direction				Non-Home to Home Direction			
		AM Pk Prd. 6-9AM	PM Pk. Prd. 4-7PM	Non-Pk. Prd.	Total	AM Pk Prd. 6-9AM	PM Pk. Prd. 4-7PM	Non-Pk. Prd.	Total
HBW	Transit	71%	5%	25%	100%	1%	72%	27%	100%
	Auto Driver	68%	3%	30%	100%	1%	63%	35%	100%
	Auto Passenger	74%	4%	23%	100%	1%	69%	30%	100%
	Auto Person	69%	3%	29%	100%	1%	64%	35%	100%
	Drive Alone	66%	3%	31%	100%	2%	61%	37%	100%
	Carpool Person	75%	3%	22%	100%	1%	72%	27%	100%
	Motorized Person	69%	3%	28%	100%	1%	66%	33%	100%
HBS	Transit	24%	15%	62%	100%	2%	35%	64%	100%
	Auto Driver	11%	21%	69%	100%	2%	32%	67%	100%
	Auto Passenger	5%	28%	68%	100%	0%	32%	67%	100%
	Auto Person	9%	22%	69%	100%	2%	32%	67%	100%
	Drive Alone	13%	18%	69%	100%	2%	32%	66%	100%
	Carpool Person	6%	27%	68%	100%	1%	31%	68%	100%
	Motorized Person	10%	22%	69%	100%	2%	31%	67%	100%
HBO	Transit	38%	13%	49%	100%	2%	35%	63%	100%
	Auto Driver	24%	21%	54%	100%	5%	29%	67%	100%
	Auto Passenger	31%	28%	41%	100%	1%	30%	69%	100%
	Auto Person	27%	23%	50%	100%	4%	29%	67%	100%
	Drive Alone	23%	19%	58%	100%	7%	26%	68%	100%
	Carpool Person	29%	27%	45%	100%	2%	32%	67%	100%
	Motorized Person	34%	21%	46%	100%	3%	28%	69%	100%
NHB	Transit	14%	31%	55%	100%	14%	31%	55%	100%
	Auto Driver	9%	27%	65%	100%	9%	27%	65%	100%
	Auto Passenger	8%	27%	65%	100%	8%	27%	65%	100%
	Auto Person	8%	27%	65%	100%	8%	27%	65%	100%
	Drive Alone	9%	26%	65%	100%	9%	26%	65%	100%
	Carpool Person	7%	28%	65%	100%	7%	28%	65%	100%
	Motorized Person	9%	25%	66%	100%	9%	25%	66%	100%

Note: The distributions shown are based on time-in-motion summaries.

Ref: todpkftr.xls

Chapter 8 Traffic Assignment / Feedback

The traffic assignment step is used to load a trip table onto the highway network in order to producing network link flows and speeds. The process culminates in the estimation of network link volumes, which, in turn, enable the estimation of highway link speeds. The traffic assignment process of the Version 2.2 model is detailed in this chapter.

8.1 Model Application and Structure

The traffic assignment step is executed seven times during a given model run. The first assignment is called the “pump prime” traffic assignment. The last six traffic assignments are called iteration 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, and 6. For each of the seven traffic assignments, there are actually three individual assignments, one for each of the three time-of-day periods: AM (6:00 to 9:00), PM (4:00 to 7:00), and off-peak (the remaining 18 hours of the day). The trips loaded in each time period are comprised of *all* purposes, as allocated by the time-of-day model. Each individual assignment run utilizes a user equilibrium algorithm that is run for 20 iterations. The algorithm used in the equilibrium approach attempts to increasingly minimize the delay of all trips in the system with each iteration pass. An important component of the equilibrium assignment process is the volume-delay function (VDF). VDFs are used to develop link speeds at the end of each loading pass. It represents the ratio of congested travel time to the free-flow time as a function of the volume-to-capacity (V/C) ratio. The function typically varies by facility type. Another important property of the function is the capacity definition: in this case, volume reaches capacity at a V/C ratio of 1.0, where the capacity is the level-of-service (LOS) ‘E’ capacity. The restrained speed calculation is also subject to the assumed free flow speeds and capacity assumptions, which vary by facility type and area type. The Version 2.2 capacities and free flow speeds are defined in Table 8-1 and Table 8-2.

Conical volume delay functions are a class of “well behaved” volume delay functions. Spiess (1989) lists a number of characteristics that define a set of “well behaved” functions, including:

1. Function is strictly increasing. This is a necessary condition for the assignment to converge to a unique solution.
2. Capacity is defined as the volume at which the congested speed is half the free-flow speed.
3. The derivative of the function exists and is strictly increasing.
4. The slope of the function at a V/C ratio of 1 is equal to α

In equation form, the conical VDF is:

Equation 8-1 Conical volume delay function (VDF)

$$\frac{t}{t_0} = f^c(x) = 2 + \sqrt{\alpha^2(1-x)^2 + \beta^2} - \alpha(1-x) - \beta$$

where

α = Slope of the function at V/C = 1 (slope must be > 1.0)

$$\beta = \frac{2\alpha - 1}{2\alpha - 2}$$

$\frac{t}{t_0}$ = Ratio of congested travel time to free - flow travel time

Table 8-3 shows, in tabular form, the conical VDFs used in the Version 2.2 travel model. There is a separate curve for each facility type, although ramps and freeways are assumed to have the same VDF. The conical VDFs are shown in graphical form in Figure 8-1 (for V/C > 1) and Figure 8-2 (for V/C ≤ 1). In reality, no link would ever have a V/C ratio above one. However, in a typical regional travel model, V/C ratios above 1 do occur, so the VDF needs to account for this domain. Figure 8-1 shows the behavior of the Version 2.2 conical VDFs for large V/C ratios (V/C > 1). The curve for freeways is the steepest, followed by expressways, then major arterials, minor arterials, and collectors. A steeper curve means more sensitivity to high V/C ratios, forcing excess traffic off of these facilities. Figure 8-2 shows the behavior of the Version 2.2 conical VDFs for V/Cs less than or equal to one. In this area of V/C ratio, the freeways show the least sensitivity to V/C ratio, but, as the V/C ratio approaches 1, the freeway VDFs have the steepest slope (a slope of 15).

In Figure 8-3, Figure 8-4, Figure 8-5, Figure 8-6, and Figure 8-7, the vertical axis now shows congested speed (not ratio of congested to free-flow travel time). Table 8-4 show the same information as the aforementioned five figures, but in tabular form. One can see that, for freeways, the congested speed drops to about 2 mph at a V/C ratio of 2.00. For arterials, the congested speeds drops to about 2 or 3 mph at a V/C = 2.0. For collectors, speeds drop to about 2 to 4 mph when the V/C ratio hits 2.0. By contrast, in the Version 2.1D #50 travel model, there was a speed “floor” for freeways, such that the minimum speed at for high V/C ratios (V/C > 1.75) was 11 to 13 mph.

In addition to the aforementioned change in VDFs, the Version 2.2 model includes one other major change with respect to the Version 2.1D #50 model: the inclusion of a queuing function, for ramps and freeways only, which was added to mimic the queuing that occurs in congested networks, but is difficult to represent in traditional, link-based static user equilibrium traffic models. One of the motivations behind including this queuing function was to reduce the number of hyper-congested links that occurred in the modeled network. According to this function, which is based on a sigmoid function, a queuing time is added to excessively congested freeway and ramp links. As shown in Figure 8-8, the queuing time ranges from 0 minutes, at low V/Cs (V/C ≤ 0.80) to a maximum of 14 minutes at high V/Cs (above V/C = 1.5).

Thus, previously, congested time was:

Equation 8-2 Congested time without queuing function

$$T_c = T_0 * VDF f(V/C)$$

Now, in the Version 2.2 travel model, for ramps and freeway links:

Equation 8-3 Congested time with queuing function (freeways and ramps only)

$$T_c = [T_0 * VDF f(V/C)] + \text{Queuing Time } f(V/C)$$

The main benefit of the new queuing function is that it prevents hyper-loading of links (i.e., cases where the estimated daily volume exceeds the daily capacity of the link). However, there is a caveat to keep in mind: The link time is independent of link distance, which means the link speed can drop to extremely low levels. For example, a 14-minute delay is a much larger delay on a one-tenth-mile link than on a one-mile link.

The time on the link with a large queuing time, realistically reflects queuing delay that occurs on 'upstream links'. Static assignments are limited in their ability to represent the operational details of traffic. One typically needs to move to dynamic assignments to accurately simulate freeway operations.

Table 8-1 LOS E Capacities

Facility Type		Area Type						
		1	2	3	4	5	6	7
Centroids	FT = 0	3,150	3,150	3,150	3,150	3,150	3,150	3,150
Freeways	FT = 1	1,500	1,600	1,800	1,800	2,000	2,000	2,100
Major Arterials	FT = 2	800	800	960	960	1,260	1,260	1,260
Minor Arterials	FT = 3	500	600	700	840	1,000	1,000	1,000
Collectors	FT = 4	300	400	500	700	700	700	800
Expressways	FT = 5	900	1,000	1,000	1,200	1,500	1,500	1,500
Ramps	FT = 6	1,500	1,600	1,800	1,800	2,000	2,000	2,100

Ref: vdf_v21d.xls

Table 8-2 Free-Flow Speeds

Facility Type		Area Type						
		1	2	3	4	5	6	7
Centroids	FT = 0	15	15	20	25	30	30	35
Freeways	FT = 1	55	55	60	60	67	67	67
Major Arterials	FT = 2	25	25	35	35	40	45	45
Minor Arterials	FT = 3	20	20	30	30	35	40	40
Collectors	FT = 4	15	15	20	20	25	30	30
Expressways	FT = 5	45	45	50	50	50	55	55
Ramps	FT = 6	55	55	60	60	67	67	67

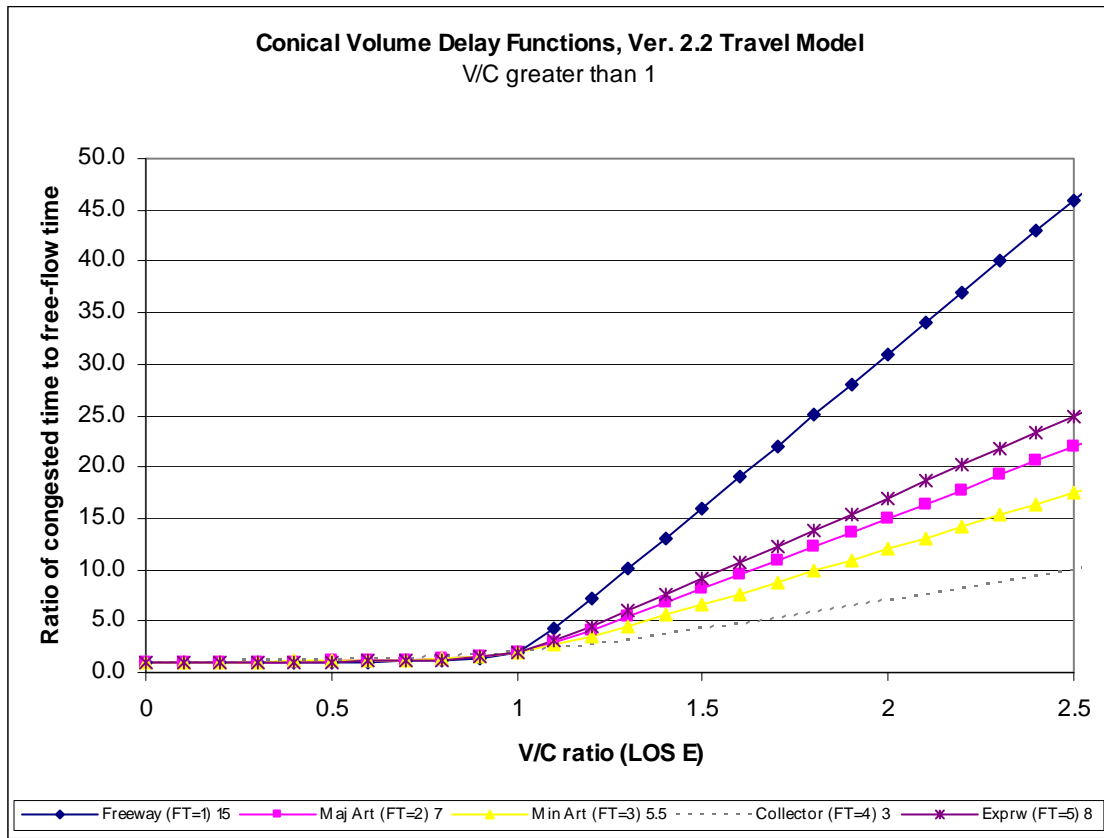
Ref: vdf_v21d.xls

Table 8-3 Conical volume-delay functions used in the Version 2.2 travel model: Tabular format

	Centroid (FT=0)	Freeway (FT=1)	Maj Art (FT=2)	Min Art (FT=3)	Collector (FT=4)	Exprw (FT=5)	Ramps (FT=6)
a		15	7	5.5	3	8	15
b		1.035714	1.083333	1.111111	1.25	1.071429	1.035714
v/c	t/t0	t/t0	t/t0	t/t0	t/t0	t/t0	t/t0
0	1.000	1.000	1.000	1.000	1.000	1.000	1.000
0.1	1.000	1.004	1.009	1.012	1.025	1.008	1.004
0.2	1.000	1.009	1.020	1.027	1.056	1.018	1.009
0.3	1.000	1.015	1.035	1.046	1.094	1.030	1.015
0.4	1.000	1.024	1.054	1.071	1.141	1.047	1.024
0.5	1.000	1.035	1.080	1.105	1.203	1.070	1.035
0.6	1.000	1.053	1.119	1.154	1.283	1.103	1.053
0.7	1.000	1.082	1.180	1.228	1.390	1.157	1.082
0.8	1.000	1.138	1.287	1.352	1.537	1.254	1.138
0.9	1.000	1.287	1.506	1.579	1.735	1.466	1.287
1	1.000	2.000	2.000	2.000	2.000	2.000	2.000
1.1	1.000	4.287	2.906	2.679	2.335	3.066	4.287
1.2	1.000	7.138	4.087	3.552	2.737	4.454	7.138
1.3	1.000	10.082	5.380	4.528	3.190	5.957	10.082
1.4	1.000	13.053	6.719	5.554	3.683	7.503	13.053
1.5	1.000	16.035	8.080	6.605	4.203	9.070	16.035
1.6	1.000	19.024	9.454	7.671	4.741	10.647	19.024
1.7	1.000	22.015	10.835	8.746	5.294	12.230	22.015
1.8	1.000	25.009	12.220	9.827	5.856	13.818	25.009
1.9	1.000	28.004	13.609	10.912	6.425	15.408	28.004
2	1.000	31.000	15.000	12.000	7.000	17.000	31.000
2.1	1.000	33.997	16.393	13.090	7.579	18.594	33.997
2.2	1.000	36.994	17.786	14.182	8.161	20.188	36.994
2.3	1.000	39.992	19.181	15.275	8.745	21.784	39.992
2.4	1.000	42.990	20.576	16.369	9.332	23.380	42.990
2.5	1.000	45.988	21.972	17.463	9.920	24.976	45.988
2.6	1.000	48.987	23.369	18.559	10.510	26.573	48.987
2.7	1.000	51.985	24.766	19.655	11.101	28.171	51.985
2.8	1.000	54.984	26.163	20.751	11.693	29.768	54.984
2.9	1.000	57.983	27.561	21.848	12.285	31.366	57.983
3	1.000	60.982	28.959	22.945	12.879	32.964	60.982
999.9	1.000	60.982	28.959	22.945	12.879	32.964	60.982

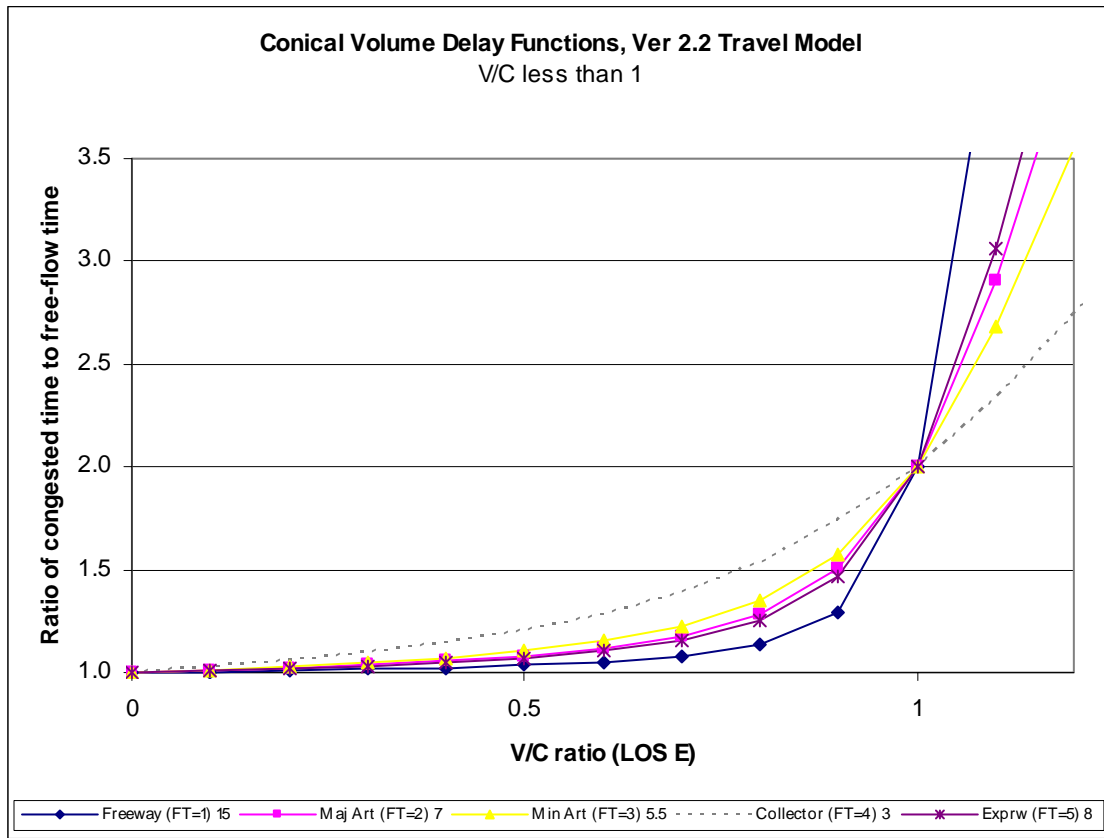
Ref: conical_vdf_v22.xls

Figure 8-1 Conical volume-delay functions used in the Version 2.2 travel model: $V/C > 1$



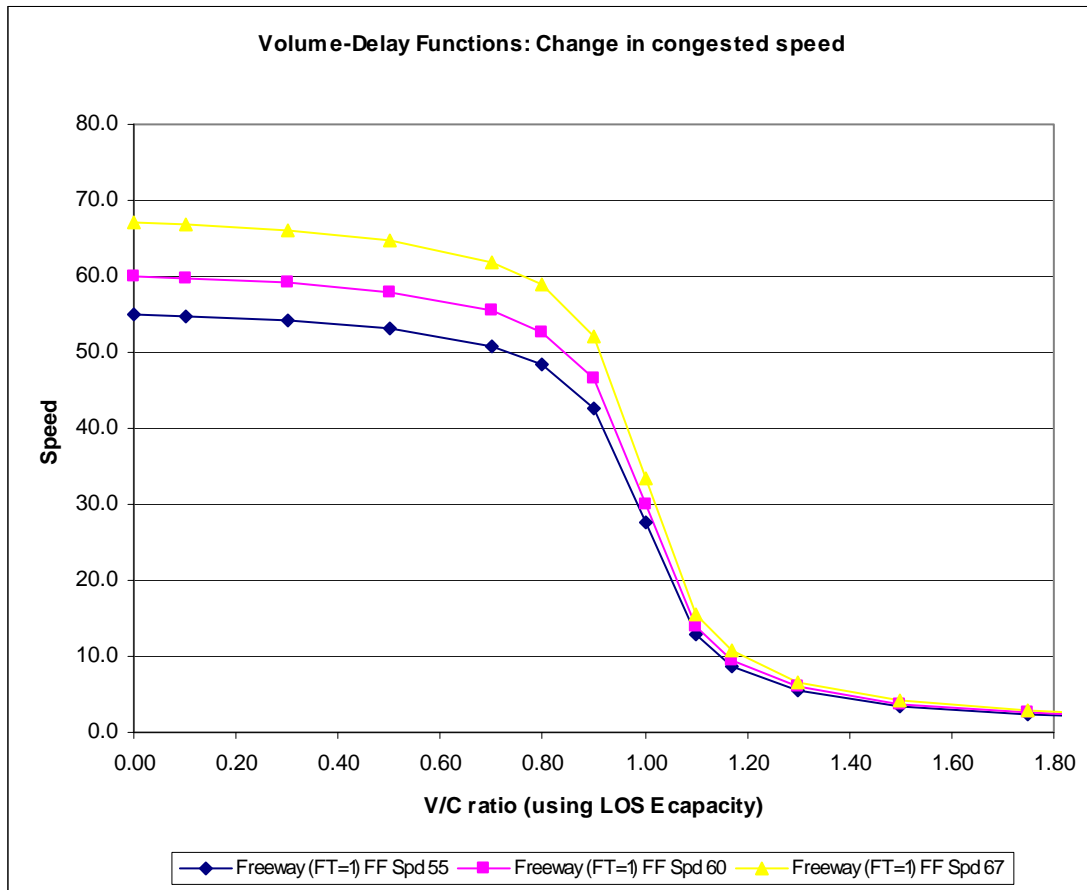
Ref: conical_vdf_v22.xls

Figure 8-2 Conical volume-delay functions used in the Version 2.2 travel model: $V/C < 1$



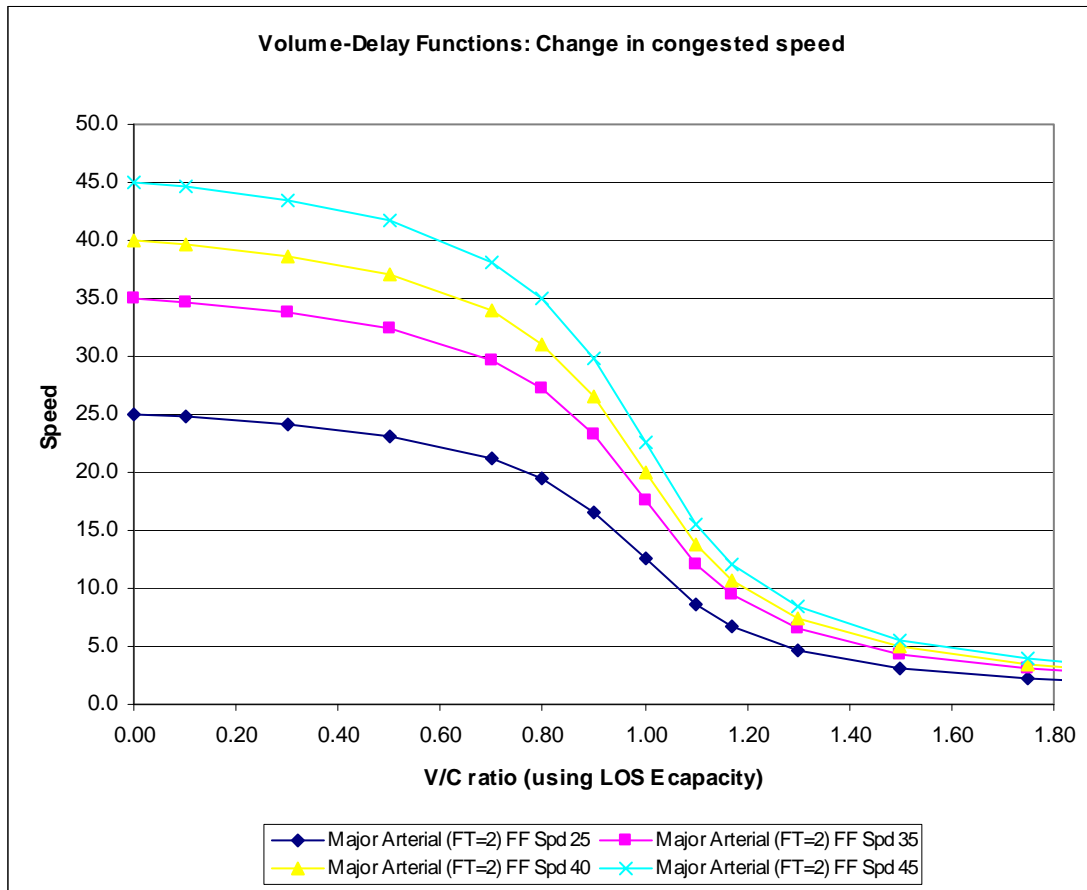
Ref: conical_vdf_v22.xls

Figure 8-3 Volume-delay functions used in the Version 2.2 travel model: Freeways



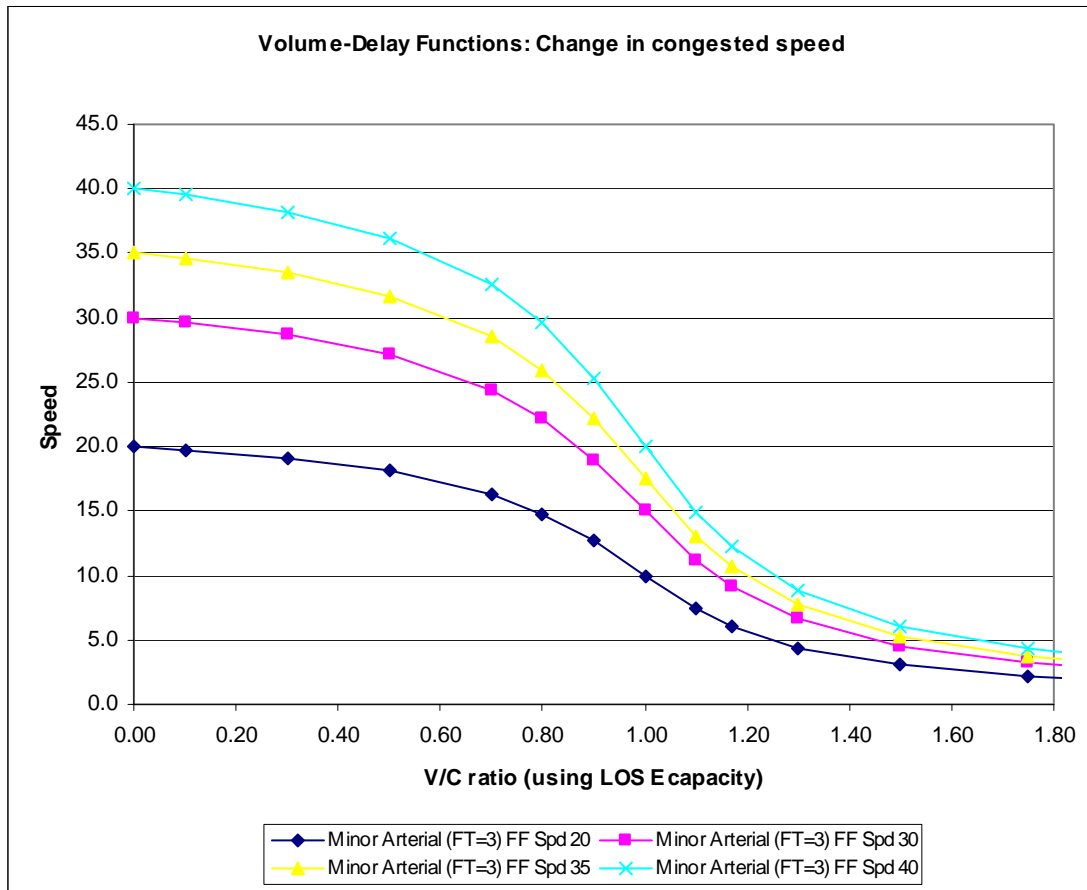
Ref: conical_vdf_v22.xls

Figure 8-4 Volume-delay functions used in the Version 2.2 travel model: Major Arterials



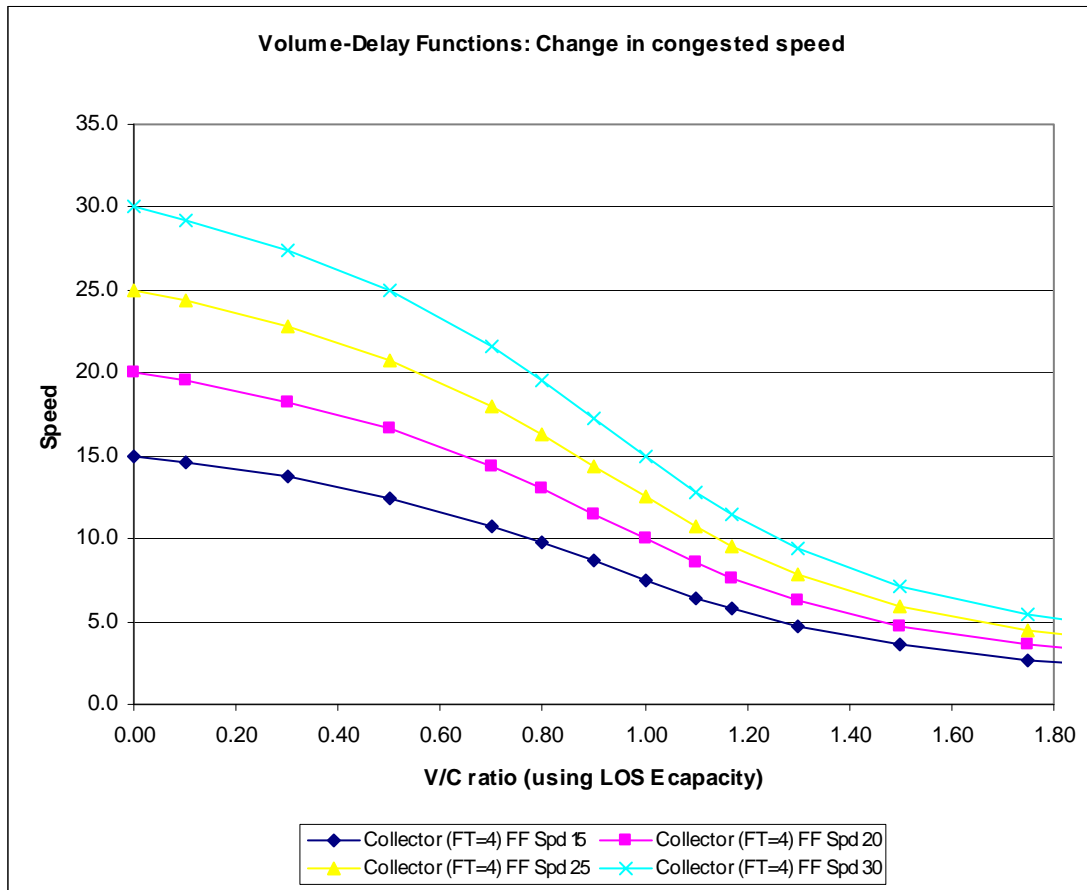
Ref: conical_vdf_v22.xls

Figure 8-5 Volume-delay functions used in the Version 2.2 travel model: Minor Arterials



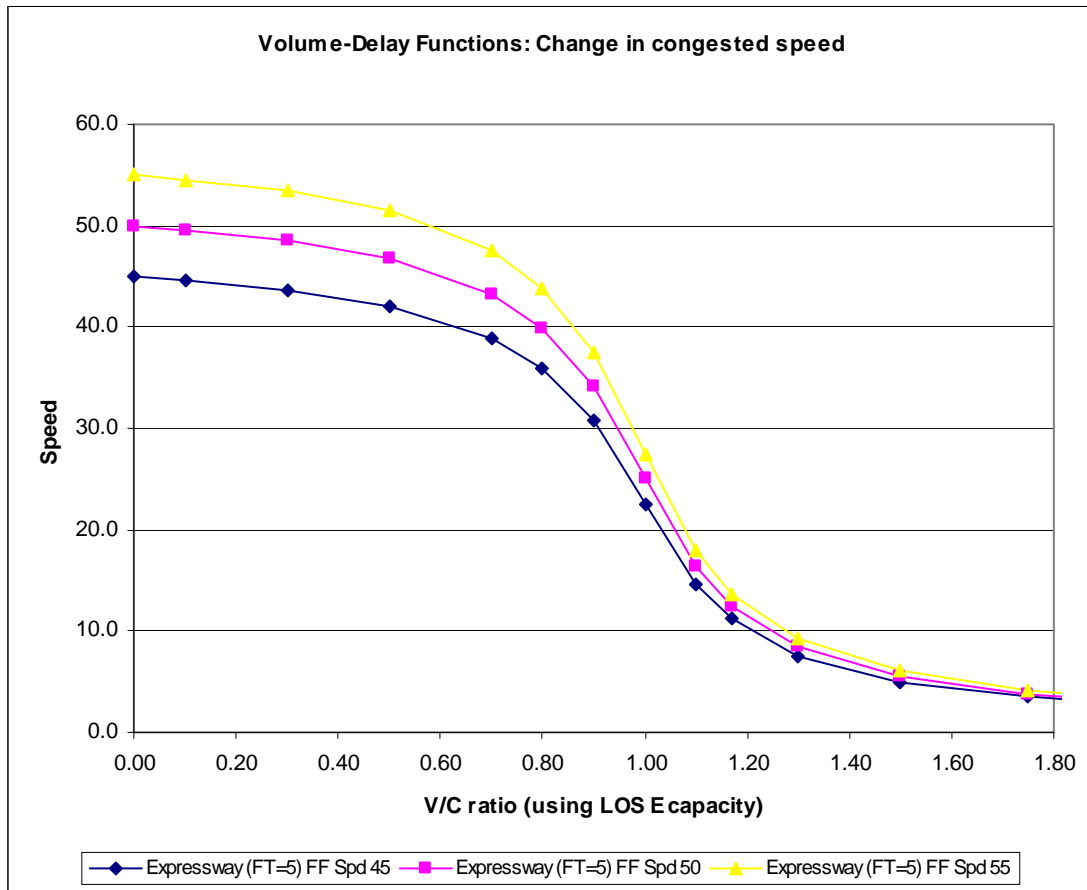
Ref: conical_vdf_v22.xls

Figure 8-6 Volume-delay functions used in the Version 2.2 travel model: Collectors



Ref: conical_vdf_v22.xls

Figure 8-7 Volume-delay functions used in the Version 2.2 travel model: Expressways



Ref: conical_vdf_v22.xls

Table 8-4 Volume-delay functions used in the Version 2.2, travel model: Speeds, Part 1 of 2

V/C	Freeway (FT=1)			Major Arterial (FT=2)				Minor Arterial (FT=3)			
	FF Spd 55	FF Spd 60	FF Spd 67	FF Spd 25	FF Spd 35	FF Spd 40	FF Spd 45	FF Spd 20	FF Spd 30	FF Spd 35	FF Spd 40
	ConSpd	ConSpd	ConSpd	ConSpd	ConSpd	ConSpd	ConSpd	ConSpd	ConSpd	ConSpd	ConSpd
0.00	55.00	60.00	67.00	25.00	35.00	40.00	45.00	20.00	30.00	35.00	40.00
0.10	54.78	59.76	66.74	24.77	34.68	39.64	44.59	19.76	29.64	34.58	39.52
0.30	54.17	59.10	65.99	24.15	33.82	38.65	43.48	19.12	28.68	33.46	38.24
0.50	53.12	57.95	64.71	23.14	32.39	37.02	41.65	18.10	27.15	31.68	36.20
0.70	50.83	55.46	61.93	21.19	29.67	33.91	38.15	16.28	24.43	28.50	32.57
0.80	48.33	52.72	58.87	19.43	27.20	31.08	34.97	14.79	22.18	25.88	29.58
0.90	42.73	46.62	52.05	16.60	23.23	26.55	29.87	12.67	19.00	22.17	25.34
1.00	27.50	30.00	33.50	12.50	17.50	20.00	22.50	10.00	15.00	17.50	20.00
1.10	12.83	14.00	15.63	8.60	12.04	13.76	15.48	7.47	11.20	13.07	14.93
1.17	8.78	9.57	10.69	6.73	9.42	10.76	12.11	6.10	9.16	10.68	12.21
1.30	5.46	5.95	6.65	4.65	6.51	7.44	8.36	4.42	6.63	7.73	8.83
1.50	3.43	3.74	4.18	3.09	4.33	4.95	5.57	3.03	4.54	5.30	6.06
1.75	2.34	2.55	2.85	2.17	3.04	3.47	3.90	2.15	3.23	3.77	4.31
2.00	1.77	1.94	2.16	1.67	2.33	2.67	3.00	1.67	2.50	2.92	3.33

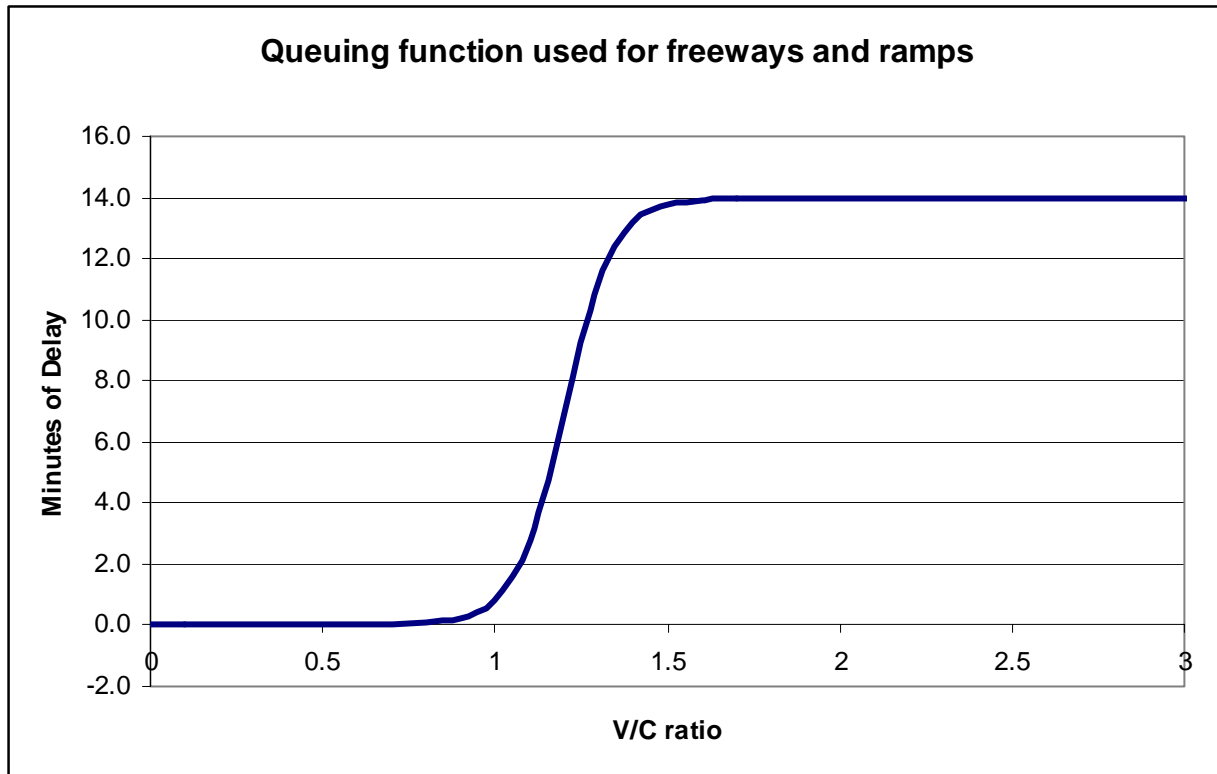
Ref: vdf_v21d.xls

Table 8-5 Volume-delay functions used in the Version 2.2, travel model: Speeds, Part 1 of 2

Collector (FT=4)				Expressway (FT=5)		
FF Spd 15	FF Spd 20	FF Spd 25	FF Spd 30	FF Spd 45	FF Spd 50	FF Spd 55
ConSpd	ConSpd	ConSpd	ConSpd	ConSpd	ConSpd	ConSpd
15.00	20.00	25.00	30.00	45.00	50.00	55.00
14.63	19.51	24.38	29.26	44.65	49.61	54.57
13.71	18.28	22.85	27.43	43.68	48.54	53.39
12.47	16.63	20.79	24.95	42.07	46.75	51.42
10.79	14.39	17.98	21.58	38.90	43.22	47.54
9.76	13.02	16.27	19.52	35.88	39.87	43.85
8.64	11.52	14.41	17.29	30.70	34.11	37.52
7.50	10.00	12.50	15.00	22.50	25.00	27.50
6.42	8.56	10.70	12.85	14.68	16.31	17.94
5.75	7.66	9.58	11.49	11.19	12.44	13.68
4.70	6.27	7.84	9.40	7.55	8.39	9.23
3.57	4.76	5.95	7.14	4.96	5.51	6.06
2.69	3.59	4.49	5.38	3.46	3.84	4.22
2.14	2.86	3.57	4.29	2.65	2.94	3.24

Ref: vdf_v21d.xls

Figure 8-8 Queuing function used for freeways and ramps



Ref: conical_vdf_v22.xls

Chapter 9 Validation

This chapter briefly describes some performance results of the Version 2.2 model and also provides comparable statistics of the currently adopted Version 2.1D#50 model.

A summary of estimated and observed vehicle-miles-of-travel (VMT) is shown on Table 9-1. Estimated figures shown on the table are provided for both the Version 2.2 model and the Version 2.1D#50 model. In preparing the summary, care was taken to use the same observed count data base so that the comparison shown would be consistent. The observed VMT shown for both models will not be entirely consistent, however, because of inconsistencies in the networks that supported the two models. The Version 2.2 network includes added nodes, enhanced coding detail, and general updates that were not considered in the Version 2.1D network developed years earlier. The VMT shown is based only on links with coded counts (3,900 links approximately). Both models over-simulate the sampled VMT by about 6%. At jurisdiction level, the results appear comparable. In comparing the performance between the two models, one should be mindful that a large number of K-factors used in the Version 2.1D model were reduced or eliminated in Version 2.2, and that reduction will affect performance.

Screenline level performance comparisons are shown on Table 9-2. The table shows performance comparisons of the two models at screenline level, and also indicates the number and percentage of links with observed counts. On average, about half (54%) of all network links comprising the regional screenlines include a coded count. Only 2 screenlines have 100% coverage. The Version 2.2 model is shown to be quite comparable to the Version 2.1D model in overall screenline matches (the estimated-to-observed ratio is 1.18 compared to 1.20). The Version 2.2 model matches observed volumes considerable better than the Version 2.1D model for screenline 20 (the Potomac River bridges), a particularly important regional screenline. The Version 2.2 model shows an estimated to observed ratio of 1.06, as compared to a ratio of 1.16 resulting from the Version 2.1D model.

Transit performance is shown on Table 9-3. The table shows estimated and observed transit trips and percentages for both the 2.2 and 2.1D models. Version 2.2 now over estimates total transit about 8% in contrast to the underestimation of 4% shown for the Version 2.1D model. This reduced performance is, again, attributed largely to a reduction in the use of K-factors and transit adjustments that were previously implemented in the Version 2.1D model. Interestingly, the Version 2.2 model matches observed HBW transit trips well (it overestimated work transit trips by 2%) in comparison with Version 2.1D (it underestimates work transit trips by 7%).

A summary of global statistics over time is shown on Table 9-4. The table displays Version 2.2 modeling results for 2000 and 2030, and for comparison purposes, shows similar 2030 results from the latest Version 2.1D work. The Version 2.2 model shows considerably less external travel in comparison with the 2.1D results which reflects the update in external growth assumptions. 2030 transit trips are shown to increase by 248,000 trips moving from 2.1D to the 2.2 model (a 19% increase). This could be caused by the revised highway assignment procedure which serves to decrease highway speeds more than the procedure used in 2.1D, thus making the transit mode generally more competitive. The decrease in NHB transit trips, however, may be due to the fact that commercial trips have been removed from this purpose, thereby shrinking the market. The

simulated 2030 VMT shown for the 2.2 model is about 17 million less than that of the 2.1D model (about 8%). This reduction is due primarily to the revised external trips used in Version 2.2. It is also noteworthy that VMT per capita decreases between 2000 and 2030. This decrease has not been observed in prior models. A secondary factor in the VMT reduction is attributed to the revised highway assignment methodology.

The Version 2.2 model performance results are comparable to those of the Version 2.1D model, despite the fact that a number of adjustment factors have been removed. An effort has been made to strike a balance between a process that replicates observed patterns, and at the same time, is logical and reasonable in the forecasting mode.

Table 9-1 Year 2000 Estimated and Observed VMT Summary by Jurisdiction (VMT in thousands)

Jurisdiction	V21D_50			Version 2.2		
	Est	Obs	Ratio Est / Obs	Est	Obs	Ratio Est / Obs
District of Columbia	2,786	2,372	1.17	2,822	2,367	1.19
Montgomery	7,285	6,892	1.06	7,720	7,107	1.09
Prince George's	8,394	8,188	1.03	8,688	8,529	1.02
Arlington	969	1,007	0.96	956	1,004	0.95
Alexandria	166	107	1.55	155	106	1.46
Fairfax	9,180	8,463	1.08	8,770	8,459	1.04
Loudoun	1,386	1,253	1.11	1,358	1,221	1.11
Prince William	2,528	2,424	1.04	2,576	2,437	1.06
Frederick	3,264	3,074	1.06	3,869	3,367	1.15
Howard	4,590	4,253	1.08	4,476	4,251	1.05
Anne Arundel	6,421	5,601	1.15	6,589	5,656	1.16
Charles	846	1,210	0.70	853	1,089	0.78
Carroll	1,309	1,188	1.10	1,314	1,188	1.11
Calvert	594	748	0.79	579	740	0.78
St. Mary's	704	710	0.99	662	679	0.97
King George	274	254	1.08	267	226	1.18
Fredericksburg	114	238	0.48	155	238	0.65
Stafford	1,475	1,225	1.20	1,394	1,215	1.15
Spotsylvania	1,001	1,061	0.94	850	1,018	0.83
Fauquier	1,279	1,252	1.02	1,226	1,229	1.00
Clarke	249	201	1.24	246	201	1.22
Jefferson	57	58	0.98	52	58	0.90
Total	54,871	51,779	1.06	55,577	52,385	1.06

Note: The above observed counts are based on the same count database. However, due to numerous inconsistencies in the topology between the base year networks supporting the two models, the observed VMT shown will not be exactly consistent.

Ref: Sum_vmt_V21D50_V22.xls

Table 9-2 Year 2000 Estimated and Observed Daily Screenline Crossings (in thousands)

Screenline No.	V21D_50						Version 2.2					
	Est	Obs	Ratio Est / Obs	No. of links w/ Screenline Code	No. of links w/ Counts	% of links w/ Counts	Est	Obs	Ratio Est / Obs	No. of links w/ Screenline Code	No. of links w/ Counts	% of links w/ Counts
1	589	412	1.43	42	16	38.1%	552	412	1.34	40	16	40.0%
2	671	483	1.39	74	27	36.5%	661	483	1.37	74	27	36.5%
3	618	496	1.25	56	24	42.9%	611	496	1.23	56	24	42.9%
4	829	734	1.13	70	38	54.3%	869	734	1.18	68	38	55.9%
5	1,139	800	1.42	50	40	80.0%	1,071	800	1.34	50	40	80.0%
6	1,380	1,210	1.14	103	52	50.5%	1,405	1,210	1.16	103	52	50.5%
7	1,045	882	1.18	68	48	70.6%	950	882	1.08	66	48	72.7%
8	1,003	772	1.30	112	38	33.9%	1,117	870	1.28	108	42	38.9%
9	595	470	1.27	46	26	56.5%	606	470	1.29	44	26	59.1%
10	315	278	1.13	22	14	63.6%	323	278	1.16	20	14	70.0%
11	222	188	1.18	18	16	88.9%	212	188	1.13	18	16	88.9%
12	253	290	0.87	32	6	18.8%	232	290	0.80	32	6	18.8%
13	315	302	1.04	18	8	44.4%	317	302	1.05	18	8	44.4%
14	249	246	1.01	16	6	37.5%	235	246	0.96	16	6	37.5%
15	282	282	1.00	12	8	66.7%	262	282	0.93	12	8	66.7%
16	148	142	1.04	16	2	12.5%	130	142	0.92	16	2	12.5%
17	400	354	1.13	28	24	85.7%	392	354	1.11	28	24	85.7%
18	552	440	1.25	35	32	91.4%	536	440	1.22	35	32	91.4%
19	569	490	1.16	44	32	72.7%	534	490	1.09	42	32	76.2%
20	1,042	898	1.16	14	14	100.0%	950	898	1.06	14	14	100.0%
22	934	794	1.18	122	36	29.5%	957	794	1.21	118	36	30.5%
23	134	100	1.34	24	8	33.3%	146	100	1.46	24	8	33.3%
24	326	310	1.05	28	8	28.6%	337	310	1.09	28	8	28.6%
25	107	88	1.22	10	8	80.0%	136	88	1.55	8	8	100.0%
26	366	324	1.13	20	14	70.0%	383	324	1.18	20	14	70.0%
27	386	342	1.13	16	14	87.5%	430	342	1.26	16	14	87.5%
28	103	106	0.97	10	4	40.0%	97	106	0.92	10	4	40.0%
31	122	78	1.56	20	16	80.0%	125	78	1.60	20	16	80.0%
32	44	32	1.38	8	4	50.0%	42	32	1.31	8	4	50.0%
33	315	138	2.28	14	14	100.0%	280	138	2.03	14	14	100.0%
34	72	60	1.20	14	10	71.4%	66	60	1.10	14	10	71.4%
35	909	844	1.08	42	36	85.7%	889	844	1.05	42	36	85.7%
36	39	20	1.95	6	4	66.7%	43	20	2.15	6	4	66.7%
37	36	30	1.20	10	8	80.0%	37	30	1.23	10	8	80.0%
38	178	180	0.99	18	16	88.9%	199	180	1.11	18	16	88.9%
Total	16,287	13,615	1.20	1,238	671	54.2%	16,132	13,713	1.18	1,216	675	55.5%

Note: The above observed counts are based on the same count database. However, due to numerous inconsistencies in the topology between the base year networks supporting the two models, the observed volumes shown will not be exactly consistent.

Ref: Sum_links_V21D50_V22.xls

Table 9-3 Year 2000 Estimated Vs. Observed Transit Trips and Percentages by Purpose

Purpose	Est		Obs	V21D#50		V22	
	V2.1D50	V22		Diff. (Est-Obs)	Ratio (Est/Obs)	Diff. (Est-Obs)	Ratio (Est/Obs)
HBW	502,001	547,751	538,582	-36,581	0.93	9,169	1.02
<i>Pct. Transit</i>	16.78%	18.77%	17.80%	-1.02%	0.94	0.97%	1.05
HBS	34,079	46,597	33,262	817	1.02	13,335	1.40
<i>Pct. Transit</i>	1.39%	1.89%	1.36%	0.03%	1.02	0.53%	1.39
HBO	163,864	226,785	151,645	12,219	1.08	75,140	1.50
<i>Pct. Transit</i>	2.24%	3.05%	2.07%	0.16%	1.08	0.98%	1.47
NHB	156,238	138,841	166,461	-10,223	0.94	-27,620	0.83
<i>Pct. Transit</i>	2.90%	3.39%	3.09%	-0.18%	0.94	0.30%	1.10
Total	856,182	959,974	889,950	-33,768	0.96	70,024	1.08
<i>Pct. Transit</i>	4.72%	5.67%	4.89%	-0.18%	0.96	0.78%	1.16

Ref: compare_mceo_00_uns_scr.xls

Note: This summary excludes some portions of the modeled study where complete modal data was unavailable.

1. For home-based travel, the excluded area is:
 - a) external trips, both IX and XI;
 - b) trips FROM the following jurisdictions: St. Mary's, Clarke, Jefferson, Spotsylvania, Fredericksburg, or King George.
2. For non-home-based travel, the excluded area is:
 - a) external trips, both IX and XI;
 - b) trips FROM the following jurisdictions: Carroll, Howard, Anne Arundel, St. Mary's, Clarke, Jefferson, Spotsylvania, Fredericksburg, or King George;
 - c) trips TO the following jurisdictions: Carroll, Howard, and Anne Arundel.

Ref: compare_mceo_00_uns_scr.xls

Table 9-4 Summary of travel model output: 2000 (Ver. 2.2), 2030 (Ver. 2.2), 2030 (Ver. 2.1D #50)

	2000 Ver22	2030 Ver22	2030 Ver21D50 CLRP 2007	2030 Difference	2030 Ratio
	(A)	(B)	(C)	(B) - (C)	(B) / (C)
Households	2,143,412	3,174,899	3,174,899	0	1.00
Employment	3,441,382	5,195,473	5,195,473	0	1.00
HH Population	5,632,182	8,110,073	8,110,073	0	1.00
HH & GQ Population	5,748,109	8,250,078	8,250,078	0	1.00
Extl. Productions/ HBW Auto Person	272,044	473,487	719,386	-245,899	0.66
Extl. Productions/ HBS Auto Person	69,459	114,180	197,292	-83,112	0.58
Extl. Productions/ HBO Auto Person	189,625	331,773	506,269	-174,496	0.66
Extl. Productions/ NHB Auto Person	72,207	120,063	313,160	-193,097	0.38
Extl. Productions/ Auto Person Subtotal	603,335	1,039,503	1,736,107	-696,604	0.60
Extl. Productions/ Medium Truck	3,637	6,319	9,369	-3,050	0.67
Extl. Productions/ Heavy Truck	23,517	40,790	61,358	-20,568	0.66
Extl. Productions/ Truck Subtotal	27,154	47,109	70,727	-23,618	0.67
Extl. Attractions/ HBW Auto Person	168,565	281,301	445,826	-164,525	0.63
Extl. Attractions/ HBS Auto Person	68,295	114,800	180,844	-66,044	0.63
Extl. Attractions/ HBO Auto Person	265,224	457,646	723,354	-265,708	0.63
Extl. Attractions/ NHB Auto Person	72,193	120,045	313,152	-193,107	0.38
Extl. Attractions/ Auto Person Subtotal	574,277	973,792	1,663,176	-689,384	0.59
Extl. Attractions/ Medium Truck	3,637	6,319	9,369	-3,050	0.67
Extl. Attractions/ Heavy Truck	23,517	40,790	61,358	-20,568	0.66
Extl. Attractions/ Truck Subtotal	27,154	47,109	70,727	-23,618	0.67
Inc. Grp 1 HHs	511,220	750,739	832,311	-81,572	0.90
Inc. Grp 2 HHs	491,340	724,662	864,940	-140,278	0.84
Inc. Grp 3 HHs	590,687	880,392	801,693	78,699	1.10
Inc. Grp 4 HHs	550,162	819,106	674,581	144,525	1.21
HHs Subtotal	2,143,410	3,174,899	3,173,525	1,374	1.00
1 person HHs	538,023	843,235	800,458	42,777	1.05
2 person HHs	658,160	988,036	1,027,141	-39,105	0.96
3 person HHs	378,217	548,790	589,579	-40,789	0.93
4+ person HHs	569,010	794,838	756,347	38,491	1.05
HHs Subtotal	2,143,410	3,174,899	3,173,525	1,374	1.00
0 Vehicle HHs	202,911	350,075	241,235	108,840	1.45
1 Vehicle HHs	706,981	1,089,005	1,076,872	12,133	1.01
2 Vehicle HHs	833,130	1,186,805	1,297,991	-111,186	0.91
3+ Vehicle HHs	400,387	549,014	557,427	-8,413	0.98
HHs Subtotal	2,143,410	3,174,899	3,173,525	1,374	1.00
HBW Motorized Person Trips	4,042,933	5,972,692	6,451,403	-478,711	0.93
HBS Motorized Person Trips	3,115,922	4,552,122	4,666,816	-114,694	0.98
HBO Motorized Person Trips	9,619,558	13,854,672	14,031,312	-176,640	0.99
NHB Motorized Person Trips	5,289,074	7,678,489	10,299,133	-2,620,644	0.75
Total Motorized Person Trips	22,067,487	32,057,975	35,448,664	-3,390,689	0.90
Motorized Person Trips per HH	10.30	10.10	11.17	-1.07	0.90
Motorized Person Trips per capita	3.84	3.89	4.30	-0.41	0.90

Ref: View_From_Space_V22V21D50.xls

Table 9-4 Continued

	2000 Ver22	2030 Ver22	2030 Ver21D50 CLRP 2007	2030 Difference	2030 Ratio
	(A)	(B)	(C)	(B) - (C)	(B) / (C)
Non Motorized HBW Trips	171,219	291,838	299,926	-8,088	0.97
HBW Auto Driver Trips	3,093,013	4,521,087	5,067,991	-546,904	0.89
HBS Auto Driver Trips	2,462,865	3,630,522	3,641,587	-11,065	1.00
HBO Auto Driver Trips	7,023,275	10,167,100	9,645,354	521,746	1.05
NHB Auto Driver Trips	4,047,996	5,956,370	7,976,501	-2,020,131	0.75
Total Auto Driver Trips	16,627,149	24,275,079	26,331,433	-2,056,354	0.92
HBW Auto Passenger Trips	385,161	583,641	633,937	-50,296	0.92
HBS Auto Passenger Trips	604,930	839,845	965,326	-125,481	0.87
HBO Auto Passenger Trips	2,364,654	3,301,961	4,128,941	-826,980	0.80
NHB Auto Passenger Trips	1,100,861	1,494,299	2,073,974	-579,675	0.72
Total Auto Passenger Trips	4,455,606	6,219,746	7,802,178	-1,582,432	0.80
HBW Auto Occupancies	1.12	1.13	1.13	0.00	1.00
HBS Auto Occupancies	1.25	1.23	1.27	-0.04	0.97
HBO Auto Occupancies	1.34	1.32	1.43	-0.11	0.92
NHB Auto Occupancies	1.27	1.25	1.26	-0.01	0.99
Total Auto Occupancies	1.27	1.26	1.30	-0.04	0.97
HBW Transit Trips	564,759	867,965	749,475	118,490	1.16
HBS Transit Trips	48,127	81,754	59,903	21,851	1.36
HBO Transit Trips	231,629	385,611	257,017	128,594	1.50
NHB Transit Trips	140,217	227,820	248,658	-20,838	0.92
Total Transit Trips	984,732	1,563,150	1,315,053	248,097	1.19
HBW Transit Percentage	13.97	14.53	11.62	2.91	1.25
HBS Transit Percentage	1.54	1.80	1.28	0.52	1.41
HBO Transit Percentage	2.41	2.78	1.83	0.95	1.52
NHB Transit Percentage	2.65	2.97	2.41	0.56	1.23
Total Transit Percentage	4.46	4.88	3.71	1.17	1.32
Medium Truck	301,119	455,560	461,528	-5,968	0.99
Heavy Truck	155,744	244,945	284,593	-39,648	0.86
Misc. Auto Driver	583,921	847,389	847,389	0	1.00
Through (X X) Non Commercial Auto Drv.	35,019	60,053	98,796	Data	
Through (X X) Trucks	29,852	51,559	79,469	Definitions	
Airport Passenger Auto Drivers	49,723	109,851	56,694	Different	
Commercial Vehicles (II, Extl.,XX)	1,111,072	1,607,157	N/A		
Total Vehicle Trips	18,893,599	27,651,593	28,159,902	-508,309	0.98
Freeway VMT	54,785,830	78,116,822	91,597,472	-13,480,650	0.85
Major Art VMT	54,488,704	70,146,991	70,849,340	-702,349	0.99
Minor Art VMT	17,824,247	29,129,980	28,056,554	1,073,426	1.04
Collector VMT	7,878,694	12,262,047	14,677,537	-2,415,490	0.84
Express. VMT	7,309,656	8,182,839	8,962,536	-779,697	0.91
Ramp VMT	1,228,132	1,695,188	2,626,690	-931,502	0.65
Total VMT	143,515,262	199,533,867	216,770,129	-17,236,262	0.92
VMT per Capita	24.97	24.19	26.27	-2.08	0.92
VMT per HH	66.96	62.85	68.28	-5.43	0.92
VMT per Vehicle Trip	7.60	7.22	7.70	-0.48	0.94

Ref: View_From_Space_V22V21D50.xls

Chapter 10 Model Application Overview

The Version 2.2 model is applied on microcomputer using Cube/TP+ software (Version 4.1.0). An Intel-based microcomputer with a minimum processing speed of 3.0 GHz and a minimum storage capacity of 60 GB of hard disk storage capacity is recommended (each model run generates approximately 2 GB of output files and listings). TPB has developed the Version 2.2 model on PCs running the Microsoft Windows XP Professional operating system. Depending on the processing speeds and type of model run (e.g., with or without the transit constraint through the regional core), model executions require about 11 to 15 hours to complete.

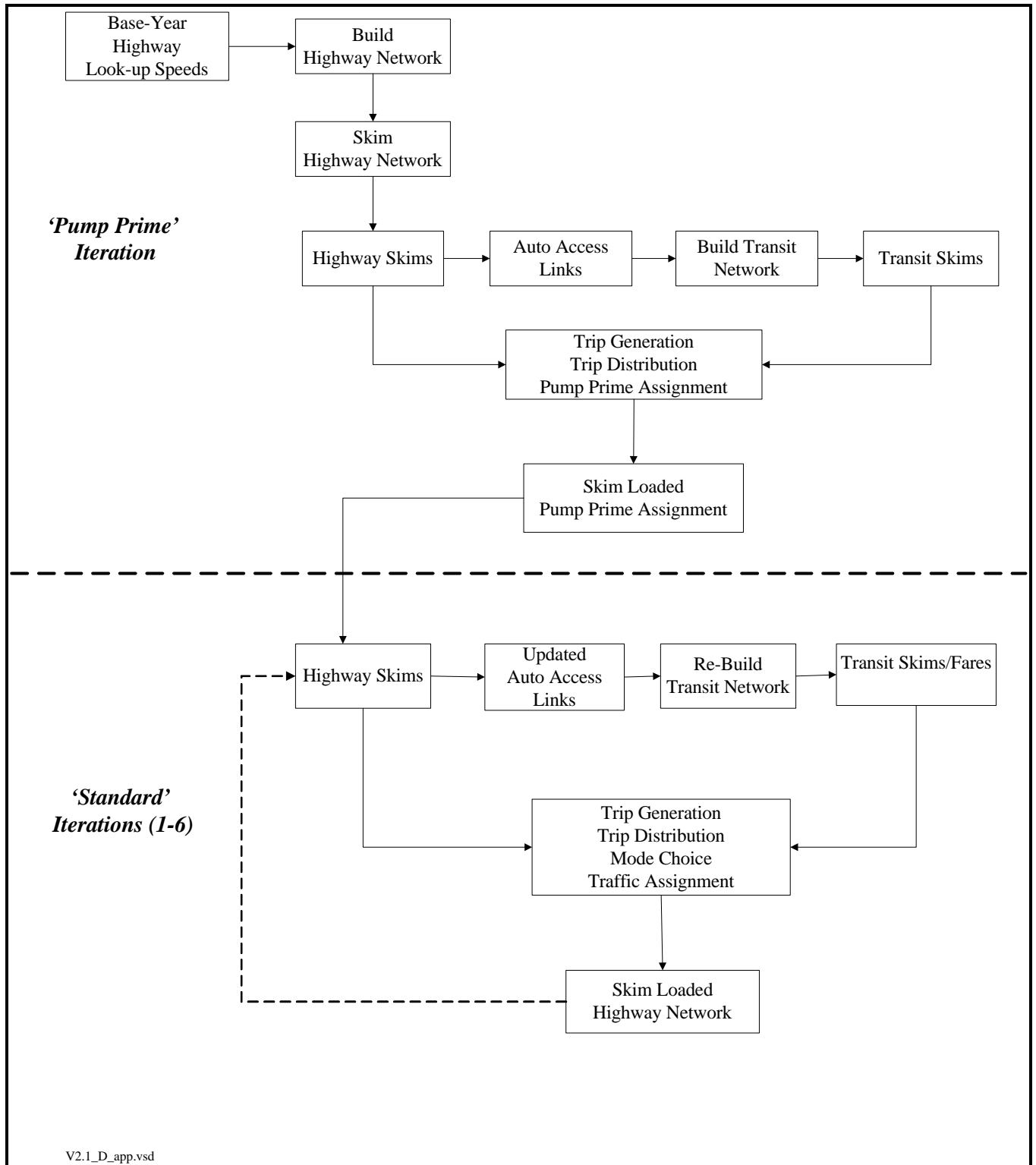
The application steps of the model are graphically outlined on Figure 10-1. The figure indicates that an initial (or pump-prime) iteration occurs where a first pass of the four-step process occurs using *initial* AM and off-peak highway speeds, and *initial* mode choice percentages (the mode choice model is not executed in the initial iteration). The 'skimmed' highway times are used to develop zone-to-PNR lot links as part of the transit network. After the transit network is built and skimmed, trip generation and distribution is next executed. The resulting person trips are converted to vehicle trips on the basis of default mode choice and car occupancy percentages, which are then assigned to the highway network.

The next series of 'standard' iterations (1 through 6) involve the execution of the complete four step model which now includes: 1) a mode choice model execution and 2) the use of recycled traffic assignment based speeds as input. The AM and off-peak restrained highway times are used to update the zone-to-PNR link speeds, and the transit network is again built and skimmed. The highway and transit time skims are used as inputs to the mode choice model. The auto driver trips produced from the mode choice model are processed through the time-of-day model, and then the next highway assignment step is executed. The assignment consists of three separate assignments, pertaining to the AM period (6-9 AM), PM period (4-7 PM), and off-peak period (all other hours of the day). The standard four-step loop iterates six times.

The Version 2.2 model uses a successive volume averaging for each of the three time-of-day periods to force convergence of link volumes, and hence, link highway speeds. The averaging occurs for each of the three time periods at the link level, as follows:

- The 'final' first iteration link volumes are equal to the 'raw' assigned link volumes from the pump-prime iteration.
- The 'final' second iteration link volume equals the $\frac{1}{2}$ of the first iteration link volume plus $\frac{1}{2}$ of the second iteration assigned link volume.
- The 'final' third iteration link volume equals $\frac{2}{3}$ of the 'final' second iteration link volume plus $\frac{1}{3}$ of the third iteration assigned volume.
- :
- The 'final' sixth iteration link volume equals $\frac{5}{6}$ of the 'final' fifth iteration link volume plus $\frac{1}{6}$ of the sixth iteration assigned volume.

Figure 10-1 Application process of the Version 2.2 travel model



Typically, by the 6th iteration, over 95% of the highway links yield restrained speeds that are within +/-2 mph of the previous (fifth) iteration speed. Although a fixed number of speed feedback iterations (i.e., 6) are used, the modeler should check the highway assignment report file (i6_Highway_Assignment.rpt) to make sure that key convergence metrics (e.g., relative gap or RELGAP) are within desired tolerances.

10.1 Executing the Model

A structured application procedure has been established for applying the Version 2.2 model from a command-prompt window. The procedure involves:

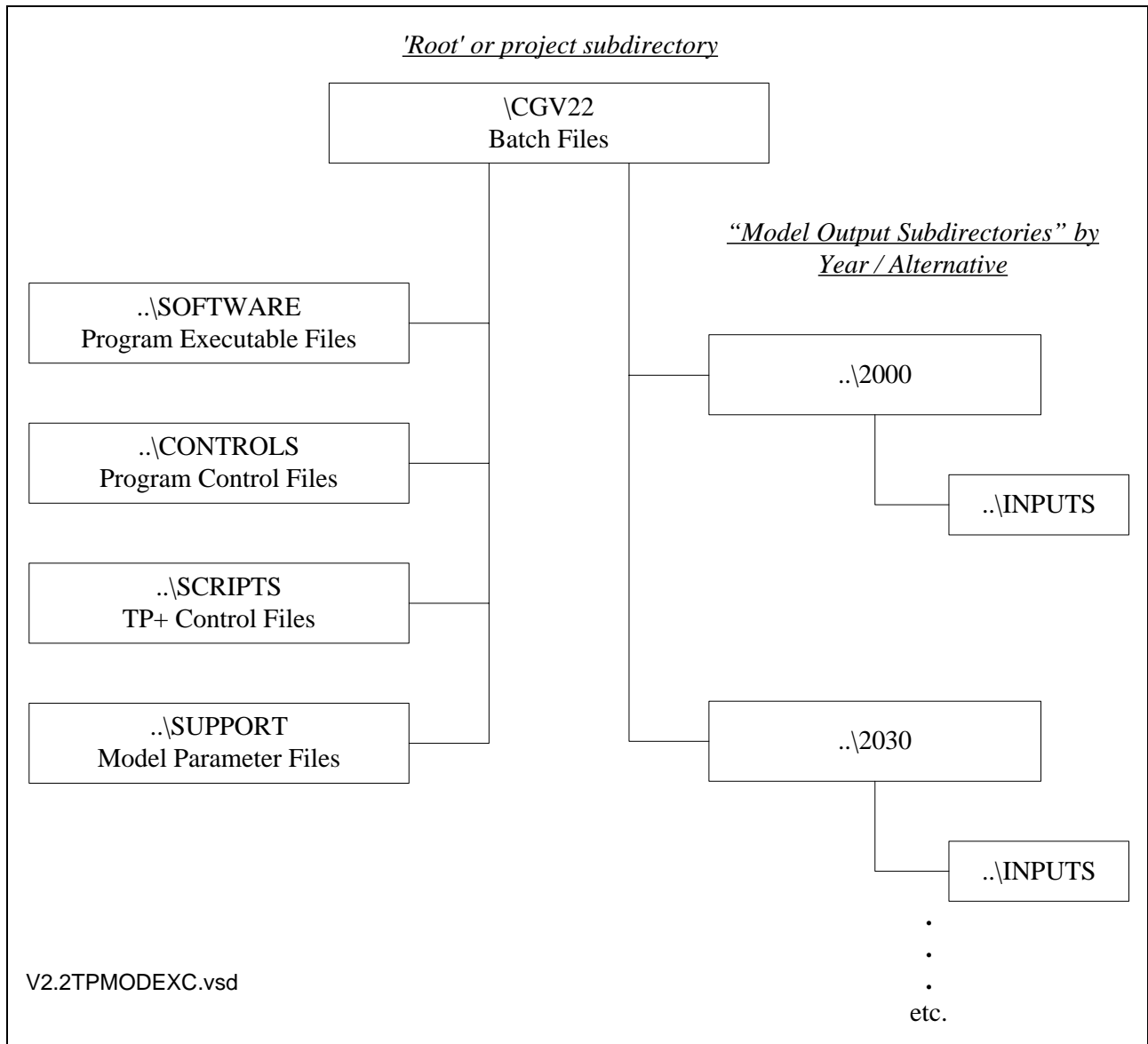
1. A series of pre-established 'parent' and 'child' batch files;
2. A standardized subdirectory system, in which input files, output files, TP+ scripts, etc. are rigidly organized; and
3. The use of generically named input and output files, which are stored in designated locations in the subdirectory system.

An example subdirectory structure for applying the Version 2.2 model is shown graphically on Figure 10-2. A 'root' subdirectory appears at the top of the structure. The root subdirectory may exist anywhere on the computer hard drive and may be arbitrarily named by the analyst (the name typically is related to a project). On the left side of the figure, there are four specially designated subdirectories under the root which are established specifically for non-TP+ software executables (*\SOFTWARE*), control files that are required by some of the executables (*\CONTROLS*), TP+ scripts (*\SCRIPTS*), and general parameter files used by the scripts or executables (*\SUPPORT*). The SUPPORT subdirectory is reserved for parameter files that generally do not change by year or alternative such as K-factors, F-factors, and the like. These four subdirectories must exist under the root, and must be named as shown. Furthermore, the files residing in these four subdirectories must not be altered or renamed.

On the right side of Figure 10-2 are subdirectories that are established for model inputs and outputs of one or more alternatives. The figure indicates that each alternative subdirectory has its own *\INPUTS* where all necessary model inputs are stored and generically named (e.g., land use file, network files, etc.). The alternative subdirectory (e.g., *..2000* on Figure 10-2) is arbitrarily named and typically has some relation to a year and/or an alternative. The user may establish one or many such alternative subdirectories as long as a unique *\INPUTS* subdirectory exists under it. *\INPUTS* subdirectories can not be shared among more than one alternative.

Standardized 'parent' and 'child' batch files reside in root subdirectory. The 'child' batch files function to execute individual modeling steps, such as the trip generation step of the traffic assignment. 'Child' batch files generally call TP+ scripts and/or program executables. There are also named listings that result from each model step. Listing files are assigned *.RPT or *.TAB naming extensions. The former refers to TP+ listings while the latter refers to files containing trip table totals or jurisdictional summaries. 'Parent' batch files are used to string 'child' batch files together so that the entire model execution can be initiated with a single line command. The 'Parent' batch file also establishes environment variables that are used in the child batch files, such as the iteration code, the model year, and the model description.

Figure 10-2 Subdirectory Structure for executing the Version 2.2 Model



All of the files in the *\INPUTS* subdirectory are assigned generic filenames. Consequently it is the subdirectory name, rather than the filename itself, that identifies the year / alternative associated with a specific file. Accordingly, it is incumbent on the analyst to make certain that the appropriate files are placed in the correct subdirectory. The advantage of using generic names is that the input and output filenames referenced in each TP+ script and control file do not need to be updated.

A list of the software executables is shown on Table 10-1. There are fewer non-TP+ executables used by the Versions 2.2 model than in previous TPB models, since several Fortran programs have been converted to TP+ scripts. A list of the generically named input files is shown in Table

10-2. The list of files shown must exist, as named, in the \INPUTS subdirectory. Each file must be provided in the prescribed file format (described later).

A listing of 'child' batch files is provided on Table 10-3. The table also indicates the programs and/or TP+ scripts that are invoked and the purpose of each batch file. Given the iterative application process of the model, most of the batch files are called multiple times during an execution. The sequence of batch file applications, by iteration, is shown on Table 10-4. The table indicates that there are 73 batch files steps called during a standard application of the model. Some of the batch files are called once, while others (e.g., trip_generation.bat) are called during the pump-prime and all 6 standard iterations. A 'parent' batch file is used to string each of the 73 'child' batch files together during a typical model execution. The 'parent' batch files, like 'child' batch files, reside in the root subdirectory. A 'parent' batch file is typically prepared for each individual model run. The process for executing a model is addressed in the next section. The following chapters address the specific details of each modeling step.

Table 10-1 Non-TP+ Software Required for Version 2.2 Model Execution

Executable Name	Size (bytes)	Date	Description	Comments	Requires a Control File?
STAPROTP . EXE	141,568	2/25/2005	Station/PNR lot support file generator	Creates TP+ transit network files from 'Station file'	Yes
NODESTB . EXE	105,472	4/9/2001	Reads TRNBUILD route/line files creates formatted stop node file	Executed 2X to process AM/Off-Pk transit lines	Yes
SORTLINE . EXE	45,056	11/9/2001	Sorts the stop nodes file	Executed 2X to process AM/Off-Pk transit lines	No
CNTCONN2 . EXE	129,024	9/27/2002	Creates walk access links (TAZs to transit stops)	Executed 2X to process AM/Off-Pk transit lines	Yes
GIS_PROC . EXE	48,258	12/6/2002	Computes avg short/long walk times from GIS-based area files	Executed 2X to process AM/Off-Pk GIS 'Area' Files	Yes
WLKLNKTP . EXE	122,864	5/24/2004	Creates 'final' walk-access files for transit network building	Executed 2X to process AM/Off-Pk transit lines	Yes
COGMCA1 . EXE	232,468	6/2/2004	Creates the zonal data file ("A1-deck") for the mode choice model	Executed 4X for each purpose	Yes
COGMC . EXE	561,486	4/6/2001	Mode choice model application program	Executed 4X for each purpose	Yes
EXTRTAB . EXE	24,663	7/26/2001	Utility pgm to extract text sections of TP+ report files.	Program is 'called' by many TP+ Scripts	No

Ref: v22_software.xls

Table 10-2 Input Files Required for the Version 2.2 Model Execution

Input Type	Filename	Description	Text or Binary
1 Land use	ZONE .ASC	Zonal Land Use	Text
2 Land use	AREAOVER .ASC	Zone Area Type Override File	Text
3 Network, highway	LINK .ASC	Highway Links	Text
4 Network, highway	NODE .ASC	Highway Node File	Text
5 Network, highway	TAZAMSPD .LKP	AM TAZ/Facility Type Speed Look-up	Text
6 Network, highway	TAZOPSPD .LKP	Off-Peak TAZ/Facility Type Speed Look-up	Text
7 Network, highway	AMSPD .LKP	AM Facility/Area Type Speed Look-up	Text
8 Network, highway	OPSPD .LKP	Off-Peak Facility/Area Type Speed Look-up	Text
9 Network, highway	TOLL .ESC	Highway Toll Value / Deflator File	Text
10 Network, highway	TOLL .INC	Highway Toll /Time Equivalent by Income Grp.	Text
11 Network, highway	TOLL .SKM	Highway Toll/Time Equivalent by Veh. Type	Text
12 Network, transit	MODE1AM .TB , ... MODE9AM .TB	AM Transit Line Files, Mode 1 to 9	Text
13 Network, transit	MODE1OP .TB , ... MODE9OP .TB	Off-peak Transit Line Files, Mode 1 to 9	Text
14 Network, transit	STA_TPP .BSE	Rail Station/PNR File	Text
15 Network, transit	RAIL_LNK .BSE	Rail Links	Text
16 Network, transit	TRNPEN .DAT	Metrorail Station Network Turn Penalty File	Text
17 Network, transit	GISWKAAM .ASC	GIS AM Zonal Walk Area File	Text
18 Network, transit	GISWKAOP .ASC	GIS Off-Peak Zonal Walk Area File	Text
19 Network, transit	GISWKLAM .ASC	GIS AM Walk Link File	Text
20 Network, transit	GISWKLOP .ASC	GIS Off-Peak Walk Link File	Text
21 Network, transit	LBUS_TIMFTRS .ASC	Local Bus Time Degradation Factors	Text
22 Network, transit	RIVERSTP .BNA	River Coordinate File	Text
23 Network, transit	TAZFRZN .ASC	TAZ/Bus Fare Zone Equivalency	Text
24 Network, transit	BUSFARAM .ASC	MFARE2 AM Bus Fare Zone Matrix	Text
25 Network, transit	BUSFAROP .ASC	MFARE2 Off-Peak Fare Zone Matrix	Text
26 Network, transit	HBOMC .OLD	Initial HBO Mode Choice Trips	Binary
27 Network, transit	HBSMC .OLD	Initial HBS Mode Choice Trips	Binary
28 Network, transit	HBWMC .OLD	Initial HBW Mode Choice Trips	Binary
29 Network, transit	NHBMC .OLD	Initial NHB Mode Choice Trips	Binary
30 Network, transit	mfare1_Sta_Disc .ASC	Metrorail Station Discount File	Text
31 Network, transit	Tariff .txt	WMATA Tariff policy control file	Text
32 Network, transit	CPI_FILE .txt	Historical CPI file	Text
33 Trip	AEXT .ASC	Zonal External Attractions	Text
34 Trip	PEXT .ASC	Zonal External Productions	Text
35 Trip	CV_Ext_Thru_Ends .ASC	Zonal Commercial Vehicles External and Through trip ends	Text
36 Trip	AIRPAX .ADR	Air Passenger Auto Dr. Trips	Binary
37 Trip	SCHL .ADR	School Auto Dr. Trips	Binary
38 Trip	TAXI .ADR	Taxi Auto Dr. Trips	Binary
39 Trip	VISI .ADR	Visitor/Tourist Auto Dr. Trips	Binary
40 Trip	XXAUT .VTT	Through Auto Drivers	Binary
41 Trip	XXTRK .VTT	Through Trucks	Binary
42 Trip	XXCV .VTT	Through Commercial Vehicles trips	Binary

Ref: v22_inputs.xls

Table 10-3 Batch Files Used in the Version 2.2 Model Execution

Batch File	Scripts / Programs	Purpose
Set_Factors.bat	Set_Factors.s	Create K-factors and time penalties
Set_CPI.bat	Set_CPI.s	Create highway and transit cost deflators
PP_Highway_Build.bat	Staprotp.exe Highway_Build_Toll.s	Extract transit network elements from station file. Build highway network
PP_Highway_PNR.bat	Pump_Prime_Skims.s	Create initial AM/ off-peak hwy. skims & auto access links
Highway_PNR.bat	Auto_Access.s	Create current iteration auto access links
PP_Transit_Prep.bat	NodesTB.exe Cntconn2.exe Gis_proc.exe Wlklktp.exe Update_Wklinks.s Prefartp.s	Create base transit network walk links and transit fare file
Transit_Skim.bat	Transit_Skims.s	Create transit skims of initial or current iteration
Transit_Fare.bat	Metro_rail_Skims.s Mfare1.s Mfare2.s	Create current iteration transit fares
Trip_Generation.bat	Demo_models.s Trip_Generation.s CV_Trip_Generation.s COGMCA1.exe	Execute trip generation
Trip_Distribution.bat	Trip_Distribution.s CV_Trip_Distribution.s	Execute trip distribution
Mode_Choice.bat or Mode_Choice_TC.bat	COGMC.exe MC_Summary.s MC_Constraint.s MC_ConSummary.s	Execute mode choice model
PP_Auto_Drivers.bat	PP_Auto_Drivers.s	Generate initial auto drivers (without mode choice model)
Auto_Driver.bat	MC_Auto_Drivers.s	Generate initial auto drivers after mode choice model
Misc_Time-of-Day.bat	Misc_Time-of-Day.s	Convert daily miscellaneous trips to AM, PM, and Off-peak
Time-of-Day.bat	Time-of-Day.s CV_Time-of-Day.s	Convert daily modeled trips to AM, PM, and Off-peak
Highway_Assignment.bat	Highway_Assignment.s	Execute highway assignment
Highway_Skims.bat	Highway_Skims.s	Create highway skims from assignment

Ref: Flowchart_Table.xls

Table 10-4 Sequence of Batch Files Executed by Iteration

Batch File	Scripts / Programs	Initial (Pump Prime) Iteration Standard Iterations						
		PP	1	2	3	4	5	6
Set_Factors.bat	Set_Factors.s	1						
Set_CPI.bat	Set_CPI.s	2						
PP_Highway_Build.bat	Staproto.exe Highway_Build_Toll.s	3						
PP_Highway_PNR.bat	Pump_Prime_Skims.s	4						
Highway_PNR.bat	Auto_Access.s		14	24	34	44	54	64
PP_Transit_Prep.bat	NodesTB.exe Cntconn2.exe Gis_proc.exe Wlklktp.exe Update_Wklinks.s Prefartp.s	5						
Transit_Skim.bat	Transit_Skims.s	6	15	25	35	45	55	65
Transit_Fare.bat	Metrorail_Skims.s Mfare1.s Mfare2.s		16	26	36	46	56	66
Trip_Generation.bat	Trip_Generation.s CV_Trip_Generation.s	7	17	27	37	47	57	67
Trip_Distribution.bat	Trip_Distribution.s CV_Trip_Distribution.s	8	18	28	38	48	58	68
Mode_Choice.bat or Mode_Choice_TC.bat	COGMC.exe MC_Summary.s MC_Constraint.s MC_ConSummary.s		19	29	39	49	59	69
PP_Auto_Drivers.bat	PP_Auto_Drivers.s	9						
Auto_Driver.bat	MC_Auto_Drivers.s		20	30	40	50	60	70
Misc_Time-of-Day.bat	Misc_Time-of-Day.s	10						
Time-of-Day.bat	Time-of-Day.s CV_Time-of-Day.s	11	21	31	41	51	61	71
Highway_Assignment.bat	Highway_Assignment.s	12	22	32	42	52	62	72
Highway_Skims.bat	Highway_Skims.s	13	23	33	43	53	63	73

Ref: Flowchart_Table.xls

10.2 Launching a Model Run

The model is normally launched from a command window or command prompt (prior to Windows 2000, this was known as a DOS window). The command window should be opened to the root directory (e.g., c:\user\cgv22). This may be done expeditiously by opening Windows Explorer, navigating to the root directory, selecting the root subdirectory, and right-clicking the mouse, choosing “Open Command Window Here” in Windows XP.¹ The command prompt should show something like this:

```
C:\user\cgv22>
```

The basic syntax for running the model is

```
<runall batch file name> <name of the scenario specific subdirectory>
```

For example:

```
C:\user\cgv22> runall_2000.bat 2000
```

will run the “runall_2000.bat” batch file using the “2000” subdirectory as the scenario subdirectory. While the model is running, it sends information to the screen (in the command window). For example, here is the beginning of the information sent for a year-2000 model run:

```
C:\user\cgv22>set _year_=2000
C:\user\cgv22>set _alt_=Base
C:\user\cgv22>rem ===== Pump Prime Iteration =====
C:\user\cgv22>set _iter_=pp
C:\user\cgv22>set _prev_=pp
C:\user\cgv22>call Set_Factors.bat 2000
C:\user\cgv22>cd support
C:\user\cgv22\support>del tppl*. *
C:\user\cgv22\support>del set_factors.rpt
C:\user\cgv22\support>start /w TPPLUS.EXE ..\scripts\Set_Factors.s /start -Ptppl -S..\support
C:\user\cgv22\support>if errorlevel 1 goto error
C:\user\cgv22\support>copy tppl*.prn set_factors.rpt
tppl0001.PRN
      1 file(s) copied.
```

¹ In Windows XP, the “Open Command Windows Here” option is not available, unless you install the Windows XP Power Toy, “Command Here” application (<http://www.microsoft.com/windowsxp/downloads/powertoys/xppowertoys.msp>).

This information includes both “standard output” and “standard error.” “Standard error” includes any error messages that may be generated during the running of a model. For example, if a batch file tries to delete a file that does not exist, it will generate the error message “File not found,” and this is sent to the screen, since standard error is sent to the screen by default. Standard output includes any non-error messages, such as “1 file copied.”

Typically, due to the long run times, a model run is launched in the evening and is ready the next morning. When we launch a model run, we typically re-direct the standard error to a file. This allows us to review the file the next morning to make sure that there were no error messages (or at least, no critical error messages). Otherwise, the error messages would be simply sent to the screen, which has a limited number of lines it will store (The screen buffer may be controlled by the user. It is typically around 300 to 700 lines). The following command will launch a model run and re-direct standard error to a file:

```
C:\user\cgv22> cmd /c runall_20000.bat 2000 2> errs2000.txt
```

The “cmd /c” starts a new instance of the Windows XP command interpreter in the current command window. The “2>” ensures that only standard error, not standard output, is sent to the file.

A further enhancement on the run command is to use the “timethis.exe” utility from the Windows 2000 Resource Kit. This file is freely available on the Web. This utility will report the run time for a given command. Thus,

```
C:\user\cgv22> timethis "cmd /c runall_2000.bat 2000 2> errs2000.txt"
```

will result in the following report on the screen at the end of the model run:

```
TimeThis : Command Line : cmd /c runall_2000.bat    2000  2> errs2000.txt
TimeThis :   Start Time : Wed Sep 08 16:54:43 2004
TimeThis :   End Time   : Thu Sep 09 08:39:32 2004
TimeThis : Elapsed Time : 15:44:48.772
```

The quotes around the command are necessary when re-direction is used.

The final enhancement is to re-direct the standard output to a file. In the past, if you redirected the standard output to a file, you would see nothing on the screen till the model run was done. Now, we use a free utility called “tee.exe” that splits the standard output into two copies, sending one to a file and one to the screen.² Thus, the final command is:

```
timethis "cmd /c runall_2000.bat    2000  2> errs2000.txt" | tee scr_outp2000.txt
```

² <http://www.csc.calpoly.edu/~bfriesen/software/console.shtml>.

Chapter 11 Set-Up Programs and Highway Network Building

Input(s):

Zonal Land Use File	ZONE.ASC	ASCII
Node Coordinate File	NODE.ASC	ASCII
Link File	LINK.ASC	ASCII
Station/PNR Lot File	STA_TPP.BSE	ASCII
Metrorail/Commuter Rail Link File	RAIL_LNK.BSE	ASCII
Initial Speed Lookup Files	TAZAMSPD.LKP, TAZOPSPD.LKP, AMSPD.LKP, OPSPD.LKP	ASCII
Area Type Override File	AREAOVER.ASC	ASCII
Toll Deflation File	TOLL.ESC	ASCII

Output(s):

Freeway Node File	TRN_FWYN.ASC	ASCII
AM, PM, Off-Peak Highway Network File	ZONEHWY.NET	Binary
TRNBUILD Station Node/Link Files	MET_NODE.TB, COM_NODE.TB, MET_LINK.TB, COM_LINK.TB	ASCII
TRNBUILD Walk Link File	WLKNET.TB	ASCII
TRNBUILD PNR Node/Link Files	MET_PNRN.TB, MET_PNRL.TB, COM_PNRN.TB, COM_PNRL.TB, BUS_PNRN.TB, BUS_PNRL.TB	ASCII
TRNBUILD Bus/Station Connect Link Files	MET_BUS.TB, COM_BUS.TB	ASCII
MFARE1 A1 Deck File	MFARE1.A1	ASCII
MFARE1 Metrorail Link File	METLNKM1.TB	ASCII
TAZ/PNR Equivalence table	TAZPNR.ASC	ASCII
Highway and Transit Coordinate (XY) File	TRN_NODE.ASC	ASCII
Zonal Highway Terminal Time File	ZTERMTM.ASC	ASCII
Station PNR Coordinate File	STAPNR.XYS	ASCII

Program File(s):

STAPROTP.EXE
TP+

Control/Support File(s):

SET_FACTORS.S
SET_CPL.S
STAPROTP.CTL (Control files for the STAPROTP Program)
HIGHWAY_BUILD_TOLL.S (TP+ script file for network building)

Application Details:

The purpose of the highway network building process is to establish a single binary highway network containing link attributes corresponding to AM peak, PM peak, and off-peak time periods. The process requires a highway link file and a nodes file and several supporting files. The nodes file contains the x/y coordinate units of each highway node, based on the NAD83 system in whole feet. HIGHWAY_BUILD_TOLLS is the TP+ script that is used. The script first determines the nearest zone centroid associated with each link in the highway network.³ It then determines the area type of each zone in the region based on land activity density. The density measure is defined jointly by population and employment densities for a one-mile ‘floating’ radius about each zone as shown on Exhibit 11-1 :

Exhibit 11-1 Version 2 Highway Network Area Type Definitions

Relationship of Area Type Codes to Land Use Density

One-Mile ‘Floating’ Pop. Density (Pop/Sq mi.)	One-Mile ‘Floating’ Employment Density (Emp / Sq mi)						
	0-100	101-500	501-1,500	1,501-5,000	5,001-15,000	15,001-35,000	35,001+
0-100	7	7	5	5	2	2	2
101-350	7	5	5	5	2	2	2
351-1,500	6	6	5	5	2	2	2
1,501-3,500	6	6	4	3	2	2	2
3,501-6,500	4	4	3	3	2	2	1
6,501-10,000	4	3	3	3	2	2	1
10,001+	3	3	3	2	2	2	1

The highway network building process is used to build ASCII link records into a binary network file. The script also performs other functions. It creates transit walk network links which are used in the transit network building process. The script also builds zonal highway terminal times. Highway terminal times vary from 2 to 8 minutes as a function of employment density.

The STAPROTP program is used to create transit link and node files in TRNBUILD format, on the basis of two user-prepared files. Exhibit 11-2 describes the control cards that are required for the program. One input file, called a ‘station’ file (sta_tpp.bse), contains attributes associated with all base and future transit stations and PNR lots. The second file is a “rail link” file, which contains distances and speeds of all fixed guideway links pertaining to Metrorail and commuter rail systems. The program also creates a TAZ-PNR equivalence file that is used in the building of drive access links. Finally, the program also creates three files that support the fare (MFARE) development process, a Metrorail link and node file, and the zonal data file (the “A1 deck”) for the METRORAIL_SKIMS.S and MFARE1.S programs.

³ Each link is associated with one zone, but there is no guarantee that each zone is associated with a link.

Exhibits 2-5 through 2-9 show the input file format descriptions for the HIGHWAY_BUILD_TOLL.S and STAPROTP programs.

Exhibit 11-2 STAPROTP Control Parameters

<i>Type</i>	<i>Name</i>	<i>Description</i>
&files	Statf	Station file input
	Rlnkf	Rail link file input
	Metlnkm1	Metrorail Link file for MFARE1 process
	Metlnkf	Metrorail Link file in TRNBUILD format
	Comlnkf	Comm.Rail Link file in TRNBUILD format
	Metnodm1	Metrorail Node file for MFARE1 program
	Metnodf	Metrorail Node file in TRNBUILD format
	Comnodf	Comm. Rail Node file in TRNBUILD format
	Metpnrf	Metrorail PNR Node file in TRNBUILD format
	Compnrnf	Comm. Rail PNR Node file in TRNBUILD format
	Buspnf	Bus PNR node file in TRNBUILD format
	Mpnlf	Metrorail/PNR Connect link file in TRNBUILD format
	Cpnrlf	Comm. Rail /PNR Connect link file in TRNBUILD format
	Bpnlf	Bus /PNR connect link file in TRNBUILD format
	Metblf	Metrorail/Bus connect link file in TRNBUILD format
	Comblf	Comm.Rail/Bus connect link file in TRNBUILD format
	Mf1a1	A1 deck for the MFARE1 program
Tazpnrf	TAZ / PNR equivalience in MATRIX-ready format	
S_pxyf	Station/PNR XYX file	

Highway Toll Modeling

Pathbuilding procedures in the Version 2.2 model are based on either highway time or a combination of highway time and transit time. The methodology for incorporating highway toll sensitivity into the model essentially involves converting link-coded highway *tolls* into *equivalent minutes*. The equivalent minutes are then added to the highway time during pathbuilding. This type of approach effectively reduces travel demand on tolled paths and increases demand on competing non-tolled paths for a given i/j. In developing highway toll-time equivalents, the nature of pathbuilding in trip distribution and highway assignment steps is considered. Trip distribution is applied using income stratification, while the traffic assignment distinguishes path by vehicle type. Therefore the toll modeling approach involves time-cost equivalent parameters that are provided on the basis of both income and vehicle types.

To apply the toll modeling procedure, the analyst: 1) codes highway tolls appropriately in the highway network, and 2) prepares three parameter files in the *INPUTS* subdirectory. The three files are relatively small text files generically named *TOLL.ESC*, *TOLL.INC*, and *TOLL.SKM*.

Toll coding in the highway network is reflected with two highway link attributes: *TOLL* and *TOLLGRP*. *TOLL* is the monetary value of the fee charged at the link location in current year cents. The current year should be consistent with the transit fare tariff year assumed in the *MFARE2* program. *TOLLGRP* is a 1-digit facility type indicator that ranges from a value of '0' to '9'. The *TOLLGRP* value should be coded with a non-zero value if the *TOLL* value is non-zero. (If the *TOLL* value of a given link is non-zero and the *TOLLGRP* value equals zero, the highway network building process automatically imposes a *TOLLGRP* override value of '1'). If the analyst wishes to reflect a per-mile *TOLL* value on a link, there is no need to code a manually calculated *TOLL* value on the link. In this instance, the *TOLL* value should not be coded, but a unique *TOLLGRP* code should be assigned to the link and an associated per-mile rate should be specified in the *TOLL.ESC* file (described below). The highway building process ultimately creates time period-specific toll attributes: *AMTOLL*, *PMTOLL*, and *OPTOLL*. Under default conditions, all three attributes are assigned the *TOLL* value that is coded or automatically generated during network building.

The *TOLL.ESC* file is a TP+ script section that is called into the highway network building process. It contains three 'look-up tables' named *ESCFAC*, *DSTFAC*, and *TTFAC*, which contain user-specified parameters that vary by *TOLLGRP* codes. *ESCFAC* values are the deflation factors used to convert current year tolls into constant 1994 values. This parameter exists because the future pricing policies may vary between tolled facilities. These factors are directly analogous to the deflation parameter referenced in the *MFARE2* program, i.e., *UPARMS(2)*. The most recent model runs have been executed with consistent deflation assumptions between tolls and transit fares. *DSTFAC* values are optional per-mile rates (current-year cents per mile) that may be specified at the user's option as a special network coding expedient. During highway building, the *DSTFAC* factor is applied to the coded distance and the *TOLL* value is automatically assigned the result. If this option is not exercised, all *DSTFAC* values must be set to zero. The *TTFAC* are optional factors that may be used to alter the *AMTOLL*, *PMTOLL*, or *OPTOLL* values described above on a facility basis. The default *TTFAC* values are '1.0'. If, for example, the analyst wishes to set the off-peak toll to one-half of the coded *TOLL* value, then the off-peak *TTFAC* value would be set to '0.50' instead of '1.0'.

The time-cost equivalents by income level are specified in the *TOLL.INC* file. This is another TP+ script section that is called into the trip distribution process. The equivalent time values are reasonable average values, which should generally not be altered. The income-based time equivalents are shown on the table below. The hourly household wage rates were developed from the 2000 Census (Washington PMSA) income data, assuming 1,920 working hours per year and an average of 1.38 workers per household. The work equivalent values are based on a 50% average time valuation time while the non-work purpose is based on a 35% time valuation.

Work & Non-Work Time – Dollar Equivalents by Income Level

Annual Household Income Quartile	(a) Hourly Wage Rate (2000 \$)	(b) Work Equivalent (minutes per 1994 \$)	(c) Non-Work Equivalent (minutes per 1994 \$)
1	\$6.60	21.1	30.2
2	\$17.93	7.8	11.1
3	\$30.19	4.6	6.6
4	\$60.39	2.3	3.3

The assumed time-toll equivalents by vehicle type are shown on the table below. These equivalents are specified in the *TOLL.SKM* file (this file is called by the traffic assignment and highway skimming programs). The equivalent minutes are based on an average 1994 household income of \$62,500. Airport vehicle time equivalents are based on the ‘full’ average value of time for all time periods. The SOV time equivalents are based on a 50% and 35% time valuation in the peak and off-peak periods. The HOV time equivalents are based on a 40% and 30% time valuation in the peak and off-peak periods. Truck time equivalents are set to 2.5 times the prevailing SOV values. These values should generally not be altered.

Peak/Off-Peak Time – Dollar Equivalents (Minutes/Dollar) by Vehicle Type

Vehicle Type	Peak Period Equivalent (minutes per 1994 \$)	Off-Peak Period Equivalent (minutes per 1994 \$)
Airport Auto	2.5	2.5
Single Occupant Auto	5.1	7.3
Multi-Occupant Auto	6.4	8.5
Truck	12.8	18.3

The *TOLL.SKM* files also enable the analyst to specify time period-specific toll factors by vehicle type and tolled facility using *AM_TFAC*, *PM_TFAC*, and *OP_TFAC* lookup tables. These lookup tables are provided as an optional coding expedient. Default values of ‘1.0’ should be maintained if this option is not used. Example listings of the *TOLL.ESC*, *TOLL.INC*, and *TOLL.SKM* files follow below.

```

; ////////////////////////////////////////////////////////////////////
; //      TOLL.ESC  -- Version 2.2      Toll Escalation - by toll group |
; ////////////////////////////////////////////////////////////////////
;
; =====
; = TOLL ESCALATION FACTORS by TOLL GROUP =
; = TABLE LOOKUP =
; = For converting current year cents to =
; = 1994 cents -updated 11/14/03 rjm =
; =====
; Use 2000 to 1994 deflation factor
LOOKUP NAME= ESCFAC,
      LOOKUP[1] = 1, RESULT=2,
      FAIL= 0,0,0,INTERPOLATE=F,
; Toll Escalation Toll Rate
; Grp Factor
; ---
R=" 1  0.86063  ", ;
   " 2  0.86063  ", ;
   " 3  0.86063  ", ;
   " 4  0.86063  ", ;
   " 5  0.86063  ", ;
   " 6  0.86063  ", ;
   " 7  0.86063  ", ;
   " 8  0.86063  ", ;
   " 9  0.86063  ", ;
; end of toll escalation lookup
; =====
; = TOLL Distance Rates by TOLL GROUP (optional) =
; = Factor for computing tolls based on distance =
; = in current year cents per mile =
; =====
LOOKUP NAME= DSTFAC,
      LOOKUP[1] = 1, RESULT=2,
      FAIL= 0,0,0,INTERPOLATE=F,
; Toll Toll Rate
; Grp Cents/mi (in current yr$)
; ---
R=" 1  0.0000  ", ;
   " 2  0.0000  ", ;
   " 3  0.0000  ", ;
   " 4  0.0000  ", ;
   " 5  0.0000  ", ;
   " 6  0.0000  ", ;
   " 7  0.0000  ", ;
   " 8  0.0000  ", ;
   " 9  0.0000  ", ;
; end of toll distance rate lookup
; =====
; = TOLL Time of Day Factors by Toll Group =
; = Factor for converting link-coded toll to =
; = specific time periods by link group =
; =====
LOOKUP NAME= TTFAC,
      LOOKUP[1] = 1, RESULT=2, ; AM Toll factor
      LOOKUP[2] = 1, RESULT=3, ; PM Toll factor
      LOOKUP[3] = 1, RESULT=4, ; Off-Peak Toll factor
      FAIL= 0,0,0,INTERPOLATE=F,
; Toll AM Toll PM Toll Off-Peak
; Grp Factor Factor Toll Factor
; ---
R=" 1  1.0000 1.0000 1.0000 ", ;
   " 2  1.0000 1.0000 1.0000 ", ;
   " 3  1.0000 1.0000 1.0000 ", ;
   " 4  1.0000 1.0000 1.0000 ", ;
   " 5  1.0000 1.0000 1.0000 ", ;
   " 6  1.0000 1.0000 1.0000 ", ;
   " 7  1.0000 1.0000 1.0000 ", ;
   " 8  1.0000 1.0000 1.0000 ", ;
   " 9  1.0000 1.0000 1.0000 ", ;
; end of toll time adjustment factor lookup

```

```
|
| ////////////////////////////////////////////////////////////////////|
| // TOLL.INC - Version 2.2      Toll Income Params  (Ext1 Ctl File)|
| ////////////////////////////////////////////////////////////////////|
| \\\\//////////////////////////////////////////////////////////////////|
|
|
|
| =====|
| = Equivalent Toll Minutes by Time Prd & Income Group           =|
| = in minutes per 1994 dollars      6/08/04 rm =                =|
| =====|
|
|      AM Peak           Off Peak
|-----|-----|
| i1PKEQM = 21.1      I1OPEQM = 30.2           ; <--- INC 1
| i2PKEQM =  7.8      I2OPEQM = 11.1           ; <--- INC 2
| i3PKEQM =  4.6      I3OPEQM =  6.6           ; <--- INC 3
| i4PKEQM =  2.3      I4OPEQM =  3.3           ; <--- INC 4
|
|
| END
```



```
;
;
;//// TOLL.SKM - Version 2.2 Toll Skim Params (TP+ Ext1 Ctl File)
;
;
;=====
;   = Equivalent Toll Minutes by Time Prd & Vehicle Type               =
;   = in minutes per 1994 dollar - rm 6/8/04                          =
;=====
;
;   AM Peak      Off Peak      PM Peak
;-----
;
;SVAMEQM = 5.1      SVOPEQM = 7.3      SVPMEQM = 5.1 ; <--- SOVs
;H2AMEQM = 6.4      H2OPEQM = 8.5      H2PMEQM = 6.4 ; <--- HOVs-2 Occ
;H3AMEQM = 6.4      H3OPEQM = 8.5      H3PMEQM = 6.4 ; <--- HOVs-3+Occ
;TKAMEQM = 12.8     TKOPEQM = 18.3     TKPMEQM = 12.8 ; <--- Trucks
;APAMEQM = 2.5      APOPEQM = 2.5      APPMEQM = 2.5 ; <--- Apaxs
;
;=====
;   = AM Peak Toll Adjustment Factor(AM_TFAC)                           =
;   = by Toll Group & Vehicle Type                                       =
;=====
;
LOOKUP NAME= AM_TFAC,
LOOKUP[1] = 1, RESULT=2, ; sov toll factor as f(toll group#)
LOOKUP[2] = 1, RESULT=3, ; hv2 toll factor as f(toll group#)
LOOKUP[3] = 1, RESULT=4, ; hv3+toll factor as f(toll group#)
LOOKUP[4] = 1, RESULT=5, ; Trk toll factor as f(toll group#)
LOOKUP[5] = 1, RESULT=6, ; Apx toll factor as f(toll group#)
FAIL= 0,0,0,INTERPOLATE=F,
; Toll SOV HOV2 HOV3+ Trk APAX
; Grp TFtr TFtr TFtr TFtr TFtr
; -----
R=" 1 1.0 1.0 1.0 1.0 1.0 ",
" 2 1.0 1.0 1.0 1.0 1.0 ",
" 3 1.0 1.0 1.0 1.0 1.0 ",
" 4 1.0 1.0 1.0 1.0 1.0 ",
" 5 1.0 1.0 1.0 1.0 1.0 ",
" 6 1.0 1.0 1.0 1.0 1.0 ",
" 7 1.0 1.0 1.0 1.0 1.0 ",
" 8 1.0 1.0 1.0 1.0 1.0 ",
" 9 1.0 1.0 1.0 1.0 1.0 "
; (END of AM toll adjustment factor lookup)
;
;=====
;   = Off Peak Toll Adjustment Factor(OP_TFAC)                           =
;   = by Toll Group & Vehicle Type                                       =
;=====
;
LOOKUP NAME= OP_TFAC,
LOOKUP[1] = 1, RESULT=2, ; sov toll factor as f(toll group#)
LOOKUP[2] = 1, RESULT=3, ; hv2 toll factor as f(toll group#)
LOOKUP[3] = 1, RESULT=4, ; hv3+toll factor as f(toll group#)
LOOKUP[4] = 1, RESULT=5, ; Trk toll factor as f(toll group#)
LOOKUP[5] = 1, RESULT=6, ; Apx toll factor as f(toll group#)
FAIL= 0,0,0,INTERPOLATE=F,
;
; Toll SOV HOV2 HOV3+ Trk APAX
; Grp TFtr TFtr TFtr TFtr TFtr
; -----
R=" 1 1.0 1.0 1.0 1.0 1.0 ",
" 2 1.0 1.0 1.0 1.0 1.0 ",
" 3 1.0 1.0 1.0 1.0 1.0 ",
" 4 1.0 1.0 1.0 1.0 1.0 ",
" 5 1.0 1.0 1.0 1.0 1.0 ",
" 6 1.0 1.0 1.0 1.0 1.0 ",
" 7 1.0 1.0 1.0 1.0 1.0 ",
" 8 1.0 1.0 1.0 1.0 1.0 ",
" 9 1.0 1.0 1.0 1.0 1.0 "
; (END of Off peak toll adjustment factor lookup)
;
;
```

```

; =====
; = PM Peak Toll Adjustment Factor(PM_TFAC) =
; = by Toll Group & Vehicle Type =
; =====
LOOKUP NAME= PM_TFAC,
  LOOKUP[1] = 1, RESULT=2, ; sov toll factor as f(toll group#)
  LOOKUP[2] = 1, RESULT=3, ; hv2 toll factor as f(toll group#)
  LOOKUP[3] = 1, RESULT=4, ; hv3+toll factor as f(toll group#)
  LOOKUP[4] = 1, RESULT=5, ; Trk toll factor as f(toll group#)
  LOOKUP[5] = 1, RESULT=6, ; Apx toll factor as f(toll group#)
  FAIL= 0,0,0,INTERPOLATE=F,
;
; Toll SOV HOV2 HOV3+ Trk APAX
; Grp TFtr TFtr TFtr TFtr TFtr
;
R=" 1 1.0 1.0 1.0 1.0 1.0 ",
" 2 1.0 1.0 1.0 1.0 1.0 ",
" 3 1.0 1.0 1.0 1.0 1.0 ",
" 4 1.0 1.0 1.0 1.0 1.0 ",
" 5 1.0 1.0 1.0 1.0 1.0 ",
" 6 1.0 1.0 1.0 1.0 1.0 ",
" 7 1.0 1.0 1.0 1.0 1.0 ",
" 8 1.0 1.0 1.0 1.0 1.0 ",
" 9 1.0 1.0 1.0 1.0 1.0 "
; (END of PM peak toll adjustment factor lookup)

```

Input File Descriptions and Formats:

1. Land Use File (zone.asc)

Exhibit 11-3 Land Use File Format Description

<i>Columns</i>	<i>Format</i>	<i>Field Description</i>
1- 4	I4	TAZ (1-2,191)
8- 15	I8	Households
16- 23	I8	Household Population
24- 31	I8	Group Quarters Population
32- 39	I8	Total Population
40- 47	I8	Total Employment
48- 55	I8	Industrial Employment
56- 63	I8	Retail Employment
64- 71	I8	Office Employment
72- 79	I8	Other Employment
80- 81	I2	Jurisdiction Code (0-23) <i>0/dc, 1/mtg, 2/pg, 3/alr/, 4/alx,5, ffx, 6/ldn, 7/ pw, 8/(unused), 9/ frd, 10/how, 11/aa, 12/chs, 13/(unused), 14/car, 15/cal, 16/stm, 17/ kg, 18/fbg, 19/stf, 20/spts, 21/fau, 22/clk, 23/jef</i>
83- 92	F10.4	Gross Land Area (in sq. miles)
94- 95	I2	Ratio of zonal HH median income to regional median HH income in tenths (i.e. 10 = 1.0), per 1990 CTPP.
97- 98	I2	Airline distance to the nearest external station in whole miles.

Exhibit 11-4 Node Coordinate File Format Description

<i>Columns</i>	<i>Format</i>	<i>Field Description</i>
1- 6	I6	Highway Node Number
7- 14	I8	X-Coordinate (NAD83-based in whole feet)
15- 22	I8	Y-Coordinate (NAD83-based in whole feet)

3. Base Highway Link File (link.asc)

Exhibit 11-5 Base Highway Link File Format Description

<i>Columns</i>	<i>Format</i>	<i>Field Description</i>
1-5	I5	A node
6-10	I5	B node
13-17	F5.2	Link Distance (in whole miles with explicit decimal)
23-24	I2	Unused (place marker for Speed Class)*
26-27	I2	Unused (place marker for Capacity Class)*
30-33	I4	Daily Ground Count in thousands
35-36	I2	Daily Ground Count Quality Code
39-40	I2	Jurisdiction Code (0-23) <i>0/dc, 1/mtg, 2/pg, 3/alr/, 4/alx,5, ffx, 6/ldn, 7/ pw, 8/(unused), 9/ frd, 10/how, 11/aa, 12/chs, 13/(unused), 14/car, 15/cal, 16/stm, 17/ kg, 18/fbg, 19/stf, 20/spts, 21/fau, 22/clk, 23/jef</i>
51-52	I2	Screenline Code
54-55	I2	Link Facility Type Code (0-6) <i>0/centroids, 1/Freeways, 2/Major Art., 3/Minor Art, 4/ Collector, 5/ Expressway, 6/ Ramp (future use)</i>
61-64	I4	Toll Value in current year dollars
66-69	I4	Toll Group Code (1-9)
81-82	I2	AM Peak No. of Lanes
84-85	I2	AM Peak Limit Code (0-9)
87-88	I2	PM Peak No. of Lanes
90-91	I2	PM Peak Limit Code (0-9)
93-94	I2	Off-Peak No. of Lanes
96-97	I2	Off-Peak Limit Code (0-9)
99-102	I4	Unused (place marker for TAZ)*
107-116	A/N	Project ID

Notes:

- *The mode choice model requires that all costs be in 1994 dollars.*
- *Limit Codes are 0,1 = General Use, 2 = HOV2,3+ only, 3 = HOV 3+ Only, 4 = Truck Prohibited, 5 = Non-Airport Vehicles Prohibited, 6-8 = (unused), 9 = 'Transit Only' link (links used to more accurately depict coded transit routes, but are below the grain of the zone system; these links are not included in the highway assignment process).*
- ** The speed class, capacity class, and TAZ are added to the highway network during the highway network building phase, so they are not used in the ASCII input file link.asc.*

4. Consolidated Station / PNR lot file (sta_tpp.bse)

Exhibit 11-6 Consolidated Station / PNR Lot File Format Description

<i>Columns</i>	<i>Format</i>	<i>Field Description</i>
1-5	I5	Sequence Number
10	A1	Mode Code (M=Metrorail, C=Commuter rail, B=Bus, L=Light rail, N= BRT/street car)
15	A1	Parking Available? (Y/N)
18	A1	Station Active? (Y/N)
21-44	A24	Station Name/PNR lot name
45-50	I6	Network Centroid (2251-2500)
51-55	I5	TAZ location of Station/PNR lot (1-2191)
56-60	I5	Rail Station Node (7301-7399, 7600-7733)
61-65	I5	Parking lot node
66-70	I5	1 st Bus Node
71-75	I5	2 nd Bus Node
76-80	I5	3rd Bus Node
81-85	I5	4th Bus Node
91-100	I10	X Coord.of Station / PNR lot (NAD83-based in ft.)
101-110	I10	Y Coord.of Station / PNR lot (NAD83-based in ft.)
111-140		(Unused)
141-145	I5	Year of Station/PNR lot Opening (unused)

5. Rail Link File (rail_ink.bse)

Exhibit 11-7 Rail Link File Format Description

<i>Columns</i>	<i>Format</i>	<i>Field Description</i>
1-5	I5	A Node
6-10	I5	B Node
15-19	I5	Distance in 1/100 th s of miles
21-25	F5.2	Speed (mph)
37-37	I1	Rail Mode Number (3-5)

Chapter 12 Auto Access Link Development

Input(s):

Built Highway Network File	ZONEHWY.NET	ASCII
TAZ/PNR Equivalency File	TAZPNR.ASC	ASCII
Restrained Highway Skims	??_AM.SKM, ??_OP.SKM	Binary
Time / Toll Value Equivalent File	TOLL.SKM	ASCII
TAZ Coordinate File	BASEZON.DAT	ASCII

Output(s):

AM Peak/Off-Peak Auto Connect Link File, TRNBUILD Format	PNR_AM.TB, PNR_OP.TB	ASCII
---	----------------------	-------

Program File(s):

TP+

Control/Support File(s):

PUMP_PRIME_SKIMS.S
 AUTO_ACCESS.S

Application Details:

The highway skim and PNR access link development process is used to create peak and off-peak drive access links, used later for transit network building, directly from skimmed highway times, by time period. Two TP+ scripts are used to accomplish this. PUMP_PRIME_SKIMS.S establishes initial highway skims by first building peak and off-peak highway skims on the basis of default, congested highway speeds. The program also utilizes a TAZ-PNR equivalence file and writes a text file containing link information for all zones origins to zone destinations which are representative of PNR lots, subject to the following conditions:

- 1) The airline distance from the zone to the PNR lot must be within 4.0 miles for DC, Arlington County, and Alexandria; within 5 miles for Montgomery, Fairfax, and Prince George's counties; and within 8 miles for all remaining jurisdictions.
- 2) Zone to PNR connections will not cross the Potomac River except for origin zones in Loudoun County and Jefferson County since the MARC system in Maryland does serve commuters from those jurisdictions.

The AUTO_ACCESS.S builds auto access links in a similar manner as the PUMP_PRIME.S script, except that the zone-to-PNR link speeds are updated based on the AM and Off-peak highway skims resulting from the initial (or 'pump prime') assignment.

Chapter 13 Pre-Transit Network Processing

Input(s):

Freeway Node File	TRN_FWYN.ASC	ASCII
Rivers Location File	RIVERSTP.BNA	ASCII
Peak & Off-Peak Transit Line Files, MINUTP/TRNPTH Format	MODE???.TP	ASCII
Peak & Off-Peak Walk Area Files (from GIS)	GISWKAAM.ASC, GISWKAOP.ASC	ASCII
Peak & Off-Peak Walk Link Files (from GIS)	GISWKLAM.ASC, GISWKLOP.ASC	ASCII
Transit Stop Node File	NT_AM.ASC, NT_OP.ASC	ASCII
Highway and Transit Coordinate (XY) File	TRN_NODE.ASC	ASCII
TAZ/Bus Fare Zone Equivalency File	TAZFRZN.ASC	ASCII

Output(s):

Off-Peak Walk Link File, TRNBUILD Format	WALK_AM.TB, WALK_OP.TB	ASCII
Peak and Off-Peak Transit line files, TRNBUILD Format	MODE???.TB	ASCII
A2 Deck for MFARE Process	FARE_A2.ASC	ASCII

Program File(s):

CNTCONN2.EXE
 NODESTB.EXE
 GIS_PROC.EXE
 WLKLNKTP.EXE
 TP+

Control/Support File(s):

CNTCONN2 Control (CTL) files, NODESTB Control Files, NETSW2 Control (CTL) file,
 WLKLNKTP Control (CTL) files,
 UPDATE_WKLINKS.S (TP+ script)
 PREFARTP.S (TP+ script)

Application Details:

The pre-transit skimming process involves a number of utility programs that create transit line files and transit walk access files used in AM-peak and off-peak transit network building, specifically the walk access links and transit line files. The process also creates a zonal file that is used in the MFARE2 process. The current procedure requires transit line files be provided in TRNBUILD format. Two GIS-generated zone files are also needed: one which contains a measure of the area in long/short walk-to-transit areas, and another which relates each TAZ

centroid to the nearest transit stop nodes within one mile.

Walk links are generally developed as follows. The NODESTP program is applied to write out all stop nodes associated with each transit line in a relatively 'neat' ASCII format. The CNTCONN2 program then uses the stop nodes file, a freeway node file, and a file containing the coordinates of water body alignments to generate zone-to-transit-stop links. The GIS_PROC program, next, reads the GIS walk area file, which contains a measure of the area in each zone that is in a 'short' and/or a 'long' walk shed to transit service. The program simply converts the area-based information into short and long walk area percentages. The sum of the short walk and long walk zonal percentages will always range from 0 to 100. If a zone contains, for example, 100% short walk area, by definition, the long walk area and the no-walk area of that zone must be 0%. The GIS walk percent file also contains the average short and long walk distances to transit service and the closest bus node and rail node to each zone, based purely on the zone's spatial disposition to the transit network. Finally, the WLKLNKTP program reads the GIS walk link file and the CNTCONN2 and GIS_PROC output files to construct the final walk access link file. Specifically, the program undertakes the following steps:

- 1) Walk access links to bus stops are extracted from the CNTCONN2 output file;
- 2) Walk access links to rail stations are extracted from the GIS walk link file;
- 3) Uniform walk access distances are computed for each TAZ based on the average short/long walk distances (weighted by the short/long walk area percents). If a walk-access link to a rail station has a GIS-based distance that is longer than the area-based distance, then the access link is omitted from the final walk access file. Walk access links are uniformly assigned an average speed of 3 mph.

An TP+ script is called into the batch process. PREFARTP.S reads a zone file containing bus fare zone equivalents and inserts Metrorail walk percents from the GIS transit walk area file, thus creating the 'A2' zone file used in the fare development process.

If desired, the analyst may invoke a capability in the development of walk links to consider previously developed walk links from another alternative to be merged with those generated for the current working alternative. This capability was developed to better address walk access consistency between years/alternatives. The user must copy the pre-existing walk links file into the 'INPUTS' subdirectory of the current alternative and assign it the name WALK_?.OLD, where ?? refers to 'AM' or 'OP'. If these files are installed in the \INPUTS subdirectory then the UPDATE_WKLINKS.S script will be executed. The program performs the merging function.

Exhibits 4-1 through 4-5 are the control file descriptions used with the pre-transit network programs. Exhibits 4-6 through 4-8 show the file format descriptions of the input files used.

Exhibit 13-1 CNTCONN2 Control Parameters

<i>Type</i>	<i>Name</i>	<i>Description</i>
&files	Node_file	Highway and Transit XY file
	Lnk_file	Transit line/stop node file
	Xnod_file	Freeway node file
	Scr_file	River location file
	Out_file	Output walk link file
	Rpt_file	Output report file
&specs	Miles	Number of coordinate units per mile
	Max_zone	Maximum zone number
	Max_node	Maximum node number
	Max_walk	Maximum walk distance criterion
	Dev_fac	Directional Node Search adjustment
	Max_conn	Maximum number of walk links generated
	Mod_type	(set to 1)
	Nodesfmt	(set to T)
	Modes	Mode number for Walk Access Connection
	Tmespd	Walk Speed Assumption
	Dumdst	(set to F)
	Trnpth	(T/F) to generate TRNPTH walk file output
Trnbld	(T/F) to generate TRNBUILD walk file output	

Exhibit 13-2 NODESTB Control Parameters

<i>Type</i>	<i>Name</i>	<i>Description</i>
&files	Fline(1)	TRNPTH Line File 1
	Fline(2)	TRNPTH Line File 2
	Fline(3)	TRNPTH Line File 3
	Fline(4)	TRNPTH Line File 4
	Fline(5)	TRNPTH Line File 5
	Fline(6)	TRNPTH Line File 6
	Fline(7)	TRNPTH Line File 7
	Fline(8)	TRNPTH Line File 8
	Fnodes	Nodes output file name
	Frpt	Nodes report listing
¶ms	Period	(set to 0)
&options	STONLY	(Set to T)
	Plain	(Set to T)
&facils	(unused)	(unused)

Exhibit 13-3 WLKLNKTP Control Parameters

<i>Type</i>	<i>Name</i>	<i>Description</i>
&FILES	gisslf	GIS-Short Walk, Long Walk File
	Cntconnf	CNTCONN2 Output file
	Gisconnf	GIS-TAZ to Transit stop node file
	Fwlpctf	'final' walk access link file (TRNBUILD fmt.)
	Finwlkf	Final Walk Access link output file
&PARAMS	Railnr11	Minimum rail (Metrorail, Commuter rail) node number
	Railnr12	Maximum rail (Metrorail, Commuter rail) node number

Exhibit 13-4 PREFARTP Control Parameters

<i>Type</i>	<i>Name</i>	<i>Description</i>
&files	Gismetf	Transit walk area input file
	fwpctf	'final' walk percentage file
	Bfarezf	TAZ/Bus fare zone input file
	A2deckf	Output A2 deck output file (for MFARE2)

Input File Descriptions and Formats:

Exhibit 13-5 'Raw' GIS-Based Transit Walk Area File Format Description (GISWKA??).ASC)

<i>Columns</i>	<i>Format</i>	<i>Field Description</i>
4-8	I5	TAZ Number
9-17	I9	Total Land Area
24-30	I7	'short' walk area to rail (metrorail, commuter rail)
36-42	I7	'long' walk area to rail metrorail, commuter rail
49-55	I7	'short' walk area to non-rail transit
61-67	I7	'long' walk area to non-rail transit
73-81	I9	Non-walking area to ANY transit
85-91	I7	Avg 'Short' Walk Distance to Metrorail (in miles)
95-101	I7	Avg 'Long' Walk Distance to Metrorail (in miles)
106-112	I7	Avg 'Short' Walk Distance to Commuter Rail (in miles)
116-122	I7	Avg 'Long' Walk Distance to Commuter Rail (in miles)
127-133	I7	Avg 'Short' Walk Distance to Bus (in miles)
137-143	I7	Avg 'Long' Walk Distance to Bus (in miles)
149-155	I7	Avg 'Short' Walk Distance to ANY Transit (in miles)
161-167	I7	Avg 'Long' Walk Distance to ANY Transit (in miles)
170-174	I5	Nearest Rail Station (Metrorail or Commuter Rail) w/in 1.0 mi
176-180	I5	Nearest Bus Stop Node w/in 1.0 mi

Note: area measurements are in square miles and do not include major bodies of water; 'short' references below are defined as within 1/3 mile; 'long' walk areas are those beyond 1/3 of a mile and within 1.0 mile

Exhibit 13-6 GIS-Walk Link File Format Description (GISWKL??ASC)

<i>Columns</i>	<i>Format</i>	<i>Field Description</i>
1-5	I5	TAZ Number
6-10	I5	Transit Stop nodes within 1.0 mile
11-15	F5.2	Distance from TAZ centroid to stop node in miles

Exhibit 13-7 TAZ / Bus Fare Zone Equivalency File Format Description (TAZFRZN.ASC)

<i>Columns</i>	<i>Format</i>	<i>Field Description</i>
<i>Zonal data</i>		
1-4	I4	TAZ Number (or Station No.)
5-8	I4	Bus fare zone 1
13-16	I4	Bus fare zone 2
45-48	I4	Special transit service fare (cents)
49-50	I2	Jurisdiction code (0/DC, 1/MD, 2/VA Area 1 (Fairfax Co.), 3/VA Area 2 (non-Fairfax Co.))
<i>Station data</i>		
29-32	I4	Station Bus Fare Code 1
37-40	I4	Station Bus Fare Code 2

Chapter 14 Transit Skim File Development

Input(s):

Peak, Off-Peak Highway Networks	ZONEHWY.NET	Binary
Peak, Off-Peak Transit Line Files, TRNBUILD Format	MODE???.TB	ASCII
Peak and Off-Peak Walk Access Links, TRNBUILD Format	WALK_AM.TB, WALK_OP.TB	ASCII
Peak/Off-Peak Zonal Drive Access Links, TRNBUILD Format	PNR_AM.TB, PNR_OP.TB	ASCII
Walk Network Links, TRNBUILD Format	WLKNET.TB	ASCII
Rail Links File, TRNBUILD Format	MET_LINK.TB, COM_LINK.TB	ASCII
Rail Node File, TRNBUILD Format	MET_NODE.TB, COM_NODE.TB	ASCII
PNR/Bus, Station Connect Links/Nodes, TRNBUILD Format	BUS_PNRN.TB, BUS_PNRL.TB, MET_PNRN.TB, MET_PNRL.TB, COM_PNRN.TB, COM_PNRL.TB	ASCII
Station/Bus Connect Links, TRNBUILD Format	MET_BUS.TB, COM_BUS.TB	ASCII
Local Bus Time Factors	LBUS_TIMFTRS.ASC	ASCII

Output(s):

Peak/Off-Peak Walk Access Skims	??_AM_WK.SKM, ??_OP_WK.SKM	Binary
Peak/Off-Peak Drive Access Skims	??_AM_DR.SKM, ??_OP_DR.SKM	Binary
Peak/Off-Peak Walk Access Station-to-Station Tables	??_AM_WK.STA, ??_OP_WK.STA	Binary
Peak/Off-Peak Drive Access Station-to-Station Tables	??_AM_DR.STA, ??_OP_DR.STA	Binary
Transit Accessibility File	JOBACC.ASC	ASCII

Program File(s):

TP+

Control/Support File(s):

TRANSIT_SKIMS.S

Application Details:

The transit skimming process is used to create transit level-of-service files to serve the mode choice model and to provide for the development of accessibility variables for the vehicle availability model. It also provides Metrorail on/off station information used in the creation of transit fares. Four TRNBUILD procedures are executed to produce walk-access and drive access skims for the AM-peak and off-peak periods. Each procedure requires several input files: a binary highway network, rail network links, transit line files, zone access links, walking links, and a variety of connection links.

