SAFETY RECOMMENDATIONS

Regional Safety Study

Jon Schermann TPB Systems Performance Analysis Manager

TPB Technical Committee June 5, 2020



Presentation Items

- Draft Final Recommendations
- Next Steps



Draft Final Recommendations



Action	Description
TPB urges its members to:	 Reaffirm road user safety as a top priority and to take actions at the local, state, and regional levels to: Increase Seat Belt Use Enforcement, education Reduce Speeding Enforcement, education, engineering
	 Reduce Impaired Driving Sobriety checkpoints, Sober Ride, increased testing, increased enforcement, late night transit options Reduce Distracted Driving Enforcement, education
General (system	nic) recommendations that benefit the entire region



Action	Description
TPB urges its	Commit to working individually and/or collectively to implementing any or
members to:	all of the safety measures developed as part of the study;
	(Addendum to the resolution will provide a concise list of all the
	countermeasures identified in the study and through outreach)
Decommondati	and that address specific grash types legations, and (ar contributing factors

Recommendations that address specific crash types, locations, and/or contributing factors



Action

Description

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TPB initiates a Regional Roadway Safety Program

- To develop / implement / evaluate / otherwise assist (such as enhancing safety planning capability) its member jurisdictions and the region implement projects, programs or policies targeted to improve safety outcomes for all roadway users
- Modeled loosely on its Transportation Land-use Connection program with assistance from the three DOTs
- ~\$250k annual budget

Recommendation to initiate a regional safety program



Draft for Committee Review Regional Safety Program

TPB Regional Safety Program – Types of Projects

- Assist jurisdictions with crash data analysis
- Provide consultant services to facilitate local road safety audits
- Support additional "Street Smart-like" activities with street teams and Virtual Reality car for member jurisdictions
- Support more sobriety checkpoints
- Support increased enforcement of DUI, distracted driving, speeding, and seat belt laws
- Support or sponsor a regional "safest driver" contest (along the lines of what San Antonio did in 2018)
- Support jurisdictional level roadway safety plans
- Facilitate/conduct regional safety peer exchanges and/or training programs
- Facilitate educational outreach on safety



Action

The TPB urges its local member jurisdictions to:

- adopt Vision Zero policies, and/or
- develop local roadway safety plans.

The TPB urges its member states to:

- adopt primary seat belt legislation, and
- mandate the use of ignition interlock devices for impaired driving offenders



Draft for Committee Review

Next Steps

- Develop safety resolution language and concise documentation of countermeasures for the addendum
- Finalize recommendations based on Technical Committee feedback
- Present to the TPB at their June meeting



Jon Schermann

TPB Systems Performance Analysis Manager (202) 962-3317 jschermann@mwcog.org

mwcog.org/tpb

Metropolitan Washington Council of Governments 777 North Capitol Street NE, Suite 300 Washington, DC 20002



Cambridge Systematics Recommendations



Countermeasure	Justification	4E	Who Can Implement	Potential MPO Role
Install pedestrian Hybrid Beacon and advanced yield signs, stop markings and signs, high visibility crosswalk markings.	FHWA Proven Countermeasure	Engineering	State and local governments	Support and encouragement
Implement leading pedestrian interval (LPI) at intersections with high turning vehicle volumes to reduce pedestrian- vehicle crashes.	FHWA Proven Countermeasure	Engineering	State and local governments	Support and encouragement
Conduct pedestrian road safety audits in areas with a higher than average pedestrian fatal and serious injury crashes.	FHWA Proven Countermeasure	Engineering	State and local governments	Support and/or facilitation of road safety audits



Countermeasure	Justification	4E	Who Can Implement	Potential MPO Role
Lower speeds through	Over 3500 pedestrian	Engineering	State and	Support and
implementation of speed	fatalities and serious		local	encouragement
enforcement, installation	injuries between 2013-		governments	
of automated cameras,	2017 caused by			
and road diets that narrow	speeding; third highest			
lane width.	contributing factor to			
	fatalities and serious			
	injuries.			
	RSA's are an FHWA			
	Proven Countermeasure.			
	Studies show speeding			
	major factor in severe			
	pedestrian crashes-			
	Countermeasures That			
	Work			



