

# Multi-Pollutant Proposals to Reduce Power Plant Emissions



Metropolitan Washington Air Quality Committee December 15, 2004

### Outline

- Background
- Need for Multipollutant Controls
- Approaches
- Comparison of proposals
- Timeline for reductions
- State multipollutant strategies

# Background

- 2002 Several bills introduced in Congress to address multipollutants
- Clean Skies Initiative, Jeffords bill have been stalled in committee
- MWAQC supported Jeffords bill S.366 in 2002
- EPA plans to adopt regulation 12/04 to address multipollutants (CAIR)

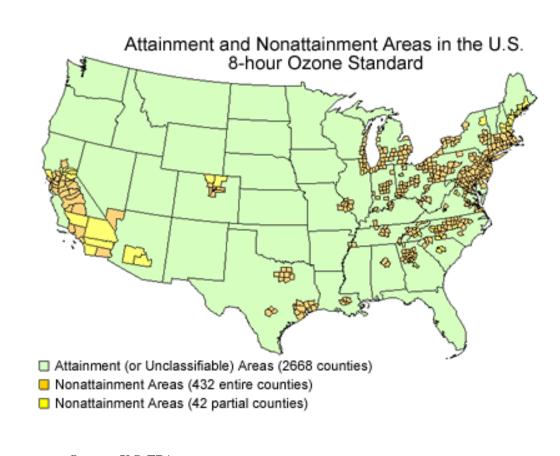
# Need for Multipollutant Controls



- Large portions of the eastern US designated non-attainment for 8hour ozone and fine particulate standards
- For many regions, transport of NOx and sulfur dioxide (SO<sub>2</sub>) plays a large role in non-attainment
- States need assistance to further reduce transport, and passage of multipollutant legislation is uncertain

### 8-Hour Ozone Nonattainment Areas in the United States

Regional solutions required to reach attainment.



Source: U.S. EPA

## Multipollutant Initiatives

### National/Regional

- Clean Air Interstate Rule (CAIR)
- Clear Skies (CSI)
- Jeffords bill (S.366)

### Regional

- Ozone Transport Commission (OTC)
- States (NC, MD, VA)

### Clean Air Interstate Rule

2-step regulatory approach reduces NOx and SO<sub>2</sub> in 2010, again in 2015

States submit SIPs outlining compliance method within 18 months of final rule

Cap and trade implementation recommended but not required. States may issue permits.

Discourages states from seeking additional federal help with transport relief

### Ozone Transport Commission Proposal



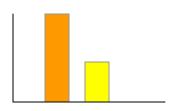
Proposes NOx and SO<sub>2</sub> reductions believed to be consistent with attainment of upcoming 8-hour and PM 2.5 standards