There are 16 values used to represent the various travel modes in the TRNBUILD module, as shown below:

Mode number	Description
1 - 10	Transit Modes: 1/Local Metrobus, 2/Express Metrobus, 3/Metrorail, 4/Commuter rail, 5/Unused, 6/ Non-Metrobus Primary Local bus, 7 Non-Metrorail Primary Express Bus, 8/ Secondary Local Bus, 9/ Secondary Express Bus
	Non-Transit Modes:
11	Drive access
12	Bus/rail walk connect
13	'Downtown' walk link
14	Unused
15	PNR/rail walk connect
16	Zonal walk access/egress link

Peak and off-peak transit bus line files are normally prepared by mode. They are coded directly over the highway networks. Transit service in the AM peak period is represented by the headways and run times in effect from 7-8 AM,⁴ and transit service in the off-peak period is represented by the headways and run times in effect from 10 AM - 3 PM. Although the off-peak period covers 5 hours, the maximum headway coded on the transit line files is 60 minutes. Transit in-vehicle times are controlled by the RUNTIME parameter coded on each transit line. This means that bus running times are not computed on the basis of highway link-coded speeds over which lines are coded, but rather, are based on actual bus schedule times.

In transit pathbuilding, out-of-vehicle time is weighted at 2.5 times the in-vehicle time. The first two transfers are assigned perceived time penalties of 6 minutes; the third transfer is effectively disallowed as it is assigned a perceived time of 60.0 minutes. For cases where a given interchange is served by multiple bus lines, headways are combined for all lines that are within 5 minutes of the minimum time available.

Each skimming process results in three types of zonal skim files: the mode choice model skim file (SKM), the Metrorail on/off station file (STA), and the total transit time file (TTT). The mode choice skim file contains six tables:

- 1) Walk transfer time
- 2) Drive access time
- 3) Initial wait time
- 4) Transfer wait time
- 5) Non-Metrorail In-Vehicle time

⁴ This peak period definition is relaxed, however, to reflect earlier hourly periods for some express services that originate in the outer fringes of the study area.

6) Metrorail In-Vehicle Time

Note that the walk time does not include zonal walk access/egress time, as that component is entered to the mode choice model as a zone variable. The Metrorail station file contains two files:

- 1) Metrorail Boarding Station No. (1-150)
- 2) Metrorail Alighting Station No. (1-150)

The third file contains a single table containing the total transit time, including zone walk access and egress time. The script also creates a file reflecting access to employment opportunities within 40 minutes via AM peak transit service. This measure is a variable that is used later in the vehicle availability model.

The transit skimming script also reads a file containing local bus factors used to degrade local bus times skims to incorporate the effect of growing highway congestion.

Chapter 15 Transit Fare Development

Input(s):

Metro Station Link File	METLNKM1.TB	ASCII
Metro Station XY File	METNODM1.TB	ASCII
Metrorail turn penalty file	INPUTS\TRNPEN.DAT	ASCII
MFARE1 A1 (Coordinate) File	MFARE1.A1	ASCII
Deflation factor file	Trn_deflator.txt	ASCII
WMATA tariff parameters	Inputs\tarrif.txt	ASCII
Metrorail station discount file	Inputs\mfare1_sta_disc.asc	ASCII
Peak/Off-Peak Station-to-Station Tables	??_AM_WK.STA, ??_OP_WK.STA	Binary
Peak / Off-Peak MFARE2 Bus Fare Matrix	Inputs\busfaram.asc Inputs\busfarop.asc	ASCII
Peak /Off-Peak MFARE2 A2 File	FARE_A2.ASC	ASCII

Output(s):

Peak/Off-Peak Transit Fare Files	MF_AM_WK.FAR, MF_OP_WK.FAR, MF_AM_DR.FAR, MF_OP_DR.FAR	Binary
----------------------------------	---	--------

Control/Support File(s):

METRORAIL_SKIMS.S, MFARE1.S, MFARE2.S

Application Details:

The MWCOC transit fare computation process, sometimes referred to as the *MFARE1/2* process, serves to compute transit fares used in the mode choice process. The process ultimately produces four total fare files representing walk/drive-access transit fares for the AM peak period, and walk/drive-access transit fares for the off-peak period.

The METRORAIL_SKIMS.S script is used to create Metrorail station-to-station distance skims. The skims are, then, entered to the MFARE1.S program, which calculates peak and off-peak Metrorail fares between station pairs. The peak and off-peak Metrorail fares are next entered to the MFARE2.S program which is used to calculate zone-to-zone transit fares.

Input File Descriptions and Formats

Exhibit 15-1 Metrorail Station Link File Format Description (METLNKM1.TB)

<i>Columns</i>	<i>Format</i>	<i>Field Description</i>
12-16	I5	Station A-node (either dummy station centroid connector or station-to-station link)
18-22	I5	Station B-node (either dummy station centroid connector or station-to-station link)

32-41	I4	Distance in miles
58-62	I5	Speed (mph)

Exhibit 15-2 Metrorail Station XY File Format Description (METNODM1.TB)

<i>Columns</i>	<i>Format</i>	<i>Field Description</i>
9-13	I5	Station Number (1-150)
19-26	I8	Station X Coordinate
32-39	I8	Station Y Coordinate

Exhibit 15-3 Bus Fare Matrix File Format Description (BUSFAR??.ASC)

<i>Columns</i>	<i>Format</i>	<i>Field Description</i>

Exhibit 15-4 TAZ / Bus Fare Zone Equivalency File Format Description (FARE_A2.ASC)

<i>Columns</i>	<i>Format</i>	<i>Field Description</i>

Chapter 16 Demographic Submodels

Input(s):

Zonal Land Use File	Inputs\ZONE.ASC	ASCII
Zonal Area Type File	BASEZON.DAT	ASCII
Transit Accessibility File	JOBACC.ASC	ASCII
Zonal Households by Vehicle Ownership Levels	HH_VEH.DAT	ASCII
Zonal Short/Long Walk Access Time File	SHLG???.ASC	ASCII

Output(s):

Zonal HHs of Income Level 1, Stratified by Size and Vehicle Avail.	HHI1_SV.DAT	ASCII
Zonal HHs of Income Level 2, Stratified by Size and Vehicle Avail.	HHI2_SV.DAT	ASCII
Zonal HHs of Income Level 3, Stratified by Size and Vehicle Avail.	HHI3_SV.DAT	ASCII
Zonal HHs of Income Level 4, Stratified by Size and Vehicle Avail.	HHI4_SV.DAT	ASCII
Interim Output: Zonal Household Size, Income Level File	HHSIZINC.DAT	ASCII
Interim Output: Households by Number of Vehicles (0, 1, 2+)	HH_VEH.DAT	ASCII
HBW Zonal A1 Deck (for the Mode Choice Model)	HBWV2.A1F	ASCII
HBS Zonal A1 Deck (for the Mode Choice Model)	HBSV2.A1F	ASCII
HBO Zonal A1 Deck (for the Mode Choice Model)	HBOV2.A1F	ASCII
NHB Zonal A1 Deck (for the Mode Choice Model)	NHBV2.A1F	ASCII

Program File(s):

COGMCA1.EXE

Control/Support File(s):

COGMCA1.CTL (Control file for COGMCA1 Program)
 DEMO_MODELS.S

Application Details:

Exhibit 16-1 COGMCA1 Control Parameters

<i>Type</i>	<i>Name</i>	<i>Description (MFARE1)</i>
&files	<i>Input files</i>	
	Landusef	Land Use File
	Amshlgf	Peak transit walk area file (Output file from GIS_PROC program)
	Opshlgf	Off-Peak transit walk area file (Output file from GIS_PROC program)
	Carownf	Zonal File for Total HH by Veh Avail Levels (0, 1, 2+) (Output file from VEHAV program)
	<i>Ouput files</i>	
	Hbwa1v2	HBW Zonal A1 Deck for the Mode Choice Program
	Hbsa1v2	HBS Zonal A1 Deck for the Mode Choice Program
	Hboa1v2	HBO Zonal A1 Deck for the Mode Choice Program
	Nhba1v2	NHB Zonal A1 Deck for the Mode Choice Program

Input and Interim Output File Descriptions and Formats

1. Land Use File
2. Zonal Area Type File

Exhibit 16-2 Zonal Area Type File Format Description (BASEZON.DAT)

<i>Columns</i>	<i>Format</i>	<i>Field Description</i>
1-5	I5	TAZ
7-14	I8	X Coordinate of TAZ
15-22	I8	Y Coordinate of TAZ
23-28	F6.0	Total Population of TAZ
29-34	F6.0	Total Employment of TAZ
35-42	F8.4	Total Land Area of TAZ
43-49	F7.0	One-mile 'Floating' Population Density of TAZ
50-56	F7.0	One-mile 'Floating' Employment Density of TAZ
59-59	I1	Area Type Code (1-7)

3. Transit Walk Area Percentage File

Exhibit 16-3 Transit Walk Area Percentage File Format Description (SHLG???.FIN)

<i>Columns</i>	<i>Format</i>	<i>Field Description</i>
1-5	I5	TAZ
6-10	I5	Percentage of TAZ in Short-Walk Transit Service Area
11-15	I5	Percentage of TAZ in Long-Walk Transit Service Area
33-37	F5.1	Avg. short walk time to Transit (in min.) / (ranging from 0 – 6.7)
38-42	F5.1	Avg. long walk time to Transit (in min.) / (ranging from 6.7 – 20.0)

Exhibit 16-4 Household Income, Household Size File (HHSIZINC.DAT)

<i>Data Item</i>	<i>Begin Col.</i>	<i>End Col.</i>	<i>Format</i>
TAZ	1	4	I4
HHs Income level 1 Size 1			
HHs Income level 1 Size 2			
HHs Income level 1 Size 3			
HHs Income level 1 Size 4+			
HHs Income level 2 Size 1			
HHs Income level 2 Size 2			
HHs Income level 2 Size 3			
HHs Income level 2 Size 4+			
HHs Income level 3 Size 1			
HHs Income level 3 Size 2			
HHs Income level 3 Size 3			
HHs Income level 3 Size 4+			
HHs Income level 4 Size 1			
HHs Income level 4 Size 2			
HHs Income level 4 Size 3			
HHs Income level 4 Size 4+			

Exhibit 16-5 Zonal Households by Vehicle Ownership Levels (HH_VEH.DAT)

<i>Columns</i>	<i>Format</i>	<i>Field Description</i>
1-5	I5	TAZ
6-11	I6	Households with 0 vehicles available
12-17	I6	Households with 1 vehicles available
18-23	I6	Households with 2+ vehicles available

Exhibit 16-6 Transit Accessibility File (JOBACC.ASC)

<i>Columns</i>	<i>Format</i>	<i>Field Description</i>
1-5	I5	TAZ
32-40	F9.0	AM transit accessibility via transit within 40 minutes

Chapter 17 Trip Generation

Input(s):

Zonal Land Use File	ZONE.ASC	ASCII
Zonal HHs of Income Level 1, Stratified by Size and Vehicle Avail.	HHI1_SV.ASC	ASCII
Zonal HHs of Income Level 2, Stratified by Size and Vehicle Avail.	HHI2_SV.ASC	ASCII
Zonal HHs of Income Level 3, Stratified by Size and Vehicle Avail.	HHI3_SV.ASC	ASCII
Zonal HHs of Income Level 4, Stratified by Size and Vehicle Avail.	HHI4_SV.ASC	ASCII
Zonal Adjustment File, Purpose-Specific: HBW, HBS, HBO, NHB, MEDTRK, HVYTRK	ADJZPAF7.UPW, ADJZPAF7.UPS, ADJZPAF7.UPO, ADJZPAF7.UPN, ADJZPAF7.UPM, ADJZPAF7.UPH	ASCII
External Production File	PEXT.ASC	ASCII
External Attraction File	AEXT.ASC	ASCII
Zonal Area Type File	BASEZON.DAT	ASCII

Output(s):

Trip End, Production-Attraction Files	HBWpros_ALL.TXT, HBWpros_INC.TXT, HBWattrrs_ALL.TXT, HBWattrrs_INC.TXT, HBSpros_ALL.TXT, HBSpros_INC.TXT, HBSattrrs_ALL.TXT, HBSattrrs_INC.TXT, HBOpros_ALL.TXT, HBOpros_INC.TXT, HBOattrrs_ALL.TXT, HBOattrrs_INC.TXT, NHBpros_ALL.TXT, NHBpros_INT.TXT, NHBattrrs_ALL.TXT, NHBattrrs_INT.TXT, MTKpros_ALL.TXT, MTKpros_INT.TXT, MTKattrrs_ALL.TXT, MTKattrrs_INT.TXT, HTKpros_ALL.TXT, HTKpros_INT.TXT, HTKattrrs_ALL.TXT, HTKattrrs_INT.TXT	ASCII
HBW Non-Motorized Trip Ends	HBW_NM_PsAs.ASC	ASCII

Control/Support File(s):

TRIP_GENERATION.S
CV_TRIP_GENERATION.S

Application Details:

The trip generation process functions to generate trip-end (production and attraction) files corresponding to six purposes. The home-based trip-end files are stratified by income level. The program also writes non-stratified trip-end files for the home-based purposes as well. The trip generation process is applied separately for each of the six modeled purposes. The user identifies the specific purpose in a given run using the &Tpurp parameter.

The program reads a general land use file and four (income-based) files which are generated by the demographic modeling process. The program also reads a file containing the area type of each zone and zonal file containing aggregate adjustment factors. Finally, an external production file and an external attraction file containing external productions and attractions by purpose are required.

- 1) Initial internal zonal attractions are computed, based on the modeled rates. Total attractions are accumulated. If the purpose is NHB, Medium Truck, or Heavy Truck, then the internal productions are set equal to the computed attractions.
- 2) Internal trip productions are computed based on the modeled trip rates, and if used, adjustment factors. The I-X residential trip productions are computed and extracted from the total productions. The HBW non-motorized trip productions are computed and removed from the total productions. Total internal productions (and non-motorized productions for the HBW purpose) are accumulated.
- 3) Non-motorized HBW attractions are computed, and scaled to match the non-motorized production total from above.
- 4) External productions and attractions are read in at the external station level.
- 5) A scaling factor for internal attractions is computed, as follows:

$$SFIA = ((IP + EP) - EA) / IA$$

Where:

- SFIA = Scaling factor applied to internal attractions
- IP = Total Internal Productions
- EP = Total External Productions
- EA = Total External Attractions
- IA = Total Internal Attractions

- 6) The scaling factor is applied to internal attractions.
- 7) Total Home-based attractions are disaggregated by income level.
- 8) Final trip-ends (Ps and As) are written out. For the home based purposes, income stratified trip-ends (internal Ps, As only) and total trip-ends (internal and external Ps and As) are written. Only total trip-ends (internal and external Ps and As) are written for the NHB and truck purposes.

File format descriptions are shown as Exhibits 8-2-through 8-4.

Input File Descriptions and Formats

1. Land Use File
2. Zonal HH File, Income Stratified

Exhibit 17-1 Zonal HH File Format Description (HHI?_SV.DAT)

<i>Columns</i>	<i>Format</i>	<i>Field Description</i>
1-4	I4	TAZ
		HH in Size group 1, Veh. Availability. Group 1
		HH in Size group 1, Veh. Availability. Group 2
		HH in Size group 1, Veh. Availability. Group 3
		HH in Size group 1, Veh. Availability. Group 4
		HH in Size group 2, Veh. Availability. Group 1
		HH in Size group 2, Veh. Availability. Group 2
		...
		HH in Size group 4, Veh. Availability. Group 4

3. Zonal Adjustment File (Purpose-Specific)

Exhibit 17-2 Zonal Adjustment File Format Description (ADJZPAF7.UP?)

<i>Columns</i>	<i>Format</i>	<i>Field Description</i>
1-5	I5	TAZ
6-10	F5.2	Income group 1 production adjustment factor
11-15	F5.2	Income group 2 production adjustment factor
16-20	F5.2	Income group 3 production adjustment factor
21-25	F5.2	Income group 4 production adjustment factor
26-30	F5.2	Income group 1 attraction adjustment factor
31-35	F5.2	Income group 2 attraction adjustment factor
36-40	F5.2	Income group 3 attraction adjustment factor
41-45	F5.2	Income group 4 attraction adjustment factor
46-80		(unused)

4. External Production / Attraction File

Exhibit 17-3 External Production / Attraction File (PEXT.ASC, AEXT.ASC)

<i>Columns</i>	<i>Format</i>	<i>Field Description</i>
1-4	I4	TAZ
6-12	I7	HBW Daily External Auto Person Trip Ps/As
14-20	I7	HBS Daily External Auto Person Trip Ps/As
22-28	I7	HBO Daily External Auto Person Trip Ps/As
30-36	I7	NHB Daily External Auto Person Trip Ps/As
38-44	I7	Daily External Medium Truck Trips Ps/As
46-52	I7	Daily External Heavy Truck Trips Ps/As

5. Zonal Area Type File

Chapter 18 Trip Distribution

input(s):

Trip End, Production-Attraction Files	HBWpros_ALL.TXT, HBWpros_INC.TXT, HBWattrs_ALL.TXT, HBWattrs_INC.TXT, HBSpros_ALL.TXT, HBSpros_INC.TXT, HBSattrs_ALL.TXT, HBSattrs_INC.TXT, HBOpros_ALL.TXT, HBOpros_INC.TXT, HBOattrs_ALL.TXT, HBOattrs_INC.TXT, NHBpros_ALL.TXT, NHBpros_INT.TXT, NHBattrs_ALL.TXT, NHBattrs_INT.TXT, MTKpros_ALL.TXT, MTKpros_INT.TXT, MTKattrs_ALL.TXT, MTKattrs_INT.TXT, HTKpros_ALL.TXT, HTKpros_INT.TXT, HTKattrs_ALL.TXT, HTKattrs_INT.TXT,	ASCII
SOV Peak, Off-Peak Highway Skims	??_AM.SKM, ??_OP.SKM	Binary
Peak Transit Walk Access Skims	??_AM_WK.SKM	Binary
Off-Peak Transit Walk Access Skims	??_OP_WK.SKM	Binary
Peak Transit Drive Access Skims	??_AM_DR.SKM	Binary
Off-Peak Transit Drive Access Skims	??_OP_DR.SKM	Binary
Land Use File	ZONE.ASC	ASCII
Highway Terminal Time File	ZTERMTM.ASC	ASCII
F-Factor Files	HBWV2.FFS, HBSV2.FFS, HBOV2.FFS, N_TV2.FFS	ASCII
K-Factor Files	HBWK.DAT, HBSK.DAT, HBOK.DAT, NHBK.DAT, MTKK.DAT, HTKK.DAT	Binary
Time penalty Files	HBWPEN.DAT, HBSPEN.DAT, HBOPEN.DAT, NHBPEN.DAT	Binary
Income level Toll/Time Equivalent File	TOLL.INC	ASCII

Output(s):

6 Trip Tables (HBW, HBS, HBO,	HBWEST???.PTT, HBSEST???.PTT,	Binary
-------------------------------	-------------------------------	--------

NHB, Med Truck, Heavy Truck)	HBOEST???.PTT, NHBEST???.PTT, MTKEST???.PTT, HTKEST???.PTT	
------------------------------	---	--

Program File(s):

TP+, EXTRTAB.EXE

Control/Support File(s):

TRIP_DISTRIBUTION.S
CV_TRIP_DISTRIBUTION.S

Application Details:

The trip distribution process is a TP+ script used to apply the trip distribution process for all iterations. The following procedure is used:

1. Terminal times are added to the highway network times (both peak and off-peak).
2. Composite impedances are developed by purpose.
3. Trip distribution models are run for 27 markets. The three HB purposes use separate models for 4 internal income strata, and two external models for interstate, arterial facilities. The NHB purpose involves a single internal model and two external models as before. Finally the two truck purposes each use separate internal and external models.

The script writes out total HBW, HBS, HBO, and NHB person trips to separate files, in MINUTP format. This is a requirement for running the mode choice model. It also contains a summary routine in which person trips are summarized at jurisdiction level. The trip distribution process also includes a utility program, EXTRTAB.EXE. This is a commonly used program throughout the Version 2.1/TP+ process where MATRIX scripts are used. The program is used to read a TP+ report listing, and to extract out portions of the listing where special summaries exist. This saves time that would ordinarily be spent searching through the report file for key sections. In many cases the TP+ report files are quite voluminous.

Input File Descriptions and Formats

1. Land Use File
2. Highway Terminal Time File

Exhibit 18-1 Highway Terminal Time File (ZTERMTM.ASC)

<i>Columns</i>	<i>Format</i>	<i>Field Description</i>
1-4	I4	

		TAZ
27-28	I2	Highway terminal time (minutes)

Chapter 19 Mode Choice

Input(s):

Daily Person Trip Table	??_HBWMU.PTT, ??_HBSMU.PTT, ??_HBOMU.PTT, ??_NHBMU.PTT	Binary
Walk Access Transit Skims	??_AM_WK.SKM, ??_OP_WK.SKM	Binary
Drive Access Transit Skims	??_AM_DR.SKM, ??_OP_DR.SKM	Binary
Walk Access Transit Fares	??_AM_WK.FAR, ??_OP_WK.FAR	Binary
Drive Access Transit Fares	??_AM_DR.FAR, ??_OP_DR.FAR	Binary
SOV Highway Skims	SOV??AM.SKM, SOV??OP.SKM	Binary
HOV2 Highway Skims	HOV2??AM.SKM, HOV2??OP.SKM	Binary
HOV 3+ Highway Skims	HOV3??AM.SKM, HOV3??OP.SKM	Binary
Zonal (A1) File	HBWV2.A1F, HBSV2.A1F, HBOV2.A1F, NHBV2.A1F	ASCII
Transit Percentage Adjustment File	MCTF_HBW.ASC, MCTF_HBS.ASC, MCTF_HBO.ASC, MCTF_NHB.ASC	ASCII
Car Occupancy Adjustment Files	MCCF_HBW.ASC, MCCF_HBS.ASC, MCCF_HBO.ASC, MCCF_NHB.ASC	ASCII
Non-work Transit Factors File (unused)	MC_FAC.ASC	ASCII

Output(s):

LOV Auto Driver, LOV Auto Person, Walk Access Transit Trips, Drive Access Transit Trips, HOV Auto Driver Trips, HOV Auto Person Trips	MC_HBW???.FIN, ETC.	MINUTP Binary
---	---------------------	------------------

Program File(s):

COGMC.EXE, EXTRTAB.EXE

Control/Support File(s):

Control Files: HBWMC.SET, HBSMC.SET, HBOMC.SET, NHBMC.SET

Jurisdiction-level factor files: MCTF_HBW.ASC, MCTF_HBS.ASC, MCTF_HBO.ASC,
MCTF_NHB.ASC, MCCF_HBW.ASC, MCCF_HBS.ASC, MCCF_HBO.ASC,
MCCF_NHB.ASC, MC_FAC.ASC

Scripts: MC_SUMMARY.S, MC_CONSTRAINT.S, MC_CONSUMMARY.S,

Application Details:

The mode choice model is run separately for each purpose. Each run requires:

- LOV and HOV highway skims;

- Walk access and drive access transit skims;
- Walk access and drive access transit fares;
- A zone file containing short/long walk area percentages, parking costs, and households by vehicle availability levels
- Transit and car occupancy adjustment factors, at the jurisdiction interchange level

The program generally writes out binary files containing trip tables by mode. The files include LOV auto driver trips, LOV auto person trips, walk access transit trips, drive access transit trips, HOV auto drivers and HOV auto persons. At present HOV trips are generated for the HBW purpose only. It is important to point out that the HOV trips generated by the mode choice model *are only those that utilize HOV-dedicated lanes for a substantial portion of the trip*. The model allocates the remaining carpool traffic in the LOV trips. The ADR_UPDATE.S script is used after the mode choice process to disaggregate LOV trips among 1, 2, and 3+ occupant levels

The current mode choice program version requires that the user specify all parameters explicitly in the control cards. The calibrated model parameters, for each purpose, are listed below.

It has been noted that some non-work intrazonal person trip interchanges resulting from the trip distribution process have been found to exceed 32,767. This value is larger than what the current mode choice program can currently accommodate. These cases represent a small number of interchanges and do not impact transit estimation at all. The summary program MC_SUMMARY addresses this potential problem and updates the mode choice output files. The program sets these person trips to LOV persons and auto drivers (using an assumed average occupancy), in such a manner that no person trips are lost. The summary program MC_CONSUMMARY is used to produce summaries for when the mode choice constraint through the regional core is applied (typically for runs after 2005).

Input file format descriptions for the mode choice model are shown as Exhibits 10-1 and 10-2. A summary of user-defined parameters (UPARMS) is shown as Exhibits 10-3 and 10-4.

Transit Constraint

Recent travel modeling at COG/TPB has added processing steps, generally referred to as the “transit constraint.” The constraint was implemented to reflect the assumption that the core capacity of the transit system will not support expected passenger demand *beyond* projected 2005 levels. The transit constraint was therefore applied to impose a transit trip maximum on forecasted transit trips, as established by 2005 transit trip flows, for those trips destined *to or through* the regional core. The resulting *displaced* transit trips resulting from the constraining process were subsequently allocated among automobile modes. The transit constraint process is implemented with a special batch file (which takes the place of Mode_Choice.Bat) and two scripts:

- | | |
|-----------------------|---|
| 1) MC_Constraint.S | (TP+ script file residing in the ..\SCRIPTS subdirectory) |
| 2) MC_ConSummary.S | (TP+ script file residing in the ..\SCRIPTS subdirectory) |
| 3) Mode_Choice_TC.bat | (application batch file residing in the ‘route’ subdirectory) |

Detailed information on each file is provided below.

MC_Constraint.S

The MC_Constraint.S script is used to work through the necessary matrix manipulations for applying Version 2.1 transit constraint process, specifically:

- 1) The program reads the constrained (2005) and forecasted/unconstrained zone level transit trips resulting from the mode choice model and calculates peak transit trips for both years;
- 2) Both sets of zone-level transit trips are compressed to determine the aggregate trip flows *to and through* the regional core, and aggregate factors are computed for constraining the forecasted transit trips;
- 3) The aggregate transit constraint factors are applied to the zone-level forecasted transit trips and automobile trips are adjusted to incorporate the displaced transit trips.

The above constraint process varies slightly from the Version 1 approach in that it includes a step to extract peak period trips from daily trips. Since Version 1 model produced HBW transit trips only, the transit constraint approach included the simplifying assumption that *all* such trips occur during the peak period. Therefore, the forecasted *daily* transit trips moving to or through the regional core were adjusted to match the constraining 2005 *daily* totals. Given that the Version 2.1/TP+ model now produces *both* work and non-work transit trips, a more detailed method to extract peak period transit trips from the daily travel was deemed necessary. Unlike work trips, the majority of non-work transit trips occurs outside of the peak period and is therefore irrelevant to system capacity issues. Exhibit 19-1 specifies temporal transit trip distributions (percentages) summarized on the basis of purpose and orientation. The distributions were developed previously from the COG/TPB 1994 Household Travel Survey and deemed reasonable for developing peak transit travel estimates more precisely. It is currently assumed that the temporal distributions will remain *constant* through time, as there is currently no observed basis for determining how hourly travel distributions will change.

Exhibit 19-1 Temporal Distribution (%) of Transit Trips by Orientation, Time Period, and Purpose

Trip Orientation	Time Period	Purpose			
		HBW	HBS	HBO	NHB
Home to Work	AM (6:00-9:00 AM)	70	24	38	14
	PM (4:00-7:00 PM)	5	15	13	31
	Off-Peak Hours	25	61	49	55
	Subtotal	100	100	100	100
Work to Home	AM (6:00-9:00 AM)	1	2	2	14
	PM (4:00-7:00 PM)	72	35	35	31
	Off-Peak Hours	27	63	63	55
	Subtotal	100	100	100	100

Source: 1994 COG HTS

Equation (1) shows the general form by which the temporal factors are applied to the 2005 and forecasted daily zonal transit trips to arrive at trip estimates for a specific time period (in step1).

$$(1) \quad PrdTrips_{ij} = [HWF * DayTrips_{ij} / 2.0] + [WHF * DayTrips_{ji} / 2.0]$$

Where:

PrdTrips_{ij} = estimated trips in a specific time period between zones i & j

HWF = Home-to-Work factor for period

WHF = Work-to-Home factor for period

DayTrips_{ij} = Daily transit trips (P/A format) between zones i & j

DayTrips_{ji} = Daily transit trips (P/A format) between zones j & i

Four files are written corresponding to each modeled purpose. Each file contains three zonal trip tables: 1) total peak period transit trips (*both* AM & PM, 2) off-peak transit trips, and 3) daily transit trips. A concise summary of the transit trip totals by time period is provided on an ASCII file named MC_Constraint.tab (see example listing in Attachment 1).

2005 and unconstrained peak period transit trips are each compressed from zone level to '3 by 3' superdistrict trip tables, by purpose, to allow for a computation of adjustment factors that will subsequently be applied to the unconstrained zonal transit trips (step 2). The 3 superdistricts are defined as: 1) Virginia, Non-Regional Core (including W. Virginia), 2) Virginia & DC Regional Core, and 3) Maryland & DC Non-Regional Core⁵. Adjustment factors representing the ratio of constrained to unconstrained transit trips are computed for interchanges representing trips to or through the regional core (1/2, 1/3, 3/1, and 3/2). Factors associated with all other interchanges are initialized to a value of 1.00. Daily constrained forecasted transit trips are computed by purpose and are defined as shown in equation (2):

$$(2) \quad DConFT_{rn_{ij}} = DUncFT_{rn_{ij}} - PUncFT_{rn_{ij}} + P05Trn_{ij}$$

⁵ External stations intentionally not considered in the matrix compression.

Where:

DConFT_{rnij} = Daily Constrained Forecasted transit trips from superdistrict i to j

DUncFT_{rnij} = Daily Unconstrained Forecasted transit trips from superdistrict i to j

PUncFT_{rnij} = Peak period Unconstrained Forecasted transit trips from superdistrict i to j

P05Tr_{nij} = Peak period 2005 transit trips from superdistrict i to j

The equation simply indicates that the resulting constrained forecasted transit trips are comprised of unconstrained off-peak trips plus 2005 peak period transit trips. Four small (9-record) ASCII files are written out for each purpose. The files are named TCONFTR.HBW, TCONFTR.HBS, TCONFTR.HBO, and TCONFTR.NHB. Each file contains interchange level totals at the 3 by 3 interchange level, for the interchanges of interest.

- Interchange as a two-digit number, eg '11' refers to origin 1, destination 1, etc.
- Constrained (2005) peak transit trips
- Constrained (2005) daily transit trips
- Unconstrained (forecasted) peak transit trips
- Unconstrained (forecasted) daily transit trips
- Final/constrained forecasted daily transit trips
- Adjustment factor (constrained / unconstrained forecasted daily transit trips)

The ASCII files containing the transit adjustment factors are read into the third and final step of the script (as lookup tables). Logically, the resulting adjustment factors *should* always be greater than zero and less than 1.00. The final (constrained) regional transit totals computed at the 3 by 3 level are also carried forward (via the TP+ LOG command) so that they can be checked against the zone level transit totals computed at the third step. During step 3, the unconstrained zone-level trip file resulting from the mode choice model is modified on an *interchange* basis to reflect the transit constraint. The standard set of tables on the file are shown below:

- 1) LOV Auto Drivers (including HOVs on general use facilities)
- 2) LOV Auto Persons (including HOV persons on general use facilities)
- 3) Walk Access Transit
- 4) Drive Access Transit
- 5) HOV 2-Occ Auto Drivers (on Priority Facilities/HBW only)
- 6) HOV Auto Person (on Priority Facilities/HBW only)
- 7) HOV3+-Occ. Auto Drivers (on Priority Facilities/HBW only)

The constraint factors are first applied uniformly to both walk-access and drive-access transit trips. Next, the transit residual is computed as the difference between unconstrained and constrained transit trips. If HOV persons (t6) exist, the transit residual is apportioned and added to the existing LOV and HOV persons based upon the existing proportion, otherwise the transit residual is added to the LOV persons (t2). Finally, the residual LOV/HOV auto drivers are computed and added to the existing auto driver tables (t1,t7) from the associated residual auto persons based on the existing auto driver percentage in the cell. For cases where displaced transit trips exist but no auto persons exist, a default auto driver percentage is used. The default percentages are based on the 1994 HTS and are shown below:

Default Auto Driver Percentages

Purpose	Default Value	Implied Car Occupancy
HBW	90.09%	1.11
HBS	81.30%	1.23
HBO	68.97%	1.45
NHB	80.00%	1.25

A concise summary of the constrained and unconstrained transit trip totals by mode is provided on an ASCII file named MC_Constraint.tab. This file should be reviewed for reasonability. Note that regional input and output person trip totals will not match perfectly because the TP+ 'bucket-rounding' function is invoked after the calculations are made for all interchanges.

MC_ConSummary.S

This script is used to generate jurisdictional trip summaries of the modified mode choice output file. An ASCII listing file named MC_ConSummary.tab is ultimately generated. This file may be compared to MC_Summary.tab which contains a jurisdictional summary of the unconstrained trips which is normally generated after the mode choice model is executed.

Mode Choice TC.bat

The Mode_Choice_TC.bat file *replaces* the standard batch file used to execute the mode choice model (Mode_Choice.bat). The file resides in the top-level subdirectory along with the pre-existing application batch files. Prior to running batch file, 2005 transit trip tables *must* exist on the machine of execution. The user also *must* specify the path of the pre-existing 2005 transit trip tables produced by the mode choice model. The path of the 2005 mode choice files is normally defined in the 'RUNALL' batch file as an environment variable near the top of the batch file, as shown on the example line below:

```
set _path05_=\cgv2tp\cg2005\
```

A section of the "runall" batch file checks that the 'standard' mode choice output files do, in fact, exist in the user-specified path. If the files are not detected the batch operation will exit to a 'pause' statement, thus halting the process execution. Beyond defining the _path05_ variable, the user will normally apply the batch file as is.

Irrespective of whether the constrained batch file (Mode_Choice_TC.bat) or the unconstrained batch file (Mode_Choice.bat) is used, the resultant mode choice output files produced will be named, MC_HBW.FIN, MC_HBS.FIN, MC_HBO.FIN, and MC_NHB.FIN.

Input File Descriptions and Formats

Exhibit 19-2 Zonal File, or “A1 Deck,” Format Description (???v2.a1f)

<i>Columns</i>	<i>Format</i>	<i>Field Description</i>
1-5	I5	TAZ number
6-11	I6	Households with 0 Vehicles Available
12-17	I6	Households with 1 Vehicle Available
18-23	I6	Households with 2+ Vehicles Available
24-27	I4	Percent Short (0.00-0.33 mi) Walk to Transit
28-31	I4	Percent Long (0.34-1.00 mi) Walk to Transit
32-38	I7	Total Employment (normally unspecified for Version 2 application)
39-46	F8.4	Land Area in Sq. Miles
47-51	I5	Daily / Hourly Parking Cost in 1994 cents
52-54	I3	Attraction Zone Highway Terminal Time in minutes
55-58	I4	Average Short Walk Access Time in minutes
59-62	I4	Average Long Walk Access Time in minutes
63-69	I7	Land Use ‘Mix’ Measure, defined as: $(HHPD * NEMPD) / (HHPD + NEMPD)$ Where: HHPD = HH Population density (pop/sq mi) NEMPD = Employment density, where employment has been Normalized to HH Population.

Exhibit 19-3 Transit and Car Occupancy Adjustment Factor File Format Description (mc?f_???.asc)

<i>Columns</i>	<i>Format</i>	<i>Field Description</i>
1-5	I5	Origin District Code (1-20)
6-12	F7.4	Factor for Destination District 1
13-19	F7.4	Factor for Destination District 2
20-26	F7.4	Factor for Destination District 3
...
139-145	F7.4	Factor for Destination District 20

Exhibit 19-4 Mode Choice Parameter Listing, Values which may be changed by user

COG/TPB Model, Version 2.1D #50

Keyword	Type	Purpose				Description
		HBW	HBS	HBO	NHB	
ZONES	I	2191	2191	2191	2191	Highest zone number for matrices
UPARMS(1)	I	2	0	0	0	Carpool occupancy criterion A. 0 or 1 means that no special HOV roadways are available. Otherwise, value must lie between 2 and 4 inclusive.
UPARMS(2)	R	0	0	0	0	Proportion of intrazonal trips which use transit
UPARMS(3)	R	1	1	1	1	Proportion of intrazonal trips which are auto drivers
UPARMS(4)	R	0	0	0	0	Proportion of internal/external trips which use transit
UPARMS(5)	R	0.87	0.61	0.62	0.78	Proportion of internal/external auto person trips that are auto driver
UPARMS(6)	I	3	0	0	0	Carpool occupancy criterion B. 0 or 1 means that there is no second type of HOV roadway. Otherwise, value must lie between 2 and 4 inclusive and must exceed UPARMS(1)
UPARMS(10)	R	1	1	1	1	Factor to scale input highway and HOV travel times to whole minutes
UPARMS(11)	R	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	Factor to scale input highway and HOV distances to whole minutes
UPARMS(12)	R	9.1	9.1	9.1	9.1	Auto operating cost in cents per mile (1994 dollars)
UPARMS(13)	R	82.5	82.5	82.5	82.5	Consumer price index (CPI-U), all items, urban consumers, for June 1980 (base: 1982-84 = 100) NOT USED
UPARMS(14)	R	82.5	82.5	82.5	82.5	Forecast year consumer price index (CPI-U) NOT USED
UPARMS(16)	I	2	2	2	2	Apply sub-model to estimate daily parking cost? (1=yes, 2=no)
UPARMS(17)	I	2	2	2	2	Apply sub-model to estimate highway terminal times? (1=yes, 2=no)
UPARMS(18)	I	7	7	7	7	Mode choice model application option: 5 = Apply work and non-work models, non-work input is person trips; 6 = Apply work and non-work models, non-work input is vehicle trips; 7 = Apply work and non-work models, non-work input is vehicle trips
UPARMS(19)	I	2	2	2	2	Print input zonal data report? (1=yes, 2=no)
UPARMS(20)	I	1	1	1	1	Print transformed zonal data report? (1=yes, 2=no)
UPARMS(21)	I	1	1	1	1	"Dry run" option: 1 = Full program run 2 = Read and print parameters only 3 = Read/print parameters and read/print zonal data only (MODAS & MODBS)
UPARMS(22)	R	0.9	0.27	0.75	1	Average daily work person trips per household for 0-auto households

Keyword	Type	Purpose				Description
		HBW	HBS	HBO	NHB	
UPARMS(23)	R	1.25	0.72	1.81	0	Average daily work person trips per household for 1-auto households (value not used for NHB model)
UPARMS(24)	R	2.15	1.11	3.71	0	Average daily work person trips per household for 2+auto households (value not used for NHB model)
UPARMS(26)	R	2.845	2.845	2.845	2.845	Average daily non-work person trips per household for 0-auto households
UPARMS(27)	R	3.703	3.703	3.703	0	Average daily non-work person trips per household for 1-auto households (value not used for NHB model)
UPARMS(28)	R	4.732	4.732	4.732	0	Average daily non-work person trips per household for 2+auto households (value not used for NHB model)
UPARMS(30)	I	1	1	1	1	Print system variable frequency average variable value, and trips by access area reports? (1=yes, 2=no)

Ref: mcUparmsV21d19.xls

Type: I = integers; R = decimal value; L = logical (true or false)

Exhibit 19-5 Mode Choice Parameter Listing, Values which should not be changed by user

COG/TPB Model, Version 2.1D #50

Keyword	Type	Purpose				Description
		HBW	HBS	HBO	NHB	
UPARMS(15)	R	4.55	4.36	4.36	4.38	Average auto occupancy for the 4+person-per-automobile integer occupancy mode
UPARMS(31)	R	0.075	0.02432	0.04991	0.06695	Coefficient on transit walk time
UPARMS(32)	R	0.075	0.02432	0.04991	0.06695	Coefficient on transit initial wait time ("wait 1")
UPARMS(33)	R	0.075	0.02432	0.04991	0.06695	Coefficient on transfer time ("wait 2")
UPARMS(34)	R	0.03	0.00912	0.01902	0.03242	Coefficient on transit non-Metrorail IVTT
UPARMS(35)	R	0.03	0.00912	0.01902	0.03242	Coefficient on transit Metrorail IVTT
UPARMS(36)	R	0	-2.627E-05	-2.585E-05	-1.369E-05	Drive alone coefficient on land-use mix index variable at production zone
UPARMS(37)	R	2.518E-05	-2.438E-05	-2.171E-05	-1.300E-05	Drive alone coefficient on land-use mix index variable at attraction zone
UPARMS(38)	R	0	0	0	0	Group ride coefficient on land-use mix index variable at production zone
UPARMS(39)	R	0	0	0	0	Group ride coefficient on land-use mix index variable at attraction zone
UPARMS(40)	R	0.00425	0.00416	0	0	Coefficient on transit fare
UPARMS(41)	R	0	0	0	0	Natural log of highway cost for CP2, CP3, and CP4+ in the carpool occupancy model
UPARMS(42)	R	0.03	0.00912	0.01902	0.03242	Coefficient on transit auto-connect time
UPARMS(43)	R	2.0499	2.9	2.9	1.4	Transit auto-connect bias coefficient for 0-auto households
UPARMS(44)	R	0.5876	0	1.1	0	Transit auto-connect bias coefficient for 1-auto households
UPARMS(45)	R	0.3571	-2	0.65	0	Transit auto-connect bias coefficient for 2+auto households
UPARMS(46)	R	-4.449E-05	0	-5.194E-05	0	Transit coefficient on land-use mix index variable at production zone
UPARMS(47)	R	0.03	0.00912	0.01902	0.03242	Coefficient on drive alone highway terminal (excess) time
UPARMS(48)	R	0.03	0.00912	0.01902	0.03242	Coefficient on drive alone highway IVTT
UPARMS(49)	R	0.00425	0.00416	0	0	Coefficient on drive alone highway operating cost

Keyword	Type	Purpose				Description
		HBW	HBS	HBO	NHB	
UPARMS(50)	R	0.00425	0.00416	0	0	Coefficient on drive alone highway parking cost
UPARMS(51)	R	0.00425	0.00416	0	0	Coefficient on drive alone highway toll
UPARMS(52)	R	0	0	0	0	Coefficient on drive alone highway distance
UPARMS(53)	R	4.831	3.037	4.3573	-0.8541	Drive alone bias coefficient for 0-auto households
UPARMS(54)	R	0.8546	-2.272	-0.0047	0	Drive alone bias coefficient for 1-auto households
UPARMS(55)	R	-0.0824	-3.751	-0.3111	0	Drive alone bias coefficient for 2+ auto households
UPARMS(56)	R	0	-4.869E-05	-2.307E-05	-1.659E-05	Transit coefficient on land-use mix index variable at attraction zone
UPARMS(57)	R	0.03	0.00912	0.01902	0.03242	Coefficient on group ride highway terminal (excess) time
UPARMS(58)	R	0.03	0.00912	0.01902	0.03242	Coefficient on group ride highway IVTT
UPARMS(59)	R	0.00425	0.00416	0	0	Coefficient on group ride highway operating cost
UPARMS(60)	R	0.00425	0.00416	0	0	Coefficient on group ride highway parking cost
UPARMS(61)	R	0.00425	0.00416	0	0	Coefficient on group ride highway toll
UPARMS(62)	R	0	0	0	0	Coefficient on group ride highway distance
UPARMS(63)	R	4.6175	0.888	3.1938	0.076	Group ride bias coefficient for 0-auto households
UPARMS(64)	R	2.4071	-1.929	0.5041	0	Group ride bias coefficient for 1-auto households
UPARMS(65)	R	1.8979	-3.507	-0.0499	0	Group ride bias coefficient for 2+ auto households
UPARMS(66)	R	0	0	0.78384	0.86043	Natural log of highway cost for drive alone and group ride in the mode choice model
UPARMS(67)	R	0	0.45633	0.6853	0.00709	Coefficient on 2 persons: Auto highway terminal (excess) time
UPARMS(68)	R	0	0.45633	0.6853	0.00709	Coefficient on 2 persons: Auto highway IVTT
UPARMS(69)	R	0.01124	0	0	0	Coefficient on 2 persons: Auto highway operating cost
UPARMS(70)	R	0.02318	0	0	0	Coefficient on 2 persons: Auto parking cost
UPARMS(71)	R	0.05077	0	0	0	Coefficient on 2 persons: Auto highway toll
UPARMS(72)	R	0	0	0	0.00187	Coefficient on 2 persons: Auto highway distance
UPARMS(73)	R	0	0.45633	0.6853	0.00709	Coefficient on 3 persons: Auto highway terminal (excess) time

Keyword	Type	Purpose				Description
		HBW	HBS	HBO	NHB	
UPARMS(74)	R	0	0.45633	0.6853	0.00709	Coefficient on 3 persons: Auto highway IVTT
UPARMS(75)	R	0.01124	0	0	0	Coefficient on 3 persons: Auto highway operating cost
UPARMS(76)	R	0.02318	0	0	0	Coefficient on 3 persons: Auto parking cost
UPARMS(77)	R	0.05077	0	0	0	Coefficient on 3 persons: Auto highway toll
UPARMS(78)	R	0	0	0	0.00187	Coefficient on 3 persons: Auto highway distance
UPARMS(79)	R	0	0	0	0.92477	3-person auto bias coefficient for 0-auto households
UPARMS(80)	R	1.47162	0.92201	0.31756	0	3-person auto bias coefficient for 1-auto households
UPARMS(81)	R	1.88085	0.48966	0.15151	0	3-person auto bias coefficient for 2+ auto households
UPARMS(82)	R	0	0	0.78384	0.86043	Natural log of transit fare for transit mode in the mode choice model
UPARMS(83)	R	0	0.45633	0.6853	0.00709	Coefficient on 4+ persons: Auto highway terminal (excess) time
UPARMS(84)	R	0	0.45633	0.6853	0.00709	Coefficient on 4+ persons: Auto highway IVTT
UPARMS(85)	R	0.01124	0	0	0	Coefficient on 4+ persons: Auto highway operating cost
UPARMS(86)	R	0.02318	0	0	0	Coefficient on 4+ persons: Auto parking cost
UPARMS(87)	R	0.05077	0	0	0	Coefficient on 4+ persons: Auto highway toll
UPARMS(88)	R	0	0	0	0	Coefficient on 4+ persons: Auto highway distance
UPARMS(89)	R	0	0	0	1.41003	4+person auto bias coefficient for 0-auto households
UPARMS(90)	R	3.04973	1.51854	0	0	4+person auto bias coefficient for 1-auto households
UPARMS(91)	R	2.54494	0.84071	-0.21854	0	4+person auto bias coefficient for 2+ auto households
UPARMS(92)	R	0	0	-0.41346	-0.76998	Transit bias coefficient for short walk to short (or single) walk access market
UPARMS(93)	R	0	0	0	0	Transit bias coefficient for short (or single) walk to long walk access market
UPARMS(94)	R	0	0	0	0	Transit bias coefficient for long walk to short (or single) walk access market
UPARMS(95)	I	3	3	3	1	Number of socio-economic stratifications in the model
UPARMS(96)	R	0	0	0	0	Transit bias coefficient for long walk to long walk access market

Keyword	Type	Purpose				Description
		HBW	HBS	HBO	NHB	
UPARMS(97)	R	0	0	0	0	Transit bias coefficient for drive access to short (or single) walk access market
UPARMS(98)	R	-0.03611	0	0	0	Coefficient on HOV highway time savings (compared to normal highway network) for 3- & 4+occ.
UPARMS(99)	R	0	-0.84404	-0.69708	-1.47447	Metrorail bias coefficient (applies if Metrorail is more than 25% of total transit run time)
UPARMS(100)	R	0	0	0	0	Transit bias coefficient for drive access to long walk access market
OrigSLWalk	L	t	t	t	t	If True, apply short/long walk methodology at the production (origin) end, else apply single walk methodology.
DestSLWalk	L	t	t	t	t	If True, apply short/long walk methodology at the attraction (destination) end, else apply single walk methodology.
UseShort	L	t	t	t	t	If True, use the short walk percentages and walk times as the "single" walk values, else use the long walk percentages and walk times.

Ref: mcUparmsV21d19.xls

Type: I = integers; R = decimal value; L = logical (true or false)

Chapter 20 Time-of-Day Processing

Input(s):

Daily Auto Driver Trips, by Occupancy Levels	HBW???.ADR, HBS???.ADR, HBO???.ADR, NHB???.ADR	Binary
Daily Miscellaneous and Truck Trips	VISI.ADR, TAXI.ADR, SCHL.ADR, AIRPAX.ADR, XXTRK.VTT, XXAUT.VTT, MTKEST???.VTT, HTKEST???.VTT	Binary
Time of Day Percent File by Purpose, Mode, and Direction	V2TODTPP.PAR	ASCII / TP+ script

Output(s):

Trip Tables by Time Period	AM???.ADR, PM???.ADR, OP???.ADR	Binary
Miscellaneous Time-of-Day Files	MISCAM.TT, MISCPM.TT, MISCOP.TT	Binary

Program File(s):

TP+, EXTRTAB.EXE

Control/Support File(s):

TIME-OF-DAY.S, MISC_TIME-OF-DAY.S, V2TODTPP.PAR, CV_TIME-OF-DAY.S

Application Details:

The TIME-OF-DAY and MISC_TIME-OF-DAY scripts are used to apportion modeled auto driver trips and non-modeled vehicle trips among the three time periods. Each program applies the percentages to each trip table on the basis of purpose, occupancy level, and direction. The time of day factors exist on a parameter file that is 'called' into the TP+ scripts. The parameter file is named V2TODTPP.PAR. A listing of the parameter file is shown below:

COG/TPB Travel Forecasting Model, Version 2.2: Specification, Validation, and User's Guide

```

OPNDAHNP = '64.65' ; NON Pk Prd NHB Drive Alone H -> NH
AMNDANHP = ' 9.41' ; AM Pk Prd NHB Drive Alone NH -> H
PMNDANHP = '25.94' ; PM Pk Prd NHB Drive Alone NH -> H
OPNDANHP = '64.65' ; NON Pk Prd NHB Drive Alone NH -> H
;
AMNCPHNP = ' 7.04' ; AM Pk Prd NHB CarPool Psn H -> NH
PMNCPHNP = '28.15' ; PM Pk Prd NHB CarPool Psn H -> NH
OPNCPHNP = '64.81' ; NON Pk Prd NHB CarPool Psn H -> NH
;
AMNCPNHP = ' 7.04' ; AM Pk Prd NHB CarPool Psn NH -> H
PMNCPNHP = '28.15' ; PM Pk Prd NHB CarPool Psn NH -> H
OPNCPNHP = '64.81' ; NON Pk Prd NHB CarPool Psn NH -> H
; End of NHB
;
; Start of Through, Internal Trucks and Through Auto Driver
AMXXTRKP = '23.00' ; AM Pk Prd XX Trucks
PMXXTRKP = '11.00' ; PM Pk Prd XX Trucks
OPXXTRKP = '66.00' ; NON Pk Prd XX Trucks
;
AMIIMTKP = '19.50' ; AM Pk Prd II Med. Trucks
PMIIMTKP = '15.20' ; PM Pk Prd II Med. Trucks
OPIIMTKP = '63.30' ; NON Pk Prd II Med. Trucks
;
AMIIHTKP = '15.40' ; AM Pk Prd II Hvy. Trucks
PMIIHTKP = '13.00' ; PM Pk Prd II Hvy. Trucks
OPIIHTKP = '71.60' ; NON Pk Prd II Hvy. Trucks
;
AMXXADRP = '18.00' ; AM Pk Prd XX Auto Driver
PMXXADRP = '22.00' ; PM Pk Prd XX Auto Driver
OPXXADRP = '60.00' ; NON Pk Prd XX Auto Driver
; End of Through, Internal Trucks and Through Auto Driver
;
; Start of Misc. Auto Driver Trips (Taxi, Visitor, School)
AMTAXISP = ' 9.00' ; AM Pk Prd Taxi Auto Driver
PMTAXISP = '27.00' ; PM Pk Prd Taxi Auto Driver
OPTAXISP = '64.00' ; NON Pk Prd Taxi Auto Driver
;
AMVISITP = '33.00' ; AM Pk Prd Visitor Auto Driver
PMVISITP = '33.00' ; PM Pk Prd Visitor Auto Driver
OPVISITP = '34.00' ; NON Pk Prd Visitor Auto Driver
;
AMSCHOOP = '33.00' ; AM Pk Prd School Auto Driver
PMSCHOOP = '33.00' ; PM Pk Prd School Auto Driver
OPSCHOOP = '34.00' ; NON Pk Prd School Auto Driver
;
AMAIRPXP = '10.00' ; AM Pk Prd Air Pax, Auto Dr.
PMAIRPXP = '10.00' ; PM Pk Prd Air Pax, Auto Dr.
OPAIRPXP = '80.00' ; NON Pk Prd Air Pax, Auto Dr.
; End of Misc. Auto Driver Trips (Taxi, Visitor, School)

```


Chapter 21 Traffic Assignment

Input(s):

Volume delay and queuing parameters	..\support\Conical_VDF_21D.txt ..\support\Queueing_time.txt	Text
Modeled vehicle trip tables by occupant level and time period	AM???.ADR, PM???.ADR, OP???.ADR	Binary
Non-modeled vehicle and truck trip tables by time period	MISCAM.TT, MISCPM.TT, MISCOP.TT	Binary
Network File	ZONEHWY.NET, PPHWY.NET, I1HWY.NET, ETC., I5HWY.NET	Binary

Output(s):

Loaded Links Files by Time Period	I6HWY.NET	Binary
-----------------------------------	-----------	--------

Program File(s):

TP+

Control/Support File(s):

HIGHWAY_ASSIGNMENT.S, HIGHWAY_SKIMS.S

Application Details:

The traffic assignment process involves running three individual loadings for the three time periods (AM, PM, and off-peak periods). The traffic assignment process is executed seven times: pump prime, first, second, third, fourth, fifth, and sixth iteration. Each assignment run utilizes a user equilibrium algorithm that is run for 20 fixed iterations.

The assignment process is executed with TP+ script named HIGHWAY_ASSIGNMENT.S. The script reads six trip files:

- AM modeled trips
- PM modeled trips
- Off-peak modeled trips
- AM truck and non-modeled trips
- PM truck and non-modeled trips
- Off-peak truck and non-modeled trips

The modeled trip files contain 3 trip tables corresponding to SOV, 2 occupant HOVs, and 3+occupant HOVs. The non-modeled files each contain 7 trip tables corresponding to through trucks, through auto drivers, taxi auto drivers, visitor auto drivers, school auto drivers, medium

size trucks, and heavy trucks. The program first collapses the six files into three files (AM,PM and Off-peak) containing five tables: 1) 1-occupant auto drivers, 2) 2-occupant auto drivers, 3) 3+occupant auto drivers, 4) trucks (medium and heavy), and 5) airport passenger vehicle trips.

The assignment process for any given iteration is executed for each time period. After the three time-period-specific assignments, a summary routine follows to compute daily (24-hour) statistics. The traffic assignment process produces an output (or 'loaded links') file corresponding to each iteration of the travel model. The succession of loaded links files produced during a model execution is as follows:

PPHWY.NET (Loaded Links file resulting from the 'pump-prime' iteration)
I1HWY.NET (Loaded Links file resulting from standard iteration 1)
I2HWY.NET (Loaded Links file resulting from standard iteration 2)
.
.
.
I6HWY.NET (Loaded Links file resulting from standard iteration 6)

There are 14 network link variables produced from each assignment execution, including the time period-specific volume, VC ratio, volume-day value, and restrained speed, as well as the daily volume and daily VMT. The general form of the variable naming is as follows:

<AA> <BB><CCC>

Where <AA> refers to the iteration (PP, I1, I2,...I6), <BB> refers to the time period (AM, PM, OP, 24), and <CCC> refers to the variable type (VOL, VC, VDF, SPD, VMT). The results of each assignment execution are preserved, so the number of loaded link attributes generally increases with each model iteration. The 'final' assignment results are associated with the 6th (and final) iteration, namely: I6AMVOL, I6AMVC, I6AMVDF, I6AMSPD, ..., I6OPSPD, I624VOL, and I624VMT. A comprehensive listing of the link attributes that normally result from a complete model execution is shown as Exhibit 21-1.

Exhibit 21-1 Link variables on the loaded-link highway network from the final speed feedback iteration (i6hwy.net)

Variable	Format	Description
A	5	A node
B	5	B node
DISTANCE	5.2	Link distance (miles)
SPDCLASS	2	Speed class
CAPCLASS	2	Capacity class
COUNT	3	Daily ground count in thousands (AAWT)
JUR	2	Jurisdiction Code (0-23): 0/dc, 1/mtg, 2/pg, 3/alr/, 4/alx,5, ffx, 6/ldn, 7/ pw, 8/(unused), 9/ frd, 10/how, 11/aa, 12/chs, 13/(unused), 14/car, 15/cal, 16/stm, 17/ kg, 18/fbg, 19/stf, 20/spts, 21/fau, 22/clk, 23/jef
SCREEN	2	Screenline code (1-20, 22-28, 31-38)
FTYPE	1	Link Facility Type Code (0-6): 0/centroids, 1/Freeways, 2/Major Art., 3/Minor Art, 4/Collector, 5/Expressway, 6/Ramp (future use)
TOLL	3	Toll Value in current year dollars
TOLLGRP	1	Toll Group Code (1-9)
AMLANE	1	AM Peak No. of Lanes
AMLIMIT	1	AM Peak Limit Code (0-9) See note #1
PMLANE	1	PM Peak No. of Lanes
PMLIMIT	1	PM Peak Limit Code (0-9) See note #1
OPLANE	1	Off-Peak No. of Lanes
OPLIMIT	1	Off-Peak Limit Code (0-9) See note #1
PROJ_ID	Alpha	Project ID
TAZ	4	Transportation Analysis Zone associated with the link
AREATP	1	Area type (1-7)
AMTOLL	9.5	Final AM period toll value derived from TOLL & TOLLGRP
PMTOLL	9.5	Final PM period toll value derived from TOLL & TOLLGRP
OPTOLL	9.5	Final OP period toll value derived from TOLL & TOLLGRP
PPAMSPD	8.5	Pump prime iteration, AM speed
PPOPSPD	2	Pump prime iteration, off-peak speed
PPMSPD	2	Pump prime iteration, PM speed
AMHTIME	8.5	Highway link time in minutes, computed from the pump-prime speeds, AM
PMHTIME	8.5	Highway link time in minutes, computed from the pump-prime speeds, PM
OPHTIME	8.5	Highway link time in minutes, computed from the pump-prime speeds, OP
PPAMVOL	11.5	Pump prime iteration, AM estimated volume
PPAMVC	7.5	Pump prime iteration, AM estimated volume-to-capacity ratio
PPAMVDF	7.5	Pump prime iteration, AM volume-delay function value for the corresponding VC ratio
PPPMVOL	11.5	Pump prime iteration, PM estimated volume
PPPMVC	8.5	Pump prime iteration, PM estimated volume-to-capacity ratio
PPPMVDF	7.5	Pump prime iteration, PM volume-delay function value for the corresponding VC ratio
PPOPVOL	11.5	Pump prime iteration, off-peak estimated volume
PPOPVC	7.5	Pump prime iteration, off-peak estimated volume-to-capacity ratio
PPOPVDF	7.5	Pump prime iteration, off-peak volume-delay function value for the corresponding VC ratio
PP24VOL	12.5	Pump prime iteration, daily (24-hour) estimated volume (AAWT)

Variable	Format	Description
PP24VMT	12.5	Pump prime iteration, daily (24-hour) estimated vehicle miles of travel
TVOL00	3	Interim variable, can be disregarded
TVMT00	6.2	Interim variable, can be disregarded
TVOLEST	3	Interim variable, can be disregarded
TVOLOBS	3	Interim variable, can be disregarded
TVMTEST	6.2	Interim variable, can be disregarded
TVMTOBS	6.2	Interim variable, can be disregarded
I1AMVOL	11.5	First iteration, AM estimated volume
I1AMVC	7.5	First iteration, AM estimated volume-to-capacity ratio
I1AMVDF	7.5	First iteration, AM volume-delay function value for the corresponding VC ratio
I1AMSPD	8.5	First iteration, AM speed
I1PMVOL	11.5	First iteration, PM estimated volume
I1PMVC	7.5	First iteration, PM estimated volume-to-capacity ratio
I1PMVDF	7.5	First iteration, PM volume-delay function value for the corresponding VC ratio
I1PMSPD	8.5	First iteration, PM speed
I1OPVOL	11.5	First iteration, OP estimated volume
I1OPVC	7.5	First iteration, OP estimated volume-to-capacity ratio
I1OPVDF	7.5	First iteration, OP volume-delay function value for the corresponding VC ratio
I1OPSPD	8.5	First iteration, OP speed
I124VOL	12.5	First iteration, daily (24-hour) estimated volume (AAWT)
I124VMT	12.5	First iteration, daily (24-hour) estimated vehicle miles of travel
***	***	*** Etc. ***
I6AMVOL	5	Sixth iteration, AM estimated volume
I6AMVC	7.5	Sixth iteration, AM estimated volume-to-capacity ratio
I6AMVDF	7.5	Sixth iteration, AM volume-delay function value for the corresponding VC ratio
I6AMSPD	8.5	Sixth iteration, AM speed
I6PMVOL	5	Sixth iteration, PM estimated volume
I6PMVC	7.5	Sixth iteration, PM estimated volume-to-capacity ratio
I6PMVDF	7.5	Sixth iteration, PM volume-delay function value for the corresponding VC ratio
I6PMSPD	8.5	Sixth iteration, PM speed
I6OPVOL	5	Sixth iteration, OP estimated volume
I6OPVC	7.5	Sixth iteration, OP estimated volume-to-capacity ratio
I6OPVDF	7.5	Sixth iteration, OP volume-delay function value for the corresponding VC ratio
I6OPSPD	8.5	Sixth iteration, OP speed
I624VOL	6	Sixth iteration, daily (24-hour) estimated volume (AAWT)
I624VMT	12.5	Sixth iteration, daily (24-hour) estimated vehicle miles of travel
ATYPE	1	Interim variable, can be disregarded
COMP	1	Interim variable, can be disregarded

Notes:

1. Limit Codes are 0,1 = General Use, 2 = HOV2,3+ only, 3 = HOV 3+ Only, 4 = Truck Prohibited, 5 = Non-Airport Vehicles Prohibited, 6-8 = (unused), 9 = 'Transit Only' link (links used to more accurately depict coded transit routes, but are below the grain of the zone system; these links are not included in the highway assignment process).

Appendix A Model adjustment factors

Ref:

1 Trip Distribution Adjustments

1.1 Background

Historically, two sets of adjustment factors have been applied to the trip distribution model. The first set has been a series of time penalties applied sparingly to a matrix of twelve superdistricts to address physical barrier effects on trip patterns and to address jurisdictional effects (e.g., school trips and shopping trips tend to remain in a given traveler's residence jurisdiction). The time penalties were not developed in a mechanical process, but were developed after running and rerunning the calibration process with different time penalty sets. An analysis of the results was conducted between iterations.

A second set of adjustment factors was introduced during model application. Commonly referenced as K-factors, 52 individual values were applied in the Version 2.1 D #50 model. This is a reduction from the 68 K-factors that were employed in the Version 2.1C model, and reflects the improvements obtained with the introduction of other model and data input enhancements in the Version 2.1 D #50 model. Furthermore, of the remaining 52 K-factors in the Version 2.1 D #50 model, 32 were dampened (i.e., their values were made closer to 1.0). The breakdown, by trip purpose, of these factors were as follows:

- HBW - 29 factors
- HBS - 8 factors
- HBO - 10 factors
- NHB - 5 factors

K-factors were developed in the application of the model for the entire modeled area, after the F-factor calibration was completed. The K-factors were developed separately for each purpose, after several application iterations.

1.2 Version 2.2 Travel Model

The Version 2.2 model has a greatly reduced set of adjustment factors compared with the Version 2.1D #50 model. All time penalties have been removed, as have all non-work K-factors. HBW purpose K-factors have been further reduced to eleven, eight of which involve travel into or within the District of Columbia. The remaining three involve intra-jurisdiction movements within Montgomery County, Frederick County, and Fairfax County. These eleven K-factors are presented in Table 1-1, illustrating a substantial reduction in the number of such factors when compared with the Version 2.1D #50 model.

The eight remaining K-factors, involving the District of Columbia, reflect a continuing federal government presence, a larger "downtown" than one finds in many other cities of similar size, and the influence of a major heavy rail transit system in attracting trips to the central city. Simple time and cost variables in the impedance function of the travel demand model presently cannot explain these effects adequately.

Appendix A Model adjustment factors

Table 1-1 Trip distribution K-factors in the Version 2.1D #50 and Version 2.2 travel models

Interchange	V2.1 D#50	V2.2	Change from 2.1D to V2.2
	HBW	HBW	
dc cr - dc cr	2.0		removed
dc cr - dc ncr	2.2		removed
dc ncr - dc cr	1.8	1.7	reduced magnitude
dc ncr - dc ncr			
dc ncr - mtg			
dc ncr - ffx			
dc ncr - extls			
mtg - dc cr	2.0	2.0	maintained
mtg - dc ncr	1.7		removed
mtg - mtg	2.0	1.6	reduced magnitude
mtg - how	0.5		removed
mtg - aa	0.2		removed
pg - dc cr	1.4		removed
pg - dc ncr	1.4		removed
pg - pg	1.5		removed
pg - how	0.5		removed
pg - aa	0.5		removed
pg - mtg			
pg - extls			
pw - dc cr	2.8	3.2	increased magnitude
arl cr - dc cr	2.5	2.5	maintained
arl cr - dc ncr	1.8		removed
arl ncr - arl ncr			
arl ncr - dc cr	2.4	1.7	reduced magnitude
alx - alx			
alx - dc cr	1.9	1.6	reduced magnitude
how - mtg			
how - pg	2.2		removed
how - extls/balt	2.5		removed
aa - aa	0.5		removed
aa - pg			
ffx - dc cr	2.2	2.0	reduced magnitude
ffx - dc ncr	1.3	1.4	increased magnitude
ffx - ffx	0.9	0.8	reduced magnitude
ffx - arl ncr	1.3		removed
frd - frd		0.9	added
frd - aa	0.2		removed
frd - how	0.2		removed
chs - chs			
chs - dc cr	2.2		removed
chs - pg	2.0		removed
car - car			

Ref: k_facv22_summary.xls

Appendix A Model adjustment factors

Fairfax County illustrates an additional behavioral pattern which simple time and cost variables in modeling cannot explain. The county has experienced substantial growth in employment during the past two decades, and is projected to continue this trend. However, there remains a significant amount of interaction with the District of Columbia, largely in terms of commutation to government employment and to other jobs related to government employment. Given the large growth in employment projected within Fairfax County in the future, a gravity model will likely understate this commutation into the central jurisdictions unless K-factors are applied. A K-factor less than 1.0 was therefore applied to intra-Fairfax County estimated trip patterns.

Montgomery County also is a major generator of employment. However, a K-factor greater than 1.0 for intra-county travel was retained, albeit reduced in magnitude from that employed in the Version 2.1D #50 model, to reflect the tendency of the model to otherwise send trips northward into Howard and Anne Arundel Counties with their growing concentrations of employment. Previous K-factors less than 1.0 for trips destined to these counties from TPB member jurisdictions have been removed in the Version 2.2 model.

Finally, a K-factor less than 1.0 was added in the Version 2.2 model for intra-Frederick County travel (including City of Frederick). The size of TPB zones in that jurisdiction, coupled with the projected employment growth, tends to result in overestimation of intra-county travel unless a K-factor is applied. It is hoped that future zone refinement may reduce the need for this adjustment.

In conclusion, many of the K-factors employed in the Version 2.1D #50 model have been removed with the Version 2.2 model, and the few that remain have largely been dampened as well. The result is a model which substantially moves toward the goal of eliminating adjustment factors. As noted earlier, the effect of this is to produce a model which will likely have a looser fit in the year 2000 validation year at finer levels of geography than previous COG/TPB travel demand models. As the region continues to grow, some of the time-honored adjustments may no longer apply as they have in the past.

2 Mode Choice Adjustments

2.1 Background

As part of the Version 2.2 travel model, the existing multinomial logit (MNL) mode choice model was recalibrated. In the past, this calibration/validation was done for a 1994 base year, using observed trips from the 1994 Household Travel Survey. This time, however, the base year was 2000, using Census Transportation Planning Package (CTPP) trips. Since we are using Census data, which records only information about work trips, only home-based work (HBW) was adjusted. Non-work (HBS, HBO, NHB) mode choice models were not adjusted.

A full-scale mode choice calibration would typically consist of three steps:

1. Statistical estimation of utility equation coefficients and constants;
2. A system-wide adjustment of the model, where constants are adjusted until certain control totals match;
3. A jurisdiction-level or superdistrict-level adjustment.

In this case, due to time limitations, we conducted only the third step – superdistrict-level adjustments. For the first two calibration steps, we used what was developed in the last calibration exercise, done in 2002 and 2004 (See COG/TPB 2002.12).

The Version 2 mode choice model consists of four models, one per trip purpose. Each model consists of two sub-models: a main model and a carpool occupancy model. The main model apportions motorized person trips across three modes: drive alone (DA), transit (TR), and carpool (also referred to as group ride, or GR). Within the group ride mode, the carpool occupancy model apportions carpool person trips across three modes: 2-person carpool, 3-person carpool, and 4+person carpool. After model estimation, the system-wide aggregate adjustments are made. These adjusted models are shown in the main body of this report and are the input to the jurisdiction-level aggregate adjustment process described in this appendix.

The COG mode choice model is applied using a Fortran program named COGMC.EXE. This program was written in the mid 1980s, and has been revised numerous times, most recently in January 1999 and April 2001 (Allen 1999). This program allows one to apply two sets of jurisdiction-level or superdistrict-level factors to each of the four mode choice models:

- Transit percent adjustment factors (TPAFs) and
- Car occupancy adjustment factors (COAFs)

The current implementation of COGMC.EXE allows for up to 20 user-defined superdistricts. The superdistrict area system that is currently used is shown in Figure 2-1 and Table 2-1. Note that two transportation analysis zones (648 and 650) that used to be in Prince George's County are now in Montgomery County. This change affects the superdistrict definitions compared to what was used in 2002 and 2004.

The TPAFs can be used to help ensure that the estimated percent transit matches the observed percent transit at the jurisdiction-interchange level. Raising the TPAF value for a cell

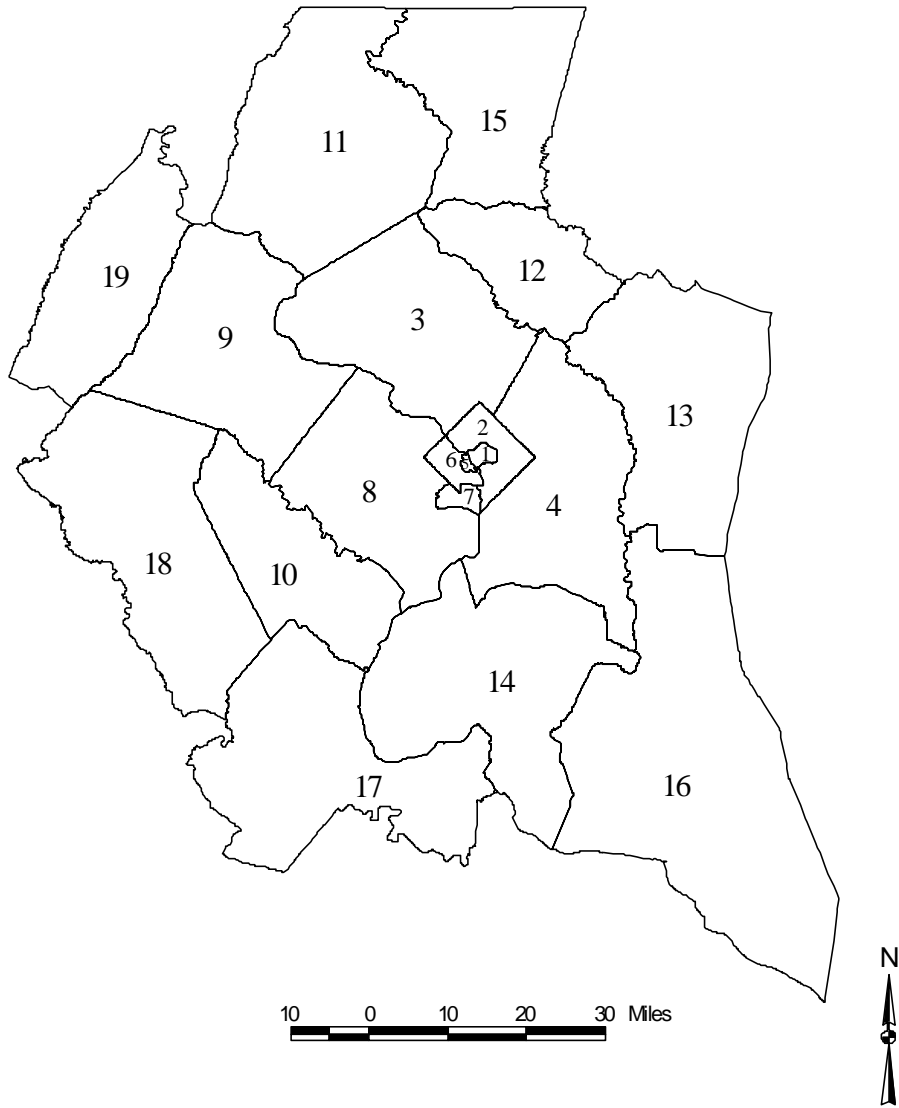
Appendix A Model adjustment factors

(jurisdiction-to-jurisdiction interchange) has the effect of raising the estimated percent transit for that cell. Although TPAFs act on the *percent* transit, they also help ensure that the estimated transit person *trips* match the observed transit person *trips*. The COAFs can be used to ensure that the estimated average vehicle occupancies (AVOs) match the observed AVOs at the jurisdiction-interchange level. They affect the split of auto person trips into auto driver and auto passenger. Raising the COAF value for a cell has the effect of raising the share of auto person trips that are auto passenger trips.

Thus, each of the four mode choice models has two factor files, and each factor file (TPAF or COAF) is a 20x20 matrix of factors. The output of the jurisdiction-level adjustment process is usually eight factor files (four TPAFs and four COAFs). However, this time, we generated only one file: the HBW TPAF file. The other seven files were turned off (i.e., they were filled with values of 1.000).

Appendix A Model adjustment factors

Figure 2-1 Superdistrict system used for transit percent adjustment factors (TPAFs) and car occupancy adjustment factors (COAFs)



Appendix A Model adjustment factors

Table 2-1 Superdistricts defined in terms of TAZ

Super-district No.	Jurisdiction	TAZ Range
1	District of Columbia, core	1-88
2	District of Columbia, non-core	89-319
3	Montgomery Co.	320-639,648,650
4	Prince George's Co.	640-647,649,651-1029
5	Arlington Co., core	1230-1238
6	Arlington Co., non-core	1239-1329
7	Alexandria	1330-1399
8	Fairfax Co.	1400-1779
9	Loudoun Co.	1780-1919
10	Prince William Co.	1920-2069
11	Frederick Co.	1030-1059
12	Howard Co.	1080-1109
13	Anne Arundel Co.	1110-1149
14	Charles Co.	1200-1229
15	Carroll Co.	1060-1079
16	Calvert Co. & Saint Mary's Co.	1150-1169,1170-1199
17	King George Co.; Fredericksburg; Stafford Co.; Spotsylvania Co.	2070-2079,2100-2104,2080- 2099,2105-2141
18	Fauquier Co., VA	2115-2129
19	Clarke Co., Va. and Jefferson Co., WV.	2130-2134,2135-2144
20	Externals	2145-2191

Year-2000 TPAFs were calculated for HBW only, and then, only a subset of the year-2000 HBW TPAFs were retained for the final file – primarily those on the diagonal, with others being re-set to a value of 1.000 – (See Table 2-2). TPAFs for the non-work purposes were left turned off (i.e., with values of 1.000). Year-2000 COAFs were calculated for all four purposes (HBW, HBS, HBO, and NHB), then it was decided not to use these, since it was felt that, although the 2000 Census data is robust for jurisdiction-to-jurisdiction person trip patterns, it may not be accurate enough for auto-driver trip patterns. Consequently, no COAFs are used (i.e., they all have a value of one).

Appendix A Model adjustment factors

Table 2-2 Final HBW TPAF file

1	1.2076	.9693	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000
2	1.0976	1.3469	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000
3	1.0000	1.0000	.5864	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000
4	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.1166	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000
5	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000
6	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	.5807	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000
7	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	.8858	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000
8	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	.5000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000
9	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000
10	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000
11	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000
12	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000
13	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000
14	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000
15	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000
16	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000
17	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000
18	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000
19	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000
20	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000

Ref: I:\ateam\model_dev\Version_2.2P_CV\Support \mctf_hbw.asc

Appendix B Year 2000 mode choice summary (final, i6, iteration)

Ref: i6_mc_summary2000.tab

Appendix B Year 2000 mode choice summary (final, i6, iteration)

Simulation - Year: 2000 Alternative: V2.2 Iteration: i6
 Purpose: HBW MODE: Transit

ORIGIN	DESTINATION																							TOTAL		
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23			
1 DC CR	14436	3876	1193	442	947	1381	349	1085	0	2	0	0	5	4	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	23720		
2 DC NC	86517	25331	9491	3962	3336	4662	1045	2848	0	5	0	0	29	19	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	137245		
3 MTG	47974	7978	30038	2043	1658	2325	308	2040	0	0	0	0	7	9	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	94380		
4 PG	53618	16747	6909	13426	2869	4355	1014	1486	0	0	0	123	63	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	100610		
5 ARLCR	2240	191	94	15	219	443	71	302	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	3575		
6 ARNCR	21884	2154	995	144	3817	4608	1547	5871	2	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	41023		
7 ALX	11821	1308	445	109	2057	4851	3360	3562	0	3	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	27516		
8 FFX	43474	4360	2014	253	5988	12132	5135	15025	29	84	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	88494		
9 LDN	462	49	158	0	135	213	13	2361	327	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	3718		
10 PW	5850	260	95	13	731	1284	1322	4196	0	2723	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	16474		
11 FRD	163	77	1308	4	15	14	2	3	0	0	262	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1848		
12 CAR	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		
13 HOW	2098	639	1520	421	79	102	17	42	0	0	0	852	68	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	5838		
14 AAR	5916	1432	758	771	236	322	57	50	0	0	0	215	324	4	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	10085		
15 CAL	1520	507	65	110	65	95	27	23	0	0	0	0	0	0	42	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2454		
16 STM	182	75	8	29	10	11	6	5	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	40	0	0	0	0	0	0	366		
17 CHS	3960	1213	152	338	186	284	93	74	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	66	0	0	0	0	0	0	6366		
18 FAU	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		
19 STA	119	16	7	1	58	110	103	224	0	6	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	11	0	3	0	0	658		
20 CL/JF	11	5	132	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	151		
21 SP/FB	40	5	1	0	8	18	28	93	0	4	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	17	0	24	0	0	238		
22 KGEO	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		
23 EXTL	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		
TOTAL	302285		55383		22415		14497		39290		358		2827		262		1232		487		46		106		564759	
		66223		22082		37211		39290		2827		0		487		0		106		0		28		0		564759

Simulation - Year: 2000 Alternative: V2.2 Iteration: i6
 Purpose: HBW MODE: HOV Auto Person

ORIGIN	DESTINATION																							TOTAL			
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23				
1 DC CR	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		
2 DC NC	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		
3 MTG	859	336	1139	107	87	174	28	423	8	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	3162		
4 PG	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	5	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	5		
5 ARLCR	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		
6 ARNCR	1457	222	34	30	218	391	13	6	0	1	0	3	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2375		
7 ALX	1387	236	139	29	276	373	0	72	0	1	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2515		
8 FFX	18324	3717	1007	317	3883	7654	1393	6610	3	0	2	3	11	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	42925		
9 LDN	859	268	439	37	439	840	236	4057	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	7176		
10 PW	5302	522	273	117	1218	2652	1535	7930	30	1	2	0	0	0	0	0	3	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	19585		
11 FRD	153	191	1936	40	33	48	7	88	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2496		
12 CAR	1	1	57	0	0	2	0	6	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	67		
13 HOW	0	1	1	0	0	1	0	3	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	6		
14 AAR	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		
15 CAL	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		
16 STM	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		
17 CHS	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1		
18 FAU	4	4	7	1	6	27	17	479	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	546		
19 STA	207	60	29	12	189	414	303	1397	4	26	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2641		
20 CL/JF	25	17	178	3	8	13	1	128	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	373		
21 SP/FB	70	25	11	3	36	93	99	541	2	16	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	896		
22 KGEO	0	2	0	1	0	0	0	9	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	14		
23 EXTL	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		
TOTAL	28648		5250		6393		3632		21755		47		46		6		5		16		0		4		0		84783
		5602		697		12682		21755		46		0		16		0		4		0		0		0		84783	

Appendix B Year 2000 mode choice summary (final, i6, iteration)

Simulation - Year: 2000 Alternative: V2.2 Iteration: i6
 Purpose: HBW MODE: HOV AUTO Driver

ORIGIN	DESTINATION																							TOTAL	
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23		
1 DC CR	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
2 DC NC	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
3 MTG	326	143	490	48	37	70	15	175	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1304	
4 PG	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
5 ARLCR	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
6 ARNCR	551	88	8	13	85	150	7	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	903	
7 ALX	396	72	37	15	81	103	0	22	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	727	
8 FFX	6422	1440	370	123	1503	2890	527	2764	1	0	0	0	0	3	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	16043	
9 LDN	253	88	145	13	147	278	78	1385	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2387	
10 PW	1526	158	84	41	380	831	470	2684	8	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	6183	
11 FRD	56	75	812	22	10	20	1	27	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1023	
12 CAR	0	0	23	0	0	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	25	
13 HOW	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	3	
14 AAR	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
15 CAL	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
16 STM	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
17 CHS	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
18 FAU	0	1	3	0	3	13	5	199	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	224	
19 STA	57	17	6	5	52	118	88	401	1	5	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	750	
20 CL/JF	5	7	69	2	3	1	1	37	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	125	
21 SP/FB	19	8	2	1	8	27	27	153	1	6	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	252	
22 KGEO	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	4	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	4	
23 EXTL	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
TOTAL	9611		2050		2309		1219		7854	11		11		0		1		3		0		0		0	29953

Simulation - Year: 2000 Alternative: V2.2 Iteration: i6
 Purpose: HBW MODE: Auto Driver

ORIGIN	DESTINATION																							TOTAL																	
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23																		
1 DC CR	4503	3079	749	641	447	688	305	1179	28	15	4	0	30	49	2	0	5	0	0	0	0	0	0	952	12676																
2 DC NC	45667	32959	14254	12653	3527	5198	1986	7244	121	33	25	2	603	918	16	3	60	2	0	0	1	0	7881	133153																	
3 MTG	48595	27537	271962	24056	3462	5741	1378	18431	543	56	5107	314	6921	2489	7	0	22	5	1	158	0	0	18725	435510																	
4 PG	55167	64847	33483	159274	4838	8417	5761	11990	79	67	53	21	9176	21042	753	311	4046	1	1	2	5	103	18042	397479																	
5 ARLCR	903	252	131	37	635	442	135	565	16	6	0	0	3	3	0	0	2	1	0	0	0	0	0	99	3230																
6 ARNCR	15526	5059	2850	759	5648	20317	5173	23562	524	170	10	0	13	30	0	0	6	10	3	0	4	0	1774	81438																	
7 ALX	8970	2989	1074	965	3145	8342	13388	20137	180	248	0	0	9	29	1	0	18	11	16	1	10	0	968	60501																	
8 FFX	43520	16516	11174	4211	12734	30468	28595	326500	23799	11159	105	0	56	105	7	2	61	884	298	65	274	6	7330	517869																	
9 LDN	874	500	1983	77	531	1053	400	47618	43095	1115	2154	24	58	5	0	0	0	394	5	1483	0	0	2475	103844																	
10 PW	3385	534	365	252	1085	2852	4512	63305	3974	79288	24	0	1	1	1	0	2	2993	3283	48	3021	81	2002	171009																	
11 FRD	249	476	19842	483	60	84	9	806	2923	15	75541	3263	4499	597	0	0	0	8	0	2126	0	0	9189	120170																	
12 CAR	22	62	4377	624	1	3	0	36	165	1	10708	49812	7405	1069	0	0	0	0	0	183	0	0	13774	88242																	
13 HOW	2253	3538	15587	14434	146	214	68	469	71	1	3039	771	51095	16010	4	0	3	0	0	93	0	0	22405	130201																	
14 AAR	6178	7953	5567	29821	411	644	296	462	3	0	103	40	17483	161808	811	49	218	0	0	0	0	0	27378	259225																	
15 CAL	968	1784	282	6934	82	132	129	174	0	0	0	0	56	3341	17858	8684	1402	0	1	0	0	101	316	42244																	
16 STM	87	273	24	2035	7	12	34	39	0	1	0	0	1	115	2396	39953	3727	0	14	0	36	1064	167	49985																	
17 CHS	2580	4606	445	17153	231	398	676	899	1	3	0	0	27	783	1341	2388	31209	0	26	0	84	1779	507	65136																	
18 FAU	1	2	16	2	4	34	26	5946	1673	6120	13	0	0	0	0	0	0	13770	1085	134	1010	26	1035	30897																	
19 STA	100	42	18	18	120	306	555	5265	39	8798	0	0	0	0	6	24	1411	19743	2	13960	712	1665	52784																		
20 CL/JF	12	22	1297	10	5	6	2	1316	5427	222	3820	45	129	7	0	0	0	286	1	17917	0	0	4797	35321																	
21 SP/FB	27	14	4	3	18	54	123	1405	8	2971	0	0	0	0	2	3	17	492	6616	0	38000	632	5196	55585																	
22 KGEO	0	2	1	87	0	0	0	19	1	111	0	0	0	3	16	131	485	23	436	0	992	7369	178	9854																	
23 EXTL	4279	4846	18323	18191	637	1393	900	13624	5027	7230	21276	18988	28616	62239	593	392	1050	5309	2694	9831	10395	827	0	236660																	
TOTAL	243866		403808		37774		86798		64451		550991		87697		117630		121982		73280		126181		270643		23808		51922		42357		25600		34223		32043		12700		146855		3093013

Appendix B Year 2000 mode choice summary (final, i6, iteration)

Simulation - Year: 2000 Alternative: V2.2 Iteration: i6
 Purpose: HBS MODE: Transit

ORIGIN	DESTINATION																							TOTAL
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	
1 DC CR	549	639	152	121	91	918	153	119	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	2746
2 DC NC	1749	6369	3463	2660	207	2514	441	260	0	2	0	0	5	1	0	0	1	0	0	0	2	0	0	17674
3 MTG	36	732	9543	325	12	100	10	27	0	0	0	0	8	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	10794
4 PG	62	429	545	2925	11	96	45	35	0	0	0	0	8	8	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	4164
5 ARLCR	18	11	4	1	20	216	24	23	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	317
6 ARNCR	48	49	5	4	127	1794	211	446	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2684
7 ALX	1	5	1	4	10	603	855	366	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1847
8 FFX	7	18	66	7	68	1469	916	4034	0	68	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	6654
9 LDN	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	27	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	27
10 PW	0	0	0	0	0	6	5	28	0	1117	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1156
11 FRD	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	7	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	7
12 CAR	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
13 HOW	0	0	1	8	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	17	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	28
14 AAR	0	1	7	5	1	4	0	3	0	0	0	0	1	6	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	28
15 CAL	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
16 STM	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
17 CHS	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
18 FAU	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
19 STA	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	1
20 CL/JF	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
21 SP/FB	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
22 KGEO	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
23 EXTL	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
TOTAL	2470	8253	13787	6060	547	7720	2660	5342	27	1191	7	0	40	16	0	0	2	0	1	0	4	0	0	48127

Simulation - Year: 2000 Alternative: V2.2 Iteration: i6
 Purpose: HBS MODE: HOV Auto Person

ORIGIN	DESTINATION																							TOTAL
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	
1 DC CR	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
2 DC NC	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
3 MTG	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
4 PG	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
5 ARLCR	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
6 ARNCR	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
7 ALX	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
8 FFX	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
9 LDN	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
10 PW	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
11 FRD	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
12 CAR	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
13 HOW	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
14 AAR	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
15 CAL	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
16 STM	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
17 CHS	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
18 FAU	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
19 STA	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
20 CL/JF	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
21 SP/FB	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
22 KGEO	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
23 EXTL	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
TOTAL	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

Appendix B Year 2000 mode choice summary (final, i6, iteration)

Simulation - Year: 2000 Alternative: V2.2 Iteration: i6
 Purpose: HBS MODE: HOV AUTO Driver

ORIGIN	DESTINATION																							TOTAL
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	
1 DC CR	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
2 DC NC	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
3 MTG	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
4 PG	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
5 ARLCR	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
6 ARNCR	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
7 ALX	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
8 FFX	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
9 LDN	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
10 PW	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
11 FRD	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
12 CAR	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
13 HOW	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
14 AAR	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
15 CAL	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
16 STM	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
17 CHS	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
18 FAU	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
19 STA	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
20 CL/JF	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
21 SP/FB	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
22 KGEO	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
23 EXTL	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
TOTAL	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

Simulation - Year: 2000 Alternative: V2.2 Iteration: i6
 Purpose: HBS MODE: Auto Driver

ORIGIN	DESTINATION																							TOTAL
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	
1 DC CR	3684	2888	544	672	231	3315	707	617	11	22	23	0	11	23	2	18	17	3	85	6	156	1	2	13038
2 DC NC	8014	69971	20168	22196	743	12861	2849	2165	78	89	68	4	150	213	17	68	112	17	444	37	667	2	38	140971
3 MTG	512	9337	381330	22618	86	1370	230	1947	111	121	1056	39	3373	448	18	115	81	33	601	76	1078	7	864	425451
4 PG	869	7099	12469	258385	64	1417	1773	1484	160	195	191	12	3167	10556	252	197	9625	36	1012	103	1756	11	890	311723
5 ARLCR	131	108	32	14	1770	2097	279	354	3	3	2	0	1	1	0	1	6	0	10	0	10	0	1	4823
6 ARNCR	488	534	295	98	817	58782	5289	10676	38	57	15	1	3	11	2	9	6	3	60	5	111	0	5	77305
7 ALX	126	132	43	151	129	14023	39247	11937	14	145	9	1	3	7	2	7	9	2	57	4	95	0	5	66148
8 FFX	269	444	2118	673	422	23641	18002	414775	24441	11975	288	27	112	316	51	357	318	327	2067	258	3499	14	71	504465
9 LDN	5	28	252	94	7	124	45	4502	58321	149	720	14	32	84	9	18	33	72	543	1605	971	4	528	68160
10 PW	11	22	259	133	4	147	154	6704	701	116171	116	8	43	121	16	72	102	2209	6133	87	3619	12	90	136934
11 FRD	28	34	2981	208	6	126	82	490	376	90	67412	516	258	111	10	0	24	28	450	294	361	0	3692	77577
12 CAR	41	64	848	382	10	180	121	742	393	96	896	35699	1252	191	10	0	40	34	91	35	67	0	14323	55515
13 HOW	1	9	1916	4896	3	31	15	55	17	29	717	184	66581	3455	3	24	18	6	168	25	292	2	6568	85015
14 AAR	38	84	715	6996	8	166	108	613	276	155	147	9	6726	178957	564	90	160	30	905	45	1043	7	6627	204469
15 CAL	18	30	236	665	2	72	47	264	89	70	44	5	45	300	24708	2205	84	6	373	8	498	1	3	29773
16 STM	36	53	369	371	5	136	89	537	136	87	8	0	74	104	210	29241	556	7	776	0	684	5	5	33489
17 CHS	23	40	242	1674	2	75	56	336	158	69	43	2	53	66	564	587	44364	14	456	1	465	20	12	49322
18 FAU	8	14	134	70	2	38	26	232	396	535	38	2	25	40	2	1	14	17075	2623	33	873	1	479	22661
19 STA	1	0	8	2	0	2	1	11	3	642	2	0	2	1	0	1	1	5	30766	2	9279	0	115	40844
20 CL/JF	15	26	277	118	5	76	48	358	806	50	213	2	61	60	0	0	12	25	550	19228	308	0	6560	28798
21 SP/FB	1	1	2	1	0	0	0	3	1	3	1	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	1926	0	35062	0	624	37626
22 KGEO	12	16	99	91	3	52	37	214	114	40	0	0	12	38	7	11	37	12	642	0	1110	3628	225	6400
23 EXTL	0	13	533	1459	0	2	2	50	67	187	2426	6317	6032	16580	2	1	9	1327	962	1296	4884	209	0	42358
TOTAL	14331	90947	425870	321967	4319	118733	69207	459066	86710	130980	74435	42842	88016	211684	26449	33023	55628	21271	51700	23148	66888	3924	41727	2462865

Appendix B Year 2000 mode choice summary (final, i6, iteration)

Simulation - Year: 2000 Alternative: V2.2 Iteration: i6
 Purpose: HBO MODE: Transit

ORIGIN	DESTINATION																							TOTAL
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	
1 DC CR	6976	3979	919	673	336	1339	247	509	0	4	0	0	2	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	14986
2 DC NC	34533	27369	11976	7260	1288	4934	1124	1861	0	10	0	0	20	17	0	0	2	0	0	0	1	0	0	90395
3 MTG	5491	6381	22555	2046	254	940	161	440	0	0	0	0	25	4	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	38297
4 PG	7665	6262	2920	6542	274	794	223	252	0	0	0	0	21	13	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	24966
5 ARLCR	1025	327	106	38	115	593	127	253	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2585
6 ARNCR	8695	2353	815	286	1338	7824	1815	4513	0	7	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	27648
7 ALX	1968	561	149	88	331	2126	1780	1635	0	6	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	8644
8 FFX	3939	1072	560	128	683	4659	1932	8790	0	58	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	21821
9 LDN	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	87	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	87
10 PW	86	9	8	1	22	47	45	164	0	1421	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1803
11 FRD	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	31	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	31
12 CAR	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
13 HOW	19	11	20	10	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	38	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	100
14 AAR	72	62	48	42	5	6	0	2	0	0	0	0	5	20	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	262
15 CAL	1	0	0	3	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	4
16 STM	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
17 CHS	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
18 FAU	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
19 STA	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
20 CL/JF	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
21 SP/FB	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
22 KGEO	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
23 EXTL	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
TOTAL	70470	48386	40076	17117	4646	23262	7454	18419	87	1507	31	0	113	58	0	0	2	0	0	0	1	0	0	231629

Simulation - Year: 2000 Alternative: V2.2 Iteration: i6
 Purpose: HBO MODE: HOV Auto Person

ORIGIN	DESTINATION																							TOTAL
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	
1 DC CR	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
2 DC NC	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
3 MTG	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
4 PG	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
5 ARLCR	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
6 ARNCR	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
7 ALX	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
8 FFX	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
9 LDN	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
10 PW	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
11 FRD	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
12 CAR	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
13 HOW	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
14 AAR	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
15 CAL	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
16 STM	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
17 CHS	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
18 FAU	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
19 STA	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
20 CL/JF	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
21 SP/FB	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
22 KGEO	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
23 EXTL	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
TOTAL	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

Appendix B Year 2000 mode choice summary (final, i6, iteration)

Simulation - Year: 2000 Alternative: V2.2 Iteration: i6
 Purpose: NHB MODE: Transit

ORIGIN	DESTINATION																							TOTAL
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	
1 DC CR	24809	4312	3458	1804	1297	4445	1152	1920	0	10	0	0	1	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	43210
2 DC NC	14270	2636	4103	1153	548	1726	404	578	0	0	0	0	2	1	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	25422
3 MTG	6366	3624	11529	855	326	958	224	436	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	24318
4 PG	5503	1542	1360	877	176	520	138	151	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	10267
5 ARLCR	1899	309	209	82	124	513	191	261	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	3589
6 ARNCR	8062	1185	787	265	769	2303	586	1405	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	15364
7 ALX	2569	359	216	92	297	948	539	482	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	5504
8 FFX	4534	650	562	135	526	2321	738	2704	0	4	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	12174
9 LDN	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2
10 PW	58	9	5	0	9	24	24	33	0	127	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	289
11 FRD	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	4	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	4
12 CAR	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
13 HOW	14	2	2	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	21
14 AAR	9	11	29	2	0	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	53
15 CAL	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
16 STM	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
17 CHS	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
18 FAU	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
19 STA	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
20 CL/JF	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
21 SP/FB	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
22 KGEO	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
23 EXTL	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
TOTAL	68093	14639	22260	5265	4074	13759	3996	7971	2	146	4	0	4	3	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	140217

Simulation - Year: 2000 Alternative: V2.2 Iteration: i6
 Purpose: NHB MODE: HOV Auto Person

ORIGIN	DESTINATION																							TOTAL
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	
1 DC CR	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
2 DC NC	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
3 MTG	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
4 PG	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
5 ARLCR	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
6 ARNCR	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
7 ALX	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
8 FFX	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
9 LDN	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
10 PW	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
11 FRD	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
12 CAR	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
13 HOW	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
14 AAR	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
15 CAL	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
16 STM	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
17 CHS	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
18 FAU	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
19 STA	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
20 CL/JF	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
21 SP/FB	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
22 KGEO	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
23 EXTL	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
TOTAL	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

Appendix B Year 2000 mode choice summary (final, i6, iteration)

Appendix C Year 2000 mode choice, Comparison of estimated and observed (2000 CTPP)

Ref: compare_mceo_00ctpp_HBW.doc

1	HBW	Estimated	Auto Driver
2	HBW	Estimated	Transit
3	HBW	Estimated	Auto Person
4	HBW	Estimated	Auto Pax
5	HBW	Estimated	Person
6	HBW	Estimated	Pct Transit
7	HBW	Estimated	Car Occupancy
8	HBW	Observed	Auto Driver
9	HBW	Observed	Transit
10	HBW	Observed	Auto Person
11	HBW	Observed	Auto Pax
12	HBW	Observed	Person
13	HBW	Observed	Pct Transit
14	HBW	Observed	Car Occupancy
15	HBW	Difference (Est-Obs)	Auto Driver
16	HBW	Difference (Est-Obs)	Transit
17	HBW	Difference (Est-Obs)	Auto Person
18	HBW	Difference (Est-Obs)	Auto Pax
19	HBW	Difference (Est-Obs)	Person
20	HBW	Difference (Est-Obs)	Pct Transit
21	HBW	Difference (Est-Obs)	Car Occupancy
22	HBW	Ratio (Est-to-Obs)	Auto Driver
23	HBW	Ratio (Est-to-Obs)	Transit
24	HBW	Ratio (Est-to-Obs)	Auto Person
25	HBW	Ratio (Est-to-Obs)	Auto Pax
26	HBW	Ratio (Est-to-Obs)	Person
27	HBW	Ratio (Est-to-Obs)	Pct Transit
28	HBW	Ratio (Est-to-Obs)	Car Occupancy

Appendix C Year 2000 mode choice, Comparison of estimated and observed (2000 CTPP)

Yr 2000 Est/Obs Mode Choice Analysis - Model V2.2 Purpose: HBW Table: Estimated Person

ORIGIN	DESTINATION																					TOTAL		
	DC CR DC NCR	MTG	PG ARL CRARL NCR	ALX	FFX	LDN	PW	FRD	CAR	HOW	AAR	CAL	STM	CHS	FAU	STA	CL/JF	SP/FB	KGEO	EXTL				
1 DC CR	19630	7390	2066	1191	1452	2193	702	2471	42	19	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	37162		
2 DC NC	139491	61604	25726	18488	7350	10687	3328	11256	156	50	35	0	0	21	3	78	2	0	1	0	0	278276		
3 MTG	105401	38851	330326	28857	5692	9082	1887	23095	648	67	5766	0	0	9	0	23	6	1	196	1	1	549909		
4 PG	118049	89006	44946	187266	8416	14170	7498	15223	98	76	73	0	0	855	365	4492	1	3	0	6	132	490675		
5 ARLCR	3288	473	245	57	884	950	224	940	21	7	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	7089		
6 ARNCR	40068	7832	4259	999	10214	27541	7294	32201	629	200	12	0	0	0	8	11	4	0	6	0	0	131278		
7 ALX	22586	4712	1725	1190	5663	14422	17946	26137	218	284	3	0	0	1	0	19	13	21	1	15	0	94956		
8 FFX	100626	23980	15063	5116	21644	49163	37239	374945	26378	12462	130	0	0	10	2	69	1022	349	84	327	8	668617		
9 LDN	1943	736	2611	103	952	1832	584	58188	47075	1278	2428	0	0	0	0	444	6	1649	1	0	0	119830		
10 PW	13133	1184	655	365	2698	6120	7258	78084	4500	88302	28	0	0	1	0	7	3365	3699	57	3484	99	213039		
11 FRD	522	683	24390	584	99	125	20	1122	3404	23	80536	0	0	0	0	10	0	2437	0	0	0	113955		
12 CAR	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		
13 HOW	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		
14 AAR	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		
15 CAL	2737	2588	413	8009	167	261	178	236	0	0	0	0	0	18970	9686	1614	0	1	0	1	130	44991		
16 STM	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		
17 CHS	7133	6484	693	19623	461	771	870	1125	1	5	0	0	0	1516	2710	33182	0	33	0	111	2094	76812		
18 FAU	5	5	21	3	7	46	37	7015	1918	6857	16	0	0	0	0	14543	1216	157	1149	31	0	33026		
19 STA	374	104	49	27	320	740	929	6962	50	9823	0	0	0	1	8	33	1607	20781	0	15335	814	57957		
20 CL/JF	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		
21 SP/FB	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		
22 KGEO	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		
23 EXTL	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		
TOTAL	574986	245632			453188	271878		138103	85994	639000	85138	119453	89027	0	0	21384	12774	39531	21024	26114	4581	20437	3309	2917572

Yr 2000 Est/Obs Mode Choice Analysis - Model V2.2 Purpose: HBW Table: Estimated Pct Transit

ORIGIN	DESTINATION																					TOTAL		
	DC CR DC NCR	MTG	PG ARL CRARL NCR	ALX	FFX	LDN	PW	FRD	CAR	HOW	AAR	CAL	STM	CHS	FAU	STA	CL/JF	SP/FB	KGEO	EXTL				
1 DC CR	73.5	52.4	57.7	37.1	65.2	63.0	49.7	43.9	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	63.8		
2 DC NC	62.0	41.1	36.9	21.4	45.4	43.6	31.4	25.3	0	10.0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	49.3		
3 MTG	45.5	20.5	9.1	7.1	29.1	25.6	16.3	8.8	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	17.2		
4 PG	45.4	18.8	15.4	7.2	34.1	30.7	13.5	9.8	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	20.5		
5 ARLCR	68.1	40.4	38.4	26.3	24.8	46.6	31.7	32.1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	50.4		
6 ARNCR	54.6	27.5	23.4	14.4	37.4	16.7	21.2	18.2	0.3	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	31.2		
7 ALX	52.3	27.8	25.8	9.2	36.3	33.6	18.7	13.6	0	1.1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	29.0		
8 FFX	43.2	18.2	13.4	4.9	27.7	24.7	13.8	4.0	0.1	0.7	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	13.2		
9 LDN	23.8	6.7	6.1	0	14.2	11.6	2.2	4.1	0.7	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	3.1		
10 PW	44.5	22.0	14.5	3.6	27.1	21.0	18.2	5.4	0	3.1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	7.7		
11 FRD	31.2	11.3	5.4	0.7	15.2	11.2	10.0	0	0	0	0.3	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1.6		
12 CAR	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		
13 HOW	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		
14 AAR	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		
15 CAL	55.5	19.6	0	1.4	38.9	36.4	15.2	9.7	0	0	0	0	0	0.2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	5.3		
16 STM	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		
17 CHS	55.5	18.7	21.9	1.7	40.3	36.8	10.7	6.6	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.2	0	0	0	0	0	0	8.3		
18 FAU	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		
19 STA	31.8	15.4	14.3	3.7	18.1	14.9	11.1	3.2	0	0.1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.1	0	0.0	0	0	1.1		
20 CL/JF	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		
21 SP/FB	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		
22 KGEO	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		
23 EXTL	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		
TOTAL	51.1	26.1			11.7	7.7		33.4	16.7	6.1	0.4	2.4	0.3	0	0	0.2	0	0.2	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	18.8

Appendix C Year 2000 mode choice, Comparison of estimated and observed (2000 CTPP)

Yr 2000 Est/Obs Mode Choice Analysis - Model V2.2 Purpose: HBW Table: Difference (Est-Obs) Auto Person

Table with columns: ORIGIN, DESTINATION (DC, CR, DC, NCR, MTG, PG, ARL, CR, ARL, NCR, ALX, FFX, LDN, PW, FRD, CAR, HOW, AAR, CAL, STM, CHS, FAU, STA, CL/JF, SP/FB, KGEO, EXTL, TOTAL). Rows include origin-destination pairs (e.g., DC CR, DC NC, MTG, PG, ARLCR, ARNCR, ALX, FFX, LDN, PW, FRD, CAR, HOW, AAR, CAL, STM, CHS, FAU, STA, CL/JF, SP/FB, KGEO, EXTL) and a TOTAL row.

Yr 2000 Est/Obs Mode Choice Analysis - Model V2.2 Purpose: HBW Table: Difference (Est-Obs) Auto Pax

Table with columns: ORIGIN, DESTINATION (DC, CR, DC, NCR, MTG, PG, ARL, CR, ARL, NCR, ALX, FFX, LDN, PW, FRD, CAR, HOW, AAR, CAL, STM, CHS, FAU, STA, CL/JF, SP/FB, KGEO, EXTL, TOTAL). Rows include origin-destination pairs and a TOTAL row.

Appendix D Year 2030 mode choice summary with 2010 transit constraint through the regional core (final, i6, iteration)

Ref: i6_mc_consummary2030with2010constr.tab

Appendix D Year 2030 mode choice summary with 2010 transit constraint through the regional core (final, i6, iteration)

Simulation - Year: 2030 Alt: V2.2 Iter. i6 * W/Tran.Constraint *
 Purpose: HBS MODE: Transit

ORIGIN	DESTINATION																							TOTAL
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	
1 DC CR	1050	988	234	380	188	1227	160	135	40	4	1	0	4	3	0	0	3	0	1	0	0	0	0	4418
2 DC NC	2543	7816	5370	5484	373	2457	378	264	131	4	0	0	12	7	0	0	2	0	1	0	0	0	0	24842
3 MTG	44	676	18343	669	18	105	13	117	70	0	0	0	12	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	20070
4 PG	46	320	543	5129	6	43	58	46	49	2	0	0	16	21	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	6280
5 ARLCR	27	17	5	2	83	573	46	53	3	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	809
6 ARNCR	32	25	14	6	146	3936	372	766	19	3	0	0	1	1	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	5322
7 ALX	3	6	4	9	16	1119	1653	545	7	4	0	0	0	1	1	0	1	0	1	0	1	0	0	3368
8 FFX	3	12	123	33	65	2181	981	8749	918	175	1	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	13242
9 LDN	0	0	14	0	1	10	2	9	814	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	849
10 PW	0	0	11	1	0	9	0	48	3	2312	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2383
11 FRD	0	1	6	2	0	3	1	4	4	0	52	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	72
12 CAR	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
13 HOW	0	0	2	12	0	0	1	1	3	0	0	0	13	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	34
14 AAR	0	1	9	6	0	3	1	8	16	0	0	0	2	4	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	49
15 CAL	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2
16 STM	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
17 CHS	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	14	0	0	0	0	0	0	14
18 FAU	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
19 STA	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
20 CL/JF	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
21 SP/FB	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
22 KGEO	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
23 EXTL	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
TOTAL	3749	9862	24678	11732	896	11667	3666	10745	2078	2504	54	0	60	41	1	0	20	0	3	0	0	0	0	81754

Simulation - Year: 2030 Alt: V2.2 Iter. i6 * W/Tran.Constraint *
 Purpose: HBS MODE: HOV Auto Person

ORIGIN	DESTINATION																							TOTAL
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	
1 DC CR	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
2 DC NC	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
3 MTG	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
4 PG	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
5 ARLCR	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
6 ARNCR	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
7 ALX	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
8 FFX	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
9 LDN	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
10 PW	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
11 FRD	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
12 CAR	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
13 HOW	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
14 AAR	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
15 CAL	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
16 STM	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
17 CHS	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
18 FAU	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
19 STA	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
20 CL/JF	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
21 SP/FB	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
22 KGEO	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
23 EXTL	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
TOTAL	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

Appendix D Year 2030 mode choice summary with 2010 transit constraint through the regional core (final, i6, iteration)

Simulation - Year: 2030 Alt: V2.2 Iter. i6 * W/Tran.Constraint *
 Purpose: HBO MODE: Transit

ORIGIN	DESTINATION																							TOTAL
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	
1 DC CR	14321	8162	1402	1339	683	2830	422	805	8	5	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	29979
2 DC NC	45666	38827	16581	10181	1828	6268	1390	2377	35	3	0	0	32	14	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	123202
3 MTG	7032	9395	48853	3416	424	1410	213	1554	42	1	5	0	43	11	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	72399
4 PG	9434	8825	3753	9560	313	952	467	338	11	2	0	0	49	33	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	33739
5 ARLCR	1805	627	190	63	433	1799	343	613	4	3	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	5880
6 ARNCR	13041	2623	952	286	3442	18940	4068	9665	114	26	0	0	1	2	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	53160
7 ALX	3058	668	148	124	741	4413	4021	2900	12	11	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	16096
8 FFX	4953	1136	911	208	1292	9352	4178	22055	1236	114	0	0	0	1	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	45436
9 LDN	20	8	8	1	6	50	3	196	1012	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1304
10 PW	110	22	10	1	32	178	115	376	1	2894	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	3740
11 FRD	8	1	15	1	0	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	354
12 CAR	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
13 HOW	13	2	23	27	1	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	35	5	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	108
14 AAR	55	23	14	43	2	7	1	12	1	0	0	0	10	4	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	171
15 CAL	2	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	3
16 STM	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	3	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	3
17 CHS	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	33	0	0	0	0	0	0	35
18 FAU	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
19 STA	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
20 CL/JF	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
21 SP/FB	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
22 KGEO	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
23 EXTL	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
TOTAL	99520	70321	72859	25250	9196	46199	15220	40893	2476	3059	333	0	172	70	1	3	37	0	2	0	0	0	0	385611

Simulation - Year: 2030 Alt: V2.2 Iter. i6 * W/Tran.Constraint *
 Purpose: HBO MODE: HOV Auto Person

ORIGIN	DESTINATION																							TOTAL
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	
1 DC CR	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
2 DC NC	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
3 MTG	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
4 PG	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
5 ARLCR	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
6 ARNCR	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
7 ALX	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
8 FFX	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
9 LDN	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
10 PW	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
11 FRD	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
12 CAR	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
13 HOW	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
14 AAR	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
15 CAL	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
16 STM	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
17 CHS	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
18 FAU	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
19 STA	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
20 CL/JF	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
21 SP/FB	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
22 KGEO	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
23 EXTL	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
TOTAL	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

Appendix D Year 2030 mode choice summary with 2010 transit constraint through the regional core (final, i6, iteration)

Simulation - Year: 2030 Alt: V2.2 Iter. i6 * W/Tran.Constraint *
 Purpose: NHB MODE: Transit

ORIGIN	DESTINATION																							TOTAL
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	
1 DC CR	32722	5668	4342	2618	2226	6939	1892	3026	36	9	0	0	4	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	59483
2 DC NC	17516	3425	5552	2041	879	2215	685	965	9	3	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	33290
3 MTG	7126	3983	24708	1427	533	1326	303	1239	16	0	0	0	4	0	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	40667
4 PG	7628	2702	2450	2240	311	798	426	367	3	0	0	0	2	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	16929
5 ARLCR	2594	436	361	120	321	1246	446	654	9	3	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	6191
6 ARNCR	10638	1411	1090	354	1960	5342	1953	4085	79	15	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	26927
7 ALX	3529	533	281	197	686	2790	2651	1567	8	12	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	12254
8 FFX	5891	995	1310	268	1250	6334	2663	10499	700	24	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	29935
9 LDN	56	14	29	2	19	128	14	1105	161	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1531
10 PW	54	5	3	2	12	57	79	62	1	263	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	537
11 FRD	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	38	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	38
12 CAR	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
13 HOW	9	0	3	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	13
14 AAR	15	1	3	1	2	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	24
15 CAL	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
16 STM	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
17 CHS	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
18 FAU	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
19 STA	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
20 CL/JF	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
21 SP/FB	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
22 KGEO	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
23 EXTL	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
TOTAL	87778	19173	40132	9270	8200	27177	11111	23570	1022	331	38	0	10	0	2	0	4	0	0	0	0	0	0	227820

Simulation - Year: 2030 Alt: V2.2 Iter. i6 * W/Tran.Constraint *
 Purpose: NHB MODE: HOV Auto Person

ORIGIN	DESTINATION																							TOTAL
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	
1 DC CR	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
2 DC NC	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
3 MTG	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
4 PG	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
5 ARLCR	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
6 ARNCR	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
7 ALX	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
8 FFX	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
9 LDN	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
10 PW	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
11 FRD	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
12 CAR	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
13 HOW	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
14 AAR	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
15 CAL	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
16 STM	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
17 CHS	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
18 FAU	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
19 STA	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
20 CL/JF	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
21 SP/FB	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
22 KGEO	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
23 EXTL	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
TOTAL	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

Appendix D Year 2030 mode choice summary with 2010 transit constraint through the regional core (final, i6, iteration)

Appendix E TP+ scripts

Ref:

1	Auto_Access.s	E-1
2	CV_Time-of-Day.S.....	E-2
3	CV_Trip_Distributions.S	E-3
4	CV_Trip_Generation.S	E-4
5	Demo_Models.s.....	E-5
6	Highway_Assignment.s.....	E-15
7	Highway_Build_Toll.s	E-22
8	Highway_Skims.s	E-29
9	MC_Auto_Drivers.s.....	E-31
10	MC_Constraint.s.....	E-33
11	MC_Consummary.s.....	E-39
12	MC_Summary.s	E-42
13	Metrorail_skims.s.....	E-46
14	MFARE1.S.....	E-47
15	MFARE2.S.....	E-49
16	Misc_Time-of-Day.s.....	E-52
17	PP_Auto_Drivers.s.....	E-54
18	PREFARTP.S.....	E-57
19	PUMP_PRIME_SKIMS.S.....	E-58
20	set_CPI.s	E-59
21	set_factors.s.....	E-60
22	Time-of-Day.s	E-63
23	Transit_Skims.s.....	E-66
24	Trip_Distribution.s	E-69
25	Trip_Generation.s.....	E-84
26	Update_wklinks.s	E-98

1 Auto_Access.s

```

-----
;Auto_Access.s
;MWCOG VERSION 2.2 MODEL
;
;
; Develop Auto Access Taz to PNR Links from the Prime Prime Auto Skims
;
; Environment variables: _prev_ Previous iteration (PP,il...i6)
;
; Input files - SOVppam.skm (AM, SOV Skims from the Pump Prime Assignment)
;               SOVppop.skm (AM, SOV Skims from the Pump Prime Assignment)
;               3 tables in each skim file:
;               1- time (min),
;               2- distance(1/10th mi)
;               3- tolls (1980 cents)
; Output files - tazpnr.lkp (TAZ pnr equivalency file)
;               pnr_am.tb , pnr_op.tb (will overwrite the files from the
;               earlier Pump_Prime_skims file.
;
;
; LOOP PERIOD=1,2 ; loop through two time periods-- AM, Off-Peak

IF (PERIOD=1)
  PRD = 'AM'
  IDS = 'AM Final Auto Access Skims'
ELSE
  PRD = 'OP'
  IDS = 'OP Final Auto Access Skims'
ENDIF

-----
; Step 1: Park-&-Ride Access Data
-----
;
; Next write out TAZ-to-PNR links based on skim times/distances
; for each time period
;
;
; RUN PGM=MATRIX
; MATI[1]=SOV%_prev_%@PRD@.SKM

LOOKUP NAME=TAZPNRLK,
LOOKUP[1] = 1, RESULT=2,; pnr node 1
LOOKUP[2] = 1, RESULT=3,; pnr node 2 (if any)
LOOKUP[3] = 1, RESULT=4,; pnr node 3 (if any)
LOOKUP[4] = 1, RESULT=5,; pnr node 4 (if any)
INTERPOLATE=N, FAIL=0,0,0, FILE=TAZPNR.LKP

ZDATI[1]=BASEZON.DAT,Z=1-5,XCRD = 7-14,YCRD= 15-22

MW[1] = mi.1.1 ; Time (min)
MW[2] = mi.1.2*10 ; Distance (1/100ths mi)

; calculate the i/j airline distance in miles MW[3] and

JLOOP
  IF (XCRD[I] = 0 || XCRD[J] = 0)
    MW[3] = 0
  ELSE
    XCHGFT = XCRD[I] - XCRD[J]
    YCHGFT = YCRD[I] - YCRD[J]
    MW[3] = (SQRT((XCHGFT**2) + (YCHGFT**2)))/ 5280.0
  ENDIF
ENDIF
ENDJLOOP

```

```

; Insert 50% of lowest time/distance value into intrazonal cells
JLOOP
  IF (J == I)
    MW[1]=(0.50 * LOWEST(1,1,0.0001,99999.9))
    MW[2]=(0.50 * LOWEST(2,1,0.0001,99999.9))
    MW[3]=(0.50 * LOWEST(3,1,0.0001,99999.9))
  ENDIF
ENDJLOOP

JLOOP
  pnr = tazpnrk(1,j)
  IF (pnr > 0 & ;---- Park-&-Ride Station ----
    ((i = 1 -1229 & j = 1 -1229) | ;---- DC/Maryland Internals ----
    (i = 1230-2141 & j = 1230-2141) | ;---- Virginia Internals ----
    (i = 1780-1919 & j = 1 -1229) | ;---- Loudoun to DC/Maryland ----
    (i = 2135-2141 & j = 1 -1229)) ;---- Jefferson to DC/Maryland ---
  )
  ; set default airline distance tolerances here:

  dtol= 8.0 ; default distance limit to pnr stations is 9mi
  ; limit is shorter for more developed juris.
  if (I=1-319,1230-1329,1330-1399) dtol=4.00; 4mi/dc,arl/alx
  if (I=320-639,640-1029,1400-1779) dtol=5.00; 7mi/mtg,pg,ffx

  IF (MW[1] > 0 & MW[3] > 0.0001 & MW[3] <= dtol) ;
    _SPEED = ROUND (MW[2] / MW[1] * 0.60)
    _dis00 = MW[2]
    PRINT LIST='SUPPORT N=',i(4),'-',pnr(5),
    ' DIST=',_dis00(5),' ONEWAY=Y MODES=11 SPEED=',
    _SPEED(3),' ; jtaz/pnr(1)= ',j(5),
    ' Airln Dist(mi): ',MW[3],
    FILE=PNR_@PRD@.TB

    if (tazpnrk(2,j) > 0)
      pnr2 = tazpnrk(2,j)
      PRINT LIST='SUPPORT N=',i(4),'-',pnr2(5),
      ' DIST=',_dis00(5),' ONEWAY=Y MODES=11 SPEED=',
      _SPEED(3),' ; jtaz/pnr(2)= ',j(5),
      ' Airln Dist(mi): ',MW[3],
      FILE=PNR_@PRD@.TB
    endif

    if (tazpnrk(3,j) > 0)
      pnr3 = tazpnrk(3,j)
      PRINT LIST='SUPPORT N=',i(4),'-',pnr3(5),
      ' DIST=',_dis00(5),' ONEWAY=Y MODES=11 SPEED=',
      _SPEED(3),' ; jtaz/pnr(3)= ',j(5),
      ' Airln Dist(mi): ',MW[3],
      FILE=PNR_@PRD@.TB
    endif

    if (tazpnrk(4,j) > 0)
      pnr4 = tazpnrk(4,j)
      PRINT LIST='SUPPORT N=',i(4),'-',pnr4(5),
      ' DIST=',_dis00(5),' ONEWAY=Y MODES=11 SPEED=',
      _SPEED(3),' ; jtaz/pnr(4)= ',j(5),
      ' Airln Dist(mi): ',MW[3],
      FILE=PNR_@PRD@.TB
    endif
  endif
ENDIF
ENDJLOOP

ENDRUN

```

ENDLOOP ;

2 CV_Time-of-Day.S

```

-----
; CV_Time-of-Day.S
; Version 2.2 Model
; MCOG Light Commercial Vehicle Model
; 1/11/07
; By Bill Allen, Modified by Milone for application in V2.2 model
;
;
-----
maxzones = 2191
intzones = 2144
fext = intzones + 1
out_tab = '%_iter_%tmcom.trp'
run pgm=matrix

id = "Commercial time of day

mati[1] = com.trp
mati[2] = inputs\xxcv.vtt
mati[3] = ..\support\CV_delta.trp
mato = @out_tab@, mo=5-7, name=AMCOM,PMCOM,OPCOM, dec = 3*S

; I/I trips are already balanced, so we can apply a single factor
; to all trips. Apply separate P/A and A/P factors to externals.
; Assume externals are 70/30 inbound (X/I, or A/P) in the morning,
; 70/30 outbound (I/X, P/A) in the evening. Off-peak is 50/50.
mw[1] = mi.1.COMII
mw[2] = mi.1.COMEXT ; P/A (outbound)
mw[3] = mi.1.COMEXT.t ; A/P (inbound)

; Also add in the X/X's.
mw[4] = mi.2.1

; Read and transpose the external delta
mw[11] = mi.3.1
mw[12] = mi.3.2
mw[13] = mi.3.2.t

; Add in the deltas. First, for I/I and Ext (I/X).
if (i = 1-@intzones@)
jloop
mw[21] = max(mw[1] + mw[11],0)
mw[22] = max(mw[2] + mw[12],0)
endjloop
endif

if (i > @intzones@)
; Now for Ext transposed (X/I).
mw[23] = max(mw[3] + mw[13],0), include = 1-@intzones@

; Now for X/X.
mw[24] = max(mw[4] + mw[12],0), include = @fext@-@maxzones@
endif

; Use proposed new COM TOD factors
mw[5] = 0.23 * (mw[21] + mw[24] + 0.7 * mw[23] + 0.3 * mw[22]) ; AM
mw[6] = 0.27 * (mw[21] + mw[24] + 0.3 * mw[23] + 0.7 * mw[22]) ; PM
mw[7] = 0.50 * (mw[21] + mw[24] + 0.5 * mw[23] + 0.5 * mw[22]) ; OP

endrun

```

3 CV_Trip_Distributions.S

```

;-----
; CV_Trip_Distributions.S
; Version 2.2 Model
; MWCOC Light Commercial Vehicle Model
; 1/11/07
; By Bill Allen, Modified by Milone for application in V2.2 model
;
;-----

maxzones = 2191
intzones = 2144
fext      = intzones + 1

;-----
run pgm=tripdist

      id = "Commercial Trip Distribution

; Skims
      mati = SOVOPTT.SKF

; Trip ends
      zdati = comte.txt z=#1,p1=#2,a1=#3,p2=#4,a2=#5

; Output
      mato = com.trp, mo=1,2, name = COMII,COMEXT, dec=2*S

; Set maximum iterations, unless RMSE for all purposes is met.
      maxiters = 20, maxrmse = 10

; Set productions and attractions
      setpa p[1]=p1, a[1]=a1, p[2]=p2, a[2]=a2

; Get skims.
      mw[5] = mi.1.1

; Look up friction factors.  QRFM F's will be used for BOTH I/I & Extl trips
; per Allen/Milone discussion on 1/12/07
      lookup file=..\support\CV_Int_Ext.ffs, name=ff,
      lookup[1]=1, result=2,
      lookup[2]=1, result=2,
      interpolate=y,
      fail=1800,0,0

; Distribute trips on off-peak skim time.
      gravity purpose=1, los = mw[5], ffactors=ff
      gravity purpose=2, los = mw[5], ffactors=ff

; Trip end report
      report margins = 1,2

endrun
;-----
run pgm=matrix

      id = "Commercial TLFDS

; Input files: trips, skims
      mati[1] = com.trp
      mati[2] = SOVOPTT.SKF

```

```

; Get trips.
      mw[1] = mi.1.1      ; COM I/I
      mw[2] = mi.1.2      ; COM Ext

; Time.
      mw[3] = mi.2.1

; TLF
      frequency basemw=3, valuemw=1, range=0-90-2,
      title='Est Commercial I/I Trips vs. Off-Peak Hwy Time'
      frequency basemw=3, valuemw=2, range=0-90-2,
      title='Est Commercial Ext Trips vs. Off-Peak Hwy Time'

endrun

```

4 CV_Trip_Generation.S

```

;-----
; CV_Trip_Generation.S
; Version 2.2 Model
; MWCOC Light Commercial Vehicle Model
; 1/11/07
; By Bill Allen, Modified by Milone for application in V2.2 model
;
;-----
maxzones = 2191
intzones = 2144
fext      = intzones + 1

run pgm=tripgen

id = "Commercial Trip Generation

; Input Zonal Data and special generator factors

zdati[1] = inputs\zone.asc, z=1-4, hh=10-15, hhpob=16-23, gqpop=24-31,
totpop=32-39, totemp=40-47, indemp=48-55, retemp=56-63,
offemp=64-71, othemp=72-79, jur=80-81, area=82-92, incrat=93-95,
extdist=96-98

; COM external and X/X trip ends (forecasted with FCASTXX.S)
zdati[2] = inputs\CV_ExtThru_Ends.asc, z = #1, extte = #2

; Zonal area type
zdati[3] = atype.asc, z = #1, atype = #11

; Output P/A file: 1 = I/I, 2 = external
pao = comte.txt form=8.0 list= z(5.0), p[1],a[1],p[2],a[2] print=y

zones = @maxzones@

; Look up area type factors
lookup name=atcom, interpolate=n, fail=1.0,1.0,1.0,
r = '1.05 1',
    '0.90 2',
    '1.20 6',
    '1.15 7'

; Apply equation to internal zones
if (i <= @intzones@)

; AT-based adjustment factor.
atfac = atcom(atype)

; Calculate commercial productions
; Incorporate adjustments from the delta trip end analysis
cmp = (0.056 * indemp + 0.168 * offemp +
0.494 * retemp + 0.082 * othemp + 0.130 * HH) * ATFAC
; Apply external trip end share model.
; External share is a declining function of the zone's distance to the
; nearest cordon station (in miles). This particular model is an
; amalgam of the Berks Co, PA purpose-specific models, modified
; to produce the correct number of external trips in 2000.
extpct = 0.0
if (extdist > 0) extpct = 1.73 * extdist^-1.2
extpct = max(min(extpct,1.0),0)

```

```

intpct = 1.0 - extpct

; Apply internal trip end shares; set A's equal to P's
p[1] = cmp * intpct
a[1] = p[1]

; Define all external trip ends as "Productions" at the internal
; zones and "Attractions" at the external stations. Calculate
; these (initially) for internal zones as what's left over
; after the above calculation.
p[2] = cmp * extpct
endif

; External trip ends. These were calculated externally, in
; COM Externals.xls These are defined as
; Attractions, at the external stations.
if (i > @intzones@)
p[1] = 0
p[2] = 0
a[1] = 0
a[2] = extte
endif

phase = adjust

; Normalize external trips to the attractions (input at the external
; stations).
p[2] = p[2] * a[2][0]/p[2][0]

endphase

endrun

```


5 Demo_Models.s

```

=====
; Demo_Models.S
;
; Version 2.2 Demographic Model
;
; The models have been updated using the 2000 CTPP
; Program to Allocation Total Zonal Households among 64 Classes:
; 4 HH Size groups by 4 Income Groups by 4 Veh. Avail. groups
;
; Programmer: Milone
; Date: 01/11/07
; refinements to income curves on 11/09/06 rm/ms
=====
;
;
ZONESIZE = 2191 ; No. of TAZs
LastIZn = 2144 ; Last Internal TAZ no.

JURSIZE = 24 ; Transformed JURIS. Code ( 0-23 becomes 1-
24)
Areesize = 7 ; No. of Area Types
SzCl = 4 ; No. of HH Size Classes
InCl = 4 ; No. of Income Classes
VaCl = 4 ; No. of Veh Avail Classes

SICells = SzCl*10 + InCl ; No. of Size by Inc matrix cells
SIVCells = SICells*10 + VaCl ; No. of Size by Inc. by Veh Avail. matrix
cells
VSCells = VaCl*10 + SzCl ; No. of VA by Size matrix cells
VICells = VaCl*10 + InCl ; No. of VA by Inc. matrix cells

JSCells = JURSIZE*10 + SzCl ; No. of Juris by Size matrix cells
JICells = JURSIZE*10 + InCl ; No. of Juris by Inc. matrix cells
JVCells = JURSIZE*10 + VaCl ; No. of Juris by Va. matrix cells

ASCCells = Areesize *10 + SzCl ; No. of Area Types by Size matrix cells
AICells = Areesize *10 + InCl ; No. of Area Types by Inc. matrix cells
AVCells = Areesize *10 + VaCl ; No. of Area Types by Va. matrix cells

ZNFILE_IN1 = 'INPUTS\ZONE.ASC' ; Input Zonal Land Use File
ZNFILE_IN2 = 'BASEZON.DAT' ; Input Zonal Area Type File from network
building
Rept = 'Demo_Models.txt' ; Summary Reports
ZNFILE_IN3 = 'JOBACC.ASC' ; Input Zonal Transit Accessibility to Jobs
ZNFILE_OU1 = 'HHI1_SV.ASC' ; Output Zonal Income 1 HH by Size& VehAv
Classes: i1s1v1,i1s1v2,...,i1s4v4
ZNFILE_OU2 = 'HHI2_SV.ASC' ; Output Zonal Income 2 HH by Size& VehAv
Classes: i2s1v1,i2s1v2,...,i2s4v4
ZNFILE_OU3 = 'HHI3_SV.ASC' ; Output Zonal Income 3 HH by Size& VehAv
Classes: i3s1v1,i3s1v2,...,i3s4v4
ZNFILE_OU4 = 'HHI4_SV.ASC' ; Output Zonal Income 4 HH by Size& VehAv
Classes: i4s1v1,i4s1v2,...,i4s4v4
ZNFILE_OU5 = 'HH_Veh.Dat' ; Output zonal file for Mode Choice: HHS by
Veh. Av. groups (HHw/0, HHw/1, HHw/2+ Vehs)

```

```

Ofmt = '(12.2)' ; Format of Output file data Note:
Integer/real Spec. Here!

