## ITEM 8 - Action October 17, 2007

Approval of an Amendment to the FY 2008 Unified Planning Work Program (UPWP) to Implement the Second Year of the Transportation/Land Use Connections (TLC) Program

## **Staff**

## **Recommendation:**

- Receive briefing on the evaluation of the pilot TLC Program.
- Adopt Resolution R7-2008 to amend the FY 2008 UPWP to implement the second year of the TLC Program, as described in the attached materials.

**Issues:** None

**Background:** At the July 18 TPB meeting, the Board received

a status report on the six TLC technical

assistance projects which were completed under the pilot program in FY 2007. The Broad will be

briefed on a staff evaluation of the pilot TLC Program which was based on survey responses from technical assistance awardees, agency

stakeholders, and consultants who provided the

technical assistance for the six projects.

## NATIONAL CAPITAL REGION TRANSPORTATION PLANNING BOARD 777 North Capitol Street, N.E. Washington, D.C. 20002

# AN AMENDMENT TO THE FY 2008 UNIFIED PLANNING WORK PROGRAM (UPWP) TO IMPLEMENT THE SECOND YEAR OF THE TRANSPORTATION/LAND USE CONNECTIONS (TLC) PROGRAM

WHEREAS, the Joint Planning Regulations issued by the Federal Highway Administration (FHWA) and the Federal Transit Administration (FTA) require a Unified Planning Work Program for Transportation Planning (UPWP); and

WHEREAS, the UPWP is required as a basis and condition for all funding assistance for transportation planning to state, local, and regional agencies by the FHWA and FTA; and

WHEREAS, the FY 2008 UPWP for the Washington Metropolitan Area was adopted by the TPB on March 21, 2007; and

WHEREAS, at the July 18 TPB meeting, the Board received a status report on the six TLC technical assistance projects which were completed under the pilot program in FY 2007; and

**WHEREAS**, at the October 17 TPB meeting, the Broad was briefed on the enclosed evaluation of the pilot TLC Program, which was based upon survey responses from the technical assistance awardees, agency stakeholders, and consultants who performed the technical assistance for the six projects; and

WHEREAS, the evaluation supports the continuation of the TLC Program for a second year;

NOW, THEREFORE, BE IT RESOLVED THAT: The National Capital Region
Transportation Planning Board amends the FY 2008 UPWP to implement the second year
of the TLC program, as described in the attached materials.

### 1. PLAN SUPPORT

## H. TRANSPORTATION/LAND USE CONNECTION (TLC) PROGRAM

SAFETEA-LU stresses the importance of coordination between land use and transportation planning. This work activity was implemented as a pilot in November 2006. It created a clearinghouse to document **national best practices as well as** local and state experiences with land use and transportation coordination, and offered short-term technical assistance through consultant teams to local jurisdictions to advance their coordination activities. The technical assistance provided to a locality will be was specified on a task order basis for the consultant teams and will be was limited to \$20,000 per project.

This is a budget placeholder with a similar funding level as in FY 2007. In July 2007, after the demand for technical assistance is known and the efficacy of the pilot can be evaluated, it is anticipated that the work scope and budget will be revised. In August and September 2007, the pilot round of the TLC Technical Assistance program was evaluated. The results were presented to the TPB and the Technical Committee in October 2007. Based on this evaluation, the FY 2008 round of the TLC Technical Assistance Program will be conducted in essentially the same manner as the FY 2007 pilot round, with the following refinements:

- Due to reduced funding needs for the TLC Regional Clearinghouse and website relative to FY 2007, it will be possible to fund at least six location-specific technical assistance projects at a level of up to \$20,000 each in FY 2008, up from the five funded in FY 2007. In addition, staff support will be provided for five other TLC Technical Assistance Projects to be conducted as part of the VDOT Multimodal Grant Program. Staff support could also be provided for other technical assistance projects if additional funding is provided by state or local agencies.
- The TLC Regional Clearinghouse website will be maintained and updated.
- The FY 2008 application procedures will be refined in response to suggestions received from the evaluation of the FY 2007 pilot program.

Oversight: TPB Technical Committee

Cost Estimate: \$255,000

Products: A Continuous revision and updating of the web-

based clearinghouse of information on **national best practices and** experiences throughout the region, and technical assistance provided by consultant teams to localities that request services to advance their land use and transportation planning activities.

Schedule: Technical assistance September 2007-June 2008

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## National Capital Region Transportation Planning Board

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#### **MEMORANDUM**

TO: Transportation Planning Board

FROM: Ronald F. Kirby

Director, Department of Transportation Planning

SUBJECT: Evaluation of the Transportation/Land-Use Connections (TLC) Pilot Program,

and Amendment to the FY 2008 Unified Planning Work Program (UPWP) to

Implement the Second Year of the TLC Program

DATE: October 11, 2007

TPB staff briefed the Transportation Planning Board at its July 18 meeting on the status of the pilot phase of the TLC Program, and its intent to conduct an evaluation of the pilot phase and provide recommendations for the next round of the Program. TPB staff has since completed interviews with the awardees, consultants, and agency stakeholders who participated in the five location-specific projects conducted in pilot round of the TLC Program. Common themes from these interviews are summarized in this memorandum. Based on the evaluation findings and comments from the TLC lead consultant, Reconnecting America, staff recommends that the FY 2008 TLC Program be conducted in much the same manner as the FY 2007 pilot program, with some refinements to the program as detailed in this memorandum.