Reductions are larger and occur earlier than in other proposals

Supports cap and trade program

Encourages addition of large industrial boilers to program

# Major Differences







Size of Reductions



Reductions

4<sup>th</sup> Pollutant

Geographic scope

# Pollutants Addressed

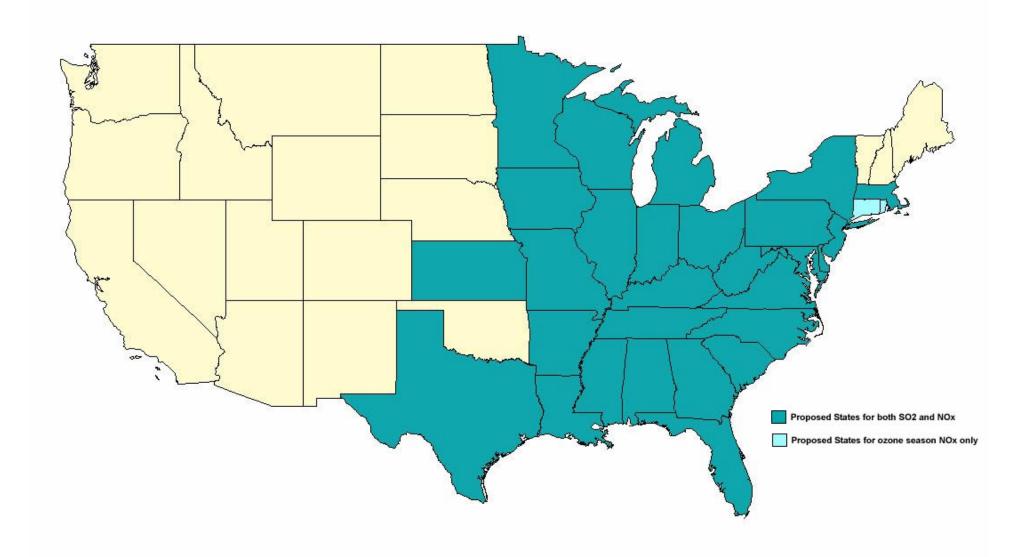
# Summary of Pollutants Addressed

	Controls				
	NOx	<u>SO</u> 2	Hg	<u>CO</u> 2	
CAIR*	Yes	Yes	No	No	
Clear Skies	Yes	Yes	Yes	Study	
Jeffords	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	
OTC	Yes	Yes	Yes	No	

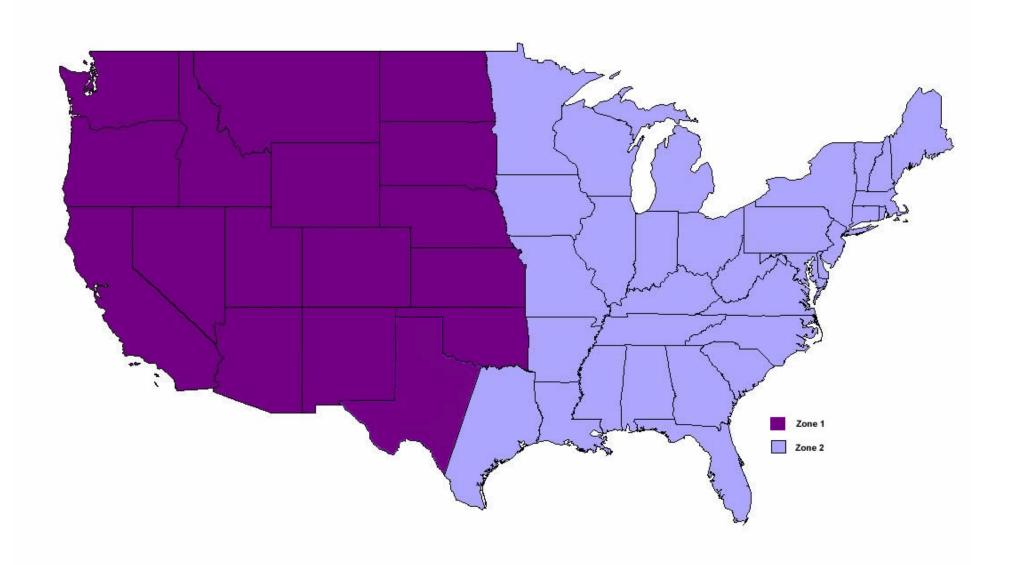
<sup>\*</sup> EPA MACT Rule addresses mercury.

# Geographic Scope

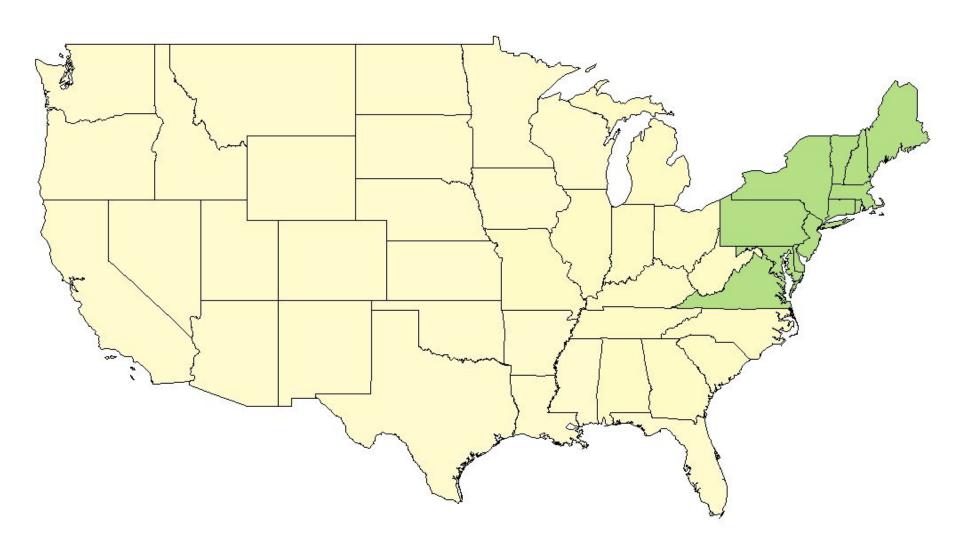
### Clean Air Interstate Rule: 28 states