```

```

RUN PGM=MATRIX
ZONES=@ZONESIZE@

```

```

;
; Set up zone arrays for accumulating I/O variables
;
;

```

```

ARRAY ISZA = @SzCl@, ; Initial Marginal HH Totals by size levels
IINA = @InCl@, ; Initial Marginal HH Totals by income levels
CSZA = @SzCl@, ; Computed Marginal HH Totals by size levels
CINA = @InCl@, ; Computed Marginal HH Totals by income levels
CSZAdja = @InCl@, ; Marginal HH adjustment ftr by Income class
CINAdja = @SzCl@, ; Marginal Inc adjustment ftr by HH size class
CSZINA = @SICells@, ; HH Size by Income level Matrix,
11,12,13,...,44
P_VA = @VaCl@, ; Veh Avail probabilities
CVAA = @VaCl@, ; Veh Avail Totals
CSZINVAA = @SIVCells@, ; Veh Avail by HH Size by Inc Matrix,
111,112,113,...,444
JurA = @Jursize@, ; Juris. HH Totals array
JurSzA = @JSCells@, ; Juris. HH by size array
JurInA = @JICells@, ; Juris. HH by Inc array
JurVaA = @JVCells@, ; Juris. HH by VeAv array
RegSzA = @SzCl@, ; Regional HH by Size array
RegInA = @InCl@, ; Regional HH by Inc array
RegVaA = @VaCl@, ; Regional HH by VeAv array
RegSzInA = @SICells@, ; Regional Size by Inc array
RegSzInVaA = @SIVCells@, ; Regional Size by Inc by vehav array
RegVaSzA = @VSCells@, ; Regional V by S matrix
RegVaInA = @VSCells@, ; Regional V1 by S2 matrix

```

```

HH_ArS1A = @AreaSize@, HH_ArS2A = @AreaSize@, HH_ArS3A = @AreaSize@,
HH_ArS4A = @AreaSize@, HH_ArSTA = @AreaSize@,
HH_ArI1A = @AreaSize@, HH_ArI2A = @AreaSize@, HH_ArI3A = @AreaSize@,
HH_ArI4A = @AreaSize@, HH_ArITA = @AreaSize@,
HH_ArV1A = @AreaSize@, HH_ArV2A = @AreaSize@, HH_ArV3A = @AreaSize@,
HH_ArV4A = @AreaSize@, HH_ArVTA = @AreaSize@,
HH_ArCoopT = @AreaSize@

```

```

=====
; Define Loop-up Tables =
=====
;
; HH Size Distribution from 2000 CTPP =
=====

```

```

LOOKUP Name=SZPCTA,
LOOKUP[1] = 1,Result = 2,
LOOKUP[2] = 1,Result = 3,
LOOKUP[3] = 1,Result = 4,
LOOKUP[4] = 1,Result = 5,
Interpolate = N, FAIL=0,0,0,
; Avg HHSize PctHH1psn PctHH2psn PctHH3Psn PctHH4+Psn
R= 1.0, 100.0, 0.0, 0.0, 0.0,

```

Appendix E TP+ scripts

```

" 1.1,      86.7,    10.5,    1.0,    1.8",
" 1.2,      78.2,    15.8,    4.1,    1.9",
" 1.3,      72.7,    20.4,    4.9,    2.0",
" 1.4,      67.1,    24.7,    5.8,    2.4",
" 1.5,      63.0,    27.1,    6.7,    3.2",
" 1.6,      59.0,    28.9,    7.9,    4.2",
" 1.7,      55.2,    30.2,    8.7,    5.9",
" 1.8,      50.9,    31.1,   10.1,    7.9",
" 1.9,      46.7,    31.7,   11.5,   10.1",
" 2.0,      42.8,    32.1,   12.7,   12.4",
" 2.1,      39.0,    32.3,   14.0,   14.7",
" 2.2,      35.5,    32.4,   15.0,   17.1",
" 2.3,      32.2,    32.4,   16.0,   19.4",
" 2.4,      29.1,    32.3,   16.9,   21.7",
" 2.5,      26.3,    32.1,   17.6,   24.0",
" 2.6,      23.8,    31.9,   18.2,   26.1",
" 2.7,      21.5,    31.5,   18.7,   28.3",
" 2.8,      19.4,    31.1,   19.2,   30.3",
" 2.9,      17.4,    30.5,   19.8,   32.3",
" 3.0,      15.6,    29.8,   20.3,   34.3",
" 3.1,      14.0,    28.9,   20.7,   36.4",
" 3.2,      12.6,    27.9,   20.8,   38.7",
" 3.3,      11.3,    26.6,   20.9,   41.2",
" 3.4,      10.2,    25.0,   20.8,   44.0",
" 3.5,      09.2,    23.2,   20.4,   47.2",
" 3.6,      08.3,    21.2,   19.6,   50.9",
" 3.7,      07.5,    18.9,   18.4,   55.2",
" 3.8,      06.7,    15.6,   17.4,   60.3",
" 3.9,      05.9,    11.2,   16.5,   66.4"

;=====
; income level distribution from 2000 CTPP =
;=====
;
LOOKUP Name=INPCTA,
LOOKUP[1] = 1,Result = 2,
LOOKUP[2] = 1,Result = 3,
LOOKUP[3] = 1,Result = 4,
LOOKUP[4] = 1,Result = 5,
Interpolate = N, FAIL=0,0,0, ; proportion of
; inc level: QRT1 QRT2 QRT3 QRT4 ; zonal median inc.
; to regional median
income
R=" 0,      100.0,    0.0,    0.0,    0.0", ; 0.0 inc ratio
" 1,      87.9,     7.2,     3.9,    1.0", ; 0.1 inc ratio
" 2,      79.4,    12.9,     5.2,    2.5", ; 0.2 inc ratio
" 3,      72.1,    17.7,     7.0,    3.2", ; 0.3 inc ratio
" 4,      63.3,    21.9,    10.5,    4.3", ; 0.4 inc ratio
" 5,      54.1,    25.3,    14.9,    5.7", ; 0.5 inc ratio
" 6,      45.2,    27.5,    19.5,    7.8", ; 0.6 inc ratio
" 7,      37.2,    28.7,    23.8,   10.3", ; 0.7 inc ratio
" 8,      30.2,    28.7,    27.4,   13.7", ; 0.8 inc ratio
" 9,      24.4,    27.7,    30.2,   17.7", ; 0.9 inc ratio
" 10,     19.9,    26.0,    32.1,   22.0", ; 1.0 inc ratio
" 11,     16.4,    23.8,    33.1,   26.7", ; 1.1 inc ratio
" 12,     13.8,    21.2,    33.2,   31.8", ; 1.2 inc ratio
" 13,     12.0,    18.6,    32.6,   36.8", ; 1.3 inc ratio
" 14,     10.7,    16.1,    31.3,   41.9", ; 1.4 inc ratio
" 15,      9.8,    13.8,    29.7,   46.7", ; 1.5 inc ratio
" 16,      9.1,    11.9,    27.7,   51.3", ; 1.6 inc ratio
" 17,      8.4,    10.4,    25.6,   55.6", ; 1.7 inc ratio
" 18,      7.7,     9.4,    23.5,   59.4", ; 1.8 inc ratio
" 19,      7.0,     8.7,    21.5,   62.8", ; 1.9 inc ratio
" 20,      6.4,     8.4,    19.7,   65.5", ; 2.0 inc ratio
" 21,      5.7,     8.2,    18.2,   67.9", ; 2.1 inc ratio
" 22,      5.2,     8.1,    16.8,   69.9", ; 2.2 inc ratio
" 23,      5.0,     8.0,    15.7,   71.3", ; 2.3 inc ratio
" 24,      4.7,     7.8,    15.1,   72.4", ; 2.4 inc ratio

```

```

" 25,      4.6,     7.6,    14.5,   73.3", ; 2.5 inc ratio
" 26,      4.5,     7.0,    14.3,   74.2", ; 2.6 inc ratio
" 27,      4.3,     6.8,    14.0,   74.9", ; 2.7 inc ratio
" 28,      4.3,     6.6,    13.3,   75.8", ; 2.8 inc ratio
" 29,      4.0,     6.0,    13.3,   76.7", ; 2.9 inc ratio
" 30,      3.6,     5.4,    13.4,   77.6", ; 3.0 inc ratio
" 31,      3.1,     4.9,    13.5,   78.5", ; 3.1 inc ratio
" 32,      3.1,     4.6,    12.9,   79.4", ; 3.2 inc ratio
" 33,      2.9,     4.3,    12.5,   80.3", ; 3.3 inc ratio
" 34,      2.7,     3.9,    12.2,   81.2", ; 3.4 inc ratio
" 35,      2.5,     3.5,    11.9,   82.1", ; 3.5 inc ratio
" 36,      2.2,     3.1,    11.7,   83.0", ; 3.6 inc ratio
" 37,      2.0,     2.7,    11.4,   83.9", ; 3.7 inc ratio

;=====
; Initial Joint HH Size x Income Distribution from 2000 CTPP =
;=====

LOOKUP Name=I_SPCTA, LOOKUP[1] = 1,Result = 2,
Interpolate = N, FAIL=0,0,0,
; Size_Inc Initial
; Class Pct
; -----
R=" 11,     45.51 ", ; Pct of Size 1 HHs in Inc 1 Group
" 12,     29.18 ", ; 1 2
" 13,     18.47 ", ; 1 3
" 14,      6.84 ", ; . .
" 21,     18.77 ", ; . .
" 22,     22.26 ", ; . .
" 23,     29.81 ", ; . .
" 24,     29.16 ", ; . .
" 31,     16.61 ", ; . .
" 32,     20.66 ", ; . .
" 33,     31.27 ", ; . .
" 34,     31.46 ", ; . .
" 41,     13.32 ", ; . .
" 42,     19.65 ", ; 4 2
" 43,     32.53 ", ; 4 3
" 44,     34.50 ", ; 4 4

;=====
; Final Size and Income factors based on area type =
; Factors are Unused (set to 1.0) but available if needed =
;=====

LOOKUP Name=AreaSizFtr,
LOOKUP[1] = 1,Result = 2,
LOOKUP[2] = 1,Result = 3,
LOOKUP[3] = 1,Result = 4,
LOOKUP[4] = 1,Result = 5,
Interpolate = N, FAIL=0,0,0,
; Area Size1 Size2 Size3 Size4
; Type Factor Factor Factor Factor
; -----
R=" 1,      1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 ",
" 2,      1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 ",
" 3,      1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 ",
" 4,      1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 ",
" 5,      1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 ",
" 6,      1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 ",
" 7,      1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 "

LOOKUP Name=AreaIncFtr,
LOOKUP[1] = 1,Result = 2,
LOOKUP[2] = 1,Result = 3,
LOOKUP[3] = 1,Result = 4,
LOOKUP[4] = 1,Result = 5,

```

Appendix E TP+ scripts

```

Interpolate = N, FAIL=0,0,0,
;
; Area   Inc1   Inc2   Inc3   Inc4
; Type   Factor Factor Factor Factor
;
R=" 1,    1.00  1.00  1.00  1.00  ",
" 2,    1.00  1.00  1.00  1.00  ",
" 3,    1.00  1.00  1.00  1.00  ",
" 4,    1.00  1.00  1.00  1.00  ",
" 5,    1.00  1.00  1.00  1.00  ",
" 6,    1.00  1.00  1.00  1.00  ",
" 7,    1.00  1.00  1.00  1.00  "

;=====
==
; Coefficients for the Veh Avail Model - provided as variables instead of lookups
=
;=====
==
; Original V2.LD#50 Alt-Specific Constants:
;v1_constant= 0.0 v2_constant= 1.598800000 v3_constant= -1.460800000
v4_constant= -4.302100000

; Final/adjusted Alt-Specific Constants (to match 2000 CTPP totals):
v1_constant= 0.0 v2_constant= 1.013800000 v3_constant= -2.338100000
v4_constant= -5.171000000
v1_idum1 = 0.0 v2_idum1 = .000000000 v3_idum1 = .000000000 v4_idum1
= .000000000
v1_idum2 = 0.0 v2_idum2 = 1.237600000 v3_idum2 = 1.789200000 v4_idum2
= 1.822100000
v1_idum3 = 0.0 v2_idum3 = 1.328500000 v3_idum3 = 2.483100000 v4_idum3
= 2.739500000
v1_idum4 = 0.0 v2_idum4 = 1.999100000 v3_idum4 = 3.737200000 v4_idum4
= 4.198700000
v1_hh = 0.0 v2_hh = .000000000 v3_hh = .870000000 v4_hh
= 1.302600000
v1_TrnAcc = 0.0 v2_TrnAcc = -.000001095 v3_TrnAcc = -.000001815 v4_TrnAcc
= -.000002053
v1_Atype = 0.0 v2_Atype = .066800000 v3_Atype = .278300000 v4_Atype
= .409300000
v1_DcDum = 0.0 v2_DcDum = -.924600000 v3_DcDum = -1.075100000 v4_DcDum
= -1.633400000

;=====
;=====
;
; End of LookUps Now read the input files
=
;=====
;=====
;
; read Zonal land use files into Z-File
;
ZDATI[1] = @ZNFIL1_IN1@,Z = 1- 4,
HH = 8-15,
HHPOP = 16-23,
JURCODE = 80-81,
INCRAT = 93-95

; Zonal Area Type File
ZDATI[2] = @ZNFIL1_IN2@,Z = 1- 5,
ATYPE = 58-59
Atype = zi.2.ATYPE[I]

```

```

; Zonal Transit Acces. File
ZDATI[3] = @ZNFIL1_IN3@,Z = 1- 5,
TrnAcc = 32-40

;
; establish variables
;
HH = zi.1.HH[I]
HHPOP = zi.1.HHPOP[I]
IncRat = zi.1.INCRAT[I]
Atype = zi.2.ATYPE[I]
TrnAcc = zi.3.TrnAcc[I]

IF( HH>HHPOP)
HH=HHPOP
ENDIF

HH_IP_Total = HH_IP_Total + HH ; Input HH Total (to check
O/P Total)

; Compute HH Size rounded to nearest 1/10th (K.Vaughn fix)
If (HH == 0)
AvHHSz = 1.0
Else
AvHHSz10ths = Round(HHPOP/HH * 10.0)
; compute Avg HH Size in tenths
AvHHSztrue = AvHHSz10ths/10.0
; compute Avg HH Size actual
AvHHSz = MIN(AvHHSztrue,3.9)
;
Endif

; Compute Juris. index 1-24 / compute DC dummy code for VA model

Jdx = zi.1.JURCODE + 1

IF (zi.1.JURCODE = 0)
DCDUM = 1
ELSE
DCDUM = 0
ENDIF

; Accumulate jurisdiction level & total land use values
;
;-----
;Begin Matrix Work Now ...
;-----

; Clear all initial/computed arrays, establish initial marginal controls
Loop sz = 1, @SzCl@
Loop in = 1, @InCl@
IDX = sz * 10.0 + in ; 2-digit index, 1st=HHsize& 2nd=Inc.level
CSZINA[IDX] = 0 ; initial matrix cell value
EndLoop
EndLoop

Loop IDX=1,@SzCl@
ISZA[IDX] = 0
CSZA[IDX] = 0

```

Appendix E TP+ scripts

```

        ISZA[IDX] = HH * (SZPCTA(IDX,AvHHSz)/100.0)
EndLOOP

Loop IDX=1,@InCl@
    IInA[IDX] = 0
    CInA[IDX] = 0
    IInA[IDX] = HH * (INPCTA(IDX,IncRat)/100.0)
EndLOOP

;** Debug 1 On **
;* if (I=1)
;*   Print List = I(5),HHPOP(10),HH(10.0),Incrat(10.2),
AvHHSz(10.2),file=debug.txt
;*   loop idx = 1,4
;*     spct =SZPCTA(IDX,AvHHSz)
;*     ipct =INPCTA(IDX,IncRat)
;*     Print List = HH(10),
AvHHSz(10.2),Incrat(10.2),SPCT,IPCT,ISZA[IDX],IINA[IDX], file=debug.txt
;* endloop
;* endif
;** Debug 1 Off**

;
; Setup Initial HH Size by Income Matrix with PUMS seed Pcts
; and accumulate Size, Income marginals

Loop sz = 1, @SzCl@
    Loop in = 1, @InCl@
        IDX = sz * 10.0 + in ; 2-digit index, 1st=HHsize& 2nd=Inc.level
        CSZINA[IDX] = ISZA[sz] * (I_SPCTA(1,IDX)/100.00) ; initial matrix cell
value      CSZA[SZ]   = CSZA[sz] + CSZINA[IDX]   ; initial/'control' marginal size
total     CINA[in]   = CINA[in] + CSZINA[IDX]   ; initial/'control' marginal Inc
total

;** Debug 2 On **
;* if (I=1)
;*   IF (sz <= 4 && in<=4)
;*     print list = ' init matrix: inc: ', in(3),' hhs: ', sz(3),
cszina[idx](7.3) , file=debug.txt
;*     Endif
;* endif
;*
;*
;** Debug 2 Off**
    EndLoop
EndLoop

; Initial matrix now established, now
; begin fratar process
;
;

LOOP FRAT= 1,3
    OddEve = FRAT%2 ; Modulo function to check Odd/Even
iteration:0=even/nonzero=odd
    IF (OddEve != 0) ; if an odd iteration then adjust cols ...
;
        Loop in=1,@InCl@
            IF (CINA[in] == 0 )
                CINADJA[in] = 0
            ELSE
                CINADJA[in] = IINA[in] / CINA[in]
            ENDIF
        EndLoop

```

```

        Loop IDX=1,@SzCl@
            CSZA[IDX] = 0
        EndLOOP

        Loop IDX=1,@InCl@
            CINA[IDX] = 0
        EndLOOP

        Loop sz= 1,@SzCl@
            Loop in= 1,@InCl@
                IDX = sz * 10.0 + in
                CSZINA[IDX] = CSZINA[IDX] * CINADJA[in]
                CSZA[sz]   = CSZA[sz]   + CSZINA[IDX]   ; computed/current
marginal size total
                CINA[in]   = CINA[in]   + CSZINA[IDX]   ; computed/current
marginal Inc total
            EndLoop
        EndLoop
    ;
ELSE
; begin computing of row (size) adjustments
; and apply adjustments to the matrix...
;

        Loop sz=1,@SzCl@
            IF (CSZA[sz] == 0 )
                CSZADJA[sz] = 0
            ELSE
                CSZADJA[sz] = ISZA[sz] / CSZA[sz]
            ENDIF
        EndLoop

        Loop IDX=1,@SzCl@
            CSZA[IDX] = 0
        EndLOOP

        Loop IDX=1,@InCl@
            CINA[IDX] = 0
        EndLOOP

        Loop sz= 1,@SzCl@
            Loop in= 1,@InCl@
                IDX = sz * 10.0 + in
                CSZINA[IDX] = CSZINA[IDX] * CSZADJA[sz]
                CSZA[sz]   = CSZA[sz]   + CSZINA[IDX]   ; computed/current
marginal size total
                CINA[in]   = CINA[in]   + CSZINA[IDX]   ; computed/current
marginal Inc total
            EndLoop
        EndLoop
    ENDIF
ENDLOOP

;
=====
; Apply final Size/Income adjustments (if desired) and then
; accumulate final Jurisdictional/ Regional marginals and totals
;
=====

        Loop sz= 1,@SzCl@
            Loop in= 1,@InCl@
                si = sz * 10.0 + in
                js = jdx * 10.0 + sz

```

Appendix E TP+ scripts

```

        ji = jdx * 10.0 + in
        temp = CSZINA[si] * AreaSizFtr(Sz,Atype) *
AreaIncFtr(In,Atype) ; Apply Final Size/Income Adjustment
        CSZINA[si] = temp ; and store back in
CSZINA array
        RegSzInA[si] = RegSzInA[si] + CSZINA[si]
        JurSzA[js] = JurSzA[js] + CSZINA[si]
        JurInA[ji] = JurInA[ji] + CSZINA[si]
        RegSzA[sz] = RegSzA[sz] + CSZINA[si]
        RegInA[in] = RegInA[in] + CSZINA[si]
        JurA[Jdx] = JurA[Jdx] + CSZINA[si]
        SITotal = SITotal + CSZINA[si]
        EndLoop
    EndLoop
;
=====
; Summarize/Print HHs by size groups and HHs by Income groups for zonal checking
;
;
=====
HH_Sz1 = CSZINA[11] + CSZINA[12] + CSZINA[13] + CSZINA[14]
HH_Sz2 = CSZINA[21] + CSZINA[22] + CSZINA[23] + CSZINA[24]
HH_Sz3 = CSZINA[31] + CSZINA[32] + CSZINA[33] + CSZINA[34]
HH_Sz4 = CSZINA[41] + CSZINA[42] + CSZINA[43] + CSZINA[44]
;
HH_In1 = CSZINA[11] + CSZINA[21] + CSZINA[31] + CSZINA[41]
HH_In2 = CSZINA[12] + CSZINA[22] + CSZINA[32] + CSZINA[42]
HH_In3 = CSZINA[13] + CSZINA[23] + CSZINA[33] + CSZINA[43]
HH_In4 = CSZINA[14] + CSZINA[24] + CSZINA[34] + CSZINA[44]
;
;
Print List=
I(4),HH_Sz1@ofmt@,HH_Sz2@ofmt@,HH_Sz3@ofmt@,HH_Sz4@ofmt@,file=Est_Zonal_HH_Size.TXT
Print List=
I(4),HH_In1@ofmt@,HH_In2@ofmt@,HH_In3@ofmt@,HH_In4@ofmt@,file=Est_Zonal_HH_Inc.TXT
;
=====
; All Done with Size and Income computations - Now apply Veh. Availability Model
; Loop through size and income cell and further disggregate among veh.av. groups
;
=====
Loop sz=1,@SzCl@
    Loop in=1,@InCl@
        SI= Sz * 10.0 + In ;Size/Income index 11...44
        P_VA[1] = 0
        P_VA[2] = 0
        P_VA[3] = 0
        P_VA[4] = 0
        IncDum1 = 0
        IncDum2 = 0
        IncDum3 = 0
        IncDum4 = 0
        If (in == 1) IncDum1 = 1
        If (in == 2) IncDum2 = 1
        If (in == 3) IncDum3 = 1
        If (in == 4) IncDum4 = 1
        u_1 = v1_constant +
            v1_idum1 * IncDum1 +
            v1_idum2 * IncDum2 +

```

```

            v1_idum3 * IncDum3 +
            v1_idum4 * IncDum4 +
            v1_hh * SZ +
            v1_TrnAcc * TrnAcc +
            v1_Atype * AType +
            v1_DcDum * DCDUM
        u_2 = v2_constant +
            v2_idum1 * IncDum1 +
            v2_idum2 * IncDum2 +
            v2_idum3 * IncDum3 +
            v2_idum4 * IncDum4 +
            v2_hh * SZ +
            v2_TrnAcc * TrnAcc +
            v2_Atype * AType +
            v2_DcDum * DCDUM
        u_3 = v3_constant +
            v3_idum1 * IncDum1 +
            v3_idum2 * IncDum2 +
            v3_idum3 * IncDum3 +
            v3_idum4 * IncDum4 +
            v3_hh * SZ +
            v3_TrnAcc * TrnAcc +
            v3_Atype * AType +
            v3_DcDum * DCDUM
        u_4 = v4_constant +
            v4_idum1 * IncDum1 +
            v4_idum2 * IncDum2 +
            v4_idum3 * IncDum3 +
            v4_idum4 * IncDum4 +
            v4_hh * SZ +
            v4_TrnAcc * TrnAcc +
            v4_Atype * AType +
            v4_DcDum * DCDUM
        P_VA[1] = exp(u_1) / (exp(u_1) + exp(u_2) + exp(u_3) +
exp(u_4))
        P_VA[2] = exp(u_2) / (exp(u_1) + exp(u_2) + exp(u_3) +
exp(u_4))
        P_VA[3] = exp(u_3) / (exp(u_1) + exp(u_2) + exp(u_3) +
exp(u_4))
        P_VA[4] = exp(u_4) / (exp(u_1) + exp(u_2) + exp(u_3) +
exp(u_4))
        SIV = SI*10.0 + 1 ; Create 3D index
        CSZINVAA[SIV] = CSZINA[SI] * P_VA[1] ;
        from 111 to 444
        SIV = SI*10.0 + 2 ;
        CSZINVAA[SIV] = CSZINA[SI] * P_VA[2] ;
        SIV = SI*10.0 + 3 ;
        CSZINVAA[SIV] = CSZINA[SI] * P_VA[3] ;
        SIV = SI*10.0 + 4 ;
        CSZINVAA[SIV] = CSZINA[SI] * P_VA[4] ;
        EndLoop
    EndLoop
; accumulate HHs in Vehicle Available groups (0,1,2+) for current TAZ
; also accumulate regional totals for checking

```

Appendix E TP+ scripts

```

CSZINVAA[141] +      HHw0Vehs = CSZINVAA[111] + CSZINVAA[121] + CSZINVAA[131] +
CSZINVAA[241] +      CSZINVAA[211] + CSZINVAA[221] + CSZINVAA[231] +
CSZINVAA[341] +      CSZINVAA[311] + CSZINVAA[321] + CSZINVAA[331] +
CSZINVAA[441] +      CSZINVAA[411] + CSZINVAA[421] + CSZINVAA[431] +

CSZINVAA[142] +      HHw1Vehs = CSZINVAA[112] + CSZINVAA[122] + CSZINVAA[132] +
CSZINVAA[242] +      CSZINVAA[212] + CSZINVAA[222] + CSZINVAA[232] +
CSZINVAA[342] +      CSZINVAA[312] + CSZINVAA[322] + CSZINVAA[332] +
CSZINVAA[442] +      CSZINVAA[412] + CSZINVAA[422] + CSZINVAA[432] +

CSZINVAA[143] +      HHw2Vehs = CSZINVAA[113] + CSZINVAA[123] + CSZINVAA[133] +
CSZINVAA[243] +      CSZINVAA[213] + CSZINVAA[223] + CSZINVAA[233] +
CSZINVAA[343] +      CSZINVAA[313] + CSZINVAA[323] + CSZINVAA[333] +
CSZINVAA[443] +      CSZINVAA[413] + CSZINVAA[423] + CSZINVAA[433] +

CSZINVAA[144] +      HHw3Vehs = CSZINVAA[114] + CSZINVAA[124] + CSZINVAA[134] +
CSZINVAA[244] +      CSZINVAA[214] + CSZINVAA[224] + CSZINVAA[234] +
CSZINVAA[344] +      CSZINVAA[314] + CSZINVAA[324] + CSZINVAA[334] +
CSZINVAA[444] +      CSZINVAA[414] + CSZINVAA[424] + CSZINVAA[434] +

      HHw2PVehs = HHw2Vehs + HHw3Vehs

      Tot_HHw0Vehs = Tot_HHw0Vehs + HHw0Vehs
      Tot_HHw1Vehs = Tot_HHw1Vehs + HHw1Vehs
      Tot_HHw2Vehs = Tot_HHw2Vehs + HHw2Vehs
      Tot_HHw3Vehs = Tot_HHw3Vehs + HHw3Vehs

      Tot_HHw2PVehs = Tot_HHw2PVehs + HHw2PVehs

;=====
; --Print out
; zonal Household file for Mode Choice Model HHs by 0 , 1, 2+ Groups
; and Household file for Mode Choice Model HHs by 0 , 1, 2, 3+ Groups
;=====
Print List= I(5),
           HHw0Vehs(6),HHw1Vehs(6),HHw2PVehs(6),file=@ZNFIL_0U5@

Print List= I(4), HHw0Vehs@ofmt@, HHw1Vehs@ofmt@, HHw2Vehs@ofmt@,
           HHw3Vehs@ofmt@,file=Est_Zonal_HH_VehAv.TXT

;=====
; The Calculations are complete for the current zone
; and let's accumulate Veh Av. related Jurisdictional/ Regional marginals and totals

```

```

;=====
;=====
Loop sz=1,@SzCl@
  Loop in=1,@InCl@
    Loop Va=1,@VaCl@
      SIV = (SZ*10+IN)*10.0 + Va
      VS = Va*10 + sz
      VI = Va*10 + in
      JV = Jdx*10+ Va
      RegSzInVa[SIV] = RegSzInVa[SIV] + CSZINVAA[SIV]
      JurVaA[JV] = JurVaA[JV] + CSZINVAA[SIV]
      RegVaA[VA] = RegVaA[VA] + CSZINVAA[SIV]
      RegVaSzA[vs] = RegVaSzA[vs] + CSZINVAA[SIV]
      RegVaInA[vi] = RegVaInA[vi] + CSZINVAA[SIV]
      SIVTotal = SIVTotal + CSZINVAA[SIV]

    EndLoop
  EndLoop
EndLoop

;=====
; Now We're at the end of the Iloop
; --Print out input files to Trip Generation
; 4 income based files written in form TAZ, HH by size&VehAv slv1,slv2,...,s4v4
;=====

;Income 1 file with HHs by Size and VehAv:
Print List= I(4),
           CSZINVAA[111]@ofmt@, CSZINVAA[112]@ofmt@, CSZINVAA[113]@ofmt@,
           CSZINVAA[114]@ofmt@,
           CSZINVAA[211]@ofmt@, CSZINVAA[212]@ofmt@, CSZINVAA[213]@ofmt@,
           CSZINVAA[214]@ofmt@,
           CSZINVAA[311]@ofmt@, CSZINVAA[312]@ofmt@, CSZINVAA[313]@ofmt@,
           CSZINVAA[314]@ofmt@,
           CSZINVAA[411]@ofmt@, CSZINVAA[412]@ofmt@, CSZINVAA[413]@ofmt@,
           CSZINVAA[414]@ofmt@,file=@ZNFIL_0U1@

;Income 2 file with HHs by Size and VehAv:
Print List= I(4),
           CSZINVAA[121]@ofmt@, CSZINVAA[122]@ofmt@, CSZINVAA[123]@ofmt@,
           CSZINVAA[124]@ofmt@,
           CSZINVAA[221]@ofmt@, CSZINVAA[222]@ofmt@, CSZINVAA[223]@ofmt@,
           CSZINVAA[224]@ofmt@,
           CSZINVAA[321]@ofmt@, CSZINVAA[322]@ofmt@, CSZINVAA[323]@ofmt@,
           CSZINVAA[324]@ofmt@,
           CSZINVAA[421]@ofmt@, CSZINVAA[422]@ofmt@, CSZINVAA[423]@ofmt@,
           CSZINVAA[424]@ofmt@,file=@ZNFIL_0U2@

;Income 3 file with HHs by Size and VehAv:
Print List= I(4),
           CSZINVAA[131]@ofmt@, CSZINVAA[132]@ofmt@, CSZINVAA[133]@ofmt@,
           CSZINVAA[134]@ofmt@,
           CSZINVAA[231]@ofmt@, CSZINVAA[232]@ofmt@, CSZINVAA[233]@ofmt@,
           CSZINVAA[234]@ofmt@,
           CSZINVAA[331]@ofmt@, CSZINVAA[332]@ofmt@, CSZINVAA[333]@ofmt@,
           CSZINVAA[334]@ofmt@,
           CSZINVAA[431]@ofmt@, CSZINVAA[432]@ofmt@, CSZINVAA[433]@ofmt@,
           CSZINVAA[434]@ofmt@,file=@ZNFIL_0U3@

;Income 4 file with HHs by Size and VehAv:
Print List= I(4),

```

Appendix E TP+ scripts

```

CSZINVAA[141]@ofmt@, CSZINVAA[142]@ofmt@, CSZINVAA[143]@ofmt@,
CSZINVAA[144]@ofmt@,
CSZINVAA[241]@ofmt@, CSZINVAA[242]@ofmt@, CSZINVAA[243]@ofmt@,
CSZINVAA[244]@ofmt@,
CSZINVAA[341]@ofmt@, CSZINVAA[342]@ofmt@, CSZINVAA[343]@ofmt@,
CSZINVAA[344]@ofmt@,
CSZINVAA[441]@ofmt@, CSZINVAA[442]@ofmt@, CSZINVAA[443]@ofmt@,
CSZINVAA[444]@ofmt@,file=@ZNFILF_OU4@

;=====
; Finally accumulate Size, Inc, Veh.Av variables by area type for reporting
;=====
=====

If (ATYPE >=1 && Atype<=7 && I <= @LastIZN@)

    HH_ArS1A[ATYPE] = HH_ArS1A[ATYPE] + CSZINA[11] + CSZINA[12] + CSZINA[13] +
CSZINA[14]
    HH_ArS2A[ATYPE] = HH_ArS2A[ATYPE] + CSZINA[21] + CSZINA[22] + CSZINA[23] +
CSZINA[24]
    HH_ArS3A[ATYPE] = HH_ArS3A[ATYPE] + CSZINA[31] + CSZINA[32] + CSZINA[33] +
CSZINA[34]
    HH_ArS4A[ATYPE] = HH_ArS4A[ATYPE] + CSZINA[41] + CSZINA[42] + CSZINA[43] +
CSZINA[44]
    HH_ArSTA[ATYPE] = HH_ArSTA[ATYPE] + CSZINA[11] + CSZINA[12] + CSZINA[13] +
CSZINA[14] +
                                CSZINA[21] + CSZINA[22] + CSZINA[23] +
CSZINA[24] +
                                CSZINA[31] + CSZINA[32] + CSZINA[33] +
CSZINA[34] +
                                CSZINA[41] + CSZINA[42] + CSZINA[43] +
CSZINA[44]

    HH_ArI1A[ATYPE] = HH_ArI1A[ATYPE] + CSZINA[11] + CSZINA[21] + CSZINA[31] +
CSZINA[41]
    HH_ArI2A[ATYPE] = HH_ArI2A[ATYPE] + CSZINA[12] + CSZINA[22] + CSZINA[32] +
CSZINA[42]
    HH_ArI3A[ATYPE] = HH_ArI3A[ATYPE] + CSZINA[13] + CSZINA[23] + CSZINA[33] +
CSZINA[43]
    HH_ArI4A[ATYPE] = HH_ArI4A[ATYPE] + CSZINA[14] + CSZINA[24] + CSZINA[34] +
CSZINA[44]
    HH_ArITA[ATYPE] = HH_ArITA[ATYPE] + CSZINA[11] + CSZINA[21] + CSZINA[31] +
CSZINA[41] +
                                CSZINA[12] + CSZINA[22] + CSZINA[32] +
CSZINA[42] +
                                CSZINA[13] + CSZINA[23] + CSZINA[33] +
CSZINA[43] +
                                CSZINA[14] + CSZINA[24] + CSZINA[34] +
CSZINA[44]

    HH_ArV1A[ATYPE] = HH_ArV1A[ATYPE] + HHw0Vehs
    HH_ArV2A[ATYPE] = HH_ArV2A[ATYPE] + HHw1Vehs
    HH_ArV3A[ATYPE] = HH_ArV3A[ATYPE] + HHw2Vehs
    HH_ArV4A[ATYPE] = HH_ArV4A[ATYPE] + HHw3Vehs
    HH_ArVTA[ATYPE] = HH_ArVTA[ATYPE] + HHw0Vehs + HHw1Vehs + HHw2Vehs + HHw3Vehs

    HH_S1 = HH_S1 + CSZINA[11] + CSZINA[12] + CSZINA[13] + CSZINA[14]
    HH_S2 = HH_S2 + CSZINA[21] + CSZINA[22] + CSZINA[23] + CSZINA[24]
    HH_S3 = HH_S3 + CSZINA[31] + CSZINA[32] + CSZINA[33] + CSZINA[34]
    HH_S4 = HH_S4 + CSZINA[41] + CSZINA[42] + CSZINA[43] + CSZINA[44]

    HH_I1 = HH_I1 + CSZINA[11] + CSZINA[21] + CSZINA[31] + CSZINA[41]
    HH_I2 = HH_I2 + CSZINA[12] + CSZINA[22] + CSZINA[32] + CSZINA[42]
    HH_I3 = HH_I3 + CSZINA[13] + CSZINA[23] + CSZINA[33] + CSZINA[43]

```

```

HH_I4 = HH_I4 + CSZINA[14] + CSZINA[24] + CSZINA[34] + CSZINA[44]

HH_V1 = HH_V1 + HHw0Vehs
HH_V2 = HH_V2 + HHw1Vehs
HH_V3 = HH_V3 + HHw2Vehs
HH_V4 = HH_V4 + HHw3Vehs

HH_S = HH_S + CSZINA[11] + CSZINA[12] + CSZINA[13] + CSZINA[14] +
CSZINA[21] + CSZINA[22] + CSZINA[23] + CSZINA[24] +
CSZINA[31] + CSZINA[32] + CSZINA[33] + CSZINA[34] +
CSZINA[41] + CSZINA[42] + CSZINA[43] + CSZINA[44]

HH_I = HH_I + CSZINA[11] + CSZINA[21] + CSZINA[31] + CSZINA[41] +
CSZINA[12] + CSZINA[22] + CSZINA[32] + CSZINA[42] +
CSZINA[13] + CSZINA[23] + CSZINA[33] + CSZINA[43] +
CSZINA[14] + CSZINA[24] + CSZINA[34] + CSZINA[44]

HH_V = HH_V + HHw0Vehs +
HHw1Vehs +
HHw2Vehs +
HHw3Vehs

Endif

;=====
; If we're at the last Zone, it's time to printout the listings and we're done.
;=====

IF (I=@ZONESIZE@)

    Print LIST= ' Demographic Model Report ', file=@Rept@ ;
    Print LIST= ' ',file=@Rept@
    Print LIST= ' ',file=@Rept@

    Print LIST= ' ',file=@Rept@
    Print LIST= ' Untransformed - Household Total from the Input File:',
HH_IP_Total(12.0),file=@Rept@ ;
    Print LIST= ' ',file=@Rept@
    Print LIST= ' ',file=@Rept@
    PRINT LIST = ' Regional Households by Size and Income Summary ',file=@Rept@
    PRINT LIST = ' Size Inc_1 Inc_2 Inc_3 Inc_4 Total
',file=@Rept@
    PRINT LIST = ' -----
-- ',file=@Rept@

    Print form=12.csv LIST= ' 1
',RegSzInA[11],RegSzInA[12],RegSzInA[13],RegSzInA[14],RegSzA[1],file=@Rept@ ;
    Print form=12.csv LIST= ' 2
',RegSzInA[21],RegSzInA[22],RegSzInA[23],RegSzInA[24],RegSzA[2],file=@Rept@ ;
    Print form=12.csv LIST= ' 3
',RegSzInA[31],RegSzInA[32],RegSzInA[33],RegSzInA[34],RegSzA[3],file=@Rept@ ;
    Print form=12.csv LIST= ' 4+
',RegSzInA[41],RegSzInA[42],RegSzInA[43],RegSzInA[44],RegSzA[4],file=@Rept@ ;
    Print LIST= ' ',file=@Rept@
    Print form=12.csv LIST= ' Total ',RegInA[1], RegInA[2], RegInA[3],
RegInA[4], SITotal,file=@Rept@ ;
    Print LIST= ' ',file=@Rept@
    Print LIST= ' ',file=@Rept@

;=====
=====

```

Appendix E TP+ scripts

```

PRINT LIST = ' Jurisdictional Households by Size ',file=@Rept@
PRINT LIST = ' Juris. Size_1 Size_2 Size_3 Size_4 Total
',file=@Rept@
PRINT LIST = ' -----
-- ',file=@Rept@

Print form=12.csv LIST= ' 0_DC
',JurSzA[011],JurSzA[012],JurSzA[013],JurSzA[014],JurA[01],file=@Rept@ ;
Print form=12.csv LIST= ' 1_Mtg
',JurSzA[021],JurSzA[022],JurSzA[023],JurSzA[024],JurA[02],file=@Rept@ ;
Print form=12.csv LIST= ' 2_PG
',JurSzA[031],JurSzA[032],JurSzA[033],JurSzA[034],JurA[03],file=@Rept@ ;
Print form=12.csv LIST= ' 3_Arl
',JurSzA[041],JurSzA[042],JurSzA[043],JurSzA[044],JurA[04],file=@Rept@ ;
Print form=12.csv LIST= ' 4_AlX
',JurSzA[051],JurSzA[052],JurSzA[053],JurSzA[054],JurA[05],file=@Rept@ ;
Print form=12.csv LIST= ' 5_Ffx
',JurSzA[061],JurSzA[062],JurSzA[063],JurSzA[064],JurA[06],file=@Rept@ ;
Print form=12.csv LIST= ' 6_Ldn
',JurSzA[071],JurSzA[072],JurSzA[073],JurSzA[074],JurA[07],file=@Rept@ ;
Print form=12.csv LIST= ' 7_PW
',JurSzA[081],JurSzA[082],JurSzA[083],JurSzA[084],JurA[08],file=@Rept@ ;
Print form=12.csv LIST= ' 8_ -
',JurSzA[091],JurSzA[092],JurSzA[093],JurSzA[094],JurA[09],file=@Rept@ ;
Print form=12.csv LIST= ' 9_Frd
',JurSzA[101],JurSzA[102],JurSzA[103],JurSzA[104],JurA[10],file=@Rept@ ;
Print form=12.csv LIST= ' 10_How
',JurSzA[111],JurSzA[112],JurSzA[113],JurSzA[114],JurA[11],file=@Rept@ ;
Print form=12.csv LIST= ' 11_AA
',JurSzA[121],JurSzA[122],JurSzA[123],JurSzA[124],JurA[12],file=@Rept@ ;
Print form=12.csv LIST= ' 12_Chs
',JurSzA[131],JurSzA[132],JurSzA[133],JurSzA[134],JurA[13],file=@Rept@ ;
Print form=12.csv LIST= ' 13_ -
',JurSzA[141],JurSzA[142],JurSzA[143],JurSzA[144],JurA[14],file=@Rept@ ;
Print form=12.csv LIST= ' 14_Car
',JurSzA[151],JurSzA[152],JurSzA[153],JurSzA[154],JurA[15],file=@Rept@ ;
Print form=12.csv LIST= ' 15_Cal
',JurSzA[161],JurSzA[162],JurSzA[163],JurSzA[164],JurA[16],file=@Rept@ ;
Print form=12.csv LIST= ' 16_SM
',JurSzA[171],JurSzA[172],JurSzA[173],JurSzA[174],JurA[17],file=@Rept@ ;
Print form=12.csv LIST= '
17_KGeo',JurSzA[181],JurSzA[182],JurSzA[183],JurSzA[184],JurA[18],file=@Rept@ ;
Print form=12.csv LIST= ' 18_Fbg
',JurSzA[191],JurSzA[192],JurSzA[193],JurSzA[194],JurA[19],file=@Rept@ ;
Print form=12.csv LIST= ' 19_Sta
',JurSzA[201],JurSzA[202],JurSzA[203],JurSzA[204],JurA[20],file=@Rept@ ;
Print form=12.csv LIST= ' 20_Spt
',JurSzA[211],JurSzA[212],JurSzA[213],JurSzA[214],JurA[21],file=@Rept@ ;
Print form=12.csv LIST= ' 21_Fau
',JurSzA[221],JurSzA[222],JurSzA[223],JurSzA[224],JurA[22],file=@Rept@ ;
Print form=12.csv LIST= ' 22_Clk
',JurSzA[231],JurSzA[232],JurSzA[233],JurSzA[234],JurA[23],file=@Rept@ ;
Print form=12.csv LIST= ' 23_Jef
',JurSzA[241],JurSzA[242],JurSzA[243],JurSzA[244],JurA[24],file=@Rept@ ;

Print LIST= ' ',file=@Rept@
Print form=12.csv LIST= ' Total ',RegSzA[1], RegSzA[2], RegSzA[3],
RegSzA[4], SITotal,file=@Rept@ ;
Print LIST= ' ',file=@Rept@
Print LIST= ' ',file=@Rept@
;=====
PRINT LIST = ' Jurisdictional Households by Income ',file=@Rept@
PRINT LIST = ' Juris. Inc_1 Inc_2 Inc_3 Inc_4 Total
',file=@Rept@
PRINT LIST = ' -----
-- ',file=@Rept@

```

```

Print form=12.csv LIST= ' 0_DC
',JurInA[011],JurInA[012],JurInA[013],JurInA[014],JurA[01],file=@Rept@ ;
Print form=12.csv LIST= ' 1_Mtg
',JurInA[021],JurInA[022],JurInA[023],JurInA[024],JurA[02],file=@Rept@ ;
Print form=12.csv LIST= ' 2_PG
',JurInA[031],JurInA[032],JurInA[033],JurInA[034],JurA[03],file=@Rept@ ;
Print form=12.csv LIST= ' 3_Arl
',JurInA[041],JurInA[042],JurInA[043],JurInA[044],JurA[04],file=@Rept@ ;
Print form=12.csv LIST= ' 4_AlX
',JurInA[051],JurInA[052],JurInA[053],JurInA[054],JurA[05],file=@Rept@ ;
Print form=12.csv LIST= ' 5_Ffx
',JurInA[061],JurInA[062],JurInA[063],JurInA[064],JurA[06],file=@Rept@ ;
Print form=12.csv LIST= ' 6_Ldn
',JurInA[071],JurInA[072],JurInA[073],JurInA[074],JurA[07],file=@Rept@ ;
Print form=12.csv LIST= ' 7_PW
',JurInA[081],JurInA[082],JurInA[083],JurInA[084],JurA[08],file=@Rept@ ;
Print form=12.csv LIST= ' 8_ -
',JurInA[091],JurInA[092],JurInA[093],JurInA[094],JurA[09],file=@Rept@ ;
Print form=12.csv LIST= ' 9_Frd
',JurInA[101],JurInA[102],JurInA[103],JurInA[104],JurA[10],file=@Rept@ ;
Print form=12.csv LIST= ' 10_How
',JurInA[111],JurInA[112],JurInA[113],JurInA[114],JurA[11],file=@Rept@ ;
Print form=12.csv LIST= ' 11_AA
',JurInA[121],JurInA[122],JurInA[123],JurInA[124],JurA[12],file=@Rept@ ;
Print form=12.csv LIST= ' 12_Chs
',JurInA[131],JurInA[132],JurInA[133],JurInA[134],JurA[13],file=@Rept@ ;
Print form=12.csv LIST= ' 13_ -
',JurInA[141],JurInA[142],JurInA[143],JurInA[144],JurA[14],file=@Rept@ ;
Print form=12.csv LIST= ' 14_Car
',JurInA[151],JurInA[152],JurInA[153],JurInA[154],JurA[15],file=@Rept@ ;
Print form=12.csv LIST= ' 15_Cal
',JurInA[161],JurInA[162],JurInA[163],JurInA[164],JurA[16],file=@Rept@ ;
Print form=12.csv LIST= ' 16_SM
',JurInA[171],JurInA[172],JurInA[173],JurInA[174],JurA[17],file=@Rept@ ;
Print form=12.csv LIST= '
17_KGeo',JurInA[181],JurInA[182],JurInA[183],JurInA[184],JurA[18],file=@Rept@ ;
Print form=12.csv LIST= ' 18_Fbg
',JurInA[191],JurInA[192],JurInA[193],JurInA[194],JurA[19],file=@Rept@ ;
Print form=12.csv LIST= ' 19_Sta
',JurInA[201],JurInA[202],JurInA[203],JurInA[204],JurA[20],file=@Rept@ ;
Print form=12.csv LIST= ' 20_Spt
',JurInA[211],JurInA[212],JurInA[213],JurInA[214],JurA[21],file=@Rept@ ;
Print form=12.csv LIST= ' 21_Fau
',JurInA[221],JurInA[222],JurInA[223],JurInA[224],JurA[22],file=@Rept@ ;
Print form=12.csv LIST= ' 22_Clk
',JurInA[231],JurInA[232],JurInA[233],JurInA[234],JurA[23],file=@Rept@ ;
Print form=12.csv LIST= ' 23_Jef
',JurInA[241],JurInA[242],JurInA[243],JurInA[244],JurA[24],file=@Rept@ ;

Print LIST= ' ',file=@Rept@
Print form=12.csv LIST= ' Total ',RegInA[1], RegInA[2], RegInA[3],
RegInA[4], SITotal,file=@Rept@ ;

Print LIST= ' ',file=@Rept@
Print LIST= ' ',file=@Rept@
;=====
Print LIST= ' ',file=@Rept@
Print LIST= ' ',file=@Rept@
PRINT LIST = ' Regional Households by Vehicles Available and Size Summary
',file=@Rept@
PRINT LIST = ' VeAv Size_1 Size_2 Size_3 Size_4 Total
',file=@Rept@
PRINT LIST = ' -----
-- ',file=@Rept@

```


Appendix E TP+ scripts

```

Print form=12.csv LIST= ' 1
',RegVaSzA[11],RegVaSzA[12],RegVaSzA[13],RegVaSzA[14],RegVaA[1],file=@Rept@ ;
Print form=12.csv LIST= ' 2
',RegVaSzA[21],RegVaSzA[22],RegVaSzA[23],RegVaSzA[24],RegVaA[2],file=@Rept@ ;
Print form=12.csv LIST= ' 3
',RegVaSzA[31],RegVaSzA[32],RegVaSzA[33],RegVaSzA[34],RegVaA[3],file=@Rept@ ;
Print form=12.csv LIST= ' 4+
',RegVaSzA[41],RegVaSzA[42],RegVaSzA[43],RegVaSzA[44],RegVaA[4],file=@Rept@ ;
Print LIST= ' ',file=@Rept@
Print form=12.csv LIST= ' Total ',RegSzA[1], RegSzA[2], RegSzA[3],
RegSzA[4], SITotal,file=@Rept@ ;

Print LIST= ' ',file=@Rept@
Print LIST= ' ',file=@Rept@

Print LIST= ' ',file=@Rept@
Print LIST= ' ',file=@Rept@
PRINT LIST= ' Regional Households by Vehicles Available Groups 1, 2, 3&4 ', '\n',
' Hhs w/ 0 Vehs: ', Tot_HHw0Vehs(12.0), '\n',
' Hhs w/ 1 Vehs: ', Tot_HHw1Vehs(12.0), '\n',
' Hhs w/ 2+Vehs: ', Tot_HHw2PVehs(12.0), '\n', file=@Rept@
;=====
Print LIST= ' ',file=@Rept@
Print LIST= ' ',file=@Rept@
PRINT LIST= ' Regional Households by Vehicles Available and Income Summary
',file=@Rept@
PRINT LIST= ' VeAv Inc_1 Inc_2 Inc_3 Inc_4 Total
',file=@Rept@
PRINT LIST= ' -----
-- ',file=@Rept@

Print form=12.csv LIST= ' 1
',RegVaInA[11],RegVaInA[12],RegVaInA[13],RegVaInA[14],RegVaA[1],file=@Rept@ ;
Print form=12.csv LIST= ' 2
',RegVaInA[21],RegVaInA[22],RegVaInA[23],RegVaInA[24],RegVaA[2],file=@Rept@ ;
Print form=12.csv LIST= ' 3
',RegVaInA[31],RegVaInA[32],RegVaInA[33],RegVaInA[34],RegVaA[3],file=@Rept@ ;
Print form=12.csv LIST= ' 4+
',RegVaInA[41],RegVaInA[42],RegVaInA[43],RegVaInA[44],RegVaA[4],file=@Rept@ ;
Print form=12.csv LIST= ' ',file=@Rept@
Print form=12.csv LIST= ' Total ',RegInA[1], RegInA[2], RegInA[3],
RegInA[4], SITotal,file=@Rept@ ;

Print LIST= ' ',file=@Rept@
Print LIST= ' ',file=@Rept@

;=====
PRINT LIST= ' Jurisdictional Households by Vehicles Available ',file=@Rept@
PRINT LIST= ' Juris. Veh_0 Veh_1 Veh_2 Veh_3+ Total
',file=@Rept@
PRINT LIST= ' -----
-- ',file=@Rept@

Print form=12.csv LIST= ' 0_DC
',JurVaA[011],JurVaA[012],JurVaA[013],JurVaA[014],JurA[01],file=@Rept@ ;
Print form=12.csv LIST= ' 1_Mtg
',JurVaA[021],JurVaA[022],JurVaA[023],JurVaA[024],JurA[02],file=@Rept@ ;
Print form=12.csv LIST= ' 2_PG
',JurVaA[031],JurVaA[032],JurVaA[033],JurVaA[034],JurA[03],file=@Rept@ ;
Print form=12.csv LIST= ' 3_Ar1
',JurVaA[041],JurVaA[042],JurVaA[043],JurVaA[044],JurA[04],file=@Rept@ ;
Print form=12.csv LIST= ' 4_Alx
',JurVaA[051],JurVaA[052],JurVaA[053],JurVaA[054],JurA[05],file=@Rept@ ;

```

```

Print form=12.csv LIST= ' 5_Ffx
',JurVaA[061],JurVaA[062],JurVaA[063],JurVaA[064],JurA[06],file=@Rept@ ;
Print form=12.csv LIST= ' 6_Ldn
',JurVaA[071],JurVaA[072],JurVaA[073],JurVaA[074],JurA[07],file=@Rept@ ;
Print form=12.csv LIST= ' 7_PW
',JurVaA[081],JurVaA[082],JurVaA[083],JurVaA[084],JurA[08],file=@Rept@ ;
Print form=12.csv LIST= ' 8_
',JurVaA[091],JurVaA[092],JurVaA[093],JurVaA[094],JurA[09],file=@Rept@ ;
Print form=12.csv LIST= ' 9_Frd
',JurVaA[101],JurVaA[102],JurVaA[103],JurVaA[104],JurA[10],file=@Rept@ ;
Print form=12.csv LIST= ' 10_How
',JurVaA[111],JurVaA[112],JurVaA[113],JurVaA[114],JurA[11],file=@Rept@ ;
Print form=12.csv LIST= ' 11_AA
',JurVaA[121],JurVaA[122],JurVaA[123],JurVaA[124],JurA[12],file=@Rept@ ;
Print form=12.csv LIST= ' 12_ChS
',JurVaA[131],JurVaA[132],JurVaA[133],JurVaA[134],JurA[13],file=@Rept@ ;
Print form=12.csv LIST= ' 13_
',JurVaA[141],JurVaA[142],JurVaA[143],JurVaA[144],JurA[14],file=@Rept@ ;
Print form=12.csv LIST= ' 14_Car
',JurVaA[151],JurVaA[152],JurVaA[153],JurVaA[154],JurA[15],file=@Rept@ ;
Print form=12.csv LIST= ' 15_Cal
',JurVaA[161],JurVaA[162],JurVaA[163],JurVaA[164],JurA[16],file=@Rept@ ;
Print form=12.csv LIST= ' 16_SM
',JurVaA[171],JurVaA[172],JurVaA[173],JurVaA[174],JurA[17],file=@Rept@ ;
Print form=12.csv LIST= '
17_KGeo',JurVaA[181],JurVaA[182],JurVaA[183],JurVaA[184],JurA[18],file=@Rept@ ;
Print form=12.csv LIST= ' 18_Fbg
',JurVaA[191],JurVaA[192],JurVaA[193],JurVaA[194],JurA[19],file=@Rept@ ;
Print form=12.csv LIST= ' 19_Sta
',JurVaA[201],JurVaA[202],JurVaA[203],JurVaA[204],JurA[20],file=@Rept@ ;
Print form=12.csv LIST= ' 20_Spt
',JurVaA[211],JurVaA[212],JurVaA[213],JurVaA[214],JurA[21],file=@Rept@ ;
Print form=12.csv LIST= ' 21_Fau
',JurVaA[221],JurVaA[222],JurVaA[223],JurVaA[224],JurA[22],file=@Rept@ ;
Print form=12.csv LIST= ' 22_Clk
',JurVaA[231],JurVaA[232],JurVaA[233],JurVaA[234],JurA[23],file=@Rept@ ;
Print form=12.csv LIST= ' 23_Jef
',JurVaA[241],JurVaA[242],JurVaA[243],JurVaA[244],JurA[24],file=@Rept@ ;

Print LIST= ' ',file=@Rept@
Print form=12.csv LIST= ' Total ',RegVaA[1], RegVaA[2], RegVaA[3],
RegVaA[4], SITotal,file=@Rept@ ;

Print LIST= ' ',file=@Rept@
Print LIST= ' ',file=@Rept@

PRINT LIST= ' Estimated Households By Size Level by Area Type ', '\n',
file=@Rept@

PRINT LIST= ' Area_Tp HHs_Size1 HHs_Size2 HHs_Size3
HHs_Size4 Total ',file=@Rept@
PRINT LIST= ' -----
-- ',file=@Rept@
Print form=12.csv LIST= ' 1 ',HH_ArS1A[1], HH_ArS2A[1], HH_ArS3A[1],
HH_ArS4A[1], HH_ArSTA[1],file=@Rept@ ;
Print form=12.csv LIST= ' 2 ',HH_ArS1A[2], HH_ArS2A[2], HH_ArS3A[2],
HH_ArS4A[2], HH_ArSTA[2],file=@Rept@ ;
Print form=12.csv LIST= ' 3 ',HH_ArS1A[3], HH_ArS2A[3], HH_ArS3A[3],
HH_ArS4A[3], HH_ArSTA[3],file=@Rept@ ;
Print form=12.csv LIST= ' 4 ',HH_ArS1A[4], HH_ArS2A[4], HH_ArS3A[4],
HH_ArS4A[4], HH_ArSTA[4],file=@Rept@ ;
Print form=12.csv LIST= ' 5 ',HH_ArS1A[5], HH_ArS2A[5], HH_ArS3A[5],
HH_ArS4A[5], HH_ArSTA[5],file=@Rept@ ;
Print form=12.csv LIST= ' 6 ',HH_ArS1A[6], HH_ArS2A[6], HH_ArS3A[6],
HH_ArS4A[6], HH_ArSTA[6],file=@Rept@ ;
Print form=12.csv LIST= ' 7 ',HH_ArS1A[7], HH_ArS2A[7], HH_ArS3A[7],
HH_ArS4A[7], HH_ArSTA[7],file=@Rept@ ;

```

Appendix E TP+ scripts

```

Print LIST= ' ',file=@Rept@
Print form=12.csv LIST= ' Sum ',HH_S1, HH_S2, HH_S3, HH_S4, HH_S,file
=@Rept@ ;
Print LIST= ' ', '\n',file=@Rept@

PRINT LIST = ' Estimated Households By Income Level by Area Type ', '\n',
file=@Rept@

PRINT LIST = ' Area_Tp Income_1 Income_2 Income_3
Income_4 Total ',file=@Rept@
PRINT LIST = ' -----
----- ',file=@Rept@
Print form=12.csv LIST= ' 1 ',HH_ArI1A[1], HH_ArI2A[1], HH_ArI3A[1],
HH_ArI4A[1], HH_ArITA[1],file =@Rept@ ;
Print form=12.csv LIST= ' 2 ',HH_ArI1A[2], HH_ArI2A[2], HH_ArI3A[2],
HH_ArI4A[2], HH_ArITA[2],file =@Rept@ ;
Print form=12.csv LIST= ' 3 ',HH_ArI1A[3], HH_ArI2A[3], HH_ArI3A[3],
HH_ArI4A[3], HH_ArITA[3],file =@Rept@ ;
Print form=12.csv LIST= ' 4 ',HH_ArI1A[4], HH_ArI2A[4], HH_ArI3A[4],
HH_ArI4A[4], HH_ArITA[4],file =@Rept@ ;
Print form=12.csv LIST= ' 5 ',HH_ArI1A[5], HH_ArI2A[5], HH_ArI3A[5],
HH_ArI4A[5], HH_ArITA[5],file =@Rept@ ;
Print form=12.csv LIST= ' 6 ',HH_ArI1A[6], HH_ArI2A[6], HH_ArI3A[6],
HH_ArI4A[6], HH_ArITA[6],file =@Rept@ ;
Print form=12.csv LIST= ' 7 ',HH_ArI1A[7], HH_ArI2A[7], HH_ArI3A[7],
HH_ArI4A[7], HH_ArITA[7],file =@Rept@ ;
Print LIST= ' ',file=@Rept@
Print form=12.csv LIST= ' Sum ',HH_I1, HH_I2, HH_I3, HH_I4, HH_I,file
=@Rept@ ;
Print LIST= ' ', '\n',file=@Rept@

PRINT LIST = ' Estimated Households By Vehicle Availability Level by Area Type
', '\n', file=@Rept@

PRINT LIST = ' Area_Tp 0 Vehs.Av. 1 Veh.Av. 2 Vehs.Av. 3+
Vehs.Av. Total ',file=@Rept@
PRINT LIST = ' -----
----- ',file=@Rept@
Print form=12.csv LIST= ' 1 ',HH_ArV1A[1], HH_ArV2A[1], HH_ArV3A[1],
HH_ArV4A[1], HH_ArVTA[1],file =@Rept@ ;
Print form=12.csv LIST= ' 2 ',HH_ArV1A[2], HH_ArV2A[2], HH_ArV3A[2],
HH_ArV4A[2], HH_ArVTA[2],file =@Rept@ ;
Print form=12.csv LIST= ' 3 ',HH_ArV1A[3], HH_ArV2A[3], HH_ArV3A[3],
HH_ArV4A[3], HH_ArVTA[3],file =@Rept@ ;
Print form=12.csv LIST= ' 4 ',HH_ArV1A[4], HH_ArV2A[4], HH_ArV3A[4],
HH_ArV4A[4], HH_ArVTA[4],file =@Rept@ ;
Print form=12.csv LIST= ' 5 ',HH_ArV1A[5], HH_ArV2A[5], HH_ArV3A[5],
HH_ArV4A[5], HH_ArVTA[5],file =@Rept@ ;
Print form=12.csv LIST= ' 6 ',HH_ArV1A[6], HH_ArV2A[6], HH_ArV3A[6],
HH_ArV4A[6], HH_ArVTA[6],file =@Rept@ ;
Print form=12.csv LIST= ' 7 ',HH_ArV1A[7], HH_ArV2A[7], HH_ArV3A[7],
HH_ArV4A[7], HH_ArVTA[7],file =@Rept@ ;
Print LIST= ' ',file=@Rept@
Print form=12.csv LIST= ' Sum ',HH_V1, HH_V2, HH_V3, HH_V4, HH_V,file
=@Rept@ ;
Print LIST= ' ', '\n',file=@Rept@

ENDIF ; -end of printing section

;
;

```

6 Highway_Assignment.s

```

; =====
; Highway_Assignment.S - Version 2.2
; developed from the assignment process from 2.1D#50 with changes:
; 2/16/06 Formal Conical functions now called from an external file in the SUPPORT
;         Subdir. (filename: Conical_VDF_V22.txt)
; 3/ 8/06 reduced capacity and freeflow speed assumptions for ramps
; 4/14/06 Queuing time now added to freeways and ramps with high VCs
;         file in the \SUPPORT subdir. named 'QEUEING_Time.TXT' specifies
;         added times reflecting queuing. Times used in the speed flow
;         spec.in traffic assignment and in the volume averaging stage.
; 1/11/07 Now explicitly adding in Commercial Vehicle trips (<iter>tmcom.trp)
;         (NHB trip rates have been reduced)
;
; -----
;
; 3 Steps:
; Step 1 - Consolidate current modeled and nonmodeled trip tables //
;         for the highway assignment process.
; Step 2 - Execute traffic assignment and compute speed averaging
;         for three time periods.
; Step 3 - Summarize daily VMT.
;
; Environment Variables:
; _iter_ (Iteration indicator = 'pp','il' - 'i6')
;
; -----
; Step 1 - Modeled & Non-Modeled Trip Table Consolidation
;         for the Highway Assignment
;         - 3 Trip files built for AM,PM,Off-Peak Time Periods
;         - Each file has 5 Trip tables:
;           1) 1-occ adrs
;           2) 2-occ adrs
;           3) 3-occ adrs
;           4) Trucks
;           5) Airport Pax Adrs
;
; -----
; I/P Auto Dr. Pct. tables:
; ADRAM = 'AM%_iter%.ADR' ; AM Modeled Total Auto Drivers //
; ADPRM = 'PM%_iter%.ADR' ; PM Modeled Total Auto Drivers //
; ADROP = 'OP%_iter%.ADR' ; Off-Pk Modeled Total Auto Drivers //
;
; I/P MISC Auto Dr.Tables:
; MISCAM = 'MISCAM.TT' ; AM Non-Modeled Trips //
; MISCPM = 'MISCPM.TT' ; PM Non-Modeled Trips //
; MISCOP = 'MISCOP.TT' ; Off-Pk Non-Modeled Trips //
;
; CVtrips = '%_iter%tmcom.trp' ; Comm. Veh. trips t1/AM, t2/PM, T3/OP //
;
; O/P Vehicle Trips:
; AM_VT = '%_iter%AM.VTT' ; AM VEH TRIPS FOR ASSIGNMENT //
; PM_VT = '%_iter%PM.VTT' ; PM VEH TRIPS FOR ASSIGNMENT //
; OP_VT = '%_iter%OP.VTT' ; OP VEH TRIPS FOR ASSIGNMENT //
;
; based on 1994 auto ext svy //
; avg xx auto occ. is 1.72 -basis for: //
XXAD1OCC = 0.5021 ; ASSUMED SHARE OF THRU ADRS W/ 1-OCC //

```

```

XXAD2OCC = 0.3426 ; ASSUMED SHARE OF THRU ADRS W/ 2-OCCS //
XXAD3OCC = 0.1553 ; ASSUMED SHARE OF THRU ADRS W/ 3+OCCS //
; //////////////////////////////////////
;
RUN PGM=MATRIX
MATI[1]=@ADRAM@ ;
MATI[2]=@ADPRM@ ;
MATI[3]=@ADROP@ ;
;
MATI[4]=@MISCAM@ ;
MATI[5]=@MISCPM@ ;
MATI[6]=@MISCOP@ ;
MATI[7]=@CVTrips@ ;
;
MW[1]= MI.1.1 ; AM 1-Occ adrs
MW[2]= MI.1.2 ; AM 2-Occ adrs
MW[3]= MI.1.3 ; AM 3+Occ adrs
;
MW[4]= MI.2.1 ; PM 1-Occ adrs
MW[5]= MI.2.2 ; PM 2-Occ adrs
MW[6]= MI.2.3 ; PM 3+Occ adrs
;
MW[7]= MI.3.1 ; OP 1-Occ adrs
MW[8]= MI.3.2 ; OP 2-Occ adrs
MW[9]= MI.3.3 ; OP 3+Occ adrs
;
; AM Peak Period MISC Trips
;
MW[11]= MI.4.1 ; AM Thru Truck
MW[12]= MI.4.2*@XXAD1OCC@ ; AM Thru Auto Driver-1 OCC
MW[13]= MI.4.2*@XXAD2OCC@ ; AM Thru Auto Driver-2 OCC
MW[14]= MI.4.2*@XXAD3OCC@ ; AM Thru Auto Driver-3+OCC
MW[15]= MI.4.3 ; AM Taxi Auto Driver
MW[16]= MI.4.4 ; AM Visitor Auto Driver
MW[17]= MI.4.5 ; AM School Auto Driver
MW[18]= MI.4.6 ; AM I-I,I-E,E-I Medium Truck
MW[19]= MI.4.7 ; AM I-I,I-E,E-I Heavy Truck
;
; PM Peak Period MISC Trips
;
MW[21]= MI.5.1 ; PM Thru Truck
MW[22]= MI.5.2*@XXAD1OCC@ ; PM Thru Auto Driver-1 OCC
MW[23]= MI.5.2*@XXAD2OCC@ ; PM Thru Auto Driver-2 OCC
MW[24]= MI.5.2*@XXAD3OCC@ ; PM Thru Auto Driver-3+OCC
MW[25]= MI.5.3 ; PM Taxi Auto Driver
MW[26]= MI.5.4 ; PM Visitor Auto Driver
MW[27]= MI.5.5 ; PM School Auto Driver
MW[28]= MI.5.6 ; PM I-I,I-E,E-I Medium Truck
MW[29]= MI.5.7 ; PM I-I,I-E,E-I Heavy Truck
;
; OFF PK Peak Period MISC Trips
;
MW[31]= MI.6.1 ; PM Thru Truck
MW[32]= MI.6.2*@XXAD1OCC@ ; PM Thru Auto Driver-1 OCC
MW[33]= MI.6.2*@XXAD2OCC@ ; PM Thru Auto Driver-2 OCC
MW[34]= MI.6.2*@XXAD3OCC@ ; PM Thru Auto Driver-3+OCC
MW[35]= MI.6.3 ; PM Taxi Auto Driver
MW[36]= MI.6.4 ; PM Visitor Auto Driver
MW[37]= MI.6.5 ; PM School Auto Driver
MW[38]= MI.6.6 ; PM I-I,I-E,E-I Medium Truck
MW[39]= MI.6.7 ; PM I-I,I-E,E-I Heavy Truck
;
MW[45]= MI.7.1 ; AM Commercial Vehicles
MW[55]= MI.7.2 ; PM Commercial Vehicles
MW[65]= MI.7.3 ; OP Commercial Vehicles

```

Appendix E TP+ scripts

```

; Add up vehicle tables into the appropriate categories
; AM
MW[40] = MW[1] + MW[12] + MW[17] + MW[45] ; AM SOV Vehicle Trips w/CommVehs
MW[41] = MW[2] + MW[13] + MW[15] + MW[16] ; AM HOV2 Vehicle Trips
MW[42] = MW[3] + MW[14] ; AM HOV3+ Vehicle Trips
MW[43] = MW[11] + MW[18] + MW[19] ; AM Truck Trips
MW[44] = MI.4.8 ; AM Airport Pax Adr Trips

; PM
MW[50] = MW[4] + MW[22] + MW[27] + MW[55] ; PM SOV Vehicle Trips w/CommVehs
MW[51] = MW[5] + MW[23] + MW[25] + MW[26] ; PM HOV2 Vehicle Trips
MW[52] = MW[6] + MW[24] ; PM HOV3+ Vehicle Trips
MW[53] = MW[21] + MW[28] + MW[29] ; PM Truck Trips
MW[54] = MI.5.8 ; PM Airport Pax Adr Trips

; Off-Peak
MW[60] = MW[7] + MW[32] + MW[37] + MW[65] ; OP SOV Vehicle Trips w/CommVehs
MW[61] = MW[8] + MW[33] + MW[35] + MW[36] ; OP HOV2 Vehicle Trips
MW[62] = MW[9] + MW[34] ; OP HOV3+ Vehicle Trips
MW[63] = MW[31] + MW[38] + MW[39] ; OP Truck Trips
MW[64] = MI.6.8 ; OP Airport Pax Adr Trips

;
;
; Now let's accumulate totals for neat regional summaries
jloop
vehs = vehs + (MW[40]+MW[41]+MW[42]+MW[43]+MW[44]) + ; daily vehs
      (MW[50]+MW[51]+MW[52]+MW[53]+MW[54]) + ;
      (MW[60]+MW[61]+MW[62]+MW[63]+MW[64]) ;

comveh = comveh + mw[45] + mw[55] + mw[65] ; daily CVs

;AM group
amvehs = amvehs + MW[40]+MW[41]+MW[42]+MW[43]+MW[44]+MW[45] ; all am vehs
am1occ = am1occ + MW[40] ; am 1-occveh's
am2occ = am2occ + MW[41] ; am 2-occveh's
am3occ = am3occ + MW[42] ; am 3-occveh's
amtrks = amtrks + MW[43] ; am trucks
amapax = amapax + MW[44] ; am airpax adrs
am1occad = am1occad + MW[1] ; am locc adr
am2occad = am2occad + MW[2] ; am 2occ adr
am3occad = am3occad + MW[3] ; am 3+occ adr
amad = amadr + MW[1] + MW[2] + MW[3] ; am total adr(modeled)
amxxtrk = amxxtrk + MW[11] ; am Thru Truck
amxxad1 = amxxad1 + MW[12] ; am Thru 1occ Adr
amxxad2 = amxxad2 + MW[13] ; am Thru 2occ Adr
amxxad3 = amxxad3 + MW[14] ; am Thru 3+occAdr
amxxadr = amxxadr + MW[12]+MW[13]+MW[14] ; am total xx adr
amtaxi = amtaxi + MI.4.3 ; am Taxi ADR
amvisi = amvisi + MI.4.4 ; am visitor ADR
amscho = amscho + MI.4.5 ; am School ADR
ammtrk = ammtrk + MW[18] ; am int,ext MedTk
amhtrk = amhtrk + MW[19] ; am int,ext HvyTk
amcomveh = amcomveh + MW[45] ; am int,ext,xx ComVeh

;PM group
pmvehs = pmvehs + MW[50]+MW[51]+MW[52]+MW[53]+MW[54]+MW[55] ; all pm vehs
pm1occ = pm1occ + MW[50] ; pm 1-occveh's
pm2occ = pm2occ + MW[51] ; pm 2-occveh's
pm3occ = pm3occ + MW[52] ; pm 3-occveh's
pmtrks = pmtrks + MW[53] ; pm trucks
pmapax = pmapax + MW[54] ; pm airpax adrs
pm1occad = pm1occad + MW[4] ; pm locc adr
pm2occad = pm2occad + MW[5] ; pm 2occ adr
pm3occad = pm3occad + MW[6] ; pm 3+occ adr
pmadr = pmadr + MW[4] + MW[5] + MW[6] ; pm total adr(modeled)

```

```

pmxxtrk = pmxxtrk + MW[21] ; pm Thru Truck
pmxxad1 = pmxxad1 + MW[22] ; pm Thru 1occ Adr
pmxxad2 = pmxxad2 + MW[23] ; pm Thru 2occ Adr
pmxxad3 = pmxxad3 + MW[24] ; pm Thru 3+occAdr
pmxxadr = pmxxadr + MW[22]+MW[23]+MW[24] ; pm total xx adr
pmtaxi = pmtaxi + MI.5.3 ; pm Taxi ADR
pmvisi = pmvisi + MI.5.4 ; pm visitor ADR
pmscho = pmscho + MI.5.5 ; pm School ADR
pmmtrk = pmmtrk + MW[28] ; pm int,ext MedTk
pmhtrk = pmhtrk + MW[29] ; pm int,ext HvyTk
pmcomveh = pmcomveh + MW[55] ; pm int,ext,xx ComVeh

;Off-Peak group
opvehs = opvehs + MW[60]+MW[61]+MW[62]+MW[63]+MW[64]+MW[65] ; all op vehs
op1occ = op1occ + MW[60] ; op 1-occveh's
op2occ = op2occ + MW[61] ; op 2-occveh's
op3occ = op3occ + MW[62] ; op 3-occveh's
optrks = optrks + MW[63] ; op trucks
opapax = opapax + MW[64] ; op airpax adrs
op1occad = op1occad + MW[7] ; op locc adr
op2occad = op2occad + MW[8] ; op 2occ adr
op3occad = op3occad + MW[9] ; op 3+occ adr
opadr = opadr + MW[7] + MW[8] + MW[9] ; op total adr(modeled)
opxxtrk = opxxtrk + MW[31] ; op Thru Truck
opxxad1 = opxxad1 + MW[32] ; op Thru 1occ Adr
opxxad2 = opxxad2 + MW[33] ; op Thru 2occ Adr
opxxad3 = opxxad3 + MW[34] ; op Thru 3+occAdr
opxxadr = opxxadr + MW[32]+MW[33]+MW[34] ; op total xx adr
optaxi = optaxi + MI.6.3 ; op Taxi ADR
opvisi = opvisi + MI.6.4 ; op visitor ADR
opscho = opscho + MI.6.5 ; op School ADR
opmtrk = opmtrk + MW[38] ; op int,ext MedTk
ophrk = ophrk + MW[39] ; op int,ext HvyTk
opcomveh = opcomveh + MW[65] ; op int,ext,xx ComVeh
endjloop

if (i=zones) ; print out results
list = '/bt
list = '%_iter_% Iter. Pre-Traffic Assignment Trip Table Preparation Report'
list = '
list = 'Total Vehs: ',vehs(9.0),' AM,PM,OPk Vehs: ',
      amvehs(8.0),' ',pmvehs(8.0),' ',opvehs(8.0)
list = '
list = ' ', ' AM 1,2,3+Occ Vehs, Trucks, Air Pax Adrs',
      am1occ(8.0),' ',am2occ(8.0),' ',am3occ(8.0),' ',amtrks(8.0),' ',amapax(8.0)
list = ' ', ' PM 1,2,3+Occ Vehs, Trucks, Air Pax Adrs',
      pm1occ(8.0),' ',pm2occ(8.0),' ',pm3occ(8.0),' ',pmtrks(8.0),' ',pmapax(8.0)
list = ' ', ' OP 1,2,3+Occ Vehs, Trucks, Air Pax Adrs',
      op1occ(8.0),' ',op2occ(8.0),' ',op3occ(8.0),' ',optrks(8.0),' ',opapax(8.0)
list = '
list = ' ', ' AM,PM,OPk Auto Drivers (modeled) ',
      amadr(8.0),' ',pmadr(8.0),' ',opadr(8.0)
list = ' ', ' AM 1,2,3+Occ Auto Drs ',
      am1occad(8.0),' ',am2occad(8.0),' ',am3occad(8.0)
list = ' ', ' PM 1,2,3+Occ Auto Drs ',
      pm1occad(8.0),' ',pm2occad(8.0),' ',pm3occad(8.0)
list = ' ', ' OP 1,2,3+Occ Auto Drs ',
      op1occad(8.0),' ',op2occad(8.0),' ',op3occad(8.0)
list = '
list = ' ', ' AM Med, Hvy, XX Trk: ',
      amxxtrk(8.0),' ',amhtrk(8.0),' ',amxxtrk(8.0)
list = ' ', ' PM Med, Hvy, XX Trk: ',
      pmxxtrk(8.0),' ',pmhtrk(8.0),' ',pmxxtrk(8.0)
list = ' ', ' OP Med, Hvy, XX Trk: ',
      opxxtrk(8.0),' ',ophrk(8.0),' ',opxxtrk(8.0)
list = '
list = ' ', ' AM 1,2,3+Occ,TotlLXX Adr',
      amxxad1(8.0),' ',amxxad2(8.0),' ',amxxad3(8.0),' ',amxxadr(9.0)

```

Appendix E TP+ scripts

```

list = '          ' PM 1,2,3+Occ,TotLXX Adr',
      pmxxad1(8.0),' ',pmxxad2(8.0),' ',pmxxad3(8.0),' ',pmxxadr(9.0)
list = '          ' OP 1,2,3+Occ,TotLXX Adr',
      opxxad1(8.0),' ',opxxad2(8.0),' ',opxxad3(8.0),' ',opxxadr(9.0)
list = '          ' AM Taxi,Visitr,Schl Adr, Air Pax Adr',
      amtaxi(8.0),' ',amvisi(8.0),' ',amscho(8.0),' ',amapax(8.0)
list = '          ' PM Taxi,Visitr,Schl Adr, Air Pax Adr',
      pmtaxi(8.0),' ',pmvisi(8.0),' ',pmscho(8.0),' ',pmapax(8.0)
list = '          ' OP Taxi,Visitr,Schl Adr, Air Pax Adr',
      optaxi(8.0),' ',opvisi(8.0),' ',opscho(8.0),' ',opapax(8.0)
list = '          ' AM ,PM ,OP , Total Commercial Vehs. ',
      amcomveh(8.0),' ',pmcomveh(8.0),' ',opcomveh(8.0),' ',comveh(8.0)
list = '/et

endif

; Write out the auto driver tables by time period
MATO[1] = @AM_VT@, MO=40-44 ; AM Veh Trips 1,2,3+occ,trucks,Air Pax Vehs
MATO[2] = @PM_VT@, MO=50-54 ; PM Veh Trips 1,2,3+occ,trucks,Air Pax Vehs
MATO[3] = @OP_VT@, MO=60-64 ; OP Veh Trips 1,2,3+occ,trucks,Air Pax Vehs

ENDRUN

;-----
; Step 2 - Highway Assignment
;
;
;-----

itr = '%_iter_%'
; The Input Network Depends on the previous Iteration network

IF (itr = 'pp')
  INPNET = 'ZONEHWY.NET'
ELSE
  INPNET = '%_prev_%HWY.NET'
ENDIF

LOOP Period=1,3; Three assignment loops: 1/AM, 2/PM, 3/Off-Pk

IF (Period==1) ; AM Peak Period
  PRD = 'AM' ;
  PCTADT = 40 ; %_AMPF_% AM Pk Ftr (% of traffic occurring in pk hr)

ELSEIF (Period==2) ; PM Peak Period
  PRD = 'PM' ;
  PCTADT = 37 ; %_PMPF_% PM Pk Ftr (% of traffic occurring in pk hr)

ELSE ; Off-Peak Period
  PRD = 'OP' ;
  PCTADT = 12 ; %_OPPF_% OP Pk Ftr (% of traffic occurring in pk hr)
ENDIF

CAPFAC=1/(PCTADT/100) ; Capacity Factor = 1/(PCTADT/100)

;$
in_tskm = 'inputs\toll.skm' ; toll param file
VDF_File = '..\support\Conical_VDF_V22.txt' ; Volume Delay Functions file
Que_File = '..\support\Queueing_Time.TXT' ; Queueing Time Specification
;$

RUN PGM=HWYLOAD

```

```

NETI = @INPNET@ ; TP+ Network
;
; The input trip table has 5 Vehicle Tables:
; 1 - 1-Occ Auto Drivers
; 2 - 2-Occ Auto Drivers
; 3 - 3+Occ Auto Drivers
; 4 - Trucks
; 5 - Airport Pass. Auto Driver Trips

MATI=%_iter_%@prd@.VTT ;
;
NETO=temp.net ; Output loaded network of current iter/time prd.
;
;=====
; CAP & SPEED CLASS 71 ADJUSTED FOR I-270 FROM I-370 & SPUR
; JCPARK 5/2/03
; CAP REVISED JCPARK 5/20/03 TO 1500
; CAPACITY & SPEED OF MAJOR & MINOR ARTERIAL REVISED
; SPEED OF COLLECTOR REVISED JCPARK 6/17/03
; CAPACITY OF I-95 ADJUSTED: 1900 -> 1800 VPHPL
; I-270 & I-95 OVERRIDES REMOVED 6/23/03 JCPARK
; THE OVERRIDES ACTIVATED 6/25/03 JCPARK
; START ----->
;=====
;*****
;** LOS'E' Capacities and Freeflow Speeds Assumptions: **
;*****
;
; areatp > 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 fac type
; ----- V
SPDCAP CAPACITY[01]=3150 3150 3150 3150 3150 3150 3150 ; cen
SPDCAP CAPACITY[11]=1500 1600 1800 1800 2000 2000 2100 ; fwy REVISED 7/20/03
SPDCAP CAPACITY[21]= 800 800 960 960 1260 1260 1260 ; maj REVISED 6/19/03
SPDCAP CAPACITY[31]= 500 600 700 840 1000 1000 1000 ; min REVISED 6/30/03
SPDCAP CAPACITY[41]= 300 400 500 700 700 700 800 ; col
SPDCAP CAPACITY[51]= 900 1000 1000 1200 1500 1500 1500 ; xwy
SPDCAP CAPACITY[61]=1000 1000 1000 1000 2000 2000 2000 ; rmp
SPDCAP CAPACITY[71]=1600 1800 1800 ; JCPARK I-270 CAP 7/20/03 ICC CAP 11/18/03
SPDCAP CAPACITY[91]=2400 2100 ; JCPARK 7/24/03 I-495 CAP
;
; initial speed values :
;
; areatp > 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 fac type
; ----- V
SPDCAP SPEED[01]= 15 15 20 25 30 30 35 ; cen
SPDCAP SPEED[11]= 55 55 60 60 67 67 67 ; fwy
SPDCAP SPEED[21]= 25 25 35 35 40 45 45 ; maj REVISED 6/18/03
SPDCAP SPEED[31]= 20 20 30 30 35 40 40 ; min REVISED 6/18/03
SPDCAP SPEED[41]= 15 15 20 20 25 30 30 ; col REVISED 6/18/03
SPDCAP SPEED[51]= 45 45 50 50 50 55 55 ; xwy
SPDCAP SPEED[61]= 20 20 30 30 35 40 50 ; rmp
SPDCAP SPEED[71]= 55 60 50 ; JCPARK I-270 SPD 7/20/03 ICC SPD 10/30/03

;$
;-----$
; Read in Toll Parameters: $
;-----$
READ FILE = @in_tskm@

;$ ;

;=====
; CAP & SPEED CLASS 71 55mph ADJUSTED FOR I-270 FROM I-370 & SPUR
; JCPARK 5/5/03
; REMOVED 6/23/03 JCPARK
; ACTIVATED 6/25/03 JCPARK
; ALL THE OVERRIDES WERE REMOVED EXCEPT FOR I-495 7/20/03
; <----- END

```

Appendix E TP+ scripts

```

;=====
;
;-----$
;   Queuing Penalty Function (qtime = f(V/C))           $
;-----$
;   Time Penalty is a function of VC ratio
;
LOOKUP NAME=QTIME,
  lookup[1] = 1,result = 2, ;Centroids   Queuing Time (MIN)
  lookup[2] = 1,result = 3, ;Fwys       Queuing Time (MIN)
  lookup[3] = 1,result = 4, ;MajArts   Queuing Time (MIN)
  lookup[4] = 1,result = 5, ;MinArts   Queuing Time (MIN)
  lookup[5] = 1,result = 6, ;Colls    Queuing Time (MIN)
  lookup[6] = 1,result = 7, ;Expways  Queuing Time (MIN)
  lookup[7] = 1,result = 8, ;Ramps     Queuing Time (MIN)
  FAIL=0,0,0, INTERPOLATE=T, file= @Que_File@
;
;-----$
;   VDF (Volume Delay Function) establishment:         $
;-----$
; Note: curves updated 2/16/06 rjm/msm
;
LOOKUP NAME=VCRV,
  lookup[1] = 1,result = 2, ;Centroids   old VCRV1
  lookup[2] = 1,result = 3, ;Fwys       old VCRV2
  lookup[3] = 1,result = 4, ;MajArts   old VCRV3
  lookup[4] = 1,result = 5, ;MinArts   old VCRV4
  lookup[5] = 1,result = 6, ;Colls    old VCRV5
  lookup[6] = 1,result = 7, ;Expways  old VCRV6
  lookup[7] = 1,result = 8, ;Ramps     old VCRV2
  FAIL=0.00,0.00,0.00, INTERPOLATE=T,file=@VDF_File@
;
FUNCTION {
  TC[1]= T0*VCRV(1,VC) + QTIME(1,VC) ; Congested Time (TC)specification:
  TC[2]= T0*VCRV(2,VC) + QTIME(2,VC) ; TC(LINKCLASS) =
  TC[3]= T0*VCRV(3,VC) + QTIME(3,VC) ; Uncongested Time(T0) *
  TC[4]= T0*VCRV(4,VC) + QTIME(4,VC) ; Volume Delay Functon(VDF)Value
  TC[5]= T0*VCRV(5,VC) + QTIME(5,VC) ; VDF function is based on VC
  TC[6]= T0*VCRV(6,VC) + QTIME(6,VC) ; Note: the LINKCLASS is defined
  TC[7]= T0*VCRV(7,VC) + QTIME(7,VC) ; during the LINKREAD phase below.
}
;
;
;
CAPFAC=@CAPFAC@ ;
; 10 iterations changed to 20 (RM) 3/09/04 / GAP,AAD, RMSE,&RAAD params set to
zero
; to ensure 'maxiters' iterations are completely executed (RM) 6/15/04 .
MAXITERS=20 ;
GAP = 0.0 ; ** To ensure Max iterations are fully executed **
AAD = 0.0 ; ** To ensure Max iterations are fully executed **
RMSE = 0.0 ; ** To ensure Max iterations are fully executed **
RAAD = 0.0 ; ** To ensure Max iterations are fully executed **
;
PHASE=LINKREAD
C = CAPACITYFOR(LI.@PRD@LANE,LI.CAPCLASS) * @CAPFAC@
SPEED = SPEEDFOR(LI.@PRD@LANE,LI.SPDCLASS)
T0 = (LI.DISTANCE/SPEED)*60.0
;
IF (ITERATION = 0)
; Define AM /OP link level tolls by vehicle type here:
LW.SOV@PRD@TOLL = LI.@PRD@TOLL * @PRD@_TFAC(1,LI.TOLLGRP) ; SOV TOLLS
in 1994 cents
LW.HV2@PRD@TOLL = LI.@PRD@TOLL * @PRD@_TFAC(2,LI.TOLLGRP) ; HOV 2 occ TOLLS
in 1994 cents

```

```

LW.HV3@PRD@TOLL = LI.@PRD@TOLL * @PRD@_TFAC(3,LI.TOLLGRP) ; HOV 3+occ TOLLS
in 1994 cents
LW.TRK@PRD@TOLL = LI.@PRD@TOLL * @PRD@_TFAC(4,LI.TOLLGRP) ; Truck TOLLS
in 1994 cents
LW.APX@PRD@TOLL = LI.@PRD@TOLL * @PRD@_TFAC(5,LI.TOLLGRP) ; AP Pax TOLLS
in 1994 cents
;
; Initial Iteration LINK IMPEDANCE (HIGHWAY TIME + Equiv.Toll/Time) by vehicle
type here:
LW.SOV@PRD@IMP = T0 + (LW.SOV@PRD@TOLL/100.0)* SV@PRD@EQM ;SOV IMP
LW.HV2@PRD@IMP = T0 + (LW.HV2@PRD@TOLL/100.0)* H2@PRD@EQM ;HOV 2 IMP
LW.HV3@PRD@IMP = T0 + (LW.HV3@PRD@TOLL/100.0)* H3@PRD@EQM ;HOV 3+IMP
LW.TRK@PRD@IMP = T0 + (LW.TRK@PRD@TOLL/100.0)* TK@PRD@EQM ;Truck IMP
LW.APX@PRD@IMP = T0 + (LW.APX@PRD@TOLL/100.0)* AP@PRD@EQM ;APAX IMP
;
IF (LI.@PRD@TOLL > 0)
PRINT LIST = 'iteration: ',iteration(3),' A: ',A(7),' B: ',B(7),
'DISTANCE: ',LI.DISTANCE(6.2),
' LI.@PRD@TOLL: ', LI.@PRD@TOLL(5.2),
' FFSPEED: ', SPEED(5.2),
' @PRD@_TFAC(1,LI.TOLLGRP): ',@PRD@_TFAC(1,LI.TOLLGRP)(5.1),
' SV@PRD@EQM: ', SV@PRD@EQM(5.1),
' LW.SOV@PRD@TOLL: ', LW.SOV@PRD@TOLL(5.2),
' T0: ', T0(5.2),
' LW.SOV@PRD@IMP', LW.SOV@PRD@IMP(5.2),
file = @prd@CHK.LKREAD
ENDIF
ENDIF
;
; $
;
; The highway network is coded with limit codes from 1 to 9
; Limit Code Definition
; -----
; 1 All vehicles accepted
; 2 Only HOV2 (or greater) vehicles accepted only
; 3 Only HOV3 vehicles accepted only
; 4 Med,Hvy Trks not accepted, all other traffic is accepted
; 5 Airport Passenger Veh. Trips
; 6-8 (Unused)
; 9 No vehicles are accepted at all
;
IF (LI.@PRD@LIMIT==1)
ADDTGROUP=1
ELSEIF (LI.@PRD@LIMIT==2)
ADDTGROUP=2
ELSEIF (LI.@PRD@LIMIT==3)
ADDTGROUP=3
ELSEIF (LI.@PRD@LIMIT==4)
ADDTGROUP=4
ELSEIF (LI.@PRD@LIMIT==5)
ADDTGROUP=5
ELSEIF (LI.@PRD@LIMIT==6-8)
ADDTGROUP=6
ELSEIF (LI.@PRD@LIMIT==9)
ADDTGROUP=7
ENDIF
;
IF (LI.FTYPE = 0) ; LinkClass related to TC[?] above
LINKCLASS = 1 ;
ELSEIF (LI.FTYPE = 1) ;
LINKCLASS= 2 ;
ELSEIF (LI.FTYPE = 2) ;
LINKCLASS= 3 ;
ELSEIF (LI.FTYPE = 3) ;

```

Appendix E TP+ scripts

```

LINKCLASS= 4 ;
ELSEIF (LI.FTYPE = 4) ;
LINKCLASS= 5 ;
ELSEIF (LI.FTYPE = 5) ;
LINKCLASS= 6 ;
ELSEIF (LI.FTYPE = 6) ;
LINKCLASS= 7 ;
ENDIF

ENDPHASE

PHASE=ILOOP

IF (I=1)
LINKLOOP
; Initial Iteration LINK IMPEDANCE (HIGHWAY TIME + Equiv.Toll/Time) by
vehicle type here:
LW.SOV@PRD@IMP = TIME + (LW.SOV@PRD@TOLL/100.0)* SV@PRD@EQM ;SOV IMP
LW.HV2@PRD@IMP = TIME + (LW.HV2@PRD@TOLL/100.0)* H2@PRD@EQM ;HOV 2 IMP
LW.HV3@PRD@IMP = TIME + (LW.HV3@PRD@TOLL/100.0)* H3@PRD@EQM ;HOV 3+IMP
LW.TRK@PRD@IMP = TIME + (LW.TRK@PRD@TOLL/100.0)* TK@PRD@EQM ;Truck IMP
LW.APX@PRD@IMP = TIME + (LW.APX@PRD@TOLL/100.0)* AP@PRD@EQM ;APAX IMP

IF (LI.@PRD@TOLL > 0)
PRINT LIST = 'iteration: ',iteration(3),' A: ',A(7),' B: ',B(7),
'DISTANCE: ',LI.DISTANCE(6.2),
' LI.@PRD@TOLL: ', LI.@PRD@TOLL(5.2),
' FFSPEED: ', SPEED(5.2),
' @PRD@_TFAC(1,LI.TOLLGRP): ',@PRD@_TFAC(1,LI.TOLLGRP)(5.1),
' SV@PRD@EQM: ', SV@PRD@EQM(5.1),
' LW.SOV@PRD@TOLL: ', LW.SOV@PRD@TOLL(5.2),
' T0: ', T0(5.2),
' TIME: ', TIME(5.2),
' LW.SOV@PRD@IMP', LW.SOV@PRD@IMP(5.2),
file = @prd@CHK.LKLOOP
ENDIF
ENDLINKLOOP
ENDIF

PATH=LW.SOV@PRD@IMP,
EXCLUDEGRP=2,3,5,6,7, ; prohibitions for free SOV veh
VOL[1]=MI.1.1
PATH=LW.HV2@PRD@IMP,
EXCLUDEGRP=3,5,6,7, ; prohibitions for HOV2 veh
VOL[2]=MI.1.2
PATH=LW.HV3@PRD@IMP,
EXCLUDEGRP=5,6,7, ; prohibitions for HOV3 veh
VOL[3]=MI.1.3
PATH=LW.TRK@PRD@IMP,
EXCLUDEGRP=2,3,4,5,6,7, ; prohibitions for trucks
VOL[4]=MI.1.4
PATH=LW.APX@PRD@IMP,
EXCLUDEGRP=6,7, ; prohibitions for Airport pass.veh trips
VOL[5]=MI.1.5

;$

ENDPHASE

PHASE = ADJUST

ENDPHASE

ENDRUN

```

```

;-----
;Step 3
;Calculate Restrained Speed/Perform MSA Volume/Speed Averaging
;-----
if (itr = 'pp' )
itrno = 0
elseif (itr = 'i1')
itrno = 1
elseif (itr = 'i2')
itrno = 2
elseif (itr = 'i3')
itrno = 3
elseif (itr = 'i4')
itrno = 4
elseif (itr = 'i5')
itrno = 5
elseif (itr = 'i6')
itrno = 6
endif

RUN PGM=HWYNET
NETI=temp.net ; input network from highway assignment
NETO=temp@prd.net, ; output/@PRD@ network with updated speeds
EXCLUDE=V_1,TIME_1,VC_1,V1_1, V2_1, V3_1, V4_1,V5_1,
VT_1,V1T_1,V2T_1,V3T_1,V4T_1,V5T_1,
OLDSPD,NEWVOL,OLDVOL,FFSPD,HRLKCAP,HRLNCAP,DCD,NEWSPD,ATYPE,
VMT,EVDV,WOSPD,WNSPD,WFSPD,SPDDIFF,COMP,%_iter_%@prd@VMT,
cspd_1,vdt_1,vht_1

_CNT=1 ; link counter (temporary variable)

OLDVOL = V_1 ;
NEWVOL = V_1 ;
OLDSPD = 0 ;
%_iter_%@prd@VOL = NEWVOL ;
IF (DISTANCE > 0) ;
OLDSPD=DISTANCE/@Prd@HTIME*60.0 ;
ENDIF ;

IF (@itrno = 2 ) ;
OLDSPD = %_prev_%@prd@spd ;
OLDVOL = %_prev_%@prd@VOL ;
@itr@prd@VOL = ROUND((OLDVOL*1/2)+(NEWVOL*1/2)) ;
ELSEIF (@itrno = 3 ) ;
OLDSPD = %_prev_%@prd@spd ;
OLDVOL = %_prev_%@prd@VOL ;
@itr@prd@VOL = ROUND((OLDVOL*2/3)+(NEWVOL*1/3)) ;
ELSEIF (@itrno = 4 ) ;
OLDSPD = %_prev_%@prd@spd ;
OLDVOL = %_prev_%@prd@VOL ;
@itr@prd@VOL = ROUND((OLDVOL*3/4)+(NEWVOL*1/4)) ;
ELSEIF (@itrno = 5 ) ;
OLDSPD = %_prev_%@prd@spd ;
OLDVOL = %_prev_%@prd@VOL ;
@itr@prd@VOL = ROUND((OLDVOL*4/5)+(NEWVOL*1/5)) ;
ELSEIF (@itrno = 6 ) ;
OLDSPD = %_prev_%@prd@spd ;
OLDVOL = %_prev_%@prd@VOL ;
@itr@prd@VOL = ROUND((OLDVOL*5/6)+(NEWVOL*1/6)) ;
ENDIF

_VMT=0 ;

IF (FTYPE=1-6)

```

Appendix E TP+ scripts

```

_VMT=(V_1*DISTANCE)
ENDIF

FFSPD =SPEEDFOR(@prd@LANE,SPDCCLASS) ; freeflow speed
HRLKCAP=CAPACITYFOR(@prd@LANE,CAPCLASS) ; hrly LINK capacity
HRLNCAP=CAPACITYFOR(1,CAPCLASS) ; hrly LANE capacity
DCD=1

IF (TIME_1 = 0) ; current (not averaged)
NEWSPD = 0 ; assignment speed. Should be
ELSE ; same as pp@prd@spd & bs@prd@spd
NEWSPD=(DISTANCE*60)/TIME_1
ENDIF

; Tabulate VMT, _CNT by FTYPE and JUR
CROSSTAB VAR=_VMT, FORM=12cs, ROW=FTYPE, RANGE=0-6-1,0-6
CROSSTAB VAR=_VMT, FORM=12cs, ROW=JUR, RANGE=0-23-1,0-23
CROSSTAB VAR=_CNT, FORM=12cs, ROW=FTYPE, RANGE=0-6-1,0-6
CROSSTAB VAR=_CNT, FORM=12cs, ROW=JUR, RANGE=0-23-1,0-23

;
;-----$
; VDF (Volume Delay Function) establishment: $
;-----$
; Note: curves updated 2/16/06 rjm/msm
;
LOOKUP NAME=VCRV,
lookup[1] = 1,result = 2, ;Centroids old VCRV1
lookup[2] = 1,result = 3, ;Fwys old VCRV2
lookup[3] = 1,result = 4, ;MajArts old VCRV3
lookup[4] = 1,result = 5, ;MinArts old VCRV4
lookup[5] = 1,result = 6, ;Colls old VCRV5
lookup[6] = 1,result = 7, ;Expways old VCRV6
lookup[7] = 1,result = 8, ;Rmps
FAIL=0.00,0.00,0.00, INTERPOLATE=T,file=@VDF_File@

;-----$
; Queuing Penalty Function (qtime = f(V/C)) $
;-----$
; Time Penalty is a function of VC ratio
;
;
LOOKUP NAME=QTIME,
lookup[1] = 1,result = 2, ;Centroids Queuing Time (MIN)
lookup[2] = 1,result = 3, ;Fwys Queuing Time (MIN)
lookup[3] = 1,result = 4, ;MajArts Queuing Time (MIN)
lookup[4] = 1,result = 5, ;MinArts Queuing Time (MIN)
lookup[5] = 1,result = 6, ;Colls Queuing Time (MIN)
lookup[6] = 1,result = 7, ;Expways Queuing Time (MIN)
lookup[7] = 1,result = 8, ;Ramps Queuing Time (MIN)
FAIL=0,0,0, INTERPOLATE=T, file= @Que_File@
;
; Obtain Area Type from 1st digit of SPDCCLASS
ATYPE=SPDCCLASS%10

; Compute the Final VMT based on final volume
; variable name: '<iteration><period>VMT'
;
; %_iter_%@prd@VMT=ROUND(%_iter_%@prd@VOL*DISTANCE) ; Final VMT
VMT=ROUND(%_iter_%@prd@VOL*DISTANCE) ; Final VMT

; Compute the Final VC ratio based on final volume
; variable name: '<iteration><period>VC'
;

```

```

%_iter_%@prd@VC=(%_iter_%@prd@VOL*(@pctadt@/100.0)/HRLKCAP)

; Compute the Final Volume Delay Function based on final volume
; variable name: '<iteration><period>VDF'
;
FTPlus1 = Ftype + 1
%_iter_%@prd@VDF = VCRV(FTPlus1, %_iter_%@prd@VC)

; Compute the Final Volume Delay Function based on final volume
; variable name: '<iteration><period>SPD'
;
IF (DISTANCE = 0)
%_iter_%@prd@SPD = 0
ELSE
%_iter_%@prd@SPD = FFSPD / %_iter_%@prd@VDF
ENDIF

; -----
; Consider Queuing Time if Appropriate
; -----

_BaseSpeed = %_iter_%@prd@SPD
_BaseTime = Distance / _Basespeed * 60.0
%_iter_%@prd@QTimePen = QTIME(FTPlus1, %_iter_%@prd@VC)
_FinalTime = _BaseTime + %_iter_%@prd@QTimePen
_FinalSpeed = Distance / _FinalTime * 60.0
%_iter_%@prd@SPD = _FinalSpeed

IF (%_iter_%@prd@QTimePen > 0.0)
Print list = a(6),b(6), Distance(5.2),' ',_BaseSpeed(6.2),' ',
_BaseTime(6.2),' ', %_iter_%@prd@VC(6.3),' ',
%_iter_%@prd@QTimePen(6.2), _FinalTime(6.2),' ',
_FinalSpeed(6.4),' ',%_iter_%@prd@SPD(6.4),
' <-- a,b, Dst, base speed,time, BaseVCRatio, TimePen, final
time,speed(2x)',
file = %_iter_%@prd@QTimePen.txt
ENDIF

; End Time Penalty section

; compute WEIGHTED OLD and Final SPEEDS for Aggregate summaries
WOSPD=ROUND(VMT * OLDSPD)
WNSPD=ROUND(VMT * %_iter_%@prd@SPD)
WFSPD=ROUND(VMT * FFSPD)

; Compute current/previous Speed Differences at link level
; ADIFF = ROUND(ABS(%_iter_%@prd@SPD - OLDSPD))
SPDDIFF= ROUND(%_iter_%@prd@SPD - OLDSPD)

; Crosstab VMT,WOSPD,WNSPD, by FTYPE and JUR
CROSSTAB VAR=VMT,WOSPD,WNSPD,_CNT,FORM=12cs,
ROW=JUR, RANGE=0-23-1,,0-23,
COL=FTYPE, RANGE=1-6-1,1-6,
COMP=WOSPD/VMT, FORM=12.2cs, ; AVG INITIAL SPD
COMP=WNSPD/VMT, FORM=12.2cs, ; AVG FINAL SPD
COMP=((WNSPD/VMT)-(WOSPD/VMT)), FORM=12.2cs ; DIFF(NEW-OLD)

; Crosstab VMT,WOSPD,WNSPD,_CNT2 by ATYPE and FTYPE
CROSSTAB VAR=VMT,WOSPD,WNSPD,_CNT, FORM=12cs,
ROW=ATYPE, RANGE=1-7-1,,1-7,
COL=FTYPE, RANGE=1-6-1,1-6,
COMP=WOSPD/VMT, FORM=12.2cs, ; AVG INITIAL SPD
COMP=WNSPD/VMT, FORM=12.2cs, ; AVG FINAL SPD
COMP=((WNSPD/VMT)-(WOSPD/VMT)), FORM=12.2cs ; DIFF(NEW-OLD)

; Crosstab VMT,WOSPD,WNSPD,WFSPD,_CNT2 by EVC and FTYPE

```


Appendix E TP+ scripts

```

CROSSTAB VAR=VMT,WOSPD,WNSPD,WFSPD,_CNT, FORM=12cs,
ROW=%_iter_@prdc@VC, RANGE=0-2-0.1,,1-99,
COL=FTYPE, RANGE=1-6-1,1-6,
COMP=WOSPD/VMT, FORM=12.2cs, ; AVG INITIAL SPD
COMP=WNSPD/VMT, FORM=12.2cs, ; AVG FINAL SPD
COMP=WFSPD/VMT, FORM=12.2cs, ; Freeflow Speed
COMP=((WFSPD/VMT)/(WOSPD/VMT)), FORM=12.2cs, ; AVG FINAL SPD
COMP=((WNSPD/VMT)/(WNSPD/VMT)), FORM=12.2cs, ; AVG FINAL SPD
COMP=((WNSPD/VMT)-(WOSPD/VMT)), FORM=12.2cs ; DIFF(NEW-OLD)

; Tabulate _CNT by SPEED DIFF GROUP
CROSSTAB VAR=_CNT, FORM=12cs,
; ROW=ADIFF, RANGE=0-2,3-5,6-8,9-11,12-14,15-17,18-100,0-100
ROW=SPDDIFF,
RANGE=-100--18,-17--15,-14--12,-11--9,-8--6,-5--3,-2-2,
3-5,6-8,9-11,12-14,15-17,18-100,,-100-100

; Tabulate _CNT2_PCT by SPEED DIFF GROUP
CROSSTAB VAR=_CNT_PCT, FORM=12.1cs,
; ROW=ADIFF, RANGE=0-2,3-5,6-8,9-11,12-14,15-17,18-100,0-100

; PRINT TO CHECK
PRINT,
LIST=A(5),' ',B(5),DISTANCE(7.2),' ',@PCTADT@(4.3),' ',@prdc@LANE(2.0),' ',
HRLKCAP(5.0),' ',HRLNCAP(5.0),' ',
oldvol(8.2),' ',newvol(8.2),' ',%_iter_@prdc@VOL(8.2),' ',
ffspd(5.1),' ',%_iter_@prdc@VC(6.4),' ',%_iter_@prdc@VDF(6.4),
' ',ftype(3.0),' ',ATYPE(3.0),
' ',vc_1(6.4),' ',NEWSPD(5.1),%_iter_@prdc@SPD(5.1),
;
;
FILE=%_iter_@prdc@LLNK.ASC

ENDRUN
ENDLOOP
;-----
; Step 4
; Summarize 24 hour VMT of current AM, PM, & Off-Peak Assignments
;-----
;
;
RUN PGM=HWYNET
NETI[1]=tempam.net
NETI[2]=temppm.net
NETI[3]=tempop.net
NETO =%_iter_@HWY.NET
;
;
_VOLAM = LI.1.%_iter_@amVOL
_VOLPM = LI.2.%_iter_@pmVOL
_VOLOP = LI.3.%_iter_@opVOL

; COMPUTE FINAL DAILY VOLUME ON ALL LINKS
%_iter_@24VOL = _VOLAM + _VOLPM + _VOLOP ; Total Daily Volume

; COMPUTE FINAL DAILY VMT ON ALL NON-CENTROID LINKS
IF (FTYPE = 0)
%_iter_@24VMT = 0
ELSE
%_iter_@24VMT = %_iter_@24VOL * DISTANCE ; Total Daily VMT
ENDIF

;
;
IF (FTYPE=1-6)
TVOL00=ROUND((%VOLAM+%VOLPM+%VOLOP)/1000.0) ; total hwy vol in 000s
TVMT00=TVOL00*DISTANCE ; total hwy VMT in 000s
ELSE

```

```

TVOL00=0
TVMT00=0 ;
ENDIF
;
IF (FTYPE=1-6 && COUNT > 0 || (AMLIMIT = 2-3 || PMLIMIT=2-3 || OPLIMIT=2-3))
TVolEST=TVol00 ; total hwy vol in 000s
TVolobs=count ; total hwy vol in 000s
TVMTTEST=TVMT00 ; total hwy vol in 000s
TVMTOBS=count*DISTANCE ; total hwy VMT in 000s
ELSE
Tvmtest=0
TVMTobs=0 ; total hwy VMT in 000s
ENDIF
;
comp atype=spdc@class%10 ; area type code 1-7
; its the first digit of spdc@class var
; Crosstab TVMTEST,TVMTOBS by ATYPE and FTYPE
CROSSTAB VAR=TVMTEST,TVMTOBS, FORM=8cs,
ROW=ATYPE, RANGE=1-7-1,,1-7,
COL=FTYPE, RANGE=0-6-1,0-6,
COMP=TVMTEST-TVMTOBS, FORM=8cs, ; Difference (est-obs)
COMP=TVMTEST/TVMTOBS, FORM=8.2cs ; Ratio (est/obs)

; Crosstab TVMTEST,TVMTOBS by Jurisdiction and FTYPE
CROSSTAB VAR=TVMTEST,TVMTOBS, FORM=8cs,
ROW=JUR, RANGE=0-23-1,,0-23,
COL=FTYPE, RANGE=0-6-1,0-6,
COMP=TVMTEST-TVMTOBS, FORM=8cs, ; Difference (est-obs)
COMP=TVMTEST/TVMTOBS, FORM=8.2cs ; Ratio (est/obs)

; Crosstab TVMTEST,TVMTOBS by Screenline and FTYPE
CROSSTAB VAR=TVolEST,TVolOBS, FORM=8cs,
ROW=SCREEN, RANGE=1-38-1,,1-38,
COL=FTYPE, RANGE=0-6-1,0-6,
COMP=TVolEST-TVolOBS, FORM=8cs, ; Difference (est-obs)
COMP=TVolEST/TVolOBS, FORM=8.2cs ; Ratio (est/obs)
;-----
;
; Crosstab Total VMT by Jurisdiction and FTYPE
CROSSTAB VAR=%_iter_@24VMT, FORM=12cs,
ROW=JUR, RANGE=0-23-1,,0-23,
COL=FTYPE, RANGE=0-6-1,0-6

ENDRUN

```

7 Highway_Build_Toll.s

```

=====
; HIGHWAY_BUILD_TOLL.S
;
; MWCOG Version 2.2 Model - Highway Network Building Program
;
; This program includes the functions of the closestp, atypetp,
; and arealktp programs in Version 2.1/TP+ Release C.
; NOTE: Step 1.4 (Highway network build) updated on 3/28/04
; to ensure TOLLGRP is coded with a value of '1' for
; the condition: TOLL > 0 and TOLLGRP = 0.
;
;
; STEP 1.1 - 1.5 BUILD BASE HIGHWAY NETWORK
; INPUT:  node.asc, link.asc, zone.asc, areaover.asc,
;         amspd.lkp, opspd.lkp, tazamspd.lkp, tazopspd.lkp,
;         atype.asc
;
; OUTPUTS: zonehwy.net --BUILT HIGHWAY NETWORK(AM,PM,Off-Pk)
;          wknet.tb   --(Walk links, transit netwk)
;          trn_fwyn.asc --highway links, freeway nodes)
;
; STEP 2 - DEVELOP ZONAL HIGHWAY TERMINAL TIMES
; INPUT:  ZONE.ASC --Zonal land use file
; OUTPUT: ZTERMTM.ASC --Zonal Highway Terminal Time file
;
;=====
;; Updates:
; modified by DV to allow for tollgrp=10; 8/16/2005
; tollgrp now takes up fields 66-67, not just 67; 8/16/2005
;
;; V2.2 Updates:
; 11/7/06/RM - Steps 1.1 and 1.2 changed to read and process RECI
; file inputs.
; - Toll Group code field expanded from 66-67 to
; 66-69 to accommodate HOT lane Work (now is 4 digits)
; - Cnt_Type link attribute added to further clarify COUNT;
; The codes will be: 0/ no count or unknown count type
;                   1/ Permanent Count, full year operation
;                   2/ Permanent Count, part year operation
;                   6/ Program count collected during current yr
;                   7/ Program count collected previous year,
; but adjusted to current year
; HWY_Deflator.txt is now used - as a default deflation factor
;=====
; PARAMETERS / Files DEFINED in TP MAIN:
;
ZONESIZE = 2191 ; Max. TAZ No. (Param)
LSTITAZ = 2144 ; Last Internal Zone No. (Param)

NODEFILE = 'INPUTS\NODE.ASC' ; Node X/Y File (I/P file)
LINKFILE = 'INPUTS\LINK.ASC' ; Node X/Y File (I/P file)
ZONEFILE = 'INPUTS\ZONE.ASC' ; Zonal Land Use File (I/P file)

AT_OVR = 'INPUTS\AREAOVER.ASC' ; Area Type Override file (I/P file)

AMSPD = 'inputs\AMSPD.LKP' ; AM Speed lookup ATxFT (I/P file)
OPSPD = 'inputs\OPSPD.LKP' ; OP Speed lookup ATxFT (I/P file)
AMSPDTF = 'inputs\TAZAMSPD.LKP' ; AM Speed lookup TAZxFT (I/P file)
OPSPDTF = 'inputs\TAZOPSPD.LKP' ; OP Speed lookup TAZxFT (I/P file)