Countermeasure	Justification	4E	Who Can Implement	Potential MPO Role
Evaluate mid-block crossings with higher rates of fatalities and serious injuries (especially those over 10,000 AADT) to determine whether more substantial crossing improvements are needed such as medians, refuge islands, pedestrian hybrid beacon, and rectangular rapid flashing beacons.	Medians and crossing islands are FHWA Proven Countermeasures	Engineering	State and local governments	Support and encouragement
Install pedestrian countdown signals.	An FHWA Evaluation Study cited a 9% reduction in ped crashes and a 12% reductions in rear end crashes	Engineering	State and local governments	Support and encouragement



Countermeasure	Justification	4E	Who Can Implement	Potential MPO Role
Improve geometry of pedestrian and bicycle facilities at signalized intersections with high frequencies of pedestrian and/or bicycle crashes and on routes serving schools or other generators of pedestrian and bicycle traffic.	Walkways are an FHWA Proven Countermeasure	Engineering	State and local governments	Support and encouragement
Create pedestrian safety zone program in targeted geographic areas with high occurrence of pedestrian crashes.	Has been used effectively in other states	Engineering	State and local governments	Support and encouragement



Countermeasure	Justification	4E	Who Can Implement	Potential MPO Role
Include pedestrian safety and the risks of impairment for both pedestrians and drivers in alcohol related mass media campaigns	From 2013-17, alcohol impairment a factor in over 1900 pedestrian fatalities and serious injuries; Effectiveness Undetermined – NHTSA Countermeasures That Work	Education	State Highway Safety Offices Non-profit organizations Local governments	Support and encouragement
Develop and implement an elementary school pedestrian training program.	Likely to be Effective – NHTSA Countermeasures That Work	Education	School systems	Unknown



Countermeasure	Justification	4E	Who Can Implement	Potential MPO Role
Continue the regional Street Smart Campaign. Investigate strengthening further by aiding member jurisdictions to engage street teams and other elements of the campaign at more locations throughout the year.	Campaign is currently conducted	Education	TPB	Continue to sponsor and emphasize the campaign. Support additional Street Smart- related activities
Identify areas with high pedestrian fatalities and serious injuries and install lighting at intersection and mid- block crossings to ensure motorists can see pedestrians crossing the road.	Listed as effective in the Pedestrian Safety Guide and Countermeasure Selection System	Engineering	State and local governments	Support and encouragement



Countermeasure	Justification	4E	Who Can Implement	Potential MPO Role
Develop and implement school focused pedestrian strategies building on the work done in the Safe Routes to Schools program.		Engineering Education Enforcement		Support and encouragement
Evaluate double-right turns at intersections to determine if removal of one right-turn lane is warranted.		Engineering	State and local governments	Support and encouragement
Implement audible pedestrian crossing signals where appropriate.		Engineering	State and local governments	Support and encouragement



Countermeasure	Justification	4E	Who Can Implement	Potential MPO Role
Replace intersections that have high numbers of fatalities and serious injuries with roundabouts, a circular intersection configuration with channelized approaches and a center island that results in lower speeds and fewer conflict points, wherever feasible.	Roundabouts are an FHWA Proven Countermeasures	Engineering	State and local governments	Support and encouragement



Countermeasure	Justification	4E	Who Can Implement	Potential MPO Role
Utilize multiphase signal	Angle/left turn and	Engineering	State and	Support and
operation at signalized	rear end crashes are		local	encouragement
intersections with a high	the top collision		governments	
frequency of angle crashes	types at			
involving left turning and	intersections in our			
opposing through vehicles as	region			
well as rear-end and sideswipe				
crashes. A properly timed				
protected left turn phase (left				
turn only green light) can				
reduce rear-end and sideswipe				
crashes.				



Countermeasure	Justification	4E	Who Can Implement	Potential MPO Role
Increase change intervals	Rear end crashes	Engineering	State and	Support and
(when the traffic lights change)	are the second		local	encouragement
at signalized intersections with	highest collision type		governments	
a high frequency of crashes	at intersections in			
that may be caused by change	our region			
interval lengths that are too				
short including rear-end				
crashes and crashes between				
vehicles continuing through the				
intersection after one phase				
has ended and the vehicles				
entering the intersection on the				
following phase.				