### Clear Skies Initiative: 50 states, 2 zones

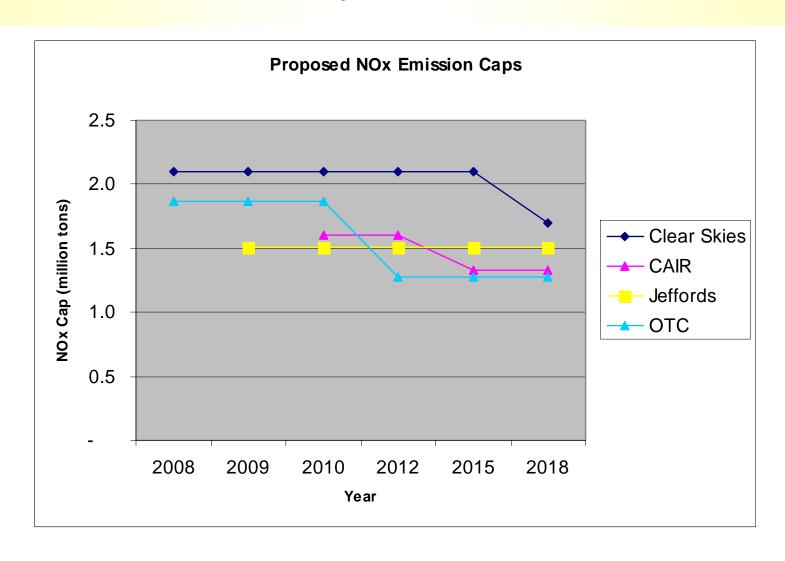


### Ozone Transport Commission Strategy: 13 States

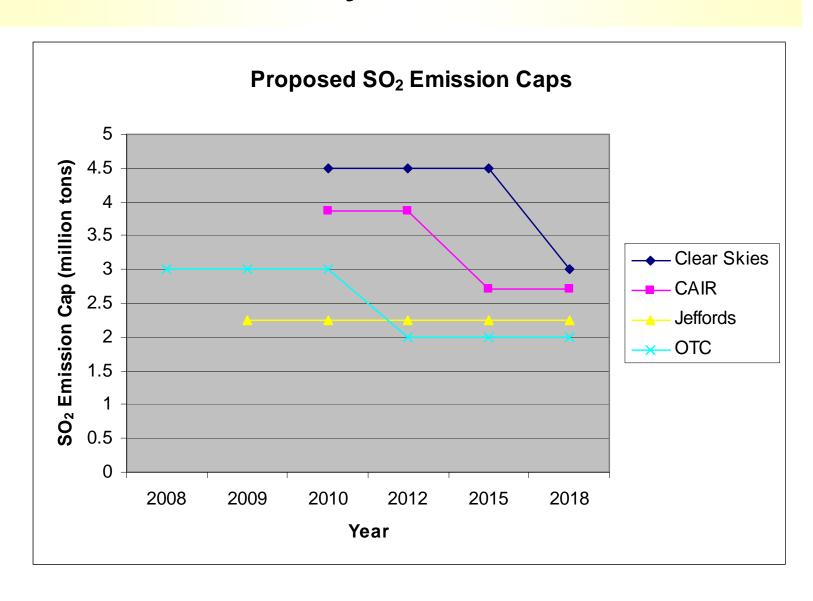


# Comparison of Benefits

# Summary of Benefits

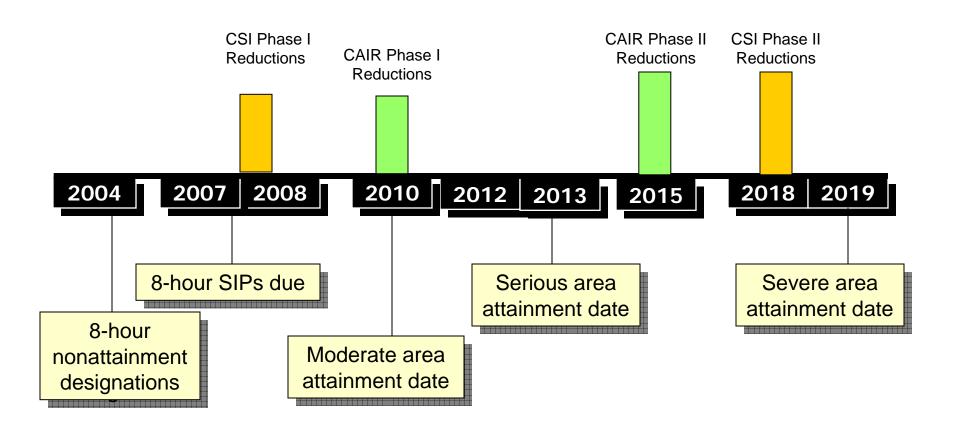


# Summary of Benefits



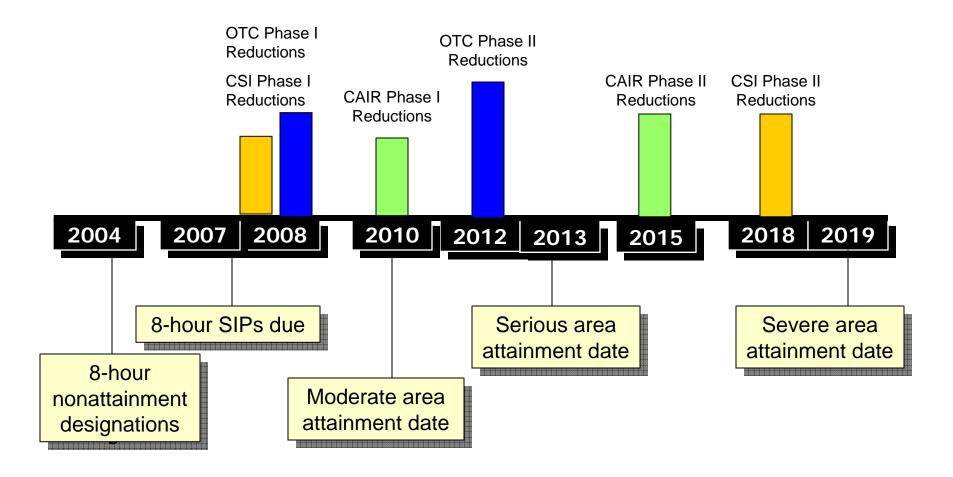
# Timeline for Reductions

### Reduction Timeline



CSI=Clear Skies Initiative CAIR=Clean Air Interstate Rule OTC=Ozone Transport Commission Proposal

### Reduction Timeline



CSI=Clear Skies Initiative CAIR=Clean Air Interstate Rule OTC=Ozone Transport Commission Proposal

# State Legislation

- North Carolina "Clean Smokestacks" passed by legislature, June 2002
- Virginia "Clean Smokestacks" (proposed)
- Maryland Multipollutant legislation (proposed)

# State Multipollutant Legislation

	Controls			
	NOx	<u>SO<sub>2</sub></u>	Hg	<u>CO</u> 2
North Carolina	Yes	Yes	No	No
Virginia*	Yes	Yes	Study	Study
Maryland*	Ves	Ves	Ves	Ves

<sup>\*</sup> To be filed.

### For more information

### Websites

- http://www.epa.gov/clearskies/
- http://www.epa.gov/air/interstateairqualit y/index.html
- http://www.epa.gov/mercury/actions.htm