```

```

IN_TESC = 'INPUTS\TOLL.ESC' ; INPUT Toll Escalation Param file
HWY_Defl = 'HWY_Deflator.txt' ; INPUT Default Highway Deflator not defined in
toll.esc file

TCRDFILE = 'TAZCRD.ASC' ; TAZ X/Y File Temp. File
ATYPFILE = 'ATYPE.ASC' ; Zonal Area Type file (O/P file)
OU_BSNET = 'ZONEHWY.NET' ; OUTPUT BUILT network FILE

;-----
; STEP 1.1: Create TAZ Coordinate File from 'full' Network Node
; Coordinate File. Put results in TAZCRD.ASC file
;-----

RUN PGM=MATRIX

RECI=@NODEFILE@, Fields= 1-6, 7-14, 15-22 ; node/xCRD/yCRD
;
; If current node is within the TAZ number range, print out XY Coords.
;
IF (RECI.NFIELD[1] <= @ZONESIZE@)

PRINT
LIST=reci.nfield[1](5),reci.nfield[2](10),reci.nfield[3](10),FILE=TAZCRD.ASC

ENDIF

ENDRUN

;-----
; STEP 1.2: Find the Closest TAZ to each Highway node in the system.
; Put results in NODCRDZN.ASC file
;-----

RUN PGM=MATRIX
RECI=@NODEFILE@, Fields= 1-6, 7-14, 15-22 ; node/xCRD/yCRD
;
; Read in TAZ XY file as a lookup...
;
LOOKUP NAME=TAZCRD,
LOOKUP[1] = 1, RESULT=2, ; X Crd of (TAZ)
LOOKUP[2] = 1, RESULT=3, ; Y Crd of (TAZ)
INTERPOLATE=N, FAIL= 0,0,0, FILE=TAZCRD.ASC
;
; If current node is a TAZ and XYs are non-zero then
; the closest TAZ is itself. Write it out.
;
;
IF (reci.nfield[1] <= @ZONESIZE@ )
NODE_TAZ = reci.nfield[1]
NODEXCRD = reci.nfield[2]
NODEYCRD = reci.nfield[3]
MINDIST = 0

PRINT LIST=reci.nfield[1](6),reci.nfield[2](8),reci.nfield[3](8),
NODE_TAZ(8),MINDIST(8.2),FILE=NODCRDZN.ASC
;
; Else if current node is a non-TAZ and XYs are non-zero then
; loop through each TAZ, compute the node-TAZ distance and
; determine which TAZ is closest. Write it out.
;
ELSE

```

Appendix E TP+ scripts

```

MiNDIST =9999999.      ; initialize minimum distance to large no.

LOOP IDX=1,@ZONESIZE@
  CURDIST=  SQRT((reci.nfield[2] - TAZCRD(1,IDX))**2 +
              (reci.nfield[3] - TAZCRD(2,IDX))**2)/5280.

  IF (CURDIST < MiNDIST)
    NODEXCRD = reci.nfield[2]
    NODEYCRD = reci.nfield[3]
    MiNDIST  = CURDIST
    NODE_TAZ = IDX
  ENDIF

ENDLOOP

PRINT LIST=reci.nfield[1](6),reci.nfield[2](8),reci.nfield[3](8),
        NODE_TAZ(8),MiNDIST(8.2),FILE=NODCRDZN.ASC
ENDIF

ENDRUN

;-----
; STEP 1.3: Determine the Area Type of each TAZ based on the 1-mile
; 'floating' pop and emp density. Put results in AREATP.ASC file.
;-----

RUN PGM=MATRIX
ZONES=@ZONESIZE@

; Keep zone arrays for the 'floating' pop, emp, area, pop. density,
; emp. density, pop den class, emp den class, 'standard' area type,
; & 'final' (override) areatype

ARRAY CUMPOP = @ZONESIZE@, CUMEMP = @ZONESIZE@, CUMAREA = @ZONESIZE@,
      POPDEN = @ZONESIZE@, EMPDEN = @ZONESIZE@, POPDCL = @ZONESIZE@,
      EMPDCL = @ZONESIZE@, AREATP = @ZONESIZE@, F_AREATP = @ZONESIZE@

;
; read land use file into lookup table
;

ZDATI[1] = @ZONEFILE@ ,Z      = 1- 4,
          HH      = 8-15,
          HHPOP   = 16-23,
          GQPOP   = 24-31,
          TOTPOP  = 32-39,
          TOTEMP  = 40-47,
          INDEMP  = 48-55,
          RETEMP  = 56-63,
          OFFEMP  = 64-71,
          OTHEMP  = 72-79,
          JURCODE = 80-81,
          AREA    = 83-92

;
; read TAZ XY file into lookup table
;

ZDATI[2] = @TCRDFILE@ ,Z      = 1- 5,
          X      = 6-15,
          Y      = 16-25
;

```

```

; Define Area Type codes based on pop/emp classes in lookup table
;

LOOKUP NAME=ATL,
  LOOKUP[1] = 1, RESULT=2,
  LOOKUP[2] = 1, RESULT=3,
  LOOKUP[3] = 1, RESULT=4,
  LOOKUP[4] = 1, RESULT=5,
  LOOKUP[5] = 1, RESULT=6,
  LOOKUP[6] = 1, RESULT=7,
  LOOKUP[7] = 1, RESULT=8,
  INTERPOLATE=N, FAIL= 0,0,0,
;
; POP      Emp      Emp      Emp      Emp      Emp      Emp      Emp
; Density Den.      Den.      Den.      Den.      Den.      Den.      Den.
; Class   Class1 Class2 Class3 Class4 Class5 Class6 Class7
; -----
R=" 1, 7, 7, 5, 5, 2, 2, 2 ",
  " 2, 7, 5, 5, 5, 2, 2, 2 ",
  " 3, 6, 6, 5, 5, 2, 2, 2 ",
  " 4, 6, 6, 4, 3, 2, 2, 2 ",
  " 5, 4, 4, 3, 3, 2, 2, 1 ",
  " 6, 4, 3, 3, 3, 2, 2, 1 ",
  " 7, 3, 3, 3, 2, 2, 2, 1 "
;
;
; Zonal Area Type Overrides
;

LOOKUP NAME=ATOVR,
  LOOKUP[1] = 1, RESULT=2,      ; AREA TYPE (1-7) Override
  INTERPOLATE=N, FAIL= 0,0,0,  FILE=@AT_OVR@
;
;
; Accumulate 1-mi 'floating' pop & emp & area here, for each TAZ
;
;
LOOP IDX=1,@ZONESIZE@
  CURDIST=
    SQRT((X[I] - X[IDX])**2 + (Y[I]-Y[IDX])**2)/ 5280.

  IF (CURDIST < 1.00 && X[I] > 0 && X[IDX] > 0)
    CUMPOP[I] = CUMPOP[I] + TOTPOP[IDX]
    CUMEMP[I] = CUMEMP[I] + TOTEMP[IDX]
    CUMAREA[I] = CUMAREA[I] + AREA[IDX]
  ENDIF
ENDLOOP

;
; Now that we have the floating pop & emp & area, compute the
; floating population / employment density
;

IF (CUMAREA[I] = 0)
  POPDEN[I] = 0
  EMPDEN[I] = 0
ELSE
  POPDEN[I] = CUMPOP[I] / CUMAREA[I]
  EMPDEN[I] = CUMEMP[I] / CUMAREA[I]
ENDIF

;
; Use the floating pop & emp density to determine the

```

Appendix E TP+ scripts

```

; population density class, employment density class
-
;

IF (POPDEN[I] < 100. )
  POPDCL[I] = 1
ELSEIF (POPDEN[I] < 350. )
  POPDCL[I] = 2
ELSEIF (POPDEN[I] < 1500. )
  POPDCL[I] = 3
ELSEIF (POPDEN[I] < 3500. )
  POPDCL[I] = 4
ELSEIF (POPDEN[I] < 6500. )
  POPDCL[I] = 5
ELSEIF (POPDEN[I] < 10000. )
  POPDCL[I] = 6
ELSE
  POPDCL[I] = 7
ENDIF

IF (EMPDEN[I] < 100. )
  EMPDCL[I] = 1
ELSEIF (EMPDEN[I] < 500. )
  EMPDCL[I] = 2
ELSEIF (EMPDEN[I] < 1500. )
  EMPDCL[I] = 3
ELSEIF (EMPDEN[I] < 5000. )
  EMPDCL[I] = 4
ELSEIF (EMPDEN[I] < 15000. )
  EMPDCL[I] = 5
ELSEIF (EMPDEN[I] < 35000. )
  EMPDCL[I] = 6
ELSE
  EMPDCL[I] = 7
ENDIF

;
; The pop den class, emp den class are then used to determine
; the area type
;

AREATP[I] = ATL(EMPDCL[I],POPDCL[I])

;
; Impose null overrides for external zones
;

IF (I > @LSTITAZ@ )
  CUMPOP[I] = 0
  CUMEMP[I] = 0
  CUMAREA[I] = 0
  POPDEN[I] = 0
  EMPDEN[I] = 0
  POPDCL[I] = 1
  EMPDCL[I] = 1
  AREATP[I] = 7
ENDIF

;
; The Final area-type equals standard area type...
;
  F_AREATP[I] = AREATP[I] ; Final Area Type = 'Standard' AT

```

```

;
; ...unless a non-zero area-type override code exists
;
  IF (ATOVR(1,I) > 0) ;
    F_AREATP[I] = ATOVR(1,I)
  ENDIF

; all done
; -----
; -----
; If at the last zone, print out results and compute basic stats
;

LOOP IDX=1,@ZONESIZE@
  IF (I = @ZONESIZE@)
    ; Accumulate Final Area Type Frequencies for listing
    ;
    IF (F_AREATP[IDX] = 1)
      AT1_CNT = AT1_CNT + 1
      TPOP1=TPOP1+TOTPOP[IDX]
      TEMP1=TEMP1+TOTEMP[IDX]
    ENDIF
    IF (F_AREATP[IDX] = 2)
      AT2_CNT = AT2_CNT + 1
      TPOP2=TPOP2+TOTPOP[IDX]
      TEMP2=TEMP2+TOTEMP[IDX]
    ENDIF
    IF (F_AREATP[IDX] = 3)
      AT3_CNT = AT3_CNT + 1
      TPOP3=TPOP3+TOTPOP[IDX]
      TEMP3=TEMP3+TOTEMP[IDX]
    ENDIF
    IF (F_AREATP[IDX] = 4)
      AT4_CNT = AT4_CNT + 1
      TPOP4=TPOP4+TOTPOP[IDX]
      TEMP4=TEMP4+TOTEMP[IDX]
    ENDIF
    IF (F_AREATP[IDX] = 5)
      AT5_CNT = AT5_CNT + 1
      TPOP5=TPOP5+TOTPOP[IDX]
      TEMP5=TEMP5+TOTEMP[IDX]
    ENDIF
    IF (F_AREATP[IDX] = 6)
      AT6_CNT = AT6_CNT + 1
      TPOP6=TPOP6+TOTPOP[IDX]
      TEMP6=TEMP6+TOTEMP[IDX]
    ENDIF
    IF (F_AREATP[IDX] = 7)
      AT7_CNT = AT7_CNT + 1
      TPOP7=TPOP7+TOTPOP[IDX]
      TEMP7=TEMP7+TOTEMP[IDX]
    ENDIF

    IF (F_AREATP[IDX] < 1) ERR_CNT = ERR_CNT+1
    IF (F_AREATP[IDX] > 7) ERR_CNT = ERR_CNT+1

    TOT_CNT = TOT_CNT+1 TPOP =TPOP +TOTPOP[IDX] TEMP =TEMP +TOTEMP[IDX]

    IF (ATOVR(1,IDX) > 0 )
      PRINT LIST= IDX(5),TOTPOP[IDX](8),TOTEMP[IDX](8),AREA[IDX](8.2),
        CUMPOP[IDX](8),CUMEMP[IDX](8),CUMAREA[IDX](8.2),
        POPDCL[IDX](4),EMPDCL[IDX](4),AREATP[IDX](4),
        F_AREATP[IDX](4),' ; * (Override) ',
        FILE=ATYPE.ASC
    ELSE
      PRINT LIST= IDX(5),TOTPOP[IDX](8),TOTEMP[IDX](8),AREA[IDX](8.2),
        CUMPOP[IDX](8),CUMEMP[IDX](8),CUMAREA[IDX](8.2),

```

Appendix E TP+ scripts

```
POPDCI[IDX](4),EMPDCI[IDX](4),AREATP[IDX](4),
F_AREATP[IDX](4),' ' ;
FILE=ATYPE.ASC
ENDIF
; PRINT VARIANT ZONAL FILE FOR PUMP_PRIME_SKIMS.S AND TRIP GEN PROGRAM
PRINT LIST= IDX(5),' ',X[IDX](8),Y[IDX](8),
TOTPOP[IDX](5),' ',TOTEMP[IDX](5),' ',AREA[IDX](8.4),
CUMPOP[IDX](6),' ',CUMEMP[IDX](6),' ',
F_AREATP[IDX](1),
FILE = BASEZON.DAT

ENDIF

ENDLOOP

;
; Compute Final Area Type Percentages for listing
;

IF (I = @ZONESIZE@)
AT1_PCT= AT1_CNT / TOT_CNT * 100.
AT2_PCT= AT2_CNT / TOT_CNT * 100.
AT3_PCT= AT3_CNT / TOT_CNT * 100.
AT4_PCT= AT4_CNT / TOT_CNT * 100.
AT5_PCT= AT5_CNT / TOT_CNT * 100.
AT6_PCT= AT6_CNT / TOT_CNT * 100.
AT7_PCT= AT7_CNT / TOT_CNT * 100.
TOT_PCT= TOT_CNT / TOT_CNT * 100.
ERR_PCT= ERR_CNT / TOT_CNT * 100.

TPOP1PT= TPOP1 / TPOP * 100.
TPOP2PT= TPOP2 / TPOP * 100.
TPOP3PT= TPOP3 / TPOP * 100.
TPOP4PT= TPOP4 / TPOP * 100.
TPOP5PT= TPOP5 / TPOP * 100.
TPOP6PT= TPOP6 / TPOP * 100.
TPOP7PT= TPOP7 / TPOP * 100.
TPOP_PT= TPOP / TPOP * 100.

TEMP1PT= TEMP1 / TEMP * 100.
TEMP2PT= TEMP2 / TEMP * 100.
TEMP3PT= TEMP3 / TEMP * 100.
TEMP4PT= TEMP4 / TEMP * 100.
TEMP5PT= TEMP5 / TEMP * 100.
TEMP6PT= TEMP6 / TEMP * 100.
TEMP7PT= TEMP7 / TEMP * 100.
TEMP_PT= TEMP / TEMP * 100.

PRINT LIST= ' Area Type Statistics '
PRINT LIST= '-----'
PRINT LIST= '
PRINT LIST= '          TAZ Count ' , ' ' , ' TAZ Pct. ' , ' ' , '
POPULATION ' , ' ' , ' POP Pct. ' , ' ' , ' EMPLOYMENT ' , ' ' , ' EMP Pct. '
PRINT LIST= '-----'
PRINT LIST= '-----'
PRINT LIST= 'Area Type 1: ' , AT1_CNT(11), ' ' , AT1_PCT(11.2) , ' ' ,
TPOP1(11) , ' ' , TPOP1PT(11.2) , ' ' , TEMP1(11) , ' ' , TEMP1PT(11.2)
PRINT LIST= 'Area Type 2: ' , AT2_CNT(11), ' ' , AT2_PCT(11.2) , ' ' ,
TPOP2(11) , ' ' , TPOP2PT(11.2) , ' ' , TEMP2(11) , ' ' , TEMP2PT(11.2)
```

```
PRINT LIST= 'Area Type 3: ' , AT3_CNT(11), ' ' , AT3_PCT(11.2) , ' ' ,
TPOP3(11) , ' ' , TPOP3PT(11.2) , ' ' , TEMP3(11) , ' ' , TEMP3PT(11.2)
PRINT LIST= 'Area Type 4: ' , AT4_CNT(11), ' ' , AT4_PCT(11.2) , ' ' ,
TPOP4(11) , ' ' , TPOP4PT(11.2) , ' ' , TEMP4(11) , ' ' , TEMP4PT(11.2)
PRINT LIST= 'Area Type 5: ' , AT5_CNT(11), ' ' , AT5_PCT(11.2) , ' ' ,
TPOP5(11) , ' ' , TPOP5PT(11.2) , ' ' , TEMP5(11) , ' ' , TEMP5PT(11.2)
PRINT LIST= 'Area Type 6: ' , AT6_CNT(11), ' ' , AT6_PCT(11.2) , ' ' ,
TPOP6(11) , ' ' , TPOP6PT(11.2) , ' ' , TEMP6(11) , ' ' , TEMP6PT(11.2)
PRINT LIST= 'Area Type 7: ' , AT7_CNT(11), ' ' , AT7_PCT(11.2) , ' ' ,
TPOP7(11) , ' ' , TPOP7PT(11.2) , ' ' , TEMP7(11) , ' ' , TEMP7PT(11.2)
PRINT LIST= ' '
PRINT LIST= ' Total ---- ' , TOT_CNT(11), ' ' , TOT_PCT(11.2) , ' ' ,
TPOP(11) , ' ' , TPOP_PT(11.2) , ' ' , TEMP(11) , ' ' , TEMP_PT(11.2)
PRINT LIST= ' '
PRINT LIST= ' '
PRINT LIST= ' '
PRINT LIST= 'Error Count ' , Err_CNT(11), ' ' , Err_PCT(11.2)
ENDIF

ENDRUN

;=====  
; Step 1.4.  
; Highway Building - Part 1,  
; Develop Area type, Spdclass/CapClass Vars  
;  
;=====  
;  
;  
;  
RUN PGM = HWYNET  
ZONES=@ZONESIZE@  
  
; Node Coordinate File  
; XY Units are NAD83 (in whole feet)  
FILEI NODEI=NODCRDZN.ASC,  
VAR=N,01-06, ; Node  
VAR=X,07-14, ; X Crd  
VAR=Y,15-22, ; Y Crd  
VAR=TZ,27-30, ; Nearest TAZ associated with node  
VAR=DS,33-38 ; Distance from node to nearest taz  
  
; Highway Links  
FILEI LINKI=@LINKFILE@,  
VAR=A,01-05, ; A-Node Number  
VAR=B,06-10, ; B-Node Number  
VAR=DISTANCE,13-17, ; Distance in whole miles (xx.xx)  
VAR=SPDCCLASS,23-24, ; Speed Class(optional)  
VAR=CAPCLASS,26-27, ; Capacity Class(optional)  
VAR=COUNT,30-33, ; Observed AAWDT in 1000's  
VAR=COUNT_TYPE,35-36, ; Count Type 0,1,2,6,7  
VAR=JUR,39-40, ; Jurisdiction Code (0-23)  
VAR=SCREEN,51-52, ; Screenline Code (1-36)  
VAR=FTYPE,54-55, ; Facility Type Code (0-6)  
VAR=TOLL,61-64, ; Current year Toll Value in cents  
VAR=TOLLGRP,66-69, ; Toll Group code (1-10)  
VAR=AMLANE,81-82, ; AM Peak Prd. No. of Lanes  
VAR=AMLIMIT,84-85, ; AM Peak Period Operation Code (0-9)  
VAR=PMLANE,87-88, ; PM Peak Prd. No. of Lanes  
VAR=PMLIMIT,90-91, ; PM Peak Period Operation Code (0-9)  
VAR=OPLANE,93-94, ; Off-Peak Prd. No. of Lanes  
VAR=OPLIMIT,96-97, ; Off-Peak Period Operation Code (0-9)  
VAR=PROJ_ID,TYP=A,BEG=107,LEN=10; Project ID String  
  
; Note:  
; The Standard SPDCCLASS(1-67), CAPCLASS(1-67), & TAZ defined below
```

Appendix E TP+ scripts

```

;
; WRITE TEMPORARY NETWORK TO BE PASSED ONTO NEXT STEP
NETO=TEMP.NET

;-----
; Develop Link Area type/ Spdclass/ Capclass Attributes -
;-----

;
; Zonal Area Type Lookup (produced above)
;
LOOKUP NAME=ZNAT,
  LOOKUP[1] = 1, RESULT=11, ; ZONAL AREA TYPE (1-7)
  INTERPOLATE=N, FAIL= 0,0,0, LIST=N, FILE=@ATYPFILE@

;
; The TAZ designated for the link is that with the minimum distance
; to either the A-node or the B-node
;
      TAZ=A.TZ
      IF (B.DS < A.DS)
        TAZ=B.TZ
      ENDIF

;
; With the TAZ designated, now the speed/capacity class is defined as
; a two-digit code-- facility type & areatype
;
      SPDCLASS = FTYPE*10 + ZNAT(1,TAZ) ; Speed Class
      CAPCLASS = FTYPE*10 + ZNAT(1,TAZ) ; Capacity Class
      AREATP = ZNAT(1,TAZ) ; Area Type

;
; Check that TOLLGRP is coded for any link coded with a TOLL value-
; IF TOLLGRP is not coded with non-zero value, then give it a default
; value of '1.0'
;
      IF (TOLL > 0.0 && TOLLGRP = 0.0)
        TOLLGRP = 1.0
      ENDIF

;
ENDRUN

;=====
; Step 1.5:
; Highway Building - Part 2, compute initial highway speed,
; write out support files
;=====
;
;
RUN PGM = HWYNET

ZONES=@ZONESIZE@

NETI=TEMP.NET
; output network in TP+ format
NETO=@OU_BSNET@

READ FILE=@IN_TESC@
READ FILE=@HWY_Defl@
;
; Compute AM, PM, Off-Peak Tolls

```

```

; The tolls are read in as undeflated, tbased on the coded TOLL value on the
; link and/or as a function of a distance based rate;
; The deflation is handled below. If the 'escfac' lookup (in the TOLL.ESC file)
; is non-zero, then it is used to deflate. It is zero, then the default
; highway deflator 'DEFLATION' (calculated in the SET_Factors.s script) is used.
; The recommended approach is to set the 'escfac' lookup array to zero and use
; HWY_Deflator
;

; deflated toll based on escfac:
AMTOLL=(TOLL+(DSTFAC(1,tollgrp)*DISTANCE))*TTFAC(1,tollgrp)*escfac(1,tollgrp)
PMTOLL=(TOLL+(DSTFAC(1,tollgrp)*DISTANCE))*TTFAC(2,tollgrp)*escfac(1,tollgrp)
OPTOLL=(TOLL+(DSTFAC(1,tollgrp)*DISTANCE))*TTFAC(3,tollgrp)*escfac(1,tollgrp)

; if escfac set to zero then deflate based on HWY_Deflator:
IF (AMTOLL = 0)
  AMTOLL=(TOLL+(DSTFAC(1,tollgrp)*DISTANCE))*TTFAC(1,tollgrp)*DEFLATIONFTR
ENDIF
IF (PMTOLL = 0)
  PMTOLL=(TOLL+(DSTFAC(1,tollgrp)*DISTANCE))*TTFAC(2,tollgrp)*DEFLATIONFTR
ENDIF
IF (OPTOLL = 0)
  OPTOLL=(TOLL+(DSTFAC(1,tollgrp)*DISTANCE))*TTFAC(3,tollgrp)*DEFLATIONFTR
ENDIF
; -----

;
; AM and Off-peak Initial Speed Lookup Tables...
;
; Two sets of initial AM/Opk speeds are used, one by TAZ and Fac. Type,
; and one by Facility type and Area type. The more detailed TAZ
; fac. type table will be used unless it returns a value of zero.
; In that case, the less detailed atype/ftype value will be used.
;
lookup name = tazamspd, ; AM Initial Speeds TAZ x Fac.Type
lookup[1] = 1,result=2, ; AM CentConn Speeds (mph)
lookup[2] = 1,result=3, ; AM Freeway Speeds (mph)
lookup[3] = 1,result=4, ; AM Maj Art Speeds (mph)
lookup[4] = 1,result=5, ; AM Min Art Speeds (mph)
lookup[5] = 1,result=6, ; AM Collect Speeds (mph)
lookup[6] = 1,result=7, ; AM Exprway Speeds (mph)
lookup[7] = 1,result=8, ; AM Ramp Speeds (mph)
interpolate=N,fail=0,0,0,file=@AMSPDTF@

lookup name = tazopspd, ; Off-pk Initial Speeds TAZ x Fac.Type
lookup[1] = 1,result=2, ; Off-pk CentConn Speeds (mph)
lookup[2] = 1,result=3, ; Off-pk Freeway Speeds (mph)
lookup[3] = 1,result=4, ; Off-pk Maj Art Speeds (mph)
lookup[4] = 1,result=5, ; Off-pk Min Art Speeds (mph)
lookup[5] = 1,result=6, ; Off-pk Collect Speeds (mph)
lookup[6] = 1,result=7, ; Off-pk Exprway Speeds (mph)
lookup[7] = 1,result=8, ; Off-pk Ramp Speeds (mph)
interpolate=N,fail=0,0,0,file=@OPSPDTF@

lookup name = amspd, ; AM Initial Speeds Atype x Ftype
lookup[1] = 1,result=2, ; AM CentConn Speeds (mph)
lookup[2] = 1,result=3, ; AM Freeway Speeds (mph)
lookup[3] = 1,result=4, ; AM Maj Art Speeds (mph)
lookup[4] = 1,result=5, ; AM Min Art Speeds (mph)
lookup[5] = 1,result=6, ; AM Collect Speeds (mph)
lookup[6] = 1,result=7, ; AM Exprway Speeds (mph)
lookup[7] = 1,result=8, ; AM Ramp Speeds (mph)
interpolate=N,fail=0,0,0,file=@AMSPD@

lookup name = opspd, ; Off-Pk Initial Speeds Atype x Ftype
lookup[1] = 1,result=2, ; Off-pk CentConn Speeds (mph)

```

Appendix E TP+ scripts

```

lookup[2] = 1,result=3, ; Off-pk Freeway Speeds (mph)
lookup[3] = 1,result=4, ; Off-pk Maj Art Speeds (mph)
lookup[4] = 1,result=5, ; Off-pk Min Art Speeds (mph)
lookup[5] = 1,result=6, ; Off-pk Collect Speeds (mph)
lookup[6] = 1,result=7, ; Off-pk Exprway Speeds (mph)
lookup[7] = 1,result=8, ; Off-pk Ramp Speeds (mph)
interpolate=N,fail=0,0,0,file=@OPSPD@

_IDX = FTYPE + 1
PPAMSPD = TAZAMSPD(_IDX,TAZ)
PPOPSPD = TAZOPSPD(_IDX,TAZ)

IF (PPAMSPD = 0)
  PPAMSPD= AMSPD(_IDX,AREATP)
ENDIF
IF (PPOPSPD = 0)
  PPOPSPD= OPSPD(_IDX,AREATP)
ENDIF

;
; ESTABLISH AM/PM/OFF-PEAK Highway Times (for the transit Network)
;
PPPMSPD = PPAMSPD ; assume PM spd is equal to AM
IF (PPAMSPD != 0 )
  AMHTIME = (DISTANCE/PPAMSPD)*60.00
  PMHTIME = (DISTANCE/PPPMSPD)*60.00
ELSE
  AMHTIME = 0
  PMHTIME = 0
ENDIF

IF (PPOPSPD != 0 )
  OPHTIME = (DISTANCE/PPOPSPD)*60.00
ELSE
  OPHTIME = 0
ENDIF

;-----
; Generate list of walk links for transit path building -
;-----
; Critrerea for a Walk Link:
; 1)The links are non-centroids and non-freeways (spdclass > 19)
; 2)The X coordinate range OR Y coordinate range of the A/B nodes are within
; the following pre-designated 'downtown-like' areas as defined by
; XY coordinate ranges:
; X range: 1304529- 1313238 Y range: 442628- 450578 DC Downtown Area 1
; X range: 1294904- 1306426 Y range: 443406- 453764 DC Downtown Area 2
; X range: 1301347- 1304777 Y range: 481102- 484409 Silver Spring
; X range: 1297245- 1297442 Y range: 437527- 437730 Pentagon
;

if (spdclass>19) ; if link is non-centroid & non-freeway type

if ((a.x= 1304529- 1313238 || b.x= 1304529- 1313238 ) &&
(a.y= 442628- 450578 || b.y= 442628- 450578 ))
  _walkflg =1
elseif ((a.x= 1294904- 1306426 || b.x= 1294904- 1306426 ) &&
(a.y= 443406- 453764 || b.y= 443406- 453764 ))
  _walkflg =2
elseif ((a.x= 1301347- 1304777 || b.x= 1301347- 1304777 ) &&
(a.y= 481102- 484409 || b.y= 481102- 484409 ))
  _walkflg =3
elseif ((a.x= 1297245- 1297442 || b.x= 1297245- 1297442 ) &&
(a.y= 437527- 437730 || b.y= 437527- 437730 ))
  _walkflg =4
else
  _walkflg=0
endif

```

```

if (_walkflg > 0) ; if anode or bnode of link is within predefined areas

  print list='SUPPORT N=',a(5),'-',b(5),' MODES=13 SPEED=3 ONEWAY=Y',
  ' ',_walkflg(3),file=wlknet.tb
endif
endif

;
;-----
; Generate list of Freeway Nodes for cntconn2 program -
;-----
;
;print list=a(5),b(5),' ',FTYPE(2),
;file=LINKBSE.DAT
;-----
if (spdclass=10-19)
print list=a(6),file=trn_fwyn.asc
endif

; CREATE SOME FREQUENCY-CROSSTABS FOR CHECKING
_CNT= 1

CROSSTAB VAR=_CNT,ROW=FTYPE, RANGE=1-7-1, COL=AMLANE, RANGE=1-7-1
CROSSTAB VAR=_CNT,ROW=FTYPE, RANGE=1-7-1, COL=OPLANE, RANGE=1-7-1
CROSSTAB VAR=_CNT,ROW=FTYPE, RANGE=1-7-1, COL=PMLANE, RANGE=1-7-1

CROSSTAB VAR=_CNT,ROW=FTYPE, RANGE=1-7-1, COL=AMLIMIT, RANGE=0-9-1
CROSSTAB VAR=_CNT,ROW=FTYPE, RANGE=1-7-1, COL=OPLIMIT, RANGE=0-9-1
CROSSTAB VAR=_CNT,ROW=FTYPE, RANGE=1-7-1, COL=PMLIMIT, RANGE=0-9-1

;
;
ENDRUN

;-----
; STEP 2:
; HIGHWAY TERMINAL TIME DEVELOPMENT
; Input File: ZONE.ASC (Standard Land Use File)
;
; Output File: ZTERMTM.ASC ZONAL TERMINAL TIME FILE
;
;-----
RUN PGM=MATRIX
zones=@ZONESIZE@
; READ ZONAL EMPLOYMENT AND AREA FROM 'STANDARD' V2 LAND USE FILE

ZDATI[1]= @ZONEFILE@, Z=1-4,EMP=40-47,SQMI=83-92

; CREATE ZONAL ARRAY FOR EMPLOYMENT DENSITY

ARRAY, ; CREATE ZONAL ARRAYS
EDENSITY = @ZONESIZE@, ; ARRAY FOR EMPLOYMENT DENSITY
TERMTM = @ZONESIZE@ ; ARRAY FOR TERMINAL TIME

IF (I=1) ; COMPUTE EMPLOYMENT DENSITY --
  LOOP INDEX=1,@ZONESIZE@ ; ONCE AT THE 1ST I ZONE 'PASS'
  IF (SQMI[INDEX] = 0)
    EDENSITY[INDEX] = 0
  ELSE
    EDENSITY[INDEX]=EMP[INDEX]/SQMI[INDEX]
  ENDF

```

Appendix E TP+ scripts

```
IF (INDEX>@LSTITAZ@)
    TERMTM[INDEX] = 0.0
ELSEIF (EDENSITY[INDEX] < 4618)
    TERMTM[INDEX] = 1.0
ELSEIF (EDENSITY[INDEX] < 6632)
    TERMTM[INDEX] = 2.0
ELSEIF (EDENSITY[INDEX] < 11563)
    TERMTM[INDEX] = 4.0
ELSEIF (EDENSITY[INDEX] < 32986)
    TERMTM[INDEX] = 6.0
ELSE
    TERMTM[INDEX] = 8.0
ENDIF

TOTEMP = TOTEMP+ EMP[INDEX] ; ACCUMULATE TOTAL EMP. FOR CHECKING
TOTSQM = TOTSQM+SQMI[INDEX] ; ACCUMULATE TOTAL SQMI.FOR CHECKING

; WRITE OUT ZONAL TERMINAL TIME FILE

LIST = INDEX(4), ' ', EMP[INDEX](6), ' ', SQMI[INDEX](10.2), ' ',
    TERMTM[INDEX](5), ' ' ; <-- TAZ, Empl, SqMi, HwyTermTime (min)',
    FILE=ZTERMTM.ASC

ENDLOOP
ENDIF

; NOW PRINT OUT THE REGIONAL EMPLOYMENT, SQ MILEAGE TOTALS FOR CHECKING

IF (I=@ZONESIZE@)
    LIST = ' ** THE TOTAL EMPLOYMENT INPUT IS: ', TOTEMP(12.0C)
    LIST = ' ** THE TOTAL SQ MILEAGE INPUT IS: ', TOTSQM(12.2C)
ENDIF

ENDRUN
```


8 Highway_Skims.s

```

////////////////////////////////////
; Highway_Skims.S          ///
; MWCOG Version 2.2 Model  ///
;                          ///
; Build AM Peak/Off-Peak Highway Skims  ///
; the Current Iteration Assignment  ///
; AM and Off-Pk Skims are built in 2 separate HWYLOAD  ///
; programs.  ///
; Three files are created, per SOV, HOV2, and HOV3 paths.///
; Each file will contain 3 Tables (in MINUTP format)  ///
; 1) Time (whole minutes)  ///
; 2) Distance (implied tenths of mi.)  ///
; 3) Toll (in 1980 cents)  ///
;
; 6/30/03 MODIFICATIONS FOR IMPROVED TOLL MODELING MADE rjm
;
;
////////////////////////////////////
; Environment Variables:
;   _iter_ (Iteration indicator = 'pp','il'-'i6')
;
NETIN = '%_iter_%hwy.net'

LOOP Period=1,2 ; We are looping through the skimming process
               ; twice: (1) for the AM Peak & (2) the Off-Peak

in_tskm = 'inputs\toll.skm' ; read in toll param file

IF (Period=1) ; AM Highway Skim tokens
  PRD = 'AM'
  MATOUT1 = 'sov%_iter_%am.skm'
  MATOUT2 = 'hov2%_iter_%am.skm'
  MATOUT3 = 'hov3%_iter_%am.skm'
  MYID = '%_iter_% AM skims'
ELSE ; OP Highway Skim tokens
  PRD = 'OP'
  MATOUT1 = 'sov%_iter_%op.skm'
  MATOUT2 = 'hov2%_iter_%op.skm'
  MATOUT3 = 'hov3%_iter_%op.skm'
  MYID = '%_iter_% OP skims'
ENDIF

RUN PGM=HWYLOAD
;
;
NETI =@NETIN@ ; Pk Prd TP+ network
MATO[1]=@MATOUT1@, MO=1-3, FORMAT=MINUTP ; LOV skims
MATO[2]=@MATOUT2@, MO=4-6, FORMAT=MINUTP ; HOV2 skims
MATO[3]=@MATOUT3@, MO=7-9, FORMAT=MINUTP ; HOV3+ skims
ID=@MYID@
;-
READ FILE = @in_tskm@
;-

PHASE=LINKREAD
SPEED = LI.%_iter_%@PRD@SPD ;Restrained speed (min)
IF (SPEED = 0)
  T1 = 0
ELSE

```

```

  T1 = LI.DISTANCE / SPEED * 60.0
ENDIF
;-
; Define AM /OP link level tolls by vehicle type here:
LW.SOV@PRD@TOLL = LI.@PRD@TOLL * @PRD_TFAC(1,LI.TOLLGRP) ; SOV
TOLLS in 1980 cents
LW.HV2@PRD@TOLL = LI.@PRD@TOLL * @PRD_TFAC(2,LI.TOLLGRP) ; HOV 2
occ TOLLS in 1980 cents
LW.HV3@PRD@TOLL = LI.@PRD@TOLL * @PRD_TFAC(3,LI.TOLLGRP) ; HOV
3+occ TOLLS in 1980 cents
LW.TRK@PRD@TOLL = LI.@PRD@TOLL * @PRD_TFAC(4,LI.TOLLGRP) ; Truck
TOLLS in 1980 cents
LW.APX@PRD@TOLL = LI.@PRD@TOLL * @PRD_TFAC(5,LI.TOLLGRP) ; AP Pax
TOLLS in 1980 cents

; Define AM /OP IMPEDANCE by vehicle type here:
LW.SOV@PRD@IMP= T1 + ((LW.SOV@PRD@TOLL/100.0)* SV@PRD@EQM);SOV IMP
LW.HV2@PRD@IMP= T1 + ((LW.HV2@PRD@TOLL/100.0)* H2@PRD@EQM);HOV 2 IMP
LW.HV3@PRD@IMP= T1 + ((LW.HV3@PRD@TOLL/100.0)* H3@PRD@EQM);HOV 3+IMP
LW.TRK@PRD@IMP= T1 + ((LW.TRK@PRD@TOLL/100.0)* TK@PRD@EQM);Truck IMP
LW.APX@PRD@IMP= T1 + ((LW.APX@PRD@TOLL/100.0)* AP@PRD@EQM);APAX IMP

;
; Define the three path types here:
;
;
; limit codes used:
; 1=no prohibitions
; 2=prohibit 1/occ autos,trucks
; 3=prohibit 1&2occ autos,trucks
; 4=prohibit trucks
; 5=prohibit non-airport access trips
; 6-8=unused
; 9=prohibit all traffic use

IF (LI.@PRD@LIMIT = 2,3,5-9) ADDTOGROUP=1 ; SOV prohibited links
IF (LI.@PRD@LIMIT = 3,5-9) ADDTOGROUP=2 ; HOV2 prohibited links
IF (LI.@PRD@LIMIT = 5-9) ADDTOGROUP=3 ; HOV3+ prohibited links
;
ENDPHASE
;
; Now do the path skimming, per the three path types. Time, distance,
; and Toll skims created. Scaling to the desired specified below.
; All skims are based on minimum time paths.
;
; Note that override values of 0 will be inserted for disconnected ijs
; (i.e. cells associated with 'unused' zones and intrazonal cells).
; I don't like the TP+ default value of 1,000,000 for these situations
;
PHASE=ILOOP

PATHLOAD PATH=LW.SOV@PRD@IMP, EXCLUDEGRP=1, ; SOV paths
MW[1]=PATHTRACE(TIME), NOACCESS=0, ; -excluding links
MW[2]=PATHTRACE(DIST), NOACCESS=0, ; w/ LIMIT=2,3,5-9
MW[3]=PATHTRACE(LI.@PRD@TOLL), NOACCESS=0 ;
PATHLOAD PATH=LW.HV2@PRD@IMP, EXCLUDEGRP=2, ; HOV2 paths
MW[4]=PATHTRACE(TIME), NOACCESS=0, ; -excluding links
MW[5]=PATHTRACE(DIST), NOACCESS=0, ; w/ LIMIT=3,5-9
MW[6]=PATHTRACE(LI.@PRD@TOLL), NOACCESS=0 ;
PATHLOAD PATH=LW.HV3@PRD@IMP, EXCLUDEGRP=3, ; HOV3+ paths
MW[7]=PATHTRACE(TIME), NOACCESS=0, ; -excluding links
MW[8]=PATHTRACE(DIST), NOACCESS=0, ; w/ LIMIT=5-9
MW[9]=PATHTRACE(LI.@PRD@TOLL), NOACCESS=0 ;

;-----
; scaling, rounding of skim tables done here!!
;-----

```

Appendix E TP+ scripts

```
mw[1] = ROUND(MW[1])           ; ROUND TIME SKIMS
mw[4] = ROUND(MW[4])           ; TO WHOLE MINUTES
mw[7] = ROUND(MW[7])           ;
mw[1] = MIN(MW[1],326.0) ; Impose Max TIME / MC Model Maximum
mw[4] = MIN(MW[4],326.0) ; Impose Max TIME / MC Model Maximum
mw[7] = MIN(MW[7],326.0) ; Impose Max TIME / MC Model Maximum
                        ; ...just in case
mw[2] = ROUND(MW[2]*10)        ; FACTOR/ROUND DIST.
mw[5] = ROUND(MW[5]*10)        ; SKIMS TO IMPLICIT
mw[8] = ROUND(MW[8]*10)        ; 1/10THS OF MILES

mw[3] = ROUND(MW[3])           ; ROUND TOLL
mw[6] = ROUND(MW[6])           ; SKIMS TO 1980
mw[9] = ROUND(MW[9])           ; WHOLE CENTS

;-----
; Print selected rows of skim files
; for checking.
;-----

      IF (i = 1-2)              ; for select rows (Is)
        printrow MW=1-3, j=1-2191 ; print work matrices 1-3
      ENDIF                      ; row value to all Js.
ENDPHASE
ENDRUN
ENDLOOP
```

9 MC_Auto_Drivers.s

```

; =====
; MC_Auto_Drivers.s
; This program used to develop 1-occ, 2-occ, and 3+occ auto driver
; trip tables directly from a the Mode Choice Model Output file.
;
; 'off-the-shelf' disaggregation curves to arrive at auto driver
; trips in occupant categories.
; The program is applied in four 'loops'
; -- one for each purpose (HBW, HBS, HBO, and NHB)
; =====
;
;
; //////////////////////////////////////
;
; First, establish Input/Output filenames:
LOOP PURP=1,4 ; We'll Loop 4 times, for each purpose
                ; Note default auto driver shares and occupant
                ; shares to be used in case no seed shares exist

IF (PURP=1) ; HBW Loop
MCFILE = 'mc_hbw%_iter_%.fin' ; HBW Mode Choice file (Input)
MCL23OCC = 'Hbw%_iter_%.ADR' ; HBW auto driver trips- 1,2,3+ Occ. (Output)
PURPOSE = 'HBW' ;

ELSEIF (PURP=2) ; HBS Loop
MCFILE = 'mc_hbs%_iter_%.fin' ; HBS Mode Choice file (Input)
MCL23OCC = 'HBS%_iter_%.ADR' ; HBS auto driver trips- 1,2,3+ Occ. (Output)
PURPOSE = 'HBS' ;

ELSEIF (PURP=3) ; HBO Loop
MCFILE = 'mc_hbo%_iter_%.fin' ; HBO Mode Choice file (Input)
MCL23OCC = 'HBO%_iter_%.ADR' ; HBO auto driver trips- 1,2,3+ Occ. (Output)
PURPOSE = 'HBO' ;

ELSEIF (PURP=4) ; NHB Loop
MCFILE = 'mc_nhb%_iter_%.fin' ; NHB Mode Choice file (Input)
MCL23OCC = 'Nhb%_iter_%.ADR' ; NHB auto driver trips- 1,2,3+ Occ. (Output)
PURPOSE = 'NHB' ;

ENDIF
;
; //////////////////////////////////////
;
RUN PGM=MATRIX
MATI[1]=@MCFILE@ ; MC model ouput

; Put Mode Choice Mats 1-7, respectively, The tables are:
; 1/LOVADR 2/LOVAPSNs 3/Trn_Wk 4/Trn_Dr 5/HOV2ADR 6/HOVPSNs 7/HOV3+ADR
; HOV trips refer to carpool trips on special priority facilities.
; Carpools not on special facilities are subsumed in the LOV group.

FILLMW MW[1] = MI.1.1,2,3,4,5,6,7
MW[8] = MW[1] + MW[5] + MW[7] ; Total input ADR in work mat 8

JLOOP
IF (MW[1] = 0) ; COMPUTE AVG LOV Auto Occupancy
MW[10] = 0 ; in Work Mat 10
ELSE ;
MW[10] = MW[2]/MW[1] ;
ENDIF
; Determine LOV Vehicles in 1,2,3&4+ occupant groups using model
; COG's disaggregation model.

```

```

IF (MW[10] < 1.0050) ; Make sure the computed Car Occ.
MW[10] = 1.0050 ; is between 1.005 and 2.500
ELSEIF (MW[10] > 2.5000) ; -- if not establish boundary
MW[10] = 2.5000 ; conditions
ENDIF

;
; Apply Car Occ. Pct Model-Computes Pct Vehs.in Occ groups as function
; of avg auto occ.

IF (MW[10] = 1.0050 - 1.1199999)
MW[21] = 2.00264 - (0.9989 * MW[10]) ; Shr of 1-Occ Vehs
MW[22] = -1.00050 + (0.9952 * MW[10]) ; Shr of 2-Occ Vehs
MW[23] = -0.00158 + (0.0029 * MW[10]) ; Shr of 3-Occ Vehs
MW[24] = -0.00056 + (0.0008 * MW[10]) ; Shr of 4-Occ Vehs
ELSEIF (MW[10] = 1.1200 - 2.5000)
MW[21] = 1.59600 - (0.6357 * MW[10]) ; Shr of 1-Occ Vehs
MW[22] = -0.31143 + (0.3800 * MW[10]) ; Shr of 2-Occ Vehs
MW[23] = -0.17082 + (0.1540 * MW[10]) ; Shr of 3-Occ Vehs
MW[24] = -0.11375 + (0.1017 * MW[10]) ; Shr of 4-Occ Vehs
ENDIF

;
; if we're working with an intrazonal
; situation, make all auto drivers are SOV.
; Override modeled shares here
IF (i=j) ;
MW[21] = 1.00 ; Pct of 1-Occ Vehs
MW[22] = 0.00 ; Pct of 2-Occ Vehs
MW[23] = 0.00 ; Pct of 3-Occ Vehs
MW[24] = 0.00 ; Pct of 4-Occ Vehs
ENDIF

; Apply Modeled Shares to the Auto Drivers

MW[31] =(MW[21] * MW[1]) ; Estimated LOV 1 occ vehicles
MW[32] =(MW[22] * MW[1]) ; Estimated LOV 2 occ vehicles
MW[33] =(MW[23] * MW[1]) ; Estimated LOV 3 occ vehicles
MW[34] =(MW[24] * MW[1]) ; Estimated LOV 4+occ vehicles

; compute add HOV2 & HOV3 trips from MC file to LOV dissagg. trips,
; also combine 3 & 4+ occ. auto driver trips into one group.

MW[41] = MW[31] ; Total 1-Occ Auto Drivers
MW[42] = MW[32] + MW[5] ; 2-occ(lov+carpool)
MW[43] = MW[33] + MW[34] + MW[7] ; 3-occ(lov+carpool)

;
; endjloop

MW[44] = MW[41] + MW[42] + MW[43] ; total output auto drivers

JLOOP

; Lets sum up the above to get neat total summaries

INPLADR = INPLADR + MW[1] ; Input LOV Auto Driver Accumulation
INPHAADR = INPHAADR + MW[5] ; Input HOV/2 CP ADR Accumulation
INPHBADR = INPHBADR + MW[7] ; Input HOV/3 CP ADR Accumulation
INPADR = INPADR + MW[8] ; Input Auto Driver Accumulation
OUT1ADR = OUT1ADR + MW[41] ; Output 1 occ Auto Dr Accumulation
OUT2ADR = OUT2ADR + MW[42] ; Output 2 occ Auto Dr Accumulation
OUT3ADR = OUT3ADR + MW[43] ; Output 3 occ Auto Dr Accumulation
OUTADR = OUTADR + MW[44] ; Output 4 occ Auto Dr Accumulation

```

Appendix E TP+ scripts

```
endjloop

IF (I == ZONES)
;
; Compute Regional Occ. distributions
;
IF (OUTADR = 0)
  OUTAD1SH = 0
  OUTAD2SH = 0
  OUTAD3SH = 0
ELSE
  OUTAD1SH = OUT1ADR/OUTADR *100 ; 1-occ adr SHARE
  OUTAD2SH = OUT2ADR/OUTADR *100 ; 2-occ adr SHARE
  OUTAD3SH = OUT3ADR/OUTADR *100 ; 3+occ adr SHARE
  OUTADSH = OUTADR /OUTADR *100 ; TOTAL SHARE /1.000
ENDIF

LIST= '/bt '
LIST= 'Summary of ', '@PURPOSE@', ' BASE-ITERATION AUTO Dr Trip Results'
LIST= ' '
LIST= ' '
LIST= ' Summary of Input/Output Shares'
LIST= 'Input Auto LOV Auto Drivers: ', inpladr(8)
LIST= 'Input Auto HOV2 CP Auto Drivers: ', inphaadr(8)
LIST= 'Input Auto HOV3 CP Auto Drivers: ', inphbadr(8)
LIST= '-----'
LIST= 'Input Total Auto Drivers: ', inpadr(8)
LIST= ' '
LIST= 'Output 1-Occ Auto Drivers: ', outladr(8), outad1sh(6.1), '%'
LIST= 'Output 2-Occ Auto Drivers: ', out2adr(8), outad2sh(6.1), '%'
LIST= 'Output 3+Occ Auto Drivers: ', out3adr(8), outad3sh(6.1), '%'
LIST= '-----'
LIST= 'Output Total Auto Drivers: ', outadr(8), outadsh(6.1), '%'
LIST= '/et '
ENDIF

MATO=@MC123OCC@,MO=41,42,43 ; output file designation

ENDRUN
ENDLOOP
```

10 MC_Constraint.s

```

; Updated 8/14/2006 RM bucket rounding of constrained mode choice file
; is removed
; =====
; Transit Constraint Process -Applied to modeled mode choice output
; file for forecast years beyond the year 2010.
; The process constrains Peak Period Transit trips heading
; TO or THROUGH the regional core to be constrained to
; 2010 levels and adjusts auto person/driver trips accordingly.
;
; The process consists of 3 Steps:
; Step 1. 2010 & future year peak/off-peak transit trips are calculated
; for each purpose using 1994 HTS time period factors.
; (2 Loops for constr./unconstr. mode choice output files)
;
; Step 2. 2010 & Future year peak & total transit trips are squeezed to
; a 3x3 (core/va/dc,md). Factors for scaling unconstrained
; transit trips to constrained transit trips are computed, on
; an i/j basis. A 'lookup' of constraint factors is produced.
;
; Step 3. Future year constrained zonal trips are computed by applying
; the constraint factors to the zonal trip tables.
; constrained transit trips are produced (i.e., residual auto
; persons are generated, and LOV,HOV auto person/driver trips
; are computed using existing distributions on a cell by cell
; basis.
; (4 Loops for each Purpose)
;
; -----
; Step 1.
; 2010 & future year peak/off-peak transit trips are calculated
; for each purpose using 1994 HTS time period factors.
; -----
LOOP Time = 1, 2 ; Time '1' = 2010/ Time '2' = Future year

IF (Time = 1)
  PATHSPECHBW = '%_path10HBW%' ; path specification of 2010 HBW transit trips
  PATHSPECHBS = '%_path10HBS%' ; path specification of 2010 HBS transit trips
  PATHSPECHBO = '%_path10HBO%' ; path specification of 2010 HBO transit trips
  PATHSPECNHB = '%_path10NHB%' ; path specification of 2010 NHB transit trips
  YR = 'con' ; constraint indicator (for file naming)
  title = ' 2010 Constrained Transit Summary by Time Period '
ELSE
  PATHSPECHBW = 'mc_HBW%_iter%.FIN' ; forecast year should be in current subdir
  PATHSPECHBS = 'mc_HBS%_iter%.FIN' ; forecast year should be in current subdir
  PATHSPECHBO = 'mc_HBO%_iter%.FIN' ; forecast year should be in current subdir
  PATHSPECNHB = 'mc_NHB%_iter%.FIN' ; forecast year should be in current subdir
  YR = 'ucn' ; unconstrained indicator (for file naming)
  title = ' Future Year (Post 2010) UnConstrained Transit Summary by Time Period '

ENDIF
;
; Factors for distributing Daily Transit Trips
; (HBW,HBS,HBO,NHB) Among 3 Time Periods:
;
; - AM peak (6:00 - 9:00 AM)
; - PM peak (4:00 - 7:00 PM)
; - Off-peak (All Other hrs )
;
; =====

```

```

; Transit Time-of-Day Factors (Pcts) Follow:
;
;
; Period Purpose Mode Direction
; -----
; Start of HBW
AMWTRHNP = 70.00 ; AM Pk Prd HBW Transit H -> NH
PMWTRHNP = 5.00 ; PM Pk Prd HBW Transit H -> NH
OPWTRHNP = 25.00 ; NON Pk Prd HBW Transit H -> NH
;
AMWTRNHP = 1.00 ; AM Pk Prd HBW Transit NH -> H
PMWTRNHP = 72.00 ; PM Pk Prd HBW Transit NH -> H
OPWTRNHP = 27.00 ; NON Pk Prd HBW Transit NH -> H
;
; End of HBW
;
; Start of HBS
AMSTRHNP = 24.00 ; AM Pk Prd HBS Transit H -> NH
PMSTRHNP = 15.00 ; PM Pk Prd HBS Transit H -> NH
OPSTRHNP = 61.00 ; NON Pk Prd HBS Transit H -> NH
;
AMSTRNHP = 2.00 ; AM Pk Prd HBS Transit NH -> H
PMSTRNHP = 35.00 ; PM Pk Prd HBS Transit NH -> H
OPSTRNHP = 63.00 ; NON Pk Prd HBS Transit NH -> H
;
; End of HBS
;
; Start of HBO
AMOTRHNP = 38.00 ; AM Pk Prd HBO Transit H -> NH
PMOTRHNP = 13.00 ; PM Pk Prd HBO Transit H -> NH
OPOTRHNP = 49.00 ; NON Pk Prd HBO Transit H -> NH
;
AMOTRNHP = 2.00 ; AM Pk Prd HBO Transit NH -> H
PMOTRNHP = 35.00 ; PM Pk Prd HBO Transit NH -> H
OPOTRNHP = 63.00 ; NON Pk Prd HBO Transit NH -> H
;
; End of HBO
;
; Start of NHB
AMNTRHNP = 14.00 ; AM Pk Prd NHB Transit H -> NH
PMNTRHNP = 31.00 ; PM Pk Prd NHB Transit H -> NH
OPNTRHNP = 55.00 ; NON Pk Prd NHB Transit H -> NH
;
AMNTRNHP = 14.00 ; AM Pk Prd NHB Transit NH -> H
PMNTRNHP = 31.00 ; PM Pk Prd NHB Transit NH -> H
OPNTRNHP = 55.00 ; NON Pk Prd NHB Transit NH -> H
;
; End of NHB
;
; =====
; Begin Step 1 TP+ WORK
;
; =====
RUN PGM=MATRIX
; Read input Mode Choice Model Output (Transit in tabs 3,4)
MATI[1] = @PATHSPECHBW@ ; HBW Wk,Dr Access Trn Trips (T3-4)
MATI[2] = @PATHSPECHBS@ ; HBS Wk,Dr Access Trn Trips (T3-4)
MATI[3] = @PATHSPECHBO@ ; HBO Wk,Dr Access Trn Trips (T3-4)
MATI[4] = @PATHSPECNHB@ ; NHB Wk,Dr Access Trn Trips (T3-4)
;
; Specify output Pk, Offpk transit Total Transit trips (tl-3) by purpose
; Peak trips consist of AM & PM Trips
MATO[1] = TRNWPKOP.@yr@, MO=51,41,1 ;HBW Pk,Off-Pk,total Transit Trips
MATO[2] = TRNSPKOP.@yr@, MO=52,42,2 ;HBS Pk,Off-Pk,total Transit Trips
MATO[3] = TRNOPKOP.@yr@, MO=53,43,3 ;HBO Pk,Off-Pk,total Transit Trips
MATO[4] = TRNNPKOP.@yr@, MO=54,44,4 ;NHB Pk,Off-Pk,total Transit Trips

```

Appendix E TP+ scripts

```

;
; Put HBW Total (Walk, Drive Access) Transit Trips in MW 1
; Put HBS Total (Walk, Drive Access) Transit Trips in MW 2
; Put HBO Total (Walk, Drive Access) Transit Trips in MW 3
; Put NHB Total (Walk, Drive Access) Transit Trips in MW 4

; These are in P/A format and represent the Home-to-NonHome direction

MW[01] = MI.1.3 + MI.1.4 ; Work transit P/A fmt
MW[02] = MI.2.3 + MI.2.4 ; Shop transit P/A fmt
MW[03] = MI.3.3 + MI.3.4 ; Othr transit P/A fmt
MW[04] = MI.4.3 + MI.4.4 ; NHB transit P/A fmt

; Put Transpose of the above
; HBW, HBS, HBO, and NHB trip tables in Work Mats 5 -8
; The transpose represents the NonHome-to-Home direction

MW[11]=MI.1.3.T, MW[12]=MI.1.4.T ; Work wk,dr transit A/P fmt
MW[13]=MI.2.3.T, MW[14]=MI.2.4.T ; Shop wk,dr transit A/P fmt
MW[15]=MI.3.3.T, MW[16]=MI.3.4.T ; Othr wk,dr transit A/P fmt
MW[17]=MI.4.3.T, MW[18]=MI.4.4.T ; NHB wk,dr transit A/P fmt

MW[05]=MW[11] + MW[12] ; Work total transit A/P fmt
MW[06]=MW[13] + MW[14] ; Shop total transit A/P fmt
MW[07]=MW[15] + MW[16] ; Othe total transit A/P fmt
MW[08]=MW[17] + MW[18] ; NonH total transit A/P fmt
; Now we're ready to apply apply TOD factors
;
; JLOOP

;//////////////////////////////////////
;//////////////////// AM Trip Calculations //////////////////////
;//////////////////////////////////////

; AM Peak Period Transit Trips (Mws 21-24)
; HBW Transit Trips:
MW[21]=(( MW[1]*@AMWTRHNP@/100.0)+(MW[05]*(@AMWTRHNP@/100.0)))/2.0;
; HBS Transit Trips:
MW[22]=(( MW[2]*@AMSTRHNP@/100.0)+(MW[06]*(@AMSTRHNP@/100.0)))/2.0;
; HBO Transit Trips:
MW[23]=(( MW[3]*@AMOTRHNP@/100.0)+(MW[07]*(@AMOTRHNP@/100.0)))/2.0;
; NHB Transit Trips:
MW[24]=(( MW[4]*@AMNTRHNP@/100.0)+(MW[08]*(@AMNTRHNP@/100.0)))/2.0;
;

;//////////////////////////////////////
;//////////////////// PM Trip Calculations //////////////////////
;//////////////////////////////////////

; PM Peak Period Transit Trips (Mws 31-34)
; HBW Transit Trips:
MW[31]=(( MW[1]*@PMWTRHNP@/100.0)+(MW[05]*(@PMWTRHNP@/100.0)))/2.0;
; HBS Transit Trips:
MW[32]=(( MW[2]*@PMSTRHNP@/100.0)+(MW[06]*(@PMSTRHNP@/100.0)))/2.0;
; HBO Transit Trips:
MW[33]=(( MW[3]*@PMOTRHNP@/100.0)+(MW[07]*(@PMOTRHNP@/100.0)))/2.0;
; NHB Transit Trips:
MW[34]=(( MW[4]*@PMNTRHNP@/100.0)+(MW[08]*(@PMNTRHNP@/100.0)))/2.0;
;

;//////////////////////////////////////
;//////////////////// Off-Pk Trip Calculations //////////////////////
;//////////////////////////////////////

; Off-Peak Period Transit Trips (Mws 41-44)
; HBW Transit Trips:

```

```

MW[41]=(( MW[1]*@OPWTRHNP@/100.0)+(MW[05]*(@OPWTRHNP@/100.0)))/2.0;
; HBS Transit Trips:
MW[42]=(( MW[2]*@OPSTRHNP@/100.0)+(MW[06]*(@OPSTRHNP@/100.0)))/2.0;
; HBO Transit Trips:
MW[43]=(( MW[3]*@OPOTRHNP@/100.0)+(MW[07]*(@OPOTRHNP@/100.0)))/2.0;
; NHB Transit Trips:
MW[44]=(( MW[4]*@OPNTRHNP@/100.0)+(MW[08]*(@OPNTRHNP@/100.0)))/2.0;
;
;
ENDJLOOP

```

```

;-----
; Summarize Output / Allocated Transit Trips by purpose for checking;
; Total HBW:
MW[101] = MW[21] + MW[31] + MW[41]
; Total HBS:
MW[102] = MW[22] + MW[32] + MW[42]
; Total HBO:
MW[103] = MW[23] + MW[33] + MW[43]
; Total NHB:
MW[104] = MW[24] + MW[34] + MW[44]
;
;-----
; Summarize by purpose & Pk time periods(AM+PM) - put in Mws 51-54

```

```

; HBW PK(AM&PM):
MW[51]= MW[21]+MW[31] ; Peak (AM+PM) HBW Transit Trips
MW[52]= MW[22]+MW[32] ; Peak (AM+PM) HBS Transit Trips
MW[53]= MW[23]+MW[33] ; Peak (AM+PM) HBO Transit Trips
MW[54]= MW[24]+MW[34] ; Peak (AM+PM) NHB Transit Trips

```

```

;
;
; Now get regional totals to summarize neatly
Jloop
; accumulate trips by period(a,p,o), purpose(w,s,o,n)
; e.g. 'aw' refers to period 'a', and purp 'w'

```

```

aw=aw+mw[21] as=as+mw[22] ao=ao+mw[23] an=an+mw[24]
pw=pw+mw[31] ps=ps+mw[32] po=po+mw[33] pn=pn+mw[34]
ow=ow+mw[41] os=os+mw[42] oo=oo+mw[43] on=on+mw[44]

```

```

; accumulate total output trips by time period
oam =oam + MW[21] + MW[22] + MW[23] + MW[24]

opm =opm + MW[31] + MW[32] + MW[33] + MW[34]

oop =oop + MW[41] + MW[42] + MW[43] + MW[44]

```

```

; accumulate total input trips by purpose, total
ihbw=ihbw + MW[1] ; Total Input HBW Transit Trips
ihbs=ihbs + MW[2] ; Total Input HBS Transit Trips
ihbo=ihbo + MW[3] ; Total Input HBO Transit Trips
inhb=inhb + MW[4] ; Total Input NHB Transit Trips
itot=itot + MW[1]+MW[2]+MW[3]+MW[4] ; Total Input Transit Trips

```

```

; accumulate total output trips by purpose, total
ohbw=ohbw + MW[101]
ohbs=ohbs + MW[102]
ohbo=ohbo + MW[103]
onhb=onhb + MW[104]
otot=otot + MW[101] + MW[102] + MW[103] + MW[104]

```

Appendix E TP+ scripts

```

endjloop

; now write out the totals neatly:
if (i=zones)
; get differences by purpose (output - Input)
dfhbw = ohbw - inhbw;
dfhbs = ohbs - inhbs;
dfhbo = ohbo - ihbo;
dfnhb = onhb - inhnb;
dftot = otot - itot;

LIST = '/bt      '
LIST = '@title@','\n'
LIST = '
list = 'TIME PERIOD  HBW      HBS      HBO      NHB      Sum '
list = '-----'
list = 'AM          ,aw(8.0),  as(8.0),  ao(8.0),  an(8.0),  oam(8.0)
list = 'PM          ,pw(8.0),  ps(8.0),  po(8.0),  pn(8.0),  opm(8.0)
list = 'OP          ,ow(8.0),  os(8.0),  oo(8.0),  on(8.0),  oop(8.0)
list = '
list = 'Total      ,ohbw(8.0),ohbs(8.0),ohbo(8.0),onhb(8.0),otot(8.0)
list = '
list = '
list = 'I/P Totls ,ihbw(8.0),ihbs(8.0),ihbo(8.0),inhb(8.0),itot(8.0)
list = '
list = 'Diff.      ,dfhbw(8.0),dfhbs(8.0),dfhbo(8.0),dfnhb(8.0),dftot(8.0)

list = '/et      '
endif

;
;-----
;--- END of TRANSIT Time-of-Day Process -----
;-----
;-----
ENDRUN
ENDLOOP ; End of time-of -day loop

;////////////////////////////////////
;
; Step 2
; 2010 & Future year peak & total transit trips are squeezed to
; a 3x3 (core/va/dc,md). Factors for scaling unconstrained
; transit trips to constrained transit trips are computed, on
; an i/j basis FOR ijs TO AND THROUGH the regional core.
;
;////////////////////////////////////
; create zone, state equiv table (Note: Internal TAZs ONLY)
COPY FILE = three.eqv
; Beginning of 3x3 Equivalency Table
D 1=1239-2144 ; VA - Non-Regional Core
D 2=1-88,1230-1238 ; DC&VA - Regional Core
D 3=89-1229 ; DC&MD - Non-Regional Core
; End of 3x3 Equivalency Table
ENDCOPY

RUN PGM=MATRIX
; Read input Files

; Input Year 2010 / Constraining Transit Trips:
MATI[01] = TRNWPKOP.con ; HBW Pk,OffPk, Total Transit
MATI[02] = TRNSPKOP.con ; HBS Pk,OffPk, Total Transit
MATI[03] = TRNOPKOP.con ; HBO Pk,OffPk, Total Transit
MATI[04] = TRNNPKOP.con ; NHB Pk,OffPk, Total Transit

; Input Forecast Year /Unconstrained Transit Trips:
MATI[05] = TRNWPKOP.ucn ; HBW Pk,OffPk, Total Transit
MATI[06] = TRNSPKOP.ucn ; HBS Pk,OffPk, Total Transit

```

```

MATI[07] = TRNOPKOP.ucn ; HBO Pk,OffPk, Total Transit
MATI[08] = TRNNPKOP.ucn ; NHB Pk,OffPk, Total Transit

; Output 3x3 tables
FILEO MATO[1] = tempsqz.dat, MO=1-8,11-18
; sequence of squeezed (3x3) output trip tables
; 1- 4 ->> 2010 Peak HBW,HBS,HBO,NHB Transit trips
; 5- 8 ->> 2010 Daily HBW,HBS,HBO,NHB Transit trips
; 11-14 ->> Forecast Peak HBW,HBS,HBO,NHB Transit trips
; 15-18 ->> Forecast Daily HBW,HBS,HBO,NHB Transit trips

; Read in Constraining Transit Trips for each purpose (mw 1-8)
MW[1] = MI.1.1 MW[5]=MI.1.3 ; HBW Pk,Total Trn Trips (MW1,5)
MW[2] = MI.2.1 MW[6]=MI.2.3 ; HBS Pk,Total Trn Trips (MW2,6)
MW[3] = MI.3.1 MW[7]=MI.3.3 ; HBO Pk,Total Trn Trips (MW3,7)
MW[4] = MI.4.1 MW[8]=MI.4.3 ; NHB Pk,Total Trn Trips (MW4,8)

; Read in Forecasted Transit Trips for each purpose (mw 11-18)
MW[11] = MI.5.1 MW[15]=MI.5.3 ; HBW Pk,Total Trn Trips (MW11,15)
MW[12] = MI.6.1 MW[16]=MI.6.3 ; HBS Pk,Total Trn Trips (MW12,16)
MW[13] = MI.7.1 MW[17]=MI.7.3 ; HBO Pk,Total Trn Trips (MW13,17)
MW[14] = MI.8.1 MW[18]=MI.8.3 ; NHB Pk,Total Trn Trips (MW14,18)

RENUMBER FILE=three.eqv, MISSINGZI=M, MISSINGZO=W
ENDRUN

RUN PGM=MATRIX
; Read input Squeezed
ZONES=3
MATI[1] = tempsqz.dat
; Read in Constraining Transit Trips for each purpose (mw 1-8)
MW[1] = MI.1.1 MW[5]=MI.1.5 ; HBW Pk,Total Trn Trips (MW1,5)
MW[2] = MI.1.2 MW[6]=MI.1.6 ; HBS Pk,Total Trn Trips (MW2,6)
MW[3] = MI.1.3 MW[7]=MI.1.7 ; HBO Pk,Total Trn Trips (MW3,7)
MW[4] = MI.1.4 MW[8]=MI.1.8 ; NHB Pk,Total Trn Trips (MW4,8)

; Read in Forecasted Transit Trips for each purpose (mw 11-18)
MW[11] = MI.1.9 MW[15]=MI.1.13 ; HBW Pk,Total Trn Trips (MW11,15)
MW[12] = MI.1.10 MW[16]=MI.1.14 ; HBS Pk,Total Trn Trips (MW12,16)
MW[13] = MI.1.11 MW[17]=MI.1.15 ; HBO Pk,Total Trn Trips (MW13,17)
MW[14] = MI.1.12 MW[18]=MI.1.16 ; NHB Pk,Total Trn Trips (MW14,18)

; Now calculate constrained factors on an ij basis
JLOOP ; Initialize transit constraint factors
WConFtr = 1.000 ; HBW ftr
SConFtr = 1.000 ; HBS ftr
OConFtr = 1.000 ; HBO ftr
NConFtr = 1.000 ; NHB ftr
IF ((I = 1 && J = 2) || ; IF from VA nonCore to Regional Core
(I = 1 && J = 3) || ; or from VA nonCore to DC/MD Non Reg Core
(I = 3 && J = 1) || ; or from MD/DCnonCore to VA Non Reg Core
(I = 3 && J = 2)) ; or from MD/DCnonCore to Regional Core
; THEN calculate peak constraint factor, by purpose
; Constrained Transit trips =
; UnCon. Daily trips - UnCon. Pk Trips + Constrained Pk Trips
MW[21] = (MW[15]-MW[11])+MW[1] ; Constrained HBW Daily Trn Trips
MW[22] = (MW[16]-MW[12])+MW[2] ; Constrained HBS Daily Trn Trips
MW[23] = (MW[17]-MW[13])+MW[3] ; Constrained HBO Daily Trn Trips
MW[24] = (MW[18]-MW[14])+MW[4] ; Constrained NHB Daily Trn Trips

IF (MW[15]=0)
WConFtr = 0 ;
ELSE
WConFtr = MW[21] / MW[15] ;
ENDIF

IF (MW[16]=0)

```

Appendix E TP+ scripts

```

        SConFtr = 0 ;
    ELSE
        SConFtr = MW[22] / MW[16] ;
    ENDIF

    IF (MW[17]=0)
        OConFtr = 0 ;
    ELSE
        OConFtr = MW[23] / MW[17] ;
    ENDIF

    IF (MW[18]=0)
        NConFtr = 0 ;
    ELSE
        NConFtr = MW[24] / MW[18] ;
    ENDIF

        ; Accumulate Final Costrained Transit
    HBW_FCT = HBW_FCT + ((MW[15]-MW[11])+MW[1]) ; Constrained HBW Daily Trn
Trips
    HBS_FCT = HBS_FCT + ((MW[16]-MW[12])+MW[2]) ; Constrained HBS Daily Trn
Trips
    HBO_FCT = HBO_FCT + ((MW[17]-MW[13])+MW[3]) ; Constrained HBO Daily Trn
Trips
    NHB_FCT = NHB_FCT + ((MW[18]-MW[14])+MW[4]) ; Constrained NHB Daily Trn
Trips

    ELSE

        HBW_FCT = HBW_FCT + MW[15] ; Constrained HBW Daily Trn
Trips
        HBS_FCT = HBS_FCT + MW[16] ; Constrained HBS Daily Trn
Trips
        HBO_FCT = HBO_FCT + MW[17] ; Constrained HBO Daily Trn
Trips
        NHB_FCT = NHB_FCT + MW[18] ; Constrained NHB Daily Trn
Trips

    ENDIF

    IJ = I*10+j ; create two digit no where 1st digit=i,2nd=j

; print ij, const pk&total,unconstr pk/total, final total trn trips,ptr
; --one file for each purpose

    Print LIST = ij(4),MW[1](8),MW[5](8),MW[11](8),MW[15](8),MW[21](8),
        WConFtr(6.3),File=tconftr.HBW
    Print LIST = ij(4),MW[2](8),MW[6](8),MW[12](8),MW[16](8),MW[22](8),
        SConFtr(6.3),File=tconftr.HBS
    Print LIST = ij(4),MW[3](8),MW[7](8),MW[13](8),MW[17](8),MW[23](8),
        OConFtr(6.3),File=tconftr.HBO
    Print LIST = ij(4),MW[4](8),MW[8](8),MW[14](8),MW[18](8),MW[24](8),
        NConFtr(6.3),File=tconftr.NHB

ENDJLOOP

IF (I=ZONES)
    Print LIST = ' Control Total HBW Constrained Transit Trips: ',HBW_FCT(10)
    Print LIST = ' Control Total HBS Constrained Transit Trips: ',HBS_FCT(10)
    Print LIST = ' Control Total HBO Constrained Transit Trips: ',HBO_FCT(10)
    Print LIST = ' Control Total NHB Constrained Transit Trips: ',NHB_FCT(10)
endif
; Now, Let's carry the control totals with us so we can compare with the
; zonal totals, top be computed in the next step
LOG PREFIX = MATRIX, VAR = HBW_FCT, HBS_FCT, HBO_FCT, NHB_FCT
;
;

```

```

ENDRUN

;//////////////////////////////////////
;
; Begin Step 3
;
; future year constrained trips are computed by applying
; the constraint factors to the zonal trip tables.
; constrained transit trips are produced (i.e., residual auto
; persons are generated. and LOV,HOV auto person/driver trips
; are computed using existing distributions on a cell by cell
; basis.
;
;//////////////////////////////////////
LOOP TIME = 1,4 ; Loop through for each purpose
    IF (TIME=1)
        PRP = 'HBW' ; Purpose code
        INTAB = 'FILLMW MW[1]=MI.1.1,2,3,4,5,6,7' ; Input table spec
        DADRPCT = 0.9009 ; LOV Default Adr %
        HADRPCT = 0.2857 ; HOV Default Adr %
        Control = MATRIX.HBW_FCT ; Transit Control Total
    ELSEIF (TIME=2)
        PRP = 'HBS' ; Purpose Code
        INTAB = 'FILLMW MW[1]=MI.1.1,2,3,4' ; Input table spec
        DADRPCT = 0.8130 ; Default Adr %
        HADRPCT = 0.2857 ; HOV Default Adr %
        Control = MATRIX.HBS_FCT ; Transit Control Total
    ELSEIF (TIME=3)
        PRP = 'HBO' ; Purpose code
        INTAB = 'FILLMW MW[1]=MI.1.1,2,3,4' ; Input table spec
        DADRPCT = 0.6897 ; Default Adr %
        HADRPCT = 0.2857 ; HOV Default Adr %
        Control = MATRIX.HBO_FCT ; Transit Control Total
    ELSEIF (TIME=4)
        PRP = 'NHB' ; Purpose code
        INTAB = 'FILLMW MW[1]=MI.1.1,2,3,4' ; Input table spec
        DADRPCT = 0.8000 ; Default Adr %
        HADRPCT = 0.2857 ; HOV Default Adr %
        Control = MATRIX.NHB_FCT ; Transit Control Total
    ENDIF

RUN PGM=MATRIX
ZONES = 2191
; DEFINE INPUT/OUTPUT FILES HERE:
MATI[1] = MC@prp@%_iter_%.FIN ; UNCONST. MODE CH TRIPS
MATO[1] = MC@prp@%_iter_%.CON,MO=17,15,10,11,5,14,18 ; CONSTR. MODE CH TRIPS
MW[5] = 0 ; initialize HOV tabs (5-7) to 0
MW[6] = 0 ; they exist for HBW purpose but do not exist
MW[7] = 0 ; for non-work purposes
@INTAB@ ; Read in 'Final' Mode Choice Model tables
; Trip tables read in are:
; 1/SOVadr, 2/SOVapn, 3/WlkTrn, 4/DrvTrn, 5/Hv2adr, 6/Hvapn, 7/Hv3adr

LOOKUP NAME=TCONFTR,
LOOKUP[1]=1,RESULT=7,INTERPOLATE=N,LIST=T,FAIL=0,0,0,FILE=TCONFTR.@prp@

IF (I = 1239-2144) MW[30] = 11, INCLUDE=1239-2144
IF (I = 1239-2144) MW[30] = 12, INCLUDE=1-88,1230-1238
IF (I = 1239-2144) MW[30] = 13, INCLUDE=89-1229

IF (I = 1-88,1230-1238) MW[30] = 21, INCLUDE=1239-2144
IF (I = 1-88,1230-1238) MW[30] = 22, INCLUDE=1-88,1230-1238
IF (I = 1-88,1230-1238) MW[30] = 23, INCLUDE=89-1229

IF (I = 89-1229) MW[30] = 31, INCLUDE=1239-2144
IF (I = 89-1229) MW[30] = 32, INCLUDE=1-88,1230-1238
IF (I = 89-1229) MW[30] = 33, INCLUDE=89-1229
;
; Now Factor transit tables

```


Appendix E TP+ scripts

```

;
JLOOP
  MW[8] = MW[3] + MW[4] ; Initial/Unconstr. Total Trn
  MW[9] = MW[2] + MW[3] + MW[4] + MW[6] ; Initial Total Person

  MW[10] = MW[3] * tconftr(1,MW[30]) ; Constrained Walk transit
  MW[11] = MW[4] * tconftr(1,MW[30]) ; Constrained Drive transit
  MW[12] = MW[10] + MW[11] ; Constrained Total transit

  MW[13] = MW[8] - MW[12] ; Transit 'Residual'
  IF (MW[13] < 0) ; - Make sure the residual is
    MW[13] = 0 ; NOT negative
  ENDIF

  IF (MW[6] = 0)
    MW[14] = MW[6]
  ELSE
    MW[14] = MW[6] + (MW[13] * (MW[6]/(MW[2]+MW[6]))) ; Updated HOV Psn
  ENDIF

  MW[15] = MW[9] - (MW[14] + MW[12]) ; Updated LOV Psn
  ; Updated LOV Adr:

  IF (MW[2] = 0 && MW[6] = 0)
    MW[17] = MW[1]+(@DADRPT@ * MW[13])
  ELSEIF (MW[2] > 0)
    MW[17] = MW[1]+((MW[1]/MW[2]) * (MW[13]-((MW[13]*MW[6]/(MW[2]+MW[6])))))
  ELSE
    MW[17] = MW[1]+ (@DADRPT@ * (MW[13]-((MW[13]*MW[6]/(MW[2]+MW[6])))))
  ENDIF

  IF (MW[14] = 0)
    MW[18] = MW[7]
  ELSE
    MW[18] = MW[7]+((@HADRPCT@) * (MW[13]*MW[6]/(MW[2]+MW[6])))
  ENDIF
ENDJLOOP
;
;
; Override the bucket-rounded trips
; to make sure the unconstrained trips are unaffected!
; rm 8/11/06
JLOOP
  TFTR = tconftr(1,MW[30])
  IF (TFTR = 1.00)
    MW[17] = MW[1] ; UnConstrained SOV Auto Drivers
    MW[15] = MW[2] ; UnConstrained SOV Auto Persons

    MW[10] = MW[3] ; UnConstrained Walk transit
    MW[11] = MW[4] ; UnConstrained Drive transit

    MW[14] = MW[6] ; UnConstrained HOV Auto Persons
    MW[18] = MW[7] ; UnConstrained HOV3 Auto Drivers
  ENDIF
ENDJLOOP
;
;
JLOOP
; Now Accumulate Initial and Updated Totals /RATES Here: ; OLD|NEW
; -----
INISOVAD = INISOVAD + MW[01] UPDSOVAD = UPDSOVAD + MW[17] ; SOV ADRs
INISOVAP = INISOVAP + MW[02] UPDSOVAP = UPDSOVAP + MW[15] ; SOV APns
INITRNWK = INITRNWK + MW[03] UPDTRNWK = UPDTRNWK + MW[10] ; Trn Wk
INITRNDR = INITRNDR + MW[04] UPDTRNDR = UPDTRNDR + MW[11] ; Trn Dr
INIHV2AD = INIHV2AD + MW[05] UPDHV2AD = UPDHV2AD + MW[05] ; HV2 Adrs
INIHOVAP = INIHOVAP + MW[06] UPDHOVAP = UPDHOVAP + MW[14] ; HOV APns

```

```

INIHV3AD = INIHV3AD + MW[07] UPDHV3AD = UPDHV3AD + MW[18] ; HV3 Adrs
INI_PSN = INI_PSN + MW[02] + MW[03] + MW[04] + MW[06] ; OLD PsnS
UPD_PSN = UPD_PSN + MW[15] + MW[10] + MW[11] + MW[14] ; NEW PsnS

INI_TRN = INI_TRN + MW[03] + MW[04] ; OLD TRN
UPD_TRN = UPD_TRN + MW[10] + MW[11] ; NEW TRN

INI_APN = INI_APN + MW[02] + MW[06] ; OLD APSN
UPD_APN = UPD_APN + MW[15] + MW[14] ; NEW APSN

INI_ADR = INI_ADR + MW[01] + MW[05] + MW[07] ; OLD APNS
UPD_ADR = UPD_ADR + MW[17] + MW[05] + MW[18] ; NEW APNS

ENDJLOOP

; If at end, Get Global Mode differences and regional rates
if (i=zones)
; get differences by purpose (output - Input)

DIFSOVAD = UPDSOVAD - INISOVAD
DIFSOVAP = UPDSOVAP - INISOVAP
DIFTRNWK = UPDTRNWK - INITRNWK
DIFTRNDR = UPDTRNDR - INITRNDR
DIFHV2AD = UPDHV2AD - INIHV2AD
DIFHOVAP = UPDHOVAP - INIHOVAP
DIFHV3AD = UPDHV3AD - INIHV3AD
DIF_PSN = UPD_PSN - INI_PSN
DIF_TRN = UPD_TRN - INI_TRN
DIF_APN = UPD_APN - INI_APN

; Calculate final car occupancy and transit percentage

IF (INI_ADR = 0)
  INI_OCC = 0 ; OLD OCC
ELSE
  INI_OCC = INI_APN/INI_ADR ; OLD OCC
ENDIF

IF (UPD_ADR = 0)
  UPD_OCC = 0 ; NEW OCC
ELSE
  UPD_OCC = UPD_APN/UPD_ADR ; NEW OCC
ENDIF

IF (INI_PSN = 0)
  INI_TPCT = 0 ; OLD %TRN
ELSE
  INI_TPCT = INI_TRN/INI_PSN * 100.00 ; OLD %TRN
ENDIF

IF (UPD_PSN = 0)
  UPD_TPCT = 0 ; NEW %TRN
ELSE
  UPD_TPCT = UPD_TRN/UPD_PSN * 100.00 ; NEW %TRN
ENDIF

DIF_OCC = UPD_OCC - INI_OCC
DIF_TPCT = UPD_TPCT - INI_TPCT

CONTOTAL = @control@ ; control total from previous step
LIST = '/bt '
LIST = '@prp@ TRANSIT CONSTRAINT RESULTS- Zonal Totals by Mode'

```

Appendix E TP+ scripts

```
LIST = '          Initial and Final Totals by Mode','\n'
LIST = '          '
list = 'MODE          ',' INITIAL ',' UPDATED ','DIFFERENCE'
list = '-----','-----','-----','-----'
LIST=' '
LIST = 'SOV_AD:      ',' INISOVAD(10),   UPDSOVAD(10),   DIFSOVAD(10)
LIST = 'SOV_AP:      ',' INISOVAP(10),   UPDSOVAP(10),   DIFSOVAP(10)
LIST = 'TRN_WK:      ',' INITRNWK(10),  UPDTRNWK(10),   DIFTRNWK(10)
LIST = 'TRN_DR:      ',' INITRNDR(10),  UPDTRNDR(10),   DIFTRNDR(10)
LIST = 'HV2_AD:      ',' INIHV2AD(10),  UPDHV2AD(10),   DIFHV2AD(10)
LIST = 'HOV_AP:      ',' INIHOVAP(10),  UPDHOVAP(10),   DIFHOVAP(10)
LIST = 'HV3_AD:      ',' INIHV3AD(10),  UPDHV3AD(10),   DIFHV3AD(10)
LIST=' '
LIST = 'TOTAL PERSON:',' INI_PSN(10),   UPD_PSN(10),   DIF_PSN(10)
LIST=' '
LIST = 'TRANSIT:     ',' INI_TRN(10),   UPD_TRN(10),   DIF_TRN(10)
LIST = 'TRANSIT Control Total ',' CONTOTAL(10),'          <-- Based on Squeezed
3x3 Trips'
LIST=' '
LIST = 'AUTO PSN:    ',' INI_APN(10),   UPD_APN(10),   DIF_APN(10)
LIST=' '
LIST = 'Transit %:   ',' INI_TPCT(10.3), UPD_TPCT(10.3), DIF_TPCT(10.3)
LIST = 'AUTO OCCUP.: ',' INI_OCC(10.3),  UPD_OCC(10.3),  DIF_OCC(10.3)
list = '/et
endif

ENDRUN
ENDLOOP
```

11 MC_Consummary.s

```

;-----
; MC_ConSummary.s - Juris. Summary of constrained transit trips
;                   by Purpose and Mode
;
;
; Now summarize total purpose trip tables, by mode
; Update 8/10/2006 - Jurisdiction-TAZ equivalenced changed in Jur Summary
; (For Mtg and PG) to be consistent with jurisdiction change in land use file
;-----
RUN PGM=MATRIX
ZONES=2191
MATI[1]= MC_HBW%_iter%.FIN
MATI[2]= MC_HBS%_iter%.FIN
MATI[3]= MC_HBO%_iter%.FIN
MATI[4]= MC_NHB%_iter%.FIN
FILLMW MW[01]=MI.1.1,2,3,4,5,6,7
FILLMW MW[11]=MI.2.1,2,3,4,5,6,7
FILLMW MW[21]=MI.3.1,2,3,4,5,6,7
FILLMW MW[31]=MI.4.1,2,3,4,5,6,7

MW[51] = MW[01] + MW[11] + MW[21] + MW[31] ; Total LOV Auto Drv
MW[52] = MW[02] + MW[12] + MW[22] + MW[32] ; Total LOV Auto Psn
MW[53] = MW[03] + MW[13] + MW[23] + MW[33] ; Total Walk Acc Transit
MW[54] = MW[04] + MW[14] + MW[24] + MW[34] ; Total Drive Acc Transit
MW[55] = MW[05] + MW[15] + MW[25] + MW[35] ; Total HOV-2occ Auto Drv
MW[56] = MW[06] + MW[16] + MW[26] + MW[36] ; Total HOV(2/3+) Auto Psn
MW[57] = MW[07] + MW[17] + MW[27] + MW[37] ; Total HOV-3+occ Auto Drv

MATO[1] = MC_ALL%_iter%.FIN, MO=51-57 ; Total Purpose Mode Choice Trips
ENDRUN

;-----
; Summarize the Mode Choice Model Output to Juris. Level
;-----
DESCRIPT='Simulation - Year: %_year_% Alt: %_alt_% Iter. %_iter_% *
W/Tran.Constraint *'
LOOP PURP=1,5 ; Outer Loop for Each Purpose (HBW,HBS,HBO,NHB,Total)
IF (PURP=1)
  MCOUTTAB='mc_HBW%_iter%.FIN'
  PURPOSE = 'HBW '
ELSEIF (PURP=2)
  MCOUTTAB='mc_HBS%_iter%.FIN'
  PURPOSE = 'HBS'
ELSEIF (PURP=3)
  MCOUTTAB='mc_HBO%_iter%.FIN'
  PURPOSE = 'HBO'
ELSEIF (PURP=4)
  MCOUTTAB='mc_NHB%_iter%.FIN'
  PURPOSE = 'NHB'
ELSEIF (PURP=5)
  MCOUTTAB='mc_ALL%_iter%.FIN'
  PURPOSE = 'ALL'
ENDIF

;
COPY FILE=DJ.EQV
; -- Start of Jurisdiction-to-TAZ equivalency --
D 1=1-88 ; DC cr
D 2=89-319 ; DC ncr
D 3=320-639,648,650 ; MTG MD
D 4=640-647,649,651-1029 ; PG MD

```

```

D 5=1230-1238 ; ARL core
D 6=1239-1329 ; ARLnore
D 7=1330-1399 ; ALX VA
D 8=1400-1779 ; FFX VA
D 9=1780-1919 ; LDN VA
D 10=1920-2069 ; PW VA
D 11=1030-1059 ; FRD MD
D 12=1060-1079 ; CAR MD
D 13=1080-1109 ; HOW MD
D 14=1110-1149 ; AAR MD
D 15=1150-1169 ; CAL
D 16=1170-1199 ; STM
D 17=1200-1229 ; CHS MD
D 18=2115-2129 ; FAU VA
D 19=2080-2099 ; STA VA
D 20=2130-2134,2135-2144 ; CLK/JEF
D 21=2100-2104,2105-2114 ; FBG/SPTS
D 22=2070-2079 ; KGEOVA
D 23=2145-2191 ; EXTRNLS
; -- end of Jurisdiction-to-TAZ equivalency --
ENDCOPY

RUN PGM=MATRIX
ZONES=2191
MATI[1]= @MCOUTTAB@
MW[1]=MI.1.1 ; SOV ADR
MW[2]=MI.1.2 ; SOV APSN
MW[3]=MI.1.3+MI.1.4 ; Transit
MW[4]=MI.1.6 ; HOV APSN
MW[5]=MI.1.5+MI.1.7 ; HOV ADR
MW[6]=MI.1.1+MI.1.5+MI.1.7 ; Auto Driver
MW[7]=MI.1.2+MI.1.6 ; Auto Psn
MW[8]=MI.1.2+MI.1.3+MI.1.4+MI.1.6 ; Person
MW[10]=0 ; dummy/placemaker table
FILEO MATO[1] = TEMP.sad MO=1,10
MATO[2] = TEMP.sap MO=2,10
MATO[3] = TEMP.trn MO=3,10
MATO[4] = TEMP.hap MO=4,10
MATO[5] = TEMP.had MO=5,10
MATO[6] = TEMP.adr MO=6,10
MATO[7] = TEMP.apn MO=7,10
MATO[8] = TEMP.psn MO=8,10
MATO[9] = TEMP.trp MO=3,8
MATO[10] = TEMP.occ MO=7,6

; renumber OUT.MAT according to DJ.EQV
RENUMBER FILE=DJ.EQV, MISSINGZI=M, MISSINGZO=W
ENDRUN

;
LOOP INDEX2=1,10 ; Inner Loop for Each Summary Type:
;
; 1/LOV Adrs,2/LOV Apsns,3/Transit,4/HOV Psns,5/HOV Adrs
; 6/Adrs ,7/Apsns ,8/Persons,9/Pct Trn ,10/Auto Occ

IF (INDEX2=1) ; Parameters for each table:
SQFNAME='temp.sad' ; Token name of squeezed modal trip table(s)
MODE = 'LOV Auto Driver' ; Token mode label od trip table
DCML=0 ; decimal specification
TABTYPE=1 ; table type(1/2)-involves 1 or 2 trip tables
SCALE=1 ; scale factor to be applied (if desired)
OPER='+' ; operation(if tabtype=2) Tab1(?)Tab2=Result
ELSEIF (INDEX2=2)
SQFNAME='temp.sap' ;
MODE = 'LOV Auto Person' ;
DCML=0 ;
TABTYPE=1 ;
SCALE=1 ;
OPER='+' ;

```

Appendix E TP+ scripts

```

ELSEIF (INDEX2=3)
  SQFNAME='temp.trn' ;
  MODE='Transit' ;
  DCML=0 ;
  TABTYPE=1 ;
  SCALE=1 ;
  OPER='+' ;
ELSEIF (INDEX2=4)
  SQFNAME='temp.hap' ;
  MODE='HOV Auto Person' ;
  DCML=0 ;
  TABTYPE=1 ;
  SCALE=1 ;
  OPER='+' ;
ELSEIF (INDEX2=5)
  SQFNAME='temp.had' ;
  MODE='HOV AUTO Driver' ;
  DCML=0 ;
  TABTYPE=1 ;
  SCALE=1 ;
  OPER='+' ;
ELSEIF (INDEX2=6)
  SQFNAME='temp.adr' ;
  MODE='Auto Driver' ;
  DCML=0 ;
  TABTYPE=1 ;
  SCALE=1 ;
  OPER='+' ;
ELSEIF (INDEX2=7)
  SQFNAME='temp.apn' ;
  MODE='Auto Person' ;
  DCML=0 ;
  TABTYPE=1 ;
  SCALE=1 ;
  OPER='+' ;
ELSEIF (INDEX2=8)
  SQFNAME='temp.psn' ;
  MODE='Total Motorized Person' ;
  DCML=0 ;
  TABTYPE=1 ;
  SCALE=1 ;
  OPER='+' ;
ELSEIF (INDEX2=9)
  SQFNAME='temp.trp' ;
  MODE='Transit Percentage' ;
  DCML=1 ;
  TABTYPE=2 ;
  SCALE=100 ;
  OPER='/' ;
ELSEIF (INDEX2=10)
  SQFNAME='temp.occ' ;
  MODE='Avg. Auto Occupancy' ;
  DCML=2 ;
  TABTYPE=2 ;
  SCALE=1 ;
  OPER='/' ;
ENDIF
;
RUN PGM=MATRIX
ZONES=23
FILEI MATI=@SQFNAME@
ARRAY CSUM=23,CSUM1=23,CSUM2=23
;
-----
-- Table Cell Value decalaration or computation (in MW[1])
-----
FILLMW MW[1]=MI.1.1,2 ; read input tables in MW 2,3

```

```

IF (@TABTYPE@ = 2)
  FILLMW MW[2]=MI.1.1,2 ; read input tables in MW 2,3
ENDIF

IF (@TABTYPE@=2) ; Cell Value
  JLOOP ; computed for
  IF (MW[3][J]>0) MW[1]=MW[2]*@SCALE@@OPER@MW[3]; special summaries-
  ENDJLOOP ; calculation in MW[1]
ENDIF

; -----
; --- ROW Marginal declaration or computation ---
; -----
RSUM = ROWSUM(1) ; 'normal' table- row summary value

IF (@TABTYPE@=2)
  RSUM = @SCALE*@ROWSUM(2)@OPER@ROWSUM(3) ; non-'normal' table
ENDIF ; compute the row marginal(%)

; -----
; --- COLUMN/Total Marginal Accumulation ---
; --- The computation (if necessary) is done below ---
; -----

JLOOP ; COL/Total Accumulation
CSUM[J] = CSUM[J] + MW[1][J] ; for 'normal' table
TOTAL = TOTAL + MW[1] ;
ENDJLOOP

IF (@TABTYPE@=2)
  JLOOP ; COL/Total Accumulation
  CSUM1[J] = CSUM1[J] + MW[2][J] ; for non-'normal' Table
  TOTAL1 = TOTAL1 + MW[2] ;
  CSUM2[J] = CSUM2[J] + MW[3][J] ;
  TOTAL2 = TOTAL2 + MW[3] ;
ENDJLOOP
ENDIF

IF (I=1) ; print header

PRINT LIST='/bt ', '@DESCRIPT@'
PRINT LIST=' ', 'Purpose: ', '@PURPOSE@', ' MODE: ', '@MODE@'
PRINT LIST=' '

PRINT LIST=' DESTINATION'
PRINT LIST=' ORIGIN |',
' 1', ' 2', ' 3', ' 4',
' 5', ' 6', ' 7', ' 8', ' 9',
' 10', ' 11', ' 12', ' 13', ' 14',
' 15', ' 16', ' 17', ' 18', ' 19',
' 20', ' 21', ' 22', ' 23', ' | TOTAL'

PRINT LIST='=====',
'=====',
'=====',
'====='

ENDIF

IF (I=1)
  CURDIST=STR(I,2,1)+' DC CR'+ '| ' ; Make row header
ELSEIF (I=2)
  CURDIST=STR(I,2,1)+' DC NC'+ '| ' ; Make row header
ELSEIF (I=3)

```

Appendix E TP+ scripts

```

CURDIST=STR(I,2,1)+' MTG '+' '|'; Make row header
ELSEIF (I=4)
  CURDIST=STR(I,2,1)+' PG '+' '|'; Make row header
ELSEIF (I=5)
  CURDIST=STR(I,2,1)+' ARLCR '+' '|'; Make row header
ELSEIF (I=6)
  CURDIST=STR(I,2,1)+' ARNCR '+' '|'; Make row header
ELSEIF (I=7)
  CURDIST=STR(I,2,1)+' ALX '+' '|'; Make row header
ELSEIF (I=8)
  CURDIST=STR(I,2,1)+' FFX '+' '|'; Make row header
ELSEIF (I=9)
  CURDIST=STR(I,2,1)+' LDN '+' '|'; Make row header
ELSEIF (I=10)
  CURDIST=STR(I,2,1)+' PW '+' '|'; Make row header
ELSEIF (I=11)
  CURDIST=STR(I,2,1)+' FRD '+' '|'; Make row header
ELSEIF (I=12)
  CURDIST=STR(I,2,1)+' CAR '+' '|'; Make row header
ELSEIF (I=13)
  CURDIST=STR(I,2,1)+' HOW '+' '|'; Make row header
ELSEIF (I=14)
  CURDIST=STR(I,2,1)+' AAR '+' '|'; Make row header
ELSEIF (I=15)
  CURDIST=STR(I,2,1)+' CAL '+' '|'; Make row header
ELSEIF (I=16)
  CURDIST=STR(I,2,1)+' STM '+' '|'; Make row header
ELSEIF (I=17)
  CURDIST=STR(I,2,1)+' CHS '+' '|'; Make row header
ELSEIF (I=18)
  CURDIST=STR(I,2,1)+' FAU '+' '|'; Make row header
ELSEIF (I=19)
  CURDIST=STR(I,2,1)+' STA '+' '|'; Make row header
ELSEIF (I=20)
  CURDIST=STR(I,2,1)+' CL/JF '+' '|'; Make row header
ELSEIF (I=21)
  CURDIST=STR(I,2,1)+' SP/FB '+' '|'; Make row header
ELSEIF (I=22)
  CURDIST=STR(I,2,1)+' KGEO '+' '|'; Make row header
ELSEIF (I=23)
  CURDIST=STR(I,2,1)+' EXTL '+' '|'; Make row header
ELSE ; (I=24)
  CURDIST=STR(I,2,1)+' TOTAL '+' '|'; Make row header
ENDIF

PRINT FORM=7.@DCML@ LIST=CURDIST, MW[1][1],MW[1][2],MW[1][3],MW[1][4],MW[1][5],
  MW[1][6],MW[1][7],MW[1][8],MW[1][9],MW[1][10],
  MW[1][11],MW[1][12],MW[1][13],MW[1][14],MW[1][15],
  MW[1][16],MW[1][17],MW[1][18],MW[1][19],MW[1][20],
  MW[1][21],MW[1][22],MW[1][23],' '|,RSUM

IF (I==ZONES)
; Now at the end of Processed zone matrix
; Do final Column/Grand Total Computations
  IF (@TABTYPE=2)
    LOOP IDX = 1,ZONES
      IF (CSUM2[IDX] = 0)
        CSUM[IDX] = 0
      ELSE
        CSUM[IDX] = @SCALE@* CSUM1[IDX] @OPER@ CSUM2[IDX]
      ENDIF
    ENDLOOP
  ENDIF
  IF (@TABTYPE=2 )
    IF (TOTAL2 = 0)
      TOTAL = 0
    ELSE
      TOTAL = @SCALE@ *TOTAL1 @OPER@ TOTAL2
    ENDIF
  ENDIF

```

```

      ENDIF
    ENDIF
; End of final Column/Grand Total Computations

PRINT LIST='=====',
  '=====',
  '=====',
  '=====',
  '=====',

PRINT FORM=8.@DCML@,
LIST=' TOTAL ',' ',CSUM[1],' ',CSUM[3],
  ' ',CSUM[5],' ',CSUM[7],' ',CSUM[9],
  ' ',CSUM[11],' ',CSUM[13],' ',CSUM[15],
  ' ',CSUM[17],' ',CSUM[19],' ',CSUM[21],
  ' ',CSUM[23],' '|
PRINT FORM=8.@DCML@,
LIST='/et ',CSUM[2],
  ' ',CSUM[4],' ',CSUM[6],' ',CSUM[8],
  ' ',CSUM[10],' ',CSUM[12],' ',CSUM[14],
  ' ',CSUM[16],' ',CSUM[18],' ',CSUM[20],
  ' ',CSUM[22],' ',TOTAL(9.@DCML@)

ENDIF
ENDRUN

ENDLOOP ; End 'Inner' Loop
ENDLOOP ; End 'Outer' Loop

```

12 MC_Summary.s

```

;-----
; Program Name: MC_Summary.s
; MWCOG Version 2 Model
;
; 1) Update interchanges where person trips exceed
; 32367, by purpose.
; 2) Summarize final table by purpose
;
; Environment Variables Used:
;      %_iter_%
;      %_year_%
;      %_alt_%
;
; Updated 12/12/02 to generate model trip summaries for ALL purposes,
; in addition to individual purposes (rm)
; Update 8/10/2006 - Jurisdiction-TAZ equivalenced changed in Jur Summary
; (For Mtg and PG) to be consistent with jurisdiction change in land use file
;-----
LOOP PURP=1,4
IF (PURP = 1)
  PURPOSE = 'HBW'
  VEH_OCC = 1.11
  INPTRIPS= 'FILLMW MW[1]=MI.2.1,2,3,4,5,6,7'
ELSEIF (PURP = 2)
  PURPOSE = 'HBS'
  VEH_OCC = 1.23
  INPTRIPS= 'FILLMW MW[1]=MI.2.1,2,3,4'
ELSEIF (PURP = 3)
  PURPOSE = 'HBO'
  VEH_OCC = 1.45
  INPTRIPS= 'FILLMW MW[1]=MI.2.1,2,3,4'
ELSE
  PURPOSE = 'NHB'
  VEH_OCC = 1.25
  INPTRIPS= 'FILLMW MW[1]=MI.2.1,2,3,4'
ENDIF
;
;-----
;
;-----
RUN PGM=MATRIX
MATI[1] = %_iter_%@purpose@mu.ptt ; PP Iteration Person Trips
MATI[2] = mc_@PURPOSE@.trp      ; COGMC Model Output Trip Table
MATO[1] = mc_@PURPOSE@%_iter_%.FIN, MO=1-7 ; Updated/Final Mode Choice Trips

MW[5] = 0
MW[6] = 0
MW[7] = 0

@INPTRIPS@

;---- Update the Mode Choice Output ----

JLOOP
IF (MI.1.1 > 32367)
  MW[2] = MI.1.1
  MW[1] = ROUND (MI.1.1 / @VEH_OCC@)
ENDIF

_PERSON = MW[2] + MW[3] + MW[4] + MW[6]

```

```

ENDJLOOP
ENDRUN
ENDLOOP

; -----
; Now summarize total purpose trip tables, by mode
; -----

RUN PGM=MATRIX
ZONES=2191
MATI[1]= MC_HBW%_iter_%.FIN
MATI[2]= MC_HBS%_iter_%.FIN
MATI[3]= MC_HBO%_iter_%.FIN
MATI[4]= MC_NHB%_iter_%.FIN
FILLMW MW[01]=MI.1.1,2,3,4,5,6,7
FILLMW MW[11]=MI.2.1,2,3,4,5,6,7
FILLMW MW[21]=MI.3.1,2,3,4,5,6,7
FILLMW MW[31]=MI.4.1,2,3,4,5,6,7

MW[51] = MW[01] + MW[11] + MW[21] + MW[31] ; Total LOV Auto Drv
MW[52] = MW[02] + MW[12] + MW[22] + MW[32] ; Total LOV Auto Psn
MW[53] = MW[03] + MW[13] + MW[23] + MW[33] ; Total Walk Acc Transit
MW[54] = MW[04] + MW[14] + MW[24] + MW[34] ; Total Drive Acc Transit
MW[55] = MW[05] + MW[15] + MW[25] + MW[35] ; Total HOV-2occ Auto Drv
MW[56] = MW[06] + MW[16] + MW[26] + MW[36] ; Total HOV(2/3+) Auto Psn
MW[57] = MW[07] + MW[17] + MW[27] + MW[37] ; Total HOV-3+occ Auto Drv

MATO[1] = MC_ALL%_iter_%.FIN, MO=51-57 ; Total Purpose Mode Choice Trips
ENDRUN

; -----
; Summarize the Mode Choice Model Output to Juris. Level
; -----
DESCRPT='Simulation - Year: %_year_% Alternative: %_alt_% Iteration: %_iter_% '
LOOP PURP=1,5 ; Outer Loop for Each Purpose (HBW,HBS,HBO,NHB,Total)
IF (PURP=1)
  MCOUTTAB='mc_HBW%_iter_%.FIN'
  PURPOSE = 'HBW'
ELSEIF (PURP=2)
  MCOUTTAB='mc_HBS%_iter_%.FIN'
  PURPOSE = 'HBS'
ELSEIF (PURP=3)
  MCOUTTAB='mc_HBO%_iter_%.FIN'
  PURPOSE = 'HBO'
ELSEIF (PURP=4)
  MCOUTTAB='mc_NHB%_iter_%.FIN'
  PURPOSE = 'NHB'
ELSEIF (PURP=5)
  MCOUTTAB='mc_ALL%_iter_%.FIN'
  PURPOSE = 'ALL'
ENDIF

;
COPY FILE=DJ.EQV
; -- Start of Jurisdiction-to-TAZ equivalency --
D 1=1-88 ; DC cr
D 2=89-319 ; DC ncr
D 3=320-639,648,650 ; MTG MD
D 4=640-647,649,651-1029 ; PG MD
D 5=1230-1238 ; ARL core
D 6=1239-1329 ; ARLcnore
D 7=1330-1399 ; ALX VA
D 8=1400-1779 ; FFX VA
D 9=1780-1919 ; LDN VA
D 10=1920-2069 ; PW VA
D 11=1030-1059 ; FRD MD
D 12=1060-1079 ; CAR MD

```

Appendix E TP+ scripts

```

D 13=1080-1109           ; HOW MD
D 14=1110-1149          ; AAR MD
D 15=1150-1169          ; CAL
D 16=1170-1199          ; STM
D 17=1200-1229          ; CHS MD
D 18=2115-2129          ; FAU VA
D 19=2080-2099          ; STA VA
D 20=2130-2134,2135-2144 ; CLK/JEF
D 21=2100-2104,2105-2114 ; FBG/SPTS
D 22=2070-2079          ; KGEOVA
D 23=2145-2191          ; EXTRNLS
; -- end of Jurisdiction-to-TAZ equivalency --
ENDCOPY

RUN PGM=MATRIX
ZONES=2191
MATI[1]= @MCOUTTAB@
MW[1]=MI.1.1           ; SOV ADR
MW[2]=MI.1.2           ; SOV APSN
MW[3]=MI.1.3+MI.1.4    ; Transit
MW[4]=MI.1.6           ; HOV APSN
MW[5]=MI.1.5+MI.1.7    ; HOV ADR
MW[6]=MI.1.1+MI.1.5+MI.1.7 ; Auto Driver
MW[7]=MI.1.2+MI.1.6    ; Auto Psn
MW[8]=MI.1.2+MI.1.3+MI.1.4+MI.1.6 ; Person
MW[10]=0               ; dummy/placemaker table
FILEO MATO[1] = TEMP.sad MO=1,10
      MATO[2] = TEMP.sap MO=2,10
      MATO[3] = TEMP.trn MO=3,10
      MATO[4] = TEMP.hap MO=4,10
      MATO[5] = TEMP.had MO=5,10
      MATO[6] = TEMP.adr MO=6,10
      MATO[7] = TEMP.apn MO=7,10
      MATO[8] = TEMP.psn MO=8,10
      MATO[9] = TEMP.trp MO=3,8
      MATO[10] = TEMP.occ MO=7,6

; renumber OUT.MAT according to DJ.EQV
RENUMBER FILE=DJ.EQV, MISSINGZI=M, MISSINGZO=S
ENDRUN

;
LOOP INDEX2=1,10 ; Inner Loop for Each Summary Type:
;           1/LOV Adrs,2/LOV Apsns,3/Transit,4/HOV Psn,5/HOV Adrs
;           6/Adrs ,7/Apsns ,8/Persons,9/Pct Trn ,10/Auto Occ
;
IF (INDEX2=1) ; Parameters for each table:
SQFNAME='temp.sad' ; Token name of squeezed modal trip table(s)
MODE ='LOV Auto Driver' ; Token mode label od trip table
DCML=0 ; decimal specification
TABTYPE=1 ; table type(1/2)-involves 1 or 2 trip tables
SCALE=1 ; scale factor to be applied (if desired)
OPER='+' ; operation(if tabtype=2) Tab1(?)Tab2=Result
ELSEIF (INDEX2=2)
SQFNAME='temp.sap' ;
MODE ='LOV Auto Person'
DCML=0
TABTYPE=1
SCALE=1 ;
OPER='+' ;
ELSEIF (INDEX2=3)
SQFNAME='temp.trn' ;
MODE ='Transit '
DCML=0
TABTYPE=1
SCALE=1 ;
OPER='+' ;
ELSEIF (INDEX2=4)
SQFNAME='temp.hap' ;
MODE ='HOV Auto Person'
DCML=0
TABTYPE=1
SCALE=1 ;
OPER='+' ;
ELSEIF (INDEX2=5)
SQFNAME='temp.had' ;
MODE ='HOV AUTO Driver'
DCML=0
TABTYPE=1
SCALE=1 ;
OPER='+' ;
ELSEIF (INDEX2=6)
SQFNAME='temp.adr' ;
MODE ='Auto Driver'
DCML=0
TABTYPE=1
SCALE=1 ;
OPER='+' ;
ELSEIF (INDEX2=7)
SQFNAME='temp.apn' ;
MODE ='Auto Person '
DCML=0
TABTYPE=1
SCALE=1 ;
OPER='+' ;
ELSEIF (INDEX2=8)
SQFNAME='temp.psn' ;
MODE ='Total Motorized Person'
DCML=0
TABTYPE=1
SCALE=1 ;
OPER='+' ;
ELSEIF (INDEX2=9)
SQFNAME='temp.trp' ;
MODE ='Transit Percentage'
DCML=1
TABTYPE=2
SCALE=100 ;
OPER='/' ;
ELSEIF (INDEX2=10)
SQFNAME='temp.occ' ;
MODE ='Avg. Auto Occupancy '
DCML=2
TABTYPE=2
SCALE=1 ;
OPER='/' ;
ENDIF
;
RUN PGM=MATRIX
ZONES=23
FILEI MATI=@SQFNAME@
ARRAY CSUM=23,CSUM1=23,CSUM2=23
; -----
; -- Table Cell Value decalaration or computation (in MW[1])
; -----

FILLMW MW[1]=MI.1.1,2 ; read input tables in MW 2,3

IF (@TABTYPE@ = 2)
FILLMW MW[2]=MI.1.1,2 ; read input tables in MW 2,3
ENDIF

IF (@TABTYPE@=2) ; Cell Value
JLOOP ; computed for
IF (MW[3][J]>0) MW[1]=MW[2]*@SCALE@@OPER@MW[3]; special summaries-
ENDJLOOP ; calculation in MW[1]

```

Appendix E TP+ scripts

```

ENDIF
; -----
; --- ROW Marginal declaration or computation -----
; -----
RSUM = ROWSUM(1) ; 'normal' table- row summary value

IF (@TABTYPE@=2)
    RSUM = @SCALE@*ROWSUM(2)@OPER@ROWSUM(3) ; non-'normal' table
ENDIF ; compute the row marginal(%)

; -----
; --- COLUMN/Total Marginal Accumulation ---
; --- The computation (if necessary) is done below ---
; -----

JLOOP ; COL/Total Accumulation
CSUM[J] = CSUM[J] + MW[1][J] ; for 'normal' table
TOTAL = TOTAL + MW[1] ;
ENDJLOOP

IF (@TABTYPE@=2)
    JLOOP ; COL/Total Accumulation
    CSUM1[J] = CSUM1[J] + MW[2][J] ; for non-'normal' Table
    TOTAL1 = TOTAL1 + MW[2] ;
    CSUM2[J] = CSUM2[J] + MW[3][J] ;
    TOTAL2 = TOTAL2 + MW[3] ;
ENDJLOOP
ENDIF

IF (I=1) ; print header

PRINT LIST='/bt ', '@DESCRIPT@'
PRINT LIST=' ', 'Purpose: ', '@PURPOSE@', ' MODE: ', '@MODE@'
PRINT LIST=' '

PRINT LIST=' DESTINATION'
PRINT LIST=' ORIGIN |',
' 1', ' 2', ' 3', ' 4',
' 5', ' 6', ' 7', ' 8', ' 9',
' 10', ' 11', ' 12', ' 13', ' 14',
' 15', ' 16', ' 17', ' 18', ' 19',
' 20', ' 21', ' 22', ' 23', ' | TOTAL'

PRINT LIST='=====',
'=====',
'=====',
'=====',
'====='

ENDIF

IF (I=1)
    CURDIST=STR(I,2,1)+' DC CR'+ '| ' ; Make row header
ELSEIF (I=2)
    CURDIST=STR(I,2,1)+' DC NC'+ '| ' ; Make row header
ELSEIF (I=3)
    CURDIST=STR(I,2,1)+' MTG '+ '| ' ; Make row header
ELSEIF (I=4)
    CURDIST=STR(I,2,1)+' PG '+ '| ' ; Make row header
ELSEIF (I=5)
    CURDIST=STR(I,2,1)+' ARLCR'+ '| ' ; Make row header
ELSEIF (I=6)
    CURDIST=STR(I,2,1)+' ARNCR'+ '| ' ; Make row header
ELSEIF (I=7)

```

```

    CURDIST=STR(I,2,1)+' ALX '+ '| ' ; Make row header
ELSEIF (I=8)
    CURDIST=STR(I,2,1)+' FFX '+ '| ' ; Make row header
ELSEIF (I=9)
    CURDIST=STR(I,2,1)+' LDN '+ '| ' ; Make row header
ELSEIF (I=10)
    CURDIST=STR(I,2,1)+' PW '+ '| ' ; Make row header
ELSEIF (I=11)
    CURDIST=STR(I,2,1)+' FRD '+ '| ' ; Make row header
ELSEIF (I=12)
    CURDIST=STR(I,2,1)+' CAR '+ '| ' ; Make row header
ELSEIF (I=13)
    CURDIST=STR(I,2,1)+' HOW '+ '| ' ; Make row header
ELSEIF (I=14)
    CURDIST=STR(I,2,1)+' AAR '+ '| ' ; Make row header
ELSEIF (I=15)
    CURDIST=STR(I,2,1)+' CAL '+ '| ' ; Make row header
ELSEIF (I=16)
    CURDIST=STR(I,2,1)+' STM '+ '| ' ; Make row header
ELSEIF (I=17)
    CURDIST=STR(I,2,1)+' CHS '+ '| ' ; Make row header
ELSEIF (I=18)
    CURDIST=STR(I,2,1)+' FAU '+ '| ' ; Make row header
ELSEIF (I=19)
    CURDIST=STR(I,2,1)+' STA '+ '| ' ; Make row header
ELSEIF (I=20)
    CURDIST=STR(I,2,1)+' CL/JF'+ '| ' ; Make row header
ELSEIF (I=21)
    CURDIST=STR(I,2,1)+' SP/FB'+ '| ' ; Make row header
ELSEIF (I=22)
    CURDIST=STR(I,2,1)+' KGEO '+ '| ' ; Make row header
ELSEIF (I=23)
    CURDIST=STR(I,2,1)+' EXTL '+ '| ' ; Make row header
ELSE ; (I=24)
    CURDIST=STR(I,2,1)+' TOTAL'+ '| ' ; Make row header
ENDIF

PRINT FORM=7.@DCML@ LIST=CURDIST, MW[1][1],MW[1][2],MW[1][3],MW[1][4],MW[1][5],
MW[1][6],MW[1][7],MW[1][8],MW[1][9],MW[1][10],
MW[1][11],MW[1][12],MW[1][13],MW[1][14],MW[1][15],
MW[1][16],MW[1][17],MW[1][18],MW[1][19],MW[1][20],
MW[1][21],MW[1][22],MW[1][23], '| ',RSUM

IF (I==ZONES)
; Now at the end of Processed zone matrix
; Do final Column/Grand Total Computations
    IF (@TABTYPE@=2)
        LOOP IDX = 1,ZONES
            IF (CSUM2[IDX] = 0)
                CSUM[IDX] = 0
            ELSE
                CSUM[IDX] = @SCALE@* CSUM1[IDX] @OPER@ CSUM2[IDX]
            ENDIF
        ENDLOOP
    ENDIF
    IF (@TABTYPE@=2 )
        IF (TOTAL2 = 0)
            TOTAL = 0
        ELSE
            TOTAL = @SCALE@ *TOTAL1 @OPER@ TOTAL2
        ENDIF
    ENDIF

; End of final Column/Grand Total Computations

PRINT LIST='=====',
'=====',
'=====',
'====='

```


Appendix E TP+ scripts

```
      '=====',
      '====='

PRINT FORM=8.@DCML@,
LIST=' TOTAL ', ' ', CSUM[1], ' ', CSUM[3],
' ', CSUM[5], ' ', CSUM[7], ' ', CSUM[9],
' ', CSUM[11], ' ', CSUM[13], ' ', CSUM[15],
' ', CSUM[17], ' ', CSUM[19], ' ', CSUM[21],
' ', CSUM[23], ' |'
PRINT FORM=8.@DCML@,
LIST='/et ', CSUM[2],
' ', CSUM[4], ' ', CSUM[6], ' ', CSUM[8],
' ', CSUM[10], ' ', CSUM[12], ' ', CSUM[14],
' ', CSUM[16], ' ', CSUM[18], ' ', CSUM[20],
' ', CSUM[22], ' ', TOTAL(9.@DCML@)

ENDIF
ENDRUN

ENDLOOP ; End 'Inner' Loop
ENDLOOP ; End 'Outer' Loop
```

13 Metrorail_skims.s

```

=====
; Metrorail_skims.S
; MWCOG Version 2.2 Model
;
; Step 1: Build Metrorail Station to Station Network
; Step 2: Build Distance skims (in 1/100s mi) to be used in the
; MFAREL process
=====
; max 'zones' (stations changed from 116 to 150)

; Global variables:

NZONES = 150           ; Max. no. of Stations

NODIN='METNODM1.TB'   ; Input Station Links
LNKIN='METLNKM1.TB'   ; Input Station Nodes
DSKMO='rldist.skm'    ; Output Distance Skim File
TPENS='inputs\trnpen.dat' ; Turn Penalty file

=====
; Step 1: Build Metrorail Network
=====

RUN PGM=HWYNET
;
ZONES=@NZONES@

; Node Coordinate File
; XY Units are NAD83 (in whole feet)
FILEI NODEI=@NODIN@,
      VAR=N,09-13,
      VAR=X,19-26,
      VAR=Y,32-39

; Metrorail Links
FILEI LINKI=@LNKIN@,
      VAR=A,12-16,      ; A-Node Number
      VAR=B,18-22,      ; B-Node Number
      VAR=REV,30-30,    ; Reverse Code
      VAR=DISTANCE,37-41, ; Distance in 1/100ths of Miles
      VAR=SPEED,58-62   ; Speed Value (mph)

; output network in TP+ format
NETO=metrail.TPN
;

=====
; Step 2: Build Station Level Distance Skims
=====

RUN PGM=HWYLOAD
NETI =metrail.tpn      ; Metrorail Network
MATO[1]=@DSKMO@,MO=1,
      FORMAT=MINUTP
TURNPENI=@TPENS@

PHASE=LINKREAD
SPEED = LI.SPEED      ; Use Link Coded Speed
DISTANCE= LI.DISTANCE / 100 ; Set Distance in 1/100ths of mi to true mi
ENDPHASE

```

```

;
; Now create station-to-station distance skims over minimum time
; paths. The distance skims are in 100ths of miles
; (e.g. a skim value of '145' indicates 1.45 miles)
;
;
PHASE=ILOOP

PATHLOAD PATH=TIME, PENI=1, TRACE=(I=64 && J=37),

      MW[1]=PATHTRACE(LI.DISTANCE), noaccess = 0
;-----
; I will print selected rows of skim files
;-----
      IF (i = 1-2)           ; for select rows (Is)
          printrow MW=1, j=1-@NZONES@ ; print work matrices 1-3
      ENDIF                 ; row value to all Js.
ENDPHASE
ENDRUN

```

14 MFARE1.S

```

=====
; MFARE1.S
; V2.2 Model
; TP+ Script Version of MFARE1 script
; Walk and Drive Access Metrorail Sta. to Sta. fares developed
; for AM Peak and off-peak periods
;
; Programmer: Milone
; Date: 1/11/07
; Metro station XY file name corrected (12/13/2006)
=====
STATSIZE = 150 ; No. of Metrorail Stations (Note: Max is
999)
MR_DST_FTR = 0.01 ; Factor to convert input skimmed Metrorail
distance units to whole miles

;-----
; Filenames:

MSTA_XYs = 'MFARE1.A1' ; Metrorail Sta XYs coords scaled
so computed units are in 1/100ths of miles
MSTA_Dst_Skims = 'RLDIST.SKM' ; Metrorail Sta/Sta Distance Skims
(Distance units: 1/100ths of miles)
MSTA_Discount = 'INPUTS\mfarel_Sta_Disc.ASC' ; Metrorail Sta fare discount array
in cents
MSTA_Tariff = 'INPUTS\tariff.txt' ; WMATA tariff policy

AM_Sta_Fares = 'AM_Metrorail_Fares.TXT' ; Output AM Statio-to-Station Fares
-text file
OP_Sta_Fares = 'OP_Metrorail_Fares.TXT' ; Output OP Statio-to-Station Fares
-text file

RUN PGM=MATRIX
ZONES=@STATSIZE@
read FILE=@MSTA_Tariff@

;
; Set up zone arrays for accumulating I/O variables
;
;
;-----
; Read Station Coordinate file =
;-----
LOOKUP Name=StaXYS,
LOOKUP[1] = 1,Result = 2, ; Xcrds
LOOKUP[2] = 1,Result = 3, ; YCrds
Interpolate = N, FAIL=0,0,0,list=Y,file=@MSTA_XYS@

;
;-----
; Read Station Fare Discount Lookup =
; - The station-specific discount values are in cents. =
; The discounts are subtracted from the final =
; computed fares to/from the station =
;-----
LOOKUP Name=StaDSC,