Countermeasure	Justification	4E	Who Can Implement	Potential MPO Role
Improve left-turn channelization (providing definite paths for vehicles to follow) at signalized intersections where crashes related to left-turn movements are an issue.	Dedicated left and right turns lanes are a FHWA Proven Countermeasure	Engineering	State and local governments	Support and encouragement
Improve right-turn channelization at signalized intersections with a high frequency of rear-end collisions.	Rear end collisions a major crash cause in our region.	Engineering	State and local governments	Support and encouragement



Countermeasure	Justification	4E	Who Can Implement	Potential MPO Role
Install LED heads and reflective backplates (reflective borders around traffic lights that make them more visible) in locations with high numbers of signalized intersection fatal and serious injury crashes.	Reflective backplates are a FHWA proven countermeasure	Engineering	State and local governments	Support and encouragement
Restrict access to properties using driveway closures or turn restrictions that are near signalized intersections with high crash frequencies related to driveways.	Corridor Access Management including driveway closures, consolidation or relocation is an FHWA Proven Countermeasure	Engineering	State and local governments	Support and encouragement



Countermeasure	Justification	4E	Who Can Implement	Potential MPO Role
Restrict or eliminate turning maneuvers (including right turns on red) or employ signal coordination at signalized intersections with a high frequency of crashes related to turning maneuvers.		Engineering	State and local governments	Support and encouragement
Improve signage at unsignalized intersections by ensuring foliage does not block the sign, the lettering is still reflective, and the sign is located where it can be seen by motorists.	Systemic Application of Low-Cost Countermeasures - FHWA Proven Countermeasure	Engineering	State and local governments	Support and encouragement



Countermeasure	Justification	4E	Who Can Implement	Potential MPO Role
Add reflective material to sign posts at unsignalized intersections.	Systemic Application of Low-Cost Countermeasures - FHWA Proven Countermeasure	Engineering	State and local governments	Support and encouragement
Install LED-enhanced stop signs at unsignalized intersections where there are a higher than average number of fatal and serious injury crashes.	Systemic Application of Low-Cost Countermeasures - FHWA Proven Countermeasure	Engineering	State and local governments	Support and encouragement
Implement high friction treatment at intersections that have a high number of rear-end crashes.	FHWA Proven Countermeasures	Engineering	State and local governments	Support and encouragement



Countermeasure	Justification	4E	Who Can Implement	Potential MPO Role
Provide public information,	Left turns at	Education	State Highway	Support and
education, and training for	intersection are a		Safety Offices,	encouragement
older drivers on risks	major cause of		State and local	
associated with signalized	crashes involving		Departments	Potential for
intersections such as red-light	older adults. Aging		of	sponsoring or
running, speeding, not yielding	impacts ability to		Transportation	supporting a
to pedestrians, and difficulty	judge time and			public
judging speed and distance of	distance. Older			information
approaching vehicles when	Drivers fifth highest			campaign
making left turns.	contributing factor to			
	fatal and serious			
	injury crashes.)			



Countermeasure	Justification	4E	Who Can Implement	Potential MPO Role
Increase automated enforcement at intersections including speed on green, stop- light camera, blocking the box, etc.	Automated camera enforcement is an . FHWA Proven Countermeasure.	Engineering	State and local governments	Support and encouragement
Implement left-turn traffic calming (left turn hardening) to reduce left turn speeds and enforcing safe turning behavior at intersections that show a pattern of pedestrian-related left turn crashes and intersection geometry that facilitates high speeds	Has been used effectively in other states, including New York. New York reports as much as a 20 percent reduction in pedestrian injuries	Engineering	State and local governments	Support and encouragement



Countermeasure	Justification	4E	Who Can Implement	Potential MPO Role
Implement roadside design improvements such as clear zones, slope flattening, and adding or widening shoulders to improve ability for drivers to safely recover if they leave the travel lane.	FHWA Proven Countermeasure	Engineering	State and local governments	Support and encouragement
Implement enhanced delineation treatments can alert drivers in advance of the curve including pavement markings; post-mounted delineation; larger signs and signs with enhanced retroreflectivity; and dynamic advance curve warning signs and sequential curve signs.	FHWA Proven Countermeasure	Engineering	State and local governments	Support and encouragement



Countermeasure	Justification	4E	Who Can Implement	Potential MPO Role
Implement improvements including installation of cable barriers, guardrails, and concrete barriers to reduce the severity of roadway departure crashes.	FHWA Proven Countermeasure	Engineering	State and local governments	Support and encouragement
Identify areas in the region that could benefit from traffic calming including road diets that reduce the number of traffic lanes and planting trees that encourage reduced speeds.	Road Diets are a FHWA Proven Countermeasure	Engineering	State and local governments	Support and encouragement