### **Current Status of the TLC Pilot Program**

Five location-specific projects were included in the pilot phase of the TLC Program, as well as a sixth public presentation project. A brief summary of the six projects and the TLC Website and Regional Clearinghouse is provided below. Detailed information about the location-specific projects may be found on the TLC website under "Current Projects": <a href="http://www.mwcog.org/tlc">http://www.mwcog.org/tlc</a>.

## District of Columbia: Potomac Avenue Metro Station Scoping Study

This project was completed through the collaboration of various District agencies, as well as national partners with interests in this neighborhood. The resulting "Potomac Avenue Revitalization Strategy" for the future Neighborhood Plan prioritizes planning elements which will be analyzed during the full planning effort for this neighborhood.

## Langley Park/Takoma Park: Pedestrian Study

This study was completed through coordination with local, state (Maryland), and county agencies. Officials from these agencies participated in discussions with the consultant, who

devised recommendations for the pedestrian and bicycle network around the future Purple Line Station. The "Takoma/Langley Crossroads Pedestrian Access and Mobility Study" is the first piece of the Takoma/Langley Crossroads Sector Plan effort, which will commence this fall through M-NCPPC.

## St. Charles Urbanized Area: Urban Road Standards

The Urban Road Standards designed for Charles County will fulfill the County's goal of developing a dense, walkable environment in both the Waldorf Sub-area and Bryans Road Town Center. The Summary of Design Criteria and Intersection Plan Figures provided the County with the ability to move forward with the development of these sub-areas.

## Fairfax County: Level of Service around Transit Oriented Development Study

The report, "Automobile Level of Service in Transit Station Areas: A Survey of Current Practice," provides Fairfax County and jurisdictions across the region with a summary of best practices from municipalities around the country that have taken steps to balance multi-modal options in transit oriented developments.

## Prince William County: Base Realignment and Closure Impacts Scoping Study

The scope of work developed for Prince William County will allow the County to apply for federal funding for a planning study to analyze the impacts of the BRAC decision on the Potomac Communities section of the County. The scope of work, "Impacts of BRAC on the Potomac Communities," outlines an approach to reviewing the BRAC impacts that balances land use and transportation.

## Public Presentation on Density Issues

The sixth project initiated in the pilot phase of the TLC Program is a presentation explaining density and transit-oriented development in clear language. This presentation, "Density and the Washington, D.C., Region," is currently being revised by the TLC lead consultant in consultation with TPB staff and staff in Takoma Park and College Park. Once the presentation is final, the consultant will provide the presentation and conduct a discussion on local density issues at public meetings in these jurisdictions. TPB staff anticipates providing future opportunities for this presentation in other interested jurisdictions across the region.

## TLC Website and Regional Clearinghouse

The TLC Website was launched in June and provides national best practices on linking land use and transportation issues. The website also features a database of relevant projects and initiatives around the region, which local jurisdictions have reviewed for accuracy. TPB staff updated the website to include write-ups on the FY 2007 TLC technical assistance projects as they were completed.

## **Evaluation Comments Received about the TLC Program**

The evaluation conducted on the pilot round of the TLC Program indicates that this program can serve a valuable function throughout the region. Common themes identified during the evaluation are summarized below.

## Bringing Key Partner Agencies and Stakeholders Together

Most of the respondents noted the ability of the TLC Program to gather partner agencies and stakeholders together to discuss a common subject. Several respondents said that conversations with partners would likely not have occurred had they initiated their project in house. The process of participating in a regional technical assistance program encouraged them to think regionally and include a variety of local, state, and regional partners in the project. Similarly, by participating in the TLC Program, some respondents were better able to organize their in-house coordination by making sure there was representation at meetings from all relevant departments. Finally, respondents said that they learned the value of involving department and agency partners, as well as the public, in the project initiation phase of their normal programming efforts. All respondents agreed that they learned more about the programs and projects of partner agencies during the technical assistance project timeframe.

## Pros and Cons of the Short Project Timeframes and Limited Budgets

Because it was necessary to complete the projects before the end of FY 2007, most projects were completed in approximately six weeks. Many respondents felt that the short timeframe available for completion of the pilot round of the technical assistance projects was beneficial. Some said it helped focus the projects on one or two important tasks, and that the process could not afford to be delayed by minor issues. Because of this, some felt the short timeframe helped produce tailored, meaningful results for the localities. Conversely, some respondents said a longer timeframe for project completion would allow for a more in-depth review of policies and procedures for a locality, as well as time and energy left to incorporate a regional flavor in the projects. Additionally, respondents added that it was difficult to coordinate the schedules of all partners during the short project time. They said more time would allow for more contacts to be made with partners and greater levels of participation in the project. Many of those interviewed felt that the products could be improved through increasing the amount of assistance provided to each technical assistance project. Some commented that increased funding per project would allow for more meaningful projects and more fully developed products and conclusions.