```

```

LOOKUP[1] = 1,Result = 2, ; AM Fare Discount in cents
LOOKUP[2] = 1,Result = 3, ; OP Fare Discount in cents
Interpolate = N, FAIL=0,0,0,list=Y,file=@MSTA_Discount@

;-----
; Over-the Rail Distance Skims =
;-----

FILEI MATI = RLDIST.SKM
MW[1]= MI.1.1 ; (Over-the-rail distance in 1/100s mi)

ROWSUM1 = ROWSUM(1)
;-----
; Now, loop through each station i/j, compute composite distance,
; and compute AM and Off peak fares. Use generalized cost
; calculation:
;
; FARE = (incremental cost + Rate*Distance) <-Per short Distance +
; (incremental cost + Rate*Distance) <-Per medium Distance +
; (incremental cost + Rate*Distance) <-Per long Distance
;-----
IF (rowsum1 > 0) ; exclude unused stations
JLOOP

IF (MW[1] !=0 || I=J) ; exclude station i/js that are 'unused'

; Calculate airline distance (MW[2]) in 100s of miles
IxCrd = StaXYS(1,I)
JxCrd = StaXYS(1,J)
IyCrd = StaXYS(2,I)
JyCrd = StaXYS(2,J)
MW[2] = ((IxCrd-JxCrd)^2 + (IyCrd-JyCrd)^2)^ 0.5

; Calculate Composite (airline/over-the rail) distance MW[3] in whole miles
MW[3] = ((MW[1] + MW[2]) / 2.0) * @MR_Dst_Ftr@

; Calculate peak (MW[10]) and off-peak fares (MW[20]) based on comp distance
; Fares computed units in non-defaulted cents

; Peak Fare Calculation: -----
-----

PkDist1 = Pk_Fare_Dist1
PkDist2 = Pk_Fare_Dist1 + Pk_Fare_Dist2

IF (MW[3] <= PkDist1)

MW[10] = Pk_Fare_Incr1 + (Pk_Fare_Rate1 * MW[3])

ELSEIF (MW[3] > PkDist1 && MW[3] <= PkDist2)

MW[10] = Pk_Fare_Incr1 + (Pk_Fare_Rate1 * Pk_Fare_Dist1) +
Pk_Fare_Incr2 + (Pk_Fare_Rate2 * (MW[3] - PkDist1))

ELSEIF (MW[3] > PkDist2)

MW[10] = Pk_Fare_Incr1 + (Pk_Fare_Rate1 * Pk_Fare_Dist1) +
Pk_Fare_Incr2 + (Pk_Fare_Rate2 * Pk_Fare_Dist2) +
Pk_Fare_Incr3 + (Pk_Fare_Rate3 * (MW[3] - PkDist2))

ENDIF

; Round computed AM fare MW[10] to nearest nickle as in original program Final
Fare
; is 'FinAMFare'

```

Appendix E TP+ scripts

```

FARE      = MW[10]
temp1     = INT(Fare/10.0)
temp2     = temp1 * 10.0
DiffCheck = Fare - temp2
IF        (DiffCheck < 2.5)
  FinAMFare = temp2
ELSEIF    (DiffCheck > 7.5)
  FinAMFare = temp2 + 10.0
ELSE
  FinAMFare = temp2 + 5.0
ENDIF

;   Impose Max Fare rule
      IF (FinAMFare > Pk_Fare_Max)  FinAMFare = Pk_Fare_Max

;   Apply AM station discounts if used
      FinAMFare = FinAMFare - StaDSC(1,I) - StaDsc(1,J)

;   Compute IJ Index so station-to-station fares can be read in as a lookup
;   Index merges separate I/J numbers into one number (index for station 1 to
station 1 is '1001')
      IJindex = (I * 1000.0) + J

;   Write out the AM Fares:
      Print List = I(5),J(5), FinAMFare(6),IJindex(7),' ; ', MW[10](6),
MW[1](10.0),MW[2](10.0),MW[3](10.2),
      IxCrd(7), JxCrd(7), IyCrd(7), JyCrd(7),
      PKDist1(10.2),PkDist2(10.2),
      ';<
I/J/AM_Fare_n5/AM_Fare/R_Dst100s/A_Dst100s/CmpDstMi/iXcrd/jXcrd/iYcrd/jYcrdI/Dist1/D
ist2',
      File=@AM_Sta_Fares@

;   END of Peak Fare Calculation -----
-----

;   Off-Peak Calculation: -----
-----

OpDist1 = Op_Fare_Dist1
OpDist2 = Op_Fare_Dist1 + Op_Fare_Dist2

IF      (MW[3] <= OpDist1)

      MW[20] = Op_Fare_Incr1 + (Op_Fare_Rate1 * MW[3])

      ELSEIF (MW[3] > OpDist1 && MW[3] <= OpDist2)

      MW[20] = Op_Fare_Incr1 + (Op_Fare_Rate1 * Op_Fare_Dist1) +
Op_Fare_Incr2 + (Op_Fare_Rate2 * (MW[3] - OpDist1))

      ELSEIF (MW[3] > OpDist2)

      MW[20] = Op_Fare_Incr1 + (Op_Fare_Rate1 * Op_Fare_Dist1) +
Op_Fare_Incr2 + (Op_Fare_Rate2 * Op_Fare_Dist2) +
Op_Fare_Incr3 + (Op_Fare_Rate3 * (MW[3] - OpDist2))

ENDIF

;   Round computed Off-peak fare MW[20] to nearest nickle as in original program
Final Fare
;   is 'FinOPFare'
      FARE      = MW[20]
      temp1     = INT(Fare/10.0)
      temp2     = temp1 * 10.0
      DiffCheck = Fare - temp2

```

```

IF      (DiffCheck < 2.5)
  FinOPFare = temp2
ELSEIF  (DiffCheck > 7.5)
  FinOPFare = temp2 + 10.0
ELSE
  FinOPFare = temp2 + 5.0
ENDIF

;   Impose Max Fare rule
      If (FinOPFare > Op_Fare_Max)  FinOPFare = Op_Fare_Max

;   Apply Off-pk station discounts if used
      FinOPFare = FinOPFare - StaDSC(2,I) - StaDsc(2,J)

;   Compute IJ Index so station-to-station fares can be read in as a lookup
;   Index merges separate I/J numbers into one number (index for station 1 to
station 1 is '1001')
      IJindex = (I * 1000.0) + J

;   Write out the Off-Pk Fares:
      Print List = I(5),J(5),FinOPFare(6),IJindex(7),' ; ', MW[20](6),
MW[1](10.0),MW[2](10.0),MW[3](10.2),
      IxCrd(7), JxCrd(7), IyCrd(7), JyCrd(7),
      OpDist1(10.2),OpDist2(10.2),
      ';<
I/J/OP_Fare/R_Dst100s/A_Dst100s/CmpDstMi/iXcrd/jXcrd/iYcrd/jYcrdI/Dist1/Dist2',
      File=@OP_Sta_Fares@

;   END of Off Peak Fare Calculation -----
-----

      ENDIF
      ENDJLOOP
      endif
      ENDRUN

```

15 MFARE2.S

```

=====
; MFARE2.S
; Version 2.2 Model
; TP+ Script Version of MFARE2 Program
; Walk and Drive Access Zonal Fares Developed for AM Peak and Off-Peak Periods
;
; Programmer: Milone
; Date: 1/11/07
=====
ZONESIZE = 2191 ; No. of TAZs
LastIZn = 2144 ; Last Internal TAZ No.
STATSIZE = 150 ; Max No. of Metrorail Stations
BFZ_Size = 21 ; No. of Bus Fare Zones
;-----
MSTA_Tariff = 'INPUTS\tariff.txt'
TRN_Defl = 'TRN_Deflator.txt'
; LOOP Through the Time Period/Access Mode combinations
; - define I/P & O/P files:
;
LOOP PRDACC = 1,4
  IF (PRDACC = 1) ; ----- AM Walk Access cycle:
  -----
  USTOSFile = '%_iter_%_AM_WK.STA ' ; Input: Walk Acc. Station
to Station Matrix (Brd Sta/Tl, Ali Stat/T2)
  MR_FareFile = 'AM_Metrorail_Fares.TXT ' ; Metrorail Fares in
Current Year Cents
  BusFareMTX = 'INPUTS\BUSFARAM.ASC' ; Bus Fare matrix
21x21 (Bus fares zones '1' to '21')
  MF2ZonalDeck = 'FARE_A2.ASC' ; Zonal A2 Deck
(Bus fares zones referenced as '1' to '21')
  OutputMatrix = '%_iter_%_AM_WK.FAR ' ; Output: Total Fare Matrix
  OutputMatrix5 = '%_iter_%_AM_WK.FR5 ' ; Fare Matrix (T1-5
Total,bus onlr, rail, acc, egr fare file)
  OutputText = '%_iter_%_AM_WK.TXT ' ; Fare text file for
checking fare components / selected ijs
  ELSEIF (PRDACC = 2) ; ----- AM Drive Access
cycle: -----
  USTOSFile = '%_iter_%_AM_DR.STA ' ; Input: Walk Acc. Station
to Station Matrix (Brd Sta/Tl, Ali Stat/T2)
  MR_FareFile = 'AM_Metrorail_Fares.TXT ' ; Metrorail Fares in
Current Year Cents
  BusFareMTX = 'INPUTS\BUSFARAM.ASC' ; Bus Fare matrix
21x21 (Bus fares zones '1' to '21')
  MF2ZonalDeck = 'FARE_A2.ASC' ; Zonal A2 Deck
(Bus fares zones referenced as '1' to '21')
  OutputMatrix = '%_iter_%_AM_DR.FAR ' ; Output: Total Fare Matrix
  OutputMatrix5 = '%_iter_%_AM_DR.FR5 ' ; Fare Matrix (T1-5
Total,bus onlr, rail, acc, egr fare file)
  OutputText = '%_iter_%_AM_DR.TXT ' ; Fare text file for
checking fare components / selected ijs
  ELSEIF (PRDACC = 3) ; ----- Off-Pk Walk Access
cycle: -----
  USTOSFile = '%_iter_%_OP_WK.STA ' ; Input: Walk Acc. Station
to Station Matrix (Brd Sta/Tl, Ali Stat/T2)
  MR_FareFile = 'OP_Metrorail_Fares.TXT ' ; Metrorail Fares in
Current Year Cents
  BusFareMTX = 'INPUTS\BUSFAROP.ASC' ; Bus Fare matrix
21x21 (Bus fares zones '1' to '21')
  MF2ZonalDeck = 'FARE_A2.ASC' ; Zonal A2 Deck
(Bus fares zones referenced as '1' to '21')

```

```

  OutputMatrix = '%_iter_%_OP_WK.FAR ' ; Output: Total Fare Matrix
  OutputMatrix5 = '%_iter_%_OP_WK.FR5 ' ; Fare Matrix (T1-5
Total,bus onlr, rail, acc, egr fare file)
  OutputText = '%_iter_%_OP_WK.TXT ' ; Fare text file for
checking fare components / selected ijs
  ELSEIF (PRDACC = 4) ; ----- Off-Pk Walk Access
cycle: -----
  USTOSFile = '%_iter_%_OP_DR.STA ' ; Input: Walk Acc. Station
to Station Matrix (Brd Sta/Tl, Ali Stat/T2)
  MR_FareFile = 'OP_Metrorail_Fares.TXT ' ; Metrorail Fares in
Current Year Cents
  BusFareMTX = 'INPUTS\BUSFAROP.ASC' ; Bus Fare matrix
21x21 (Bus fares zones '1' to '21')
  MF2ZonalDeck = 'FARE_A2.ASC' ; Zonal A2 Deck
(Bus fares zones referenced as '1' to '21')
  OutputMatrix = '%_iter_%_OP_DR.FAR ' ; Output: Total Fare Matrix
  OutputMatrix5 = '%_iter_%_OP_DR.FR5 ' ; Fare Matrix (T1-5
Total,bus onlr, rail, acc, egr fare file)
  OutputText = '%_iter_%_OP_DR.TXT ' ; Fare text file for
checking fare components / selected ijs
ENDIF

```

```

RUN PGM=MATRIX
ZONES=@ZONESIZE@
;
read FILE=@MSTA_Tariff@
read FILE=@TRN_Defl@
;=====
; Read Station-to-Station Metrorail Fares as lookups
; Fares read in based on IJ index
; e.g., '1001' means 1 to 1 and '150150' means 150 to 150
;=====
LOOKUP Name=STA_Fares,
LOOKUP[1] = 4,Result = 3, ; station to station fares
Interpolate = N, FAIL=0,0,0,list=N,file=@MR_FareFile@
;=====
; Read Bus Fare zone to Bus fare zone matrix
; Fares are indexed to origin-end bus fare zone 'row';lookup =
; no. corresponds to a destin-end bus fare zone 'column'
;=====
LOOKUP Name=BusFrMTX,
LOOKUP[01] = 1,Result = 2, ;
LOOKUP[02] = 1,Result = 3, ;
LOOKUP[03] = 1,Result = 4, ;
LOOKUP[04] = 1,Result = 5, ;
LOOKUP[05] = 1,Result = 6, ;
LOOKUP[06] = 1,Result = 7, ;
LOOKUP[07] = 1,Result = 8, ;
LOOKUP[08] = 1,Result = 9, ;
LOOKUP[09] = 1,Result =10, ;
LOOKUP[10] = 1,Result =11, ;
LOOKUP[11] = 1,Result =12, ;
LOOKUP[12] = 1,Result =13, ;
LOOKUP[13] = 1,Result =14, ;
LOOKUP[14] = 1,Result =15, ;
LOOKUP[15] = 1,Result =16, ;
LOOKUP[16] = 1,Result =17, ;
LOOKUP[17] = 1,Result =18, ;
LOOKUP[18] = 1,Result =19, ;
LOOKUP[19] = 1,Result =20, ;
LOOKUP[20] = 1,Result =21, ;
LOOKUP[21] = 1,Result =22, ;
Interpolate = N, FAIL=0,0,0,list=N,file=@BusFareMTX@

```

Appendix E TP+ scripts

```

;; read Zone data file
LOOKUP Name=TAZLook,
LOOKUP[01] = 1,Result = 2, ; BusFare Zn 1 (1-21)
LOOKUP[02] = 1,Result = 3, ; BusFare Zn 2 (1-21)
LOOKUP[03] = 1,Result = 4, ; Orig Walk Pct in 10ths of pcts
('1000'=100%)
LOOKUP[04] = 1,Result = 5, ; Dest Walk Pct in 10ths of pcts
('1000'=100%)
LOOKUP[05] = 1,Result = 6, ; BusFare Zn 1 associated w/ Metro
station (1-21)
LOOKUP[06] = 1,Result = 7, ; BusFare Zn 2 associated w/ Metro
station (1-21)
Area2
LOOKUP[07] = 1,Result = 8, ; Jurcode: 0/DC, 1/MD, 2/VA Areal, 3/VA
LOOKUP[08] = 1,Result = 9, ; Origin-end Bus Fare Override value
(in current yr cents)
LOOKUP[09] = 1,Result =10, ; Destin-end Bus Fare Override value
(in current yr cents)
Interpolate = N, FAIL=0,0,0,list=N,file=@MF2ZonalDeck@

;
; Establish Discount Array
;
ARRAY RB_Disc = 4

RB_Disc[1] = DC_RailBus_Disc
RB_Disc[2] = MD_RailBus_Disc
RB_Disc[3] = VA1_RailBusDisc
RB_Disc[4] = VA2_RailBusDisc

IF (TAZLook(7,I) > 3 || TAZLook(7,I) < 0)
LIST = 'Jurisdiction Code NOT within convention values; I Quit'
ABORT
ENDIF

IF (TAZLook(3,I) < 0 || TAZLook(3,I) > 1000.0 )
LIST = 'Orig. Walk Pcts NOT within tolerances(0.0 to 1000.0) ; I
Quit'
ABORT
ENDIF

IF (TAZLook(4,I) < 0 || TAZLook(4,I) > 1000.0 )
LIST = 'Destin. Walk Pcts NOT within tolerances(0.0 to 1000.0) ; I
Quit'
ABORT
ENDIF

IF (TAZLook(1,I) > @BFZ_SIZE@ || TAZLook(2,I) > @BFZ_SIZE@ ||
TAZLook(5,I) > @BFZ_SIZE@ || TAZLook(6,I) > @BFZ_SIZE@)
LIST = 'Zonal / Metrorail Bus Fare Zn No. equivalence exceeds:
','@BFZ_SIZE@',': I Quit'
ABORT
ENDIF

;=====
; Read in the USTOS files here & Declare output matrix =
;=====

MATI[1] = @USTOSFile@
MW[11] = MI.1.1 ; On-Station
MW[12] = MI.1.2 ; Off-Station

MATO[1] = @OutputMatrix@,MO=21,FORMAT=MINUTP; total deflated fare/t1)
MATO[2]= @OutputMatrix5@,MO=41-45 ; total deflated fare/t1,

; busonly(undef1) /t2,
; rail(undef) /t3,
; acc(undef) /t4,
; egr(undef) /t5

;=====
; Now begin i/j level fare calculation process =
;=====

JLOOP
IF (I > @LastIZN@ || J > @LastIZN@) Continue ; Skip current
i/j if either is external
; Start afresh all fare related variables at the current i/j

BusFare = 0.0
RailFare = 0.0
RailAccFare = 0.0
RailEgrFare = 0.0
TotalFare = 0.0
TotalFareDef = 0.0
IBFZ1 = 0.0
IBFZ2 = 0.0
JBFZ1 = 0.0
JBFZ2 = 0.0
Acc_NoWlk_Prop = 0.0
Egr_NoWlk_Prop = 0.0
ISTA = 0.0
JSTA = 0.0
IJIDX = 0.0
RailFare = 0.0
RIBFZ1 = 0.0
RIBFZ2 = 0.0
RJBFB1 = 0.0
RJBFB2 = 0.0
_AccFare1 = 0.0
_AccFare2 = 0.0
_AccFare12 = 0.0
_EgrFare1 = 0.0
_EgrFare2 = 0.0
_EgrFare12 = 0.0
RailAccFare = 0.0
RailEgrFare = 0.0
Acc_Discount = 0.0
Egr_Discount = 0.0
I_FareOvr = 0.0
J_FareOvr = 0.0

; Make sure station numbers are appropriate:
IF (MW[11] > @STATSIZE@ || MW[12] > @STATSIZE@ )
LIST = 'USTOS Station number(s) are out of range; I Quit'
ABORT
ENDIF

;
; Define Rail-to-bus fare discount. The discount will be applied
; at the acces end and egress - end on a 50/50 basis (per MPARE2)
;
AccRBDx = TAZLook(7,I) + 1 ; convert JurCode 0-3 to Rail/Bus
discount array index 1-4
EgrRBDx = TAZLook(7,J) + 1 ;
Acc_Discount = RB_Disc[AccRBDx] * 0.50
Egr_Discount = RB_Disc[EgrRBDx] * 0.50

; Lookup Bus Fares

```

Appendix E TP+ scripts

```

;
IBFZ1 = TAZLOOK(1,I)
IBFZ2 = TAZLOOK(2,I)
IF (IBFZ2 = 0) IBFZ2 = IBFZ1

JBFZ1 = TAZLOOK(1,J)
JBFZ2 = TAZLOOK(2,J)
IF (JBFZ2 = 0) JBFZ2 = JBFZ1

;
; Define Zonal Non-walk area percentages at
; Access end and egress end:
Acc_NoWlk_Prop = 1.0 - (TAZLOOK(3,I)/1000.0) ; Zonal non-walk proportion to
station (Access-end)
Egr_NoWlk_Prop = 1.0 - (TAZLOOK(4,J)/1000.0) ; Zonal non-walk proportion to
station (Egress-end)

;-----
; If no rail stations used, compute Bus fare (BUSFARE)
;-----

IF (MW[11][j] = 0 && MW[12][j] = 0) ;
    BusFare = (BusFrMTX(JBFZ1,IBFZ1) +
              BusFrMTX(JBFZ2,IBFZ1) +
              BusFrMTX(JBFZ1,IBFZ2) +
              BusFrMTX(JBFZ2,IBFZ2)) * 0.250

    TotalFare = BusFare + RailFare + RailAccFare + RailEgrFare ;
undeinflated transit fare, Bus-Only paths
    TotalFareDef = Round(TotalFare * DeflationFTR)
    MW[21][j] = TotalFareDef

    MW[41][j] = TotalFareDef
    MW[42][j] = BusFare
    MW[43][j] = RailFare
    MW[44][j] = _AccFare12
    MW[45][j] = _EgrFare12

ELSE
;-----
; ... Else compute rail related fares -
; if USTOS stations exist for current I/J -
;-----

    ISTA = MW[11][J] ; Origin Metrorail
Station No.
    JSTA = MW[12][J] ; Destin Metrorail
Station No.
    IJIDX = ISTA*1000.0 + JSTA ; Sta I/J index,
('0001001' means from sta# 1 to sta#1)
    RailFare = Sta_Fares(1,IJIDX) ; Fare from current Sta.I
to Sta.J

;
; Define Station-related Bus Fare Zones
; Access-End:

RIBFZ1 = TAZLOOK(5,ISTA)
RIBFZ2 = TAZLOOK(6,ISTA)
IF (RIBFZ2 = 0) RIBFZ2 = RIBFZ1

; Egress-End:

RJBFBZ1 = TAZLOOK(5,JSTA)
RJBFBZ2 = TAZLOOK(6,JSTA)
IF (RJBFBZ2 = 0) RJBFBZ2 = RJBFBZ1

```

```

_AccFare1 = MIN(BusFrMTX(RIBFZ1,IBFZ1),BusFrMTX(RIBFZ2,IBFZ1))
_AccFare2 = MIN(BusFrMTX(RIBFZ1,IBFZ2),BusFrMTX(RIBFZ2,IBFZ2))
_AccFare12= ((_AccFare1 + _AccFare2) * 0.50) - Acc_Discount

_EgrFare1 = MIN(BusFrMTX(JBFZ1,RJBFBZ1),BusFrMTX(JBFZ1,RJBFBZ2))
_EgrFare2 = MIN(BusFrMTX(JBFZ2,RJBFBZ1),BusFrMTX(JBFZ2,RJBFBZ2))
_EgrFare12= ((_EgrFare1 + _EgrFare2) * 0.50) - Egr_Discount

RailAccFare = _AccFare12 * Acc_NoWlk_Prop
RailEgrFare = _EgrFare12 * Egr_NoWlk_Prop

TotalFare = BusFare + RailFare + RailAccFare + RailEgrFare ;
undeinflated transit fare, Metrorail-Related paths

; If an I/J override value exists use it instead of the total computed fare
value

IF ( TAZLOOK(8,I) > 0.0 )
    I_FareOvr = TAZLOOK(8,I)
    TotalFare = I_FareOvr
ENDIF
IF ( TAZLOOK(9,J) > 0.0 )
    J_FareOvr = TAZLOOK(9,J)
    TotalFare = J_FareOvr
ENDIF

; Apply Deflator to Total fare to write out constant dollars

TotalFareDef = Round(TotalFare * DeflationFTR)
MW[21][j] = TotalFareDef

MW[41][j] = TotalFareDef
MW[42][j] = BusFare
MW[43][j] = RailFare
MW[44][j] = _AccFare12
MW[45][j] = _EgrFare12

ENDIF

; write out the results of sample IJs here:
IF (i = 8, 64, 345, 362, 464, 578, 829, 927, 1043, 1231, 1236, 1337,
    1537, 1554, 1619, 1698, 1716, 1842, 1942, 1967 &
    j = 8, 64, 345, 362, 1231, 1236, 1337, 1537)

    print Form=7.1 list= i(6),j(6),TotalFareDef(6), TotalFare, BusFare,
RailFare, _AccFare12,_EgrFare12,
                                I_FareOvr,J_FareOvr,
                                '<<-
I/J/DefFare/UnDefFare/BusFare/RailFare/AccFare/EgrFare/IOvrFare/JOvrFare/',
file=@Outputtext@
ENDIF

ENDJLOOP

ENDRUN

ENDLOOP

```

16 Misc_Time-of-Day.s

```

; =====
; Misc_Time-of-Day.s
; MWCOC Version 2.2 Model
;
; Distribute Truck and
; miscellaneous (non-modeled) trips among
; among three time periods:
; - AM peak (6:00 - 9:00 AM)
; - PM peak (4:00 - 7:00 PM)
; - Off-peak (All Other Hrs)
; The Time-of-Day factors are taken from a card image
; file named: 'V2TODTPP.PAR'.
; Buck rounding is removed per version 2.2
; =====
;
; Input/Output filenames:
;
READ FILE=..\support\V2TODTPP.PAR ; Time of Day Factor File
;
; I/P PP Auto Driver Trip Tables:
XXTRUCK = 'inputs\xxtrk.vtt' ; TRUCK XX Trips (t1)
XXAUTDR = 'inputs\xxaut.vtt' ; Auto Dr XX Trips (t1)
;
TAXIADR = 'inputs\taxi.adr' ; TAXI Auto Dr Trips
VISIADR = 'inputs\visi.adr' ; Visitor A.Dr Trips
SCHLADR = 'inputs\schl.adr' ; School A.Dr Trips
;
MTKTDOUT = 'MTKESTPP.VTT' ; Medium Truck Trips
HTKTDOUT = 'HTKESTPP.VTT' ; Heavy Truck Trips
;
APXADR = 'inputs\airpax.adr' ; Air Passenger Auto Dr.
;
; O/P Auto Dr. Pct. tables:
MISCAM = 'MISCAM.TT' ; AM Non-Modeled Trips
MISCPM = 'MISCPM.TT' ; PM Non-Modeled Trips
MISCOP = 'MISCOP.TT' ; Off-Pk Non-Modeled Trips
;
; Each output file contains 8 tables -
; 1/xx truck,2/xx autodr,3/taxi adr,4/visitor adr,5/school adr,
; 6/med. truck, 7/hvy truck, 8/air passenger adr
; =====
RUN PGM=MATRIX ; Read in Daily Miscellaneous Trips
MATI[1]=@XXTRUCK@ ; Thru Truck Trips
MATI[2]=@XXAUTDR@ ; Thru Auto Driver Trips
MATI[3]=@TAXIADR@ ; Taxi Auto Driver Trips
MATI[4]=@VISIADR@ ; Visitor/Tourist Auto Driver Trips
MATI[5]=@SCHLADR@ ; School Auto Driver Trips
MATI[6]=@MTKTDOUT@ ; Medium Truck (I-I,I-X,X-I) Trips
MATI[7]=@HTKTDOUT@ ; Heavy Truck (I-I,I-X,X-I) Trips
MATI[8]=@APXADR@ ; Air Passenger auto driver Trips
;
; Put Misc Trips in Work Mats 1-8, respectively
MW[1] = MI.1.1
MW[2] = MI.2.1
MW[3] = MI.3.1
MW[4] = MI.4.1
MW[5] = MI.5.1
MW[6] = MI.6.3
MW[7] = MI.7.3

```

```

MW[8] = MI.8.1
;
; Apply TOD Factors
; put AM trips in work mats 11-17
; put PM trips in work mats 21-27
; put Off-Peak trips in work mats 31-37
;
JLOOP
; AM Peak Period Trips
MW[11] = @AMXXTRKP@ * MW[1] / 100.0 ; AM Thru Truck
MW[12] = @AMXXADRP@ * MW[2] / 100.0 ; AM Thru Auto Driver
MW[13] = @AMTAXISP@ * MW[3] / 100.0 ; AM Taxi Auto Driver
MW[14] = @AMVISITP@ * MW[4] / 100.0 ; AM Visitor Auto Driver
MW[15] = @AMSCHOOOP@ * MW[5] / 100.0 ; AM School Auto Driver
MW[16] = @AMIIMTKP@ * MW[6] / 100.0 ; AM I-I,I-E,E-I Medium Truck
MW[17] = @AMIHTKP@ * MW[7] / 100.0 ; AM I-I,I-E,E-I Heavy Truck
MW[18] = @AMAIRPXP@ * MW[8] / 100.0 ; AM Air Pax Auto Driver
;
; PM Peak Period Trips
MW[21] = @PMXXTRKP@ * MW[1] / 100.0 ; PM Thru Truck
MW[22] = @PMXXADRP@ * MW[2] / 100.0 ; PM Thru Auto Driver
MW[23] = @PMTAXISP@ * MW[3] / 100.0 ; PM Taxi Auto Driver
MW[24] = @PMVISITP@ * MW[4] / 100.0 ; PM Visitor Auto Driver
MW[25] = @PMSCHOOOP@ * MW[5] / 100.0 ; PM School Auto Driver
MW[26] = @PMIIMTKP@ * MW[6] / 100.0 ; PM I-I,I-E,E-I Medium Truck
MW[27] = @PMIHTKP@ * MW[7] / 100.0 ; PM I-I,I-E,E-I Heavy Truck
MW[28] = @PMAIRPXP@ * MW[8] / 100.0 ; PM Air Pax Auto Driver
;
; Off-Peak Period Trips
MW[31] = MW[1] - (MW[11] + MW[21]) ; Off-Pk Thru Truck
MW[32] = MW[2] - (MW[12] + MW[22]) ; Off-Pk Thru Auto Driver
MW[33] = MW[3] - (MW[13] + MW[23]) ; Off-Pk Taxi Auto Driver
MW[34] = MW[4] - (MW[14] + MW[24]) ; Off-Pk Visitor Auto Driver
MW[35] = MW[5] - (MW[15] + MW[25]) ; Off-Pk School Auto Driver
MW[36] = MW[6] - (MW[16] + MW[26]) ; Off-Pk I-I,I-E,E-I Medium Truck
MW[37] = MW[7] - (MW[17] + MW[27]) ; Off-Pk I-I,I-E,E-I Heavy Truck
MW[38] = MW[8] - (MW[18] + MW[28]) ; Off-Pk Air Pax Auto Driver
ENDJLOOP
;
; Now bucket round all tables
;
; LETS SUMMARIZE NEATLY
jloop
DAYXXTK = DAYXXTK + MW[1] ; ACCUMULATE TOTAL DAILY THRU TRUCKS
DAYXXAD = DAYXXAD + MW[2] ; ACCUMULATE TOTAL DAILY THRU AUTO DRV
DAYTXAD = DAYTXAD + MW[3] ; ACCUMULATE TOTAL DAILY TAXI ADR TRIPS
DAYVSAD = DAYVSAD + MW[4] ; ACCUMULATE TOTAL DAILY VISITOR ADR TRIPS
DAYSCAD = DAYSCAD + MW[5] ; ACCUMULATE TOTAL DAILY SCHOOL ADR TRIPS
DAYMTRK = DAYMTRK + MW[6] ; ACCUMULATE TOTAL DAILY MED. TRUCK TRIPS
DAYHTRK = DAYHTRK + MW[7] ; ACCUMULATE TOTAL DAILY HVY. TRUCK TRIPS
DAYAPAX = DAYAPAX + MW[8] ; ACCUMULATE TOTAL DAILY AIR PAX ADR TRIPS
;
AMXXTK = AMXXTK + MW[11] ; ACCUMULATE TOTAL AM XX TRUCKS
AMXXAD = AMXXAD + MW[12] ; ACCUMULATE TOTAL AM XX ADR TRIPS
AMTXAD = AMTXAD + MW[13] ; ACCUMULATE TOTAL AM TAXI ADR TRIPS
AMVSAD = AMVSAD + MW[14] ; ACCUMULATE TOTAL AM VISIT ADR TRIPS
AMSCAD = AMSCAD + MW[15] ; ACCUMULATE TOTAL AM SCHOO ADR TRIPS
AMMTRK = AMMTRK + MW[16] ; ACCUMULATE TOTAL AM MED TRUCK TRIPS
AMHTRK = AMHTRK + MW[17] ; ACCUMULATE TOTAL AM HVY TRUCK TRIPS
AMAPAX = AMAPAX + MW[18] ; ACCUMULATE TOTAL AIR PAX ADR TRIPS
;
PMXXTK = PMXXTK + MW[21] ; ACCUMULATE TOTAL PM XX TRUCKS
PMXXAD = PMXXAD + MW[22] ; ACCUMULATE TOTAL PM XX ADR TRIPS
PMTXAD = PMTXAD + MW[23] ; ACCUMULATE TOTAL PM TAXI ADR TRIPS
PMVSAD = PMVSAD + MW[24] ; ACCUMULATE TOTAL PM VISIT ADR TRIPS
PMSCAD = PMSCAD + MW[25] ; ACCUMULATE TOTAL PM SCHOO ADR TRIPS
PMMTRK = PMMTRK + MW[26] ; ACCUMULATE TOTAL PM MED TRUCK TRIPS

```


Appendix E TP+ scripts

```
PMHTRK = PMHTRK + MW[27] ; ACCUMULATE TOTAL PM HVY TRUCK TRIPS
PMAPAX = PMAPAX + MW[28] ; ACCUMULATE TOTAL AIR PAX ADR TRIPS

OPXXTK = OPXXTK + MW[31] ; ACCUMULATE TOTAL OP XX TRUCKS
OPXXAD = OPXXAD + MW[32] ; ACCUMULATE TOTAL OP XX ADR TRIPS
OPTXAD = OPTXAD + MW[33] ; ACCUMULATE TOTAL OP TAXI ADR TRIPS
OPVSAD = OPVSAD + MW[34] ; ACCUMULATE TOTAL OP VISIT ADR TRIPS
OPSCAD = OPSCAD + MW[35] ; ACCUMULATE TOTAL OP SCHOO ADR TRIPS
OPMTRK = OPMTRK + MW[36] ; ACCUMULATE TOTAL OP MED TRUCK TRIPS
OPHTRK = OPHTRK + MW[37] ; ACCUMULATE TOTAL OP HVY TRUCK TRIPS
OPAPAX = OPAPAX + MW[38] ; ACCUMULATE TOTAL AIR PAX ADR TRIPS

; total input misc trips
ipmisc = ipmisc + MW[1]+MW[2]+MW[3]+MW[4]+MW[5]+MW[6]+MW[7]+MW[8]

; total output misc trips
opmisc = opmisc +
MW[11]+MW[12]+MW[13]+MW[14]+MW[15]+MW[16]+MW[17]+MW[18]+
MW[21]+MW[22]+MW[23]+MW[24]+MW[25]+MW[26]+MW[27]+MW[28]+
MW[31]+MW[32]+MW[33]+MW[34]+MW[35]+MW[36]+MW[37]+MW[38]

ENDJLOOP

IF (I=ZONES) ; LIST OUT THE TOTALS IF AT THE END OF THE I-LOOP
; get regional I/O differences
diff = opmisc-ipmisc ;

LIST = '/bt
LIST = ' MISCELLANEOUS/TRUCK TIME-OF-DAY TOTALS ','\n',
list = ' '

list = 'Input Misc/Truck Total: ',ipmisc(8.0)
list = 'Output Misc/Truck Total: ',opmisc(8.0)
list = 'Diff. (Output-Input): ',diff(8.0)
list = ' '

LIST = 'DAILY XX TRUCKS:',dayxxtk(8.0),' AM,PM, Off-Pk totals:',
AMXXTK(8.0),' ',PMXXTK(8.0),' ',OPXXTK(8.0)
LIST = 'DAILY XX ADRS: ',dayxxAD(8.0),' AM,PM, Off-Pk totals: ',
AMXXAD(8.0),' ',PMXXAD(8.0),' ',OPXXAD(8.0)
LIST = 'DAILY TAXI ADRS:',dayTxAD(8.0),' AM,PM, Off-Pk totals: ',
AMTXAD(8.0),' ',PMTXAD(8.0),' ',OPTXAD(8.0)
LIST = 'DAILY VISI ADRS:',dayVSAD(8.0),' AM,PM, Off-Pk totals: ',
AMVSAD(8.0),' ',PMVSAD(8.0),' ',OPVSAD(8.0)
LIST = 'DAILY SCHO ADRS:',daySCAD(8.0),' AM,PM, Off-Pk totals: ',
AMSCAD(8.0),' ',PMSCAD(8.0),' ',OPSCAD(8.0)
LIST = 'DAILY MED TRKS: ',dayMTRK(8.0),' AM,PM, Off-Pk totals: ',
AMMTRK(8.0),' ',PMMTRK(8.0),' ',OPMTRK(8.0)
LIST = 'DAILY HVY TRKS: ',dayHTRK(8.0),' AM,PM, Off-Pk totals: ',
AMHTRK(8.0),' ',PMHTRK(8.0),' ',OPHTRK(8.0)
LIST = 'DAILY APX ADRS: ',dayAPAX(8.0),' AM,PM, Off-Pk totals: ',
AMAPAX(8.0),' ',PMAPAX(8.0),' ',OPAPAX(8.0)

LIST = '/et
endif
; Write out the Miscellaneous Trips in time period-specific files

MATO[1] = @MISCAM@, MO=11-18 ; AM MISC Trips
MATO[2] = @MISCPM@, MO=21-28 ; PM MISC Trips
MATO[3] = @MISCOP@, MO=31-38 ; OP MISC Trips
ENDRUN
;
```

17 PP_Auto_Drivers.s

```

; =====
; PP_Auto_Drivers.s
; MWCOCG Version 2.2 Model
; Note: Bucket Rounding is now removed
;
; This program used to develop 1-occ, 2-occ, and 3+occ auto driver
; trip tables directly from the a pump-prime total person trip table.
; The trips are developed using auto driver percentages
; from a pre-existing (or seed) mode choice output file
; and 'off-the-shelf' disaggregation curves to arrive at auto driver
; trips in occupant categories.
; =====
;
; //////////////////////////////////////
; First, establish Input/Output filenames:
LOOP PURP=1,4 ; We'll Loop 4 times, for each purpose
; Note default auto driver shares and occupant
; shares to be used in case no seed shares exist

IF (PURP=1) ; HBW Loop
PPPERSON = 'HBWESTPP.PTT'; HBW Pump Prime Person Trips (Input)
PPPTABNO = 7 ; Table no. for total trips PP Person trip file
SEED_MCH = 'INPUTS\HBWMC.OLD' ; HBW Mode Choice file (Input)
PP123OCC = 'HBWPP.ADR' ; HBW auto driver trips- 1,2,3+ Occ. (Output)
DADRSHAR = 0.7546 ; DFLT HBW Auto Driver Share
DOCC1PCT = 0.8840 ; DFLT Share of HBW Adrs that are 1 occ Adrs
DOCC2PCT = 0.1142 ; DFLT Share of HBW Adrs that are 2 occ Adrs
DOCC3PCT = 0.0018 ; DFLT Share of HBW Adrs that are 3+ occ Adrs
PURPOSE = 'HBW' ;

ELSEIF (PURP=2) ; HBS Loop

PPPERSON = 'HBSESTPP.PTT'; HBS Pump Prime Person Trips (Input)
PPPTABNO = 7 ; Table no. for total trips PP Person trip file
SEED_MCH = 'INPUTS\HBSMC.OLD' ; HBS Mode Choice file (Input)
PP123OCC = 'HBSPP.ADR' ; HBS auto driver trips- 1,2,3+ Occ. (Output)
DADRSHAR = 0.7966 ; DFLT HBS Auto Driver Share
DOCC1PCT = 0.8141 ; DFLT Share of HBS Adrs that are 1 occ Adrs
DOCC2PCT = 0.1560 ; DFLT Share of HBS Adrs that are 2 occ Adrs
DOCC3PCT = 0.0299 ; DFLT Share of HBS Adrs that are 3+ occ Adrs
PURPOSE = 'HBS' ;

ELSEIF (PURP=3) ; HBO Loop

PPPERSON = 'HBOESTPP.PTT'; HBO Pump Prime Person Trips (Input)
PPPTABNO = 7 ; Table no. for total trips PP Person trip file
SEED_MCH = 'INPUTS\HBOCM.OLD' ; HBO Mode Choice file (Input)
PP123OCC = 'HBOPP.ADR' ; HBO auto driver trips- 1,2,3+ Occ. (Output)
DADRSHAR = 0.6722 ; DFLT HBO Transit Share
DOCC1PCT = 0.6806 ; DFLT Share of HBO Adrs that are 1 occ Adrs
DOCC2PCT = 0.2358 ; DFLT Share of HBO Adrs that are 2 occ Adrs
DOCC3PCT = 0.0836 ; DFLT Share of HBO Adrs that are 3+ occ Adrs
PURPOSE = 'HBO' ;

ELSEIF (PURP=4) ; NHB Loop

PPPERSON = 'NHBESTPP.PTT'; NHB Pump Prime Person Trips (Input)
PPPTABNO = 4 ; Table no. for total trips PP Person trip file
SEED_MCH = 'INPUTS\NHBMC.OLD' ; NHB Mode Choice file (Input)

```

```

PP123OCC = 'NHBPP.ADR' ; NHB auto driver trips- 1,2,3+ Occ. (Output)
DTRNSHAR = 0.7608 ; DFLT NHB Auto Driver Share
DOCC1PCT = 0.8014 ; DFLT Share of NHB Adrs that are 1 occ Adrs
DOCC2PCT = 0.1636 ; DFLT Share of NHB Adrs that are 2 occ Adrs
DOCC3PCT = 0.0350 ; DFLT Share of NHB Adrs that are 3+ occ Adrs
PURPOSE = 'NHB' ;

ENDIF
;
; //////////////////////////////////////
RUN PGM=MATRIX
MATI[1]=@SEED_MCH@ ; MC model output
MATI[2]=@PPPERSON@ ; PP Person trips
;
; First, put 'pump prime' person trips in mtx 10 and 'seed' person
; trips in mtx 44. If pp persons exist but no 'seed' persons exist
; then apply default transit shares and adr. occ shares. Otherwise,
; compute auto auto driver/occ shares directly, i.e.,
; 1-occ adrs/persons, 2-occ adrs/persons, and 3+occ adrs/persons)
;

MW[10] = MI.2.@PPPTABNO@ ; Pump Prime Person trips

; Put Mode Choice Mats 1-7, respectively, The tables are:
; 1/LOVADRS 2/LOVAPSNs 3/Trn_Wk 4/Trn_Dr 5/HOV2ADRS 6/HOVPSNs 7/HOV3+ADRS
; HOV trips refer to carpool trips on special priority facilities.
; Carpools not on special facilities are subsumed in the LOV group.

FILLMW MW[1] = MI.1.1,2,3,4,5,6,7
MW[8] = MW[1] + MW[5] + MW[7] ; 'seed' auto driver total (LOV&HOV)

; If the PP person trip table has trips but the seed person trips
; does not let's put default values just in case..

JLOOP
MW[44] = MW[2] + MW[3] + MW[4] + MW[6] ; Total MC Model Person

; If pump prime person trips exist but 'seed' person trips do not
; Then apply default auto driver/occupant level share defaults

IF (MW[10] > 0 & MW[44] = 0) ;
MW[60] = 1.0 ; counter for the no. of cases (i/js)

MW[50] = MW[10] * (@DADRSHAR@) * @DOCC1PCT@ ; Apply default
MW[51] = MW[10] * (@DADRSHAR@) * @DOCC2PCT@ ; auto drv / occupant
MW[52] = MW[10] * (@DADRSHAR@) * @DOCC3PCT@ ; shares

IF (MW[50] > MW[10])
MW[50] = MW[10]
MW[51] = 0
MW[52] = 0
ENDIF
;

; Otherwise estimate auto driver/occupant level shares from mode
; choice output

ELSEIF ((MW[10] > 0 & MW[44] > 0) || (MW[10] = 0 & MW[44] > 0))

; Compute LOV Car Occs --put in mtx 20
; Note: LOV contains SOV's and background HOVs (Those not on priority
; facilities)
IF (MW[1] = 0)
MW[20] = 0
ELSE

```

Appendix E TP+ scripts

```

        MW[20] = MW[2]/MW[1] ; the LOV Avg Auto Occupancy
    ENDIF

; Determine LOV Vehicles in 1,2,3&4+ occupant groups using model
; COG's disaggregation model.

    IF      (MW[20] < 1.0050) ; Make sure the computed Car Occ.
        MW[20] = 1.0050 ; is between 1.005 and 2.500
    ELSEIF  (MW[20] > 2.5000) ; -- if not establish boundary
        MW[20] = 2.5000 ; conditions
    ENDIF

;
; Apply Car Occ. Pct Model-Computes Pct Vehs.in Occ groups as function
; of avg auto occ.

    IF      (MW[20] = 1.0050 - 1.1199999)
        MW[21] = 2.00264 - (0.9989 * MW[20]) ; Pct of 1-Occ Vehs
        MW[22] = -1.00050 + (0.9952 * MW[20]) ; Pct of 2-Occ Vehs
        MW[23] = -0.00158 + (0.0029 * MW[20]) ; Pct of 3-Occ Vehs
        MW[24] = -0.00056 + (0.0008 * MW[20]) ; Pct of 4-Occ Vehs
    ELSEIF  (MW[20] = 1.1200 - 2.5000)
        MW[21] = 1.59600 - (0.6357 * MW[20]) ; Pct of 1-Occ Vehs
        MW[22] = -0.31143 + (0.3800 * MW[20]) ; Pct of 2-Occ Vehs
        MW[23] = -0.17082 + (0.1540 * MW[20]) ; Pct of 3-Occ Vehs
        MW[24] = -0.11375 + (0.1017 * MW[20]) ; Pct of 4-Occ Vehs
    ENDIF

;
; if we're working with an intrazonal
; situation, make all auto drivers SOV.
; Override modeled shares here
    IF (i=j) ;
        MW[21] = 1.00 ; Pct of 1-Occ Vehs
        MW[22] = 0.00 ; Pct of 2-Occ Vehs
        MW[23] = 0.00 ; Pct of 3-Occ Vehs
        MW[24] = 0.00 ; Pct of 4-Occ Vehs
    ENDIF

; Apply Modeled Pcts to the Auto Drivers

MW[31] =(MW[21] * MW[1]) ; Estimated LOV 1 occ vehicles
MW[32] =(MW[22] * MW[1]) ; Estimated LOV 2 occ vehicles
MW[33] =(MW[23] * MW[1]) ; Estimated LOV 3 occ vehicles
MW[34] =(MW[24] * MW[1]) ; Estimated LOV 4+occ vehicles

; compute add HOV2 & HOV3 trips from MC file to LOV dissagg. trips,
; also combine 3 & 4+ occ. auto driver trips into one group.

MW[41] = MW[31] ;Total seed 1-Occ Auto Drivers
MW[42] = MW[32] + MW[5] ; 2-occ(lov+carpool)
MW[43] = MW[33] + MW[34] + MW[7] ; 3-occ(lov+carpool)
MW[46] = MW[41] + MW[42] + MW[43] ; Total seed auto drivers

; Now distribute pump prime person trips based on the above
;
    IF (MW[46] = 0) ; if total seed auto drivers are zero
        MW[50] = 0 ; then auto occ. sub groupings are zero too.
        MW[51] = 0 ;
        MW[52] = 0 ;
    ELSE ; otherwise compute pp auto drivers with freeze-dried
        ; auto driver/occupant level shares...
        MW[50] = MW[10] * (MW[46]/MW[44]) * (MW[41]/(MW[46])) ;
        MW[51] = MW[10] * (MW[46]/MW[44]) * (MW[42]/(MW[46])) ;
        MW[52] = MW[10] * (MW[46]/MW[44]) * (MW[43]/(MW[46])) ;
        IF (MW[50] > MW[10])
            MW[50] = MW[10]

```

```

        MW[51] = 0
        MW[52] = 0
    ENDIF

    ENDIF

    ENDIF ;
ENDJLOOP ;

MW[53] = MW[50] + MW[51] + MW[52] ; total output auto drivers

JLOOP

; Lets sum up the above to get neat total summaries

seedpsn = seedpsn + MW[44] ; Mode choice(seed) person trips
seedadri = seedadri + MW[8] ; Mode choice(seed) auto dr trips
seedadr1 = seedadr1 + MW[41] ; Estim. seed 1-occ auto dr trips
seedadr2 = seedadr2 + MW[42] ; Estim. seed 2-occ auto dr trips
seedadr3 = seedadr3 + MW[43] ; Estim. seed 3+occ auto dr trips
seedadro = seedadro + MW[46] ; Sum of seed 1,2,3+ Occ auto dr trips
pppsn = pppsn + MW[10] ; Pump Prime person trips
ppadr1 = ppadr1 + MW[50] ; Est. Pump Prime 1-occ auto dr trips
ppadr2 = ppadr2 + MW[51] ; Est. Pump Prime 2-occ auto dr trips
ppadr3 = ppadr3 + MW[52] ; Est. Pump Prime 3+occ auto dr trips
ppadr = ppadr + MW[53] ; Est. Pump Prime total auto dr trips

ENDJLOOP

IF (I == ZONES)
;
; Compute Regional Seed/Pump Prime Auto Dr Shares/Occ. distributions
;
    IF (seedpsn = 0)
        sadrpt = 0
    ELSE
        sadrpt = seedadri/seedpsn ; seed auto driver pct
    ENDIF

    IF (seedadro = 0)
        sladpt = 0
        s2adpt = 0
        s3adpt = 0
    ELSE
        sladpt = seedadr1/seedadro ; seed 1-occ adr pct
        s2adpt = seedadr2/seedadro ; seed 2-occ adr pct
        s3adpt = seedadr3/seedadro ; seed 3+occ adr pct
    ENDIF

    IF (pppsn = 0)
        padrpt = 0
    ELSE
        padrpt = ppadr/pppsn ; Pump Prime auto driver pct
    ENDIF

    IF (ppadr = 0)
        pladpt = 0
        p2adpt = 0
        p3adpt = 0
    ELSE
        pladpt = ppadr1/ppadr ; Pump Prime 1-occ adr pct
        p2adpt = ppadr2/ppadr ; Pump Prime 2-occ adr pct
        p3adpt = ppadr3/ppadr ; Pump Prime 3+occ adr pct
    ENDIF

```

Appendix E TP+ scripts

```
LIST='/bt '
LIST='Summary of ', '@PURPOSE@', ' Pump-Prime Auto Driver Trip Results'
LIST=' '
LIST='Total Mode Choice Model (seed) Person Trips: ', seedpsn(10)
LIST='Total Mode Choice Model (seed) AutoDr Trips: ', seedadri(10)
LIST='Total seed 1-Occ Auto Dr. Trips: ', seedadr1(10)
LIST='Total seed 2-Occ Auto Dr. Trips: ', seedadr2(10)
LIST='Total seed 3+Occ Auto Dr. Trips: ', seedadr3(10)
LIST='Sum of seed 1,2,3+ Auto Dr. Trips: ', seedadro(10)
LIST='Total Pump Prime Person Trips: ', ppsn(10)
LIST='Total PP 1-Occ. Auto Driver Trips: ', ppadr1(10)
LIST='Total PP 2-Occ. Auto Driver Trips: ', ppadr2(10)
LIST='Total PP 3+Occ. Auto Driver Trips: ', ppadr3(10)
LIST='Sum of PP 1,2,3+ Auto Driver Trips: ', ppadr(10)
LIST=' '
List=' Summary of Input/Output Shares'
List='Input AutoDr Share: ', sadrpct(6.2),
' 1,2,3+Occ.AutoDr.Shares: ', sladpt(6.2),s2adpt(6.2),s3adpt(6.2)
List='Output AutoDr.Share:', padrpct(6.2),
' 1,2,3+Occ.AutoDr.Shares: ', pladpt(6.2),p2adpt(6.2),p3adpt(6.2)
LIST='/et '
ENDIF

MATO=@PP123OCC@,MO=50,51,52 ; output file designation

ENDRUN
ENDLOOP
;
```

18 PREFARTP.S

```

=====
; PREFARETP.S -
; Program to read Zone File Used for MFARE2 Program (without walk pct's)
; and to merge in walk pct. information
; (Conversion of FORTRAN program Prefaretp.FOR)
;
; Programmer: Milone
; Date: 11/08/06
;
; The program reads 3 files:
; - a GIS-based walk percentage file containing short and
; long walk percentages to all rail stations
; (rail includes metro & commuter rail). The file also
; contains the sht,lng distances to the nearest metrorail
; station. Note: the walk distance is based on 1.0 mile
; radius per the V2 models (NOT 7/10 mile per V1 models)
; - a zone file containing bus fare zone/station equivs and
; jurisdiction code information. This is essentially
; an A2 deck without walk percentages
; - the 'final' zonal walk percentage file written
; by the wklnktp.exe program. This file will suppress
; metrorail walk percentages to be consistent with
; the walk access links built previously
;
; It writes out:
; - A 'complete' A2 file for the MFARE2.S
; process
;
; ZONESIZE = 2144 ; internal zones
; Fin_Area_File = 'SHLGAM.FIN' ; from output SD
; GIS_Area_File = 'INPUTS\GISWKAAM.ASC' ; from \INPUTS SD
; Fare_Zone_File = 'INPUTS\tazfrzn.asc' ; from \INPUTS SD
;
; out_file = 'fare_a2.asc'
;
; RUN PGM=MATRIX
; ZONES=@ZONESIZE@
;
; Initialize current metrorail walk pct and final pct walk
; metwkpct = 0
; finwkpct = 0
;
; ZDATI[1] = @Fin_Area_File@, Z = 1- 5,
; swpct = 6-10, ; short walk area pct of TAZ
; lwpct = 11-15 ; long walk area pct of TAZ
;
; finwkpct = zi.1.swpct + zi.1.lwpct
; ; print list = I(5), ' ',swpct(10.7),' ',lwpct(10.7),' ',finwkpct(10.7)
;
; ZDATI[2] = @GIS_Area_File@, Z = 4- 8,
; larea = 9-17,
; swrarea = 24-30,
; lwrarea = 36-42,
; smetdst = 85-91,
; lmetdst = 95-101
;
;
; compute the total walk area (short and long) to metrorail station
; we'll add the total 'rail' areas. If the sh/lg distance to metrorail
; is nonzero, we'll assume 'rail' area pertains to metrorail.

```

```

; 5/23/02 change - also if wklnktp-based final walk pct is zero
; then metro walk pct will be zero
;
; if ((zi.2.smetdst = 0) && (zi.2.lmetdst = 0)) || (finwkpct = 0)
; metwkpct = 0
;
; else
; metwkpct =
; round( ((zi.2.swrarea + zi.2.lwrarea)/(zi.2.larea)) * 1000.0)
; endif
;
; Lets double check that the computed metrorail walk pct (in tenths)
; is within the expected range, if not then abort and write msg.
;
; if ((metwkpct < 0) || (metwkpct > 1000.0)) ABORT
;
; ; print list = I(5), ' ', larea(10.7),' ',swrarea(10.7),' ',lwrarea(10.7),' ',
; ; smetdst(10.3),' ',lmetdst(10.3),
; ; ' ',metwkpct(6.2)
;
; ZDATI[3] = @Fare_Zone_File@,
; Z = 4- 8,
; bfz1 = 9-16,
; bfz2 = 17-24,
; rfz1 = 41-48,
; rfz2 = 49-56,
; jur = 57-64,
; pdsc = 65-72,
; adsc = 73-80
;
;
; Print Out zonal data
; -- Only if input bus fare zone 1 is nonzero
; -this ensures that a consistent record count will be maintained w/ I&O
; IF (zi.3.bfz1 > 0)
;
; Print list = i(8), zi.3.bfz1(8),zi.3.bfz2(8),
; metwkpct(8),metwkpct(8),
; zi.3.rfz1(8),zi.3.rfz2(8),
; zi.3.JUR(8),zi.3.pdsc(8),zi.3.adsc(8),file=@out_file@
;
; ENDIF
;
; ENDRUN

```

19 PUMP_PRIME_SKIMS.S

```

-----
; SET_CPI.S Version 2.2 Model
; Used to define Transit and Highway Deflators consistently
;
-----
CPI_File = 'INPUTS\CPI_File.TXT' ; Input parameters from the \INPUTS
subdir.
ModeledYear = '%_year_%' ; Simulation Year (Defined in
RUNALL_???.bat file)
-----

CPI_Rept = 'MFARE2_CPI.TXT' ; Output Reporting file

;
RUN PGM=MATRIX
ZONES=1
READ file=@CPI_File@

IF (Defl_Override != 0) ; if explicit deflation factor is provided by
user
    DEFLATIONFTR = Defl_Override ; then use it, otherwise compute it using the
most recent CPI table
    Print List='Deflation Factor is based on Override (Defl_Override) in the
CPI_File.txt file: ', DEFLATIONFTR(8.5), file=@CPI_rept@
    ELSE ;
;
; ;
; ; Now establish the Deflation factor depending on the modeled year
; ; and available historic US BLS data
; ;
    _BseCPI = CPI_Table(1,BaseCPIYear)
    _CurCPI = CPI_Table(1,CurrCPIYear)
    _CurCPIdefl = CPI_Table(1,BaseCPIYear) / CPI_Table(1,CurrCPIYear)

    IF (@ModeledYear < BaseCPIYear) ; Deflation ftr can't be
developed if yr < 1994
        LIST = 'Modeled Year is earlier than Base Year in CPI Lookup; I Quit'
        ABORT
    ELSEIF (@ModeledYear = BaseCPIYear) ; If Modeled year is Base CPI
year
        _BseGrowthRate = CPI_Table(2,@ModeledYear@) ; then use the defaltion
rate from table
        _AltGrowthRate = CPI_Table(2,@ModeledYear@)

        _FutBseCPI = CPI_Table(1,@ModeledYear@)
        _FutAltCPI = CPI_Table(1,@ModeledYear@)

        DEFLATIONFTR = CPI_Table(3,@ModeledYear@)

    ELSEIF (@ModeledYear > BaseCPIYear && @ModeledYear <= CurrCPIYear) ; If
Modeled year is Base CPI year
        _BseGrowthRate = CPI_Table(2,@ModeledYear@) ;
then use the defaltion rate from table
        _AltGrowthRate = CPI_Table(2,@ModeledYear@) * INFLATIONFTR

        _FutBseCPI = CPI_Table(1,BaseCPIYear) * ((1.0 +
_BseGrowthRate)^(@ModeledYear - BaseCPIYear))
        _FutAltCPI = CPI_Table(1,BaseCPIYear) * ((1.0 +
_AltGrowthRate)^(@ModeledYear - BaseCPIYear))

        DEFLATIONFTR = (_FutAltCPI / _FutBseCPI) * CPI_Table(3,@ModeledYear@)

```

```

ELSE
    _BseGrowthRate = ((CPI_Table(1,CurrCPIYear) / CPI_Table(1,BaseCPIYear)) ^
(1.0 / (CurrCPIYear - BaseCPIYear))) - 1.0
    _AltGrowthRate = _BseGrowthRate * INFLATIONFTR

    _FutBseCPI = CPI_Table(1,BaseCPIYear) * ((1.0 +
_BseGrowthRate)^(@ModeledYear - BaseCPIYear))
    _FutAltCPI = CPI_Table(1,BaseCPIYear) * ((1.0 +
_AltGrowthRate)^(@ModeledYear - BaseCPIYear))

    DEFLATIONFTR = (_FutAltCPI / _FutBseCPI) * CPI_Table(3,CurrCPIYear)
ENDIF

; print out small text file containing deflation factor derivation:
Print List='Modeled Year: ',
@ModeledYear(8.0), '\n', file=@CPI_rept@
Print List='Base Year & CPI: ',
BaseCPIYear(8.0), _BseCPI(8.1), '\n', file=@CPI_rept@
Print List='Current Year & CPI & deflator (Base CPI/Curr CPI): ',
CurrCPIYear(8.0), _CurCPI(8.1), _CurCPIdefl(8.5), '\n', file=@CPI_rept@
Print List='Inflation Factor Assumption (1.00 = direct CPI): ',
INFLATIONFTR(8.5), '\n', file=@CPI_rept@
Print List='Modeled Year Growth rate & CPI w/ Full CPI: (A)',
_BseGrowthRate(8.5), _FutBseCPI(8.1), '(forecasts years only)', '\n', file=@CPI_rept@
Print List='Modeled Year growth rate & CPI w/ Infla. Factor: (B)',
_AltGrowthRate(8.5), _FutAltCPI(8.1), '(forecasts years only)', '\n', file=@CPI_rept@
Print List='Deflation Factor ((B)/(A)) * Current Deflator: ',
DEFLATIONFTR(8.5), file=@CPI_rept@

ENDIF
Print List = 'DEFLATIONFTR = ', DEFLATIONFTR(8.5), ' ; Transit Deflation
Factor ', File = TRN_Deflator.txt
Print List = 'DEFLATIONFTR = ', DEFLATIONFTR(8.5), ' ; Highway Deflation
Factor ', File = HWY_Deflator.txt

ENDRUN
=====
; End of CPI/Deflation section
=====

```

20 set_CPI.s

```

;-----
; SET_CPI.S Version 2.2 Model
; Used to define Transit and Highway Deflators consistently
;
;-----
CPI_File = 'INPUTS\CPI_File.TXT' ; Input parameters from the \INPUTS
subdir.
ModeledYear = '%_year_%' ; Simulation Year (Defined in
RUNALL_???.bat file)
;-----

CPI_Rept = 'MFARE2_CPI.TXT' ; Output Reporting file

;
RUN PGM=MATRIX
ZONES=1
READ file=@CPI_File@

IF (Defl_Override != 0) ; if explicit deflation factor is provided by
user
    DEFLATIONFTR = Defl_Override ; then use it, otherwise compute it using the
most recent CPI table
    Print List='Deflation Factor is based on Override (Defl_Override) in the
CPI_File.txt file: ', DEFLATIONFTR(8.5), file=@CPI_rept@
    ELSE
        ;
    ;
;
; Now establish the Deflation factor depending on the modeled year
; and available historic US BLS data
;
    _BseCPI = CPI_Table(1,BaseCPIYear)
    _CurCPI = CPI_Table(1,CurrCPIYear)
    _CurCPIdefl = CPI_Table(1,BaseCPIYear) / CPI_Table(1,CurrCPIYear)

    IF (@ModeledYear@ < BaseCPIYear) ; Deflation ftr can't be
developed if yr < 1994
        LIST = 'Modeled Year is earlier than Base Year in CPI Lookup: I Quit'
        ABORT

    ELSEIF (@ModeledYear@ = BaseCPIYear) ; If Modeled year is Base CPI
year
        _BseGrowRate = CPI_Table(2,@ModeledYear@) ; then use the defaltion
rate from table
        _AltGrowRate = CPI_Table(2,@ModeledYear@)

        _FutBseCPI = CPI_Table(1,@ModeledYear@)
        _FutAltCPI = CPI_Table(1,@ModeledYear@)

        DEFLATIONFTR = CPI_Table(3,@ModeledYear@)

    ELSEIF (@ModeledYear@ > BaseCPIYear && @ModeledYear@ <= CurrCPIYear) ; If
Modeled year is Base CPI year
        _BseGrowRate = CPI_Table(2,@ModeledYear@) ;
then use the defaltion rate from table
        _AltGrowRate = CPI_Table(2,@ModeledYear@) * INFLATIONFTR

        _FutBseCPI = CPI_Table(1,BaseCPIYear) * ((1.0 +
_BseGrowRate)^(@ModeledYear@ - BaseCPIYear))
        _FutAltCPI = CPI_Table(1,BaseCPIYear) * ((1.0 +
_AltGrowRate)^(@ModeledYear@ - BaseCPIYear))

```

```

DEFLATIONFTR = (_FutAltCPI / _FutBseCPI) * CPI_Table(3,@ModeledYear@)

ELSE
    _BseGrowRate = ( (CPI_Table(1,CurrCPIYear) / CPI_Table(1,BaseCPIYear)) ^
(1.0/ (CurrCPIYear - BaseCPIYear)) ) - 1.0
    _AltGrowRate = _BseGrowRate * INFLATIONFTR

    _FutBseCPI = CPI_Table(1,BaseCPIYear) * ((1.0 +
_BseGrowRate)^(@ModeledYear@ - BaseCPIYear))
    _FutAltCPI = CPI_Table(1,BaseCPIYear) * ((1.0 +
_AltGrowRate)^(@ModeledYear@ - BaseCPIYear))

    DEFLATIONFTR = (_FutAltCPI / _FutBseCPI) * CPI_Table(3,CurrCPIYear)
ENDIF

; print out small text file containing deflation factor derivation:
Print List='Modeled Year: ',
@ModeledYear@(8.0), '\n', file=@CPI_rept@
Print List='Base Year & CPI: ',
BaseCPIYear(8.0), _BseCPI(8.1), '\n', file=@CPI_rept@
Print List='Current Year & CPI & deflator (Base CPI/Curr CPI): ',
CurrCPIYear(8.0), _CurCPI(8.1), _CurCPIdefl(8.5), '\n', file=@CPI_rept@
Print List='Inflation Factor Assumption (1.00 = direct CPI): ',
INFLATIONFTR(8.5), '\n', file=@CPI_rept@
Print List='Modeled Year Growth rate & CPI w/ Full CPI: (A)',
_BseGrowRate(8.5), _FutBseCPI(8.1), '(forecasts years only)', '\n', file=@CPI_rept@
Print List='Modeled Year growth rate & CPI w/ Infla. Factor: (B)',
_AltGrowRate(8.5), _FutAltCPI(8.1), '(forecasts years only)', '\n', file=@CPI_rept@
Print List='Deflation Factor ((B)/(A) * Current Deflator: ',
DEFLATIONFTR(8.5), file=@CPI_rept@

ENDIF
Print List = 'DEFLATIONFTR = ', DEFLATIONFTR(8.5), ' ; Transit Deflation
Factor ', File = TRN_Deflator.txt
Print List = 'DEFLATIONFTR = ', DEFLATIONFTR(8.5), ' ; Highway Deflation
Factor ', File = HWY_Deflator.txt

ENDRUN
;=====
; End of CPI/Deflation section
;=====

```

21 set_factors.s

```

-----
; SET_FACTORS.S Version 2.2 Model
-----

; MWCOG Version 2.2 Model
; Set up time penalty & K-factor files used in Trip Distribution
; Income-based Time Penalty Files & Superzone-to-TAZ Equivalency File
; have now been removed. Null placemaker files are now used.
;
; K-Factors for HBW purpose have been modified
; HBS, HBO, NHB Ks are now removed
;
; Input Files:
;
; HBWPEN.03= HBW TIME PENALITES (Inc 1-4) 12x12 (ASCII)
; HBSPEN.03= HBS TIME PENALITES (Inc 1-4) 12x12 (ASCII)
; HBOPEN.03= HBO TIME PENALITES (Inc 1-4) 12x12 (ASCII)
; NHBPEN.03= NHB TIME PENALITES 12x12 (ASCII)
;
; PENEXPND = JURISV21.EQV' TIME PENALTY ZONE-TO-TAZ
; EQUIVALENCE FILE
;
; Output Files:
; HBWPEN.DAT= HBW Time Penalties at 2191 zone level (Inc 1-4)
; HBSPEN.DAT= HBS Time Penalties at 2191 zone level (Inc 1-4)
; HBOPEN.DAT= HBO Time Penalties at 2191 zone level (Inc 1-4)
; NHBPEN.DAT= NHB Time Penalties at 2191 zone level
;
; HBWK.DAT = HBW K-Factor Matrix 2191 zone level
; HBSK.DAT = HBS K-Factor Matrix 2191 zone level
; HBOK.DAT = HBO K-Factor Matrix 2191 zone level
; NHBK.DAT = NHB K-Factor Matrix 2191 zone level
; MTKK.DAT = Medium Truck K-Factor Matrix 2191 zone level
; HTKK.DAT = Heavy Truck K-Factor Matrix 2191 zone level
;
-----
;
; Time Penalty Files & Superzone-to-TAZ Equivalency File
; Non-work penalties were updated by JC
;
HBWPEN = '..\support\HBWPEN.03' ; HBW TIME PENALITES (Inc 1-4)
HBSPEN = '..\support\HBSPEN.03' ; HBS TIME PENALITES (Inc 1-4)
HBOPEN = '..\support\HBOPEN.03' ; HBO TIME PENALITES (Inc 1-4)
NHBPEN = '..\support\NHBPEN.03' ; NHB TIME PENALITES

PENEXPND = '..\support\JURISV21.EQV' ; TIME PENALTY ZONE-TO-TAZ
; EQUIVALENCE FILE
;
;
RUN PGM=MATRIX
ZONES=12

; Build Income stratified time penalties (min)
; at 12x12 superdistrict level.

MATI[1] = @HBWPEN@, PATTERN=IJM:V, FIELDS=1-5,6-10,0,11-15-4
MATI[2] = @HBSPEN@, PATTERN=IJM:V, FIELDS=1-5,6-10,0,11-15-4
MATI[3] = @HBOPEN@, PATTERN=IJM:V, FIELDS=1-5,6-10,0,11-15-4
MATI[4] = @NHBPEN@, PATTERN=IJM:V, FIELDS=1-5,6-10,0,11-15-1

; ESTABLISH WORK FILES FOR TIME PENALTIES
; HBW/INC 1-4 HBS/INC 1-4 HBO/INC 1-4 NHB
; -----

```

```

MW[1] = MI.1.1, MW[5] = MI.2.1, MW[9] = MI.3.1, MW[13] = MI.4.1
MW[2] = MI.1.2, MW[6] = MI.2.2, MW[10] = MI.3.2
MW[3] = MI.1.3, MW[7] = MI.2.3, MW[11] = MI.3.3
MW[4] = MI.1.4, MW[8] = MI.2.4, MW[12] = MI.3.4

; NOW, WRITE OUT THE 12X12 TIME PENALTY MATRICES

MATO[1] = PENALTY.TEM, MO= 1- 13;
ENDRUN

; -----
; NEXT, EXPAND TIME PENALTY MATRICES AT SUPERZONE LEVEL TO 2191 TAZ LEVEL

RUN PGM=MATRIX
ZONES=12
MATI[1] = PENALTY.TEM

; ESTABLISH WORK FILES FOR TIME PENALTIES
; HBW/INC 1-4 HBS/INC 1-4 HBO/INC 1-4 NHB
; -----
MW[1] = MI.1.1, MW[5] = MI.1.5, MW[9] = MI.1.9, MW[13] = MI.1.13
MW[2] = MI.1.2, MW[6] = MI.1.6, MW[10] = MI.1.10
MW[3] = MI.1.3, MW[7] = MI.1.7, MW[11] = MI.1.11
MW[4] = MI.1.4, MW[8] = MI.1.8, MW[12] = MI.1.12

RENUMBER FILE=@PENEXPND@, ZONES=2191, MISSINGZI=M, MISSINGZO=M

MATO[1] = HBWPEN.DAT, MO= 1- 4 ;
MATO[2] = HBSPEN.DAT, MO= 5- 8 ;
MATO[3] = HBOPEN.DAT, MO= 9-12 ;
MATO[4] = NHBPEN.DAT, MO= 13 ;

;
; ////////////////////////////////////////////////////
; ////////////// 5) Begin K-Factor building, by trip purpose. //
; ////////////// K-Factors values below are scaled by 1000. //
; ////////////// (i.e., a value of 1000 below means K-Ftr of 1) //
; ////////////// The will be applied across income strata in trip //
; ////////////// distribution. //
; ////////////////////////////////////////////////////

RUN PGM=MATRIX
ZONES=2191
; Now Begin the K-Factor Establishment
; Initialize K-factor matrices for each purpose:

MW[1] = 1000.0 ; HBW K-factor matrix
MW[2] = 1000.0 ; HBS K-factor matrix
MW[3] = 1000.0 ; HBO K-factor matrix
MW[4] = 1000.0 ; NHB K-factor matrix
MW[5] = 1000.0 ; Med Truck K-factor matrix
MW[6] = 1000.0 ; Hvy Truck K-factor matrix

; Establish Output Files for each purpose:

MATO[1] = HBWK.DAT ,MO=1
MATO[2] = HBSK.DAT ,MO=2
MATO[3] = HBOK.DAT ,MO=3
MATO[4] = NHBK.DAT ,MO=4
MATO[5] = MTKK.DAT ,MO=5
MATO[6] = HTKK.DAT ,MO=6

; -----
; |-----|
; |----- Start of K-Factor Specifications for All Purposes -----|
; |-----|
; ; Note updated TAZ ranges for mtg/pg (Sept 2006)

```


Appendix E TP+ scripts

```

;; MTG MD 320-639,648,650
;; PG MD 640-647,649,651-1029

;; K-Factors per Ver 2.2I
IF (I = 89- 319)
  MW[1] = 1700, INCLUDE= 1- 88 ; dcncr - dc cr
ELSEIF (I = 320-639,648,650)
  MW[1] = 1600, INCLUDE= 320-639,648,650 ; Mtg - Mtg
  MW[1] = 2000, INCLUDE= 1- 88 ; Mtg - Dc core

ELSEIF (I = 1920- 2069)
  MW[1] = 3200, INCLUDE= 1- 88 ; pw - dccr

ELSEIF (I = 1230- 1238)
  MW[1] = 2500, INCLUDE= 1- 88 ; arl core - dccr

ELSEIF (I = 1239- 1329)
  MW[1] = 1700, INCLUDE= 1- 88 ; arl non core - dccr

ELSEIF (I = 1330- 1399)
  MW[1] = 1600, INCLUDE= 1- 88 ; alx - dc cr

ELSEIF (I = 1400- 1779)
  MW[1] = 2000, INCLUDE= 1- 88 ; ffx- dccr
  MW[1] = 1400, INCLUDE= 89- 319 ; ffx- dcncr
  MW[1] = 800, INCLUDE= 1400- 1779 ; ffx- ffx

ELSEIF (I = 1030- 1059)
  MW[1] = 900, INCLUDE= 1030- 1059 ; frd- frd

ENDIF

; Specify Medium Truck K-Factors / MW[5] here:

IF (I = 0320- 0505,0510-0582,0585-0593) MW[5] =01300, INCLUDE= 0320-0505
IF (I = 0320- 0505,0510-0582,0585-0593) MW[5] =01300, INCLUDE= 0510-0582
IF (I = 0320- 0505,0510-0582,0585-0593) MW[5] =01300, INCLUDE= 0585-0593
IF (I = 0640- 0996) MW[5] =02200, INCLUDE= 0640-0996
IF (I = 1230- 1311) MW[5] =01800, INCLUDE= 1230-1311
IF (I = 1330- 1389) MW[5] =02400, INCLUDE= 1330-1389
IF (I = 1400- 1755) MW[5] =01900, INCLUDE= 1400-1755
IF (I = 1780- 1780,1781-1905) MW[5] =01600, INCLUDE= 1780,1781-1905
IF (I = 1920- 2061) MW[5] =01800, INCLUDE= 1920-2061
IF (I = 0001- 0088) MW[5] =02600, INCLUDE= 0001-0088
IF (I = 0089- 0319) MW[5] =02100, INCLUDE= 0089-0319
IF (I = 1825- 1898,1900-1905) MW[5] =02000, INCLUDE= 1825-1898,1900-1905
IF (I = 0089- 0101) MW[5] =01900, INCLUDE= 0089-0101
IF (I = 0102- 0113) MW[5] =01900, INCLUDE= 0102-0113
IF (I = 0114- 0122) MW[5] =01900, INCLUDE= 0114-0122
IF (I = 0123- 0132) MW[5] =01900, INCLUDE= 0123-0132
IF (I = 0133- 0142) MW[5] =01900, INCLUDE= 0133-0142
IF (I = 0143- 0148) MW[5] =01900, INCLUDE= 0143-0148
IF (I = 0149- 0161) MW[5] =01900, INCLUDE= 0149-0161
IF (I = 0162- 0171) MW[5] =01900, INCLUDE= 0162-0171
IF (I = 0172- 0182) MW[5] =01900, INCLUDE= 0172-0182
IF (I = 0183- 0193) MW[5] =01900, INCLUDE= 0183-0193
IF (I = 0194- 0202) MW[5] =03500, INCLUDE= 0194-0202
IF (I = 0203- 0207) MW[5] =03500, INCLUDE= 0203-0207
IF (I = 0208- 0224) MW[5] =03500, INCLUDE= 0208-0224
IF (I = 0225- 0245) MW[5] =03500, INCLUDE= 0225-0245
IF (I = 0246- 0262) MW[5] =03500, INCLUDE= 0246-0262
IF (I = 0263- 0269) MW[5] =03500, INCLUDE= 0263-0269
IF (I = 0270- 0281) MW[5] =03500, INCLUDE= 0270-0281
IF (I = 0282- 0291) MW[5] =03500, INCLUDE= 0282-0291
IF (I = 0292- 0299) MW[5] =03500, INCLUDE= 0292-0299
IF (I = 0300- 0312) MW[5] =03500, INCLUDE= 0300-0312

```

```

IF (I = 0313- 0319) MW[5] =03500, INCLUDE= 0313-0319
IF (I = 0001- 0006) MW[5] =03500, INCLUDE= 0001-0006
IF (I = 0007- 0012) MW[5] =03500, INCLUDE= 0007-0012
IF (I = 0013- 0018) MW[5] =03500, INCLUDE= 0013-0018
IF (I = 0019- 0023) MW[5] =03500, INCLUDE= 0019-0023
IF (I = 0024- 0029) MW[5] =03500, INCLUDE= 0024-0029
IF (I = 0030- 0035) MW[5] =03500, INCLUDE= 0030-0035
IF (I = 0036- 0045) MW[5] =03500, INCLUDE= 0036-0045
IF (I = 0046- 0049) MW[5] =03500, INCLUDE= 0046-0049
IF (I = 0050- 0054) MW[5] =03500, INCLUDE= 0050-0054
IF (I = 0055- 0058) MW[5] =03500, INCLUDE= 0055-0058
IF (I = 0059- 0067) MW[5] =03500, INCLUDE= 0059-0067
IF (I = 0068- 0071) MW[5] =03500, INCLUDE= 0068-0071
IF (I = 0072- 0081) MW[5] =03500, INCLUDE= 0072-0081
IF (I = 0082- 0088) MW[5] =03500, INCLUDE= 0082-0088
IF (I = 1230- 1311,1330-1389,1400-1755) MW[5] =00400, INCLUDE= 0001-0319
IF (I = 1780- 1905,1920-2061) MW[5] =00400, INCLUDE= 0001-0319
IF (I = 0089- 0319) MW[5] =01900, INCLUDE= 0001-0088
IF (I = 1030- 1053) MW[5] =06600, INCLUDE= 1030-1053
IF (I = 1200- 1223) MW[5] =05000, INCLUDE= 1200-1223
IF (I = 1110- 1142) MW[5] =05700, INCLUDE= 1110-1142
IF (I = 1780- 1780) MW[5] =00001, INCLUDE= 1780
IF (I = 0828- 0833) MW[5] =00001, INCLUDE= 0828-0833
IF (I = 1080- 1099) MW[5] =02900, INCLUDE= 1080-1099
IF (I = 1030- 1053) MW[5] =00200, INCLUDE=0320-0505,0510-0582,0585-0593
IF (I = 1030- 1053) MW[5] =00200, INCLUDE=0594-0627,0583-0584,0506-0509
IF (I = 0320- 0505,0510-0582,0585-0593) MW[5] =00300, INCLUDE= 1030-1053
IF (I = 0594- 0627,0583-0584,0506-0509) MW[5] =00300, INCLUDE= 1030-1053
IF (I = 1080- 1099) MW[5] =02500, INCLUDE=1230-1311,1330-1389
IF (I = 1080- 1099) MW[5] =02500, INCLUDE=1400-1755,1780-1905,1920-2061
IF (I = 1230- 1311,1330-1389) MW[5] =02000, INCLUDE= 1080-1099
IF (I = 1400- 1755,1780-1905,1920-2061) MW[5] =02000, INCLUDE= 1080-1099
IF (I = 1110- 1142) MW[5] =00500, INCLUDE=0001-0319
IF (I = 0001- 0319) MW[5] =00500, INCLUDE= 1110-1142
IF (I = 1200- 1223) MW[5] =02100, INCLUDE= 0001-0319
IF (I = 1200- 1223) MW[5] =02200, INCLUDE=1230-1311,1330-1389
IF (I = 1200- 1223) MW[5] =02200, INCLUDE=1400-1755,1780-1905,1920-2061
IF (I = 1080- 1099) MW[5] =01700, INCLUDE= 0001-0319
IF (I = 0640- 0996) MW[5] =00700, INCLUDE= 1200-1223
IF (I = 0320- 0505,0510-0582,0585-0593) MW[5] =02500, INCLUDE= 1200-1223
IF (I = 0594- 0627,0583-0584,0506-0509) MW[5] =02500, INCLUDE= 1200-1223
IF (I = 0320- 0505,0510-0582,0585-0593) MW[5] =01500, INCLUDE= 1110-1142
IF (I = 0594- 0627,0583-0584,0506-0509) MW[5] =01500, INCLUDE= 1110-1142
IF (I = 1110- 1142) MW[5] =01400, INCLUDE=0320-0505,0510-0582,0585-0593
IF (I = 1110- 1142) MW[5] =01400, INCLUDE=0594-0627,0583-0584,0506-0509

; Specify Heavy Truck K-Factors / MW[6] here:

IF (I = 0320- 0505,0510-0582,0585-0593) MW[6] =02000, INCLUDE= 0320-0505
IF (I = 0320- 0505,0510-0582,0585-0593) MW[6] =02000, INCLUDE= 0510-0582
IF (I = 0320- 0505,0510-0582,0585-0593) MW[6] =02000, INCLUDE= 0585-0593
IF (I = 0640- 0996) MW[6] =01500, INCLUDE= 0640-0996
IF (I = 1230- 1311) MW[6] =01600, INCLUDE= 1230-1311
IF (I = 1306- 1311,1330-1389) MW[6] =01300, INCLUDE= 1306-1311,1330-1389
IF (I = 1400- 1755) MW[6] =01600, INCLUDE= 1400-1755
IF (I = 1780- 1780,1781-1905) MW[6] =02000, INCLUDE= 1780,1781-1905
IF (I = 1920- 2061) MW[6] =01300, INCLUDE= 1920-2061
IF (I = 0001- 0088) MW[6] =01500, INCLUDE= 0001-0088
IF (I = 0089- 0319) MW[6] =02300, INCLUDE= 0089-0319
IF (I = 0828- 0833) MW[6] =00001, INCLUDE= 0828-0833
IF (I = 1230- 1311,1330-1389) MW[6] =00400, INCLUDE= 0001-0319
IF (I = 1400- 1755,1780-1905,1920-2061) MW[6] =00400, INCLUDE= 0001-0319
IF (I = 0089- 0319) MW[6] =01900, INCLUDE= 0001-0088
IF (I = 1825- 1898,1900-1905) MW[6] =01000, INCLUDE= 1035,1045
IF (I = 1825- 1898,1900-1905) MW[6] =01000, INCLUDE= 1047
IF (I = 1780- 1780) MW[6] =00001, INCLUDE= 1780
IF (I = 1825- 1898,1900-1905) MW[6] =02000, INCLUDE= 1825-1898,1900-1905
IF (I = 1030- 1053) MW[6] =03800, INCLUDE= 1030-1053

```

Appendix E TP+ scripts

```
IF (I = 1200- 1223)           MW[6] =01200, INCLUDE= 1200-1223
IF (I = 1110- 1142)           MW[6] =02500, INCLUDE= 1110-1142
IF (I = 1080- 1099)           MW[6] =01300, INCLUDE= 1080-1099
IF (I =1080- 1099,0997-1007) MW[6] =02500, INCLUDE= 1230-1311,1330-1389
IF (I =1080- 1099,0997-1007) MW[6] =02500, INCLUDE= 1400-1755,1780-1905
IF (I =1080- 1099,0997-1007) MW[6] =02500, INCLUDE= 1920-2061
IF (I =1230- 1311,1330-1389)   MW[6] =02000, INCLUDE= 1080-1099
IF (I =1400- 1755,1780-1905,1920-2061) MW[6] =02000, INCLUDE= 1080-1099
IF (I = 1200- 1223)           MW[6] =01200, INCLUDE= 0001-0319
IF (I = 1200- 1223)           MW[6] =01200, INCLUDE= 1230-1311,1330-1389
IF (I = 1200- 1223) MW[6] =01200, INCLUDE= 1400-1755,1780-1905,1920-2061
IF (I =0640- 0996,1230-1230)   MW[6] =00700, INCLUDE= 1200-1223
IF (I =0320- 0505,0510-0582,0585-0593) MW[6] =07000, INCLUDE= 1200-1223
IF (I =0594- 0627,0583-0584,0506-0509) MW[6] =05000, INCLUDE= 1200-1223
IF (I = 1200- 1223)           MW[6] =01500, INCLUDE= 0640-0996
IF (I =1230- 1311,1330-1389)   MW[6] =02000, INCLUDE= 1200-1223
IF (I =1400- 1755,1780-1905,1920-2061) MW[6] =02000, INCLUDE= 1200-1223
```

```
; |////////////////////////////////////////////////////////////////|
; |///// End of K-Factor Specifications for All Purposes /////|
; |////////////////////////////////////////////////////////////////|
```

endrun

22 Time-of-Day.s

```

; =====
; Time-of-Day.s
; MWCOG Version 2.2 Model
;
;
;           Distribute Modeled Pump Prime Auto Driver Trips, i.e.,
;           4 Purposes (HBW,HBS,HBO,NHB), 3 Modes (1,2,3+Occ Adrs)
;           among three time periods:
;           - AM peak (6:00 - 9:00 AM)
;           - PM peak (4:00 - 7:00 PM)
;           - Off-peak (All Other hrs )
;           A card image file named: 'V2TODTPP.PAR' is used.
;           It contains trip percentages
;           for each time period by purpose, mode, and direction.
;
; Note: Bucket Rounding is now removed per V 2.2 (1/11/07)
;
;
; Environment Variable:
;   _iter_ (Iteration indicator = 'pp','il'-'i6')
; =====
;
; Input/Output filenames:
;
; READ FILE=..\support\V2TODTPP.PAR ; Time of Day Factor File //
;
; I/P PP Auto Driver Trip Tables:
; HBWADR = 'HBW%_iter%.ADR' ; HBW 1,2,3+ Occ Adr Trips (t1-3) //
; HBSADR = 'HBS%_iter%.ADR' ; HBS 1,2,3+ Occ Adr Trips (t1-3) //
; HBOADR = 'HBO%_iter%.ADR' ; HBO 1,2,3+ Occ Adr Trips (t1-3) //
; NHBADR = 'NHB%_iter%.ADR' ; NHB 1,2,3+ Occ Adr Trips (t1-3) //
;
; O/P Auto Dr. Pct. tables:
; ADRAM = 'AM%_iter%.ADR' ; AM Modeled Total Auto Drivers //
; ADRPM = 'PM%_iter%.ADR' ; PM Modeled Total Auto Drivers //
; ADROP = 'OP%_iter%.ADR' ; Off-Pk Modeled Total Auto Drivers //
;
; =====
;
; RUN PGM=MATRIX
; MATI[1]=@HBWADR@ ; HBW 1,2,3+-Occ. Auto Drv. Trips(T1-3)
; MATI[2]=@HBSADR@ ; HBS 1,2,3+-Occ. Auto Drv. Trips(T1-3)
; MATI[3]=@HBOADR@ ; HBO 1,2,3+-Occ. Auto Drv. Trips(T1-3)
; MATI[4]=@NHBADR@ ; NHB 1,2,3+-Occ. Auto Drv. Trips(T1-3)
;
; Put HBW 1-Occ,2-Occ, 3+ Occ Adrs in tabs 1- 3, respectively
; Put HBS 1-Occ,2-Occ, 3+ Occ Adrs in tabs 4- 6, respectively
; Put HBO 1-Occ,2-Occ, 3+ Occ Adrs in tabs 7- 9, respectively
; Put NHB 1-Occ,2-Occ, 3+ Occ Adrs in tabs 10-12, respectively
; These are in P/A format and represent the Home-to-NonHome direction
;
; FILLMW MW[1] = MI.1.1, MI.1.2, MI.1.3 ; Work 1,2,3+ Occ Adrs P/A
; FILLMW MW[4] = MI.2.1, MI.2.2, MI.2.3 ; Shop 1,2,3+ Occ Adrs P/A
; FILLMW MW[7] = MI.3.1, MI.3.2, MI.3.3 ; Othr 1,2,3+ Occ Adrs P/A
; FILLMW MW[10] = MI.4.1, MI.4.2, MI.4.3 ; NHB 1,2,3+ Occ Adrs P/A
;
; Put Transpose of the above

```

```

; HBW, HBS, HBO, and NHB trip tables in Work Mats 21-32
; The transpose represents the NonHome-to-Home direction
;
; MW[21]=MI.1.1.T, MW[22]=MI.1.2.T, MW[23]=MI.1.3.T; HBW 1,2,3+ Occ Adrs A/P
; MW[24]=MI.2.1.T, MW[25]=MI.2.2.T, MW[26]=MI.2.3.T; HBS 1,2,3+ Occ Adrs A/P
; MW[27]=MI.3.1.T, MW[28]=MI.3.2.T, MW[29]=MI.3.3.T; HBO 1,2,3+ Occ Adrs A/P
; MW[30]=MI.4.1.T, MW[31]=MI.4.2.T, MW[32]=MI.4.3.T; NHB 1,2,3+ Occ Adrs A/P
;
; Now we're ready to apply apply TOD factors
;
; JLOOP
;
; ////////////////////////////////////////////////////
; //////////////////////////////////////////////////// AM Trip Calculations ////////////////////////////////////////////////////
; ////////////////////////////////////////////////////
;
; AM Peak Period Auto Driver Trips
; HBW:
; MW[40]=(( MW[1]*(@AMWDAHNP@/100.0))+ (MW[21]*(@AMWDANHP@/100.0)))/2.0;1occ
; MW[41]=(( MW[2]*(@AMWCPHNP@/100.0))+ (MW[22]*(@AMWCPNHP@/100.0)))/2.0;2occ
; MW[42]=(( MW[3]*(@AMWCPHNP@/100.0))+ (MW[23]*(@AMWCPNHP@/100.0)))/2.0;3+oc
; HBS:
; MW[45]=(( MW[4]*(@AMSDAHNP@/100.0))+ (MW[24]*(@AMSDANHP@/100.0)))/2.0;1occ
; MW[46]=(( MW[5]*(@AMSCPHNP@/100.0))+ (MW[25]*(@AMSCP NHP@/100.0)))/2.0;2occ
; MW[47]=(( MW[6]*(@AMSCPHNP@/100.0))+ (MW[26]*(@AMSCP NHP@/100.0)))/2.0;3+oc
; HBO:
; MW[50]=(( MW[7]*(@AMODAHNP@/100.0))+ (MW[27]*(@AMODANHP@/100.0)))/2.0;1occ
; MW[51]=(( MW[8]*(@AMOCPHNP@/100.0))+ (MW[28]*(@AMOCPNHP@/100.0)))/2.0;2occ
; MW[52]=(( MW[9]*(@AMOCPHNP@/100.0))+ (MW[29]*(@AMOCPNHP@/100.0)))/2.0;3+oc
; NHB:
; MW[55]=(( MW[10]*(@AMNDAHNP@/100.0))+ (MW[30]*(@AMNDANHP@/100.0)))/2.0;1occ
; MW[56]=(( MW[11]*(@AMNCPHNP@/100.0))+ (MW[31]*(@AMNCPNHP@/100.0)))/2.0;2occ
; MW[57]=(( MW[12]*(@AMNCPHNP@/100.0))+ (MW[32]*(@AMNCPNHP@/100.0)))/2.0;3+oc
;
; ////////////////////////////////////////////////////
; //////////////////////////////////////////////////// PM Trip Calculations ////////////////////////////////////////////////////
; ////////////////////////////////////////////////////
;
; PM Peak Period Auto Driver Trips
; HBW:
; MW[60]=(( MW[1]*(@PMWDAHNP@/100.0))+ (MW[21]*(@PMWDANHP@/100.0)))/2.0;1occ
; MW[61]=(( MW[2]*(@PMWCPHNP@/100.0))+ (MW[22]*(@PMWCPNHP@/100.0)))/2.0;2occ
; MW[62]=(( MW[3]*(@PMWCPHNP@/100.0))+ (MW[23]*(@PMWCPNHP@/100.0)))/2.0;3+oc
; HBS:
; MW[65]=(( MW[4]*(@PMSDAHNP@/100.0))+ (MW[24]*(@PMSDANHP@/100.0)))/2.0;1occ
; MW[66]=(( MW[5]*(@PMSCPHNP@/100.0))+ (MW[25]*(@PMSCP NHP@/100.0)))/2.0;2occ
; MW[67]=(( MW[6]*(@PMSCPHNP@/100.0))+ (MW[26]*(@PMSCP NHP@/100.0)))/2.0;3+oc
; HBO:
; MW[70]=(( MW[7]*(@PMODAHNP@/100.0))+ (MW[27]*(@PMODANHP@/100.0)))/2.0;1occ
; MW[71]=(( MW[8]*(@PMOCPHNP@/100.0))+ (MW[28]*(@PMOCPNHP@/100.0)))/2.0;2occ
; MW[72]=(( MW[9]*(@PMOCPHNP@/100.0))+ (MW[29]*(@PMOCPNHP@/100.0)))/2.0;3+oc
; NHB:
; MW[75]=(( MW[10]*(@PMNDAHNP@/100.0))+ (MW[30]*(@PMNDANHP@/100.0)))/2.0;1occ
; MW[76]=(( MW[11]*(@PMNCPHNP@/100.0))+ (MW[31]*(@PMNCPNHP@/100.0)))/2.0;2occ
; MW[77]=(( MW[12]*(@PMNCPHNP@/100.0))+ (MW[32]*(@PMNCPNHP@/100.0)))/2.0;3+oc
;
; ////////////////////////////////////////////////////
; //////////////////////////////////////////////////// Off-Pk Trip Calculations ////////////////////////////////////////////////////
; ////////////////////////////////////////////////////
;
; Off-Peak Period Auto Driver Trips
; HBW:
; MW[80]=(( MW[1]*(@OPWDAHNP@/100.0))+ (MW[21]*(@OPWDANHP@/100.0)))/2.0;1occ
; MW[81]=(( MW[2]*(@OPWCPHNP@/100.0))+ (MW[22]*(@OPWCPNHP@/100.0)))/2.0;2occ
; MW[82]=(( MW[3]*(@OPWCPHNP@/100.0))+ (MW[23]*(@OPWCPNHP@/100.0)))/2.0;3+oc

```

Appendix E TP+ scripts

```

; HBS:
MW[85]=(( MW[4]*(@OPSDAHNP@/100.0)))+(MW[24]*(@OPSDAHNP@/100.0))/2.0;1occ
MW[86]=(( MW[5]*(@OPSCPHNP@/100.0)))+(MW[25]*(@OPSCPNHP@/100.0))/2.0;2occ
MW[87]=(( MW[6]*(@OPSCPHNP@/100.0)))+(MW[26]*(@OPSCPNHP@/100.0))/2.0;3+oc
; HBO:
MW[90]=(( MW[7]*(@OPODAHNP@/100.0)))+(MW[27]*(@OPODAHNP@/100.0))/2.0;1occ
MW[91]=(( MW[8]*(@OPOCPHNP@/100.0)))+(MW[28]*(@OPOCPHNP@/100.0))/2.0;2occ
MW[92]=(( MW[9]*(@OPOCPHNP@/100.0)))+(MW[29]*(@OPOCPHNP@/100.0))/2.0;3+oc
; NHB:
MW[95]=(( MW[10]*(@OPNDAHNP@/100.0)))+(MW[30]*(@OPNDAHNP@/100.0))/2.0;1occ
MW[96]=(( MW[11]*(@OPNCPHNP@/100.0)))+(MW[31]*(@OPNCPHNP@/100.0))/2.0;2occ
MW[97]=(( MW[12]*(@OPNCPHNP@/100.0)))+(MW[32]*(@OPNCPHNP@/100.0))/2.0;3+oc
;
ENDJLOOP

;-----
; Summarize by purpose for checking;
; Total HBW:
MW[100]= MW[40]+MW[41]+MW[42]+MW[60]+MW[61]+MW[62]+MW[80]+MW[81]+MW[82]
; Total HBS:
MW[101]= MW[45]+MW[46]+MW[47]+MW[65]+MW[66]+MW[67]+MW[85]+MW[86]+MW[87]
; Total HBO:
MW[102]= MW[50]+MW[51]+MW[52]+MW[70]+MW[71]+MW[72]+MW[90]+MW[91]+MW[92]
; Total HBS:
MW[103]= MW[55]+MW[56]+MW[57]+MW[75]+MW[76]+MW[77]+MW[95]+MW[96]+MW[97]

;-----
; Summarize by Time period, Occ Group for Assignment
;
MW[110]= MW[40]+MW[45]+MW[50]+MW[55] ; AM 1-Occ adrs
MW[111]= MW[41]+MW[46]+MW[51]+MW[56] ; AM 2-Occ adrs
MW[112]= MW[42]+MW[47]+MW[52]+MW[57] ; AM 3+Occ adrs
;
MW[113]= MW[60]+MW[65]+MW[70]+MW[75] ; PM 1-Occ adrs
MW[114]= MW[61]+MW[66]+MW[71]+MW[76] ; PM 2-Occ adrs
MW[115]= MW[62]+MW[67]+MW[72]+MW[77] ; PM 3+Occ adrs
;
MW[116]= MW[80]+MW[85]+MW[90]+MW[95] ; OP 1-Occ adrs
MW[117]= MW[81]+MW[86]+MW[91]+MW[96] ; OP 2-Occ adrs
MW[118]= MW[82]+MW[87]+MW[92]+MW[97] ; OP 3+Occ adrs

; Now summarize regional totals to summarize neatly
JLoop
; am hbw, hbs, hbo, nhb by occupant totals:
amhbw1=amhbw1+MW[40], amhbw2=amhbw2+MW[41], amhbw3=amhbw3+MW[42]
amhbs1=amhbs1+MW[45], amhbs2=amhbs2+MW[46], amhbs3=amhbs3+MW[47]
amhbo1=amhbo1+MW[50], amhbo2=amhbo2+MW[51], amhbo3=amhbo3+MW[52]
amnhb1=amnhb1+MW[55], amnhb2=amnhb2+MW[56], amnhb3=amnhb3+MW[57]
; am hbw, hbs, hbo, nhb totals:
amhbw =amhbw + MW[40] + MW[41] + MW[42]
amhbs =amhbs + MW[45] + MW[46] + MW[47]
amhbo =amhbo + MW[50] + MW[51] + MW[52]
amnhb =amnhb + MW[55] + MW[56] + MW[57]
; am occupant level totals:
aml =aml +MW[110],am2 =am2 +MW[111],am3 =am3 +MW[112]
; am totals:
am =am +MW[110] +MW[111] +MW[112]

; pm hbw, hbs, hbo, nhb by occupant totals:
pmhbw1=pmhbw1+MW[60], pmhbw2=pmhbw2+MW[61], pmhbw3=pmhbw3+MW[62]
pmhbs1=pmhbs1+MW[65], pmhbs2=pmhbs2+MW[66], pmhbs3=pmhbs3+MW[67]
pmhbo1=pmhbo1+MW[70], pmhbo2=pmhbo2+MW[71], pmhbo3=pmhbo3+MW[72]
pmnhb1=pmnhb1+MW[75], pmnhb2=pmnhb2+MW[76], pmnhb3=pmnhb3+MW[77]
; pm hbw, hbs, hbo, nhb totals:
pmhbw =pmhbw + MW[60] + MW[61] + MW[62]
pmhbs =pmhbs + MW[65] + MW[66] + MW[67]
pmhbo =pmhbo + MW[70] + MW[71] + MW[72]
pmnhb =pmnhb + MW[75] + MW[76] + MW[77]

```

```

; pm occupant level totals:
pml =pml +MW[113],pm2 =pm2 +MW[114],pm3 =pm3 +MW[115]
; pm totals:
pm =pm +MW[113] +MW[114] +MW[115]

; op hbw, hbs, hbo, nhb by occupant totals:
ophbw1=ophbw1+MW[80], ophbw2=ophbw2+MW[81], ophbw3=ophbw3+MW[82]
ophbs1=ophbs1+MW[85], ophbs2=ophbs2+MW[86], ophbs3=ophbs3+MW[87]
ophbo1=ophbo1+MW[90], ophbo2=ophbo2+MW[91], ophbo3=ophbo3+MW[92]
opnhb1=opnhb1+MW[95], opnhb2=opnhb2+MW[96], opnhb3=opnhb3+MW[97]
; op hbw, hbs, hbo, nhb totals:
ophbw =ophbw + MW[80] + MW[81] + MW[82]
ophbs =ophbs + MW[85] + MW[86] + MW[87]
ophbo =ophbo + MW[90] + MW[91] + MW[92]
opnhb =opnhb + MW[95] + MW[96] + MW[97]
; op occupant level totals:
op1 =op1 +MW[116],op2 =op2 +MW[117],op3 =op3 +MW[118]
; op totals:
op =op +MW[116] +MW[117] +MW[118]

; total output trips by purpose--output total:
ohbw=ohbw+MW[100], ohbs=ohbs+MW[101], ohbo=ohbo+MW[102], onhb=onhb+MW[103]

; total grand Total of output auto driver trips:
adr = adr + MW[100] + MW[101] + MW[102] + MW[103]

; total input trips by purpose
ihbw=ihbw + MW[1] + MW[2] + MW[3]
ihbs=ihbs + MW[4] + MW[5] + MW[6]
ihbo=ihbo + MW[7] + MW[8] + MW[9]
inhb=inhb + MW[10] + MW[11] + MW[12]

endjloop

; now write out the totals neatly:
if (i=zones)
; get differences by purpose (output - Input)
dfhbw = ohbw - ihbw;
dfhbs = ohbs - ihbs;
dfhbo = ohbo - ihbo;
dfnhb = onhb - inhb;

LIST = '/bt '
LIST = ' Modeled Pump Prime Time-of-Day Results', '\n'
list = 'AM Period: 1-Occ. 2-Occ. 3+Occ. Total'
list = 'HBW ', amhbw1(8.0), amhbw2(8.0), amhbw3(8.0), ' ', amhbw(8.0)
list = 'HBS ', amhbs1(8.0), amhbs2(8.0), amhbs3(8.0), ' ', amhbs(8.0)
list = 'HBO ', amhbo1(8.0), amhbo2(8.0), amhbo3(8.0), ' ', amhbo(8.0)
list = 'NHB ', amnhb1(8.0), amnhb2(8.0), amnhb3(8.0), ' ', amnhb(8.0)
list = '-----'
list = 'Subtotal: ', aml(8.0), am2(8.0), am3(8.0), ' ', am(8.0)
list = ' '
list = ' '
list = 'PM Period: 1-Occ. 2-Occ. 3+Occ. Total'
list = 'HBW ', pmhbw1(8.0), pmhbw2(8.0), pmhbw3(8.0), ' ', pmhbw(8.0)
list = 'HBS ', pmhbs1(8.0), pmhbs2(8.0), pmhbs3(8.0), ' ', pmhbs(8.0)
list = 'HBO ', pmhbo1(8.0), pmhbo2(8.0), pmhbo3(8.0), ' ', pmhbo(8.0)
list = 'NHB ', pmnhb1(8.0), pmnhb2(8.0), pmnhb3(8.0), ' ', pmnhb(8.0)
list = '-----'
list = 'Subtotal: ', pml(8.0), pm2(8.0), pm3(8.0), ' ', pm(8.0)
list = ' '
list = ' '
list = 'Off-Peak: 1-Occ. 2-Occ. 3+Occ. Total'
list = 'HBW ', ophbw1(8.0), ophbw2(8.0), ophbw3(8.0), ' ', ophbw(8.0)
list = 'HBS ', ophbs1(8.0), ophbs2(8.0), ophbs3(8.0), ' ', ophbs(8.0)
list = 'HBO ', ophbo1(8.0), ophbo2(8.0), ophbo3(8.0), ' ', ophbo(8.0)
list = 'NHB ', opnhb1(8.0), opnhb2(8.0), opnhb3(8.0), ' ', opnhb(8.0)
list = '-----'

```

Appendix E TP+ scripts

```
list = 'Subtotal: ',op1(8.0),op2(8.0),op3(8.0),' ',op(8.0)
list = ' '
list = ' '
list = ' Input / Output Totals by Purpose:
list = '          Input      Output      Diff.
list = '          (O-I)
list = 'HBW ',ihbw(8.0),' ',ohbw(8.0),' ',dfhbw(8.0)
list = 'HBS ',ihbs(8.0),' ',ohbs(8.0),' ',dfhbs(8.0)
list = 'HBO ',ihbo(8.0),' ',ohbo(8.0),' ',dfhbo(8.0)
list = 'NHB ',inhb(8.0),' ',onhb(8.0),' ',dfnhb(8.0)
list = ' '
list = 'Total Auto Drv:',adr(8.0)

list = '/et
endif

; Write out the auto driver tables by time period

MATO[1] = @ADRAM@, MO=110-112 ; AM Auto Drv Trips 1,2,3+occ tabs 1-3
MATO[2] = @ADRPM@, MO=113-115 ; PM Auto Drv Trips 1,2,3+occ tabs 1-3
MATO[3] = @ADROP@, MO=116-118 ; OP Auto Drv Trips 1,2,3+occ tabs 1-3
ENDRUN
;
```

23 Transit_Skims.s

```

-----
;Transit_Skims.s
;MwCOG Version 2.1D Model
; 2005-02-16 Added pageheight=32767 to preclude insertion of page headers
;
; - Metrorail station references changed from 116 to 150 2.14.05
; - PATHSTYLE changed from 1 to 0 on 3.9.04 (RM)
; - iteration (_iter_) global variables used
; - 7/13/04
; - Non-Metrorail output time matrix is now altered
; to reflect the fact that degrading Hwy arterial speeds over time
; will also affect local bus speeds. A time factor file
; in the \INPUTS subdirectory named: LBus_TimFTRS.ASC
; will be read in.
; The time factors are applied to the local bus IVT's.
; The Non-Metrorail IVT matrix was stored in MW[5]. It is now
; developed as three matrices for Modes 1,6/'inner' Local bus;
; Mode 8/outer local bus;
; Modes 2,4,5,7,9/X bus & commuter
;
; rail.
; The Three Matrices are collapsed into one matrix in the following
MATRIX
;Build Transit Skims by Time Period and Access Mode
; Input Files:
; TP+ Highway Network = ZONEHWY.NET
; Transit Line Files = MODE?_pp.TB
; Transit Network Data = MET*.TB, COM*.TB, BUS*.TB
; Walk and Drive Access = WALK_pp.TB, PNR_pp.TB
; Walk Sidewalk Network = WLKNET.TB
; Zone Employment = ZONE.ASC
; Output Files:
; Walk and Drive Access Skims = %_iter_%_pp_aa.SKM
; Walk and Drive Station Data = %_iter_%_pp_aa.STA
; Walk and Drive Travel Time = %_iter_%_pp_aa.TTT
; Transit Access to Employment = JOBACC.ASC
;
; Step 1: AM Peak Walk Skims
; Input Files: ZONEHWY.NET, MODE?_AM.TB, *.TB
; Output Files: TRANSIT.SKM
; Step 2: Split Skims into Multiple Files
; Input Files: TRANSIT.SKM
; Output Files: %_iter_%_AM_WK.SKM, %_iter_%_AM_WK.STA, %_iter_%_AM_WK.TTT
; Step 3: AM Peak Drive Skims
; Input Files: ZONEHWY.NET, MODE?_AM.TB, *.TB
; Output Files: TRANSIT.SKM
; Step 4: Split Skims into Multiple Files
; Input Files: TRANSIT.SKM
; Output Files: %_iter_%_AM_DR.SKM, %_iter_%_AM_DR.STA, %_iter_%_AM_DR.TTT
; Step 5: Off Peak Walk Skims
; Input Files: ZONEHWY.NET, MODE?_OP.TB, *.TB
; Output Files: TRANSIT.SKM
; Step 6: Split Skims into Multiple Files
; Input Files: TRANSIT.SKM
; Output Files: %_iter_%_OP_WK.SKM, %_iter_%_OP_WK.STA, %_iter_%_OP_WK.TTT
; Step 7: Off Peak Drive Skims
; Input Files: ZONEHWY.NET, MODE?_OP.TB, *.TB
; Output Files: TRANSIT.SKM
; Step 8: Split Skims into Multiple Files
; Input Files: TRANSIT.SKM
; Output Files: %_iter_%_OP_DR.SKM, %_iter_%_OP_DR.STA, %_iter_%_OP_DR.TTT
; Step 9: Sum the Jobs by Transit Travel Time
; Input Files: %_iter_%_AM_WK.TTT, %_iter_%_AM_DR.TTT
; Output Files: JOBACC.ASC
;

```

```

-----
;
; Global Variables
;
; _iter_ (= PP,il-i6)
;
-----
; Loop through each period and access mode
-----
pageheight=32767 ; Preclude header breaks
LOOP PERIOD = 1, 2

IF (PERIOD = 1)
  TIME_PERIOD = 'AM'
  COMBINE = 5.0
ELSE
  TIME_PERIOD = 'OP'
  COMBINE = 10.0
ENDIF

;---- start the access mode loop ----

LOOP ACCESS = 1, 2

IF (ACCESS = 1)
  ACCESS_MODE = 'WK'
  WALK_MODEL = ' '
  DRIVE_MODEL = ';'
ELSE
  ACCESS_MODE = 'DR'
  WALK_MODEL = ';'
  DRIVE_MODEL = ' '
ENDIF

;-----
; Steps 1, 3, and 5: Build Transit Paths
;-----

RUN PGM = TRNBUILD
NETI = ZONEHWY.NET
MATO = TRANSIT.SKM
maxnode = 30000

HWYTIME = @TIME_PERIOD@HTIME

;--- set default zone access and line parameters ---

ZONEACCESS GENERATE=N

@WALK_MODEL@ACCESSMODES = 14,16
@DRIVE_MODEL@ACCESSMODES = 11

@WALK_MODEL@SKIPMODES = 11,15

PATHSTYLE = 0
USERUNTIME = Y

;---- rules for combining multiple line and headways ----

COMBINE MAXDIFF[1] = 0.0, IF[1] = ((RUN - MINRUN) < @COMBINE@)
COMBINE MAXDIFF[2] = 0.0, IF[2] = ((RUN - MINRUN) < @COMBINE@)
COMBINE MAXDIFF[3] = 0.0, IF[3] = ((RUN - MINRUN) < @COMBINE@)
COMBINE MAXDIFF[4] = 0.0, IF[4] = ((RUN - MINRUN) < @COMBINE@)
COMBINE MAXDIFF[5] = 0.0, IF[5] = ((RUN - MINRUN) < @COMBINE@)
COMBINE MAXDIFF[6] = 0.0, IF[6] = ((RUN - MINRUN) < @COMBINE@)
COMBINE MAXDIFF[7] = 0.0, IF[7] = ((RUN - MINRUN) < @COMBINE@)
COMBINE MAXDIFF[8] = 0.0, IF[8] = ((RUN - MINRUN) < @COMBINE@)
COMBINE MAXDIFF[9] = 0.0, IF[9] = ((RUN - MINRUN) < @COMBINE@)

```

Appendix E TP+ scripts

```
----- factors to convert actual time to perceived time -----
MODEFAC[1] = 10*1.00 ;---- in-vehicle time
MODEFAC[11] = 1.00 ;---- drive access time
MODEFAC[12] = 2.50 ;---- transit transfer time
MODEFAC[13] = 2.50 ;---- walk network time
MODEFAC[14] = 2.50 ;---- unused (used to be dummy link to station)
MODEFAC[15] = 2.50 ;---- park-&-ride transfer time
MODEFAC[16] = 2.50 ;---- walk access time

;---- initial and transfer wait factors ----
IWAITFAC[1] = 10*2.50
XWAITFAC[1] = 10*2.50
IWAITMAX[1] = 10*60.0

;---- boarding penalty - limit to three transfers ----
BOARDPEN[1] = 0.0, 6.0, 6.0, 60.0

;---- transfer prohibitions ----
;--- mode 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16
NOX[1] = n, n, n, n, n, n, n, n, n, n, n, n, n, n, n, n, n, n, n, n, n, n, n, n, n, n, n, n
NOX[2] = n, n, n, n, n, n, n, n, n, n, n, n, n, n, n, n, Y, n, n, n, n, Y, n, n
NOX[3] = n, n, n, n, n, n, n, n, n, n, n, n, n, n, n, n, Y, n, n, n, n, Y, n, n
NOX[4] = n, n, n, n, n, n, n, n, n, n, n, n, n, n, n, n, Y, n, n, n, n, Y, n, n
NOX[5] = n, n, n, n, n, n, n, n, n, n, n, n, n, n, n, n, Y, n, n, n, n, Y, n, n
NOX[6] = n, n, n, n, n, n, n, n, n, n, n, n, n, n, n, n, Y, n, n, n, n, Y, n, n
NOX[7] = n, n, n, n, n, n, n, n, n, n, n, n, n, n, n, n, Y, n, n, n, n, Y, n, n
NOX[8] = n, n, n, n, n, n, n, n, n, n, n, n, n, n, n, n, Y, n, n, n, n, Y, n, n
NOX[9] = n, n, n, n, n, n, n, n, n, n, n, n, n, n, n, n, Y, n, n, n, n, Y, n, n
NOX[10] = n, n, n, n, n, n, n, n, n, n, n, n, n, n, n, n, Y, n, n, n, n, Y, n, n
NOX[11] = n, n, n, n, n, n, n, n, n, n, n, n, n, n, n, n, Y, Y, n, n, n, Y, n, n
NOX[12] = n, n, n, n, n, n, n, n, n, n, n, n, n, n, n, n, Y, Y, n, n, n, Y, n, n
NOX[13] = n, n, n, n, n, n, n, n, n, n, n, n, n, n, n, n, Y, n, n, n, n, Y, n, n
NOX[14] = n, n, n, n, n, n, n, n, n, n, n, n, n, n, n, n, Y, n, n, n, n, Y, n, n
NOX[15] = n, n, n, n, n, n, n, n, n, n, n, n, n, n, n, n, Y, Y, Y, Y, Y, Y, Y, Y
NOX[16] = n, n, n, n, n, n, n, n, n, n, n, n, n, n, n, n, Y, n, Y, n, Y, n, Y, Y

;---- Parameters ----
LISTINPUT = N ;---- echo input files

MAXPATHTIME = 240.0 ;---- Kill any path with preceived time > 240 min.
FREQPERIOD = 1 ;---- Use the First Headway value
USERUNTIME = Y ;---- Ignore any RUNTIME or RT parameters on lines.
MAXRUNTIME = 240.0 ;---- Report lines with run times > 240 min.
;ONLINE = 100 ;---- Display every 100 lines

;WALKSPEED = 3.0 ;---- Set default walk speed to 3.0 mph
;XYFACTOR = 0.84401 ;---- Replicate MINUTP value
;WALKSPEED = 2.0 ;---- Added on 09/25
;XYFACTOR = 1.97 ;---- Added on 09/25

;-----
; write out support links for later viewing in VIPER
fileo supporto = supl@access_mode@time_period.asc modes=11-16 oneway=t fixed=y
fileo nodeo = supn@access_mode@time_period.dbf
;

;---- specify output skims ----
MATRICES NAME = WLKT, DACCT, INIT, XFERT, IVTIL, IVTOL, IVTNL, IVMT, TOT, ISTOS,
JSTOS, ZWLK,
MW[1] = TIME(12,13,14,15)*0.01, ;---- xfer walk time (min)
```

```
MW[2] = TIME(11)*0.01, ;---- drv acc time (min)
MW[3] = IWAIT*0.01, ;---- ini.wait time (min)
MW[4] = XWAIT(1,2,3,4,5,6,7,8,9,10)*0.01, ;---- xfr wait time (min)

MW[5] = TIME(1,6)*0.01, ;---- ivt-nonmetrorail/'Inner' Juris
Local Bus Modes (min)
MW[6] = TIME(8)*0.01, ;---- ivt-nonmetrorail/'Outer' Juris
Local Bus Modes (min)
MW[7] = TIME(2,4,5,7,9,10)*0.01, ;---- ivt-nonmetrorail/Non-Local Bus
Modes (min)

MW[8] = TIME(3)*0.01, ;---- ivt-metrorail (min)
MW[9] = (IWAIT + TIME(0) + XWAIT(0))*0.01, ;---- total time (min)
MW[10] = NODE0(3) - 7300.0, ;---- metro board sta (1-150)
MW[11] = NODEL(3) - 7300.0, ;---- metro alight sta (1-150)
MW[12] = TIME(16)*0.01 ; Zonal Acces/Egress Time

;---- Rail Stations & Links (modes 3 & 4) ----
READ FILE = met_node.tb ;---- Metrorail stations
READ FILE = met_link.tb ;---- Metrorail links
READ FILE = com_node.tb ;---- Commuter Rail stations
READ FILE = com_link.tb ;---- Commuter Rail links

;---- Park and Ride Lots (mode 15) ----
@DRIVE_MODEL@ READ FILE = bus_pnrn.tb ;---- Bus PNR lots (nodes)
@DRIVE_MODEL@ READ FILE = met_pnrn.tb ;---- Metro PNR lots (nodes)
@DRIVE_MODEL@ READ FILE = com_pnrn.tb ;---- Commuter Rail PNR lots (nodes)

@DRIVE_MODEL@ READ FILE = bus_pnr1.tb ;---- Bus-PNR connectors (links)
@DRIVE_MODEL@ READ FILE = met_pnr1.tb ;---- Metro-PNR connectors (links)
@DRIVE_MODEL@ READ FILE = com_pnr1.tb ;---- Commuter Rail-PNR connectors (links)

;---- Access Links (modes 11, 12 and 16) ----
READ FILE = met_bus.tb ;--- bus-metro links&xfer cards
READ FILE = com_bus.tb ;--- bus-commuter rail links&xfer car

READ FILE = walk@TIME_PERIOD.tb ;--- walk to local transit
@DRIVE_MODEL@READ FILE = pnr@TIME_PERIOD.tb;--- drive to transit

;---- Dummy Centroid Access Links (mode 14) ----

;---- Sidewalk Network (mode 13) ----
READ FILE = wlknnet.tb;--- walk network for transfers

;---- Transit Line Cards (modes 1-9) ----
READ FILE = MODE1@TIME_PERIOD.TB ;---- M1- metrobus local
READ FILE = MODE2@TIME_PERIOD.TB ;---- M2- metrobus express
READ FILE = MODE3@TIME_PERIOD.TB ;---- M3- metrorail
READ FILE = MODE4@TIME_PERIOD.TB ;---- M4- commuter rail
READ FILE = MODE5@TIME_PERIOD.TB ;---- M5- other rail (future)
READ FILE = MODE6@TIME_PERIOD.TB ;---- M6- other local bus
READ FILE = MODE7@TIME_PERIOD.TB ;---- M7- other express bus
READ FILE = MODE8@TIME_PERIOD.TB ;---- M8- other local bus
READ FILE = MODE9@TIME_PERIOD.TB ;---- M9- other express bus

;---- Reports -----
; Path Tracing
; Consider these "i"s to these "j"s
; -----
; 8 Downtwn 1236 Rossllyn 8 Downtwn
; 64 Union Sta 1337 Alexandria 64 Union Sta
; 345 Bethesda 1537 Tysons Crnr 345 Bethesda
```

Appendix E TP+ scripts

```

; 362 Silver Spr 1554 Ft Belvoir          362 Silver Spr
; 464 N.SilverSpr 1619 Vienna            1231 Pentagon
; 578 Shady Gr Rd 1698 Dulles AP         1236 Rosslyn
; 829 Andrews AFB 1716 Reston           1337 Alexandria
; 927 New Carrltn 1842 Leesburg          1537 Tysons
;1043 Frederick 1942 Dale City
;1231 Pentagon 1967 Manassas

trace = (i = 8, 64, 331, 362, 464, 578, 829, 927, 1043, 1231, 1236, 1337,
1537, 1554, 1619, 1698, 1716, 1842, 1942, 1967 &
j = 8, 64, 345, 362, 1231, 1236, 1337, 1539)
REPORT LINES = NAME, MODE ; added by rm 4/09/04 to ensure line listings
; with or without 'RT=' commands in transit line files
ENDRUN

;-----
;Steps 2, 4, and 6: Split Skims into Multiple Files
;-----

RUN PGM=MATRIX
MATI[1]=TRANSIT.SKM
MATO[1]=%_iter_%_@TIME_PERIOD@_@ACCESS_MODE@.SKM, MO = 1-4,20,8,
FORMAT = MINUTP
; NAME = WLKT, DACCT, INIT, XFERT, IVNMT, IVMT
MATO[2]=%_iter_%_@TIME_PERIOD@_@ACCESS_MODE@.STA, MO = 10-11,
FORMAT = MINUTP,
NAME = ISTOS, JSTOS
MATO[3]=%_iter_%_@TIME_PERIOD@_@ACCESS_MODE@.TTT, MO = 30,
;FORMAT = MINUTP
NAME = TOT

;
; Read in time factors to increase local bus times
; based on increasing arterial hwy congestion

READ FILE=INPUTS\LBus_TimFTRS.ASC ; Local Bus Time Factors

MW[1] = MI.1.1 ; xfer walk time (min)
MW[2] = MI.1.2 ; drv acc time (min)
MW[3] = MI.1.3 ; ini.wait time (min)
MW[4] = MI.1.4 ; xfr wait time (min)

MW[5] = MI.1.5 ; ivt-nonmetrorail (min) Modes 1,6
MW[6] = MI.1.6 ; ivt-nonmetrorail (min) Modes 8
MW[7] = MI.1.7 ; ivt-nonmetrorail (min) Modes 2,4,5,7,9,10

MW[8] = MI.1.8 ; ivt-metrorail (min)
MW[9] = MI.1.9 ; total time (min)

MW[10] = MI.1.10 ; metro board sta (1-150)
MW[11] = MI.1.11 ; metro alight sta (1-150)

MW[12] = MI.1.12 ; Walk Acc/Egr time (min)

; Factor The Local Bus Time Here
MW[20] = (MW[5] * @TIME_PERIOD@IBFTR) + (MW[6] * @TIME_PERIOD@OBFTR) + MW[7]

; Recompute total transit time, given the local bus adjustment
MW[30] = MW[1] + MW[2] + MW[3] + MW[4] + MW[20] + MW[8] + MW[12]

JLOOP
IF (MW[10] < 0 || MW[10] > 150 ) MW[10] = 0
IF (MW[11] < 0 || MW[11] > 150 ) MW[11] = 0
ENDJLOOP

ENDRUN