Countermeasure	Justification	4E	Who Can Implement	Potential MPO Role
Install high friction surface treatment (HFST) in locations where the available pavement friction is not adequate to support operating speeds a sharp curve, inadequate cross-slope design, wet conditions, polished roadway surfaces, or driving speeds in excess of the	FHWA Proven Countermeasure	Engineering	State and local governments	Support and encouragement
curve advisory speed.				
Install longitudinal rumble strips and stripes in locations where run- off-the-road crashes are high.	FHWA Proven Countermeasure	Engineering	State and local governments	Support and encouragement



Countermeasure	Justification	4E	Who Can Implement	Potential MPO Role
Install the Safety Edge to eliminate the vertical drop-off at the pavement edge, allowing drifting vehicles to return to the pavement safely. It has minimal effect on asphalt pavement project cost with the potential to improve pavement life.	FHWA Proven Countermeasure	Engineering	State and local governments	Support and encouragement
Implement improvements to reduce the severity of roadway departure crashes including installation of cable barriers, guardrails, and concrete barriers.	FHWA Proven Countermeasure	Engineering	State and local governments	Support and encouragement



Countermeasure	Justification	4E	Who Can Implement	Potential MPO Role
Develop a regional Safety Checklist or template as a tool for local jurisdictions to use during planning and project identification efforts		Engineering, Education, Enforcement,	MPO	Develop a regional safe roads policy template like what has been done for complete streets and green streets
Conduct education enforcement campaign focused on distracted driving (D.R.I.V.E, Texting and Driving Initiative).	Distracted driving is the eighth highest contributing factor to fatal and serious injury crashes.	Education	State and local police departments	Potential for sponsoring or supporting a public information campaign or enforcement activations



Countermeasure	Justification	4E	Who Can Implement	Potential MPO Role
Target education to low seat belt use groups based on factors including gender, age, and ethnicity.	Failure to wear seat belts is a factor in 27% of our region's fatal crashes.	Education	State Highway Safety Offices	Potential for sponsoring or supporting a public information campaign or enforcement activations
Conduct a study to determine the safety needs of older adults in the region and coordinate internally and externally to provide information on transportation alternatives other than driving.		Education	TPB	Consider coordinating with ongoing transportation alternatives work activities at TPB and other agencies



Countermeasure	Justification	4E	Who Can Implement	Potential MPO Role
Determine penalties for distracted driving in MD, DC, and VA, support legislative classification of distracted driving as a "moving violation" and decide if changes are needed.		Education		Review current statutes in member states for informational (not lobbying) purposes
Evaluate incident response times to determine if additional TIMS training and/or other resources are needed.	TIMS training is widely conducted throughout the region and recommended by the Federal government	Emergency Medical Services	State governments	Support and encouragement



Countermeasure	Justification	4E	Who Can Implement	Potential MPO Role
Develop incident response plans for	Federal	Emergency	State	Support and
interstates and arterials throughout	recommendation	Medical	governments	encouragement
the region.		Services		



Draft for Committee Review Young Drivers Recommendations

Countermeasure	Justification	4E	Who Can Implement	Potential MPO Role
Conduct well-publicized enforcement programs aimed at young drivers.	Seat belt enforcement programs and primary seat belt laws are proven countermeasures – Countermeasures That Work.	Education	State Highway Safety Offices, state and local law enforcement	Potential for sponsoring or supporting enforcement activations
Conduct multi-component community programs to address underage drinking including licensing actions for underage alcohol violations, zero tolerance enforcement, and vendor compliance checks for age 21 enforcement.	NCHRP 622, Effectiveness of Behavioral Highway Safety Countermeasures, indicates these measures are likely to be effective.	Education	State Highway Safety Offices	Support and encouragement



Draft for Committee Review Young Drivers Recommendations

Countermeasure	Justification	4E	Who Can Implement	Potential MPO Role
Implement server training	Effective	Education	State HSOs,	Support and
programs to enable servers to	countermeasure -		community	encouragement
identify underage and prevent	Countermeasures		groups, bars	
overserving	That Work		and	
			restaurants	

Occupant Protection Recommendation

Countermeasure	Justification	4E	Who Can Implement	Potential MPO Role
State primary enforcement	NHTSA	Enforcement	State	Information
seat belt laws	Countermeasures That Work		Legislatures	provision