## TLC Project Application and Selection Process

Some respondents suggested that applications would be more compelling and projects would be better if the TPB encouraged applicant jurisdictions to collaborate with agency partners in developing the application for technical assistance. Along the same lines, it would be helpful to all partners if the TPB could articulate why some projects receive priority over others; this could simply mean clarifying the goals of the program with respect to project selection. Additionally, many agency partners asked to receive early information about applications received during the FY 2008 call for projects, so that they could check with their departments to be sure that the right people were involved in each project. This would also entail agency partners sharing information about past and current projects so that the TPB may select TLC technical assistance projects using the best information available.

## Perspectives of TLC Consultants

Several consultants who were interviewed said they believed future consultants would benefit from an overview of the TLC Program before beginning the project. Many said they learned about the overall goals of the program as they were conducting the projects, and they felt that future products could be improved through an overview of TLC concepts. One solution to this issue that would benefit both awardees and consultants would be to develop a short document that clearly articulates TLC Program goals and the desired grant outcomes, which would also assist jurisdictions in developing clear, compelling applications. Consultants also commented on the timeliness of the gathering of materials. Because these projects were completed in such a short timeframe, the consultants encouraged TPB staff to ask localities to gather necessary project background information, data, and relevant materials from partners before the initial project meetings.

## ■ The TLC Website and Regional Clearinghouse

Many respondents had visited the TLC website and Regional Clearinghouse. While they generally found it to be a useful tool, some offered some suggestions for improvement to the site. One comment mentioned that additional search functionality for the whole site, like an index or keyword search, would be useful. Several respondents suggested updating the website on progress against a timeline for the technical assistance program during each round of funding. After each round of funding, it would be helpful to track each of the completed TLC projects and provide follow-up information as aspects of the projects are implemented. One participant said it would be helpful to include jurisdiction staff contact information with each project so staff from other jurisdictions who are interested in the project or process could contact them with questions.

## Regional Applicability and Benefits

Many respondents commented on the regional applicability of the projects in which they were involved. Several commented that the products resulting from some of the technical assistance grants would be valuable to jurisdictions across the region facing similar issues. Other respondents discussed the regional appeal of having a database of current projects that address local issues from a regional perspective. Some respondents said the TLC Program represents an important regional program that will produce a valuable library of resources for the region as the TPB completes more technical assistance projects. A respondent from Charles County said their project demonstrated that a small, outer jurisdiction can get a lot out of the regional TLC Program. While Charles County would likely have completed this project in house within several years, they were able to use the TLC Program to quickly develop urban roadway standards that fit seamlessly into a current planning process. While many respondents said the projects generally had regional value, they felt some of the projects could have included language that strengthened the regional applicability of the projects, and suggested that in future rounds TPB staff should request that the regional component be more prominent.

### FY 2008 Phase of the TLC Program

Based on the responses obtained during the evaluation and input from various TPB committees,

TPB staff recommends the following refinements for the FY 2008 round of the TLC Technical Assistance Program:

- Increase the number of projects. The evaluations demonstrated a regional need for small projects that fill a gap in a process created by local funding limitations or that jumpstart a planning process and reduce time spent on a larger effort. For these reasons, TPB staff recommends supporting at least six location-specific projects under the Technical Assistance Program in FY 2008. An additional technical assistance project or projects will be possible due to the reduced costs of maintaining and updating the TLC Regional Clearinghouse website.
- Encourage applicants to work with agency partners during the application stage. Many interviewees believed that the project processes and deliverables could have been more effective if the applicant had developed the TLC project application in collaboration with other departments in their jurisdictions and partner transportation agencies potentially affected through the proposed project. TPB staff recommends that the application template be amended to request information about coordination with other entities.
- Extend project timeframe. Many participants interviewed said they felt their projects would have benefited from more time, potentially allowing the consultants to focus on key issues in greater detail. The FY 2008 call for projects will occur earlier in the fiscal year, allowing for project timeframes of about 10 weeks rather than the six weeks in FY 2007. This extended timeframe will allow for more in-depth analysis of issues, while keeping the projects focused and on the "front burner", an attribute many participants felt was valuable.

TPB staff will revise the application form used for the FY 2007 pilot round to include the recommendations above for the FY 2008 program. This application will be released in late October with a submission deadline of January 15, 2008. All applicants who previously applied will be welcome to apply again, and applicants will be encouraged to consult with TPB staff in developing their applications. TPB staff will work with the TPB officers to develop a recommended list of projects for approval by the TPB at its February 20, 2008 meeting. Work on the selected technical assistance projects will commence in March 2008.

The TPB will be asked at its October 17 meeting to approve an amendment to the FY 2008 Unified Planning Work Program to implement the TLC Program for FY 2008.