```

```

ENDLOOP ;---- ACCESS ----
ENDLOOP ;---- PERIOD ----
;
;-----
; Step 7: Sum the Jobs by Transit Travel Time
;-----
;
RUN PGM=MATRIX
MATI[1] = %_iter_%_AM_WK.TTT
MATI[2] = %_iter_%_AM_DR.TTT
ZDATI[1] = INPUTS\ZONE.ASC, Z=1-4, EMP=40-47

_ACCESS = 0

JLOOP
IF (MI.1.1 = 0)
IF (MI.2.1 > 0)
MW[1] = MI.2.1
ELSE
MW[1] = 0
ENDIF
ELSEIF (MI.2.1 = 0)
MW[1] = MI.1.1
ELSE
MW[1] = MIN (MI.1.1, MI.2.1)
ENDIF

_ACCESS = _ACCESS + MW[1]
ENDJLOOP

IF (_ACCESS > 0)
MW[1][I] = 1
ENDIF

_EMP30 = 0
_EMP40 = 0
_EMP50 = 0
_EMP60 = 0
_EMPTOT = 0

JLOOP
IF (MW[1] = 1-30)
_EMP30 = _EMP30 + ZI.1.EMP[J]
ENDIF
IF (MW[1] = 1-40)
_EMP40 = _EMP40 + ZI.1.EMP[J]
ENDIF
IF (MW[1] = 1-50)
_EMP50 = _EMP50 + ZI.1.EMP[J]
ENDIF
IF (MW[1] = 1-60)
_EMP60 = _EMP60 + ZI.1.EMP[J]
ENDIF
_EMPTOT = _EMPTOT + ZI.1.EMP[J]
ENDJLOOP

PRINT FILE=JOBACC.ASC FORM=10, LIST=I(5), '
', _EMP30, _EMP40, _EMP50,
', _EMP60, _EMPTOT

ENDRUN

```


24 Trip_Distribution.s

```

-----
; TRIP_DISTRIBUTION.S
;
; Version 2.2 Model
; Note: Bucket rounding is maintained as MC model (COGMC) works with integer
;       trips. Bucket rounding in the future (when a new MC model is used)
;$
; Trip_Distribution.s - V2.1C Model with ICC changes (JPark) and
;       improved toll modeling changes (RMilone) - Toll changes in ';' Blocks
;$
; MWCOG Version 2 Trip Distribution
; Update 8/28/02 rjm
; Note: Corrected misspecified MAXITERS (was MAXITRS) key word 11/05/02
;       9/8/04 Updated Post-Distribution External adjustments for all purposes
;       to handle 6-figure external Ps/As. rm
;$ 12/23/05 Updated input Z-filenames to read TRIP_GENERATIONR.S outputs
;       (which are now decimal). Bucket rounding of Trip Dist. output tabs.
;       maintained.
;$ 11/07/06 Jurisdiction-to TAZ equivalency file updated to reflect
;       change in Montgomery / prince Georges zone ranges (2-zone annexation)
-----
;
;
; Environment Variables:
;       %_iter_% ;---- Run Iteration (pp, bs, il, i2)
;       %_year_% ;
;       %_alt_%  ;
;
; Global Variables:
;
; ////////////////////////////////////////
; INPUT/OUTPUT FILENAMES HERE:          ////////////////////////////////////////
; //////////////////////////////////////// In TP Main          ////////////////////////////////////////
; ////////////////////////////////////////
;
; =====
; == The Output Trip Distribution Filenames of this Program are: ==
; =====
;
HBWTDOUT = 'hbwtest%_iter%.ptt' ; HBW Person Trips
HBSTTDOUT = 'hbsest%_iter%.ptt' ; HBS Person Trips
HBOTDOUT = 'hboest%_iter%.ptt' ; HBO Person Trips
NHBTDDOUT = 'nhbest%_iter%.ptt' ; NHB Person Trips
MTKTDOUT = 'mkest%_iter%.vtt' ; Medium Truck Trips
HTKTDOUT = 'htkest%_iter%.vtt' ; Heavy Truck Trips
;
; =====
; == The Input Filenames of this Program are: ==
; =====
;
; Land Use and Network Files:
;
itr = '%_iter%'
LUFIL = 'inputs\zone.asc' ; LAND USE FILE
HWYTERM = 'ztermtm.asc' ; Zonal HWY TERMINAL TIME

if (ITR='pp')
  AMSOVSKM = '%_iter%_am.skm' ; AM HWY TIME SKIMS
  OPSOVSKM = '%_iter%_op.skm' ; OP HWY TIME SKIMS

```

```

AWTRNSKM = '%_iter%_am_wk.ttt' ; AM WK ACC TRN TIME SKIMS
ADTRNSKM = '%_iter%_am_dr.ttt' ; AM DR ACC TRN TIME SKIMS
OWTRNSKM = '%_iter%_op_wk.ttt' ; OP WK ACC TRN TIME SKIMS
ODTRNSKM = '%_iter%_op_dr.ttt' ; OP DR ACC TRN TIME SKIMS
else
  AMSOVSKM = 'SOV%_prev%_am.skm' ; AM HWY TIME SKIMS
  OPSOVSKM = 'SOV%_prev%_op.skm' ; OP HWY TIME SKIMS
  AWTRNSKM = '%_prev%_am_wk.ttt' ; AM WK ACC TRN TIME SKIMS
  ADTRNSKM = '%_prev%_am_dr.ttt' ; AM DR ACC TRN TIME SKIMS
  OWTRNSKM = '%_prev%_op_wk.ttt' ; OP WK ACC TRN TIME SKIMS
  ODTRNSKM = '%_prev%_op_dr.ttt' ; OP DR ACC TRN TIME SKIMS
ENDIF ;
;
; Trip-End (P/A) Input Files:
;
HBWPROINC= 'hbwpros_inc.txt'; HBW Productions - for four income levels (Intl only)
HBWPROALL= 'hbwpros_all.txt'; HBW Productions - Total/NonStratified (Intl&Extl)

HBWATTINC= 'hbwattr_inc.txt'; HBW Attractions - for four income levels (Intl only)
HBWATTALL= 'hbwattr_all.txt'; HBW Attractions - Total/NonStratified (Intl&Extl)

HBSPROINC= 'hbspros_inc.txt'; HBS Productions - for four income levels (Intl only)
HBSPROALL= 'hbspros_all.txt'; HBS Productions - Total/NonStratified (Intl&Extl)

HBSATTINC= 'hbsattr_inc.txt'; HBS Attractions - for four income levels (Intl only)
HBSATTALL= 'hbsattr_all.txt'; HBS Attractions - Total/NonStratified (Intl&Extl)

HBOPROINC= 'hbopro_inc.txt'; HBO Productions - for four income levels (Intl only)
HBOPROALL= 'hbopro_all.txt'; HBO Productions - Total/NonStratified (Intl&Extl)

HBOATTINC= 'hboattr_inc.txt'; HBO Attractions - for four income levels (Intl only)
HBOATTALL= 'hboattr_all.txt'; HBO Attractions - Total/NonStratified (Intl&Extl)

NHBPOINT= 'nhbattr_int.txt'; NHB Productions (Same as final/scaled attractions)
- (Intl only)
NHBPROALL= 'nhbattr_all.txt'; NHB Productions (Same as final/scaled attractions)
- (Intl&Extl)

NHBATTINT= 'nhbattr_int.txt'; NHB Attractions - (Intl only)
NHBATTALL= 'nhbattr_all.txt'; NHB Attractions - (Intl&Extl)

MTKPOINT= 'mtkpros_int.txt'; Med Trk Productions - (Intl only)
MTKPROALL= 'mtkpros_all.txt'; Med Trk Productions - (Intl&Extl)

MTKATTINT= 'mtkatr_int.txt'; Med Trk Attractions - (Intl only)
MTKATTALL= 'mtkatr_all.txt'; Med Trk Attractions - (Intl&Extl)

HTKPOINT= 'htkpros_int.txt'; Hvy Trk Productions - (Intl only)
HTKPROALL= 'htkpros_all.txt'; Hvy Trk Productions - (Intl&Extl)

HTKATTINT= 'htkatr_int.txt'; Hvy Trk Attractions - (Intl only)
HTKATTALL= 'htkatr_all.txt'; Hvy Trk Attractions - (Intl&Extl)

;$
;
; Equivalent minutes (min/'80$) by income level (for toll modeling)
;
toll_inc = 'inputs\toll.inc' ;
;
; =====
; Zonal-to-Zone Time Penalty Tables
;
HBWPEN = '..\support\hbwpn.dat' ; HBW TIME PENALITES
HBSPEN = '..\support\hbspn.dat' ; HBS TIME PENALITES
HBOPEN = '..\support\hbopen.dat' ; HBO TIME PENALITES
NHBPEN = '..\support\nhbpn.dat' ; NHB TIME PENALITES

```

Appendix E TP+ scripts

```

;-----
; Zonal K-factor Files
;
HBWK   = '..\support\hbwk.dat' ;
HBSK   = '..\support\hbsk.dat' ;
HBOK   = '..\support\hbok.dat' ;
NHBK   = '..\support\nhbk.dat' ;
NHBK   = '..\support\nhbk.dat' ;
MTKK   = '..\support\mtkk.dat' ;
HTKK   = '..\support\htkk.dat' ;

;-----
; Friction Factor Files:
;
IHBWFFS = '..\support\IHBWV2.FFS' ; HBW      6 Curves
IHBSFFS = '..\support\IHBSV2.FFS' ; HBS      6 Curves
IHBOFFS = '..\support\IHBOV2.FFS' ; HBO      6 Curves
IN_TFFS = '..\support\N_TV2.FFS' ; NHB/Truck 7 Curves
;
; Note: Sequence of F-Factor Curves:
;
; File:
; IHBWFFS      IHBSFFS      IHBOFFS      IN_TFFS
; Curve # | (work)      (shop)      (other)      (NHB, Truck)
;-----
; 1 | intl/inc 1  intl/inc 1  intl/inc 1  intl NHB
; 2 | intl/inc 2  intl/inc 2  intl/inc 2  intl Med.trk
; 3 | intl/inc 3  intl/inc 3  intl/inc 3  intl Hvy.truck
; 4 | intl/inc 4  intl/inc 4  intl/inc 4  extl/interst./NHB
; 5 | extl/interst. extl/interst. extl/interst. extl/arter./NHB
; 6 | extl/arter.  extl/arter.  extl/arter.  extl./Med Truck
; 7 | --          --          --          extl./Hvy Truck

;-----
; //////////////////////////////////////
; \\\\\\\\\\\ End of Input/Output File Section \\\\\\\\\\\
; //////////////////////////////////////
;
;
; //////////////////////////////////////
; \\\\\\\\\\\ BEGIN TP+ \\\\\\\\\\\
; //////////////////////////////////////
;
; //////////////////////////////////////
; \\\\\\\\\\\ 1) Add Highway Terminal Times to AM, Off-peak \\\\\\\\\\\
; \\\\\\\\\\\ SOV Skims \\\\\\\\\\\
; //////////////////////////////////////

RUN PGM=MATRIX
zones=2191
; READ ZONAL EMPLOYMENT AND AREA FROM 'STANDARD' V2 LAND USE FILE

ZDATI[1]= @hwyterm@, Z=1-4,hterm=27-28

; READ AM PEAK & OFF-PEAK SOV TIME SKIM FILE (IN WHOLE MIN)

MATI[1] = @AMSOVSKM@ ; INPUT AM PK SKIM FILE
MATI[2] = @OPSOVSKM@ ; INPUT OFF-PK SKIM FILE

MW[1] = MI.1.1 ; INPUT AM PK SKIM FILE
MW[2] = MI.2.1 ; INPUT OFF-PK SKIM FILE

;
; Now add the terminal times to the AM/OP travel times below
; (terminal times added only to connected interchanges)
;
JLOOP

```

```

IF (MW[1] > 0)
MW[3] = MW[1] + zi.1.hterm[I] + zi.1.hterm[J]
ELSE
MW[3] = MW[1]
ENDIF
IF (MW[2] > 0)
MW[4] = MW[2] + zi.1.hterm[I] + zi.1.hterm[J]
ELSE
MW[4] = MW[2]
ENDIF
ENDJLOOP

;
; Establish Intrazonal Values for Network Time Skims
; -- Values equal to 50% of single lowest nonzero interzonal value
; IMPOSE MAX INTRAZONAL TRAVEL TIME JCPARK 6/18/03
; NO INTRAZONAL TT OVERRIDES FOR RUN 12B2 JCPARK 6/24/03

JLOOP
IF (I=J)
MW[3]=ROUND(0.50 * LOWEST(3,1,0.0001,99999.9))
MW[4]=ROUND(0.50 * LOWEST(4,1,0.0001,99999.9))
ENDIF
ENDJLOOP
; WRITE OUT FINAL TIME SKIMS

MATO[1] = SOVAMTT.SKF, MO=3; output am sov time(min) w/ o&d term&intra times
MATO[2] = SOVOPTT.SKF, MO=4; output op sov time(min) w/ o&d term&intra times

; print row 1 of I/O matrices for checking

IF (I =92)
PRINTROW MW=1-10
ENDIF

ENDRUN

; //////////////////////////////////////
; \\\\\\\\\\\ 2) Compute Composite Impedances to be used in \\\\\\\\\\\
; \\\\\\\\\\\ Trip Distribution for HBW, HBS, HBO, NHB Purposes \\\\\\\\\\\
; //////////////////////////////////////

RUN PGM=MATRIX
ZONES=2191

; COMPUTATION OF COMPOSITE IMPEDANCES
; READ AM PEAK & OFF-PEAK SOV TIME SKIM FILE (IN WHOLE MIN)

MATI[1] = SOVAMTT.SKF ; AM PK HWY TIME FILE W/ TERM&INTRAZNL VALUES
MATI[2] = SOVOPTT.SKF ; OFF-PK HWY TIME FILE W/ TERM&INTRAZNL VALUES

MATI[3] = @AWTRNSKM@ ; AM PK WALK ACC TRN SKIM FILE
MATI[4] = @ADTRNSKM@ ; AM PK AUTO ACC TRN SKIM FILE
MATI[5] = @OWTRNSKM@ ; OFF-PK WALK ACC TRN SKIM FILE
MATI[6] = @ODTRNSKM@ ; OFF-PK AUTO ACC TRN SKIM FILE

; $
MATI[7] = @AMSOVSKM@ ; INPUT AM PK tolls in 80 cents (on table 3)
MATI[8] = @OPSOVSKM@ ; INPUT OFF-PK tolls in 80 cents (on table 3)
;
; READ FILE =@TOLL_INC@ ; READ in equivalent min/80$ by income group
;
; $

; ESTABLISH WORK MATRICES:

```

Appendix E TP+ scripts

```

MW[1]=MI.1.1      ; AM PK HWY TIME FILE W/ TERM&INTRAZNL VALUES
MW[2]=MI.2.1      ; OFF-PK HWY TIME FILE W/ TERM&INTRAZNL VALUES
;
;-----; Make Sure interzonal (conn.or disconn.)
JLOOP             ; have a minimum of 1 minute
  IF (MW[1] = 0.0) ;
    MW[1] = 1.0    ;
  ENDIF           ;
  IF (MW[2] = 0.0) ;
    MW[2] = 1.0    ;
  ENDIF           ;
ENDIF            ;
ENDJLOOP         ;
;-----;
;
;$
;-
; add equivalent 'tolled' AM/OP highway time to normal times by income level
; AM pk normal + equivalent hwy time in work tables 61-64
; Offpk normal + equivalent hwy time in work tables 71-74

  MW[61] = Round(MW[1] + ((MI.7.3/100.0) * i1PKPEQM)) ;i1 AM hwy time w/eqv
  MW[62] = Round(MW[1] + ((MI.7.3/100.0) * i2PKPEQM)) ;i2 AM hwy time w/eqv
  MW[63] = Round(MW[1] + ((MI.7.3/100.0) * i3PKPEQM)) ;i3 AM hwy time w/eqv
  MW[64] = Round(MW[1] + ((MI.7.3/100.0) * i4PKPEQM)) ;i4 AM hwy time w/eqv

  MW[71] = Round(MW[2] + ((MI.8.3/100.0) * i1OPEQM)) ;i1 OP hwy time w/eqv
  MW[72] = Round(MW[2] + ((MI.8.3/100.0) * i2OPEQM)) ;i2 OP hwy time w/eqv
  MW[73] = Round(MW[2] + ((MI.8.3/100.0) * i3OPEQM)) ;i3 OP hwy time w/eqv
  MW[74] = Round(MW[2] + ((MI.8.3/100.0) * i4OPEQM)) ;i4 OP hwy time w/eqv
;
;
;
;
;
MW[3]=MI.3.1      ; AM PK WALK ACC TOTAL TRN TIME FILE
MW[4]=MI.4.1      ; AM PK AUTO ACC TOTAL TRN TIME FILE
;
;
;
;
MW[5]=MI.5.1      ; OFF-PK WALK ACC TOTAL TRN TIME FILE
MW[6]=MI.6.1      ; OFF-PK AUTO ACC TOTAL TRN TIME FILE
;
;FIRST, FIND 'BEST' WALK/AUTO TRANSIT TIME BOTH AM AND OFF-PK CONDITIONS
; BEST AM TRN TIME STORED IN MW11, BEST OP TRN TIME STORED IN MW12

  JLOOP
    IF (MW[3] > 0 && MW[4] > 0) ; 'BEST' AM PK TRN TIME
      MW[11] = MIN(MW[3],MW[4]) ; WILL BE THE MINIMUM OF
    ELSE ; NON-ZERO WALK/AUTO TIMES OR
      MW[11] = MAX(MW[3],MW[4]) ; THE ONE THAT'S CONNECTED
    ENDIF

    IF (MW[5] > 0 && MW[6] > 0) ; SAME FOR OFF PEAK
      MW[12] = MIN(MW[5],MW[6]) ;
    ELSE ;
      MW[12] = MAX(MW[5],MW[6]) ;
    ENDIF
  ENDJLOOP

; NOW COMPUTE HBW,HBS,HBO,NHB COMPOSITE IMPEDANCES
;
JLOOP
  IF (MW[11] = 0 || I = J)
    MW[15] = MW[61]
    MW[16] = MW[62]
    MW[17] = MW[63]
    MW[18] = MW[64]
  ELSE
    MW[15] = ROUND (1.0/((1.0/MW[61])+(0.2572/MW[11]))) ; HBW -INC 1 CI MTX

```

```

    MW[16] = ROUND (1.0/((1.0/MW[62])+(0.1484/MW[11]))) ; HBW -INC 2 CI MTX
    MW[17] = ROUND (1.0/((1.0/MW[63])+(0.1365/MW[11]))) ; HBW -INC 3 CI MTX
    MW[18] = ROUND (1.0/((1.0/MW[64])+(0.1402/MW[11]))) ; HBW -INC 4 CI MTX
  ENDIF

  IF (MW[12] = 0 || I = J)
    MW[20] = MW[71]
    MW[21] = MW[72]
    MW[22] = MW[73]
    MW[23] = MW[74]

    MW[25] = MW[71]
    MW[26] = MW[72]
    MW[27] = MW[73]
    MW[28] = MW[74]

    MW[30] = MW[72]
  ELSE
    MW[20] = ROUND (1.0/((1.0/MW[71])+(0.0518/MW[12]))) ; HBS -INC 1 CI MTX
    MW[21] = ROUND (1.0/((1.0/MW[72])+(0.0235/MW[12]))) ; HBS -INC 2 CI MTX
    MW[22] = ROUND (1.0/((1.0/MW[73])+(0.0093/MW[12]))) ; HBS -INC 3 CI MTX
    MW[23] = ROUND (1.0/((1.0/MW[74])+(0.0075/MW[12]))) ; HBS -INC 4 CI MTX

    MW[25] = ROUND (1.0/((1.0/MW[71])+(0.0755/MW[12]))) ; HBO -INC 1 CI MTX
    MW[26] = ROUND (1.0/((1.0/MW[72])+(0.0311/MW[12]))) ; HBO -INC 2 CI MTX
    MW[27] = ROUND (1.0/((1.0/MW[73])+(0.0186/MW[12]))) ; HBO -INC 3 CI MTX
    MW[28] = ROUND (1.0/((1.0/MW[74])+(0.0244/MW[12]))) ; HBO -INC 4 CI MTX

    MW[30] = ROUND (1.0/((1.0/MW[72])+(0.0483/MW[12]))) ; NHB
  ENDIF

ENDJLOOP

MATO[1] = HBWDIMP.MAT, MO=15,16,17,18 ;HBW COMP.IMPEDANCES-INC.LEVELS 1-4
MATO[2] = HBSTDIMP.MAT, MO=20,21,22,23 ;HBS COMP.IMPEDANCES-INC.LEVELS 1-4
MATO[3] = HBOTDIMP.MAT, MO=25,26,27,28 ;HBO COMP.IMPEDANCES-INC.LEVELS 1-4
MATO[4] = NHBTDIMP.MAT, MO=30 ;NHB COMP.IMPEDANCE
;
;$
;
; NOW, WRITE OUT THE RESULTS OF SELECTED INTERCHANGES FOR CHECKING
; AND COMPARING WITH MINUTP
JLOOP INCLUDE=1 ; WILL PROCESS ONLY FOR J=1
  PRINT LIST = I(4),' ',J(4),' ',mw[15](5),mw[16](5),mw[17](5),mw[18](5),
    FILE =ci_hbw.chk
  PRINT LIST = I(4),' ',J(4),' ',mw[20](5),mw[21](5),mw[22](5),mw[23](5),
    FILE =ci_hbs.chk
  PRINT LIST = I(4),' ',J(4),' ',mw[25](5),mw[26](5),mw[27](5),mw[28](5),
    FILE =ci_hbo.chk
  PRINT LIST = I(4),' ',J(4),' ',mw[30](5),
    FILE =ci_nhb.chk
ENDJLOOP
ENDRUN

; ////////////////////////////////////////////////////////////////////////////////////////////////////////////////////////////////////
; \\\\\\\\\\\\\\\ 3) Compute Impedance files to be used in the External \\\
; \\\\\\\\\\\\\\\ Trip Distribution processing \\\
; ////////////////////////////////////////////////////////////////////////////////////////////////////////////////////////////////////

RUN PGM=MATRIX
;ZONES =2191
MATI[1] = SOVAMTT.SKF ; AM PK HWY TIME FILE W/ TERM&INTRAZNL VALUES
MATI[2] = SOVOPTT.SKF ; OFF-PK HWY TIME FILE W/ TERM&INTRAZNL VALUES

MW[1]=MI.1.1      ; AM PK HWY TIME FILE W/ TERM&INTRAZNL VALUES
MW[2]=MI.2.1      ; OFF-PK HWY TIME FILE W/ TERM&INTRAZNL VALUES

```

Appendix E TP+ scripts

```

; Development of Peak, Off-Peak SOV Travel times to be used
; for External Trip distribution of Interstate and Arterial Trip Dist.
;
; 2 skim files will be written:
; MW[11] - AM Time Period, External ij's
; MW[12] - OffPeak Period, External ij's
;
; First, set work matrices equal to 'Full' AM, Off-peak time skims
;
MW[11] = MW[1] ; AM
MW[12] = MW[2] ; Off-Pk

; next, put very large time value into all
; i-i and x-x ijs

IF (I = 1-2144)
  MW[11] = 200, INCLUDE= 1-2144 ; i-i ijs
  MW[12] = 200, INCLUDE= 1-2144 ; i-i ijs
ELSE
  MW[11] = 200, INCLUDE= 2145-2191 ; x-x ijs
  MW[12] = 200, INCLUDE= 2145-2191 ; x-x ijs
ENDIF

; WRITE OUT EXTERNAL TRIP DISTRIBUTION IMPEDANCE TABLES

MATO[1] = SOVAMTTE.skf, MO=11 ; AM -PK Time skims for Extl trip dist.
MATO[2] = SOVOPTE.skf, MO=12 ; Off-PK Time skims for Extl trip dist.
ENDRUN
;
; ////////////////////////////////////////////////////
; \\\\\\\\\\\ 4) Add time penalty files to composite impedance \\\
; \\\\\\\\\\\ skims. \\\
; ////////////////////////////////////////////////////

RUN PGM=MATRIX
; ADD TIME PENALTIES TO COMPOSITE TIME MATRICES
; READ AM PEAK & OFF-PEAK SOV TIME SKIM FILE (IN WHOLE MIN)
ZONES=2191
MATI[1] = @HBWPEN@ ; 2191 TAZ LEVEL HBW TIME PENS. INC 1-4
MATI[2] = @HBSPEN@ ; HBS TIME PENS. INC 1-4
MATI[3] = @HBOPEN@ ; HBO TIME PENS. INC 1-4
MATI[4] = @NHBPEN@ ; NHB TIME PENS.

MATI[11] = HBWTDIMP.MAT ; HBW COMP.IMPEDANCES - INC.LEVELS 1-4
MATI[12] = HBSTDIMP.MAT ; HBS COMP.IMPEDANCES - INC.LEVELS 1-4
MATI[13] = HBOTDIMP.MAT ; HBO COMP.IMPEDANCES - INC.LEVELS 1-4
MATI[14] = NHBTDIMP.MAT ; NHB COMP.IMPEDANCE

; ESTABLISH WORK FILES FOR TIME PENALTIES
; HBW/INC 1-4 HBS/INC 1-4 HBO/INC 1-4 NHB
; -----
MW[1] = MI.1.1, MW[5] = MI.2.1, MW[9] = MI.3.1, MW[13] = MI.4.1
MW[2] = MI.1.2, MW[6] = MI.2.2, MW[10] = MI.3.2
MW[3] = MI.1.3, MW[7] = MI.2.3, MW[11] = MI.3.3
MW[4] = MI.1.4, MW[8] = MI.2.4, MW[12] = MI.3.4

; ESTABLISH WORK FILES FOR COMPOSITE TIMES
; HBW/INC 1-4 HBS/INC 1-4 HBO/INC 1-4 NHB
; -----
MW[21] = MI.11.1, MW[25] = MI.12.1, MW[29] = MI.13.1, MW[33] = MI.14.1
MW[22] = MI.11.2, MW[26] = MI.12.2, MW[30] = MI.13.2
MW[23] = MI.11.3, MW[27] = MI.12.3, MW[31] = MI.13.3
MW[24] = MI.11.4, MW[28] = MI.12.4, MW[32] = MI.13.4

;

```

```

; NOW, MERGE THE TIME PENALTIES IN WITH THE COMPOSITE TIMES
;
MW[40] = MW[1] + MW[21] ; FINAL HBW INC 1 COMPOSITE TIMES
MW[41] = MW[2] + MW[22] ; FINAL HBW INC 2 COMPOSITE TIMES
MW[42] = MW[3] + MW[23] ; FINAL HBW INC 3 COMPOSITE TIMES
MW[43] = MW[4] + MW[24] ; FINAL HBW INC 4 COMPOSITE TIMES

MW[44] = MW[5] + MW[25] ; FINAL HBS INC 1 COMPOSITE TIMES
MW[45] = MW[6] + MW[26] ; FINAL HBS INC 2 COMPOSITE TIMES
MW[46] = MW[7] + MW[27] ; FINAL HBS INC 3 COMPOSITE TIMES
MW[47] = MW[8] + MW[28] ; FINAL HBS INC 4 COMPOSITE TIMES

MW[48] = MW[9] + MW[29] ; FINAL HBO INC 1 COMPOSITE TIMES
MW[49] = MW[10] + MW[30] ; FINAL HBO INC 2 COMPOSITE TIMES
MW[50] = MW[11] + MW[31] ; FINAL HBO INC 3 COMPOSITE TIMES
MW[51] = MW[12] + MW[32] ; FINAL HBO INC 4 COMPOSITE TIMES

MW[52] = MW[13] + MW[33] ; FINAL NHB COMPOSITE TIME
;
; Write out composite Impedance Tables
; The files are purpose-specific, HB purpose files have 4 tables
; corresponding to income levels

MATO[1] = HBWCIL_4.DAT, MO=40-43 ; HBW Composite Impedances/Incomes 1-4
MATO[2] = HBSCIL_4.DAT, MO=44-47 ; HBS Composite Impedances/Incomes 1-4
MATO[3] = HBOCIL_4.DAT, MO=48-51 ; HBO Composite Impedances/Incomes 1-4
MATO[4] = NHBCCI.DAT, MO=52 ; NHB Composite Impedance

; End of Composite Impedance Development
ENDRUN
;-----

; \\\\\\\\\\\
; \\\\\\\\\\\ 5) Start HBW Trip Distribution Here: \\\\\\\\\\\
; \\\\\\\\\\\

RUN PGM=TRIPDIST
MATI= HBWCIL_4.DAT, ; Composite Time Impedances HBW Inc.Levels 1-4
SOVAMTTE.skf, ; AM Travel Time Imped. for Extl/Int. Trip Dist.
@HBWK@ ; HBW Kfactors (Scaled by 1000.0)

; Put impedance matrices in work tables 11-16
; tabs 11-14 are comp.time for inc.levels 1,2,3,4, tabs 15,16 are
; both AM pk SOV time. All impedance and time values are in whole minutes.

FILLMW MW[11] = MI.1.1,2,3,4,MI.2.1,MI.2.1

; Put K-factor matrix in work table 20
; The k-factor values are scaled by 1000s (eg, a mtx value of '1000'=1.0)
; the K-factors are applied across all HBW distributions

FILLMW MW[20] = MI.3.1
DUMMY = ROWFAC(20,0.001) ; scale k-factor's to 'true' units

ZDATI[1] = @HBWPROINC@, Z=#1,P1=#2, ; HBW Inc. 1 productions
; P2=#3, ; HBW Inc. 2 productions
; P3=#4, ; HBW Inc. 3 productions
; P4=#5 ; HBW Inc. 4 productions
ZDATI[2] = @HBWPROALL@, Z=#1,P5=#2 ; HBW Totl productions

ZDATI[3] = @HBWATTINC@, Z=#1,A1=#2, ; HBW Inc. 1 attractions
; A2=#3, ; HBW Inc. 2 attractions
; A3=#4, ; HBW Inc. 3 attractions
; A4=#5 ; HBW Inc. 4 attractions
ZDATI[4] = @HBWATTALL@, Z=#1,A5=#2 ; HBW Totl attractions

LOOKUP FILE = @IHWFFS@,INTERPOLATE=N,SETUPPER=T,FAIL=,0,NAME = FF,

```

Appendix E TP+ scripts

```

LOOKUP[1] = 1, RESULT = 2, ; HBW INC 1          F-FACTORS
LOOKUP[2] = 1, RESULT = 3, ; HBW INC 2          F-FACTORS
LOOKUP[3] = 1, RESULT = 4, ; HBW INC 3          F-FACTORS
LOOKUP[4] = 1, RESULT = 5, ; HBW INC 4          F-FACTORS
LOOKUP[5] = 1, RESULT = 6, ; HBW Extl-Interstate F-FACTORS
LOOKUP[6] = 1, RESULT = 7, ; HBW Extl-Arterial  F-FACTORS

; Establish production and attraction vectors here:

SETPA P[1] = P1, P[2] = P2, P[3] = P3, P[4] = P4, P[5] = P5, P[6] = P5
SETPA A[1] = A1, A[2] = A2, A[3] = A3, A[4] = A4, A[5] = A5, A[6] = A5

MAXITERS = 7 ; specify GM iterations to be 7

; Establish gravity model run files & parameters
GRAVITY PURPOSE = 1, LOS=MW[11], FFACTORS= FF, KFACTORS = MW[20]
GRAVITY PURPOSE = 2, LOS=MW[12], FFACTORS= FF, KFACTORS = MW[20]
GRAVITY PURPOSE = 3, LOS=MW[13], FFACTORS= FF, KFACTORS = MW[20]
GRAVITY PURPOSE = 4, LOS=MW[14], FFACTORS= FF, KFACTORS = MW[20]
GRAVITY PURPOSE = 5, LOS=MW[15], FFACTORS= FF, KFACTORS = MW[20]
GRAVITY PURPOSE = 6, LOS=MW[16], FFACTORS= FF, KFACTORS = MW[20]

; Write out trips as integers to be consistent with MINUTP

DUMMY = ROWFIX(1)
DUMMY = ROWFIX(2)
DUMMY = ROWFIX(3)
DUMMY = ROWFIX(4)
DUMMY = ROWFIX(5)
DUMMY = ROWFIX(6)

MATO = EST.TEM,MO=1-6 ; Final HBW trip table(s)
; T1 - HBW Inc. Level 1 (i-i)
; T2 - HBW Inc. Level 2 (i-i)
; T3 - HBW Inc. Level 3 (i-i)
; T4 - HBW Inc. Level 4 (i-i)
; T5 - HBW ALL (Extl/Interst. FFs)
; T6 - HBW ALL (Extle/Arter. FFs)

; Note: The External Interstate and Arterial trips (t5 & t6) will be
; refined in the next two matrix runs

ENDRUN
;
;
;-----
; Refinement of External Trip Distribution Trip Tables
; (External Interstate and External Arterial Trips)
; There are two MATRIX steps
; 1) This program reads the external interstate and external arterial
; tables produced from the external trip dist. process above. The
; program wipes out trips in internal or through trip interchanges
; if any exist (there may be a small chance that some trips exist).
; It also makes sure that no extl/art. trips exist in the
; extl/interstate interchanges and vise-versa. Finally it writes out
; an array containing the column totals of the total external trips.
; to be used in the following program.
;
; 2) This program is used to make sure the row & column totals
; of the external trip files match those of P/A files produced in
; the trip generation process. the adjustment will affect the As
; much more than the P's.
;-----

RUN PGM=MATRIX
MATI= EST.TEM ; read in initial ext trips from trip dist.
ARRAY COLTOTX=2191 ; set up an array for init.col totals for ext trips

```

```

MW[5] = MI.1.5 ; Get Initial Extl Interstate table
MW[6] = MI.1.6 ; Get Initial Extl Arterial table

MW[15] = MW[5] ; Store HBW trips with Extl/Interst. FFs in MW15
MW[16] = MW[6] ; Store HBW trips with Extl/Arterial FFs in MW16
;
; Now, strip away or zero out unwanted interchanges
; interstate-type external stations MW[15]
;-
IF (I = 1-2144)
MW[15] = 0, INCLUDE= 1-2144 ; i-i ijs
ELSE
MW[15] = 0, INCLUDE= 2145-2191 ; x-x ijs
ENDIF

IF (I = 2145,2147-2148,2150-2153,2155,2157-2165,
2167-2170,2172-2179,2181,2185-2186,2188-2190)
MW[15] = 0 ; ext art. ijs
ENDIF

MW[15] = 0, INCLUDE=2145,2147-2148,2150-2153,2155,2157-2165,
2167-2170,2172-2179,2181,2185-2186,2188-2190 ; ext art. ijs

;
; Now, strip away or zero out unwanted interchanges
; arterial-type external stations MW[16]
;
IF (I = 1-2144)
MW[16] = 0, INCLUDE= 1-2144 ; i-i ijs
ELSE
MW[16] = 0, INCLUDE= 2145-2191 ; x-x ijs
ENDIF

IF (I = 2146,2149,2154,2156,2166,2171,2180,
2182,2183,2184,2187,2191)
MW[16] = 0 ; ext int.ijs
ENDIF

MW[16] = 0, INCLUDE=2146,2149,2154,2156,2166,2171,2180,
2182,2183,2184,2187,2191 ; ext int.ijs

;
; -----
; ACCUMULATE COLUMN TOTALS of ALL INITIAL EXTERNAL TRIPS
JLOOP
COLTOTX[J]=COLTOTX[J] + MW[15][J] + MW[16][J]
ENDJLOOP

;
; NOW, WRITE OUT THE INITIAL COLUMN TOTALS FOR Later Use
IF (I=2191)
LOOP K=2145,2191
PRINT FORM=8,LIST=K, COLTOTX[K], FILE=IXCOLTOT.DAT
ENDLOOP
ENDIF
MATO = EXT.TEM,MO=15,16 ; Final HBW trip table(s)

; -----

RUN PGM=MATRIX
MATI[1]= EXT.TEM
MATI[2]= EST.TEM
ZDATI[1]=@HBWPROALL@, Z=#1,RCNTL=#2 ; total trip gen. prod.totals
ZDATI[2]=@HBWATTALL@, Z=#1,CCNTL=#2 ; total trip gen. attr.totals
ZDATI[3]=IXCOLTOT.DAT, Z=#1,ICOLTOT=2

FILLMW MW[1] = MI.2.1,2,3,4
FILLMW MW[5] = MI.1.1,2

```

Appendix E TP+ scripts

```

ARRAY IROWTOTA= 2191

ARRAY FROWTOT = 2191
ARRAY FCOLTOT = 2191

ARRAY ROWADJ  = 2191
ARRAY COLADJ  = 2191

MW[15] = MW[5] ; Store HBW trips with Extl/Interst. FFs in MW15
MW[16] = MW[6] ; Store HBW trips with Extl/Arterial FFs in MW16

; -----
IF (i=1-2144)
JLOOP
  IF (ICOLTOT[j] = 0)
    COLADJ[j] = 1.0
  ELSE
    COLADJ[j] = CCNTL[j]/ICOLTOT[j]
  ENDIF
  MW[25] = ROUND (MW[15][j]*COLADJ[j])
  MW[26] = ROUND (MW[16][j]*COLADJ[j])
  FCOLTOT[j] = FCOLTOT[j] + MW[25][j] + MW[26][j]
endjloop
ELSE
irowtota[i] = ROWSUM(15) + rowsum(16)

JLOOP
  IF (IrowTota[i] = 0)
    rowADJ[i] = 1.0
  ELSE
    rowADJ[i] = RCNTL[i]/IROWTOTA[i]
  ENDIF
  MW[25] = ROUND (MW[15][j]*ROWADJ[i])
  MW[26] = ROUND (MW[16][j]*ROWADJ[i])
  FROWTOT[i] = FROWTOT[i] + MW[25][j] + MW[26][j]
endjloop
endif

;
; Now replace full external trip tables with 'trimmed' tables
; and compute Final Total Trip Table

MW[5] = MW[25]
MW[6] = MW[26]
DUMMY=ROWADD(7,1,2,3,4,5,6)

MATO = @HBWTDOUT@,MO=1-7 ; Final HBW trip table(s)

IF (I=2191) ; if at the last zone
LIST = 'TAZ inital contrl final adjftr ',FILE=xcolHBW.asc
LOOP INDEX = 2145,2191
  LIST = INDEX(4), ' ',ICOLTOT[INDEX](8), ' ',CCNTL[INDEX](8),
  FCOLTOT[INDEX](8), ' ',coladj[INDEX](8.3),
  FILE=xcolHBW.asc
ENDLOOP

LIST = 'TAZ inital contrl final adjftr ',FILE=xrowHBW.asc
LOOP INDEX = 2145,2191
  LIST = INDEX(4), ' ',IROWTOTA[INDEX](8),RCNTL[INDEX](8),
  FROWTOT[INDEX](8),rowadj[INDEX](8.3),
  FILE=xrowHBW.asc
ENDLOOP
ENDIF

```

```

;-----
; END of HBW Trip Distribution
;-----

; |////////////////////////////////////////////////////////////////|
; |//////// 6) Start HBS Trip Distribution Here:          |
; |////////////////////////////////////////////////////////////////|

RUN PGM=TRIPDIST
  MATI= HBSCIL_4.DAT, ; Composite Time Impedances HBS Inc.Levels 1-4
        SOVOPTE.skf, ; Off Pk Time Imped. for Extl/Int. Trip Dist.
        @HBSK@      ; HBW Kfactors (Scaled by 1000.0)

; Put impedance matrices in work tables 11-16
; tabs 11-14 are comp.time for inc.levels 1,2,3,4, tabs 15,16 are
; both Offpk SOV time. All impedance and time values are in whole minutes.

  FILLMW MW[11] = MI.1.1,2,3,4,MI.2.1,MI.2.1

; Put K-factor matrix in work table 20
; The k-factor values are scaled by 1000s (eg, a mtx value of '1000'=1.0)
; the K-factors are applied across all HBS distributions

  FILLMW MW[20] = MI.3.1
  DUMMY = ROWFAC(20,0.001) ; scale k-factor's to 'true' units

ZDATI[1] = @HBSPROINC@, Z=#1,P1=#2, ; HBS Inc. 1 productions
          P2=#3, ; HBS Inc. 2 productions
          P3=#4, ; HBS Inc. 3 productions
          P4=#5 ; HBS Inc. 4 productions
ZDATI[2] = @HBSPROALL@, Z=#1,P5=#2 ; HBS Totl productions

ZDATI[3] = @HBSATTINC@, Z=#1,A1=#2, ; HBS Inc. 1 attractions
          A2=#3, ; HBS Inc. 2 attractions
          A3=#4, ; HBS Inc. 3 attractions
          A4=#5 ; HBS Inc. 4 attractions
ZDATI[4] = @HBSATTALL@, Z=#1,A5=#2 ; HBS Totl attractions

LOOKUP FILE = @IHBSFFS@,INTERPOLATE=N,SETUPPER=T,FAIL=,0,,NAME = FF,
LOOKUP[1] = 1, RESULT = 2, ; HBS INC 1 F-FACTORS
LOOKUP[2] = 1, RESULT = 3, ; HBS INC 2 F-FACTORS
LOOKUP[3] = 1, RESULT = 4, ; HBS INC 3 F-FACTORS
LOOKUP[4] = 1, RESULT = 5, ; HBS INC 4 F-FACTORS
LOOKUP[5] = 1, RESULT = 6, ; HBS Extl-Interstate F-FACTORS
LOOKUP[6] = 1, RESULT = 7 ; HBS Extl-Arterial F-FACTORS

; Establish production and attraction vectors here:

SETPA P[1] = P1, P[2] = P2, P[3] = P3, P[4] = P4, P[5] = P5, P[6] = P5
SETPA A[1] = A1, A[2] = A2, A[3] = A3, A[4] = A4, A[5] = A5, A[6] = A5

MAXITERS = 7 ; specify GM iterations to be 7

; Establish gravity model run files & parameters
GRAVITY PURPOSE = 1, LOS=MW[11], FFACTORS= FF, KFACTORS = MW[20]
GRAVITY PURPOSE = 2, LOS=MW[12], FFACTORS= FF, KFACTORS = MW[20]
GRAVITY PURPOSE = 3, LOS=MW[13], FFACTORS= FF, KFACTORS = MW[20]
GRAVITY PURPOSE = 4, LOS=MW[14], FFACTORS= FF, KFACTORS = MW[20]
GRAVITY PURPOSE = 5, LOS=MW[15], FFACTORS= FF, KFACTORS = MW[20]
GRAVITY PURPOSE = 6, LOS=MW[16], FFACTORS= FF, KFACTORS = MW[20]

; Write out trips as integers to be consistent with MINUTP

DUMMY = ROWFIX(1)

```

Appendix E TP+ scripts

```

DUMMY = ROWFIX(2)
DUMMY = ROWFIX(3)
DUMMY = ROWFIX(4)
DUMMY = ROWFIX(5)
DUMMY = ROWFIX(6)

MATO = EST.TEM,MO=1-6 ; Final HBS trip table(s)
; T1 - HBS Inc. Level 1 (i-i)
; T2 - HBS Inc. Level 2 (i-i)
; T3 - HBS Inc. Level 3 (i-i)
; T4 - HBS Inc. Level 4 (i-i)
; T5 - HBS ALL (Extl/Interst. FFs)
; T6 - HBS ALL (Extle/Arter. FFs)
; Note: The External Interstate and Arterial trips (t5 & t6) will be
; refined in the next two matrix runs

ENDRUN
;
;
;-----
; Refinement of External Trip Distribution Trip Tables
; (External Interstate and External Arterial Trips)
; There are two MATRIX steps
; 1) This program reads the external interstate and external arterial
; tables produced from the external trip dist. process above. The
; program wipes out trips in internal or through trip interchanges
; if any exist (there may be a small chance that some trips exist).
; It also makes sure that no extl/art. trips exist in the
; extl/interstate interchanges and vise-versa. Finally it writes out
; an array containing the column totals of the total external trips.
; to be used in the following program.
;
; 2) This program is used to make sure the row & column totals
; of the external trip files match those of P/A files produced in
; the trip generation process. the adjustment will affect the As
; much more than the P's.
;-----

RUN PGM=MATRIX
MATI= EST.TEM ; read in initial ext trips from trip dist.
ARRAY COLTOTX=2191 ; set up an array for init.col totals for ext trips

MW[5] = MI.1.5 ; Get Initial Extl Interstate table
MW[6] = MI.1.6 ; Get Initial Extl Arterial table

MW[15] = MW[5] ; Store HBS trips with Extl/Interst. FFs in MW15
MW[16] = MW[6] ; Store HBS trips with Extl/Arterial FFs in MW16
;
; Now, strip away or zero out unwanted interchanges
; interstate-type external stations MW[15]
;
IF (I = 1-2144)
MW[15] = 0, INCLUDE= 1-2144 ; i-i ijs
ELSE
MW[15] = 0, INCLUDE= 2145-2191 ; x-x ijs
ENDIF

IF (I = 2145,2147-2148,2150-2153,2155,2157-2165,2167-2170,
2172-2179,2181,2185-2186,2188-2190) MW[15] = 0 ; ext art. ijs

MW[15] = 0, INCLUDE=2145,2147-2148,2150-2153,2155,2157-2165,2167-2170,
2172-2179,2181,2185-2186,2188-2190 ; ext art. ijs

;
; Now, strip away or zero out unwanted interchanges
; arterial-type external stations MW[16]
;

```

```

IF (I = 1-2144)
MW[16] = 0, INCLUDE= 1-2144 ; i-i ijs
ELSE
MW[16] = 0, INCLUDE= 2145-2191 ; x-x ijs
ENDIF

IF (I = 2146,2149,2154,2156,2166,2171,2180,2182,2183,2184,
2187,2191) MW[16] = 0 ; ext int.ijs

MW[16] = 0, INCLUDE=2146,2149,2154,2156,2166,2171,2180,2182,2183,2184,
2187,2191 ; ext int.ijs
;
;-----
; ACCUMULATE COLUMN TOTALS OF ALL INITIAL EXTERNAL TRIPS
JLOOP
COLTOTX[J]=COLTOTX[J] + MW[15][J] + MW[16][J]
ENDJLOOP
;
; NOW, WRITE OUT THE INITIAL COLUMN TOTALS FOR Later Use
IF (I=2191)
LOOP K=2145,2191
PRINT FORM=8,LIST=K, COLTOTX[K], FILE=IXCOLTOT.DAT
ENDLOOP
ENDIF
MATO = EXT.TEM,MO=15,16 ; Final HBS trip table(s)
;-----

RUN PGM=MATRIX
MATI[1]= EXT.TEM
MATI[2]= EST.TEM
ZDATI[1]=@HBSPROALL@, Z=#1,RCNTL=#2 ; total trip gen. prod.totals
ZDATI[2]=@HBSATTALL@, Z=#1,CCNTL=#2 ; total trip gen. attr.totals
ZDATI[3]=IXCOLTOT.DAT, Z=#1,ICOLTOT=2

FILLMW MW[1] = MI.2.1,2,3,4
FILLMW MW[5] = MI.1.1,2

ARRAY IROWTOTA= 2191

ARRAY FROWTOT = 2191
ARRAY FCOLTOT = 2191

ARRAY ROWADJ = 2191
ARRAY COLADJ = 2191

MW[15] = MW[5] ; Store HBS trips with Extl/Interst. FFs in MW15
MW[16] = MW[6] ; Store HBS trips with Extl/Arterial FFs in MW16
;-----
IF (i=1-2144)
JLOOP
IF (ICOLTOT[j] = 0)
COLADJ[j] = 1.0
ELSE
COLADJ[j] = CCNTL[j]/ICOLTOT[j]
ENDIF
MW[25] = ROUND (MW[15][J]*COLADJ[J])
MW[26] = ROUND (MW[16][J]*COLADJ[J])
FCOLTOT[J] = FCOLTOT[J]+ MW[25][J] + MW[26][J]
endjloop
ELSE
irowtota[i] = ROWSUM(15) + rowsum(16)
JLOOP
IF (IrowTOTA[i] = 0)

```

Appendix E TP+ scripts

```

        rowADJ[i] = 1.0
    ELSE
        rowADJ[i] = RCNTL[i]/IROWTOTA[i]
    ENDIF
    MW[25] = ROUND (MW[15][J]*ROWADJ[i])
    MW[26] = ROUND (MW[16][J]*ROWADJ[i])
    FROWTOT[i] = FROWTOT[i] + MW[25][j] + MW[26][j]
endjloop
endif

;
; Now replace full external trip tables with 'trimmed' tables
; and compute Final Total Trip Table

MW[5] = MW[25]
MW[6] = MW[26]
DUMMY=ROWADD(7,1,2,3,4,5,6)

MATO = @HBSTDOUT@,MO=1-7 ; Final HBS trip table(s)

IF (I=2191) ; if at the last zone
LIST = ' TAZ inital contrl final adjftr ',FILE=xcolHBS.asc
LOOP INDEX = 2145,2191
    LIST = INDEX(4), ' ',ICOLTOT[INDEX](8),' ',CCNTL[INDEX](8),
        FCOLTOT[INDEX](8),' ',coladj[INDEX](8.3),
        FILE=xcolHBS.asc
    ENDLOOP

LIST = ' TAZ inital contrl final adjftr ',FILE=xrowHBS.asc
LOOP INDEX = 2145,2191
    LIST = INDEX(4), ' ',IROWTOTA[INDEX](8),RCNTL[INDEX](8),
        FROWTOT[INDEX](8),rowadj[INDEX](8.3),
        FILE=xrowHBS.asc
    ENDLOOP
ENDIF
;-----
; END of HBS Trip Distribution
;-----

; |////////////////////////////////////////////////////////////////|
; |//////// 7) Start HBO Trip Distribution Here: //////////////|
; |////////////////////////////////////////////////////////////////|

RUN PGM=TRIPDIST
MATI= HBOCI1_4.DAT, ; Composite Time Impedances HBO Inc.Levels 1-4
SOVOPTTE.skf, ; Off Pk Time Imped. for Extl/Int. Trip Dist.
@HBOK@ ; HBW Kfactors (Scaled by 1000.0)

; Put impedance matrices in work tables 11-16
; tabs 11-14 are comp.time for inc.levels 1,2,3,4, tabs 15,16 are
; both Offpk SOV time. All impedance and time values are in whole minutes.

FILLMW MW[11] = MI.1.1,2,3,4,MI.2.1,MI.2.1

; Put K-factor matrix in work table 20
; The k-factor values are scaled by 1000s (eg, a mtx value of '1000'=1.0)
; the K-factors are applied across all HBO distributions

FILLMW MW[20] = MI.3.1
DUMMY = ROWFAC(20,0.001) ; scale k-factor's to 'true' units

ZDATI[1] = @HBOPROINC@, Z=#1,P1=#2, ; HBO Inc. 1 productions
P2=#3, ; HBO Inc. 2 productions

```

```

P3=#4, ; HBO Inc. 3 productions
P4=#5 ; HBO Inc. 4 productions
ZDATI[2] = @HBOPROALL@, Z=#1,P5=#2 ; HBO Totl productions

ZDATI[3] = @HBOATTINC@, Z=#1,A1=#2, ; HBO Inc. 1 attractions
A2=#3, ; HBO Inc. 2 attractions
A3=#4, ; HBO Inc. 3 attractions
A4=#5 ; HBO Inc. 4 attractions
ZDATI[4] = @HBOATTALL@, Z=#1,A5=#2 ; HBO Totl attractions

LOOKUP FILE = @IHBOFFS@,INTERPOLATE=N,SETUPPER=T,FAIL=-,0,,NAME = FF,
LOOKUP[1] = 1, RESULT = 2, ; HBO INC 1 F-FACTORS
LOOKUP[2] = 1, RESULT = 3, ; HBO INC 2 F-FACTORS
LOOKUP[3] = 1, RESULT = 4, ; HBO INC 3 F-FACTORS
LOOKUP[4] = 1, RESULT = 5, ; HBO INC 4 F-FACTORS
LOOKUP[5] = 1, RESULT = 6, ; HBO Extl-Interstate F-FACTORS
LOOKUP[6] = 1, RESULT = 7 ; HBO Extl-Arterial F-FACTORS

; Establish production and attraction vectors here:

SETPA P[1] = P1, P[2] = P2, P[3] = P3, P[4] = P4, P[5] = P5, P[6] = P5
SETPA A[1] = A1, A[2] = A2, A[3] = A3, A[4] = A4, A[5] = A5, A[6] = A5

MAXITERS = 7 ; specify GM iterations to be 7

; Establish gravity model run files & parameters
GRAVITY PURPOSE = 1, LOS=MW[11], FFACTORS= FF, KFACTORS = MW[20]
GRAVITY PURPOSE = 2, LOS=MW[12], FFACTORS= FF, KFACTORS = MW[20]
GRAVITY PURPOSE = 3, LOS=MW[13], FFACTORS= FF, KFACTORS = MW[20]
GRAVITY PURPOSE = 4, LOS=MW[14], FFACTORS= FF, KFACTORS = MW[20]
GRAVITY PURPOSE = 5, LOS=MW[15], FFACTORS= FF, KFACTORS = MW[20]
GRAVITY PURPOSE = 6, LOS=MW[16], FFACTORS= FF, KFACTORS = MW[20]

; Write out trips as integers to be consistent with MINUTP

DUMMY = ROWFIX(1)
DUMMY = ROWFIX(2)
DUMMY = ROWFIX(3)
DUMMY = ROWFIX(4)
DUMMY = ROWFIX(5)
DUMMY = ROWFIX(6)

MATO = EST.TEM,MO=1-6 ; Final HBO trip table(s)
; T1 - HBO Inc. Level 1 (i-i)
; T2 - HBO Inc. Level 2 (i-i)
; T3 - HBO Inc. Level 3 (i-i)
; T4 - HBO Inc. Level 4 (i-i)
; T5 - HBO ALL (Extl/Interst. FFs)
; T6 - HBO ALL (Extle/Arter. FFs)

; Note: The External Interstate and Arterial trips (t5 & t6) will be
; refined in the next two matrix runs

ENDRUN
;
;-----
; Refinement of External Trip Distribution Trip Tables
; (External Interstate and External Arterial Trips)
; There are two MATRIX steps
; 1) This program reads the external interstate and external arterial
; tables produced from the external trip dist. process above. The
; program wipes out trips in internal or through trip interchanges
; if any exist (there may be a small chance that some trips exist).
; It also makes sure that no extl/art. trips exist in the
; extl/interstate interchanges and vise-versa. Finally it writes out
; an array containing the column totals of the total external trips.

```


Appendix E TP+ scripts

```

; to be used in the following program.
;
; 2) This program is used to make sure the row & column totals
; of the external trip files match those of P/A files produced in
; the trip generation process. the adjustment will affect the As
; much more than the P's.
;-----

RUN PGM=MATRIX
MATI= EST.TEM ; read in initial ext trips from trip dist.
ARRAY COLTOTX=2191 ; set up an array for init.col totals for ext trips

MW[5] = MI.1.5 ; Get Initial Extl Interstate table
MW[6] = MI.1.6 ; Get Initial Extl Arterial table

MW[15] = MW[5] ; Store HBO trips with Extl/Interst. FFs in MW15
MW[16] = MW[6] ; Store HBO trips with Extl/Arterial FFs in MW16
;
; Now, strip away or zero out unwanted interchanges
; interstate-type external stations MW[15]
;-
IF (I = 1-2144)
  MW[15] = 0, INCLUDE= 1-2144 ; i-i ijs
ELSE
  MW[15] = 0, INCLUDE= 2145-2191 ; x-x ijs
ENDIF

IF (I = 2145,2147-2148,2150-2153,2155,2157-2165,2167-2170,
  2172-2179,2181,2185-2186,2188-2190) MW[15] = 0 ; ext art. ijs

MW[15] = 0, INCLUDE=2145,2147-2148,2150-2153,2155,2157-2165,2167-2170,
  2172-2179,2181,2185-2186,2188-2190; ext art. ijs

;
; Now, strip away or zero out unwanted interchanges
; arterial-type external stations MW[16]
;
IF (I = 1-2144)
  MW[16] = 0, INCLUDE= 1-2144 ; i-i ijs
ELSE
  MW[16] = 0, INCLUDE= 2145-2191 ; x-x ijs
ENDIF

IF (I = 2146,2149,2154,2156,2166,2171,2180,2182,2183,
  2184,2187,2191) MW[16] = 0 ; ext int.ijs

MW[16] = 0, INCLUDE=2146,2149,2154,2156,2166,2171,2180,2182,2183,
  2184,2187,2191 ; ext int.ijs

;
;-----
; ACCUMULATE COLUMN TOTALS of ALL INITIAL EXTERNAL TRIPS
JLOOP
  COLTOTX[J]=COLTOTX[J] + MW[15][J] + MW[16][J]
ENDJLOOP

;
; NOW, WRITE OUT THE INITIAL COLUMN TOTALS FOR Later Use
IF (I=2191)
  LOOP K=2145,2191
    PRINT FORM=8,LIST=K, COLTOTX[K], FILE=IXCOLTOT.DAT
  ENDLOOP
ENDIF
MATO = EXT.TEM,MO=15,16 ; Final HBO trip table(s)
;-----

RUN PGM=MATRIX

```

```

MATI[1]= EXT.TEM
MATI[2]= EST.TEM
ZDATI[1]=@HBOPROALL@, Z=#1,RCNTL=#2 ; total trip gen. prod.totals
ZDATI[2]=@HBOATTALL@, Z=#1,CCNTL=#2 ; total trip gen. attr.totals
ZDATI[3]=IXCOLTOT.DAT, Z=#1,ICOLTOT=2

FILLMW MW[1] = MI.2.1,2,3,4
FILLMW MW[5] = MI.1.1,2

ARRAY IROWTOTA= 2191

ARRAY FROWTOT = 2191
ARRAY FCOLTOT = 2191

ARRAY ROWADJ = 2191
ARRAY COLADJ = 2191

MW[15] = MW[5] ; Store HBO trips with Extl/Interst. FFs in MW15
MW[16] = MW[6] ; Store HBO trips with Extl/Arterial FFs in MW16

; -----
IF (i=1-2144)
  JLOOP
    IF (ICOLTOT[j] = 0)
      COLADJ[j] = 1.0
    ELSE
      COLADJ[j] = CCNTL[j]/ICOLTOT[j]
    ENDIF
    MW[25] = ROUND (MW[15][J]*COLADJ[J])
    MW[26] = ROUND (MW[16][J]*COLADJ[J])
    FCOLTOT[J] = FCOLTOT[J]+ MW[25][J] + MW[26][J]
  endjloop
ELSE
  irowtota[i] = ROWSUM(15) + rowsum(16)

  JLOOP
    IF (IrowTOTA[i] = 0)
      rowADJ[i] = 1.0
    ELSE
      rowADJ[i] = RCNTL[i]/IROWTOTA[i]
    ENDIF
    MW[25] = ROUND (MW[15][J]*ROWADJ[i])
    MW[26] = ROUND (MW[16][J]*ROWADJ[i])
    FROWTOT[i] = FROWTOT[i] + MW[25][j] + MW[26][j]
  endjloop
endif

;
; Now replace full external trip tables with 'trimmed' tables
; and compute Final Total Trip Table

MW[5] = MW[25]
MW[6] = MW[26]
DUMMY=ROWADD(7,1,2,3,4,5,6)

MATO = @HBODTOUT@,MO=1-7 ; Final HBO trip table(s)

IF (I=2191) ; if at the last zone
  LIST = 'TAZ inital contrl final adjftr ',FILE=xcolHBO.asc
  LOOP INDEX = 2145,2191
    LIST = INDEX(4),' ,ICOLTOT[INDEX](8),' ,CCNTL[INDEX](8),
      FCOLTOT[INDEX](8),' ,coladj[INDEX](8.3),
      FILE=xcolHBO.asc
  ENDLOOP

```

Appendix E TP+ scripts

```
LIST = ' TAZ inital contrl final adjftr ',FILE=xrowHBO.asc
LOOP INDEX = 2145,2191
LIST = INDEX(4), ' ,IROWTOTA[INDEX](8),RCNTL[INDEX](8),
          FROWTOT[INDEX](8),rowadj[INDEX](8.3),
          FILE=xROWHBO.asc
ENDLOOP
ENDIF
;-----
; END of HBO Trip Distribution
;-----

; ///////////////////////////////////////////////////////////////////
; ////////////// 8) Start NHB, Med Trk, Hvy Trk Trip Distribution Here: //////////////
; ///////////////////////////////////////////////////////////////////

RUN PGM=TRIPDIST
MATI= NHB CI.DAT,      ; Composite Time Impedances NHB Inc.Levels 1-4
      SOVOPTT.SKF,    ; Off-Pk Time Imped. for Intl Trip Dist.
      SOVOPTTE.SKF,   ; Off Pk Time Imped. for Extl/Int. Trip Dist.
      @NHBK@,         ; NHB Kfactors (Scaled by 1000.0)
      @MTKK@,         ; Med Truck Kfactors (Scaled by 1000.0)
      @HTKK@,         ; Hvy Truck Kfactors (Scaled by 1000.0)

; Put impedance matrices in work tables 11-13
; tab 11 is comp.time for Intl NHB Trips Purp 1
; tab 12 is SOV Off Pk time for Intl Mtk, HTK Trips Purp 2,3
; tab 13 is SOV Off Pk time for Extl NHB, Mtk, HTK Trips Purp 4-7
; Offpk SOV time. All impedance and time values are in whole minutes.

FILLMW MW[11] = MI.1.1,MI.2.1,MI.3.1

; Put K-factor matrices in work tables 20-22
; The k-factor values are scaled by 1000s (eg, a mtx value of '1000'=1.0)
; the NHB K-factors are applied across all Intl&Extl distributions

MW[20] = MI.4.1 ; NHB Kfactors
MW[21] = MI.5.1 ; MTK Intl K-Factors
MW[22] = MI.6.1 ; HTK Intl K-Factors
DUMMY = ROWFAC(20,0.001) ; scale NHB k-factor's to 'true' units
DUMMY = ROWFAC(21,0.001) ; scale MTK k-factor's to 'true' units
DUMMY = ROWFAC(22,0.001) ; scale HTK k-factor's to 'true' units

ZDATI[1] = @NHBPROINT@, Z=#1,P1=#2 ; Intl NHB productions
ZDATI[2] = @MTKPROINT@, Z=#1,P2=#2 ; Intl Med Trk productions
ZDATI[3] = @HTKPROINT@, Z=#1,P3=#2 ; Intl Hvy Trk productions
ZDATI[4] = @NHBPROALL@, Z=#1,P4=#2 ; Intl/Extl NHB productions
ZDATI[5] = @MTKPROALL@, Z=#1,P5=#2 ; Intl/Extl MTK productions
ZDATI[6] = @HTKPROALL@, Z=#1,P6=#2 ; Intl/Extl HTK productions

LOOKUP FILE = @IN_TFFS@,INTERPOLATE=N,SETUPPER=T,FAIL=,0,,NAME = FF,
LOOKUP[1] = 1, RESULT = 2, ; NHB Internal F-FACTORS
LOOKUP[2] = 1, RESULT = 3, ; MTK Internal F-FACTORS
LOOKUP[3] = 1, RESULT = 4, ; HTK Internal F-FACTORS
LOOKUP[4] = 1, RESULT = 5, ; NHB Extl/Interst F-FACTORS
LOOKUP[5] = 1, RESULT = 6, ; NHB Extl/Arterial F-FACTORS
LOOKUP[6] = 1, RESULT = 7, ; MTK External F-FACTORS
LOOKUP[7] = 1, RESULT = 8 ; HTK External F-FACTORS

; Establish production and attraction vectors here:
; Note here that I am reading in production z-files for BOTH
; Production and Attraction Vectors.
;
```

```
;
;
SETPA P[1]=P1,P[2]=P2,P[3]=P3,P[4]=P4,P[5]=P4,P[6]=P5,P[7]=P6
SETPA A[1]=P1,A[2]=P2,A[3]=P3,A[4]=P4,A[5]=P4,A[6]=P5,A[7]=P6

MAXITERS = 7 ; specify GM iterations to be 7

; Establish gravity model run files & parameters
GRAVITY PURPOSE = 1, LOS=MW[11], FFACTORS= FF, KFACTORS = MW[20] ;nhbin
GRAVITY PURPOSE = 2, LOS=MW[12], FFACTORS= FF, KFACTORS = MW[21] ;mtkin
GRAVITY PURPOSE = 3, LOS=MW[12], FFACTORS= FF, KFACTORS = MW[22] ;htkin
GRAVITY PURPOSE = 4, LOS=MW[13], FFACTORS= FF, KFACTORS = MW[20] ;nhbxi
GRAVITY PURPOSE = 5, LOS=MW[13], FFACTORS= FF, KFACTORS = MW[20] ;nhbxa
GRAVITY PURPOSE = 6, LOS=MW[13], FFACTORS= FF, KFACTORS = MW[21] ;mtkex
GRAVITY PURPOSE = 7, LOS=MW[13], FFACTORS= FF, KFACTORS = MW[22] ;htkex

; Write out trips as integers to be consistent with MINUTP

DUMMY = ROWFIX(1)
DUMMY = ROWFIX(2)
DUMMY = ROWFIX(3)
DUMMY = ROWFIX(4)
DUMMY = ROWFIX(5)
DUMMY = ROWFIX(6)
DUMMY = ROWFIX(7)

MATO = EST.TEM,MO=1-7 ; Final NHB Truck trip tables:
; T1 - NHB (i-i)
; T2 - MTK (i-i)
; T3 - HTK (i-i)
; T4 - NHB (Extl/Interst)
; T5 - NHB (Extl/Arterial)
; T6 - MTK (Extl)
; T7 - HTK (Extl)

; Note: The External Interstate and Arterial trips (t4 - t7) will be
; refined in the next two matrix runs

ENDRUN
;
;-----
; Refinement of External Trip Distribution Trip Tables
; (External Interstate and External Arterial Trips)
; There are two MATRIX steps
; 1) This program reads the external interstate and external arterial
; tables produced from the external trip dist. process above. The
; program wipes out trips in internal or through trip interchanges
; if any exist (there may be a small chance that some trips exist).
; It also makes sure that no extl/art. trips exist in the
; extl/interstate interchanges and vise-versa. Finally it writes out
; an array containing the column totals of the total external trips.
;
;-----

RUN PGM=MATRIX
MATI= EST.TEM ; read in initial ext trips from trip dist.
ARRAY COLTOTN=2191 ; set up array for init.col totals for NHB ext
ARRAY COLTOTM=2191 ; set up array for init.col totals for MTK ext trips
ARRAY COLTOTH=2191 ; set up array for init.col totals for HTK ext trips

MW[5] = MI.1.4 ; Get Initial NHB Extl Interstate table
MW[6] = MI.1.5 ; Get Initial NHB Extl Arterial table
MW[7] = MI.1.6 ; Get Initial MTK Extl table
MW[8] = MI.1.7 ; Get Initial HTK Extl table

MW[15] = MW[5] ; Store NHB Extl/Interst. Trips in MW15
```

Appendix E TP+ scripts

```

MW[16] = MW[6] ; Store NHB Extl/Arterial Trips in MW16
MW[17] = MW[7] ; Store MTK External Trips in MW17
MW[18] = MW[8] ; Store HTK External Trips in MW18
;
; Now, strip away or zero out unwanted interchanges
; interstate-type external stations MW[15]
;-
IF (I = 1-2144)
  MW[15] = 0, INCLUDE= 1-2144 ; i-i ijs
ELSE
  MW[15] = 0, INCLUDE= 2145-2191 ; x-x ijs
ENDIF
IF (I = 2145,2147-2148,2150-2153,2155,2157-2165,2167-2170,
  2172-2179,2181,2185-2186,2188-2190) MW[15] = 0 ; ext art. ijs
MW[15] = 0, INCLUDE=2145,2147-2148,2150-2153,2155,2157-2165,2167-2170,
  2172-2179,2181,2185-2186,2188-2190; ext art. ijs
;
; Now, strip away or zero out unwanted interchanges
; arterial-type external stations MW[16]
;
IF (I = 1-2144)
  MW[16] = 0, INCLUDE= 1-2144 ; i-i ijs
ELSE
  MW[16] = 0, INCLUDE= 2145-2191 ; x-x ijs
ENDIF
IF (I = 2146,2149,2154,2156,2166,2171,2180,2182,2183,
  2184,2187,2191) MW[16] = 0 ; ext int.ijs
MW[16] = 0, INCLUDE=2146,2149,2154,2156,2166,2171,2180,2182,2183,
  2184,2187,2191 ; ext int.ijs
;
; Now, strip away or zero out unwanted interchanges
; for Medium Trucks MW[17]
;-
IF (I = 1-2144)
  MW[17] = 0, INCLUDE= 1-2144 ; i-i ijs
ELSE
  MW[17] = 0, INCLUDE= 2145-2191 ; x-x ijs
ENDIF
;
; Now, strip away or zero out unwanted interchanges
; for Heavy Trucks MW[18]
;
IF (I = 1-2144)
  MW[18] = 0, INCLUDE= 1-2144 ; i-i ijs
ELSE
  MW[18] = 0, INCLUDE= 2145-2191 ; x-x ijs
ENDIF
;
; -----
; ACCUMULATE COLUMN TOTALS of ALL INITIAL EXTERNAL TRIPS
JLOOP
COLTOTN[J]=COLTOTN[J] + MW[15][J] + MW[16][J] ;Col. Total NHB Extl
COLTOTM[J]=COLTOTM[J] + MW[17][J] ;Col. Total MTK Extl
COLTOTH[J]=COLTOTH[J] + MW[18][J] ;Col. Total HTK Extl
ENDJLOOP
;
; NOW, WRITE OUT THE INITIAL COLUMN TOTALS FOR Later Use
IF (I=2191)
  LOOP K=2145,2191

```

```

PRINT FORM=8,LIST=K, COLTOTN[K], COLTOTM[K], COLTOTH[K],
FILE=IXCOLTOT.DAT
ENDLOOP
ENDIF
MATO = EXT.TEM,MO=15,16,17,18 ; Final Extl NHB, Mtk, HTK trip table(s)
; -----
RUN PGM=MATRIX ; Adjust NHB Externals
MATI[1]= EXT.TEM
MATI[2]= EST.TEM
ZDATI[1] = @NHBPROALL@, Z=#1,RCNTL=#2 ; NHB Trip Production Controls
ZDATI[2] = @NHBATTALL@, Z=#1,CCNTL=#2 ; NHB Trip Attraction Controls
ZDATI[3] = IXCOLTOT.DAT, Z=#1,ICOLTOT=2
FILLMW MW[1] = MI.2.1 ; mw 1 i-i nhb
FILLMW MW[4] = MI.1.1,2 ; mw 4-5 ext nhb(intst,art)
ARRAY IROWTOTA = 2191
ARRAY FROWTOT = 2191
ARRAY FCOLTOT = 2191
ARRAY ROWADJ = 2191
ARRAY COLADJ = 2191
MW[14] = MW[4] ; Extr/Int. trips to be adj. --Start w/ initial trips
MW[15] = MW[5] ; Extr/Art. trips to be adj. --Start w/ initial trips
IF (I=1-2144)
  JLOOP
  IF (ICOLTOT[J] = 0)
    COLADJ[J] = 1.0
  ELSE
    COLADJ[J] = CCNTL[J] / ICOLTOT[J]
  ENDIF
  MW[24] = ROUND (MW[14] * COLADJ[J])
  MW[25] = ROUND (MW[15] * COLADJ[J])
  FCOLTOT[J] = FCOLTOT[J] + MW[24] + MW[25]
  ENDJLOOP
ELSE
  IROWTOTA[I] = ROWSUM(14) + ROWSUM(15)
  JLOOP
  IF (IROWTOTA[I] = 0)
    ROWADJ[I] = 1.0
  ELSE
    ROWADJ[I] = RCNTL[I] / IROWTOTA[I]
  ENDIF
  MW[24] = ROUND (MW[14][J] * ROWADJ[I])
  MW[25] = ROUND (MW[15][J] * ROWADJ[I])
  FROWTOT[I] = FROWTOT[I] + MW[24][J] + MW[25][J]
  ENDJLOOP
ENDIF
MW[4] = MW[24] ; Replace initial nhb ext/int trips w/ adj trips
MW[5] = MW[25] ; Replace initial nhb ext/art trips w/ adj trips
DUMMY=ROWADD(10,1,4,5) ; total NHB trips
MATO[1] = @NHBTDOUT@,MO=1,4,5,10 ; Final NHB trip table(s) 1-4
; intl,ext/int,ext/art,total
IF (I=2191) ; if at the last zone
  LIST = ' TAZ inital contrl final adjftr ',FILE=xcolNHB.asc

```

Appendix E TP+ scripts

```

LOOP INDEX = 2145,2191
  LIST = INDEX(4),' ',ICOLTOT[INDEX](8),' ',CCNTL[INDEX](8),
        FCOLTOT[INDEX](8),' ',coladj[INDEX](8.3),
        FILE=xcolNHB.asc
ENDLOOP

LIST = ' TAZ initial contrl final adjftr ',FILE=xrowNHB.asc
LOOP INDEX = 2145,2191
  LIST = INDEX(4),' ',IROWTOTA[INDEX](8),RCNTL[INDEX](8),
        FROWTOT[INDEX](8),rowadj[INDEX](8.3),
        FILE=xROWNHB.asc
ENDLOOP
ENDIF
;-----
RUN PGM=MATRIX ; Adjust Medium Truck Externals
MATI[1]= EXT.TEM
MATI[2]= EST.TEM
ZDATI[1] = @MTKPROALL@, Z=#1,RCNTL=#2 ; MTK Trip Production Controls
ZDATI[2] = @MTKATTALL@, Z=#1,CCNTL=#2 ; MTK Trip Attraction Controls
ZDATI[3] = IXCOLTOT.DAT, Z=#1,ICOLTOT=3

FILLMW MW[1] = MI.2.2 ; i-i mtk
FILLMW MW[4] = MI.1.3 ; ext mtk

ARRAY IROWTOTA = 2191
ARRAY FROWTOT = 2191
ARRAY FCOLTOT = 2191
ARRAY ROWADJ = 2191
ARRAY COLADJ = 2191

MW[14] = MW[4] ; Extr/Int. trips to be adj. --Start w/ initial trips

IF (I=1-2144)
  JLOOP
  IF (ICOLTOT[J] = 0)
    COLADJ[J] = 1.0
  ELSE
    COLADJ[J] = CCNTL[J] / ICOLTOT[J]
  ENDIF

  MW[24] = ROUND (MW[14] * COLADJ[J])
  FCOLTOT[J] = FCOLTOT[J] + MW[24]
ENDJLOOP
ELSE
  IROWTOTA[I] = ROWSUM(14)

  JLOOP
  IF (IROWTOTA[I] = 0)
    ROWADJ[I] = 1.0
  ELSE
    ROWADJ[I] = RCNTL[I] / IROWTOTA[I]
  ENDIF

  MW[24] = ROUND (MW[14][J] * ROWADJ[I])
  FROWTOT[I] = FROWTOT[I] + MW[24][J]
ENDJLOOP
ENDIF

MW[4] = MW[24] ; Replace initial MTK ext trips w/ adj trips

DUMMY=ROWADD(10,1,4) ; total MTK trips

MATO[1] = @MTKTDOUT@,MO=1,4,10 ; Final MTK trip table(s) 1-3

```

```

; intl,ext,total

IF (I=2191) ; if at the last zone
  LIST = ' TAZ initial contrl final adjftr ',FILE=xcolMTK.asc
  LOOP INDEX = 2145,2191
    LIST = INDEX(4),' ',ICOLTOT[INDEX](8),' ',CCNTL[INDEX](8),
          FCOLTOT[INDEX](8),' ',coladj[INDEX](8.3),
          FILE=xcolMTK.asc
  ENDLOOP

  LIST = ' TAZ initial contrl final adjftr ',FILE=xrowMTK.asc
  LOOP INDEX = 2145,2191
    LIST = INDEX(4),' ',IROWTOTA[INDEX](8),RCNTL[INDEX](8),
          FROWTOT[INDEX](8),rowadj[INDEX](8.3),
          FILE=xrowMTK.asc
  ENDLOOP
ENDIF
;-----
RUN PGM=MATRIX ; Adjust Heavy Truck Externals
MATI[1]= EXT.TEM
MATI[2]= EST.TEM
ZDATI[1] = @HTKPROALL@, Z=#1,RCNTL=#2 ; HTK Trip Production Controls
ZDATI[2] = @HTKATTALL@, Z=#1,CCNTL=#2 ; HTK Trip Attraction Controls
ZDATI[3] = IXCOLTOT.DAT, Z=#1,ICOLTOT=4

FILLMW MW[1] = MI.2.3 ; i-i htk
FILLMW MW[4] = MI.1.4 ; ext htk

ARRAY IROWTOTA = 2191
ARRAY FROWTOT = 2191
ARRAY FCOLTOT = 2191
ARRAY ROWADJ = 2191
ARRAY COLADJ = 2191

MW[14] = MW[4] ; Extr/Int. trips to be adj. --Start w/ initial trips

IF (I=1-2144)
  JLOOP
  IF (ICOLTOT[J] = 0)
    COLADJ[J] = 1.0
  ELSE
    COLADJ[J] = CCNTL[J] / ICOLTOT[J]
  ENDIF

  MW[24] = ROUND (MW[14] * COLADJ[J])
  FCOLTOT[J] = FCOLTOT[J] + MW[24]
ENDJLOOP
ELSE
  IROWTOTA[I] = ROWSUM(14)

  JLOOP
  IF (IROWTOTA[I] = 0)
    ROWADJ[I] = 1.0
  ELSE
    ROWADJ[I] = RCNTL[I] / IROWTOTA[I]
  ENDIF

  MW[24] = ROUND (MW[14][J] * ROWADJ[I])
  FROWTOT[I] = FROWTOT[I] + MW[24][J]
ENDJLOOP
ENDIF

```

Appendix E TP+ scripts

```

MW[4] = MW[24] ; Replace initial HTK ext trips w/ adj trips

DUMMY=ROWADD(10,1,4) ; total HTK trips

MATO[1] = @HTKTDOUT@,MO=1,4,10 ; Final HTK trip table(s) 1-3
; intl,ext,total

IF (I=2191) ; if at the last zone
LIST = ' TAZ initial contrl final adjftr ',FILE=xcolHTK.asc
LOOP INDEX = 2145,2191
LIST = INDEX(4), ' ',ICOLTOT[INDEX](8), ' ',CCNTL[INDEX](8),
FCOLTOT[INDEX](8), ' ',coladj[INDEX](8.3),
FILE=xcolHTK.asc
ENDLOOP

LIST = ' TAZ initial contrl final adjftr ',FILE=xrowHTK.asc
LOOP INDEX = 2145,2191
LIST = INDEX(4), ' ',IROWTOTA[INDEX](8),RCNTL[INDEX](8),
FROWTOT[INDEX](8),rowadj[INDEX](8.3),
FILE=xrowHTK.asc
ENDLOOP
ENDIF

;-----
; END of NHB & Medium, Heavy Truck Trip Distribution
;-----

;
; //////////////////////////////////////
; \\\\\\\\\\\\\\\ 9) Get final trip distribution totals \\\\\
; \\\\\\\\\\\\\\\ and prepare input trips for the mode choice model \\\\\
; //////////////////////////////////////

RUN PGM=MATRIX
ZONES = 2191

MATI[1]= @HBWTDOUT@
MATI[2]= @HBSTDOUT@
MATI[3]= @HBOTDOUT@
MATI[4]= @NHBTDOUT@
MATI[5]= @MTKTDOUT@
MATI[6]= @HTKTDOUT@

MW[1] = MI.1.7 ; Total HBW Trips
MW[2] = MI.2.7 ; Total HBS Trips
MW[3] = MI.3.7 ; Total HBO Trips
MW[4] = MI.4.4 ; Total NHB Trips
MW[5] = MI.5.3 ; Total MTK Trips
MW[6] = MI.6.3 ; Total HTK Trips

MATO[1]= %_iter_%_hbwmu.ptt,MO=1,FORMAT=MINUTP
MATO[2]= %_iter_%_hbmu.ptt,MO=2,FORMAT=MINUTP
MATO[3]= %_iter_%_hbomu.ptt,MO=3,FORMAT=MINUTP
MATO[4]= %_iter_%_nhbmu.ptt,MO=4,FORMAT=MINUTP
ENDRUN
;
;=====
;
;-----
; Step 10.
; Standard 23x23 Summaries
; Trip Distribution (HBW,HBS,HBO,NHB,MTK,HTK) and formats
; them in neat jurisdictional summaries (23x23)
;
;

```

```

;-----
COPY FILE=DJ.EQV
; -- Start of Jurisdiction-to-TAZ equivalency --
; Updated RM/MS 8/10/2006 (Mtg and PG Zones)
D 1=1-88 ; DC cr
D 2=89-319 ; DC ncr
D 3=320-639,648,650 ; MTG MD
D 4=640-647,649,651-1029 ; PG MD
D 5=1230-1238 ; ARL core
D 6=1239-1329 ; ARLcnore
D 7=1330-1399 ; ALX VA
D 8=1400-1779 ; FFX VA
D 9=1780-1919 ; LDN VA
D 10=1920-2069 ; PW VA
D 11=1030-1059 ; FRD MD
D 12=1060-1079 ; CAR MD
D 13=1080-1109 ; HOW MD
D 14=1110-1149 ; AAR MD
D 15=1150-1169 ; CAL
D 16=1170-1199 ; STM
D 17=1200-1229 ; CHS MD
D 18=2115-2129 ; PAU VA
D 19=2080-2099 ; STA VA
D 20=2130-2134,2135-2144 ; CLK/JEF
D 21=2100-2104,2105-2114 ; FBG/SPTS
D 22=2070-2079 ; KGEOVA
D 23=2145-2191 ; EXTRNLS
; -- end of Jurisdiction-to-TAZ equivalency --
ENDCOPY

RUN PGM=MATRIX
ZONES=2191
MATI[1]= @HBWTDOUT@
MATI[2]= @HBSTDOUT@
MATI[3]= @HBOTDOUT@
MATI[4]= @NHBTDOUT@
MATI[5]= @MTKTDOUT@
MATI[6]= @HTKTDOUT@

MW[1] = MI.1.7; HBW TRIP TABLE/TAZ-LEVEL
MW[2] = MI.2.7; HBS TRIP TABLE/TAZ-LEVEL
MW[3] = MI.3.7; HBO TRIP TABLE/TAZ-LEVEL
MW[4] = MI.4.4; NHB TRIP TABLE/TAZ-LEVEL
MW[5] = MI.5.3; MTK TRIP TABLE/TAZ-LEVEL
MW[6] = MI.6.3; HTK TRIP TABLE/TAZ-LEVEL

; -- PLACEMARKER TABLES - FUTURE WORK
MW[11] = 0 ;MI.11.@TABNO1@ HBW TRIP TABLE/TAZ-LEVEL
MW[12] = 0 ;MI.12.@TABNO2@ HBS TRIP TABLE/TAZ-LEVEL
MW[13] = 0 ;MI.13.@TABNO3@ HBO TRIP TABLE/TAZ-LEVEL
MW[14] = 0 ;MI.14.@TABNO4@ NHB TRIP TABLE/TAZ-LEVEL
MW[15] = 0 ;MI.15.@TABNO5@ MTK TRIP TABLE/TAZ-LEVEL
MW[16] = 0 ;MI.16.@TABNO6@ HTK TRIP TABLE/TAZ-LEVEL

FILEO MATO[1] = HBW.SQZ MO=1,11 ; OUTPUT HBW TABLE(S), SQUEEZED
MATO[2] = HBS.SQZ MO=2,12 ; OUTPUT HBS TABLE(S), SQUEEZED
MATO[3] = HBO.SQZ MO=3,13 ; OUTPUT HBO TABLE(S), SQUEEZED
MATO[4] = NHB.SQZ MO=4,14 ; OUTPUT NHB TABLE(S), SQUEEZED
MATO[5] = MTK.SQZ MO=5,15 ; OUTPUT MTK TABLE(S), SQUEEZED
MATO[6] = HTK.SQZ MO=6,16 ; OUTPUT HTK TABLE(S), SQUEEZED

; renumber OUT.MAT according to DJ.EQV
RENUMBER FILE=DJ.EQV, MISSINGZI=M, MISSINGZO=W
ENDRUN
;
LOOP PURP=1,6 ; Loop for Each Purpose

```

Appendix E TP+ scripts

```

;
; Global Variables:
; SQFNAME Name of squeezed modal trip table(s)
; DESCRIPT Description
; PURPOSE Purpose
; MODE Mode
; DCML Decimal specification
; TABTYPE Table type(1/2), i.e.,-involves 1 or 2 trip tables
; SCALE=1 Scale factor to be applied (if desired)
; OPER='+' Operation(if tabtype=2) Tab1(?)Tab2=Result
;
DESCRIPT = 'SIMULATION-%_iter_% Itr Year: %_year_% Alt: %_alt_%'
IF (PURP=1)
  SQFNAME = 'HBW.SQZ'
  PURPOSE = 'HBW'
  MODE = 'MOTORIZED PERSON'
  DCML = 0
  TABTYPE = 1
  SCALE = 1
  OPER = '+'
ELSEIF (PURP=2)
  SQFNAME = 'HBS.SQZ'
  PURPOSE = 'HBS'
  MODE = 'MOTORIZED PERSON'
  DCML = 0
  TABTYPE = 1
  SCALE = 1
  OPER = '+'
ELSEIF (PURP=3)
  SQFNAME = 'HBO.SQZ'
  PURPOSE = 'HBO'
  MODE = 'MOTORIZED PERSON'
  DCML = 0
  TABTYPE = 1
  SCALE = 1
  OPER = '+'
ELSEIF (PURP=4)
  SQFNAME = 'NHB.SQZ'
  PURPOSE = 'NHB'
  MODE = 'MOTORIZED PERSON'
  DCML = 0
  TABTYPE = 1
  SCALE = 1
  OPER = '+'
ELSEIF (PURP=5)
  SQFNAME = 'MTK.SQZ'
  PURPOSE = 'MTK'
  MODE = 'TRUCKS'
  DCML = 0
  TABTYPE = 1
  SCALE = 1
  OPER = '+'
ELSEIF (PURP=6)
  SQFNAME = 'HTK.SQZ'
  PURPOSE = 'HTK'
  MODE = 'TRUCKS'
  DCML = 0
  TABTYPE = 1
  SCALE = 1
  OPER = '+'
ENDIF
;
RUN PGM=MATRIX
  ZONES=23
  FILEI MATI=@SQFNAME@
  ARRAY CSUM=23,CSUM1=23,CSUM2=23
; -----

```

```

; -- Table Cell Value decalaration or computation (in MW[1])
; -----
FILLMW MW[1]=MI.1.1.2 ; read input tables in MW 2,3

IF (@TABTYPE@ = 2)
  FILLMW MW[2]=MI.1.1.2 ; read input tables in MW 2,3
ENDIF

IF (@TABTYPE@=2) ; Cell Value
  JLOOP ; computed for
  IF (MW[3][J]>0) MW[1]=MW[2]*@SCALE@@OPER@MW[3]; special summaries-
  ENDJLOOP ; calculation in MW[1]
ENDIF

; -----
; --- ROW Marginal declaration or computation ---
; -----
RSUM = ROWSUM(1) ; 'normal' table- row summary value

IF (@TABTYPE@=2)
  RSUM = @SCALE*@ROWSUM(2)@OPER@ROWSUM(3) ; non-'normal' table
ENDIF ; compute the row marginal(%)

; -----
; --- COLUMN/Total Marginal Accumulation ---
; --- The computation (if necessary) is done below ---
; -----

JLOOP ; COL/Total Accumulation
  CSUM[J] = CSUM[J] + MW[1][J] ; for 'normal' table
  TOTAL = TOTAL + MW[1] ;
ENDJLOOP

IF (@TABTYPE@=2)
  JLOOP ; COL/Total Accumulation
  CSUM1[J] = CSUM1[J] + MW[2][J] ; for non-'normal' Table
  TOTAL1 = TOTAL1 + MW[2] ;
  CSUM2[J] = CSUM2[J] + MW[3][J] ;
  TOTAL2 = TOTAL2 + MW[3] ;
ENDJLOOP
ENDIF

IF (I=1) ; print header

PRINT LIST='/bt ', '@DESCRIPT@'
PRINT LIST=' ', 'Purpose: ', '@PURPOSE@', ' MODE: ', '@MODE@'
PRINT LIST=' '

PRINT LIST=' DESTINATION'
PRINT LIST=' ORIGIN |',
  ' 1',' 2',' 3',' 4',
  ' 5',' 6',' 7',' 8',' 9',
  ' 10',' 11',' 12',' 13',' 14',
  ' 15',' 16',' 17',' 18',' 19',
  ' 20',' 21',' 22',' 23',' | TOTAL'

PRINT LIST='=====',
  '=====',
  '=====',
  '====='

ENDIF

```

Appendix E TP+ scripts

```

IF (I=1)
  CURDIST=STR(I,2,1)+' DC CR'+ '| ' ; Make row header
ELSEIF (I=2)
  CURDIST=STR(I,2,1)+' DC NC'+ '| ' ; Make row header
ELSEIF (I=3)
  CURDIST=STR(I,2,1)+' MTG '+ '| ' ; Make row header
ELSEIF (I=4)
  CURDIST=STR(I,2,1)+' PG '+ '| ' ; Make row header
ELSEIF (I=5)
  CURDIST=STR(I,2,1)+' ARLCR'+ '| ' ; Make row header
ELSEIF (I=6)
  CURDIST=STR(I,2,1)+' ARNCR'+ '| ' ; Make row header
ELSEIF (I=7)
  CURDIST=STR(I,2,1)+' ALX '+ '| ' ; Make row header
ELSEIF (I=8)
  CURDIST=STR(I,2,1)+' FFX '+ '| ' ; Make row header
ELSEIF (I=9)
  CURDIST=STR(I,2,1)+' LDN '+ '| ' ; Make row header
ELSEIF (I=10)
  CURDIST=STR(I,2,1)+' PW '+ '| ' ; Make row header
ELSEIF (I=11)
  CURDIST=STR(I,2,1)+' FRD '+ '| ' ; Make row header
ELSEIF (I=12)
  CURDIST=STR(I,2,1)+' CAR '+ '| ' ; Make row header
ELSEIF (I=13)
  CURDIST=STR(I,2,1)+' HOW '+ '| ' ; Make row header
ELSEIF (I=14)
  CURDIST=STR(I,2,1)+' AAR '+ '| ' ; Make row header
ELSEIF (I=15)
  CURDIST=STR(I,2,1)+' CAL '+ '| ' ; Make row header
ELSEIF (I=16)
  CURDIST=STR(I,2,1)+' STM '+ '| ' ; Make row header
ELSEIF (I=17)
  CURDIST=STR(I,2,1)+' CHS '+ '| ' ; Make row header
ELSEIF (I=18)
  CURDIST=STR(I,2,1)+' FAU '+ '| ' ; Make row header
ELSEIF (I=19)
  CURDIST=STR(I,2,1)+' STA '+ '| ' ; Make row header
ELSEIF (I=20)
  CURDIST=STR(I,2,1)+' CL/JF'+ '| ' ; Make row header
ELSEIF (I=21)
  CURDIST=STR(I,2,1)+' SP/FB'+ '| ' ; Make row header
ELSEIF (I=22)
  CURDIST=STR(I,2,1)+' KGEO '+ '| ' ; Make row header
ELSEIF (I=23)
  CURDIST=STR(I,2,1)+' EXTL '+ '| ' ; Make row header
ELSE ; (I=24)
  CURDIST=STR(I,2,1)+' TOTAL'+ '| ' ; Make row header
ENDIF

PRINT FORM=7.@DCML@ LIST=CURDIST, MW[1][1],MW[1][2],MW[1][3],MW[1][4],MW[1][5],
  MW[1][6],MW[1][7],MW[1][8],MW[1][9],MW[1][10],
  MW[1][11],MW[1][12],MW[1][13],MW[1][14],MW[1][15],
  MW[1][16],MW[1][17],MW[1][18],MW[1][19],MW[1][20],
  MW[1][21],MW[1][22],MW[1][23], ' | ',RSUM

IF (I==ZONES)
; Now at the end of Processed zone matrix
; Do final Column/Grand Total Computations
  IF (@TABTYPE=2)
    LOOP IDX = 1,ZONES
      IF (CSUM2[IDX] = 0)
        CSUM[IDX] = 0
      ELSE
        CSUM[IDX] = @SCALE@* CSUM1[IDX] @OPER@ CSUM2[IDX]
      ENDIF
    ENDLOOP
  ENDIF
ENDIF

```

```

IF (@TABTYPE=2 )
  IF (TOTAL2 = 0)
    TOTAL = 0
  ELSE
    TOTAL = @SCALE@ *TOTAL1 @OPER@ TOTAL2
  ENDIF
ENDIF

; End of final Column/Grand Total Computations

PRINT LIST='=====',
  '=====',
  '=====',
  '=====',
  '=====',

PRINT FORM=8.@DCML@,
LIST=' TOTAL ',',',',CSUM[1],',',',CSUM[3],
  ', ',CSUM[5],',',',CSUM[7],',',',CSUM[9],
  ', ',CSUM[11],',',',CSUM[13],',',',CSUM[15],
  ', ',CSUM[17],',',',CSUM[19],',',',CSUM[21],
  ', ',CSUM[23],', ' | '
PRINT FORM=8.@DCML@,
LIST=' /et ',CSUM[2],
  ', ',CSUM[4],',',',CSUM[6],',',',CSUM[8],
  ', ',CSUM[10],',',',CSUM[12],',',',CSUM[14],
  ', ',CSUM[16],',',',CSUM[18],',',',CSUM[20],
  ', ',CSUM[22],',',',TOTAL(9.@DCML@)

ENDIF
ENDRUN

ENDLOOP ; End Loop

```

25 Trip_Generation.s

```
*del tppl*.prn
;=====
; Trip_Generation.s
;
; Version 2.2 Trip Generation Script
;
; Note: NHB trips do not include Commercial Vehicle - they are modeled
; separately.
;
; Programmer: Milone
; Date: 1/11/07
;=====
;
; Set Parameters:
;=====
ZONESIZE = 2191 ; No. of TAZs
LastIZN = 2144 ; Last Internal TAZ no.

HBW_GlobalAdj = 1.00 ; Global Trips Production Adjustments
HBS_GlobalAdj = 1.50 ; by Purpose
HBO_GlobalAdj = 1.50 ;
NHB_GlobalAdj = 1.17 ; Reduction from 1.5 **CV mod**
MTK_GlobalAdj = 1.00 ; counting of CV trips
HTK_GlobalAdj = 1.00 ;

DCCoreRng = ' 1-88' ; TAZ Range/DC Core
DCNCorRng = ' 89-319' ; TAZ Range/DC NonCore
VACoreRng = '1230-1238' ; TAZ Range/VA NonCore
VA10MSRng = '1239-1360' ; TAZ Range/VA 10miSq

JURSIZE = 24 ; No. of Juris. Codes
SzCl = 4 ; No. of HH Size Classes
InCl = 4 ; No. of Income Classes
VaCl = 4 ; No. of Veh Avail Classes

ISVCells = InCl*10 + SzCl ; No. of Size by Inc matrix cells
ISVCells = ISVCells*10 + VaCl ; No. of Size by Inc. by Veh Avail. matrix
cells
JSCells = JURSIZE*10 + SzCl ; No. of Juris by Inc. matrix cells
JICells = JURSIZE*10 + InCl ; No. of Juris by Inc. matrix cells
JVCCells = JURSIZE*10 + VaCl ; No. of Juris by Va. matrix cells

Ofmt = '(12.2)' ; Format of Output P/A files data

Rept = 'Trip_Generation.txt' ; Summary Reports

;=====
; Set Input Files:
;=====
ZNFILU_LU = 'inputs\zone.asc' ; Input Zonal Land Use File
ZNFILU_AT = 'BASEZON.DAT' ; Input Zonal Area Type File from network
building
ZNFILU_PEX = 'inputs\pext.asc' ; Input ExtStation Trip-Productions, by
Purpose
ZNFILU_AEX = 'inputs\aext.asc' ; Input ExtStation Trip-Attractions, by
Purpose
```

```
ZNFILU_I1SV = 'HHI1_SV.ASC' ; Input Zonal Income 1 HH by Size& VehAv
Classes: i1s1v1,i1s1v2,...,i1s4v4
ZNFILU_I2SV = 'HHI2_SV.ASC' ; Input Zonal Income 2 HH by Size& VehAv
Classes: i2s1v1,i2s1v2,...,i2s4v4
ZNFILU_I3SV = 'HHI3_SV.ASC' ; Input Zonal Income 3 HH by Size& VehAv
Classes: i3s1v1,i3s1v2,...,i3s4v4
ZNFILU_I4SV = 'HHI4_SV.ASC' ; Input Zonal Income 4 HH by Size& VehAv
Classes: i4s1v1,i4s1v2,...,i4s4v4

ZNFILU_ZModW = '..\support\adjzpf7.upw'
ZNFILU_ZModS = '..\support\adjzpf7.ups'
ZNFILU_ZModO = '..\support\adjzpf7.upo'
ZNFILU_ZModN = '..\support\adjzpf7.upn'
ZNFILU_ZModM = '..\support\adjzpf7.mtk'
ZNFILU_ZModH = '..\support\adjzpf7.htk'

;=====
; Set Output Files:
;=====
hbwnmpa = 'hbw_NM_PsAs.ASC'

hbwps_all = 'hbwpros_all.txt' hbwas_all = 'hbwattrs_all.txt'
hbwps_inc = 'hbwpros_inc.txt' hbwas_inc = 'hbwattrs_inc.txt'

hbsps_all = 'hbspros_all.txt' hbsas_all = 'hbsattrs_all.txt'
hbsps_inc = 'hbspros_inc.txt' hbsas_inc = 'hbsattrs_inc.txt'

hbops_all = 'hbopros_all.txt' hboas_all = 'hboattrs_all.txt'
hbops_inc = 'hbopros_inc.txt' hboas_inc = 'hboattrs_inc.txt'

nhbps_int = 'nhbpros_int.txt' nhbas_int = 'nhbattrs_int.txt'
nhbps_all = 'nhbpros_all.txt' nhbas_all = 'nhbattrs_all.txt'

mtkps_int = 'mtkpros_int.txt' mtkas_int = 'mtkattrs_int.txt'
mtkps_all = 'mtkpros_all.txt' mtkas_all = 'mtkattrs_all.txt'

htkps_int = 'htkpros_int.txt' htkas_int = 'htkattrs_int.txt'
htkps_all = 'htkpros_all.txt' htkas_all = 'htkattrs_all.txt'

;=====
;//////////////////////////////////////=
; Begin TP+ Matrix Routine : =
;=====
;//////////////////////////////////////=
;=====

RUN PGM=MATRIX
ZONES=@ZONESIZE@

;
; Set up zone arrays for accumulating I/O variables
;
;
ARRAY CHHA = @ISVCells@, ; HH ARRAY at Inc/Size/VehAv Crossclass

; Current Trip P's/A's by isv Cells

Prodw= @ISVCells@, Prods= @ISVCells@, Prodo= @ISVCells@, Prodn=
@ISVCells@, ProdwNM=@ISVCells@,
Attrw= @ISVCells@, Attrs= @ISVCells@, Attrro= @ISVCells@, Attrn=
@ISVCells@, AttrwNM=@ISVCells@,

; ZONAL Trip Arrays
```


Appendix E TP+ scripts

```

ZoneJurA  =@LastIZN@,; Zonal Jurisdiction Array

PHBW_NMTZA=@ZoneSize@,
PHBWTZA = @ZoneSize@, PHBW1ZA = @ZoneSize@, PHBW2ZA = @ZoneSize@, PHBW3ZA =
@ZoneSize@, PHBW4ZA = @ZoneSize@,
PHBSTZA = @ZoneSize@, PHBS1ZA = @ZoneSize@, PHBS2ZA = @ZoneSize@, PHBS3ZA =
@ZoneSize@, PHBS4ZA = @ZoneSize@,
PHBOTZA = @ZoneSize@, PHB01ZA = @ZoneSize@, PHB02ZA = @ZoneSize@, PHB03ZA =
@ZoneSize@, PHB04ZA = @ZoneSize@,
PNHBTZA = @ZoneSize@, PNHB1ZA = @ZoneSize@, PNHB2ZA = @ZoneSize@, PNHB3ZA =
@ZoneSize@, PNHB4ZA = @ZoneSize@,
PMTKTZA = @ZoneSize@,
PHTKTZA = @ZoneSize@,

AHBW_NMTZA=@ZoneSize@,
AHBWTZA = @ZoneSize@, AHBW1ZA = @ZoneSize@, AHBW2ZA = @ZoneSize@, AHBW3ZA =
@ZoneSize@, AHBW4ZA = @ZoneSize@,
adjAHBWTZA = @ZoneSize@,
adjAHBW1ZA = @ZoneSize@,
adjAHBW2ZA = @ZoneSize@,
adjAHBW3ZA = @ZoneSize@,
adjAHBW4ZA = @ZoneSize@,
AHBSTZA = @ZoneSize@, AHBS1ZA = @ZoneSize@, AHBS2ZA = @ZoneSize@, AHBS3ZA =
@ZoneSize@, AHBS4ZA = @ZoneSize@,
AHBOTZA = @ZoneSize@, AHB01ZA = @ZoneSize@, AHB02ZA = @ZoneSize@, AHB03ZA =
@ZoneSize@, AHB04ZA = @ZoneSize@,
ANHBTZA = @ZoneSize@,
AMTKTZA = @ZoneSize@,
AHTKTZA = @ZoneSize@,

FAHBWTZA = @ZoneSize@,FAHBW1ZA = @ZoneSize@,FAHBW2ZA = @ZoneSize@,FAHBW3ZA =
@ZoneSize@,FAHBW4ZA = @ZoneSize@,
FAHBSTZA = @ZoneSize@,FAHBS1ZA = @ZoneSize@,FAHBS2ZA = @ZoneSize@,FAHBS3ZA =
@ZoneSize@,FAHBS4ZA = @ZoneSize@,
FAHBOTZA = @ZoneSize@,FAHB01ZA = @ZoneSize@,FAHB02ZA = @ZoneSize@,FAHB03ZA =
@ZoneSize@,FAHB04ZA = @ZoneSize@,
FANHBTZA = @ZoneSize@,
FAMTKTZA = @ZoneSize@,
FAHTKTZA = @ZoneSize@,

JurHHA    = @Jursize@,      ; Juris. HH Trips array
JurHBWA   = @Jursize@, JurHBWrA = @Jursize@,      ; Juris. HBW Trips &
Rates array
JurHBSA   = @Jursize@, JurHBSrA = @Jursize@,      ; Juris. HBS Trips &
Rates array
JurHBOA   = @Jursize@, JurHBOrA = @Jursize@,      ; Juris. HBO Trips &
Rates array
JurNHBA   = @Jursize@, JurNHBrA = @Jursize@,      ; Juris. NHB Trips &
Rates array
JurMTKA   = @Jursize@, JurMTKrA = @Jursize@,      ; Juris. MTK Trips &
Rates array
JurHTKA   = @Jursize@, JurHTKrA = @Jursize@,      ; Juris. HTK Trips &
Rates array

RegHHSzA = @SzCl@,      ; Regional HH by Size array
RegHBWSzA = @SzCl@, RegHBWrSzA = @SzCl@,      ; Regional HBW Trips & Rates
by Size array
RegHBSszA = @SzCl@, RegHBSrSzA = @SzCl@,      ; Regional HBS Trips & Rates
by Size array
RegHBOszA = @SzCl@, RegHBOrSzA = @SzCl@,      ; Regional HBO Trips & Rates
by Size array
RegNHBSzA = @SzCl@, RegNHBrSzA = @SzCl@,      ; Regional NHB Trips & Rates
by Size array

RegHHInA = @InCl@,      ; Regional HH by Inc array

```

```

RegHBWInA = @InCl@, RegHBWrInA = @InCl@,      ; Regional HBW Trips & Rates
by Inc. array
RegHBSInA = @InCl@, RegHBSrInA = @InCl@,      ; Regional HBS Trips & Rates
by Inc. array
RegHBOInA = @InCl@, RegHBOrInA = @InCl@,      ; Regional HBO Trips & Rates
by Inc. array
RegNHBinA = @InCl@, RegNHBrInA = @InCl@,      ; Regional NHB Trips & Rates
by Inc. array

RegHHVaA = @VaCl@,      ; Regional HH by VeAv array
RegHBWVaA = @VaCl@, RegHBWrVaA = @VaCl@,      ; Regional HBW Trips & Rates
by Vehs Av. array
RegHBSVaA = @VaCl@, RegHBSrVaA = @VaCl@,      ; Regional HBS Trips & Rates
by Vehs Av. array
RegHBOVaA = @VaCl@, RegHBOrVaA = @VaCl@,      ; Regional HBO Trips & Rates
by Vehs Av. array
RegNHBrVaA = @VaCl@, RegNHBrVaA = @VaCl@,      ; Regional NHB Trips & Rates
by Vehs Av. array

JurInHHA  = @JICells@,      ; Juris. HH Trips array
JurInHBWA = @JICells@, JurInHBWrA = @JICells@,      ; Juris. HBW Trips &
Rates array
JurInHBSA = @JICells@, JurInHBSrA = @JICells@,      ; Juris. HBS Trips &
Rates array
JurInHBOA = @JICells@, JurInHBOrA = @JICells@,      ; Juris. HBO Trips &
Rates array
JurInNHBA = @JICells@, JurInNHBrA = @JICells@,      ; Juris. NHB Trips &
Rates array

;=====
; Define Loop-up Tables =
;=====
;-----
; Trip Production Rates, based on Inc/Size/VeAv Index 111 to 444 =
;-----
LOOKUP Name=PRATE,
LOOKUP[1] = 1,Result = 2, ; HBW rate
LOOKUP[2] = 1,Result = 3, ; HBS rate
LOOKUP[3] = 1,Result = 4, ; HBO rate
LOOKUP[4] = 1,Result = 5, ; NHB rate
Interpolate = N, FAIL=0,0,0,
; Trip production rates: isv
; isv HBW HBS HBO NHB
; -----
R=" 111, 0.686, 0.215, 0.415, 0.200",
" 112, 0.851, 0.599, 1.121, 1.258",
" 113, 0.750, 0.599, 1.435, 1.258",
" 114, 0.957, 0.631, 1.435, 1.258",
" 121, 1.082, 0.215, 0.540, 0.300",
" 122, 1.082, 0.680, 1.700, 1.258",
" 123, 1.412, 0.680, 1.770, 1.430",
" 124, 1.412, 0.680, 1.800, 1.430",
" 131, 1.096, 0.215, 1.284, 0.400",
" 132, 1.517, 0.680, 2.400, 1.430",
" 133, 1.936, 0.838, 2.614, 1.430",
" 134, 1.936, 0.838, 2.391, 1.430",
" 141, 1.664, 0.215, 1.364, 0.500",
" 142, 1.664, 0.680, 2.900, 1.500",
" 143, 1.936, 0.960, 4.266, 1.600",
" 144, 1.936, 1.000, 3.819, 1.700",
" 211, 1.017, 0.215, 0.685, 0.300",
" 212, 1.182, 0.599, 1.158, 1.258",
" 213, 1.301, 0.599, 1.474, 1.400",
" 214, 1.527, 0.631, 1.474, 1.490",
" 221, 1.352, 0.294, 0.889, 0.400",

```

Appendix E TP+ scripts

```

" 222, 1.352, 0.680, 1.892, 1.258",
" 223, 1.531, 0.680, 1.968, 2.197",
" 224, 2.122, 0.840, 2.041, 2.197",
" 231, 1.662, 0.400, 1.349, 0.500",
" 232, 1.662, 0.965, 2.500, 1.762",
" 233, 1.790, 0.965, 3.190, 2.600",
" 234, 2.122, 1.043, 3.472, 2.800",
" 241, 1.849, 0.450, 0.750, 0.600",
" 242, 1.849, 0.965, 3.486, 1.983",
" 243, 2.049, 1.000, 4.266, 2.800",
" 244, 2.426, 1.100, 5.674, 2.967",
" 311, 1.017, 0.294, 0.708, 0.400",
" 312, 1.223, 0.666, 1.035, 1.524",
" 313, 1.223, 0.666, 1.474, 1.565",
" 314, 1.223, 0.666, 1.474, 1.565",
" 321, 1.464, 0.429, 0.889, 0.500",
" 322, 1.464, 0.680, 2.161, 1.625",
" 323, 1.841, 0.900, 2.460, 2.330",
" 324, 2.152, 0.965, 2.659, 2.536",
" 331, 1.662, 0.500, 1.548, 0.600",
" 332, 1.662, 0.965, 2.843, 2.479",
" 333, 2.016, 1.000, 3.190, 2.892",
" 334, 3.024, 1.141, 3.559, 2.891",
" 341, 2.295, 0.600, 3.446, 0.609",
" 342, 2.295, 0.956, 4.653, 2.188",
" 343, 2.295, 1.141, 5.395, 2.925",
" 344, 3.076, 1.400, 6.501, 4.202",
" 411, 1.335, 0.429, 0.708, 0.600",
" 412, 1.335, 0.860, 1.087, 1.760",
" 413, 1.335, 0.860, 1.083, 1.760",
" 414, 2.000, 0.860, 2.000, 2.405",
" 421, 1.451, 0.886, 1.567, 0.700",
" 422, 1.451, 0.886, 1.810, 1.760",
" 423, 1.841, 0.965, 2.460, 2.405",
" 424, 2.152, 0.980, 2.460, 2.691",
" 431, 1.672, 0.900, 3.446, 0.800",
" 432, 1.672, 1.039, 3.446, 2.720",
" 433, 2.017, 1.150, 3.937, 2.812",
" 434, 3.024, 1.200, 3.940, 3.100",
" 441, 3.333, 1.092, 4.146, 0.900",
" 442, 3.333, 1.278, 4.839, 1.536",
" 443, 3.333, 1.333, 5.921, 3.348",
" 444, 3.365, 1.659, 6.738, 4.376"

;=====
; Attraction Rate Lookups : =
;=====
; HBW Trip Attraction Rates by Area Type .
;=====
LOOKUP Name=HBWRate,
LOOKUP[1] = 1,Result = 2, ; hh
LOOKUP[2] = 1,Result = 3, ; hhpob
LOOKUP[3] = 1,Result = 4, ; totemp
LOOKUP[4] = 1,Result = 5, ; indemp
LOOKUP[5] = 1,Result = 6, ; retemp
LOOKUP[6] = 1,Result = 7, ; offemp
LOOKUP[7] = 1,Result = 8, ; othemp
LOOKUP[8] = 1,Result = 9, ; nonretailemp
Interpolate = N, FAIL=0,0,0,
;
HH Tot Ind Ret Off Oth NonRet
; AType HHs Pop Emp Emp Emp Emp Emp Emp
R="1 0.00,0.00,1.11,0.00,0.00,0.00,0.00,0.00,0.00",
"2 0.00,0.00,1.11,0.00,0.00,0.00,0.00,0.00,0.00",
"3 0.00,0.00,1.11,0.00,0.00,0.00,0.00,0.00,0.00",
"4 0.00,0.00,1.11,0.00,0.00,0.00,0.00,0.00,0.00",
"5 0.00,0.00,1.11,0.00,0.00,0.00,0.00,0.00,0.00",

```

```

"6 0.00,0.00,1.11,0.00,0.00,0.00,0.00,0.00,0.00",
"7 0.00,0.00,1.11,0.00,0.00,0.00,0.00,0.00,0.00"

;=====
; HBS Trip Attraction Rates by Area Type .
;=====
LOOKUP Name=HBSARate,
LOOKUP[1] = 1,Result = 2, ; hh
LOOKUP[2] = 1,Result = 3, ; hhpob
LOOKUP[3] = 1,Result = 4, ; totemp
LOOKUP[4] = 1,Result = 5, ; indemp
LOOKUP[5] = 1,Result = 6, ; retemp
LOOKUP[6] = 1,Result = 7, ; offemp
LOOKUP[7] = 1,Result = 8, ; othemp
LOOKUP[8] = 1,Result = 9, ; nonretailemp
Interpolate = N, FAIL=0,0,0,
;
HH Tot Ind Ret Off Oth NonRet
; AType HHs Pop Emp Emp Emp Emp Emp Emp
R="1 0.00,0.00,0.00,0.00,0.29,0.00,0.00,0.00,0.00",
"2 0.00,0.00,0.00,0.00,2.44,0.00,0.00,0.00,0.00",
"3 0.00,0.00,0.00,0.00,3.35,0.00,0.00,0.00,0.00",
"4 0.00,0.00,0.00,0.00,3.35,0.00,0.00,0.00,0.00",
"5 0.00,0.00,0.00,0.00,3.35,0.00,0.00,0.00,0.00",
"6 0.00,0.00,0.00,0.00,3.35,0.00,0.00,0.00,0.00",
"7 0.00,0.00,0.00,0.00,3.35,0.00,0.00,0.00,0.00"

;=====
; HBO Trip Attraction Rates by Area Type .
;=====
LOOKUP Name=HBOARate,
LOOKUP[1] = 1,Result = 2, ; hh
LOOKUP[2] = 1,Result = 3, ; hhpob
LOOKUP[3] = 1,Result = 4, ; totemp
LOOKUP[4] = 1,Result = 5, ; indemp
LOOKUP[5] = 1,Result = 6, ; retemp
LOOKUP[6] = 1,Result = 7, ; offemp
LOOKUP[7] = 1,Result = 8, ; othemp
LOOKUP[8] = 1,Result = 9, ; nonretailemp
Interpolate = N, FAIL=0,0,0,
;
HH Tot Ind Ret Off Oth NonRet
; AType HHs Pop Emp Emp Emp Emp Emp Emp
R="1 0.00,0.77,0.00,0.00,1.30,0.00,0.00,0.30",
"2 0.00,0.77,0.00,0.00,1.30,0.00,0.00,0.30",
"3 0.00,0.77,0.00,0.00,1.30,0.00,0.00,0.30",
"4 0.00,0.77,0.00,0.00,1.30,0.00,0.00,0.30",
"5 0.00,0.77,0.00,0.00,1.30,0.00,0.00,0.30",
"6 0.00,0.77,0.00,0.00,1.30,0.00,0.00,0.30",
"7 0.00,0.77,0.00,0.00,1.30,0.00,0.00,0.30"

;=====
; NHB Trip Attraction Rates by Area Type .
;=====
LOOKUP Name=NHBARate,
LOOKUP[1] = 1,Result = 2, ; hh
LOOKUP[2] = 1,Result = 3, ; hhpob
LOOKUP[3] = 1,Result = 4, ; totemp
LOOKUP[4] = 1,Result = 5, ; indemp
LOOKUP[5] = 1,Result = 6, ; retemp
LOOKUP[6] = 1,Result = 7, ; offemp
LOOKUP[7] = 1,Result = 8, ; othemp
LOOKUP[8] = 1,Result = 9, ; nonretailemp
Interpolate = N, FAIL=0,0,0,
;
HH Tot Ind Ret Off Oth NonRet
; AType HHs Pop Emp Emp Emp Emp Emp Emp
R="1 0.00,0.00,0.00,0.00,0.00,0.00,0.00,0.42",
"2 0.00,0.28,0.00,0.00,2.77,0.00,0.00,0.49",
"3 0.00,0.28,0.00,0.00,2.77,0.00,0.00,0.49",

```

Appendix E TP+ scripts

```

"4 0.00,0.28,0.00,0.00,2.77,0.00,0.00,0.49",
"5 0.00,0.28,0.00,0.00,2.77,0.00,0.00,0.49",
"6 0.00,0.28,0.00,0.00,2.77,0.00,0.00,0.49",
"7 0.00,0.28,0.00,0.00,2.77,0.00,0.00,0.49"

;=====
; Medium Truck Trip Rates by Location 1-4
; Locations are: 1)Reg Core, 2)DC NonCore, 3)VA 10 Mi Sq, 4)Other
;=====
LOOKUP Name=MTKARate,
LOOKUP[1] = 1,Result = 2, ; IndEmp
LOOKUP[2] = 1,Result = 3, ; RetEmp
LOOKUP[3] = 1,Result = 4, ; OffEmp
LOOKUP[4] = 1,Result = 5, ; OthEmp
LOOKUP[5] = 1,Result = 6, ; HH
Interpolate = N, FAIL=0,0,0,
; Ind Ret Off Oth
;LocaCode Emp Emp EMP EMP HH
R="1 0.09,0.17,0.01,0.04,0.04",
"2 0.19,0.17,0.01,0.04,0.04",
"3 0.14,0.17,0.01,0.04,0.04",
"4 0.11,0.17,0.01,0.04,0.04"

;=====
; Heavy Truck Trip Rates by Location 1-4
; Locations are: 1)Reg Core, 2)DC NonCore, 3)VA 10 Mi Sq, 4)Other
;=====
LOOKUP Name=HTKARate,
LOOKUP[1] = 1,Result = 2, ; IndEmp
LOOKUP[2] = 1,Result = 3, ; RetEmp
LOOKUP[3] = 1,Result = 4, ; OffEmp
LOOKUP[4] = 1,Result = 5, ; OthEmp
LOOKUP[5] = 1,Result = 6, ; HH
Interpolate = N, FAIL=0,0,0,
; Ind Ret Off Oth
;LocaCode Emp Emp EMP EMP HH
R="1 0.03,0.04,0.00,0.03,0.00",
"2 0.13,0.04,0.00,0.03,0.00",
"3 0.04,0.04,0.00,0.03,0.00",
"4 0.11,0.04,0.00,0.03,0.00"

;=====
; Production Adjustment Rates by Purpose
;=====
LOOKUP Name=JurPmod,
LOOKUP[1] = 1,Result = 2, ; HBW
LOOKUP[2] = 1,Result = 3, ; HBS
LOOKUP[3] = 1,Result = 4, ; HBO
LOOKUP[4] = 1,Result = 5, ; NHB
LOOKUP[5] = 1,Result = 6, ; Mtk
LOOKUP[6] = 1,Result = 7, ; Htk
Interpolate = N, FAIL=0,0,0,List=Y,
; Jur HBW HBS HBO NHB Mtk Htk
R=" 0 1.00, 1.00, 1.00, 1.00, 1.00, 1.00", ; dc 1
" 1 1.00, 1.00, 1.00, 1.00, 1.00, 1.00", ; mtg 2
" 2 1.00, 1.00, 1.00, 1.00, 1.00, 1.00", ; pg 3
" 3 1.00, 1.00, 1.00, 1.00, 1.00, 1.00", ; arl 4
" 4 1.00, 1.00, 1.00, 1.00, 1.00, 1.00", ; alx 5
" 5 0.90, 1.00, 1.00, 1.00, 1.00, 1.00", ; ffx 6
" 6 1.00, 1.00, 1.00, 1.00, 1.00, 1.00", ; ldn 7
" 7 1.00, 1.00, 1.00, 1.00, 1.00, 1.00", ; pw 8
" 8 1.00, 1.00, 1.00, 1.00, 1.00, 1.00", ; - 9
" 9 1.00, 1.00, 1.00, 1.00, 1.00, 1.00", ; frd 10
"10 0.75, 0.75, 0.70, 1.00, 1.00, 1.00", ; how 11
"11 0.85, 1.00, 1.00, 1.00, 1.00, 1.00", ; aa 12
"12 1.00, 1.00, 1.00, 1.00, 1.00, 1.00", ; chs 13
"13 1.00, 1.00, 1.00, 1.00, 1.00, 1.00", ; - 14
"14 0.85, 0.68, 0.75, 1.00, 1.00, 1.00", ; car 15

HBW changed from 1.0>0.90
v2.2D

```

```

"15 1.00, 1.00, 1.00, 1.00, 1.00, 1.00", ; cal 16
"16 1.00, 1.00, 1.00, 1.00, 1.00, 1.00", ; stm 17
"17 1.00, 1.00, 1.00, 1.00, 1.00, 1.00", ; kge 18
"18 1.00, 1.00, 1.00, 1.00, 1.00, 1.00", ; fbg 19
"19 1.00, 1.00, 1.00, 1.00, 1.00, 1.00", ; stf 20
"20 1.00, 1.00, 1.00, 1.00, 1.00, 1.00", ; spt 21
"21 1.00, 1.00, 1.00, 1.00, 1.00, 1.00", ; fau 22
"22 1.00, 1.00, 1.00, 1.00, 1.00, 1.00", ; clk 23
"23 1.00, 1.00, 1.00, 1.00, 1.00, 1.00", ; jef 24

;=====
; Attraction Adjustment Rates by Purpose
;=====
LOOKUP Name=JurAmod,
LOOKUP[1] = 1,Result = 2, ; HBW
LOOKUP[2] = 1,Result = 3, ; HBS
LOOKUP[3] = 1,Result = 4, ; HBO
LOOKUP[4] = 1,Result = 5, ; NHB
LOOKUP[5] = 1,Result = 6, ; Mtk
LOOKUP[6] = 1,Result = 7, ; Htk
Interpolate = N, FAIL=0,0,0,List=Y,
; Jur HBW HBS HBO NHB Mtk Htk
R=" 0 1.07, 1.00, 1.00, 1.00, 1.00, 1.00", ; dc 1
" 1 1.00, 1.00, 1.00, 1.00, 1.00, 1.00", ; mtg 2
" 2 1.10, 1.00, 1.00, 1.00, 1.00, 1.00", ; pg 3
" 3 1.00, 1.00, 1.00, 1.00, 1.00, 1.00", ; arl 4
" 4 1.00, 1.00, 1.00, 1.00, 1.00, 1.00", ; alx 5
" 5 1.00, 1.00, 1.00, 1.00, 1.00, 1.00", ; ffx 6
" 6 1.00, 1.00, 1.00, 1.00, 1.00, 1.00", ; ldn 7
" 7 1.00, 1.00, 1.00, 1.00, 1.00, 1.00", ; pw 8
" 8 1.00, 1.00, 1.00, 1.00, 1.00, 1.00", ; - 9
" 9 1.00, 1.00, 1.00, 1.00, 1.00, 1.00", ; frd 10
"10 0.75 0.80, 0.80, 1.00, 1.00, 1.00", ; how 11
"11 0.85, 1.03, 1.00, 1.00, 1.00, 1.00", ; aa 12
"12 1.00, 1.00, 1.00, 1.00, 1.00, 1.00", ; chs 13
"13 1.00, 1.00, 1.00, 1.00, 1.00, 1.00", ; - 14
"14 0.85, 0.70, 0.75, 1.00, 1.00, 1.00", ; car 15
"15 1.00, 1.00, 1.00, 1.00, 1.00, 1.00", ; cal 16
"16 1.00, 1.00, 1.00, 1.00, 1.00, 1.00", ; stm 17
"17 1.00, 1.00, 1.00, 1.00, 1.00, 1.00", ; kge 18
"18 1.00, 1.00, 1.00, 1.00, 1.00, 1.00", ; fbg 19
"19 1.00, 1.00, 1.00, 1.00, 1.00, 1.00", ; stf 20
"20 1.00, 1.00, 1.00, 1.00, 1.00, 1.00", ; spt 21
"21 1.00, 1.00, 1.00, 1.00, 1.00, 1.00", ; fau 22
"22 1.00, 1.00, 1.00, 1.00, 1.00, 1.00", ; clk 23
"23 1.00, 1.00, 1.00, 1.00, 1.00, 1.00", ; jef 24

;=====
; HBW Zonal Production / Attraction Modification Factors =
;=====
LOOKUP Name=HBWZmod,
LOOKUP[1] = 1,Result = 2, ; Prod Factor/Inc. 1
LOOKUP[2] = 1,Result = 3, ; /Inc. 2
LOOKUP[3] = 1,Result = 4, ; /Inc. 3
LOOKUP[4] = 1,Result = 5, ; /Inc. 4
LOOKUP[5] = 1,Result = 6, ; Attr Factor/Inc. 1
LOOKUP[6] = 1,Result = 7, ; /Inc. 2
LOOKUP[7] = 1,Result = 8, ; /Inc. 3
LOOKUP[8] = 1,Result = 9, ; /Inc. 4
Interpolate = N, FAIL=0,0,0,File=@ZNFILE_ZModW@

;=====
; HBS Zonal Production / Attraction Modification Factors =
;=====
LOOKUP Name=HBSZmod,
LOOKUP[1] = 1,Result = 2, ; Prod Factor/Inc. 1

```

Appendix E TP+ scripts

```

LOOKUP[2] = 1,Result = 3, ; /Inc. 2
LOOKUP[3] = 1,Result = 4, ; /Inc. 3
LOOKUP[4] = 1,Result = 5, ; /Inc. 4
LOOKUP[5] = 1,Result = 6, ; Attr Factor/Inc. 1
LOOKUP[6] = 1,Result = 7, ; /Inc. 2
LOOKUP[7] = 1,Result = 8, ; /Inc. 3
LOOKUP[8] = 1,Result = 9, ; /Inc. 4
Interpolate = N, FAIL=0,0,0,File=@ZNFIL_ ZModS@
;=====
; HBO Zonal Production / Attraction Modification Factors =
;=====
LOOKUP Name=HBOZmod,
LOOKUP[1] = 1,Result = 2, ; Prod Factor/Inc. 1
LOOKUP[2] = 1,Result = 3, ; /Inc. 2
LOOKUP[3] = 1,Result = 4, ; /Inc. 3
LOOKUP[4] = 1,Result = 5, ; /Inc. 4
LOOKUP[5] = 1,Result = 6, ; Attr Factor/Inc. 1
LOOKUP[6] = 1,Result = 7, ; /Inc. 2
LOOKUP[7] = 1,Result = 8, ; /Inc. 3
LOOKUP[8] = 1,Result = 9, ; /Inc. 4
Interpolate = N, FAIL=0,0,0,File=@ZNFIL_ ZModO@
;
;=====
; NHB Zonal Production / Attraction Modification Factors =
;=====
LOOKUP Name=NHBZmod,
LOOKUP[1] = 1,Result = 2, ; Prod Factor/Inc. 1
LOOKUP[2] = 1,Result = 3, ; /Inc. 2
LOOKUP[3] = 1,Result = 4, ; /Inc. 3
LOOKUP[4] = 1,Result = 5, ; /Inc. 4
LOOKUP[5] = 1,Result = 6, ; Attr Factor/Inc. 1
LOOKUP[6] = 1,Result = 7, ; /Inc. 2
LOOKUP[7] = 1,Result = 8, ; /Inc. 3
LOOKUP[8] = 1,Result = 9, ; /Inc. 4
Interpolate = N, FAIL=0,0,0,File=@ZNFIL_ ZModN@
;=====
; Med.Truck Zonal Production / Attraction Modification Factors =
;=====
LOOKUP Name=MTKZmod,
LOOKUP[1] = 1,Result = 2, ; Prod Factor/Inc. 1
LOOKUP[2] = 1,Result = 3, ; /Inc. 2
LOOKUP[3] = 1,Result = 4, ; /Inc. 3
LOOKUP[4] = 1,Result = 5, ; /Inc. 4
LOOKUP[5] = 1,Result = 6, ; Attr Factor/Inc. 1
LOOKUP[6] = 1,Result = 7, ; /Inc. 2
LOOKUP[7] = 1,Result = 8, ; /Inc. 3
LOOKUP[8] = 1,Result = 9, ; /Inc. 4
Interpolate = N, FAIL=0,0,0,File=@ZNFIL_ ZModM@
;=====
; Heavy Truck Zonal Production / Attraction Modification Factors =
;=====
LOOKUP Name=HTKZmod,
LOOKUP[1] = 1,Result = 2, ; Prod Factor/Inc. 1
LOOKUP[2] = 1,Result = 3, ; /Inc. 2
LOOKUP[3] = 1,Result = 4, ; /Inc. 3
LOOKUP[4] = 1,Result = 5, ; /Inc. 4
LOOKUP[5] = 1,Result = 6, ; Attr Factor/Inc. 1
LOOKUP[6] = 1,Result = 7, ; /Inc. 2
LOOKUP[7] = 1,Result = 8, ; /Inc. 3
LOOKUP[8] = 1,Result = 9, ; /Inc. 4
Interpolate = N, FAIL=0,0,0,File=@ZNFIL_ ZModH@
;=====
;=====
;
;
; End of LookUps Now read the input files
;
;=====
; read Zonal land use files into Z-File
ZDATI[1] = @ZNFIL_LU@,Z = 1- 4,
HH = 8-15,
HHPOP = 16-23,
GQPOP = 24-31,
TOTPOP = 32-39,
TOTEMP = 40-47,
INDEMP = 48-55,
RETEMP = 56-63,
OFFEMP = 64-71,
OTHEMP = 72-79,
JURCODE = 80-81,
DistnEX = 96-98

; Current Zonal Totals:
HH = zi.1.HH[I]
HHPOP = zi.1.HHPOP[I]
TOTPOP = zi.1.TOTPOP[I]
TOTEMP = zi.1.TOTEMP[I]
INDEMP = zi.1.INDEMP[I]
RETEMP = zi.1.RETEMP[I]
OFFEMP = zi.1.OFFEMP[I]
OTHEMP = zi.1.OTHEMP[I]
NRETEMP = zi.1.OTHEMP[I] + zi.1.OFFEMP[I] + zi.1.INDEMP[I]
JURCODE = zi.1.JURCODE[I]
DistnEX = zi.1.DistnEX[I]

; Accumulate Regional Totals:
HH_Tot = HH_Tot + zi.1.HH[I]
HHPOP_Tot = HHPOP_Tot + zi.1.HHPOP[I]
TOTPOP_Tot = TOTPOP_Tot + zi.1.TOTPOP[I]
TOTEMP_Tot = TOTEMP_Tot + zi.1.TOTEMP[I]
INDEMP_Tot = INDEMP_Tot + zi.1.INDEMP[I]
RETEMP_Tot = RETEMP_Tot + zi.1.RETEMP[I]
OFFEMP_Tot = OFFEMP_Tot + zi.1.OFFEMP[I]
OTHEMP_Tot = OTHEMP_Tot + zi.1.OTHEMP[I]
NRETEMP_Tot = NRETEMP_Tot + zi.1.OTHEMP[I] + zi.1.OFFEMP[I] +
zi.1.INDEMP[I]

IF (I <= @LASTIZN@)
ZoneJURA[I] = JurCode + 1
ENDIF

; Define location variables for truck models
Loc = 4 ; default
IF (I=@DCCoreRng@ || I=@VACoreRNG@) Loc = 1 ; regional core
IF (I=@DCNCoreRng@) Loc = 2 ; DC non-Core
IF (I=@VA10MSRng@) Loc = 3 ; VA 10miSquare

; Zonal Area Type File
ZDATI[2] = @ZNFIL_AT@, Z = 1- 5,
ATYPE = 58-59
ATYPE = zi.2.Atype[I]

ZDATI[3] = @ZNFIL_PEX@ , Z= 1 - 4, hbwxp=5-12,hbsxp=13-20,hboxp=21-28,nhbxp=29-
36,mtkxp=37-44,htkxp=45-52
ZDATI[4] = @ZNFIL_AEX@ , Z= 1 - 4, hbwxa=5-12,hbsxa=13-20,hboxa=21-28,nhbxa=29-
36,mtkxa=37-44,htkxa=45-52

; read HH files by ISV

```

Appendix E TP+ scripts

```

ZDATI[5] = @ZNFIL1_I1SV@, Z= #1, hh111=#2, hh112=#3, hh113=#4, hh114=#5,
hh121=#6, hh122=#7, hh123=#8, hh124=#9,
hh131=#10, hh132=#11, hh133=#12, hh134=#13,
hh141=#14, hh142=#15, hh143=#16, hh144=#17

ZDATI[6] = @ZNFIL1_I2SV@, Z= #1, hh211=#2, hh212=#3, hh213=#4, hh214=#5,
hh221=#6, hh222=#7, hh223=#8, hh224=#9,
hh231=#10, hh232=#11, hh233=#12, hh234=#13,
hh241=#14, hh242=#15, hh243=#16, hh244=#17

ZDATI[7] = @ZNFIL1_I3SV@, Z= #1, hh311=#2, hh312=#3, hh313=#4, hh314=#5,
hh321=#6, hh322=#7, hh323=#8, hh324=#9,
hh331=#10, hh332=#11, hh333=#12, hh334=#13,
hh341=#14, hh342=#15, hh343=#16, hh344=#17

ZDATI[8] = @ZNFIL1_I4SV@, Z= #1, hh411=#2, hh412=#3, hh413=#4, hh414=#5,
hh421=#6, hh422=#7, hh423=#8, hh424=#9,
hh431=#10, hh432=#11, hh433=#12, hh434=#13,
hh441=#14, hh442=#15, hh443=#16, hh444=#17

;-----
;Begin Matrix Work Now ...
;-----

; Put HH variables into arrays
CHHA[111]=zi.5.hh111[I] CHHA[112]=zi.5.hh112[I] CHHA[113]=zi.5.hh113[I]
CHHA[114]=zi.5.hh114[I]
CHHA[121]=zi.5.hh121[I] CHHA[122]=zi.5.hh122[I] CHHA[123]=zi.5.hh123[I]
CHHA[124]=zi.5.hh124[I]
CHHA[131]=zi.5.hh131[I] CHHA[132]=zi.5.hh132[I] CHHA[133]=zi.5.hh133[I]
CHHA[134]=zi.5.hh134[I]
CHHA[141]=zi.5.hh141[I] CHHA[142]=zi.5.hh142[I] CHHA[143]=zi.5.hh143[I]
CHHA[144]=zi.5.hh144[I]

CHHA[211]=zi.6.hh211[I] CHHA[212]=zi.6.hh212[I] CHHA[213]=zi.6.hh213[I]
CHHA[214]=zi.6.hh214[I]
CHHA[221]=zi.6.hh221[I] CHHA[222]=zi.6.hh222[I] CHHA[223]=zi.6.hh223[I]
CHHA[224]=zi.6.hh224[I]
CHHA[231]=zi.6.hh231[I] CHHA[232]=zi.6.hh232[I] CHHA[233]=zi.6.hh233[I]
CHHA[234]=zi.6.hh234[I]
CHHA[241]=zi.6.hh241[I] CHHA[242]=zi.6.hh242[I] CHHA[243]=zi.6.hh243[I]
CHHA[244]=zi.6.hh244[I]

CHHA[311]=zi.7.hh311[I] CHHA[312]=zi.7.hh312[I] CHHA[313]=zi.7.hh313[I]
CHHA[314]=zi.7.hh314[I]
CHHA[321]=zi.7.hh321[I] CHHA[322]=zi.7.hh322[I] CHHA[323]=zi.7.hh323[I]
CHHA[324]=zi.7.hh324[I]
CHHA[331]=zi.7.hh331[I] CHHA[332]=zi.7.hh332[I] CHHA[333]=zi.7.hh333[I]
CHHA[334]=zi.7.hh334[I]
CHHA[341]=zi.7.hh341[I] CHHA[342]=zi.7.hh342[I] CHHA[343]=zi.7.hh343[I]
CHHA[344]=zi.7.hh344[I]

CHHA[411]=zi.8.hh411[I] CHHA[412]=zi.8.hh412[I] CHHA[413]=zi.8.hh413[I]
CHHA[414]=zi.8.hh414[I]
CHHA[421]=zi.8.hh421[I] CHHA[422]=zi.8.hh422[I] CHHA[423]=zi.8.hh423[I]
CHHA[424]=zi.8.hh424[I]
CHHA[431]=zi.8.hh431[I] CHHA[432]=zi.8.hh432[I] CHHA[433]=zi.8.hh433[I]
CHHA[434]=zi.8.hh434[I]
CHHA[441]=zi.8.hh441[I] CHHA[442]=zi.8.hh442[I] CHHA[443]=zi.8.hh443[I]
CHHA[444]=zi.8.hh444[I]

;
;=====
; Compute Current Internal trip productions of current TAZ (I) for HBW, HBS, HBO,&
NHB purposes =

```

```

;=====
;=====
EXTsh = 0.0791 * EXP(-0.0882 * DISTnEX) ; share of hb/nhb trips that are
External
nonEXTsh = 1.00 - EXTsh ; share of hb/nhb trips that are
Internal

IF (Atype = 1) HBWNMPsh = 0.40334
IF (Atype = 2) HBWNMPsh = 0.11155
IF (Atype = 3) HBWNMPsh = 0.03201
IF (Atype >=4) HBWNMPsh = 0.02346 ; with fix

Loop in = 1, @InCl@
Loop sz = 1, @SzCl@
Loop va = 1, @VaCl@

isv = in*100.0 + sz*10.0 + va ; 3-digit index, Income/Size/Va
extsh = 0.0791 * EXP(-0.0882 * DISTnEX) ; share of hb/nhb trips
to externals
nonextsh = 1.00 - extsh ; share of hb/nhb trips
to externals

; Compute rates by purpose:
; HBW Motorized& NonMotorized INTERNAL Trips:
tem_M_N_II = CHHA[isv] * Prate(1,isv) * HBWzmod(in,I) *
JurPmod(1,JurCode) * @HBW_GlobalAdj@ * nonExtSH
; HBW Motorized/NonMotorized INTERNAL to EXTERNAL Trips:
tem_M_N_IX = CHHA[isv] * Prate(1,isv) * HBWzmod(in,I) *
JurPmod(1,JurCode) * @HBW_GlobalAdj@ * ExtSH
; HBW Non-Motorized Trips:
tem_NMtr_II = tem_M_N_II * HBWNMPsh ; nonmotorised trips
; HBW Motorized INTERNAL to INTERNAL Trips:
tem_Mtr_II = tem_M_N_II * (1.00 - HBWNMPsh)

; compute non-motorized HBW Trips, store in isv array
prodwNM[isv] = tem_NMtr_II

; compute internal motorized trips here, store in zonal arrays:
prodw[isv] = tem_Mtr_II
prods[isv] = CHHA[isv] * Prate(2,isv) * HBSzmod(in,I) *
JurPmod(2,JurCode) * @HBS_GlobalAdj@ * nonExtSH
prodo[isv] = CHHA[isv] * Prate(3,isv) * HBOzmod(in,I) *
JurPmod(3,JurCode) * @HBO_GlobalAdj@ * nonExtSH
prodn[isv] = CHHA[isv] * Prate(4,isv) * NHBzmod(in,I) *
JurPmod(4,JurCode) * @NHB_GlobalAdj@ * nonExtSH

; #Note:# Zonal production factor for NHB productions: NHBzmod(1,I)
NHBzmod(2,I)NHBzmod(3,I)NHBzmod(4,I)
; should not be used as a zonal special generator factor since
the computed productions 'prodn[isv]' is
; only to arrive at a regional control total that the NHB
attractions will be controlled
; to. Use NHBzmod(5,I) as a special generator adjustment
only.

; Accumulate Trips by purpose at the TAZ level
PHBW_NMTZA[I]= PHBW_NMTZA[I] + prodwNM[isv]
PHBWTZA[I] = PHBWTZA[I] + prodw[isv]
PHBSTZA[I] = PHBSTZA[I] + prods[isv]
PHBOTZA[I] = PHBOTZA[I] + prodo[isv]
PNHBTZA[I] = PNHBTZA[I] + prodn[isv]

; Accumulate Trips by purpose and Income at the TAZ level
if (in=1)
PHBWLZA[I] = PHBWLZA[I] + prodw[isv]
PHBSLZA[I] = PHBSLZA[I] + prods[isv]
PHBOLZA[I] = PHBOLZA[I] + prodo[isv]
PNHBLZA[I] = PNHBLZA[I] + prodn[isv]

```

Appendix E TP+ scripts

```

endif
if (in=2)
  PHBW2ZA[I] = PHBW2ZA[I] + prodw[isv]
  PHBS2ZA[I] = PHBS2ZA[I] + prods[isv]
  PHBO2ZA[I] = PHBO2ZA[I] + prodo[isv]
  PNHB2ZA[I] = PNHB2ZA[I] + prodn[isv]
endif
if (in=3)
  PHBW3ZA[I] = PHBW3ZA[I] + prodw[isv]
  PHBS3ZA[I] = PHBS3ZA[I] + prods[isv]
  PHBO3ZA[I] = PHBO3ZA[I] + prodo[isv]
  PNHB3ZA[I] = PNHB3ZA[I] + prodn[isv]
endif
if (in=4)
  PHBW4ZA[I] = PHBW4ZA[I] + prodw[isv]
  PHBS4ZA[I] = PHBS4ZA[I] + prods[isv]
  PHBO4ZA[I] = PHBO4ZA[I] + prodo[isv]
  PNHB4ZA[I] = PNHB4ZA[I] + prodn[isv]
endif

; Accumulate Internal HHs, Trip Productions by purpose by Size Levels
RegHHSzA[sz] = RegHHSzA[sz] + CHHA[isv]
RegHBWSzA[sz] = RegHBWSzA[sz] + prodw[isv]
RegHBSSzA[sz] = RegHBSSzA[sz] + prods[isv]
RegHBOSzA[sz] = RegHBOSzA[sz] + prodo[isv]
RegNHBSzA[sz] = RegNHBSzA[sz] + prodn[isv]

; Accumulate Internal HHs, Trip Productions by purpose by Income Levels
RegHHInA[in] = RegHHInA[in] + CHHA[isv]
RegHBWInA[in] = RegHBWInA[in] + prodw[isv]
RegHBSInA[in] = RegHBSInA[in] + prods[isv]
RegHBOInA[in] = RegHBOInA[in] + prodo[isv]
RegNHBInA[in] = RegNHBInA[in] + prodn[isv]

; Accumulate Internal HHs, Trip Productions by purpose by Veh. Av. Levels
RegHHVaA[va] = RegHHVaA[va] + CHHA[isv]
RegHBWVaA[va] = RegHBWVaA[va] + prodw[isv]
RegHBSVaA[va] = RegHBSVaA[va] + prods[isv]
RegHBOVaA[va] = RegHBOVaA[va] + prodo[isv]
RegNHVVA[va] = RegNHVVA[va] + prodn[isv]

; Accumulate Internal HHs, Trip Productions by purpose at Juris Level
If (I<= @LastIZN@)
  Jr = ZoneJURA[I]
  JurHHA[Jr] = JurHHA[Jr] + CHHA[isv]
  JurHBWA[Jr] = JurHBWA[Jr] + prodw[isv]
  JurHBSA[Jr] = JurHBSA[Jr] + prods[isv]
  JurHBOA[Jr] = JurHBOA[Jr] + prodo[isv]

  JI = Jr*10 + in
  JurInHHA[JI] = JurInHHA[JI] + CHHA[isv] ; Juris. HHs/
  JurInHBWA[JI] = JurInHBWA[JI] + prodw[isv]
  JurInHBSA[JI] = JurInHBSA[JI] + prods[isv]
  JurInHBOA[JI] = JurInHBOA[JI] + prodo[isv]
  JurInNHBA[JI] = JurInNHBA[JI] + prodn[isv]

ENDIF

; Accumulate Internal Trip Productions by purpose for the system
HH_TotSIV = HH_TotSIV + CHHA[isv]
IntlNMHBWPs = IntlNMHBWPs + prodwNM[isv]

IntlHBWPs = IntlHBWPs + prodw[isv]

```

```

IntlHBSPs = IntlHBSPs + prods[isv]
IntlHBOPs = IntlHBOPs + prodo[isv]
IntlNHBPs = IntlNHBPs + prodn[isv]

EndLoop
EndLoop
EndLoop
;
;=====
; Read in External trip prods of current TAZ (I) for HBW, HBS, HBO, NHB, Mtk, Htk
purposes =
;=====
;
IF (I > @LastIZN@)
  PHBWTZA[I] = zi.3.hbwxp[I]
  PHBSTZA[I] = zi.3.hbsxp[I]
  PHBOTZA[I] = zi.3.hboxp[I]
  PNHBTZA[I] = zi.3.nhbxp[I]

; Accumulate External Trip Productions by purpose for the system
ExtlHBWPs = ExtlHBWPs + zi.3.hbwxp[I]
ExtlHBSPs = ExtlHBSPs + zi.3.hbsxp[I]
ExtlHBOPs = ExtlHBOPs + zi.3.hboxp[I]
ExtlNHBPs = ExtlNHBPs + zi.3.nhbxp[I]
ExtlMTKPs = ExtlMTKPs + zi.3.mtkxp[I]
ExtlHTKPs = ExtlHTKPs + zi.3.htkxp[I]

ENDIF
;
;=====
; Compute Internal trip Attractions for HBW, HBS, HBO, NHB, Mtk, Htk purposes
=
;=====
; calculate totals to allocated among income groups

AHBWtem = HBWArate(1,Atype) * HH +
          HBWArate(2,Atype) * HHpop +
          HBWArate(3,Atype) * TOTEMP +
          HBWArate(4,Atype) * INDEMP +
          HBWArate(5,Atype) * RETEMP +
          HBWArate(6,Atype) * OFFEMP +
          HBWArate(7,Atype) * OTHEMP +
          HBWArate(8,Atype) * NRETEMP

AHBStem = HBSArate(1,Atype) * HH +
          HBSArate(2,Atype) * HHpop +
          HBSArate(3,Atype) * TOTEMP +
          HBSArate(4,Atype) * INDEMP +
          HBSArate(5,Atype) * RETEMP +
          HBSArate(6,Atype) * OFFEMP +
          HBSArate(7,Atype) * OTHEMP +
          HBSArate(8,Atype) * NRETEMP

AHBOTem = HBOArate(1,Atype) * HH +
          HBOArate(2,Atype) * HHpop +
          HBOArate(3,Atype) * TOTEMP +
          HBOArate(4,Atype) * INDEMP +
          HBOArate(5,Atype) * RETEMP +
          HBOArate(6,Atype) * OFFEMP +
          HBOArate(7,Atype) * OTHEMP +
          HBOArate(8,Atype) * NRETEMP

ANHBtem = NHBArate(1,Atype) * HH +
          NHBArate(2,Atype) * HHpop +
          NHBArate(3,Atype) * TOTEMP +

```

Appendix E TP+ scripts

```

NHBArate(4,Atype) * INDEMP +
NHBArate(5,Atype) * RETEMP +
NHBArate(6,Atype) * OFFEMP +
NHBArate(7,Atype) * OTHEMP +
NHBArate(8,Atype) * NRETEMP

AMTKtem = MTKARATE(1,LOC) * INDEMP +
          MTKARATE(2,LOC) * RETEMP +
          MTKARATE(3,LOC) * OFFEMP +
          MTKARATE(4,LOC) * OTHEMP +
          MTKARATE(5,LOC) * HH

AHTKtem = HTKARATE(1,LOC) * INDEMP +
          HTKARATE(2,LOC) * RETEMP +
          HTKARATE(3,LOC) * OFFEMP +
          HTKARATE(4,LOC) * OTHEMP +
          HTKARATE(5,LOC) * HH

; Allocate HB-Attractions among income groups:
; HBW
IF (ATYPE = 1)
  AHBW1ZA[I] = AHBWtem * 0.1220 * JurAmod(1,JurCode) * HBWZmod(5,I)
  AHBW2ZA[I] = AHBWtem * 0.1782 * JurAmod(1,JurCode) * HBWZmod(6,I)
  AHBW3ZA[I] = AHBWtem * 0.2897 * JurAmod(1,JurCode) * HBWZmod(7,I)
  AHBW4ZA[I] = AHBWtem * 0.4101 * JurAmod(1,JurCode) * HBWZmod(8,I)
ENDIF
IF (ATYPE = 2)
  AHBW1ZA[I] = AHBWtem * 0.1559 * JurAmod(1,JurCode) * HBWZmod(5,I)
  AHBW2ZA[I] = AHBWtem * 0.1714 * JurAmod(1,JurCode) * HBWZmod(6,I)
  AHBW3ZA[I] = AHBWtem * 0.3006 * JurAmod(1,JurCode) * HBWZmod(7,I)
  AHBW4ZA[I] = AHBWtem * 0.3721 * JurAmod(1,JurCode) * HBWZmod(8,I)
ENDIF
IF (ATYPE = 3)
  AHBW1ZA[I] = AHBWtem * 0.1523 * JurAmod(1,JurCode) * HBWZmod(5,I)
  AHBW2ZA[I] = AHBWtem * 0.2153 * JurAmod(1,JurCode) * HBWZmod(6,I)
  AHBW3ZA[I] = AHBWtem * 0.3330 * JurAmod(1,JurCode) * HBWZmod(7,I)
  AHBW4ZA[I] = AHBWtem * 0.2994 * JurAmod(1,JurCode) * HBWZmod(8,I)
ENDIF
IF (ATYPE > 3)
  AHBW1ZA[I] = AHBWtem * 0.2062 * JurAmod(1,JurCode) * HBWZmod(5,I)
  AHBW2ZA[I] = AHBWtem * 0.2501 * JurAmod(1,JurCode) * HBWZmod(6,I)
  AHBW3ZA[I] = AHBWtem * 0.3236 * JurAmod(1,JurCode) * HBWZmod(7,I)
  AHBW4ZA[I] = AHBWtem * 0.2201 * JurAmod(1,JurCode) * HBWZmod(8,I)
ENDIF
AHBWTZA[I] = AHBW1ZA[I] + AHBW2ZA[I] + AHBW3ZA[I] + AHBW4ZA[I]

; HBS
IF (ATYPE < 3)
  AHBS1ZA[I] = AHBStem * 0.1765 * JurAmod(2,JurCode) * HBSZmod(5,I)
  AHBS2ZA[I] = AHBStem * 0.1790 * JurAmod(2,JurCode) * HBSZmod(6,I)
  AHBS3ZA[I] = AHBStem * 0.3066 * JurAmod(2,JurCode) * HBSZmod(7,I)
  AHBS4ZA[I] = AHBStem * 0.3379 * JurAmod(2,JurCode) * HBSZmod(8,I)
ENDIF
IF (ATYPE = 3)
  AHBS1ZA[I] = AHBStem * 0.1501 * JurAmod(2,JurCode) * HBSZmod(5,I)
  AHBS2ZA[I] = AHBStem * 0.2010 * JurAmod(2,JurCode) * HBSZmod(6,I)
  AHBS3ZA[I] = AHBStem * 0.3732 * JurAmod(2,JurCode) * HBSZmod(7,I)
  AHBS4ZA[I] = AHBStem * 0.2757 * JurAmod(2,JurCode) * HBSZmod(8,I)
ENDIF
IF (ATYPE > 3)
  AHBS1ZA[I] = AHBStem * 0.1446 * JurAmod(2,JurCode) * HBSZmod(5,I)
  AHBS2ZA[I] = AHBStem * 0.2055 * JurAmod(2,JurCode) * HBSZmod(6,I)
  AHBS3ZA[I] = AHBStem * 0.3051 * JurAmod(2,JurCode) * HBSZmod(7,I)
  AHBS4ZA[I] = AHBStem * 0.3448 * JurAmod(2,JurCode) * HBSZmod(8,I)
ENDIF

```

```

AHBSTZA[I] = AHBS1ZA[I] + AHBS2ZA[I] + AHBS3ZA[I] + AHBS4ZA[I]

; HBO
IF (ATYPE < 3)
  AHBO1ZA[I] = AHBOTem * 0.1588 * JurAmod(3,JurCode) * HBOZmod(5,I)
  AHBO2ZA[I] = AHBOTem * 0.1665 * JurAmod(3,JurCode) * HBOZmod(6,I)
  AHBO3ZA[I] = AHBOTem * 0.3039 * JurAmod(3,JurCode) * HBOZmod(7,I)
  AHBO4ZA[I] = AHBOTem * 0.3708 * JurAmod(3,JurCode) * HBOZmod(8,I)
ENDIF
IF (ATYPE = 3)
  AHBO1ZA[I] = AHBOTem * 0.0971 * JurAmod(3,JurCode) * HBOZmod(5,I)
  AHBO2ZA[I] = AHBOTem * 0.1626 * JurAmod(3,JurCode) * HBOZmod(6,I)
  AHBO3ZA[I] = AHBOTem * 0.3842 * JurAmod(3,JurCode) * HBOZmod(7,I)
  AHBO4ZA[I] = AHBOTem * 0.3561 * JurAmod(3,JurCode) * HBOZmod(8,I)
ENDIF
IF (ATYPE > 3)
  AHBO1ZA[I] = AHBOTem * 0.1309 * JurAmod(3,JurCode) * HBOZmod(5,I)
  AHBO2ZA[I] = AHBOTem * 0.2119 * JurAmod(3,JurCode) * HBOZmod(6,I)
  AHBO3ZA[I] = AHBOTem * 0.3456 * JurAmod(3,JurCode) * HBOZmod(7,I)
  AHBO4ZA[I] = AHBOTem * 0.3116 * JurAmod(3,JurCode) * HBOZmod(8,I)
ENDIF

AHBOTZA[I] = AHBO1ZA[I] + AHBO2ZA[I] + AHBO3ZA[I] + AHBO4ZA[I]

; NHB
ANHBTZA[I] = ANHBtem * JurAmod(4,JurCode) * NHBZmod(5,I) ; see
#Note# above

; MTK
AMTKTZA[I] = AMTKtem * JurAmod(5,JurCode) * MTKZmod(5,I) *
@MTK_GlobalAdj@
PMTKTZA[I] = AMTKtem * JurAmod(5,JurCode) * MTKZmod(1,I) *
@MTK_GlobalAdj@

; HTK
AHTKTZA[I] = AHTKtem * JurAmod(6,JurCode) * HTKZmod(5,I) *
@HTK_GlobalAdj@
PHTKTZA[I] = AHTKtem * JurAmod(6,JurCode) * HTKZmod(1,I) *
@HTK_GlobalAdj@

; Accumulate Internal Trip Attractions by purpose for the system
IF (I <= @LastIZN@)
  IntlHBWAs = IntlHBWAs + AHBWTZA[I]
  IntlHBSAs = IntlHBSAs + AHBSTZA[I]
  IntlHBOAs = IntlHBOAs + AHBOTZA[I]
  IntlNHBAs = IntlNHBAs + ANHBTZA[I]
  IntlMTRKAs = IntlMTRKAs + AMTKTZA[I]
  IntlMTRKPs = IntlMTRKPs +
PMTKTZA[I]
  IntlHTRKAs = IntlHTRKAs + AHTKTZA[I]
  IntlHTRKPs = IntlHTRKPs +
PHTKTZA[I]
ENDIF

IF (I > @LastIZN@)
  AHBWTZA[I] = zi.4.hbwxa[I]
  AHBSTZA[I] = zi.4.hbsxa[I]
  AHBOTZA[I] = zi.4.hboxa[I]
  ANHBTZA[I] = zi.4.nhbxa[I]
  AMTKTZA[I] = zi.4.mtkxa[I]
  AHTKTZA[I] = zi.4.htkxa[I]
  PMTKTZA[I] = zi.3.mtkxp[I]
  PHTKTZA[I] = zi.3.htkxp[I]

; Accumulate External Trip Attractions by purpose for the system
ExtlHBWAs = ExtlHBWAs + zi.4.hbwxa[I]

```

Appendix E TP+ scripts

```

ExtlHBSAs = ExtlHBSAs + zi.4.hbsxa[I]
ExtlHBOAs = ExtlHBOAs + zi.4.hboxa[I]
ExtlNHBSAs = ExtlNHBSAs + zi.4.nhbxa[I]
ExtlMTKAs = ExtlMTKAs + zi.4.mtkxa[I]
ExtlHTKAs = ExtlHTKAs + zi.4.htkxa[I]
ENDIF

;=====
; Scale Attractions to Productions
;=====

IF (I = @ZONESIZE@)
;#####
; Before scaling, compute HBW nonMotorized attractions as per CGTGV2TP.FOR
LOOP IDX=1,@LastIZN@

    AHBW_NMTZA[IDX] = PHBW_NMTZA[IDX] * 0.8982

    IF (AHBW_NMTZA[IDX] > AHBWTZA[IDX] )
        AHBW_NMTZA[IDX] = AHBWTZA[IDX] * 0.1870
    ENDIF

    IntlHBWNMAs = IntlHBWNMAs + AHBW_NMTZA[IDX]

ENDLOOP

NMScale = IntlNMHBWPs /IntlHBWNMAs

;
; Now, allocate HBW attractions among motorized/non-motorized groups
;

LOOP IDX=1,@ZONESIZE@
    TEM = AHBW_NMTZA[IDX]
    AHBW_NMTZA[IDX]= TEM * NMScale ;<-- Final Scaled HBW
Non_Motorized Attractions

    AdjAHBWTZA[IDX] = AHBWTZA[IDX] - AHBW_NMTZA[IDX] ; <-- Final HBW
Motorized Attractions
    IF (AdjAHBWTZA[IDX] <= 0.0)
        AdjAHBWTZA[IDX] = 0.0
        AdjAHBW1ZA[IDX] = 0.0
        AdjAHBW2ZA[IDX] = 0.0
        AdjAHBW3ZA[IDX] = 0.0
        AdjAHBW4ZA[IDX] = 0.0
    ELSE
        AdjAHBW1ZA[IDX] = AdjAHBWTZA[IDX] * AHBW1ZA[IDX]/AHBWTZA[IDX]
        AdjAHBW2ZA[IDX] = AdjAHBWTZA[IDX] * AHBW2ZA[IDX]/AHBWTZA[IDX]
        AdjAHBW3ZA[IDX] = AdjAHBWTZA[IDX] * AHBW3ZA[IDX]/AHBWTZA[IDX]
        AdjAHBW4ZA[IDX] = AdjAHBWTZA[IDX] * AHBW4ZA[IDX]/AHBWTZA[IDX]
    ENDIF

    IF (IDX <= @LastIZN@)
        IntlADJHBWAs = IntlADJHBWAs + AdjAHBWTZA[IDX]
        IntlNMHBWAs = IntlNMHBWAs + AHBW_NMTZA[IDX]
    ENDIF

    IF (IDX > @LastIZN@)
        ADJAHBWTZA[I] = zi.4.hbwxa[I]
        ADJAHBW1ZA[I] = 0

```

```

        ADJAHBW2ZA[I] = 0
        ADJAHBW3ZA[I] = 0
        ADJAHBW4ZA[I] = 0

    ENDIF

ENDLOOP

;-----
; Now compute Gloval Scaling Factors by Purpose here:
;-----

IF (IntlAdjHBWAs == 0)
    SF_HBW = 0
ELSE
    SF_HBW = ((IntlHBWPs + ExtlHBWPs) - ExtlHBWAs) / IntlAdjHBWAs
ENDIF

IF (IntlHBSAs == 0)
    SF_HBS = 0
ELSE
    SF_HBS = ((IntlHBSPs + ExtlHBSPs) - ExtlHBSAs) / IntlHBSAs
ENDIF

IF (IntlHBOAs == 0)
    SF_HBO = 0
ELSE
    SF_HBO = ((IntlHBOPs + ExtlHBOPs) - ExtlHBOAs) / IntlHBOAs
ENDIF

IF (IntlNHBSAs == 0)
    SF_NHB = 0
ELSE
    SF_NHB = ((IntlNHBPp + ExtlNHBPp) - ExtlNHBSAs) / IntlNHBSAs
ENDIF

IF (IntlMTKAs == 0)
    SF_MTK = 0
ELSE
    SF_MTK = ((IntlMTKPs + ExtlMTKPs) - ExtlMTKAs) / IntlMTKAs
ENDIF

IF (IntlHTKAs == 0)
    SF_HTK = 0
ELSE
    SF_HTK = ((IntlHTKPs + ExtlHTKPs) - ExtlHTKAs) / IntlHTKAs
ENDIF

;-----
; Now apply attraction scaling factors to Internal TAZs Only
;-----

LOOP IDX = 1,@LastIZN@

    FAHBW1ZA[IDX] = AdjAHBW1ZA[IDX] * SF_HBW          FAHBW2ZA[IDX] = AdjAHBW2ZA[IDX]
* SF_HBW
    FAHBW3ZA[IDX] = AdjAHBW3ZA[IDX] * SF_HBW          FAHBW4ZA[IDX] = AdjAHBW4ZA[IDX]
* SF_HBW
    FAHBWTZA[IDX] = AdjAHBWTZA[IDX] * SF_HBW

    FAHBS1ZA[IDX] = AHBS1ZA[IDX] * SF_HBS          FAHBS2ZA[IDX] = AHBS2ZA[IDX]
* SF_HBS
    FAHBS3ZA[IDX] = AHBS3ZA[IDX] * SF_HBS          FAHBS4ZA[IDX] = AHBS4ZA[IDX]
* SF_HBS
    FAHBSSTZA[IDX] = AHBSTZA[IDX] * SF_HBS

    FAHBO1ZA[IDX] = AHBO1ZA[IDX] * SF_HBO          FAHBO2ZA[IDX] = AHBO2ZA[IDX]
* SF_HBO

```


Appendix E TP+ scripts

```

    FAHBO3ZA[IDX] = AHBO3ZA[IDX] * SF_HBO    FAHBO4ZA[IDX] = AHBO4ZA[IDX]
* SF_HBO
    FAHBOTZA[IDX] = AHBOTZA[IDX] * SF_HBO

    FANHBTZA[IDX] = ANHBTZA[IDX] * SF_NHB ; Final NHB A's (Also used as
final P's too)

    FAMTKTZA[IDX] = AMTKTZA[IDX] * SF_MTK ; Final MTK A's (Also used as
final P's too)

    FAHTKTZA[IDX] = AHTKTZA[IDX] * SF_HTK ; Final HTK A's (Also used as
final P's too)
;
; Accumulate the Total Internal Final/Scaled Attractions Here:
;
    IntlFinHBWAs = IntlFinHBWAs + FAHBWTZA[IDX]
    IntlFinHBSAs = IntlFinHBSAs + FAHBSTZA[IDX]
    IntlFinHBOAs = IntlFinHBOAs + FAHBOTZA[IDX]
    IntlFinNHBAs = IntlFinNHBAs + FANHBTZA[IDX]
    IntlFinMTKAs = IntlFinMTKAs + FAMTKTZA[IDX]
    IntlFinHTKAs = IntlFinHTKAs + FAHTKTZA[IDX]
;
; Accumulate Internal NHB, Mtk, Htk final/scaled trip attractions at Juris Level
;
    IF (IDX <= @LastIZN@)
    Jr = ZoneJURA[IDX]
        JurNHBA[jr] = JurNHBA[jr] + FANHBTZA[IDX]
        JurMTKA[jr] = JurMTKA[jr] + FAMTKTZA[IDX]
        JurHTKA[jr] = JurHTKA[jr] + FAHTKTZA[IDX]
    EndIF
ENDLOOP

;
; Now just set final/scaled attractions equal to initial attractions which are
; really just the input external attractions. These are maintained as is
;
FrstExZN = @LastIZN@ + 1
LOOP IDX= FrstExZN,@ZONESIZE@

    FAHBWTZA[IDX] = AHBWTZA[IDX] ; Final HBW As
    FAHBSTZA[IDX] = AHBSTZA[IDX] ; Final HBS As
    FAHBOTZA[IDX] = AHBOTZA[IDX] ; Final HBO A's
    FANHBTZA[IDX] = ANHBTZA[IDX] ; Final NHB A's
    FAMTKTZA[IDX] = AMTKTZA[IDX] ; Final MTK A's
    FAHTKTZA[IDX] = AHTKTZA[IDX] ; Final HTK A's

ENDLOOP

;
; =====
; Now Write the Zonal P/A Files for Trip Distribution
; =====
;
    LOOP Idx= 1,@ZoneSize@
        Print Form=@Ofmt@ List =IDX(5),PHBW_NMTZA[IDX],AHBW_NMTZA[IDX],
file=@hbwnmpa@

        Print Form=@Ofmt@ List =IDX(5),PHBWTZA[IDX],
file=@hbwps_all@
        Print Form=@Ofmt@ List =IDX(5),PHBSTZA[IDX],
file=@hbpsps_all@

```

```

        Print Form=@Ofmt@ List =IDX(5),PHBOTZA[IDX],
file=@hbops_all@
        Print Form=@Ofmt@ List =IDX(5),PNHBTZA[IDX],
file=@nhbps_all@
        Print Form=@Ofmt@ List =IDX(5),PMTKTZA[IDX],
file=@mtkps_all@
        Print Form=@Ofmt@ List =IDX(5),PHTKTZA[IDX],
file=@htkps_all@

        Print Form=@Ofmt@ List
=IDX(5),PHBW1ZA[IDX],PHBW2ZA[IDX],PHBW3ZA[IDX],PHBW4ZA[IDX], file=@hbwps_inc@
        Print Form=@Ofmt@ List
=IDX(5),PHBS1ZA[IDX],PHBS2ZA[IDX],PHBS3ZA[IDX],PHBS4ZA[IDX], file=@hbsps_inc@
        Print Form=@Ofmt@ List
=IDX(5),PHBO1ZA[IDX],PHBO2ZA[IDX],PHBO3ZA[IDX],PHBO4ZA[IDX], file=@hbops_inc@

        Print Form=@Ofmt@ List =IDX(5),FAHBWTZA[IDX],
file=@hbwas_all@
        Print Form=@Ofmt@ List =IDX(5),FAHBSTZA[IDX],
file=@hbsas_all@
        Print Form=@Ofmt@ List =IDX(5),FAHBOTZA[IDX],
file=@hboas_all@
        Print Form=@Ofmt@ List =IDX(5),FANHBTZA[IDX],
file=@nhbas_all@
        Print Form=@Ofmt@ List =IDX(5),FAMTKTZA[IDX],
file=@mtkas_all@
        Print Form=@Ofmt@ List =IDX(5),FAHTKTZA[IDX],
file=@htkas_all@

        Print Form=@Ofmt@ List
=IDX(5),FAHBW1ZA[IDX],FAHBW2ZA[IDX],FAHBW3ZA[IDX],FAHBW4ZA[IDX], file=@hbwas_inc@
        Print Form=@Ofmt@ List
=IDX(5),FAHBS1ZA[IDX],FAHBS2ZA[IDX],FAHBS3ZA[IDX],FAHBS4ZA[IDX], file=@hbsas_inc@
        Print Form=@Ofmt@ List
=IDX(5),FAHBO1ZA[IDX],FAHBO2ZA[IDX],FAHBO3ZA[IDX],FAHBO4ZA[IDX], file=@hboas_inc@

        IF (IDX <= @LastIZN@) ; Internal Med/Hvy Truck and NHB Trips Only

            Print Form=@Ofmt@ List =IDX(5),PNHBTZA[IDX],
file=@nhbps_int@
            Print Form=@Ofmt@ List =IDX(5),PMTKTZA[IDX],
file=@mtkps_int@
            Print Form=@Ofmt@ List =IDX(5),PHTKTZA[IDX],
file=@htkps_int@

            Print Form=@Ofmt@ List =IDX(5),FANHBTZA[IDX],
file=@nhbas_int@
            Print Form=@Ofmt@ List =IDX(5),FAMTKTZA[IDX],
file=@mtkas_int@
            Print Form=@Ofmt@ List =IDX(5),FAHTKTZA[IDX],
file=@htkas_int@

        ELSE

            Print Form=@Ofmt@ List =IDX(5),'          0.00',
file=@nhbps_int@
            Print Form=@Ofmt@ List =IDX(5),'          0.00',
file=@mtkps_int@
            Print Form=@Ofmt@ List =IDX(5),'          0.00',
file=@htkps_int@

            Print Form=@Ofmt@ List =IDX(5),'          0.00',
file=@nhbas_int@
            Print Form=@Ofmt@ List =IDX(5),'          0.00',
file=@mtkas_int@
            Print Form=@Ofmt@ List =IDX(5),'          0.00',
file=@htkas_int@

```

Appendix E TP+ scripts

```

ENDIF

ENDLOOP

;
=====
; Write the Report Files
;=====
;
; compute total motorized Ps/As for summary:
TOTHBWPs = IntlHBWPs + ExtlHBWPs
TOTHBWAs = IntlAdjHBWAs + ExtlHBWAs
DiffHBW = TOTHBWAs - TOTHBWPs
PctDHBW = DiffHBW/TOTHBWPs * 100.00

TOTHBSPs = IntlHBSPs + ExtlHBSPs
TOTHBASs = IntlHBASs + ExtlHBASs
DiffHBS = TOTHBASs - TOTHBSPs
PctDHBS = DiffHBS/TOTHBSPs * 100.00

TOTHBOPs = IntlHBOPs + ExtlHBOPs
TOTHBOAs = IntlHBOAs + ExtlHBOAs
DiffHBO = TOTHBOAs - TOTHBOPs
PctDHBO = DiffHBO/TOTHBOPs * 100.00

TOTNHBP = IntlNHBP + ExtlNHBP
TOTNHBA = IntlNHBA + ExtlNHBA
DiffNHB = TOTNHBA - TOTNHBP
PctDNHB = DiffNHB/TOTNHBP * 100.00

TOTMTKPs = IntlMTKPs + ExtlMTKPs
TOTMTKAs = IntlMTKAs + ExtlMTKAs
DiffMTK = TOTMTKAs - TOTMTKPs
PctDMTK = DiffMTK/TOTMTKPs * 100.00

TOTHTKPs = IntlHTKPs + ExtlHTKPs
TOTHTKAs = IntlHTKAs + ExtlHTKAs
DiffHTK = TOTHTKAs - TOTHTKPs
PctDHTK = DiffHTK/TOTHTKPs * 100.00

;
; Calculate 'person' subtotals for summary:
IntlPSNPs = IntlHBWPs + IntlHBSPs + IntlHBOPs + IntlNHBP
IntlPSNAs = IntlAdjHBWAs + IntlHBASs + IntlHBOAs + IntlNHBA
ExtlPSNPs = ExtlHBWPs + ExtlHBSPs + ExtlHBOPs + ExtlNHBP
ExtlPSNAs = ExtlHBWAs + ExtlHBASs + ExtlHBOAs + ExtlNHBA
TOTPSNPs = IntlPSNPs + ExtlPSNPs
TOTPSNAs = IntlPSNAs + ExtlPSNAs
DiffPSN = TOTPSNAs - TOTPSNPs
PctDPSN = DiffPSN/TOTPSNPs * 100.00
IntlFinPSNAs = IntlFinHBWAs + IntlFinHBASs + IntlFinHBOAs + IntlFinNHBA

;
; Calculate 'truck' subtotals for summary:
IntlTrkPs = IntlMTKPs + IntlHTKPs
IntlTrkAs = IntlMTKAs + IntlHTKAs
ExtlTrkPs = ExtlMtkPs + ExtlHtkPs
ExtlTrkAs = ExtlMtkAs + ExtlHtkAs
TOTTrkPs = IntlTrkPs + ExtlTrkPs
TOTTrkAs = IntlTrkAs + ExtlTrkAs
DiffTrk = TOTTrkAs - TOTTrkPs
PctDTrk = DiffTrk/TOTTrkPs * 100.00
IntlFinTrkAs = IntlFinMTKAs + IntlFinHTKAs

```

```

Print LIST= ' ',file=@Rept@
Print LIST= ' ',file=@Rept@
Print LIST= ' TRIP_GENERATION.S - Program Output Summary
',file=@Rept@
Print LIST= ' ',file=@Rept@
Print LIST= ' ',file=@Rept@
Print LIST= ' ',file=@Rept@
Print LIST= ' Initial
Final/Scaled Scaling
Print LIST= ' Trip Internal External Internal External Total
Total Diff. % Diff. Internal Factor ',file=@Rept@
Print LIST= ' Purpose Prods. Prods. Attrs. Attrs. Prods.
Attr. (As - Ps) Attrs. ',file=@Rept@
Print LIST= '-----
',file=@Rept@
Print form=llcsv list='HB Work ',IntlHBWPs,ExtlHBWPs,IntlHBWAs,
ExtlHBWAs,TOTHBWPs,TOTHBWAs,DiffHBW,PctDHBW(11.2),IntlFinHBWAs, SF_HBW(11.3)
,file=@Rept@
Print form=llcsv list='HB Shop ',IntlHBSPs,ExtlHBSPs,IntlHBASs,
ExtlHBASs,TOTHBSPs,TOTHBASs,DiffHBS,PctDHBS(11.2),IntlFinHBASs, SF_HBS(11.3)
,file=@Rept@
Print form=llcsv list='HB Other ',IntlHBOPs,ExtlHBOPs,IntlHBOAs,
ExtlHBOAs,TOTHBOPs,TOTHBOAs,DiffHBO,PctDHBO(11.2),IntlFinHBOAs, SF_HBO(11.3)
,file=@Rept@
Print form=llcsv list='NonHB ',IntlNHBP,ExtlNHBP,IntlNHBA,
ExtlNHBA,TOTNHBP,TONHBA,DiffNHB,PctDNHB(11.2),IntlFinNHBA, SF_NHB(11.3)
,file=@Rept@
Print LIST= ' ',file=@Rept@
Print form=llcsv list='Persn Total',IntlPsnPs,ExtlPsnPs,IntlPsnAs,
ExtlPsnAs,TOTPsnPs,TOTPsnAs,DiffPsn,PctDPsn(11.2),IntlFinPsnAs, ' -'
,file=@Rept@
Print LIST= ' ',file=@Rept@
Print LIST= ' ',file=@Rept@
Print LIST= ' ',file=@Rept@
Print form=llcsv list='Med. Truck ',IntlMTKPs,ExtlMTKPs,IntlMTKAs,
ExtlMTKAs,TOTMTKPs,TOTMTKAs,DiffMTK,PctDMTK(11.2),IntlFinMTKAs, SF_MTK(11.3)
,file=@Rept@
Print form=llcsv list='Hvy. Truck ',IntlHTKPs,ExtlHTKPs,IntlHTKAs,
ExtlHTKAs,TOTHTKPs,TOTHTKAs,DiffHTK,PctDHTK(11.2),IntlFinHTKAs, SF_HTK(11.3)
,file=@Rept@
Print LIST= ' ',file=@Rept@
Print form=llcsv list='TruckTotal ',IntlTrkPs,ExtlTrkPs,IntlTrkAs,
ExtlTrkAs,TOTTrkPs,TOTTrkAs,DiffTrk,PctDTrk(11.2),IntlFinTrkAs, ' -'
,file=@Rept@
Print LIST= ' ',file=@Rept@
Print LIST= ' ',file=@Rept@
Print LIST= ' ',file=@Rept@
Print Form=12.csv List='Non-Motorized HBW Production Total: ', IntlNMHBWPs,
file=@rept@
Print Form=12.csv List='Non-Motorized HBW Attractions Total: ', IntlNMHBWAs,
file=@rept@
Print LIST= ' ',file=@Rept@
Print LIST= ' ',file=@Rept@
;
; Compute Trip Rate Totals, marginals for reporting
;
IntlHBWPr = IntlHBWPs/HH_TotSIV, IntlHBSPr = IntlHBSPs/HH_TotSIV, IntlHBOPr =
IntlHBOPs/HH_TotSIV
IntlNHBPPr = IntlNHBP/HH_TotSIV, IntlMTKPr = IntlMTKPs/HH_TotSIV, IntlHTKPr =
IntlHTKPs/HH_TotSIV
DFIOHH = HH_TotSIV - HH_Tot
Loop IDX=1,@SzCL@

```

Appendix E TP+ scripts

```

RegHBWrSzA[IDX] = RegHBWSzA[IDX]/RegHHSzA[IDX]
RegHBSrSzA[IDX] = RegHBSSzA[IDX]/RegHHSzA[IDX]
RegHBOsrSzA[IDX] = RegHBOSzA[IDX]/RegHHSzA[IDX]
RegNHBrSzA[IDX] = RegNHBSzA[IDX]/RegHHSzA[IDX]
ENDLOOP

Loop IDX=1,@InCL@
RegHBWrInA[IDX] = RegHBWInA[IDX]/RegHHInA[IDX]
RegHBSrInA[IDX] = RegHBSInA[IDX]/RegHHInA[IDX]
RegHBOsrInA[IDX] = RegHBOInA[IDX]/RegHHInA[IDX]
RegNHBrInA[IDX] = RegNHBinA[IDX]/RegHHInA[IDX]
ENDLOOP

Loop IDX=1,@VaCL@
RegHBWrVaA[IDX] = RegHBWVaA[IDX]/RegHHVaA[IDX]
RegHBSrVaA[IDX] = RegHBSSzA[IDX]/RegHHVaA[IDX]
RegHBOsrVaA[IDX] = RegHBOSzA[IDX]/RegHHVaA[IDX]
RegNHBrVaA[IDX] = RegNHBSzA[IDX]/RegHHVaA[IDX]
ENDLOOP

Loop IDX=1,@JurSize@
IF ( JurHHA[IDX] = 0)
  JurHBWrA[IDX] = 0
  JurHBSrA[IDX] = 0
  JurHBOsrA[IDX] = 0
  JurNHBrA[IDX] = 0
  JurMTKrA[IDX] = 0
  JurHTKrA[IDX] = 0
ELSE
  JurHBWrA[IDX] = JurHBWA[IDX]/JurHHA[IDX]
  JurHBSrA[IDX] = JurHBSA[IDX]/JurHHA[IDX]
  JurHBOsrA[IDX] = JurHBOA[IDX]/JurHHA[IDX]
  JurNHBrA[IDX] = JurNHBA[IDX]/JurHHA[IDX]
  JurMTKrA[IDX] = JurMTKA[IDX]/JurHHA[IDX]
  JurHTKrA[IDX] = JurHTKA[IDX]/JurHHA[IDX]
ENDIF

ENDLOOP
;
Print LIST= ' ',file=@Rept@
Print LIST= ' ',file=@Rept@
Print LIST= ' ',file=@Rept@
PRINT LIST= ' Regional Households and Motorized Person Trips By Size Level
',file=@Rept@
PRINT LIST =
HBS HBO HBS HNB HNB HBS HBS HBS
PRINT LIST = ' Size HHS NHB Trips Rate Trips
Rate Trips Rate Trips Rate Trips
PRINT LIST =
-----
Print form=12.csv LIST= ' 1
',RegHHSzA[1],RegHBWSzA[1],RegHBWrSzA[1](12.3),RegHBSSzA[1],RegHBSrSzA[1](12.3),RegH
BOSzA[1],RegHBOsrSzA[1](12.3),RegNHBSzA[1],RegNHBrSzA[1](12.3),file=@Rept@ ;
Print form=12.csv LIST= ' 2
',RegHHSzA[2],RegHBWSzA[2],RegHBWrSzA[2](12.3),RegHBSSzA[2],RegHBSrSzA[2](12.3),RegH
BOSzA[2],RegHBOsrSzA[2](12.3),RegNHBSzA[2],RegNHBrSzA[2](12.3),file=@Rept@ ;
Print form=12.csv LIST= ' 3
',RegHHSzA[3],RegHBWSzA[3],RegHBWrSzA[3](12.3),RegHBSSzA[3],RegHBSrSzA[3](12.3),RegH
BOSzA[3],RegHBOsrSzA[3](12.3),RegNHBSzA[3],RegNHBrSzA[3](12.3),file=@Rept@ ;
Print form=12.csv LIST= ' 4+
',RegHHSzA[4],RegHBWSzA[4],RegHBWrSzA[4](12.3),RegHBSSzA[4],RegHBSrSzA[4](12.3),RegH
BOSzA[4],RegHBOsrSzA[4](12.3),RegNHBSzA[4],RegNHBrSzA[4](12.3),file=@Rept@ ;
Print LIST= ' ',file=@Rept@
Print form=12.csv LIST= ' Total ',HH_TotSIV,
IntLHBWPs,IntLHBWPr(12.3),IntLHBSPr(12.3), IntLHBOPs,IntLHBOPr(12.3),
IntLNHBPs,IntLNHBPr(12.3), ,file=@Rept@ ;
Print LIST= ' ',file=@Rept@

```

```

Print LIST= ' ',file=@Rept@
Print form=12.csv LIST= ' I/P HHs: ',HH_Tot, ' (Regional HH Total from ZONE.ASC
file) ',file=@Rept@ ;
Print form=12.csv LIST= ' HH Diff. ',DFIOHH,
,file=@Rept@ ;

Print LIST= ' ',file=@Rept@
Print LIST= ' ',file=@Rept@
Print LIST= ' ',file=@Rept@
PRINT LIST= ' Regional Households and Motorized Person Trips By Income Level
',file=@Rept@
PRINT LIST =
HBS HBS HBS HBS HBS HBS HBS
PRINT LIST = ' Inc.Level HHS NHB NHB HBS HBS HBS
Rate Trips Rate Trips Rate Trips Rate Trips
PRINT LIST =
-----
Print form=12.csv LIST= ' 1
',RegHHInA[1],RegHBWInA[1],RegHBWrInA[1](12.3),RegHBSInA[1],RegHBSrInA[1](12.3),RegH
BOInA[1],RegHBOsrInA[1](12.3),RegNHBinA[1],RegNHBrInA[1](12.3),file=@Rept@ ;
Print form=12.csv LIST= ' 2
',RegHHInA[2],RegHBWInA[2],RegHBWrInA[2](12.3),RegHBSInA[2],RegHBSrInA[2](12.3),RegH
BOInA[2],RegHBOsrInA[2](12.3),RegNHBinA[2],RegNHBrInA[2](12.3),file=@Rept@ ;
Print form=12.csv LIST= ' 3
',RegHHInA[3],RegHBWInA[3],RegHBWrInA[3](12.3),RegHBSInA[3],RegHBSrInA[3](12.3),RegH
BOInA[3],RegHBOsrInA[3](12.3),RegNHBinA[3],RegNHBrInA[3](12.3),file=@Rept@ ;
Print form=12.csv LIST= ' 4
',RegHHInA[4],RegHBWInA[4],RegHBWrInA[4](12.3),RegHBSInA[4],RegHBSrInA[4](12.3),RegH
BOInA[4],RegHBOsrInA[4](12.3),RegNHBinA[4],RegNHBrInA[4](12.3),file=@Rept@ ;
Print LIST= ' ',file=@Rept@
Print form=12.csv LIST= ' Total ',HH_TotSIV,
IntLHBWPs,IntLHBWPr(12.3),IntLHBSPr(12.3), IntLHBOPs,IntLHBOPr(12.3),
IntLNHBPs,IntLNHBPr(12.3), ,file=@Rept@ ;
Print LIST= ' ',file=@Rept@
Print LIST= ' ',file=@Rept@
Print LIST= ' ',file=@Rept@
;
Print LIST= ' ',file=@Rept@
Print LIST= ' ',file=@Rept@
Print LIST= ' ',file=@Rept@
PRINT LIST= ' Regional Households and Motorized Person Trips By Vehicle Availability
Level ',file=@Rept@
PRINT LIST =
HBS HBS HBS HBS HBS HBS HBS
PRINT LIST = ' Vehs.Avail. HHS NHB NHB HBS HBS HBS
Rate Trips Rate Trips Rate Trips Rate Trips
PRINT LIST =
-----
Print form=12.csv LIST= ' 0
',RegHHVaA[1],RegHBWVaA[1],RegHBWrVaA[1](12.3),RegHBSVaA[1],RegHBSrVaA[1](12.3),RegH
BOVaA[1],RegHBOsrVaA[1](12.3),RegNHBrVaA[1],RegNHBrVaA[1](12.3),file=@Rept@ ;
Print form=12.csv LIST= ' 1
',RegHHVaA[2],RegHBWVaA[2],RegHBWrVaA[2](12.3),RegHBSVaA[2],RegHBSrVaA[2](12.3),RegH
BOVaA[2],RegHBOsrVaA[2](12.3),RegNHBrVaA[2],RegNHBrVaA[2](12.3),file=@Rept@ ;
Print form=12.csv LIST= ' 2
',RegHHVaA[3],RegHBWVaA[3],RegHBWrVaA[3](12.3),RegHBSVaA[3],RegHBSrVaA[3](12.3),RegH
BOVaA[3],RegHBOsrVaA[3](12.3),RegNHBrVaA[3],RegNHBrVaA[3](12.3),file=@Rept@ ;
Print form=12.csv LIST= ' 3+
',RegHHVaA[4],RegHBWVaA[4],RegHBWrVaA[4](12.3),RegHBSVaA[4],RegHBSrVaA[4](12.3),RegH
BOVaA[4],RegHBOsrVaA[4](12.3),RegNHBrVaA[4],RegNHBrVaA[4](12.3),file=@Rept@ ;
Print LIST= ' ',file=@Rept@
Print form=12.csv LIST= ' Total ',HH_TotSIV,
IntLHBWPs,IntLHBWPr(12.3),IntLHBSPr(12.3), IntLHBOPs,IntLHBOPr(12.3),
IntLNHBPs,IntLNHBPr(12.3), ,file=@Rept@ ;
Print LIST= ' ',file=@Rept@
Print LIST= ' ',file=@Rept@
Print LIST= ' ',file=@Rept@
Print LIST= ' ',file=@Rept@

```

Appendix E TP+ scripts

```

;=====
;=====
PRINT LIST = ' Jurisdictional Households and Motorized Person Trips by
Purpose ',file=@Rept@
PRINT LIST = '
HBS HBO HBO NHB NHB HBW HBW HBS
',file=@Rept@
PRINT LIST = ' Juris. HHS HHS Trips Rate Trips
Rate Trips Rate Trips Rate Trips ',file=@Rept@
-----
PRINT LIST = ' ',file=@Rept@

Print form=12.csv LIST= ' 0_DC
',JurHHA[01],JurHBWA[01],JurHBWrA[01](12.3),JurHBSA[01],JurHBSrA[01](12.3),JurHBOA[0
1],JurHBOrA[01](12.3),JurNHBA[01],JurNHBrA[01](12.3),file=@Rept@ ;
Print form=12.csv LIST= ' 1_Mtg
',JurHHA[02],JurHBWA[02],JurHBWrA[02](12.3),JurHBSA[02],JurHBSrA[02](12.3),JurHBOA[0
2],JurHBOrA[02](12.3),JurNHBA[02],JurNHBrA[02](12.3),file=@Rept@ ;
Print form=12.csv LIST= ' 2_PG
',JurHHA[03],JurHBWA[03],JurHBWrA[03](12.3),JurHBSA[03],JurHBSrA[03](12.3),JurHBOA[0
3],JurHBOrA[03](12.3),JurNHBA[03],JurNHBrA[03](12.3),file=@Rept@ ;
Print form=12.csv LIST= ' 3_Arl
',JurHHA[04],JurHBWA[04],JurHBWrA[04](12.3),JurHBSA[04],JurHBSrA[04](12.3),JurHBOA[0
4],JurHBOrA[04](12.3),JurNHBA[04],JurNHBrA[04](12.3),file=@Rept@ ;
Print form=12.csv LIST= ' 4_Alx
',JurHHA[05],JurHBWA[05],JurHBWrA[05](12.3),JurHBSA[05],JurHBSrA[05](12.3),JurHBOA[0
5],JurHBOrA[05](12.3),JurNHBA[05],JurNHBrA[05](12.3),file=@Rept@ ;
Print form=12.csv LIST= ' 5_Ffx
',JurHHA[06],JurHBWA[06],JurHBWrA[06](12.3),JurHBSA[06],JurHBSrA[06](12.3),JurHBOA[0
6],JurHBOrA[06](12.3),JurNHBA[06],JurNHBrA[06](12.3),file=@Rept@ ;
Print form=12.csv LIST= ' 6_Ldn
',JurHHA[07],JurHBWA[07],JurHBWrA[07](12.3),JurHBSA[07],JurHBSrA[07](12.3),JurHBOA[0
7],JurHBOrA[07](12.3),JurNHBA[07],JurNHBrA[07](12.3),file=@Rept@ ;
Print form=12.csv LIST= ' 7_PW
',JurHHA[08],JurHBWA[08],JurHBWrA[08](12.3),JurHBSA[08],JurHBSrA[08](12.3),JurHBOA[0
8],JurHBOrA[08](12.3),JurNHBA[08],JurNHBrA[08](12.3),file=@Rept@ ;
Print form=12.csv LIST= ' 8_ -
',JurHHA[09],JurHBWA[09],JurHBWrA[09](12.3),JurHBSA[09],JurHBSrA[09](12.3),JurHBOA[0
9],JurHBOrA[09](12.3),JurNHBA[09],JurNHBrA[09](12.3),file=@Rept@ ;
Print form=12.csv LIST= ' 9_Frd
',JurHHA[10],JurHBWA[10],JurHBWrA[10](12.3),JurHBSA[10],JurHBSrA[10](12.3),JurHBOA[1
0],JurHBOrA[10](12.3),JurNHBA[10],JurNHBrA[10](12.3),file=@Rept@ ;
Print form=12.csv LIST= ' 10_How
',JurHHA[11],JurHBWA[11],JurHBWrA[11](12.3),JurHBSA[11],JurHBSrA[11](12.3),JurHBOA[1
1],JurHBOrA[11](12.3),JurNHBA[11],JurNHBrA[11](12.3),file=@Rept@ ;
Print form=12.csv LIST= ' 11_AA
',JurHHA[12],JurHBWA[12],JurHBWrA[12](12.3),JurHBSA[12],JurHBSrA[12](12.3),JurHBOA[1
2],JurHBOrA[12](12.3),JurNHBA[12],JurNHBrA[12](12.3),file=@Rept@ ;
Print form=12.csv LIST= ' 12_Chs
',JurHHA[13],JurHBWA[13],JurHBWrA[13](12.3),JurHBSA[13],JurHBSrA[13](12.3),JurHBOA[1
3],JurHBOrA[13](12.3),JurNHBA[13],JurNHBrA[13](12.3),file=@Rept@ ;
Print form=12.csv LIST= ' 13_ -
',JurHHA[14],JurHBWA[14],JurHBWrA[14](12.3),JurHBSA[14],JurHBSrA[14](12.3),JurHBOA[1
4],JurHBOrA[14](12.3),JurNHBA[14],JurNHBrA[14](12.3),file=@Rept@ ;
Print form=12.csv LIST= ' 14_Car
',JurHHA[15],JurHBWA[15],JurHBWrA[15](12.3),JurHBSA[15],JurHBSrA[15](12.3),JurHBOA[1
5],JurHBOrA[15](12.3),JurNHBA[15],JurNHBrA[15](12.3),file=@Rept@ ;
Print form=12.csv LIST= ' 15_Cal
',JurHHA[16],JurHBWA[16],JurHBWrA[16](12.3),JurHBSA[16],JurHBSrA[16](12.3),JurHBOA[1
6],JurHBOrA[16](12.3),JurNHBA[16],JurNHBrA[16](12.3),file=@Rept@ ;
Print form=12.csv LIST= ' 16_SM
',JurHHA[17],JurHBWA[17],JurHBWrA[17](12.3),JurHBSA[17],JurHBSrA[17](12.3),JurHBOA[1
7],JurHBOrA[17](12.3),JurNHBA[17],JurNHBrA[17](12.3),file=@Rept@ ;
Print form=12.csv LIST= '
17_KGeo',JurHHA[18],JurHBWA[18],JurHBWrA[18](12.3),JurHBSA[18],JurHBSrA[18](12.3),Ju
rHBOA[18],JurHBOrA[18](12.3),JurNHBA[18],JurNHBrA[18](12.3),file=@Rept@ ;

```

```

Print form=12.csv LIST= ' 18_Fbg
',JurHHA[19],JurHBWA[19],JurHBWrA[19](12.3),JurHBSA[19],JurHBSrA[19](12.3),JurHBOA[1
9],JurHBOrA[19](12.3),JurNHBA[19],JurNHBrA[19](12.3),file=@Rept@ ;
Print form=12.csv LIST= ' 19_Sta
',JurHHA[20],JurHBWA[20],JurHBWrA[20](12.3),JurHBSA[20],JurHBSrA[20](12.3),JurHBOA[2
0],JurHBOrA[20](12.3),JurNHBA[20],JurNHBrA[20](12.3),file=@Rept@ ;
Print form=12.csv LIST= ' 20_Spt
',JurHHA[21],JurHBWA[21],JurHBWrA[21](12.3),JurHBSA[21],JurHBSrA[21](12.3),JurHBOA[2
1],JurHBOrA[21](12.3),JurNHBA[21],JurNHBrA[21](12.3),file=@Rept@ ;
Print form=12.csv LIST= ' 21_Fau
',JurHHA[22],JurHBWA[22],JurHBWrA[22](12.3),JurHBSA[22],JurHBSrA[22](12.3),JurHBOA[2
2],JurHBOrA[22](12.3),JurNHBA[22],JurNHBrA[22](12.3),file=@Rept@ ;
Print form=12.csv LIST= ' 22_Clk
',JurHHA[23],JurHBWA[23],JurHBWrA[23](12.3),JurHBSA[23],JurHBSrA[23](12.3),JurHBOA[2
3],JurHBOrA[23](12.3),JurNHBA[23],JurNHBrA[23](12.3),file=@Rept@ ;
Print form=12.csv LIST= ' 23_Jef
',JurHHA[24],JurHBWA[24],JurHBWrA[24](12.3),JurHBSA[24],JurHBSrA[24](12.3),JurHBOA[2
4],JurHBOrA[24](12.3),JurNHBA[24],JurNHBrA[24](12.3),file=@Rept@ ;

Print LIST= ' ',file=@Rept@
Print form=12.csv LIST= ' Total ',HH_TotSIV,
IntLHBWPs,IntLHBWPr(12.3),IntLHBSPr, IntLHBSPr(12.3), IntlHBOPs,IntlHBOPr(12.3),
IntlNHBPp,IntlNHBPPr(12.3), ',file=@Rept@ ;
Print LIST= ' ',file=@Rept@
Print LIST= ' ',file=@Rept@

PRINT LIST = ' Jurisdictional Households and Truck Trips by Vehicle
Type ',file=@Rept@
PRINT LIST = ' Medium_Truck Medium_Truck
Heavy_Truck Heavy_Truck ',file=@Rept@
PRINT LIST = ' Juris. HHS Trips Rate Trips
Rate ',file=@Rept@
-----
PRINT LIST = ' ',file=@Rept@

Print form=12.csv LIST= ' 0_DC
',JurHHA[01],JurMTKA[01],JurMTKrA[01](12.3),JurHTKA[01],JurHTKrA[01](12.3),file=@Rep
t@ ;
Print form=12.csv LIST= ' 1_Mtg
',JurHHA[02],JurMTKA[02],JurMTKrA[02](12.3),JurHTKA[02],JurHTKrA[02](12.3),file=@Rep
t@ ;
Print form=12.csv LIST= ' 2_PG
',JurHHA[03],JurMTKA[03],JurMTKrA[03](12.3),JurHTKA[03],JurHTKrA[03](12.3),file=@Rep
t@ ;
Print form=12.csv LIST= ' 3_Arl
',JurHHA[04],JurMTKA[04],JurMTKrA[04](12.3),JurHTKA[04],JurHTKrA[04](12.3),file=@Rep
t@ ;
Print form=12.csv LIST= ' 4_Alx
',JurHHA[05],JurMTKA[05],JurMTKrA[05](12.3),JurHTKA[05],JurHTKrA[05](12.3),file=@Rep
t@ ;
Print form=12.csv LIST= ' 5_Ffx
',JurHHA[06],JurMTKA[06],JurMTKrA[06](12.3),JurHTKA[06],JurHTKrA[06](12.3),file=@Rep
t@ ;
Print form=12.csv LIST= ' 6_Ldn
',JurHHA[07],JurMTKA[07],JurMTKrA[07](12.3),JurHTKA[07],JurHTKrA[07](12.3),file=@Rep
t@ ;
Print form=12.csv LIST= ' 7_PW
',JurHHA[08],JurMTKA[08],JurMTKrA[08](12.3),JurHTKA[08],JurHTKrA[08](12.3),file=@Rep
t@ ;
Print form=12.csv LIST= ' 8_ -
',JurHHA[09],JurMTKA[09],JurMTKrA[09](12.3),JurHTKA[09],JurHTKrA[09](12.3),file=@Rep
t@ ;
Print form=12.csv LIST= ' 9_Frd
',JurHHA[10],JurMTKA[10],JurMTKrA[10](12.3),JurHTKA[10],JurHTKrA[10](12.3),file=@Rep
t@ ;
Print form=12.csv LIST= ' 10_How
',JurHHA[11],JurMTKA[11],JurMTKrA[11](12.3),JurHTKA[11],JurHTKrA[11](12.3),file=@Rep
t@ ;

```

Appendix E TP+ scripts

```
Print form=12.csv LIST= ' 11_AA
',JurHHA[12],JurMTKA[12],JurMTKra[12](12.3),JurHTKA[12],JurHTKra[12](12.3),file=@Rep
t@ ;
Print form=12.csv LIST= ' 12_ChS
',JurHHA[13],JurMTKA[13],JurMTKra[13](12.3),JurHTKA[13],JurHTKra[13](12.3),file=@Rep
t@ ;
Print form=12.csv LIST= ' 13_ -
',JurHHA[14],JurMTKA[14],JurMTKra[14](12.3),JurHTKA[14],JurHTKra[14](12.3),file=@Rep
t@ ;
Print form=12.csv LIST= ' 14_Car
',JurHHA[15],JurMTKA[15],JurMTKra[15](12.3),JurHTKA[15],JurHTKra[15](12.3),file=@Rep
t@ ;
Print form=12.csv LIST= ' 15_Cal
',JurHHA[16],JurMTKA[16],JurMTKra[16](12.3),JurHTKA[16],JurHTKra[16](12.3),file=@Rep
t@ ;
Print form=12.csv LIST= ' 16_SM
',JurHHA[17],JurMTKA[17],JurMTKra[17](12.3),JurHTKA[17],JurHTKra[17](12.3),file=@Rep
t@ ;
Print form=12.csv LIST= '
17_KGeo',JurHHA[18],JurMTKA[18],JurMTKra[18](12.3),JurHTKA[18],JurHTKra[18](12.3),fi
le=@Rept@ ;
Print form=12.csv LIST= ' 18_Fbg
',JurHHA[19],JurMTKA[19],JurMTKra[19](12.3),JurHTKA[19],JurHTKra[19](12.3),file=@Rep
t@ ;
Print form=12.csv LIST= ' 19_Sta
',JurHHA[20],JurMTKA[20],JurMTKra[20](12.3),JurHTKA[20],JurHTKra[20](12.3),file=@Rep
t@ ;
Print form=12.csv LIST= ' 20_Spt
',JurHHA[21],JurMTKA[21],JurMTKra[21](12.3),JurHTKA[21],JurHTKra[21](12.3),file=@Rep
t@ ;
Print form=12.csv LIST= ' 21_Fau
',JurHHA[22],JurMTKA[22],JurMTKra[22](12.3),JurHTKA[22],JurHTKra[22](12.3),file=@Rep
t@ ;
Print form=12.csv LIST= ' 22_Clk
',JurHHA[23],JurMTKA[23],JurMTKra[23](12.3),JurHTKA[23],JurHTKra[23](12.3),file=@Rep
t@ ;
Print form=12.csv LIST= ' 23_Jef
',JurHHA[24],JurMTKA[24],JurMTKra[24](12.3),JurHTKA[24],JurHTKra[24](12.3),file=@Rep
t@ ;

Print LIST= '
',file=@Rept@
Print form=12.csv LIST= ' Total ',HH_TotSIV,
IntlMTKPs,IntlMTKPr(12.3),IntlHTKPs, IntlHTKPr(12.3),file=@Rept@ ;
;=====
=====

ENDIF ;
#####
#####

ENDRUN

*copy TPPL*.prn Trip_Generation.RPT
```

26 Update_wklink.s

```
; endif
ENDRUN
ENDLOOP
```

```
-----;
; Update_WkLinks.S
; Program updates AM/Off-Pk walk access links sets to reflect a merging of
; a current year and previous year walk access link set. The updated/merged
; file will ensure that walk access consistency is met between both years.
; The files each contain three variables:
; Anode, Bnode, and Distance in 100ths of mi. If a given link exists
; in both sets with different distances- the MINIMUM distance is used.
-----;
; 2005-02-25 Remove exclusion of Metrorail/commRail walk-acc links in the
; old file, but not the new
LOOP PERIOD =1,2
  IF (PERIOD=1)
    PRD='AM'
  ENDIF
  IF (PERIOD=2)
    PRD='OP'
  ENDIF

run pgm=hwynet ; 'network 1' is previous walk link set
               ; 'network 2' is current walk link set
linki[1]=inputs\walk_@PRD@.old, ; <<-- 'previous year' walk acc set
var=a,11-15,var=b,17-21,var=dist00,28-32
linki[2]=walk_@PRD@.tb, ; <<-- 'current' walk access set
var=a,11-15,var=b,17-21,var=dist00,28-32

; linko=combo.txt, ; write out a combined file
; format=txt,form=6.0 include=a,b

zones=2191 ;

compare record=1-2

if (_compare= 0) ;
  _tempstr= 'Case 1/link in old(1)/new(2) walk link set '
  findist = li.1.dist00

endif
if (_compare> 0) ;
  _tempstr= 'Case 2/link in old(1)/new (2) walk link set but DIST.DIFFERENT'
  distdiff=li.1.dist00 - li.2.dist00
  findist =MIN(li.1.dist00,li.2.dist00)
endif

if (_compare= -1)
  _tempstr='Case 3/link not in old(1) but in new(2) walk link set'
  findist = li.2.dist00

endif
if (_compare= -2)
  _tempstr='Case 4/link in old(1) but not in new(2) walk link set'
  findist = li.1.dist00
endif

;
; write out 'merged walk link file unless walk link exist
;
; if (!(_compare= -2 & b = 7301-7450,7600-7802))
list='SUPPORT N=',a(5),'-',b(5),' DIST=',findist(5),
' ONEWAY=N MODES= 16 SPEED= 3 ; ',_tempstr, file =walk_@PRD@.upd
```

Appendix F Batch files

Ref:

1	Runall	1
1.1	runall_2000.bat	1
1.2	runall2000.bat	2
1.3	runall_2030.bat	3
1.4	runall2030.bat	4
2	‘Pump-Prime’ Iterations	5
2.1	SetFactors.bat.....	5
2.2	set_CPI.bat	5
2.3	PP_Highway_Build.bat.....	5
2.4	PP_Highway_PNR.bat.....	5
2.5	PP_Transit_Prep.bat.....	5
2.6	PP_Auto_Drivers.bat	6
2.7	Misc_Time-of-Day.bat.....	6
3	‘Standard’ Iterations (1-6)	7
3.1	Highway_PNR.bat	7
3.2	Transit_Skim.bat.....	7
3.3	Transit_Fare.bat	7
3.4	Trip_Generation.bat	7
3.5	Trip_Distribution.bat	8
3.6	Mode_Choice.bat	8
3.7	Mode_Choice_tc.bat	9
3.8	Auto_Driver.bat	10
3.9	Time-of-Day.bat.....	10
3.10	Highway_Assignment.bat.....	10
3.11	Highway_Skims.bat	10

1 Runall

1.1 runall_2000.bat

```

:: runall_2000.bat
:: TPB Travel Model, Version 2.2

set _year_=2000
set _alt_=V2.2_Run_P_CV

:: Make sure appropriate MC control files exist in \controls SD
:: and copy to generic names in the output SD.
if not exist controls\mc_hbw00.ct1 goto err
if not exist controls\mc_hbs00.ct1 goto err
if not exist controls\mc_hbo00.ct1 goto err
if not exist controls\mc_nhb00.ct1 goto err
copy controls\mc_hbw00.ct1 %1\mchbw.ct1 /y
copy controls\mc_hbs00.ct1 %1\mchbs.ct1 /y
copy controls\mc_hbo00.ct1 %1\mchbo.ct1 /y
copy controls\mc_nhb00.ct1 %1\mcnhb.ct1 /y

rem ===== Pump Prime Iteration =====

set _iter_=pp
set _prev_=pp

call Set_Factors.bat %1

call Set_CPI.bat %1

call PP_Highway_Build.bat %1

call PP_Highway_PNR.bat %1

call PP_Transit_Prep.bat %1

call Transit_Skim.bat %1

call Trip_Generation.bat %1

call Trip_Distribution.bat %1

call PP_Auto_Drivers.bat %1

call Misc_Time-of-Day.bat %1

call Time-of-Day.bat %1

call Highway_Assignment.bat %1

call Highway_Skims.bat %1

rem ===== Iteration 1 =====

REM (copy year/alt specific MC controls to generic filenames on output S.D.)
copy controls\mc_hbw00.ct1 %1\mc_hbw.ct1 /y
copy controls\mc_hbs00.ct1 %1\mc_hbs.ct1 /y
copy controls\mc_hbo00.ct1 %1\mc_hbo.ct1 /y

```

```

copy controls\mc_nhb00.ct1 %1\mc_nhb.ct1 /y

set _iter_=i1
set _prev_=pp

call Highway_PNR.bat %1

call Transit_Skim.bat %1

call Transit_Fare.bat %1

call Trip_Generation.bat %1

call Trip_Distribution.bat %1

call Mode_Choice.bat %1

call Auto_Driver.bat %1

call Time-of-Day.bat %1

call Highway_Assignment.bat %1

call Highway_Skims.bat %1

rem ===== Iteration 2 =====

set _iter_=i2
set _prev_=i1

call Highway_PNR.bat %1

call Transit_Skim.bat %1

call Transit_Fare.bat %1

call Trip_Generation.bat %1

call Trip_Distribution.bat %1

call Mode_Choice.bat %1

call Auto_Driver.bat %1

call Time-of-Day.bat %1

call Highway_Assignment.bat %1

call Highway_Skims.bat %1

rem ===== Iteration 3 =====

set _iter_=i3
set _prev_=i2

call Highway_PNR.bat %1

call Transit_Skim.bat %1

call Transit_Fare.bat %1

call Trip_Generation.bat %1

call Trip_Distribution.bat %1

call Mode_Choice.bat %1

call Auto_Driver.bat %1

```

```
call Time-of-Day.bat %1
call Highway_Assignment.bat %1
call Highway_Skims.bat %1

rem ===== Iteration 4 =====
set _iter_=i4
set _prev_=i3

call Highway_PNR.bat %1
call Transit_Skim.bat %1
call Transit_Fare.bat %1
call Trip_Generation.bat %1
call Trip_Distribution.bat %1
call Mode_Choice.bat %1
call Auto_Driver.bat %1
call Time-of-Day.bat %1
call Highway_Assignment.bat %1
call Highway_Skims.bat %1

rem ===== Iteration 5 =====
set _iter_=i5
set _prev_=i4

call Highway_PNR.bat %1
:: Transit_Prep.bat This has already been run in the PP iteration
call Transit_Skim.bat %1
call Transit_Fare.bat %1
call Trip_Generation.bat %1
call Trip_Distribution.bat %1
call Mode_Choice.bat %1
call Auto_Driver.bat %1
call Time-of-Day.bat %1
call Highway_Assignment.bat %1
call Highway_Skims.bat %1

rem ===== Iteration 6 =====
set _iter_=i6
set _prev_=i5

call Highway_PNR.bat %1
call Transit_Skim.bat %1
```

```
call Transit_Fare.bat %1
call Trip_Generation.bat %1
call Trip_Distribution.bat %1
call Mode_Choice.bat %1
call Auto_Driver.bat %1
call Time-of-Day.bat %1
call Highway_Assignment.bat %1
call Highway_Skims.bat %1

rem ===== End of batch file =====

set _year_=
set _alt_=
set _iter_=
set _prev_=
```

1.2 runall2000.bat

```
:: runall2000.bat, 2007-01-02
:: Source: I:\ateam\model_dev\Version_2.2P_CV

set root=C:\Version_2.2P_CV
set scenar=2000
set runbat=runall_2000.bat
set fullpth=%root%\%scenar%
:: Std error redirected to a file; Std output split between file and screen
timethis "cmd /c %runbat% %scenar% 2> %fullpth%\%scenar%_errs.txt" | tee
%fullpth%\%scenar%_output.txt
start %fullpth%\%scenar%_errs.txt
start %fullpth%\%scenar%_output.txt

:: Cleanup
set root=
set scenar=
set fullpth=
set runbat=
```

1.3 runall_2030.bat

```

:: runall_2030.bat

:: TPB Travel Model, Version 2.2

set _year_=2030
set _alt_=V2.2_Run_P_CV

:: Make sure appropriate MC control files exist in \controls SD
:: and copy to generic names in the output SubDir.
if not exist      controls\mc_hbw30.ct1    goto err
if not exist      controls\mc_hbs30.ct1    goto err
if not exist      controls\mc_hbo30.ct1    goto err
if not exist      controls\mc_nhb30.ct1    goto err
copy controls\mc_hbw30.ct1 %1\mchbw.ct1 /y
copy controls\mc_hbs30.ct1 %1\mchbs.ct1 /y
copy controls\mc_hbo30.ct1 %1\mchbo.ct1 /y
copy controls\mc_nhb30.ct1 %1\mcnhb.ct1 /y

:: Enter the name of the path and file of pre-existing 2010 MC run
set _path10_=C:\Version_2.2P_CV\2010

if not exist %_path10%\mc_hbw16.fin goto err
set _path10hbw=%_path10%\mc_hbw16.fin
set _path10hbs=%_path10%\mc_hbs16.fin
set _path10hbo=%_path10%\mc_hbo16.fin
set _path10nhb=%_path10%\mc_nhb16.fin

rem ===== Pump Prime Iteration =====

set _iter_=pp
set _prev_=pp

call Set_Factors.bat %1

call Set_CPI.bat %1

call PP_Highway_Build.bat %1
call PP_Highway_PNR.bat %1
call PP_Transit_Prep.bat %1

call Transit_Skim.bat %1

call Trip_Generation.bat %1

call Trip_Distribution.bat %1

call PP_Auto_Drivers.bat %1

call Misc_Time-of-Day.bat %1

call Time-of-Day.bat %1

call Highway_Assignment.bat %1

call Highway_Skims.bat %1

rem ===== Iteration 1 =====

```

```

set _iter_=i1
set _prev_=pp

call Highway_PNR.bat %1

call Transit_Skim.bat %1

call Transit_Fare.bat %1

call Trip_Generation.bat %1

call Trip_Distribution.bat %1

call Mode_Choice_TC.bat %1

call Auto_Driver.bat %1

call Time-of-Day.bat %1

call Highway_Assignment.bat %1

call Highway_Skims.bat %1

rem ===== Iteration 2 =====

set _iter_=i2
set _prev_=i1

call Highway_PNR.bat %1

call Transit_Skim.bat %1

call Transit_Fare.bat %1

call Trip_Generation.bat %1

call Trip_Distribution.bat %1

call Mode_Choice_TC.bat %1

call Auto_Driver.bat %1

call Time-of-Day.bat %1

call Highway_Assignment.bat %1

call Highway_Skims.bat %1

rem ===== Iteration 3 =====

set _iter_=i3
set _prev_=i2

call Highway_PNR.bat %1

call Transit_Skim.bat %1

call Transit_Fare.bat %1

call Trip_Generation.bat %1

call Trip_Distribution.bat %1

call Mode_Choice_TC.bat %1

call Auto_Driver.bat %1

call Time-of-Day.bat %1

```

```
call Highway_Assignment.bat %1
call Highway_Skims.bat %1

rem ===== Iteration 4 =====
set _iter_=i4
set _prev_=i3

call Highway_PNR.bat %1
call Transit_Skim.bat %1
call Transit_Fare.bat %1
call Trip_Generation.bat %1
call Trip_Distribution.bat %1
call Mode_Choice_TC.bat %1
call Auto_Driver.bat %1
call Time-of-Day.bat %1
call Highway_Assignment.bat %1
call Highway_Skims.bat %1

rem ===== Iteration 5 =====
set _iter_=i5
set _prev_=i4

call Highway_PNR.bat %1
:: Transit_Prep.bat This has already been run in the PP iteration
call Transit_Skim.bat %1
call Transit_Fare.bat %1
call Trip_Generation.bat %1
call Trip_Distribution.bat %1
call Mode_Choice_TC.bat %1
call Auto_Driver.bat %1
call Time-of-Day.bat %1
call Highway_Assignment.bat %1
call Highway_Skims.bat %1

rem ===== Iteration 6 =====
set _iter_=i6
set _prev_=i5

call Highway_PNR.bat %1
call Transit_Skim.bat %1
call Transit_Fare.bat %1
```

```
call Trip_Generation.bat %1
call Trip_Distribution.bat %1
call Mode_Choice_TC.bat %1
call Auto_Driver.bat %1
call Time-of-Day.bat %1
call Highway_Assignment.bat %1
call Highway_Skims.bat %1

rem ===== End of batch file =====

set _year=
set _alt=
set _iter=
set _prev=
```

1.4 runall2030.bat

```
:: runall2030.bat, 2006-01-02
:: Source: I:\ateam\model_dev\Version_2.2P_CV

set root=C:\Version_2.2P_CV
set scenar=2030
set runbat=runall_2030.bat
set fullpth=%root%\%scenar%
:: Std error redirected to a file; Std output split between file and screen
timethis "cmd /c %runbat% %scenar% 2> %fullpth%\%scenar%_errs.txt" | tee
%fullpth%\%scenar%_output.txt
start %fullpth%\%scenar%_errs.txt
start %fullpth%\%scenar%_output.txt

:: Cleanup
set root=
set scenar=
set fullpth=
set runbat=
```

2 'Pump-Prime' Iterations

2.1 SetFactors.bat

```
cd support

del tppl*.*
del set_factors.rpt

start /w TPPLUS.EXE ..\scripts\Set_Factors.s /start -Ptppl -S..\support
if errorlevel 1 goto error
copy tppl*.prn set_factors.rpt
copy TRN_deflator.txt ..\%1
copy Hwy_Deflator.txt ..\%1
copy MFARE2_CPI.TXT ..\%1
del TRN_deflator.txt
del Hwy_Deflator.txt
del MFARE2_CPI.TXT

goto end
:error
REM Processing Error
PAUSE
:end
cd..
```

2.2 set_CPI.bat

```
cd %1

REM CPI Establishment

del tppl*.*
del set_CPI.rpt
start /w TPPLUS.EXE ..\scripts\set_CPI.s /start -Ptppl -S..\%1
if errorlevel 1 goto error
copy tppl*.prn set_CPI.rpt
goto end

:error
REM Processing Error.....
PAUSE
:end
cd..
```

2.3 PP_Highway_Build.bat

```
cd %1

REM Highway Network Building

..\software\STAPROTP ..\controls\staprotp.ctl
if errorlevel 1 goto error
del temp.dat
del staprotp.tem

del trn_node.asc
copy inputs\node.asc + stapnr.xys TRN_NODE.ASC

del tppl*.*
del highway_build.rpt
start /w TPPLUS.EXE ..\scripts\highway_build_toll.s /start -Ptppl -S..\%1
if errorlevel 1 goto error
copy tppl*.prn %_iter_%_highway_build.rpt
goto end

:error
REM Processing Error.....
PAUSE
:end
cd..
```

2.4 PP_Highway_PNR.bat

```
CD %1
REM Highway Skimming and PNR development

del tppl*.*
del pump_prime_skims.rpt
start /w TPPLUS.EXE ..\scripts\pump_prime_skims.s /start -Ptppl -S..\%1
if errorlevel 1 goto error
copy tppl*.prn %_iter_%_pump_prime_skims.rpt
goto end

:error
REM Processing Error....
PAUSE
:end
CD..
```

2.5 PP_Transit_Prep.bat

```
CD %1
```

Appendix F Batch files

```
copy inputs\MODE*.TB

..\software\NODESTB ..\controls\nt_am.ct1
    if errorlevel 1 goto error
..\software\SORTLINE nt_am.asc

copy nt_am.rpt %_iter_%_nt_am.rpt
del nt_am.rpt

..\software\NODESTB ..\controls\nt_op.ct1
    if errorlevel 1 goto error
..\software\SORTLINE nt_op.asc

copy nt_op.rpt %_iter_%_nt_op.rpt
del nt_op.rpt

del nodestb.tem

..\software\CNTCONN2 ..\controls\ct2_am.ct1
    if errorlevel 1 goto error

copy ct2_am.rpt %_iter_%_ct2_am.rpt
del ct2_am.rpt

..\software\CNTCONN2 ..\controls\ct2_op.ct1
    if errorlevel 1 goto error

copy ct2_op.rpt %_iter_%_ct2_op.rpt
del ct2_op.rpt

..\software\GIS_PROC ..\controls\gis.ct1
if errorlevel 1 goto error
del gis_proc.tem

copy gis_proc.rpt %_iter_%_gis_proc.rpt
del gis_proc.rpt

del wklnktp.rpt
del walk_am.rpt
..\software\WLKLNKTP ..\controls\walk_am.ct1
    if errorlevel 1 goto error
copy wklnktp.rpt %_iter_%_walk_am.rpt
del wklnktp.rpt

del wklnktp.rpt
del walk_op.rpt
..\software\WLKLNKTP ..\controls\walk_op.ct1
    if errorlevel 1 goto error
copy wklnktp.rpt %_iter_%_walk_op.rpt
del wklnktp.rpt

rem ////////////////////////////////// START walk link update section //////////////////////////////////
if not exist inputs\walk_am.old goto SKPWKUP
if not exist inputs\walk_op.old goto SKPWKUP

del tppl*.*
    del Update_WkLinks.rpt
start /w TPPLUS.EXE ..\scripts\Update_WkLinks.s /start -Ptppl -S..\%1
if errorlevel 1 goto error
    copy tppl*.prn Update_Wklinks.rpt

del walk_??.tb
copy walk_??.upd walk_??.tb

rem ////////////////////////////////// END walk link update section //////////////////////////////////
```

```
:SKPWKUP

del tppl*.*
    del prefartp.rpt
start /w TPPLUS.EXE ..\scripts\prefartp.s /start -Ptppl -S..\%1
if errorlevel 1 goto error
    copy tppl*.prn prefartp.rpt

goto end
:error
REM Processing Error.....
PAUSE
:end
CD..
```

2.6 PP_Auto_Drivers.bat

```
CD %1

REM Pump Prime Auto Driver Trips

del tppl*.*
del %_iter_%_Auto_Drivers.rpt
start /w TPPLUS.EXE ..\scripts\PP_Auto_Drivers.s /start -Ptppl -S..\%1
if errorlevel 1 goto error
copy tppl*.prn %_iter_%_Auto_Drivers.rpt
copy %_iter_%_Auto_Drivers.rpt temp.dat
..\software\extrtab temp.dat
copy extrtab.out %_iter_%_Auto_Drivers.tab
del extrtab.out
del temp.out

goto end
:error
REM Processing Error....
PAUSE
:end
CD..
```

2.7 Misc_Time-of-Day.bat

```
CD %1

REM Non-Modeled Time-of-Day Trips

del tppl*.*
del Misc_Time-of-Day.rpt
start /w TPPLUS.EXE ..\scripts\Misc_Time-of-Day.s /start -Ptppl -S..\%1
if errorlevel 1 goto error
copy tppl*.prn Misc_Time-of-Day.rpt
copy Misc_Time-of-Day.rpt temp.dat
..\software\extrtab temp.dat
copy extrtab.out Misc_Time-of-Day.tab
del extrtab.out
del temp.out
```

```
goto end
:error
REM Processing Error....
PAUSE
:end
CD..
```

3 'Standard' Iterations (1-6)

3.1 Highway_PNR.bat

```
CD %1
REM Auto Access PNR Link Updating (Based on previous iter Assignment)

del tppl*.*
del %_iter_%_Auto_Access.rpt
start /w TPPLUS.EXE ..\scripts\Auto_Access.s /start -Ptppl -S..\%1
if errorlevel 1 goto error
copy tppl*.prn %_iter_%_Auto_Access.rpt
goto end

:error
REM Processing Error....
PAUSE
:end
CD..
```

3.2 Transit_Skim.bat

```
CD %1
REM Transit Network Building (Final)

del tppl*.*
del transit_skims.rpt
start /w TPPLUS.EXE ..\scripts\transit_skims.s /start -Ptppl -S..\%1
if errorlevel 2 goto error
copy tppl*.prn %_iter_%_TRANSIT_SKIMS.RPT
goto end
:error
REM Processing Error.....
PAUSE
:end
CD..
```

3.3 Transit_Fare.bat

```
CD %1
REM Transit Fares

del tppl*.*
del metrorail_skims.rpt
start /w TPPLUS.EXE ..\scripts\metrorail_skims.s /start -Ptppl -S..\%1
if errorlevel 1 goto error
copy tppl*.prn %_iter_%_metrorail_skims.rpt

del tppl*.*
del %_iter_%_mfarel.rpt
start /w TPPLUS.EXE ..\scripts\mfarel.s /start -Ptppl -S..\%1
if errorlevel 1 goto error
copy tppl*.prn %_iter_%_mfarel.rpt

del tppl*.*
del %_iter_%_mfare2.rpt
start /w TPPLUS.EXE ..\scripts\mfare2.s /start -Ptppl -S..\%1
if errorlevel 1 goto error
copy tppl*.prn %_iter_%_mfare2.rpt

goto end
:error
REM Processing Error....
PAUSE
:end
CD..
```

3.4 Trip_Generation.bat

```
CD %1
REM Trip Generation

del tppl*.*
del %_iter_%_Demo_Models.rpt
start /w TPPLUS.EXE ..\scripts\Demo_Models.s /start -Ptppl -S..\%1
if errorlevel 1 goto error
copy tppl*.prn %_iter_%_Demo_Models.rpt
copy Demo_Models.txt %_iter_%_Demo_Models.txt

copy HHI1_SV.ASC %_iter_%_HHI1_SV.ASC
copy HHI2_SV.ASC %_iter_%_HHI2_SV.ASC
copy HHI3_SV.ASC %_iter_%_HHI3_SV.ASC
copy HHI4_SV.ASC %_iter_%_HHI4_SV.ASC

copy HH_Veh.dat %_iter_%_HH_Veh.dat

del tppl*.*
del %_iter_%_Trip_Generation.rpt
start /w TPPLUS.EXE ..\scripts\trip_generation.s /start -Ptppl -S..\%1
if errorlevel 1 goto error
copy tppl*.prn %_iter_%_Trip_Generation.rpt
```

```
copy trip_Generation.txt %_iter_%_Trip_Generation.txt

del tppl*.*
del %_iter_%_CV_Trip_Generation.rpt
start /w TPPLUS.EXE ..\scripts\CV_trip_generation.s /start -Ptppl -S..\%1
if errorlevel 1 goto error
copy tppl*.prn %_iter_%_CV_Trip_Generation.rpt

..\software\COGMCAL ..\controls\COGMCAL.CTL
if errorlevel 1 goto error

copy cogmcal.rpt %_iter_%_cogmcal.rpt
del cogmcal.rpt

goto end
:error
REM Processing Error....
PAUSE
:end
CD..
```

3.5 Trip_Distribution.bat

```
REM Trip Distribution

CD %1

del tppl*.*
del %_iter_%_TrpDst.rpt
start /w TPPLUS.EXE ..\scripts\trip_distribution.s /start -Ptppl -S..\%1
if errorlevel 1 goto error
copy tppl*.prn %_iter_%_TrpDst.rpt
copy %_iter_%_TrpDst.rpt temp.rpt
..\software\extrtab temp.rpt
copy extrtab.out %_iter_%_TrpDst.tab
del extrtab.out
del temp.rpt

del tppl*.*
del %_iter_%_CV_TrpDst.rpt
start /w TPPLUS.EXE ..\scripts\CV_trip_distribution.s /start -Ptppl -S..\%1
if errorlevel 1 goto error
copy tppl*.prn %_iter_%_CV_TrpDst.rpt

goto end
:error
REM Processing Error....
PAUSE
:end
CD..
```

3.6 Mode_Choice.bat

```
:: Standard Mode Choice Model Application / No Constraint

CD %1

copy %_iter_%_hbwmu.ptt hbwmu.ptt
copy %_iter_%_hbsmu.ptt hbsmu.ptt
copy %_iter_%_hbomu.ptt hbomu.ptt
copy %_iter_%_nhbmu.ptt nhbmu.ptt

copy %_iter_%_am_wk.skm am_wk.skm
copy %_iter_%_am_dr.skm am_dr.skm
copy %_iter_%_op_wk.skm op_wk.skm
copy %_iter_%_op_dr.skm op_dr.skm

copy %_iter_%_am_wk.far mf_am_wk.far
copy %_iter_%_am_dr.far mf_am_dr.far
copy %_iter_%_op_wk.far mf_op_wk.far
copy %_iter_%_op_dr.far mf_op_dr.far

copy sov%_prev_%am.skm sovam.skm
copy hov2%_prev_%am.skm hov2am.skm
copy hov3%_prev_%am.skm hov3am.skm

copy sov%_prev_%op.skm sovop.skm
copy hov2%_prev_%op.skm hov2op.skm
copy hov3%_prev_%op.skm hov3op.skm

del mc_hbw.*
..\software\COGMC mchbw.ctl
if errorlevel 1 goto error

del mc_hbs.*
..\software\COGMC mchbs.ctl
if errorlevel 1 goto error

del mc_hbo.*
..\software\COGMC mchbo.ctl
if errorlevel 1 goto error

del mc_nhb.*
..\software\COGMC mcnhb.ctl
if errorlevel 1 goto error

del tppl*.prn
del mc_summary.rpt
start /w TPPLUS.EXE ..\scripts\mc_summary.s /start -Ptppl -S..\%1
if errorlevel 1 goto error
copy tppl*.prn %_iter_%_mc_summary.rpt
copy tppl*.prn temp.rpt
..\software\extrtab temp.rpt
copy extrtab.out %_iter_%_mc_summary.tab
del extrtab.out
del temp.rpt
goto end

:error
REM Processing Error....
PAUSE
:end
CD..
```


3.7 Mode_Choice_tc.bat

```

:: Mode Choice Model Application w/ Transit Constraint
:: This Batch file REPLACES Mode_Choice.bat if the transit
:: constraint process is utilized

CD %1

copy %_iter_%_hbwmu.ptt hbwmu.ptt
copy %_iter_%_hbsmu.ptt hbsmu.ptt
copy %_iter_%_hbomu.ptt hbomu.ptt
copy %_iter_%_nhbmu.ptt nhbmu.ptt

copy %_iter_%_am_wk.skm am_wk.skm
copy %_iter_%_am_dr.skm am_dr.skm
copy %_iter_%_op_wk.skm op_wk.skm
copy %_iter_%_op_dr.skm op_dr.skm

copy %_iter_%_am_wk.far mf_am_wk.far
copy %_iter_%_am_dr.far mf_am_dr.far
copy %_iter_%_op_wk.far mf_op_wk.far
copy %_iter_%_op_dr.far mf_op_dr.far

copy sov%_prev_%am.skm sovam.skm
copy hov2%_prev_%am.skm hov2am.skm
copy hov3%_prev_%am.skm hov3am.skm

copy sov%_prev_%op.skm sovop.skm
copy hov2%_prev_%op.skm hov2op.skm
copy hov3%_prev_%op.skm hov3op.skm

:: GET MODE CHOICE INPUT FILES FROM 2010
:: Check that the 2010 mode ch. model output files are correctly spec'd
if not exist %_path10hbw_% goto error
if not exist %_path10hbs_% goto error
if not exist %_path10hbo_% goto error
if not exist %_path10nhb_% goto error

REM Run Mode Choice Model to get unconstrained transit trips
del mc_hbw.*
..\software\COGMC mchbw.ctl
if errorlevel 1 goto error

del mc_hbs.*
..\software\COGMC mchbs.ctl
if errorlevel 1 goto error

del mc_hbo.*
..\software\COGMC mchbo.ctl
if errorlevel 1 goto error

del mc_nhb.*
..\software\COGMC mcnhb.ctl
if errorlevel 1 goto error

del tppl*.prn
del %_iter_%_mc_summary.rpt
start /w TPPLUS.EXE ..\scripts\mc_summary.s /start -Ptppl -S..\%1
if errorlevel 1 goto error
copy tppl*.prn %_iter_%_mc_summary.rpt
copy tppl*.prn temp.rpt
..\software\extrtab temp.rpt
copy extrtab.out %_iter_%_mc_summary.tab
del extrtab.out

```

```

del temp.rpt

REM End of Mode Choice Model
REM Execute Transit Constraint process
del tppl*.prn
del %_iter_%_mc_constraint.rpt
start /w TPPLUS.EXE ..\scripts\mc_constraint.s /start -Ptppl -S..\%1
if errorlevel 1 goto error
copy tppl*.prn %_iter_%_mc_constraint.rpt
copy tppl*.prn temp.rpt
..\software\extrtab temp.rpt
copy extrtab.out %_iter_%_mc_constraint.tab
del extrtab.out
del temp.rpt

REM Save unconstrained Mode Choice Output files to
REM off-line files used for checking (*.ucn)
REM Then remove constrained files and
REM replace them with constrained versions, and summarize

copy mc_hbw%_iter%.fin mc_hbw%_iter%.ucn
copy mc_hbs%_iter%.fin mc_hbs%_iter%.ucn
copy mc_hbo%_iter%.fin mc_hbo%_iter%.ucn
copy mc_nhb%_iter%.fin mc_nhb%_iter%.ucn

del mc_hbw%_iter%.fin
del mc_hbs%_iter%.fin
del mc_hbo%_iter%.fin
del mc_nhb%_iter%.fin

copy mc_hbw%_iter%.con mc_hbw%_iter%.fin
copy mc_hbs%_iter%.con mc_hbs%_iter%.fin
copy mc_hbo%_iter%.con mc_hbo%_iter%.fin
copy mc_nhb%_iter%.con mc_nhb%_iter%.fin

REM Execute Summary of Constrained Transit Trips
del tppl*.prn
del %_iter_%_mc_consumsummary.rpt
start /w TPPLUS.EXE ..\scripts\mc_consumsummary.s /start -Ptppl -S..\%1
if errorlevel 1 goto error
copy tppl*.prn %_iter_%_mc_consumsummary.rpt
copy tppl*.prn temp.rpt
..\software\extrtab temp.rpt
copy extrtab.out %_iter_%_mc_consumsummary.tab
del extrtab.out
del temp.rpt

goto end

:error
REM Processing Error or Misspecified 2010 transit file path...
PAUSE
:end
CD..

```

3.8 Auto_Driver.bat

```

CD %1

REM Auto Driver Trips

del tppl*. *
del          %_iter_%_mc_Auto_Drivers.rpt
start /w TPPLUS.EXE ..\scripts\mc_Auto_Drivers.s /start -Ptppl -S..\%1
if errorlevel 1 goto error
copy tppl*.prn %_iter_%_mc_Auto_Drivers.rpt
copy          %_iter_%_mc_Auto_Drivers.rpt temp.dat
..\software\extrtab temp.dat
copy extrtab.out %_iter_%_mc_Auto_Drivers.tab
del extrtab.out
del temp.out

goto end
:error
REM Processing Error....
PAUSE
:end
CD..

```

3.9 Time-of-Day.bat

```

CD %1

REM Time-of-Day Trips

del tppl*. *
del          %_iter_%_Time-of-Day.rpt
start /w TPPLUS.EXE ..\scripts\Time-of-Day.s /start -Ptppl -S..\%1
if errorlevel 1 goto error
copy tppl*.prn %_iter_%_Time-of-Day.rpt
copy          %_iter_%_Time-of-Day.rpt temp.dat
..\software\extrtab temp.dat
copy extrtab.out %_iter_%_Time-of-Day.tab
del temp.dat

del tppl*. *
del          %_iter_%_CV_Time-of-Day.rpt
start /w TPPLUS.EXE ..\scripts\CV_Time-of-Day.s /start -Ptppl -S..\%1
if errorlevel 1 goto error
copy tppl*.prn %_iter_%_CV_Time-of-Day.rpt

goto end

:error

```

```

REM Processing Error....
PAUSE
:end
CD..

```

3.10 Highway_Assignment.bat

```

CD %1

REM Highway Assignment

del tppl*. *
del          %_iter_%_Highway_Assignment.rpt
start /w TPPLUS.EXE ..\scripts\Highway_Assignment.s /start -Ptppl -S..\%1
if errorlevel 1 goto error

copy tppl*.prn %_iter_%_Highway_Assignment.rpt
copy          %_iter_%_Highway_Assignment.rpt temp.dat
..\software\extrtab temp.dat
copy extrtab.out %_iter_%_Highway_Assignment.tab

goto end
:error
REM Processing Error....
PAUSE
:end
CD..

```

3.11 Highway_Skims.bat

```

CD %1

REM Highway Skims

del tppl*. *
del          %_iter_%_Highway_Skims.rpt
start /w TPPLUS.EXE ..\scripts\Highway_Skims.s /start -Ptppl -S..\%1
if errorlevel 1 goto error
copy tppl*.prn %_iter_%_Highway_Skims.rpt
goto end
:error
REM Processing Error....
PAUSE
:end
CD..

```

Appendix G Flowcharts

Ref: v2.2_MODAPP.vsd

Flowchart Numbers associated with Flowchart Steps

This Appendix contains detailed data processing flow charts showing the relationship of input and output files to the processing steps comprising the Version 2.2 travel model. The flowcharts are arranged on the basis of the 17 batch files used in the model application. Many of the batch files are reused during the application of the model. The table below describes the sequence of each batch file used by iteration. The flowcharts are numbered in accordance with the numbering system (1-17), shown in the table below.

Batch File	Initial (Pump Prime) Iteration ↓ Standard Iterations →						
	PP	1	2	3	4	5	6
Set_Factors.bat	1						
Set_CPI.bat	2						
PP_Highway_Build.bat	3						
PP_Highway_PNR.bat	4						
Highway_PNR.bat				14			
PP_Transit_Prep.bat	5						
Transit_Skim.bat				6			
Transit_Fare.bat				15			
Trip_Generation.bat				7			
Trip_Distribution.bat				8			
Mode_Choice.bat or Mode_Choice_TC.bat				16			
PP_Auto_Drivers.bat	9						
Auto_Driver.bat				17			
Misc_Time-of-Day.bat	10						
Time-of-Day.bat				11			
Highway_Assignment.bat				12			
Highway_Skims.bat				13			



TITLE: Version 2.2 Model Application

COMPANY: COG/TPB

CREATOR: RM/MS

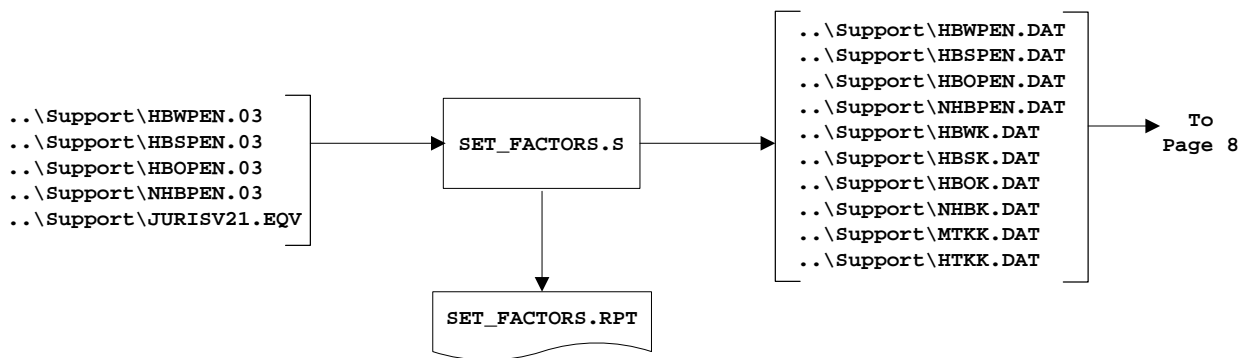
DATE: January 2007

PG: 1

OF 17

FILENAME: V2.2_MODAPP.VSD

Set Factors.bat





TITLE: Version 2.2 Model Application

COMPANY: COG/TPB

CREATOR: RM/MS

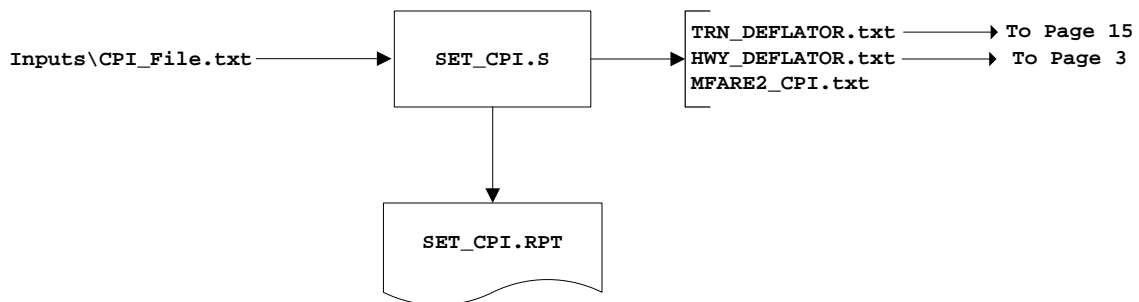
DATE: January 2007

PG: 2

OF 17

FILENAME: V2.2_MODAPP.VSD

Set CPI.bat





TITLE: Version 2.2 Model Application

COMPANY: COG/TPB

CREATOR: RM/MS

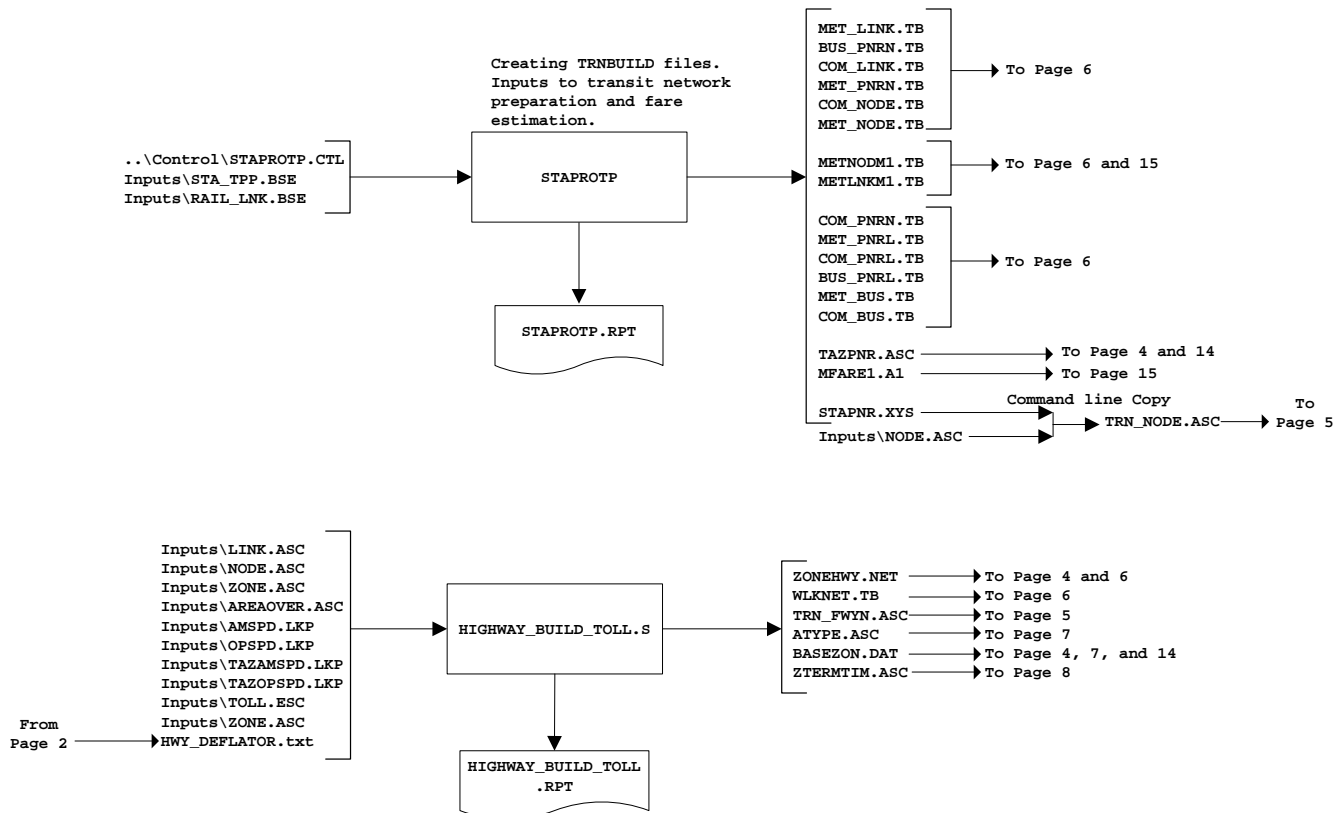
DATE: January 2007

PG: 3

OF 17

FILENAME: V2.2_MODAPP.VSD

PP Highway Build.bat: Highway Network Preparation





TITLE: Version 2.2 Model Application

COMPANY: COG/TPB

CREATOR: RM/MS

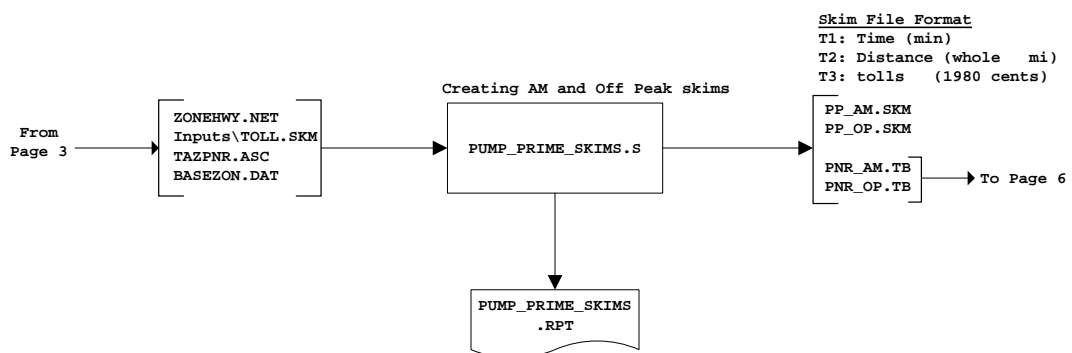
DATE: January 2007

PG: 4

OF 17

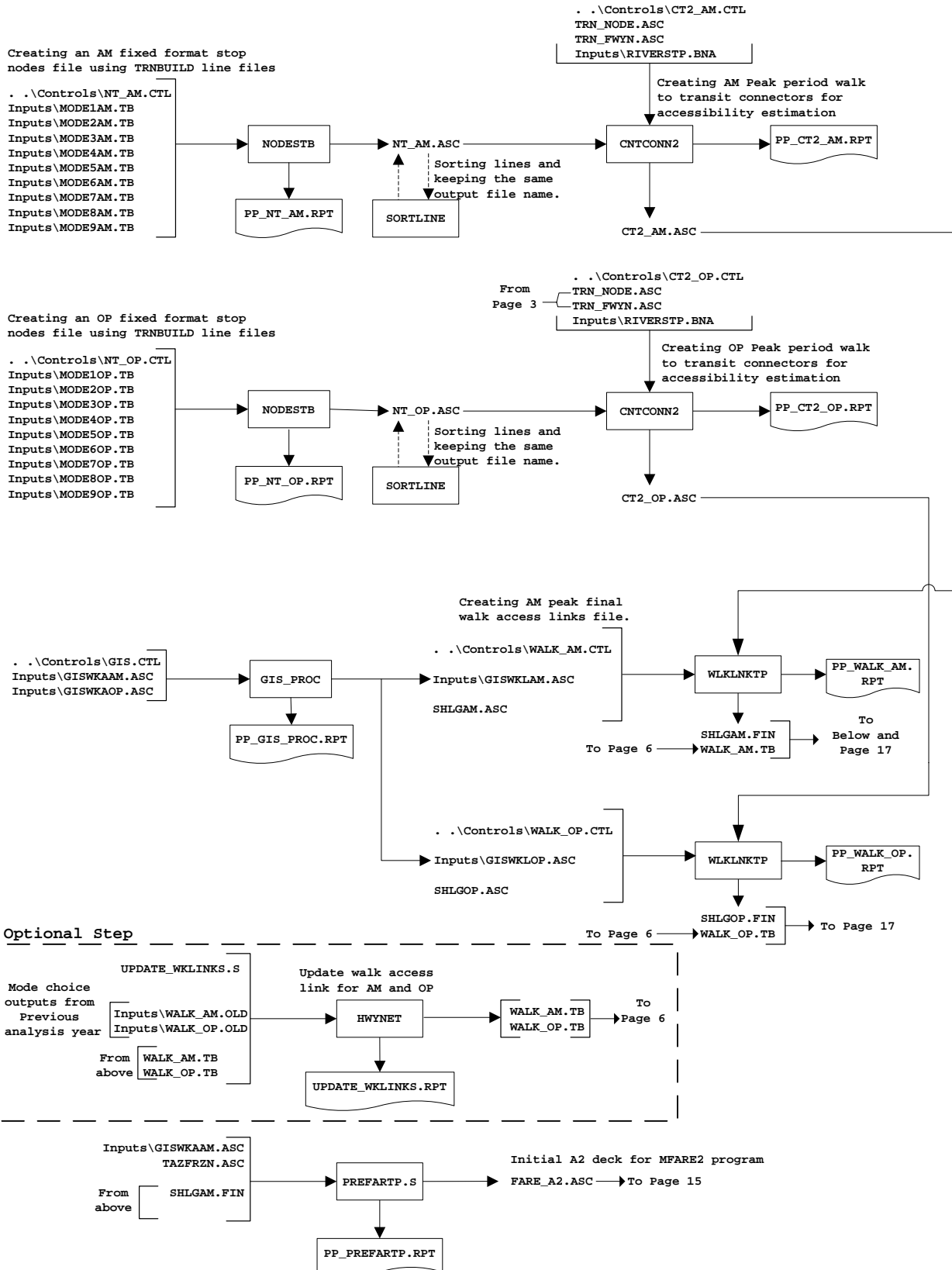
FILENAME: V2.2_MODAPP.VSD

PP Highway PNR.bat: Highway Path Building



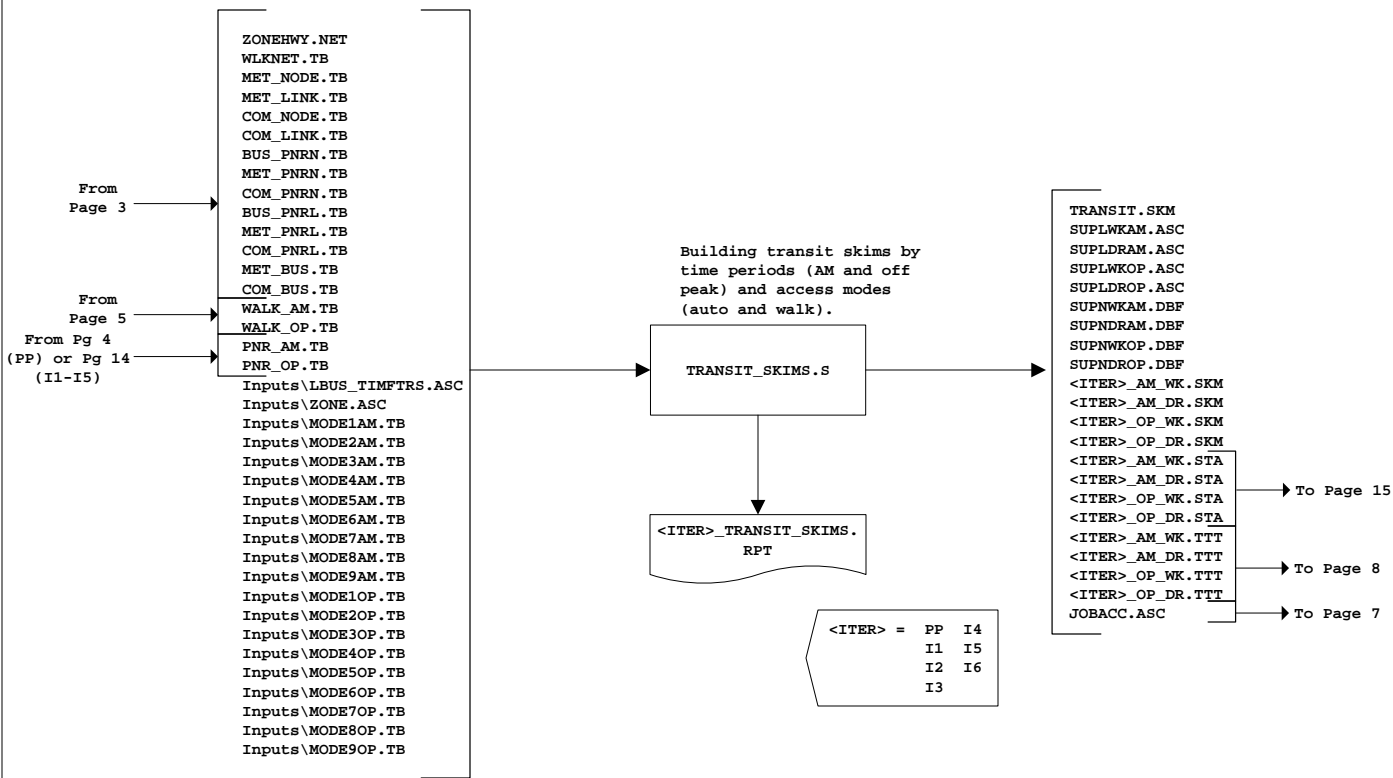


PP Transit Prep.bat



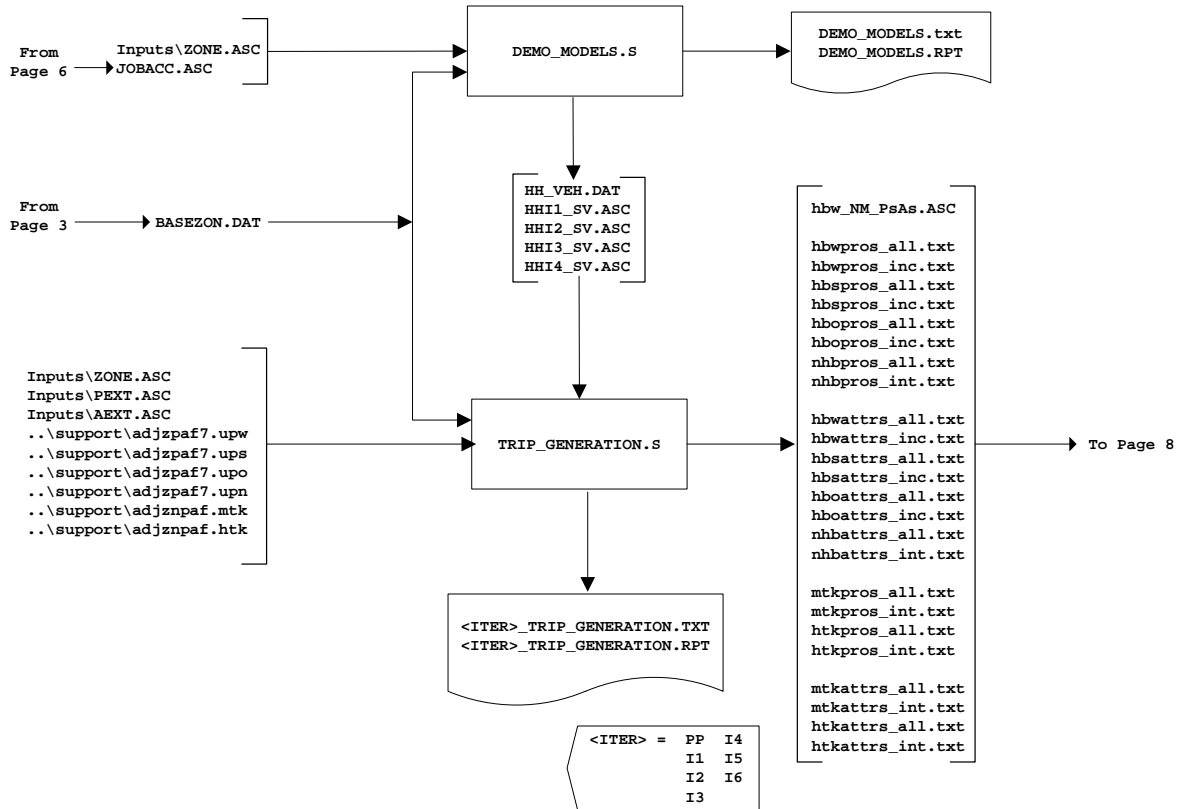


Transit Skim.bat: Transit Path Building





Trip Generation.bat: Trip Generation





TITLE: Version 2.2 Model Application

COMPANY: COG/TPB

CREATOR: RM/MS

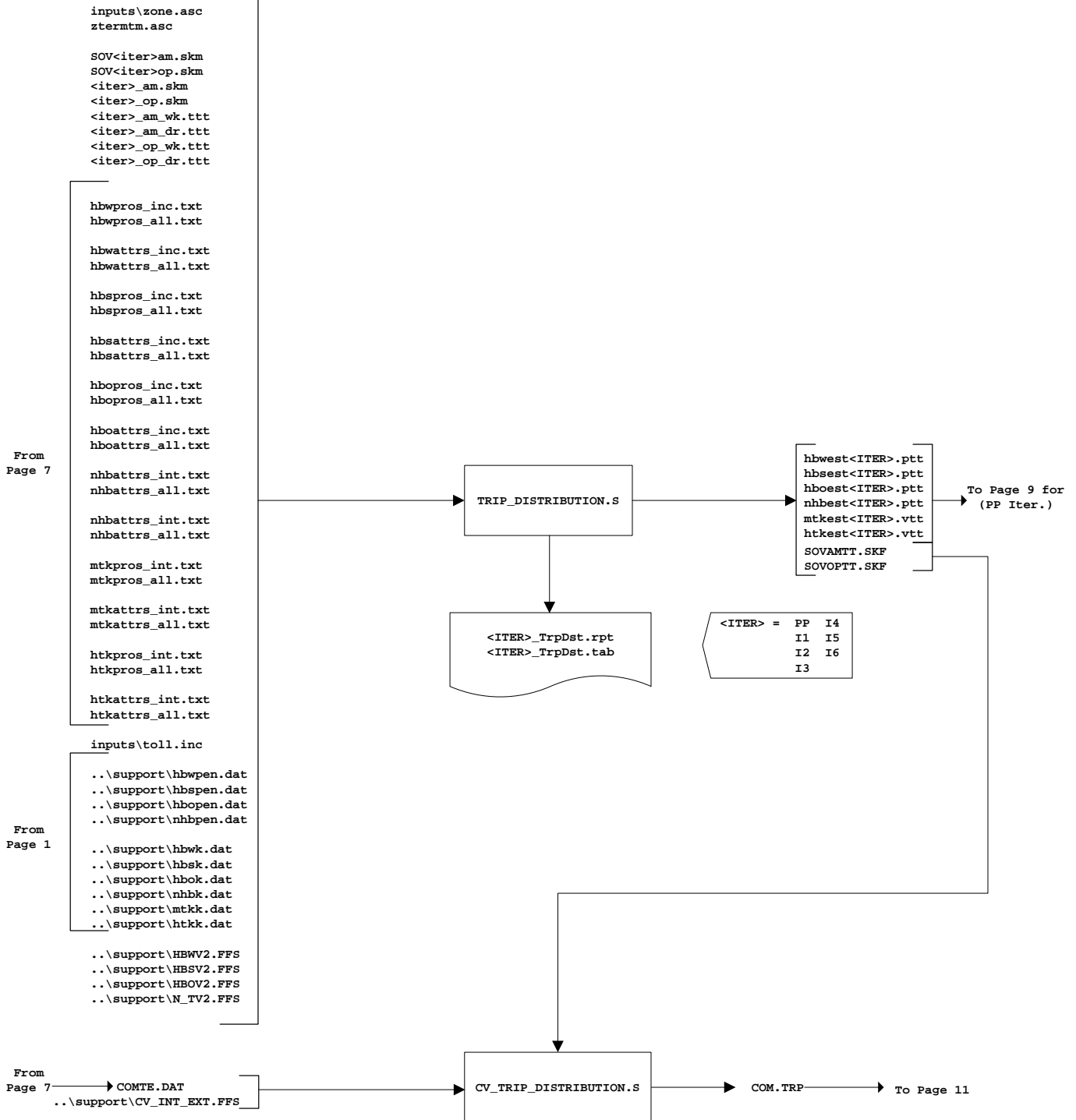
DATE: January 2007

PG: 8

OF 17

FILENAME: V2.2_MODAPP.VSD

Trip Distribution.bat: Trip Distribution





TITLE: Version 2.2 Model Application

COMPANY: COG/TPB

CREATOR: RM/MS

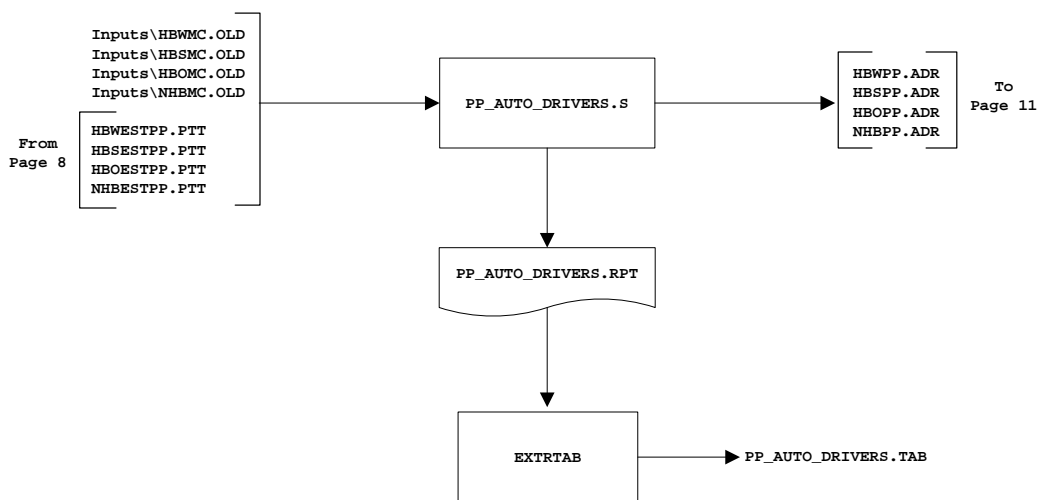
DATE: January 2007

PG: 9

OF 17

FILENAME: V2.2_MODAPP.VSD

PP Auto Drivers.bat: Pump Prime Auto Driver Trips





TITLE: Version 2.2 Model Application

COMPANY: COG/TPB

CREATOR: RM/MS

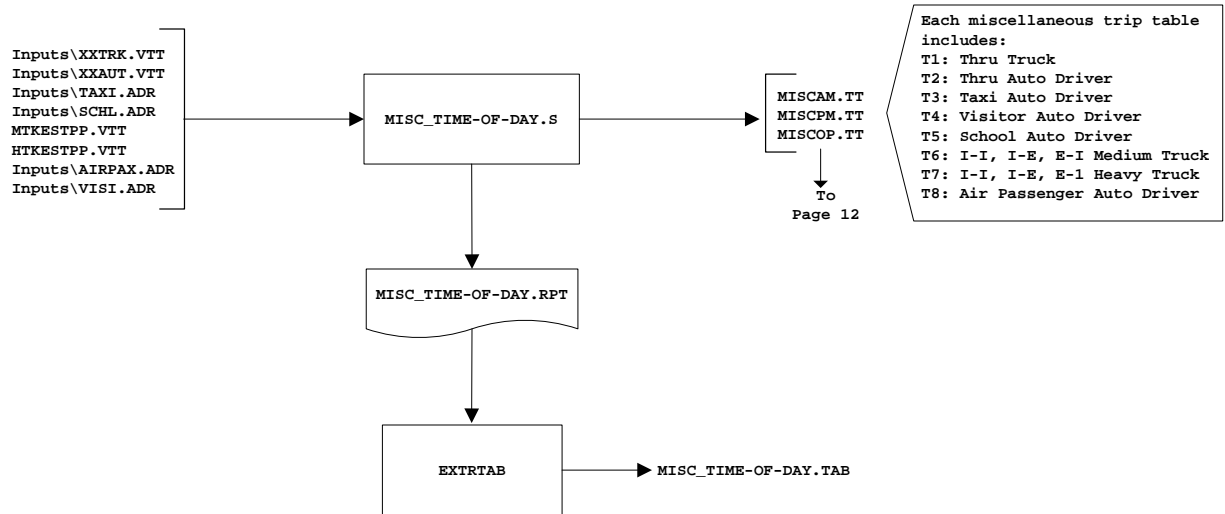
DATE: January 2007

PG: 10

OF 17

FILENAME: V2.2_MODAPP.VSD

Misc Time-of-Day.bat





TITLE: Version 2.2 Model Application

COMPANY: COG/TPB

CREATOR: RM/MS

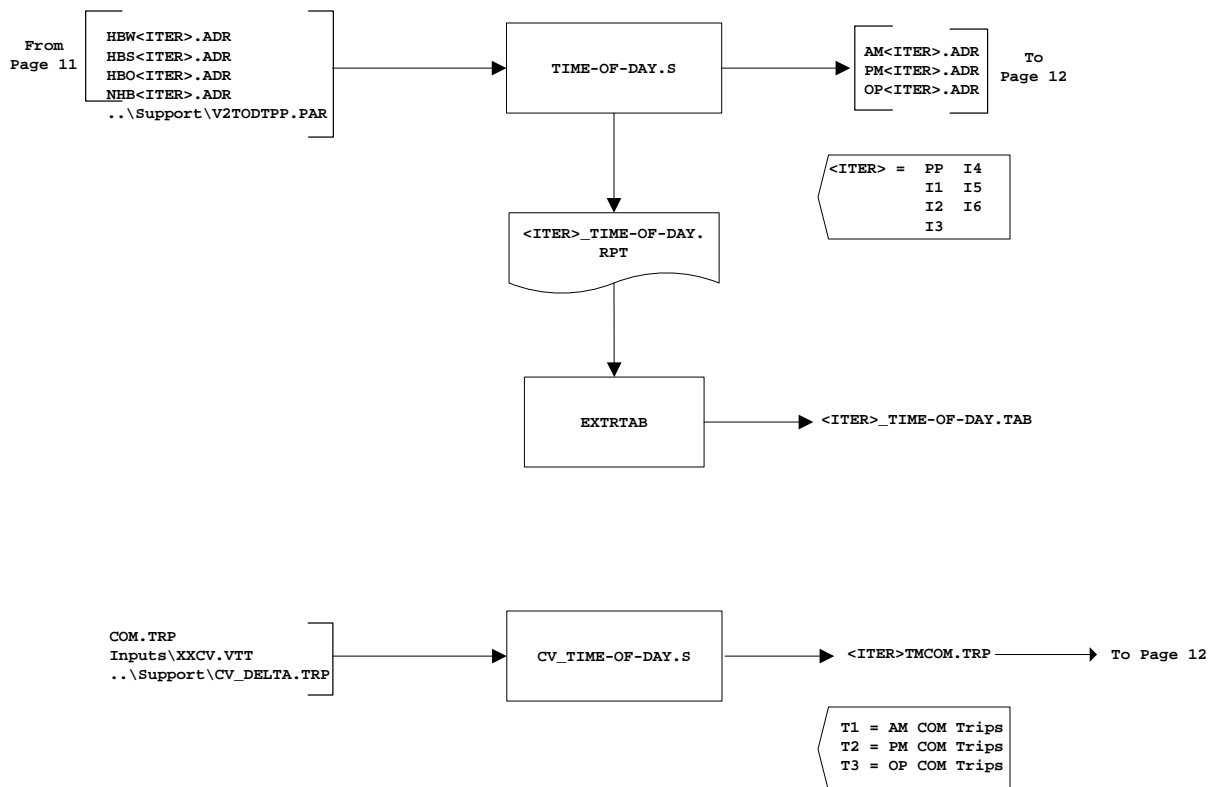
DATE: January 2007

PG: 11

OF 17

FILENAME: V2.2_MODAPP.VSD

Time-of-Day.bat





TITLE: Version 2.2 Model Application

COMPANY: COG/TPB

CREATOR: RM/MS

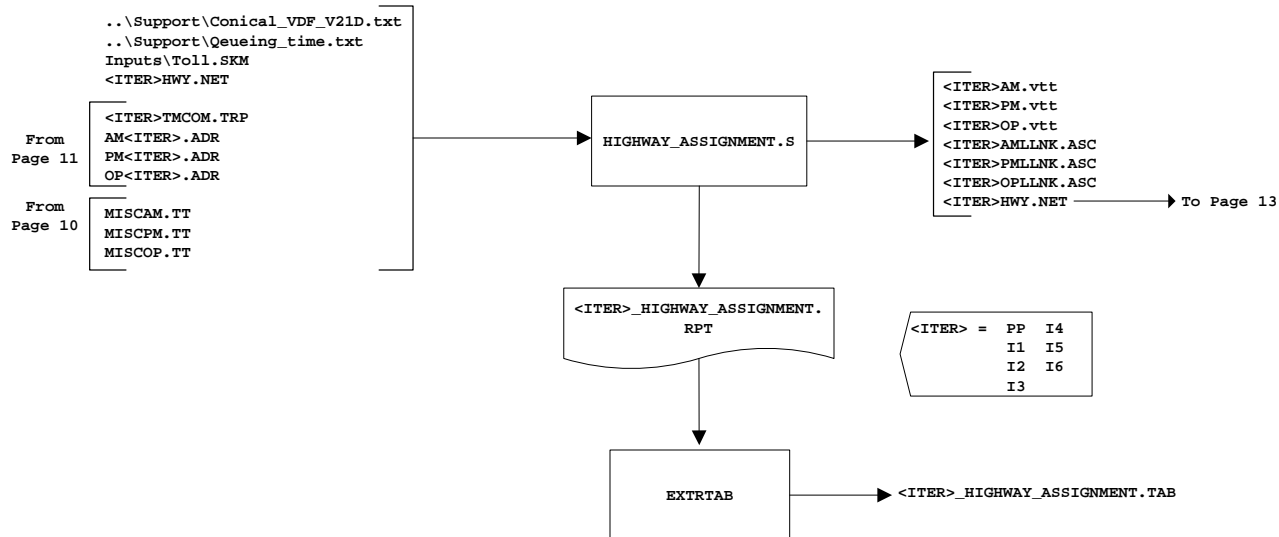
DATE: January 2007

PG: 12

OF 17

FILENAME: V2.2_MODAPP.VSD

Highway Assignment.bat





TITLE: Version 2.2 Model Application

COMPANY: COG/TPB

CREATOR: RM/MS

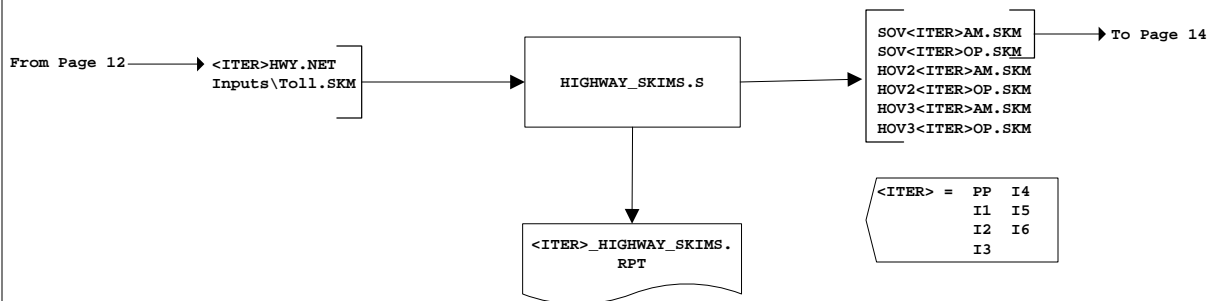
DATE: January 2007

PG: 13

OF 17

FILENAME: V2.2_MODAPP.VSD

Highway Skims.bat





TITLE: Version 2.2 Model Application

COMPANY: COG/TPB

CREATOR: RM/MS

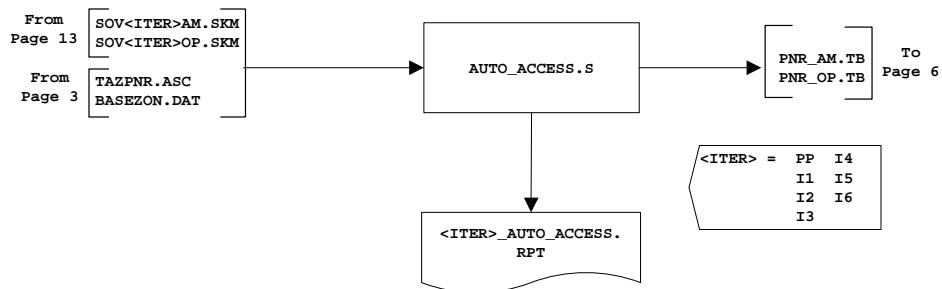
DATE: January 2007

PG: 14

OF 17

FILENAME: V2.2_MODAPP.VSD

Highway_PNR.bat: Base Highway Path Building





TITLE: Version 2.2 Model Application

COMPANY: COG/TPB

CREATOR: RM/MS

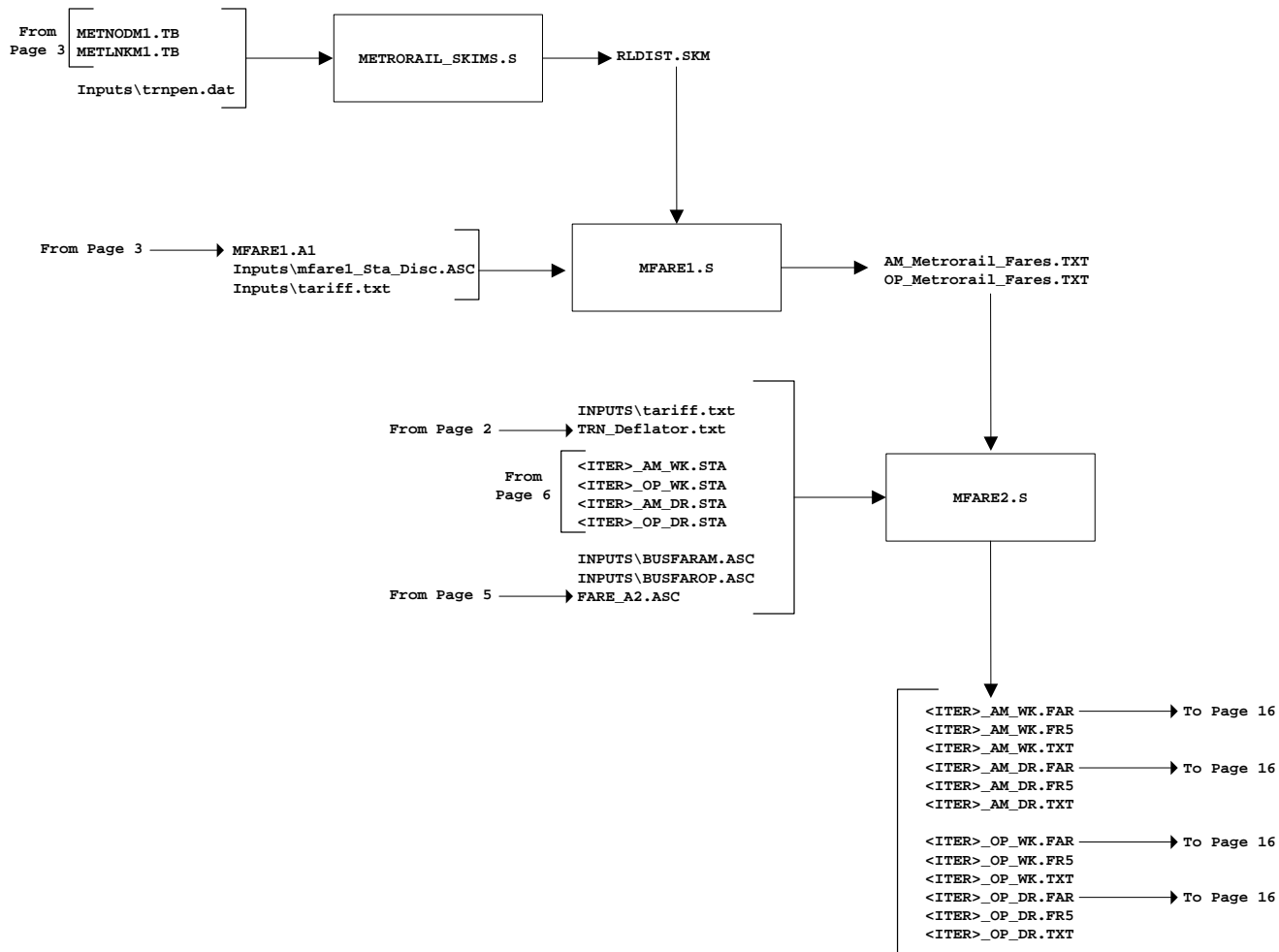
DATE: January 2007

PG: 15

OF 17

FILENAME: V2.2_MODAPP.VSD

Transit Fare.bat





TITLE: Version 2.2 Model Application

COMPANY: COG/TPB

CREATOR: RM/MS

DATE: January 2007

PG: 16

OF 17

FILENAME: V2.2_MODAPP.VSD

Mode Choice.bat

Rename to Generic Names

From Page 8
 <ITER>_HBWMU.PTT HBWMU.PTT
 <ITER>_HBSMU.PTT HBSMU.PTT
 <ITER>_HBOMU.PTT HBOMU.PTT
 <ITER>_NHBMU.PTT NHBMU.PTT

From Page 6
 <ITER>_AM_WK.SKM AM_WK.SKM
 <ITER>_AM_DR.SKM AM_DR.SKM
 <ITER>_OP_WK.SKM OP_WK.SKM
 <ITER>_OP_DR.SKM OP_DR.SKM

From Page 15
 <ITER>_AM_WK.FAR AM_WK.FAR
 <ITER>_AM_DR.FAR AM_DR.FAR
 <ITER>_OP_WK.FAR OP_WK.FAR
 <ITER>_OP_DR.FAR OP_DR.FAR

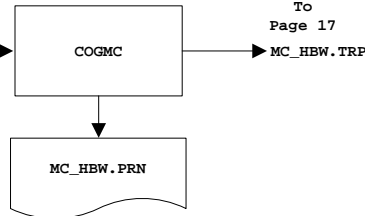
From Page 13
 SOV<ITER>AM.SKM SOVAM.SKM
 HOV2<ITER>AM.SKM HOV2AM.SKM
 HOV3<ITER>AM.SKM HOV3AM.SKM
 SOV<ITER>OP.SKM SOVOP.SKM
 HOV2<ITER>OP.SKM HOV2OP.SKM
 HOV3<ITER>OP.SKM HOV3OP.SKM

```

<ITER> = PP I4
         I1 I5
         I2 I6
         I3
  
```

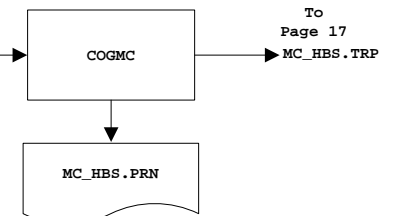
```

..\Controls\MC_HBW.CTL
HBWMU.PTT
AM_WK.SKM
AM_DR.SKM
MF_AM_WK.FAR
MF_AM_DR.FAR
SOVAM.SKM
HOV2AM.SKM
HOV3AM.SKM
HBWV2.A1F
..\Support\MCTF_HBW.ASC
..\Support\MCCF_HBW.ASC
..\Support\MC_FAC.ASC
  
```



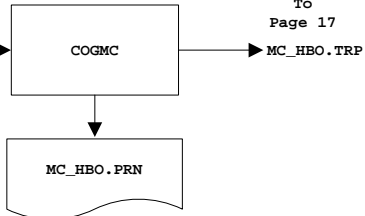
```

..\Controls\MC_HBS.CTL
HBSMU.PTT
OP_WK.SKM
OP_DR.SKM
MF_OP_WK.FAR
MF_OP_DR.FAR
SOVOP.SKM
HOV2OP.SKM
HOV3OP.SKM
HBSV2.A1F
..\Support\MCTF_HBS.ASC
..\Support\MCCF_HBS.ASC
..\Support\MC_FAC.ASC
  
```



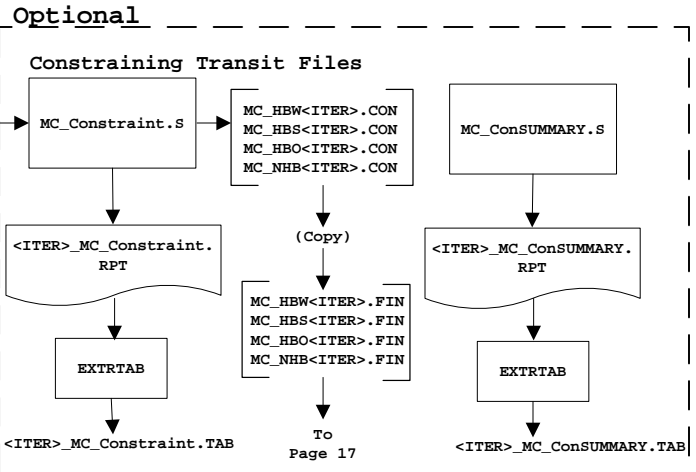
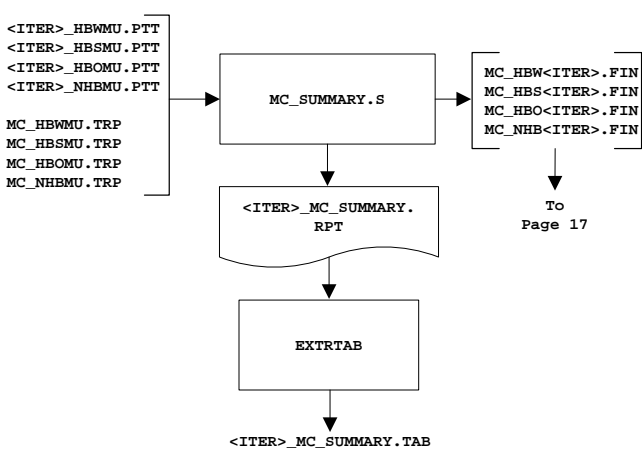
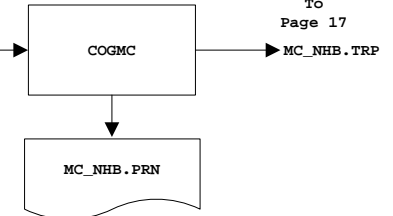
```

..\Controls\MC_HBO.CTL
HBOMU.PTT
OP_WK.SKM
OP_DR.SKM
MF_OP_WK.FAR
MF_OP_DR.FAR
SOVOP.SKM
HOV2OP.SKM
HOV3OP.SKM
HBOV2.A1F
..\Support\MCTF_HBO.ASC
..\Support\MCCF_HBO.ASC
..\Support\MC_FAC.ASC
  
```



```

..\Controls\MC_NHB.CTL
NHBMU.PTT
OP_WK.SKM
OP_DR.SKM
MF_OP_WK.FAR
MF_OP_DR.FAR
SOVOP.SKM
HOV2OP.SKM
HOV3OP.SKM
NHBV2.A1F
..\Support\MCTF_NHB.ASC
..\Support\MCCF_NHB.ASC
..\Support\MC_FAC.ASC
  
```





TITLE: Version 2.2 Model Application

COMPANY: COG/TPB

CREATOR: RM/MS

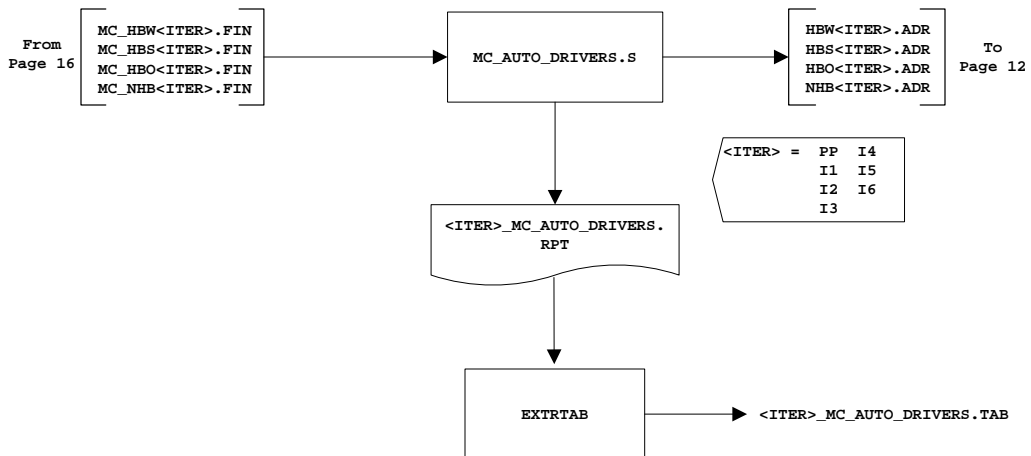
DATE: January 2007

PG: 17

OF 17

FILENAME: V2.2_MODAPP.VSD

Auto Driver.bat



Appendix H Fortran and other control files

Ref:

cogmca1.ctl.....	H-1
ct2_am.ctl.....	H-1
ct2_op.ctl.....	H-1
GIS.ctl.....	H-1
MC_HBO00.ctl.....	H-2
MC_HBO30.ctl.....	H-3
MC_HBS00.ctl.....	H-5
MC_HBS30.ctl.....	H-7
MC_HBW00.ctl.....	H-9
MC_HBW30.ctl.....	H-11
MC_NHB00.ctl.....	H-12
MC_NHB30.ctl.....	H-14
NT_AM.ctl.....	H-16
NT_OP.ctl.....	H-16
staprotp.ctl.....	H-16
Walk_AM.CTL.....	H-17
Walk_OP.CTL.....	H-17

3.12 cogmca1.ctl

```
COGMCA1.CTL
Control File for COGMCA1.EXE Program -- Version 2, TP+ application

The 4 INPUT files are:
  landusef - the standard v2. zonal land use file
  amshlgf  - AM pk zonal walk pct/walk time file (WLKLNKTP-based)
  opshlgf  - Offpk zonal walk pct/walk time file (WLKLNKTP-based)
  carownf  - file containing HH by vehicle own.(0,1,2+)

The 4 OUTPUT files are:
  hbwalv2  - Version 2 HBW zonal A1 deck
  hbsalv2  - Version 2 HBS zonal A1 deck
  hboalv2  - Version 2 HBO zonal A1 deck
  nhbalv2  - Version 2 NHB zonal A1 deck

Note: hh_veh.dat (zonal HH by Vehs avail) is output of vehav model

&files
  landusef = 'inputs\zone.asc'
  amshlgf  = 'shlgam.fin'
  opshlgf  = 'shlgop.fin'
  carownf  = 'hh_veh.dat'
  hbwalv2  = 'hbvw2.alf'
  hbsalv2  = 'hbsv2.alf'
  hboalv2  = 'hbv2.alf'
  nhbalv2  = 'nhbv2.alf'
/
```

3.13 ct2_am.ctl

```
CT2_AM.CTL
Pk Period Walk to Transit Connectors for Accessibility Estimation
Note: some params set to accomodate current model convention
Maximum walk access threshold (max_walk) set to 1.00 mile
2005-02-24 Max node number increased from 16600 to 25000
&files
  node_file = 'trn_node.asc'
  lnk_file  = 'nt_am.asc'
  xnod_file = 'trn_fwyn.asc'
  scr_file  = 'inputs\riverstp.bna'
  out_file  = 'ct2_am.asc'
  rpt_file  = 'ct2_am.rpt'
/
&specs
  miles      = 5280.
  max_zone   = 2191
  max_node   = 25000
  max_walk   = 1.00
  dev_fac    = 3.00
  max_conn   = 8
  mod_type   = 1
  nodesfmt   = T
  modes      = 16
  tmespd     = 'SPEED=3'
  dumdist    = F
  trnpth     = T
  trnblid    = T
/
```

3.14 ct2_op.ctl

```
CT2_OP.CTL
Off Pk Prd Walk to Transit Connectors for Accessibility Estimation
Note: some params set to accomodate current model convention
Maximum walk access threshold (max_walk) set to 1.00 mile
2005-02-24 Max node number increased from 16600 to 25000
&files
  node_file = 'trn_node.asc'
  lnk_file  = 'nt_op.asc'
  xnod_file = 'trn_fwyn.asc'
  scr_file  = 'inputs\riverstp.bna'
  out_file  = 'CT2_op.asc'
  rpt_file  = 'CT2_op.RPT'
/
&specs
  miles      = 5280.0
  max_zone   = 2191
  max_node   = 25000
  max_walk   = 1.00
  dev_fac    = 3.00
  max_conn   = 8
  mod_type   = 1
  nodesfmt   = T
  modes      = 16
  tmespd     = 'SPEED=3'
  dumdist    = F
  trnpth     = T
  trnblid    = T
/
```

3.15 GIS.ctl

```
GIS.CTL
Control File for GIS_PROC.EXE Program

The 2 INPUT files are:
  unit 7 gispkwk - the 'raw' GIS-produced short/long walk area file
  unit 8 gisopwk - the 'raw' GIS-produced short/long walk area file

The 2 OUTPUT filea are:

  unit 11 finpkwk - final am peak short/long walk file
  unit 12 finopwk - final off-pk short/long walk file

&files

  gispkwk = 'inputs\giswkaam.asc'
  gisopwk = 'inputs\giswkaop.asc'

  finpkwk = 'shlgam.asc'
  finopwk = 'shlgop.asc'
/
nowlk section indicates where all walking pcts will be set to zero.
These are zones that have a physical barrier between nearest rail
stop (the GIS process did not account for this).
&nowlk
  stopwlk   =   0,   0,   0,   0,   0,   0,   0,
               0,   0,   0,   0,   0,   0,   0,
               0,   0,   0,   0,   0,   0
/
&param
  maxzn = 2191
/
```


3.16 MC_HBO00.ctf

mc_hbo.ctf - Version 2.1D_19 Mode Choice Model Control File 6/2/04
 Purpose: HBO Year: 1994
 Auto Operating Cost (UPARM(12)): 8.5 cents/mi in 1994\$

Auto operating costs to be used in Version 2.1D, 19 Travel Model

Year	Auto operating cost 1994 cents/mile
1994	9.1
2000	8.5
2005	8.3
2010	8.2
2015	8.1
2020	8.0
2025	7.9
2030	7.8

year	aoc1994
1994	9.1
2000	8.5
2005	8.3
2010	8.2
2015	8.1
2020	8.0
2025	7.9
2030	7.8

Record of revisions:

Date	Pen Adj	Description of change
06/03/04	msm db	uparms 43-45 iter 0,1,2,3,4,5 stop
06/03/04	msm mb	uparms 53-55,63-65 iter 0 (no new run)
06/03/04	msm mb	uparms 53-55,63-65 iter 1,2,3 stop

Set file names:

&FILES

```
J1= 'hbomu.ptt',
J3= 'op_wk.skm',
J4= 'mf_op_wk.far',
J5= 'op_dr.skm',
J6= 'mf_op_dr.far',
J7= 'sovop .skm',
HOVA='hov2op .skm',
HOVB='hov3op .skm',
A1= 'hbov2.alf',
D1= '..\support\mctf_hbo.asc',
D2= '..\support\mccf_hbo.asc',
D3= '..\support\mc_fac.asc',
```

```
J9='mc_hbo.trp', LIST='mc_hbo.prn' /
```

Set user-coded parameters. Commonly modified UPARMS are:

```
1 : minimum carpool size - HOV "A" (or liberal carpool definition)
2 : intrazonal transit share
3 : intrazonal auto driver share
4 : I/X transit share
5 : I/X auto driver share
6 : minimum carpool size - HOV "B" (or stringent carpool definition)
11 : factor to scale input highway distance to whole miles
16 : apply parking cost model
17 : apply highway terminal time model
18 : model application option: 5=nwk per, 6=nwk adr, 7=no nwk
19 : un-transformed zonal data report switch (1=yes, 2=NO)
20 : transformed zonal data report switch (1=yes, 2=NO)
21 : run only MODAS & MODBS
30 : calibration report switch (1=yes, 2=no)
```

Here is a list of the UPARMS values we will use in this run

```
&PARAM
zones = 2191
```

```
uparms(1) = 0
uparms(2) = 0.0
uparms(3) = 1.0
uparms(4) = 0.0
uparms(5) = 0.620
uparms(6) = 0
uparms(10) = 1.0
uparms(11) = 0.1
uparms(12) = 8.5
uparms(13) = 82.5
uparms(14) = 82.5
uparms(16) = 2
uparms(17) = 2
uparms(18) = 7
uparms(19) = 2
uparms(20) = 1
uparms(21) = 1
uparms(22) = 0.75
uparms(23) = 1.81
uparms(24) = 3.71
uparms(26) = 2.845
uparms(27) = 3.703
uparms(28) = 4.732
uparms(30) = 1

uparms(15) = 4.36
uparms(31) = 0.04991
uparms(32) = 0.04991
uparms(33) = 0.04991
uparms(34) = 0.01902
uparms(35) = 0.01902
uparms(36) = -2.585e-5
uparms(37) = -2.171e-5
uparms(38) = 0.0
uparms(39) = 0.0
uparms(40) = 0.0
uparms(41) = 0.0
uparms(42) = 0.01902
uparms(43) = 2.9
uparms(44) = 1.1
uparms(45) = 0.65
uparms(46) = -5.194e-5
uparms(47) = 0.01902
uparms(48) = 0.01902
uparms(49) = 0.0
uparms(50) = 0.0
uparms(51) = 0.0
uparms(52) = 0.0
uparms(53) = 4.3573
uparms(54) = -0.0047
uparms(55) = -0.3111
uparms(56) = -2.307e-5
uparms(57) = 0.01902
uparms(58) = 0.01902
uparms(59) = 0.0
uparms(60) = 0.0
uparms(61) = 0.0
uparms(62) = 0.0
uparms(63) = 3.1938
uparms(64) = 0.5041
uparms(65) = -0.0499
uparms(66) = 0.78384
uparms(67) = 0.68530
uparms(68) = 0.68530
uparms(69) = 0.0
uparms(70) = 0.0
uparms(71) = 0.0
uparms(72) = 0.0
```

Appendix H: Fortran and other control files

```

uparms(73) = 0.68530
uparms(74) = 0.68530
uparms(75) = 0.0
uparms(76) = 0.0
uparms(77) = 0.0
uparms(78) = 0.0
uparms(79) = 0.0
uparms(80) = 0.31756
uparms(81) = 0.15151
uparms(82) = 0.78384
uparms(83) = 0.68530
uparms(84) = 0.68530
uparms(85) = 0.0
uparms(86) = 0.0
uparms(87) = 0.0
uparms(88) = 0.0
uparms(89) = 0.0
uparms(90) = 0.0
uparms(91) = -0.21854
uparms(92) = -0.41346
uparms(93) = 0.0
uparms(94) = 0.0
uparms(95) = 3
uparms(96) = 0.0
uparms(97) = 0.0
uparms(98) = 0.0
uparms(99) = -0.69708
uparms(100) = 0.0
OrigSLWalk = t
DestSLWalk = t
UseShort = t
/

```

Set zone-district equivalencies for exogenous modal factors
based on 2191 zone system:
HBW Transit:

```

&ADJDST ADST=1,AZNE=1,-88 / dc core
&ADJDST ADST=2,AZNE=89,-319 / dc noncore
&ADJDST ADST=3,AZNE=320,-639,648,650 / mtg
&ADJDST ADST=4,AZNE=640,-647,649,651,-1029 / pg
&ADJDST ADST=5,AZNE=1230,-1238 / arl core
&ADJDST ADST=6,AZNE=1239,-1329 / arl noncore
&ADJDST ADST=7,AZNE=1330,-1399 / alx
&ADJDST ADST=8,AZNE=1400,-1779 / ffx
&ADJDST ADST=9,AZNE=1780,-1919 / ldn
&ADJDST ADST=10,AZNE=1920,-2069 / pw
&ADJDST ADST=11,AZNE=1030,-1059 / frd
&ADJDST ADST=12,AZNE=1080,-1109 / how
&ADJDST ADST=13,AZNE=1110,-1149 / aa
&ADJDST ADST=14,AZNE=1200,-1229 / chs
&ADJDST ADST=15,AZNE=1060,-1079 / car
&ADJDST ADST=16,AZNE=1150,-1199 / cal,stm
&ADJDST ADST=17,AZNE=2070,-2114 / stf,kg,spts,fbrg
&ADJDST ADST=18,AZNE=2115,-2129 / fau
&ADJDST ADST=19,AZNE=2130,-2144 / clk,jef
&ADJDST ADST=20,AZNE=2145,-2191 / externals

```

Non-Work/NHB Transit: (These are not used)

```

&NWKDST NDST=1,NZNE=1,-88 / dc core
&NWKDST NDST=2,NZNE=89,-319 / dc noncore
&NWKDST NDST=3,NZNE=320,-639,648,650 / mtg
&NWKDST NDST=4,NZNE=640,-647,649,651,-1029 / pg
&NWKDST NDST=5,NZNE=1230,-1238 / arl core
&NWKDST NDST=6,NZNE=1239,-1329 / arl noncore
&NWKDST NDST=7,NZNE=1330,-1399 / alx
&NWKDST NDST=8,NZNE=1400,-1779 / ffx
&NWKDST NDST=9,NZNE=1780,-1919 / ldn

```

```

&NWKDST NDST=10,NZNE=1920,-2069 / pw
&NWKDST NDST=11,NZNE=1030,-1059 / frd
&NWKDST NDST=12,NZNE=1080,-1109 / how
&NWKDST NDST=13,NZNE=1110,-1149 / aa
&NWKDST NDST=14,NZNE=1200,-1229 / chs
&NWKDST NDST=15,NZNE=1060,-1079 / car
&NWKDST NDST=16,NZNE=1150,-1199 / cal,stm
&NWKDST NDST=17,NZNE=2070,-2114 / stf,kg,spts,fbrg
&NWKDST NDST=18,NZNE=2115,-2129 / fau
&NWKDST NDST=19,NZNE=2130,-2144 / clk,jef
&NWKDST NDST=20,NZNE=2145,-2191 / externals

```

Car Occupancy:

```

&CARDST CDST=1,CZNE=1,-88 / dc core
&CARDST CDST=2,CZNE=89,-319 / dc noncore
&CARDST CDST=3,CZNE=320,-639,648,650 / mtg
&CARDST CDST=4,CZNE=640,-647,649,651,-1029 / pg
&CARDST CDST=5,CZNE=1230,-1238 / arl core
&CARDST CDST=6,CZNE=1239,-1329 / arl noncore
&CARDST CDST=7,CZNE=1330,-1399 / alx
&CARDST CDST=8,CZNE=1400,-1779 / ffx
&CARDST CDST=9,CZNE=1780,-1919 / ldn
&CARDST CDST=10,CZNE=1920,-2069 / pw
&CARDST CDST=11,CZNE=1030,-1059 / frd
&CARDST CDST=12,CZNE=1080,-1109 / how
&CARDST CDST=13,CZNE=1110,-1149 / aa
&CARDST CDST=14,CZNE=1200,-1229 / chs
&CARDST CDST=15,CZNE=1060,-1079 / car
&CARDST CDST=16,CZNE=1150,-1199 / cal,stm
&CARDST CDST=17,CZNE=2070,-2114 / stf,kg,spts,fbrg
&CARDST CDST=18,CZNE=2115,-2129 / fau
&CARDST CDST=19,CZNE=2130,-2144 / clk,jef
&CARDST CDST=20,CZNE=2145,-2191 / externals

```

External Stations:

```

&XTERN EDST = 1, EZNE = 2145 /
&XTERN EDST = 2, EZNE = 2146 /
&XTERN EDST = 3, EZNE = 2147,-2191 /

```

3.17 MC_HBO30.ct1

mc_hbo.ct1 - Version 2.1D_19 Mode Choice Model Control File 6/2/04
Purpose: HBO Year: 1994
Auto Operating Cost (UPARM(12)): 7.8 cents/mi in 1994\$

Auto operating costs to be used in Version 2.1D, 19 Travel Model

Year	Auto operating cost 1994 cents/mile
------	---

year	aoc1994
------	---------

1994	9.1
2000	8.5
2005	8.3
2010	8.2
2015	8.1
2020	8.0
2025	7.9
2030	7.8

Record of revisions:

Appendix H: Fortran and other control files

```
Date      Psn Adj Description of change
06/03/04 msm db  uparms 43-45      iter 0,1,2,3,4,5 stop
06/03/04 msm mb  uparms 53-55,63-65 iter 0 (no new run)
06/03/04 msm mb  uparms 53-55,63-65 iter 1,2,3 stop
```

Set file names:

&FILES

```
J1= 'hbomu.ptt',
J3= 'op_wk.skm',
J4= 'mf_op_wk.far',
J5= 'op_dr.skm',
J6= 'mf_op_dr.far',
J7= 'sovop .skm',
HOVA='hov2op .skm',
HOVB='hov3op .skm',
A1= 'hbov2.alf',
D1= '..\support\mctf_hbo.asc',
D2= '..\support\mccf_hbo.asc',
D3= '..\support\mc_fac.asc',
```

```
J9='mc_hbo.trp',      LIST='mc_hbo.prn' /
```

Set user-coded parameters. Commonly modified UPARMS are:

```
1 : minimum carpool size - HOV "A" (or liberal carpool definition)
2 : intrazonal transit share
3 : intrazonal auto driver share
4 : I/X transit share
5 : I/X auto driver share
6 : minimum carpool size - HOV "B" (or stringent carpool definition)
11 : factor to scale input highway distance to whole miles
16 : apply parking cost model
17 : apply highway terminal time model
18 : model application option: 5=nwk per, 6=nwk adr, 7=no nwk
19 : un-transformed zonal data report switch (1=yes, 2=NO)
20 : transformed zonal data report switch (1=yes, 2=NO)
21 : run only MODAS & MODBS
30 : calibration report switch (1=yes, 2=no)
```

Here is a list of the UPARMS values we will use in this run

&PARAM

```
zones      = 2191
uparms(1)  = 0
uparms(2)  = 0.0
uparms(3)  = 1.0
uparms(4)  = 0.0
uparms(5)  = 0.620
uparms(6)  = 0
uparms(10) = 1.0
uparms(11) = 0.1
uparms(12) = 7.8
uparms(13) = 82.5
uparms(14) = 82.5
uparms(16) = 2
uparms(17) = 2
uparms(18) = 7
uparms(19) = 2
uparms(20) = 1
uparms(21) = 1
uparms(22) = 0.75
uparms(23) = 1.81
uparms(24) = 3.71
uparms(26) = 2.845
uparms(27) = 3.703
uparms(28) = 4.732
uparms(30) = 1
```

```
uparms(15) = 4.36
```

```
uparms(31) = 0.04991
uparms(32) = 0.04991
uparms(33) = 0.04991
uparms(34) = 0.01902
uparms(35) = 0.01902
uparms(36) = -2.585e-5
uparms(37) = -2.171e-5
uparms(38) = 0.0
uparms(39) = 0.0
uparms(40) = 0.0
uparms(41) = 0.0
uparms(42) = 0.01902
uparms(43) = 2.9
uparms(44) = 1.1
uparms(45) = 0.65
uparms(46) = -5.194e-5
uparms(47) = 0.01902
uparms(48) = 0.01902
uparms(49) = 0.0
uparms(50) = 0.0
uparms(51) = 0.0
uparms(52) = 0.0
uparms(53) = 4.3573
uparms(54) = -0.0047
uparms(55) = -0.3111
uparms(56) = -2.307e-5
uparms(57) = 0.01902
uparms(58) = 0.01902
uparms(59) = 0.0
uparms(60) = 0.0
uparms(61) = 0.0
uparms(62) = 0.0
uparms(63) = 3.1938
uparms(64) = 0.5041
uparms(65) = -0.0499
uparms(66) = 0.78384
uparms(67) = 0.68530
uparms(68) = 0.68530
uparms(69) = 0.0
uparms(70) = 0.0
uparms(71) = 0.0
uparms(72) = 0.0
uparms(73) = 0.68530
uparms(74) = 0.68530
uparms(75) = 0.0
uparms(76) = 0.0
uparms(77) = 0.0
uparms(78) = 0.0
uparms(79) = 0.0
uparms(80) = 0.31756
uparms(81) = 0.15151
uparms(82) = 0.78384
uparms(83) = 0.68530
uparms(84) = 0.68530
uparms(85) = 0.0
uparms(86) = 0.0
uparms(87) = 0.0
uparms(88) = 0.0
uparms(89) = 0.0
uparms(90) = 0.0
uparms(91) = -0.21854
uparms(92) = -0.41346
uparms(93) = 0.0
uparms(94) = 0.0
uparms(95) = 3
uparms(96) = 0.0
uparms(97) = 0.0
uparms(98) = 0.0
```

Appendix H: Fortran and other control files

```
uparms(99) = -0.69708
uparms(100) = 0.0
OrigSLWalk = t
DestSLWalk = t
UseShort = t
/
```

Set zone-district equivalencies for exogenous modal factors
based on 2191 zone system:
HBW Transit:

```
&ADJDST ADST=1,AZNE=1,-88 / dc core
&ADJDST ADST=2,AZNE=89,-319 / dc noncore
&ADJDST ADST=3,AZNE=320,-639,648,650 / mtg
&ADJDST ADST=4,AZNE=640,-647,649,651,-1029 / pg
&ADJDST ADST=5,AZNE=1230,-1238 / arl core
&ADJDST ADST=6,AZNE=1239,-1329 / arl noncore
&ADJDST ADST=7,AZNE=1330,-1399 / alx
&ADJDST ADST=8,AZNE=1400,-1779 / ffx
&ADJDST ADST=9,AZNE=1780,-1919 / ldn
&ADJDST ADST=10,AZNE=1920,-2069 / pw
&ADJDST ADST=11,AZNE=1030,-1059 / frd
&ADJDST ADST=12,AZNE=1080,-1109 / how
&ADJDST ADST=13,AZNE=1110,-1149 / aa
&ADJDST ADST=14,AZNE=1200,-1229 / chs
&ADJDST ADST=15,AZNE=1060,-1079 / car
&ADJDST ADST=16,AZNE=1150,-1199 / cal_stm
&ADJDST ADST=17,AZNE=2070,-2114 / stf,kg,spts,fbrg
&ADJDST ADST=18,AZNE=2115,-2129 / fau
&ADJDST ADST=19,AZNE=2130,-2144 / clk,jef
&ADJDST ADST=20,AZNE=2145,-2191 / externals
```

Non-Work/NHB Transit: (These are not used)

```
&NWKDST NDST=1,NZNE=1,-88 / dc core
&NWKDST NDST=2,NZNE=89,-319 / dc noncore
&NWKDST NDST=3,NZNE=320,-639,648,650 / mtg
&NWKDST NDST=4,NZNE=640,-647,649,651,-1029 / pg
&NWKDST NDST=5,NZNE=1230,-1238 / arl core
&NWKDST NDST=6,NZNE=1239,-1329 / arl noncore
&NWKDST NDST=7,NZNE=1330,-1399 / alx
&NWKDST NDST=8,NZNE=1400,-1779 / ffx
&NWKDST NDST=9,NZNE=1780,-1919 / ldn
&NWKDST NDST=10,NZNE=1920,-2069 / pw
&NWKDST NDST=11,NZNE=1030,-1059 / frd
&NWKDST NDST=12,NZNE=1080,-1109 / how
&NWKDST NDST=13,NZNE=1110,-1149 / aa
&NWKDST NDST=14,NZNE=1200,-1229 / chs
&NWKDST NDST=15,NZNE=1060,-1079 / car
&NWKDST NDST=16,NZNE=1150,-1199 / cal_stm
&NWKDST NDST=17,NZNE=2070,-2114 / stf,kg,spts,fbrg
&NWKDST NDST=18,NZNE=2115,-2129 / fau
&NWKDST NDST=19,NZNE=2130,-2144 / clk,jef
&NWKDST NDST=20,NZNE=2145,-2191 / externals
```

Car Occupancy:

```
&CARDST CDST=1,CZNE=1,-88 / dc core
&CARDST CDST=2,CZNE=89,-319 / dc noncore
&CARDST CDST=3,CZNE=320,-639,648,650 / mtg
&CARDST CDST=4,CZNE=640,-647,649,651,-1029 / pg
&CARDST CDST=5,CZNE=1230,-1238 / arl core
&CARDST CDST=6,CZNE=1239,-1329 / arl noncore
&CARDST CDST=7,CZNE=1330,-1399 / alx
&CARDST CDST=8,CZNE=1400,-1779 / ffx
&CARDST CDST=9,CZNE=1780,-1919 / ldn
&CARDST CDST=10,CZNE=1920,-2069 / pw
&CARDST CDST=11,CZNE=1030,-1059 / frd
&CARDST CDST=12,CZNE=1080,-1109 / how
&CARDST CDST=13,CZNE=1110,-1149 / aa
```

```
&CARDST CDST=14,CZNE=1200,-1229 / chs
&CARDST CDST=15,CZNE=1060,-1079 / car
&CARDST CDST=16,CZNE=1150,-1199 / cal_stm
&CARDST CDST=17,CZNE=2070,-2114 / stf,kg,spts,fbrg
&CARDST CDST=18,CZNE=2115,-2129 / fau
&CARDST CDST=19,CZNE=2130,-2144 / clk,jef
&CARDST CDST=20,CZNE=2145,-2191 / externals
```

External Stations:

```
&XTERN EDST = 1, EZNE = 2145 /
&XTERN EDST = 2, EZNE = 2146 /
&XTERN EDST = 3, EZNE = 2147,-2191 /
```

3.18 MC_HBS00.ctl

mc_hbs.ctl - Version 2.1D_19 Mode Choice Model Control File 6/2/04
Purpose: HBS Year: 1994
Auto Operating Cost (UPARM(12)): 8.5 cents/mi in 1994\$

Auto operating costs to be used in Version 2.1D, 19 Travel Model

Year	Auto operating cost 1994 cents/mile
------	---

year	aoc1994
------	---------

1994	9.1
2000	8.5
2005	8.3
2010	8.2
2015	8.1
2020	8.0
2025	7.9
2030	7.8

Record of revisions:

Date	Psn	Adj	Description of change
06/03/04	msm	db	uparms 43-45 iter 0,1,2,3,4 stop
06/03/04	msm	mb	uparms 53-55,63-65 iter 0 (no new run)
06/03/04	msm	mb	uparms 53-55,63-65 iter 1,2,3,4,5
06/04/04	msm	db	uparms 43-45 iter 0 (values from 2002),1,2 stop
06/03/04	msm	mb	uparms 53-55,63-65 iter 7,8

Set file names:

&FILES

```
J1= 'hbsmu.ptt',
J3= 'op_wk.skm',
J4= 'mf_op_wk.far',
J5= 'op_dr.skm',
J6= 'mf_op_dr.far',
J7= 'sovop.skm',
HOVA='hov2op.skm',
HOVB='hov3op.skm',
A1= 'hbsv2.alf',
D1= '..\support\mctf_hbs.asc',
D2= '..\support\mccf_hbs.asc',
D3= '..\support\mc_fac.asc',
```

```
J9='mc_hbs.trp', LIST='mc_hbs.prn' /
```

Set user-coded parameters. Commonly modified UPARMS are:

Appendix H: Fortran and other control files

```

1 : minimum carpool size - HOV "A" (or liberal carpool definition)
2 : intrazonal transit share
3 : intrazonal auto driver share
4 : I/X transit share
5 : I/X auto driver share
6 : minimum carpool size - HOV "B" (or stringent carpool definition)
11 : factor to scale input highway distance to whole miles
16 : apply parking cost model
17 : apply highway terminal time model
18 : model application option: 5=nwk per, 6=nwk adr, 7=no nwk
19 : un-transformed zonal data report switch (1=yes, 2=NO)
20 : transformed zonal data report switch (1=yes, 2=NO)
21 : run only MODAS & MODBS
30 : calibration report switch (1=yes, 2=no)

```

Here is a list of the UPARMS values we will use in this run

&PARAM

```

zones = 2191
uparms(1) = 0
uparms(2) = 0.0
uparms(3) = 1.0
uparms(4) = 0.0
uparms(5) = 0.610
uparms(6) = 0
uparms(10) = 1.0
uparms(11) = 0.1
uparms(12) = 8.5
uparms(13) = 82.5
uparms(14) = 82.5
uparms(16) = 2
uparms(17) = 2
uparms(18) = 7
uparms(19) = 2
uparms(20) = 1
uparms(21) = 1
uparms(22) = 0.27
uparms(23) = 0.72
uparms(24) = 1.11
uparms(26) = 2.845
uparms(27) = 3.703
uparms(28) = 4.732
uparms(30) = 1

uparms(15) = 4.36
uparms(31) = 0.02432
uparms(32) = 0.02432
uparms(33) = 0.02432
uparms(34) = 0.00912
uparms(35) = 0.00912
uparms(36) = -2.627e-5
uparms(37) = -2.438e-5
uparms(38) = 0.0
uparms(39) = 0.0
uparms(40) = 0.00416
uparms(41) = 0.0
uparms(42) = 0.00912
uparms(43) = 2.9
uparms(44) = 0.0
uparms(45) = -2.0
uparms(46) = 0.0
uparms(47) = 0.00912
uparms(48) = 0.00912
uparms(49) = 0.00416
uparms(50) = 0.00416
uparms(51) = 0.00416
uparms(52) = 0.0
uparms(53) = 3.037
uparms(54) = -2.272

```

```

uparms(55) = -3.751
uparms(56) = -4.869e-5
uparms(57) = 0.00912
uparms(58) = 0.00912
uparms(59) = 0.00416
uparms(60) = 0.00416
uparms(61) = 0.00416
uparms(62) = 0.0
uparms(63) = 0.888
uparms(64) = -1.929
uparms(65) = -3.507
uparms(66) = 0.0
uparms(67) = 0.45633
uparms(68) = 0.45633
uparms(69) = 0.0
uparms(70) = 0.0
uparms(71) = 0.0
uparms(72) = 0.0
uparms(73) = 0.45633
uparms(74) = 0.45633
uparms(75) = 0.0
uparms(76) = 0.0
uparms(77) = 0.0
uparms(78) = 0.0
uparms(79) = 0.0
uparms(80) = 0.92201
uparms(81) = 0.48966
uparms(82) = 0.0
uparms(83) = 0.45633
uparms(84) = 0.45633
uparms(85) = 0.0
uparms(86) = 0.0
uparms(87) = 0.0
uparms(88) = 0.0
uparms(89) = 0.0
uparms(90) = 1.51854
uparms(91) = 0.84071
uparms(92) = 0.0
uparms(93) = 0.0
uparms(94) = 0.0
uparms(95) = 3
uparms(96) = 0.0
uparms(97) = 0.0
uparms(98) = 0.0
uparms(99) = -0.84404
uparms(100) = 0.0
OrigSLWalk = t
DestSLWalk = t
UseShort = t
/

```

Set zone-district equivalencies for exogenous modal factors
based on 2191 zone system:

HBW Transit:

```

&ADJDST ADST=1,AZNE=1,-88 / dc core
&ADJDST ADST=2,AZNE=89,-319 / dc noncore
&ADJDST ADST=3,AZNE=320,-639,648,650 / mtg
&ADJDST ADST=4,AZNE=640,-647,649,651,-1029 / pg
&ADJDST ADST=5,AZNE=1230,-1238 / arl core
&ADJDST ADST=6,AZNE=1239,-1329 / arl noncore
&ADJDST ADST=7,AZNE=1330,-1399 / alx
&ADJDST ADST=8,AZNE=1400,-1779 / ffx
&ADJDST ADST=9,AZNE=1780,-1919 / ldn
&ADJDST ADST=10,AZNE=1920,-2069 / pw
&ADJDST ADST=11,AZNE=1030,-1059 / frd
&ADJDST ADST=12,AZNE=1080,-1109 / how
&ADJDST ADST=13,AZNE=1110,-1149 / aa

```

Appendix H: Fortran and other control files

```
&ADJDST ADST=14,AZNE=1200,-1229 / chs
&ADJDST ADST=15,AZNE=1060,-1079 / car
&ADJDST ADST=16,AZNE=1150,-1199 / cal,stm
&ADJDST ADST=17,AZNE=2070,-2114 / stf,kg,spts,fbrg
&ADJDST ADST=18,AZNE=2115,-2129 / fau
&ADJDST ADST=19,AZNE=2130,-2144 / clk,jef
&ADJDST ADST=20,AZNE=2145,-2191 / externals
```

Non-Work/NHB Transit: (These are not used)

```
&NWKDST NDST=1,NZNE=1,-88 / dc core
&NWKDST NDST=2,NZNE=89,-319 / dc noncore
&NWKDST NDST=3,NZNE=320,-639,648,650 / mtg
&NWKDST NDST=4,NZNE=640,-647,649,651,-1029 / pg
&NWKDST NDST=5,NZNE=1230,-1238 / arl core
&NWKDST NDST=6,NZNE=1239,-1329 / arl noncore
&NWKDST NDST=7,NZNE=1330,-1399 / alx
&NWKDST NDST=8,NZNE=1400,-1779 / ffx
&NWKDST NDST=9,NZNE=1780,-1919 / ldn
&NWKDST NDST=10,NZNE=1920,-2069 / pw
&NWKDST NDST=11,NZNE=1030,-1059 / frd
&NWKDST NDST=12,NZNE=1080,-1109 / how
&NWKDST NDST=13,NZNE=1110,-1149 / aa
&NWKDST NDST=14,NZNE=1200,-1229 / chs
&NWKDST NDST=15,NZNE=1060,-1079 / car
&NWKDST NDST=16,NZNE=1150,-1199 / cal,stm
&NWKDST NDST=17,NZNE=2070,-2114 / stf,kg,spts,fbrg
&NWKDST NDST=18,NZNE=2115,-2129 / fau
&NWKDST NDST=19,NZNE=2130,-2144 / clk,jef
&NWKDST NDST=20,NZNE=2145,-2191 / externals
```

Car Occupancy:

```
&CARDST CDST=1,CZNE=1,-88 / dc core
&CARDST CDST=2,CZNE=89,-319 / dc noncore
&CARDST CDST=3,CZNE=320,-639,648,650 / mtg
&CARDST CDST=4,CZNE=640,-647,649,651,-1029 / pg
&CARDST CDST=5,CZNE=1230,-1238 / arl core
&CARDST CDST=6,CZNE=1239,-1329 / arl noncore
&CARDST CDST=7,CZNE=1330,-1399 / alx
&CARDST CDST=8,CZNE=1400,-1779 / ffx
&CARDST CDST=9,CZNE=1780,-1919 / ldn
&CARDST CDST=10,CZNE=1920,-2069 / pw
&CARDST CDST=11,CZNE=1030,-1059 / frd
&CARDST CDST=12,CZNE=1080,-1109 / how
&CARDST CDST=13,CZNE=1110,-1149 / aa
&CARDST CDST=14,CZNE=1200,-1229 / chs
&CARDST CDST=15,CZNE=1060,-1079 / car
&CARDST CDST=16,CZNE=1150,-1199 / cal,stm
&CARDST CDST=17,CZNE=2070,-2114 / stf,kg,spts,fbrg
&CARDST CDST=18,CZNE=2115,-2129 / fau
&CARDST CDST=19,CZNE=2130,-2144 / clk,jef
&CARDST CDST=20,CZNE=2145,-2191 / externals
```

External Stations:

```
&XTERN EDST = 1, EZNE = 2145 /
&XTERN EDST = 2, EZNE = 2146 /
&XTERN EDST = 3, EZNE = 2147,-2191 /
```

3.19 MC_HBS30.ctf

mc_hbs.ctf - Version 2.1D_19 Mode Choice Model Control File 6/2/04
 Purpose: HBS Year: 1994
 Auto Operating Cost (UPARM(12)): 7.8 cents/mi in 1994\$

Auto operating costs to be used in Version 2.1D, 19 Travel Model

```
Year Auto
operating
cost
1994
cents/mile
```

year aoc1994

```
1994 9.1
2000 8.5
2005 8.3
2010 8.2
2015 8.1
2020 8.0
2025 7.9
2030 7.8
```

Record of revisions:

```
Date Psn Adj Description of change
06/03/04 msm db uparms 43-45 iter 0,1,2,3,4 stop
06/03/04 msm mb uparms 53-55,63-65 iter 0 (no new run)
06/03/04 msm mb uparms 53-55,63-65 iter 1,2,3,4,5
06/04/04 msm db uparms 43-45 iter 0 (values from 2002),1,2 stop
06/03/04 msm mb uparms 53-55,63-65 iter 7,8
```

Set file names:

&FILES

```
J1= 'hbsmu.ptt',
J3= 'op_wk.skm',
J4= 'mf_op_wk.far',
J5= 'op_dr.skm',
J6= 'mf_op_dr.far',
J7= 'sovop.skm',
HOVA='hov2op.skm',
HOVB='hov3op.skm',
A1= 'hbsv2.alf',
D1= '..\support\mctf_hbs.asc',
D2= '..\support\mccf_hbs.asc',
D3= '..\support\mc_fac.asc',

J9='mc_hbs.trp', LIST='mc_hbs.prn' /
```

Set user-coded parameters. Commonly modified UPARMS are:

```
1 : minimum carpool size - HOV "A" (or liberal carpool definition)
2 : intrazonal transit share
3 : intrazonal auto driver share
4 : I/X transit share
5 : I/X auto driver share
6 : minimum carpool size - HOV "B" (or stringent carpool definition)
11 : factor to scale input highway distance to whole miles
16 : apply parking cost model
17 : apply highway terminal time model
18 : model application option: 5=nwk per, 6=nwk adr, 7=no nwk
19 : un-transformed zonal data report switch (1=yes, 2=NO)
20 : transformed zonal data report switch (1=yes, 2=NO)
21 : run only MODAS & MODBS
30 : calibration report switch (1=yes, 2=no)
```

Here is a list of the UPARMS values we will use in this run

```
&PARAM
zones = 2191
uparms(1) = 0
uparms(2) = 0.0
uparms(3) = 1.0
uparms(4) = 0.0
uparms(5) = 0.610
uparms(6) = 0
```

Appendix H: Fortran and other control files

```

uparms(10) = 1.0
uparms(11) = 0.1
uparms(12) = 7.8
uparms(13) = 82.5
uparms(14) = 82.5
uparms(16) = 2
uparms(17) = 2
uparms(18) = 7
uparms(19) = 2
uparms(20) = 1
uparms(21) = 1
uparms(22) = 0.27
uparms(23) = 0.72
uparms(24) = 1.11
uparms(26) = 2.845
uparms(27) = 3.703
uparms(28) = 4.732
uparms(30) = 1

uparms(15) = 4.36
uparms(31) = 0.02432
uparms(32) = 0.02432
uparms(33) = 0.02432
uparms(34) = 0.00912
uparms(35) = 0.00912
uparms(36) = -2.627e-5
uparms(37) = -2.438e-5
uparms(38) = 0.0
uparms(39) = 0.0
uparms(40) = 0.00416
uparms(41) = 0.0
uparms(42) = 0.00912
uparms(43) = 2.9
uparms(44) = 0.0
uparms(45) = -2.0
uparms(46) = 0.0
uparms(47) = 0.00912
uparms(48) = 0.00912
uparms(49) = 0.00416
uparms(50) = 0.00416
uparms(51) = 0.00416
uparms(52) = 0.0
uparms(53) = 3.037
uparms(54) = -2.272
uparms(55) = -3.751
uparms(56) = -4.869e-5
uparms(57) = 0.00912
uparms(58) = 0.00912
uparms(59) = 0.00416
uparms(60) = 0.00416
uparms(61) = 0.00416
uparms(62) = 0.0
uparms(63) = 0.888
uparms(64) = -1.929
uparms(65) = -3.507
uparms(66) = 0.0
uparms(67) = 0.45633
uparms(68) = 0.45633
uparms(69) = 0.0
uparms(70) = 0.0
uparms(71) = 0.0
uparms(72) = 0.0
uparms(73) = 0.45633
uparms(74) = 0.45633
uparms(75) = 0.0
uparms(76) = 0.0
uparms(77) = 0.0
uparms(78) = 0.0

```

```

uparms(79) = 0.0
uparms(80) = 0.92201
uparms(81) = 0.48966
uparms(82) = 0.0
uparms(83) = 0.45633
uparms(84) = 0.45633
uparms(85) = 0.0
uparms(86) = 0.0
uparms(87) = 0.0
uparms(88) = 0.0
uparms(89) = 0.0
uparms(90) = 1.51854
uparms(91) = 0.84071
uparms(92) = 0.0
uparms(93) = 0.0
uparms(94) = 0.0
uparms(95) = 3
uparms(96) = 0.0
uparms(97) = 0.0
uparms(98) = 0.0
uparms(99) = -0.84404
uparms(100) = 0.0
OrigSLWalk = t
DestSLWalk = t
UseShort = t
/

```

Set zone-district equivalencies for exogenous modal factors
based on 2191 zone system:

HBW Transit:

```

&ADJDST ADST=1,AZNE=1,-88 / dc core
&ADJDST ADST=2,AZNE=89,-319 / dc noncore
&ADJDST ADST=3,AZNE=320,-639,648,650 / mtg
&ADJDST ADST=4,AZNE=640,-647,649,651,-1029 / pg
&ADJDST ADST=5,AZNE=1230,-1238 / arl core
&ADJDST ADST=6,AZNE=1239,-1329 / arl noncore
&ADJDST ADST=7,AZNE=1330,-1399 / alx
&ADJDST ADST=8,AZNE=1400,-1779 / ffx
&ADJDST ADST=9,AZNE=1780,-1919 / ldn
&ADJDST ADST=10,AZNE=1920,-2069 / pw
&ADJDST ADST=11,AZNE=1030,-1059 / frd
&ADJDST ADST=12,AZNE=1080,-1109 / how
&ADJDST ADST=13,AZNE=1110,-1149 / aa
&ADJDST ADST=14,AZNE=1200,-1229 / chs
&ADJDST ADST=15,AZNE=1060,-1079 / car
&ADJDST ADST=16,AZNE=1150,-1199 / cal,stm
&ADJDST ADST=17,AZNE=2070,-2114 / stf,kg,spts,fbrg
&ADJDST ADST=18,AZNE=2115,-2129 / fau
&ADJDST ADST=19,AZNE=2130,-2144 / clk,jef
&ADJDST ADST=20,AZNE=2145,-2191 / externals

```

Non-Work/NHB Transit: (These are not used)

```

&NWKDST NDST=1,NZNE=1,-88 / dc core
&NWKDST NDST=2,NZNE=89,-319 / dc noncore
&NWKDST NDST=3,NZNE=320,-639,648,650 / mtg
&NWKDST NDST=4,NZNE=640,-647,649,651,-1029 / pg
&NWKDST NDST=5,NZNE=1230,-1238 / arl core
&NWKDST NDST=6,NZNE=1239,-1329 / arl noncore
&NWKDST NDST=7,NZNE=1330,-1399 / alx
&NWKDST NDST=8,NZNE=1400,-1779 / ffx
&NWKDST NDST=9,NZNE=1780,-1919 / ldn
&NWKDST NDST=10,NZNE=1920,-2069 / pw
&NWKDST NDST=11,NZNE=1030,-1059 / frd
&NWKDST NDST=12,NZNE=1080,-1109 / how
&NWKDST NDST=13,NZNE=1110,-1149 / aa
&NWKDST NDST=14,NZNE=1200,-1229 / chs
&NWKDST NDST=15,NZNE=1060,-1079 / car

```

Appendix H: Fortran and other control files

```

&NWKDST NDST=16,NZNE=1150,-1199 / cal,stm
&NWKDST NDST=17,NZNE=2070,-2114 / stf,kg,spts,fbrg
&NWKDST NDST=18,NZNE=2115,-2129 / fau
&NWKDST NDST=19,NZNE=2130,-2144 / clk,jef
&NWKDST NDST=20,NZNE=2145,-2191 / externals

```

Car Occupancy:

```

&CARDST CDST=1,CZNE=1,-88 / dc core
&CARDST CDST=2,CZNE=89,-319 / dc noncore
&CARDST CDST=3,CZNE=320,-639,648,650 / mtg
&CARDST CDST=4,CZNE=640,-647,649,651,-1029 / pg
&CARDST CDST=5,CZNE=1230,-1238 / arl core
&CARDST CDST=6,CZNE=1239,-1329 / arl noncore
&CARDST CDST=7,CZNE=1330,-1399 / alx
&CARDST CDST=8,CZNE=1400,-1779 / ffx
&CARDST CDST=9,CZNE=1780,-1919 / ldn
&CARDST CDST=10,CZNE=1920,-2069 / pw
&CARDST CDST=11,CZNE=1030,-1059 / frd
&CARDST CDST=12,CZNE=1080,-1109 / how
&CARDST CDST=13,CZNE=1110,-1149 / aa
&CARDST CDST=14,CZNE=1200,-1229 / chs
&CARDST CDST=15,CZNE=1060,-1079 / car
&CARDST CDST=16,CZNE=1150,-1199 / cal,stm
&CARDST CDST=17,CZNE=2070,-2114 / stf,kg,spts,fbrg
&CARDST CDST=18,CZNE=2115,-2129 / fau
&CARDST CDST=19,CZNE=2130,-2144 / clk,jef
&CARDST CDST=20,CZNE=2145,-2191 / externals

```

External Stations:

```

&XTERN EDST = 1, EZNE = 2145 /
&XTERN EDST = 2, EZNE = 2146 /
&XTERN EDST = 3, EZNE = 2147,-2191 /

```

3.20 MC_HBW00.ctf

mc_hbw.ctf - Version 2.1D_19 Mode Choice Model Control File 6/2/04
 Purpose: HBW Year: 1994
 Auto Operating Cost (UPARM(12)): 8.5 cents/mi in 1994\$

Auto operating costs to be used in Version 2.1D, 19 Travel Model

Year	Auto operating cost 1994 cents/mile
------	---

year	aoc1994
1994	9.1
2000	8.5
2005	8.3
2010	8.2
2015	8.1
2020	8.0
2025	7.9
2030	7.8

Record of revisions:

Date	Pen	Adj	Description of change
06/03/04	msm	db	uparms 43-45 iter 0,1,2
06/03/04	msm	mb	uparms 53-55,63-65 iter 0 (no new run)
06/03/04	msm	mb	uparms 53-55,63-65 iter 1,2

Set file names:

&FILES

```

J1= 'hbwmu.ptt',
J3= 'am_wk.skm',
J4= 'mf_am_wk.far',
J5= 'am_dr.skm',
J6= 'mf_am_dr.far',
J7= 'sovam.skm ',
HOVA='hov2am.skm ',
HOVB='hov3am.skm ',
A1= 'hbvw2.alf',
D1= '..\support\mctf_hbw.asc',
D2= '..\support\mccf_hbw.asc',
D3= '..\support\mc_fac.asc',

J9='mc_hbw.trp', LIST='mc_hbw.prn' /

```

Set user-coded parameters. Commonly modified UPARMS are:

- 1 : minimum carpool size - HOV "A" (or liberal carpool definition)
- 2 : intrazonal transit share
- 3 : intrazonal auto driver share
- 4 : I/X transit share
- 5 : I/X auto driver share
- 6 : minimum carpool size - HOV "B" (or stringent carpool definition)
- 11 : factor to scale input highway distance to whole miles
- 16 : apply parking cost model
- 17 : apply highway terminal time model
- 18 : model application option: 5=nwk per, 6=nwk adr, 7=no nwk
- 19 : un-transformed zonal data report switch (1=yes, 2=NO)
- 20 : transformed zonal data report switch (1=yes, 2=NO)
- 21 : run only MODAS & MODBS
- 30 : calibration report switch (1=yes, 2=no)

Here is a list of the UPARMS values we will use in this run.

The first set of UPARMS are those that the user may change.

The second set of UPARMS should not be changed w/o re-calibration

&PARAM

```

zones = 2191
uparms(1) = 2
uparms(2) = 0.0
uparms(3) = 1.0
uparms(4) = 0.0
uparms(5) = 0.870
uparms(6) = 3
uparms(10) = 1.0
uparms(11) = 0.1
uparms(12) = 8.5
uparms(13) = 82.5
uparms(14) = 82.5
uparms(16) = 2
uparms(17) = 2
uparms(18) = 7
uparms(19) = 2
uparms(20) = 1
uparms(21) = 1
uparms(22) = 0.90
uparms(23) = 1.25
uparms(24) = 2.15
uparms(26) = 2.845
uparms(27) = 3.703
uparms(28) = 4.732
uparms(30) = 1

```

```

uparms(15) = 4.55
uparms(31) = 0.075
uparms(32) = 0.075
uparms(33) = 0.075
uparms(34) = 0.03

```


Appendix H: Fortran and other control files

```

uparms(35) = 0.03
uparms(36) = 0.0
uparms(37) = 2.518e-5
uparms(38) = 0.0
uparms(39) = 0.0
uparms(40) = 0.00425
uparms(41) = 0.0
uparms(42) = 0.03
uparms(43) = 2.0499
uparms(44) = 0.5876
uparms(45) = 0.3571
uparms(46) = -4.449e-5
uparms(47) = 0.03
uparms(48) = 0.03
uparms(49) = 0.00425
uparms(50) = 0.00425
uparms(51) = 0.00425
uparms(52) = 0.0
uparms(53) = 4.8310
uparms(54) = 0.8546
uparms(55) = -0.0824
uparms(56) = 0.0
uparms(57) = 0.03
uparms(58) = 0.03
uparms(59) = 0.00425
uparms(60) = 0.00425
uparms(61) = 0.00425
uparms(62) = 0.0
uparms(63) = 4.6175
uparms(64) = 2.4071
uparms(65) = 1.8979
uparms(66) = 0.0
uparms(67) = 0.0
uparms(68) = 0.0
uparms(69) = 0.01124
uparms(70) = 0.02318
uparms(71) = 0.05077
uparms(72) = 0.0
uparms(73) = 0.0
uparms(74) = 0.0
uparms(75) = 0.01124
uparms(76) = 0.02318
uparms(77) = 0.05077
uparms(78) = 0.0
uparms(79) = 0.0
uparms(80) = 1.47162
uparms(81) = 1.88085
uparms(82) = 0.0
uparms(83) = 0.0
uparms(84) = 0.0
uparms(85) = 0.01124
uparms(86) = 0.02318
uparms(87) = 0.05077
uparms(88) = 0.0
uparms(89) = 0.0
uparms(90) = 3.04973
uparms(91) = 2.54494
uparms(92) = 0.0
uparms(93) = 0.0
uparms(94) = 0.0
uparms(95) = 3
uparms(96) = 0.0
uparms(97) = 0.0
uparms(98) = -0.03611
uparms(99) = 0.
uparms(100) = 0.0
OrigSLWalk = t
DestSLWalk = t

```

```

UseShort = t
/

Set zone-district equivalencies for exogenous modal factors
based on 2191 zone system:
HBW Transit:

&ADJDST ADST=1,AZNE=1,-88 / dc core
&ADJDST ADST=2,AZNE=89,-319 / dc noncore
&ADJDST ADST=3,AZNE=320,-639,648,650 / mtg
&ADJDST ADST=4,AZNE=640,-647,649,651,-1029 / pg
&ADJDST ADST=5,AZNE=1230,-1238 / arl core
&ADJDST ADST=6,AZNE=1239,-1329 / arl noncore
&ADJDST ADST=7,AZNE=1330,-1399 / alx
&ADJDST ADST=8,AZNE=1400,-1779 / ffx
&ADJDST ADST=9,AZNE=1780,-1919 / ldn
&ADJDST ADST=10,AZNE=1920,-2069 / pw
&ADJDST ADST=11,AZNE=1030,-1059 / frd
&ADJDST ADST=12,AZNE=1080,-1109 / how
&ADJDST ADST=13,AZNE=1110,-1149 / aa
&ADJDST ADST=14,AZNE=1200,-1229 / chs
&ADJDST ADST=15,AZNE=1060,-1079 / car
&ADJDST ADST=16,AZNE=1150,-1199 / cal,stm
&ADJDST ADST=17,AZNE=2070,-2114 / stf,kg,spts,fbrg
&ADJDST ADST=18,AZNE=2115,-2129 / fau
&ADJDST ADST=19,AZNE=2130,-2144 / clk,jef
&ADJDST ADST=20,AZNE=2145,-2191 / externals

Non-Work/NHB Transit: (These are not used)
&NWKDST NDST=1,NZNE=1,-88 / dc core
&NWKDST NDST=2,NZNE=89,-319 / dc noncore
&NWKDST NDST=3,NZNE=320,-639,648,650 / mtg
&NWKDST NDST=4,NZNE=640,-647,649,651,-1029 / pg
&NWKDST NDST=5,NZNE=1230,-1238 / arl core
&NWKDST NDST=6,NZNE=1239,-1329 / arl noncore
&NWKDST NDST=7,NZNE=1330,-1399 / alx
&NWKDST NDST=8,NZNE=1400,-1779 / ffx
&NWKDST NDST=9,NZNE=1780,-1919 / ldn
&NWKDST NDST=10,NZNE=1920,-2069 / pw
&NWKDST NDST=11,NZNE=1030,-1059 / frd
&NWKDST NDST=12,NZNE=1080,-1109 / how
&NWKDST NDST=13,NZNE=1110,-1149 / aa
&NWKDST NDST=14,NZNE=1200,-1229 / chs
&NWKDST NDST=15,NZNE=1060,-1079 / car
&NWKDST NDST=16,NZNE=1150,-1199 / cal,stm
&NWKDST NDST=17,NZNE=2070,-2114 / stf,kg,spts,fbrg
&NWKDST NDST=18,NZNE=2115,-2129 / fau
&NWKDST NDST=19,NZNE=2130,-2144 / clk,jef
&NWKDST NDST=20,NZNE=2145,-2191 / externals

Car Occupancy:
&CARDST CDST=1,CZNE=1,-88 / dc core
&CARDST CDST=2,CZNE=89,-319 / dc noncore
&CARDST CDST=3,CZNE=320,-639,648,650 / mtg
&CARDST CDST=4,CZNE=640,-647,649,651,-1029 / pg
&CARDST CDST=5,CZNE=1230,-1238 / arl core
&CARDST CDST=6,CZNE=1239,-1329 / arl noncore
&CARDST CDST=7,CZNE=1330,-1399 / alx
&CARDST CDST=8,CZNE=1400,-1779 / ffx
&CARDST CDST=9,CZNE=1780,-1919 / ldn
&CARDST CDST=10,CZNE=1920,-2069 / pw
&CARDST CDST=11,CZNE=1030,-1059 / frd
&CARDST CDST=12,CZNE=1080,-1109 / how
&CARDST CDST=13,CZNE=1110,-1149 / aa
&CARDST CDST=14,CZNE=1200,-1229 / chs
&CARDST CDST=15,CZNE=1060,-1079 / car
&CARDST CDST=16,CZNE=1150,-1199 / cal,stm
&CARDST CDST=17,CZNE=2070,-2114 / stf,kg,spts,fbrg

```

Appendix H: Fortran and other control files

```
&CARDST CDST=18,CZNE=2115,-2129 / fau
&CARDST CDST=19,CZNE=2130,-2144 / clk,jef
&CARDST CDST=20,CZNE=2145,-2191 / externals
```

```
External Stations:
&XTERN EDST = 1, EZNE = 2145 /
&XTERN EDST = 2, EZNE = 2146 /
&XTERN EDST = 3, EZNE = 2147,-2191 /
```

3.21 MC_HBW30.ctf

```
mc_hbw.ctf - Version 2.1D_19 Mode Choice Model Control File 6/2/04
Purpose: HBW Year: 1994
Auto Operating Cost (UPARM(12)): 7.8 cents/mi in 1994$
```

Auto operating costs to be used in Version 2.1D, 19 Travel Model

Year	Auto operating cost 1994 cents/mile
year	aoc1994
1994	9.1
2000	8.5
2005	8.3
2010	8.2
2015	8.1
2020	8.0
2025	7.9
2030	7.8

Record of revisions:

Date	Psn	Adj	Description of change
06/03/04	msm	db	uparms 43-45 iter 0,1,2
06/03/04	msm	mb	uparms 53-55,63-65 iter 0 (no new run)
06/03/04	msm	mb	uparms 53-55,63-65 iter 1,2

Set file names:

```
&FILES
J1= 'hbwmu.ptt',
J3= 'am_wk.skm',
J4= 'mf_am_wk.far',
J5= 'am_dr.skm',
J6= 'mf_am_dr.far',
J7= 'sovam.skm ',
HOVA='hov2am.skm ',
HOVB='hov3am.skm ',
A1= 'hbvw2.alf',
D1= '..\support\mctf_hbw.asc',
D2= '..\support\mcof_hbw.asc',
D3= '..\support\mc_fac.asc',
```

```
J9='mc_hbw.trp', LIST='mc_hbw.prn' /
```

Set user-coded parameters. Commonly modified UPARMS are:

```
1 : minimum carpool size - HOV "A" (or liberal carpool definition)
2 : intrazonal transit share
3 : intrazonal auto driver share
4 : I/X transit share
5 : I/X auto driver share
6 : minimum carpool size - HOV "B" (or stringent carpool definition)
```

```
11 : factor to scale input highway distance to whole miles
16 : apply parking cost model
17 : apply highway terminal time model
18 : model application option: 5=nwk per, 6=nwk adr, 7=no nwk
19 : un-transformed zonal data report switch (1=yes, 2=NO)
20 : transformed zonal data report switch (1=yes, 2=NO)
21 : run only MODAS & MODBS
30 : calibration report switch (1=yes, 2=no)
```

Here is a list of the UPARMS values we will use in this run.
The first set of UPARMS are those that the user may change.
The second set of UPARMS should not be changed w/o re-calibration

```
&PARAM
zones = 2191
uparms(1) = 2
uparms(2) = 0.0
uparms(3) = 1.0
uparms(4) = 0.0
uparms(5) = 0.870
uparms(6) = 3
uparms(10) = 1.0
uparms(11) = 0.1
uparms(12) = 7.8
uparms(13) = 82.5
uparms(14) = 82.5
uparms(16) = 2
uparms(17) = 2
uparms(18) = 7
uparms(19) = 2
uparms(20) = 1
uparms(21) = 1
uparms(22) = 0.90
uparms(23) = 1.25
uparms(24) = 2.15
uparms(26) = 2.845
uparms(27) = 3.703
uparms(28) = 4.732
uparms(30) = 1

uparms(15) = 4.55
uparms(31) = 0.075
uparms(32) = 0.075
uparms(33) = 0.075
uparms(34) = 0.03
uparms(35) = 0.03
uparms(36) = 0.0
uparms(37) = 2.518e-5
uparms(38) = 0.0
uparms(39) = 0.0
uparms(40) = 0.00425
uparms(41) = 0.0
uparms(42) = 0.03
uparms(43) = 2.0499
uparms(44) = 0.5876
uparms(45) = 0.3571
uparms(46) = -4.449e-5
uparms(47) = 0.03
uparms(48) = 0.03
uparms(49) = 0.00425
uparms(50) = 0.00425
uparms(51) = 0.00425
uparms(52) = 0.0
uparms(53) = 4.8310
uparms(54) = 0.8546
uparms(55) = -0.0824
uparms(56) = 0.0
uparms(57) = 0.03
uparms(58) = 0.03
```

Appendix H: Fortran and other control files

```

uparms(59) = 0.00425
uparms(60) = 0.00425
uparms(61) = 0.00425
uparms(62) = 0.0
uparms(63) = 4.6175
uparms(64) = 2.4071
uparms(65) = 1.8979
uparms(66) = 0.0
uparms(67) = 0.0
uparms(68) = 0.0
uparms(69) = 0.01124
uparms(70) = 0.02318
uparms(71) = 0.05077
uparms(72) = 0.0
uparms(73) = 0.0
uparms(74) = 0.0
uparms(75) = 0.01124
uparms(76) = 0.02318
uparms(77) = 0.05077
uparms(78) = 0.0
uparms(79) = 0.0
uparms(80) = 1.47162
uparms(81) = 1.88085
uparms(82) = 0.0
uparms(83) = 0.0
uparms(84) = 0.0
uparms(85) = 0.01124
uparms(86) = 0.02318
uparms(87) = 0.05077
uparms(88) = 0.0
uparms(89) = 0.0
uparms(90) = 3.04973
uparms(91) = 2.54494
uparms(92) = 0.0
uparms(93) = 0.0
uparms(94) = 0.0
uparms(95) = 3
uparms(96) = 0.0
uparms(97) = 0.0
uparms(98) = -0.03611
uparms(99) = 0.
uparms(100) = 0.0
OrigSLWalk = t
DestSLWalk = t
UseShort = t
/

Set zone-district equivalencies for exogenous modal factors
based on 2191 zone system:
HBW Transit:

&ADJDST ADST=1,AZNE=1,-88 / dc core
&ADJDST ADST=2,AZNE=89,-319 / dc noncore
&ADJDST ADST=3,AZNE=320,-639,648,650 / mtg
&ADJDST ADST=4,AZNE=640,-647,649,651,-1029 / pg
&ADJDST ADST=5,AZNE=1230,-1238 / arl core
&ADJDST ADST=6,AZNE=1239,-1329 / arl noncore
&ADJDST ADST=7,AZNE=1330,-1399 / alx
&ADJDST ADST=8,AZNE=1400,-1779 / ffx
&ADJDST ADST=9,AZNE=1780,-1919 / ldn
&ADJDST ADST=10,AZNE=1920,-2069 / pw
&ADJDST ADST=11,AZNE=1030,-1059 / frd
&ADJDST ADST=12,AZNE=1080,-1109 / how
&ADJDST ADST=13,AZNE=1110,-1149 / aa
&ADJDST ADST=14,AZNE=1200,-1229 / chs
&ADJDST ADST=15,AZNE=1060,-1079 / car
&ADJDST ADST=16,AZNE=1150,-1199 / cal,stm
&ADJDST ADST=17,AZNE=2070,-2114 / stf,kg,spts,fbrg

```

```

&ADJDST ADST=18,AZNE=2115,-2129 / fau
&ADJDST ADST=19,AZNE=2130,-2144 / clk,jef
&ADJDST ADST=20,AZNE=2145,-2191 / externals

Non-Work/NHB Transit: (These are not used)
&NWKDST NDST=1,NZNE=1,-88 / dc core
&NWKDST NDST=2,NZNE=89,-319 / dc noncore
&NWKDST NDST=3,NZNE=320,-639,648,650 / mtg
&NWKDST NDST=4,NZNE=640,-647,649,651,-1029 / pg
&NWKDST NDST=5,NZNE=1230,-1238 / arl core
&NWKDST NDST=6,NZNE=1239,-1329 / arl noncore
&NWKDST NDST=7,NZNE=1330,-1399 / alx
&NWKDST NDST=8,NZNE=1400,-1779 / ffx
&NWKDST NDST=9,NZNE=1780,-1919 / ldn
&NWKDST NDST=10,NZNE=1920,-2069 / pw
&NWKDST NDST=11,NZNE=1030,-1059 / frd
&NWKDST NDST=12,NZNE=1080,-1109 / how
&NWKDST NDST=13,NZNE=1110,-1149 / aa
&NWKDST NDST=14,NZNE=1200,-1229 / chs
&NWKDST NDST=15,NZNE=1060,-1079 / car
&NWKDST NDST=16,NZNE=1150,-1199 / cal,stm
&NWKDST NDST=17,NZNE=2070,-2114 / stf,kg,spts,fbrg
&NWKDST NDST=18,NZNE=2115,-2129 / fau
&NWKDST NDST=19,NZNE=2130,-2144 / clk,jef
&NWKDST NDST=20,NZNE=2145,-2191 / externals

Car Occupancy:
&CARDST CDST=1,CZNE=1,-88 / dc core
&CARDST CDST=2,CZNE=89,-319 / dc noncore
&CARDST CDST=3,CZNE=320,-639,648,650 / mtg
&CARDST CDST=4,CZNE=640,-647,649,651,-1029 / pg
&CARDST CDST=5,CZNE=1230,-1238 / arl core
&CARDST CDST=6,CZNE=1239,-1329 / arl noncore
&CARDST CDST=7,CZNE=1330,-1399 / alx
&CARDST CDST=8,CZNE=1400,-1779 / ffx
&CARDST CDST=9,CZNE=1780,-1919 / ldn
&CARDST CDST=10,CZNE=1920,-2069 / pw
&CARDST CDST=11,CZNE=1030,-1059 / frd
&CARDST CDST=12,CZNE=1080,-1109 / how
&CARDST CDST=13,CZNE=1110,-1149 / aa
&CARDST CDST=14,CZNE=1200,-1229 / chs
&CARDST CDST=15,CZNE=1060,-1079 / car
&CARDST CDST=16,CZNE=1150,-1199 / cal,stm
&CARDST CDST=17,CZNE=2070,-2114 / stf,kg,spts,fbrg
&CARDST CDST=18,CZNE=2115,-2129 / fau
&CARDST CDST=19,CZNE=2130,-2144 / clk,jef
&CARDST CDST=20,CZNE=2145,-2191 / externals

External Stations:
&XTERN EDST = 1, EZNE = 2145 /
&XTERN EDST = 2, EZNE = 2146 /
&XTERN EDST = 3, EZNE = 2147,-2191 /

```

3.22 MC_NHB00.ct1

```

mc_nhb.ct1 - Version 2.1D,19 Mode Choice Model Control File 6/2/04
Purpose: NHB Year: 1994
Auto Operating Cost (UPARM(12)): 8.5 cents/mi in 1994$

```

Auto operating costs to be used in Version 2.1D, 19 Travel Model

```

Year      Auto
          operating
          cost
          1994

```

Appendix H: Fortran and other control files

```
cents/mile
year      aoc1994
1994      9.1
2000      8.5
2005      8.3
2010      8.2
2015      8.1
2020      8.0
2025      7.9
2030      7.8

Record of revisions:
Date      Psn Adj Description of change
06/04/04  msm db  uparms 43      iter 0 (started w/ value of 0.85)
06/04/04  msm db  uparms 43      iter 1,2 stop
06/04/04  msm mb  uparms 53,63   iter 0 (no new run),1,2 stop

Set file names:

&FILES
J1= 'nhbmu.ptt',
J3= 'op_wk.skm',
J4= 'mf_op_wk.far',
J5= 'op_dr.skm',
J6= 'mf_op_dr.far',
J7= 'sovop.skm',
HOVA='hov2op.skm',
HOVB='hov3op.skm',
A1= 'nhbv2.alf',
D1= '..\support\mctf_nhb.asc',
D2= '..\support\mccf_nhb.asc',
D3= '..\support\mc_fac.asc',

J9='mc_nhb.trp',      LIST='mc_nhb.prn' /

Set user-coded parameters. Commonly modified UPARMS are:
1 : minimum carpool size - HOV "A" (or liberal carpool definition)
2 : intrazonal transit share
3 : intrazonal auto driver share
4 : I/X transit share
5 : I/X auto driver share
6 : minimum carpool size - HOV "B" (or stringent carpool definition)
11 : factor to scale input highway distance to whole miles
16 : apply parking cost model
17 : apply highway terminal time model
18 : model application option: 5=nwk per, 6=nwk adr, 7=no nwk
19 : un-transformed zonal data report switch (1=yes, 2=NO)
20 : transformed zonal data report switch (1=yes, 2=NO)
21 : run only MODAS & MODBS
30 : calibration report switch (1=yes, 2=no)

Here is a list of the UPARMS values we will use in this run
&PARAM
zones      = 2191
uparms(1)  = 0
uparms(2)  = 0.0
uparms(3)  = 1.0
uparms(4)  = 0.0
uparms(5)  = 0.780
uparms(6)  = 0
uparms(10) = 1.0
uparms(11) = 0.1
uparms(12) = 8.5
uparms(13) = 82.5
uparms(14) = 82.5
uparms(16) = 2
```

```
uparms(17) = 2
uparms(18) = 7
uparms(19) = 2
uparms(20) = 1
uparms(21) = 1
uparms(22) = 1.00
uparms(23) = 0.00
uparms(24) = 0.00
uparms(26) = 2.845
uparms(27) = 0.0
uparms(28) = 0.0
uparms(30) = 1

uparms(15) = 4.38
uparms(31) = 0.06695
uparms(32) = 0.06695
uparms(33) = 0.06695
uparms(34) = 0.03242
uparms(35) = 0.03242
uparms(36) = -1.369e-5
uparms(37) = -1.300e-5
uparms(38) = 0.0
uparms(39) = 0.0
uparms(40) = 0.0
uparms(41) = 0.0
uparms(42) = 0.03242
uparms(43) = 1.4
uparms(44) = 0.0
uparms(45) = 0.0
uparms(46) = 0.0
uparms(47) = 0.03242
uparms(48) = 0.03242
uparms(49) = 0.0
uparms(50) = 0.0
uparms(51) = 0.0
uparms(52) = 0.0
uparms(53) = -0.8541
uparms(54) = 0.0
uparms(55) = 0.0
uparms(56) = -1.659e-5
uparms(57) = 0.03242
uparms(58) = 0.03242
uparms(59) = 0.0
uparms(60) = 0.0
uparms(61) = 0.0
uparms(62) = 0.0
uparms(63) = 0.0760
uparms(64) = 0.0
uparms(65) = 0.0
uparms(66) = 0.86043
uparms(67) = 0.00709
uparms(68) = 0.00709
uparms(69) = 0.0
uparms(70) = 0.0
uparms(71) = 0.0
uparms(72) = 0.00187
uparms(73) = 0.00709
uparms(74) = 0.00709
uparms(75) = 0.0
uparms(76) = 0.0
uparms(77) = 0.0
uparms(78) = 0.00187
uparms(79) = 0.92477
uparms(80) = 0.0
uparms(81) = 0.0
uparms(82) = 0.86043
uparms(83) = 0.00709
uparms(84) = 0.00709
```

Appendix H: Fortran and other control files

```

uparms(85) = 0.0
uparms(86) = 0.0
uparms(87) = 0.0
uparms(88) = 0.0
uparms(89) = 1.41003
uparms(90) = 0.0
uparms(91) = 0.0
uparms(92) = -0.76998
uparms(93) = 0.0
uparms(94) = 0.0
uparms(95) = 1
uparms(96) = 0.0
uparms(97) = 0.0
uparms(98) = 0.0
uparms(99) = -1.47447
uparms(100) = 0.0
OrigSLWalk = t
DestSLWalk = t
UseShort = t
/

```

Set zone-district equivalencies for exogenous modal factors
based on 2191 zone system:

HBW Transit:

```

&ADJDST ADST=1,AZNE=1,-88 / dc core
&ADJDST ADST=2,AZNE=89,-319 / dc noncore
&ADJDST ADST=3,AZNE=320,-639,648,650 / mtg
&ADJDST ADST=4,AZNE=640,-647,649,651,-1029 / pg
&ADJDST ADST=5,AZNE=1230,-1238 / arl core
&ADJDST ADST=6,AZNE=1239,-1329 / arl noncore
&ADJDST ADST=7,AZNE=1330,-1399 / alx
&ADJDST ADST=8,AZNE=1400,-1779 / ffx
&ADJDST ADST=9,AZNE=1780,-1919 / ldn
&ADJDST ADST=10,AZNE=1920,-2069 / pw
&ADJDST ADST=11,AZNE=1030,-1059 / frd
&ADJDST ADST=12,AZNE=1080,-1109 / how
&ADJDST ADST=13,AZNE=1110,-1149 / aa
&ADJDST ADST=14,AZNE=1200,-1229 / chs
&ADJDST ADST=15,AZNE=1060,-1079 / car
&ADJDST ADST=16,AZNE=1150,-1199 / cal,stm
&ADJDST ADST=17,AZNE=2070,-2114 / stf,kg,spts,fbrg
&ADJDST ADST=18,AZNE=2115,-2129 / fau
&ADJDST ADST=19,AZNE=2130,-2144 / clk,jef
&ADJDST ADST=20,AZNE=2145,-2191 / externals

```

Non-Work/NHB Transit: (These are not used)

```

&NWKDST NDST=1,NZNE=1,-88 / dc core
&NWKDST NDST=2,NZNE=89,-319 / dc noncore
&NWKDST NDST=3,NZNE=320,-639,648,650 / mtg
&NWKDST NDST=4,NZNE=640,-647,649,651,-1029 / pg
&NWKDST NDST=5,NZNE=1230,-1238 / arl core
&NWKDST NDST=6,NZNE=1239,-1329 / arl noncore
&NWKDST NDST=7,NZNE=1330,-1399 / alx
&NWKDST NDST=8,NZNE=1400,-1779 / ffx
&NWKDST NDST=9,NZNE=1780,-1919 / ldn
&NWKDST NDST=10,NZNE=1920,-2069 / pw
&NWKDST NDST=11,NZNE=1030,-1059 / frd
&NWKDST NDST=12,NZNE=1080,-1109 / how
&NWKDST NDST=13,NZNE=1110,-1149 / aa
&NWKDST NDST=14,NZNE=1200,-1229 / chs
&NWKDST NDST=15,NZNE=1060,-1079 / car
&NWKDST NDST=16,NZNE=1150,-1199 / cal,stm
&NWKDST NDST=17,NZNE=2070,-2114 / stf,kg,spts,fbrg
&NWKDST NDST=18,NZNE=2115,-2129 / fau
&NWKDST NDST=19,NZNE=2130,-2144 / clk,jef
&NWKDST NDST=20,NZNE=2145,-2191 / externals

```

```

Car Occupancy:
&CARDST CDST=1,CZNE=1,-88 / dc core
&CARDST CDST=2,CZNE=89,-319 / dc noncore
&CARDST CDST=3,CZNE=320,-639,648,650 / mtg
&CARDST CDST=4,CZNE=640,-647,649,651,-1029 / pg
&CARDST CDST=5,CZNE=1230,-1238 / arl core
&CARDST CDST=6,CZNE=1239,-1329 / arl noncore
&CARDST CDST=7,CZNE=1330,-1399 / alx
&CARDST CDST=8,CZNE=1400,-1779 / ffx
&CARDST CDST=9,CZNE=1780,-1919 / ldn
&CARDST CDST=10,CZNE=1920,-2069 / pw
&CARDST CDST=11,CZNE=1030,-1059 / frd
&CARDST CDST=12,CZNE=1080,-1109 / how
&CARDST CDST=13,CZNE=1110,-1149 / aa
&CARDST CDST=14,CZNE=1200,-1229 / chs
&CARDST CDST=15,CZNE=1060,-1079 / car
&CARDST CDST=16,CZNE=1150,-1199 / cal,stm
&CARDST CDST=17,CZNE=2070,-2114 / stf,kg,spts,fbrg
&CARDST CDST=18,CZNE=2115,-2129 / fau
&CARDST CDST=19,CZNE=2130,-2144 / clk,jef
&CARDST CDST=20,CZNE=2145,-2191 / externals

```

```

External Stations:
&XTERN EDST = 1, EZNE = 2145 /
&XTERN EDST = 2, EZNE = 2146 /
&XTERN EDST = 3, EZNE = 2147,-2191 /

```

3.23 MC_NHB30.ctf

mc_nhb.ctf - Version 2.1D_19 Mode Choice Model Control File 6/2/04
Purpose: NHB Year: 1994
Auto Operating Cost (UPARM(12)): 7.8 cents/mi in 1994\$

Auto operating costs to be used in Version 2.1D, 19 Travel Model

Year	Auto operating cost 1994 cents/mile
------	---

year	aoc1994
------	---------

1994	9.1
2000	8.5
2005	8.3
2010	8.2
2015	8.1
2020	8.0
2025	7.9
2030	7.8

Record of revisions:

Date	Psn	Adj	Description of change
06/04/04	msm	db	uparms 43 iter 0 (started w/ value of 0.85)
06/04/04	msm	db	uparms 43 iter 1,2 stop
06/04/04	msm	mb	uparms 53,63 iter 0 (no new run),1,2 stop

Set file names:

```

&FILES
J1= 'nhbmu.ptt',
J3= 'op_wk.skm',
J4= 'mf_op_wk.far',
J5= 'op_dr.skm',

```

Appendix H: Fortran and other control files

```
J6= 'mf_op_dr.far',
J7= 'sovop.skm',
HOVA='hov2op.skm',
HOVB='hov3op.skm',
A1= 'nhbv2.alf',
D1= '..\support\mctf_nhb.asc',
D2= '..\support\mccf_nhb.asc',
D3= '..\support\mc_fac.asc',

J9='mc_nhb.trp',      LIST='mc_nhb.prn' /

Set user-coded parameters.  Commonly modified UPARMS are:
 1 : minimum carpool size - HOV "A" (or liberal carpool definition)
 2 : intrazonal transit share
 3 : intrazonal auto driver share
 4 : I/X transit share
 5 : I/X auto driver share
 6 : minimum carpool size - HOV "B" (or stringent carpool definition)
11 : factor to scale input highway distance to whole miles
16 : apply parking cost model
17 : apply highway terminal time model
18 : model application option: 5=nwk per, 6=nwk adr, 7=no nwk
19 : un-transformed zonal data report switch (1=yes, 2=NO)
20 : transformed zonal data report switch (1=yes, 2=NO)
21 : run only MODAS & MODBS
30 : calibration report switch (1=yes, 2=no)

Here is a list of the UPARMS values we will use in this run
&PARAM
zones          = 2191
uparms(1)      = 0
uparms(2)      = 0.0
uparms(3)      = 1.0
uparms(4)      = 0.0
uparms(5)      = 0.780
uparms(6)      = 0
uparms(10)     = 1.0
uparms(11)    = 0.1
uparms(12)    = 7.8
uparms(13)    = 82.5
uparms(14)    = 82.5
uparms(16)    = 2
uparms(17)    = 2
uparms(18)    = 7
uparms(19)    = 2
uparms(20)    = 1
uparms(21)    = 1
uparms(22)    = 1.00
uparms(23)    = 0.00
uparms(24)    = 0.00
uparms(26)    = 2.845
uparms(27)    = 0.0
uparms(28)    = 0.0
uparms(30)    = 1

uparms(15)    = 4.38
uparms(31)    = 0.06695
uparms(32)    = 0.06695
uparms(33)    = 0.06695
uparms(34)    = 0.03242
uparms(35)    = 0.03242
uparms(36)    = -1.369e-5
uparms(37)    = -1.300e-5
uparms(38)    = 0.0
uparms(39)    = 0.0
uparms(40)    = 0.0
uparms(41)    = 0.0
uparms(42)    = 0.03242
```

```
uparms(43)    = 1.4
uparms(44)    = 0.0
uparms(45)    = 0.0
uparms(46)    = 0.0
uparms(47)    = 0.03242
uparms(48)    = 0.03242
uparms(49)    = 0.0
uparms(50)    = 0.0
uparms(51)    = 0.0
uparms(52)    = 0.0
uparms(53)    = -0.8541
uparms(54)    = 0.0
uparms(55)    = 0.0
uparms(56)    = -1.659e-5
uparms(57)    = 0.03242
uparms(58)    = 0.03242
uparms(59)    = 0.0
uparms(60)    = 0.0
uparms(61)    = 0.0
uparms(62)    = 0.0
uparms(63)    = 0.0760
uparms(64)    = 0.0
uparms(65)    = 0.0
uparms(66)    = 0.86043
uparms(67)    = 0.00709
uparms(68)    = 0.00709
uparms(69)    = 0.0
uparms(70)    = 0.0
uparms(71)    = 0.0
uparms(72)    = 0.00187
uparms(73)    = 0.00709
uparms(74)    = 0.00709
uparms(75)    = 0.0
uparms(76)    = 0.0
uparms(77)    = 0.0
uparms(78)    = 0.00187
uparms(79)    = 0.92477
uparms(80)    = 0.0
uparms(81)    = 0.0
uparms(82)    = 0.86043
uparms(83)    = 0.00709
uparms(84)    = 0.00709
uparms(85)    = 0.0
uparms(86)    = 0.0
uparms(87)    = 0.0
uparms(88)    = 0.0
uparms(89)    = 1.41003
uparms(90)    = 0.0
uparms(91)    = 0.0
uparms(92)    = -0.76998
uparms(93)    = 0.0
uparms(94)    = 0.0
uparms(95)    = 1
uparms(96)    = 0.0
uparms(97)    = 0.0
uparms(98)    = 0.0
uparms(99)    = -1.47447
uparms(100)   = 0.0
OrigSLWalk   = t
DestSLWalk   = t
UseShort     = t
/
```

Set zone-district equivalencies for exogenous modal factors
based on 2191 zone system:
HBW Transit:

```
&ADJDST ADST=1,AZNE=1,-88
```

```
/ dc core
```

Appendix H: Fortran and other control files

```
&ADJDST ADST=2,AZNE=89,-319 / dc noncore
&ADJDST ADST=3,AZNE=320,-639,648,650 / mtg
&ADJDST ADST=4,AZNE=640,-647,649,651,-1029 / pg
&ADJDST ADST=5,AZNE=1230,-1238 / arl core
&ADJDST ADST=6,AZNE=1239,-1329 / arl noncore
&ADJDST ADST=7,AZNE=1330,-1399 / alx
&ADJDST ADST=8,AZNE=1400,-1779 / ffx
&ADJDST ADST=9,AZNE=1780,-1919 / ldn
&ADJDST ADST=10,AZNE=1920,-2069 / pw
&ADJDST ADST=11,AZNE=1030,-1059 / frd
&ADJDST ADST=12,AZNE=1080,-1109 / how
&ADJDST ADST=13,AZNE=1110,-1149 / aa
&ADJDST ADST=14,AZNE=1200,-1229 / chs
&ADJDST ADST=15,AZNE=1060,-1079 / car
&ADJDST ADST=16,AZNE=1150,-1199 / cal,stm
&ADJDST ADST=17,AZNE=2070,-2114 / stf,kg,spts,fbrg
&ADJDST ADST=18,AZNE=2115,-2129 / fau
&ADJDST ADST=19,AZNE=2130,-2144 / clk,jef
&ADJDST ADST=20,AZNE=2145,-2191 / externals
```

Non-Work/NHB Transit: (These are not used)

```
&NWKDST NDST=1,NZNE=1,-88 / dc core
&NWKDST NDST=2,NZNE=89,-319 / dc noncore
&NWKDST NDST=3,NZNE=320,-639,648,650 / mtg
&NWKDST NDST=4,NZNE=640,-647,649,651,-1029 / pg
&NWKDST NDST=5,NZNE=1230,-1238 / arl core
&NWKDST NDST=6,NZNE=1239,-1329 / arl noncore
&NWKDST NDST=7,NZNE=1330,-1399 / alx
&NWKDST NDST=8,NZNE=1400,-1779 / ffx
&NWKDST NDST=9,NZNE=1780,-1919 / ldn
&NWKDST NDST=10,NZNE=1920,-2069 / pw
&NWKDST NDST=11,NZNE=1030,-1059 / frd
&NWKDST NDST=12,NZNE=1080,-1109 / how
&NWKDST NDST=13,NZNE=1110,-1149 / aa
&NWKDST NDST=14,NZNE=1200,-1229 / chs
&NWKDST NDST=15,NZNE=1060,-1079 / car
&NWKDST NDST=16,NZNE=1150,-1199 / cal,stm
&NWKDST NDST=17,NZNE=2070,-2114 / stf,kg,spts,fbrg
&NWKDST NDST=18,NZNE=2115,-2129 / fau
&NWKDST NDST=19,NZNE=2130,-2144 / clk,jef
&NWKDST NDST=20,NZNE=2145,-2191 / externals
```

Car Occupancy:

```
&CARDST CDST=1,CZNE=1,-88 / dc core
&CARDST CDST=2,CZNE=89,-319 / dc noncore
&CARDST CDST=3,CZNE=320,-639,648,650 / mtg
&CARDST CDST=4,CZNE=640,-647,649,651,-1029 / pg
&CARDST CDST=5,CZNE=1230,-1238 / arl core
&CARDST CDST=6,CZNE=1239,-1329 / arl noncore
&CARDST CDST=7,CZNE=1330,-1399 / alx
&CARDST CDST=8,CZNE=1400,-1779 / ffx
&CARDST CDST=9,CZNE=1780,-1919 / ldn
&CARDST CDST=10,CZNE=1920,-2069 / pw
&CARDST CDST=11,CZNE=1030,-1059 / frd
&CARDST CDST=12,CZNE=1080,-1109 / how
&CARDST CDST=13,CZNE=1110,-1149 / aa
&CARDST CDST=14,CZNE=1200,-1229 / chs
&CARDST CDST=15,CZNE=1060,-1079 / car
&CARDST CDST=16,CZNE=1150,-1199 / cal,stm
&CARDST CDST=17,CZNE=2070,-2114 / stf,kg,spts,fbrg
&CARDST CDST=18,CZNE=2115,-2129 / fau
&CARDST CDST=19,CZNE=2130,-2144 / clk,jef
&CARDST CDST=20,CZNE=2145,-2191 / externals
```

External Stations:

```
&XTERN EDST = 1, EZNE = 2145 /
&XTERN EDST = 2, EZNE = 2146 /
```

```
&XTERN EDST = 3, EZNE = 2147,-2191 /
```

3.24 NT_AM.ctf

NT_AM.CTL - Control File for the NODESTB program (by J.Bruggeman)
The program creates a fixed format stop nodes file
using TRNBUILD line files.

Time Period: AM Peak Hour

```
&FILES
  fline(1)='MODE1AM.TB'
  fline(2)='MODE2AM.TB'
  fline(3)='MODE3AM.TB'
  fline(4)='MODE4AM.TB'
  fline(5)='MODE6AM.TB'
  fline(6)='MODE7AM.TB'
  fline(7)='MODE8AM.TB'
  fline(8)='MODE9AM.TB'
  FNODES = 'nt_am.asc'
  FRPT = 'nt_am.rpt' /
&PARAMS
  PERIOD=0 /
&OPTIONS
  STONLY=T,
  plain=T /
&FACILS /
```

3.25 NT_OP.ctf

NT_OP.CTL - Control File for the NODESTB program (by J.Bruggeman)
The program creates a fixed format stop nodes file
using TRNBUILD line files.

Time Period: Off-Peak

```
&FILES
  fline(1)='MODE1OP.TB'
  fline(2)='MODE2OP.TB'
  fline(3)='MODE3OP.TB'
  fline(4)='MODE4OP.TB'
  fline(5)='MODE6OP.TB'
  fline(6)='MODE7OP.TB'
  fline(7)='MODE8OP.TB'
  fline(8)='MODE9OP.TB'
  FNODES = 'nt_op.asc'
  FRPT = 'nt_op.rpt' /
&PARAMS
  PERIOD=0 /
&OPTIONS
  STONLY=T,
  plain=T /
&FACILS /
```

3.26 staprotp.ctf

staprotp.ctf
Control File for STAPROTP.EXE Program

The 2 INPUT files are:

```
unit 7 statf - the consolidated station file
unit 8 rlnkf - the metrorail/commuter rail link file
```

Appendix H: Fortran and other control files

The 14 OUTPUT files are:

```
unit 11 metlnkf - metrorail link file
unit 28 metlnkml- metrorail link file for metro sta. net building
unit 12 comlnkf - commuter rail link file

unit 13 metnodf - metrorail station nodes
unit 29 metnodml- metrorail station nodes for metro sta. net. building
unit 14 comnodf - commuter rail nodes

unit 15 metpnrf - metrorail PNR nodes
unit 16 compnrf - commuter rail PNR nodes
unit 17 buspnrf - bus PNR Nodes

unit 18 mpnrlf - metrorail PNR Connector Links
unit 19 cpnrlf - commuter rail PNR Connector Links
unit 20 bpnrlf - bus PNR Connector Links

unit 21 metblf - metrorail/bus connector Links
unit 22 comblf - comm.rail/bus connector Links

unit 23 tazpnrf - TAZ-PNR Node equiv file (for MATRIX Run)
unit 24 mflal - A1 Deck Input file to MFARE1 program
unit 25 s_pxyf - station and pnr lot xys (unformatted)
```

&files

```
statf = 'inputs\sta_tpp.bse'
rlnkf = 'inputs\rail_lnk.bse'

metlnkf = 'MET_LINK.TB'
metlnkml= 'METLNKML.TB'
comlnkf = 'COM_LINK.TB'
metnodf = 'MET_NODE.TB'
metnodml= 'METNODML.TB'
comnodf = 'COM_NODE.TB'
metpnrf = 'MET_PNRN.TB'
compnrf = 'COM_PNRN.TB'
buspnrf = 'BUS_PNRN.TB'
mpnrlf = 'MET_PNRL.TB'
cpnrlf = 'COM_PNRL.TB'
bpnrlf = 'BUS_PNRL.TB'
metblf = 'MET_BUS.TB'
comblf = 'COM_BUS.TB'
tazpnrf = 'TAZPNR.asc'
mflal = 'mfare1.al'
s_pxyf = 'stapnr.xys'
/
```

3.27 Walk_AM.CTL

walk_am.ctl

Control File for WLKLNKtp.EXE Program
2005-02-25 Modified to incorporate LRT

FILES section refers to INPUT FILE references

The 2 INPUT files are:

```
unit 7 gisslf - GIS file with short/long walk pcts, distances
unit 8 cntconnf- walk access links from cnt conn pgm
unit 9 gisconnf - GIS Rail related Walk access links
```

The 1 OUTPUT file is:

```
unit 11 finwlkf - final walk access links file in TRNBUILD format
```

PARAMS section refers to node ranges of Rail

Node range(s). Range 1 is from railnr11 to railnr12 for Metrorail/commRail

Range 2 is from railnr21 to railnr22 for LRT

&files

```
gisslf = 'shlgam.asc'
cntconnf = 'ct2_am.asc'
gisconnf = 'inputs\giswklam.asc'
finwlkf = 'walk_am.tb'
fwlkpctf = 'shlgam.fin'
/
```

¶ms

```
railnr11 = 7301
railnr12 = 7999
railnr21 =20000
railnr22 =22000
/
```

3.28 Walk_OP.CTL

walk_op.ctl

Control File for WLKLNKtp.EXE Program
2005-02-25 Modified to incorporate LRT

FILES section refers to INPUT FILE references

The 2 INPUT files are:

```
unit 7 gisslf - GIS file with short/long walk pcts, distances
unit 8 cntconnf- walk access links from cnt conn pgm
unit 9 gisconnf - GIS Rail related Walk access links
```

The 1 OUTPUT file is:

```
unit 11 finwlkf - final walk access links file in TRNBUILD format
```

PARAMS section refers to node ranges of Rail

Node range(s). Range 1 is from railnr11 to railnr12 for Metrorail/commRail
Range 2 is from railnr21 to railnr22 for LRT

&files

```
gisslf = 'shlgop.asc'
cntconnf = 'ct2_op.asc'
gisconnf = 'inputs\giswklop.asc'
finwlkf = 'walk_op.tb'
fwlkpctf = 'shlgop.fin'
/
```

¶ms

```
railnr11 = 7301
railnr12 = 7999
railnr21 =20000
railnr22 =22000
/
```