









Fairfax County Countywide Transit Network Study

Proposed High Quality Transit Network Concept

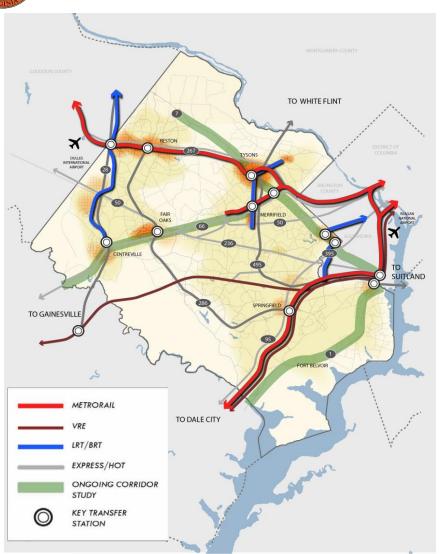
Metropolitan Washington Council of Governments
Travel Forecasting Subcommittee

September 20, 2013





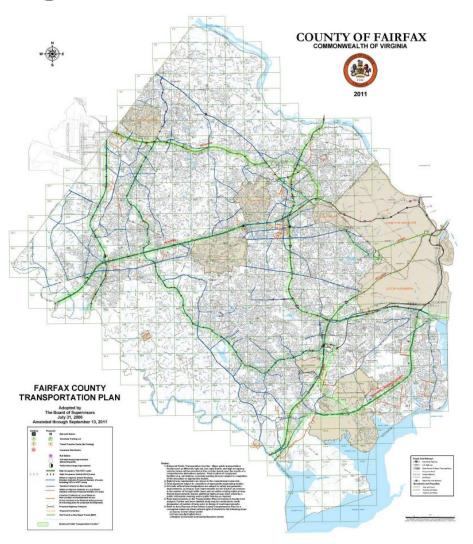
Presentation Context



This presentation summarizes materials presented at the July 10, 2013 public workshop held at the Fairfax County Government Center.

It also incorporates subsequent changes made in response to stakeholder comment to clarify the relationship between the Proposed High Quality Transit Network Concept and corridors under current study.

Study Purpose



Establish most effective way to serve the County's needs to accommodate planned growth over the long term by improving public transit usage.

Update Enhanced Public Transportation Corridors (EPTC) with High Quality Transit Network (HQTN) and further define modes, right-ofway, and station locations.

Study Process









We are at the third of our four stages of public involvement and review:

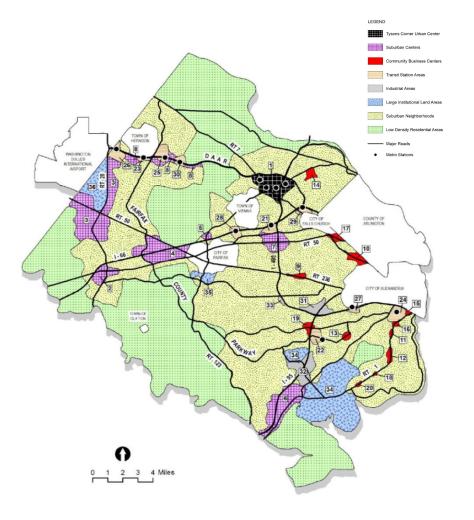
- Goals/Objectives (July 2012)
- Functions (November 2012)
- Proposed High Quality Transit Network Concept (July 2013)
- Final Concept (Spring/Summer 2014)

Our next steps are to:

- Continue stakeholder engagement
- Consider refinements
- Develop additional details on alignments, stations, and costs
- Finalize recommendations



Land Use Concept



LOCATIONS OF MIXED-USE CENTERS

Urban Center

1. Tysons Corner Urban Center

Suburban Centers

- 2. Centreville
- 3. Dulles (Route 28 Corridor)
- Fairfax Center
- 5. Flint Hill
- 6. Lorton-South Route 1
- 7. Merrifield
- 8. Reston-Herndon

Community Business Centers

- 9. Annandale
- 10. Baileys Crossroads
- 11. Beacon/Groveton
- 12. Hybla Valley/Gum Springs
- 13. Kingstowne
- 14. McLean
- North Gateway
- 16. Penn Daw
- 17. Seven Corners
- 18. South County Center
- Springfield
- 20. Woodlawn

Transit Station Areas

- 21. Dunn Loring
- 22. Franconia/Springfield
- 23. Herndon-Monroe
- 24. Huntington
- 25. Reston Parkway
- 26. Route 28/CIT
- 27. Van Dorn
- 28. Vienna
- 29. West Falls Church
- 30. Wiehle Avenue

LOCATIONS OF LARGE INSTITUTIONAL AND INDUSTRIAL AREAS

Industrial Areas

- 31. Beltway South
- 32. I-95 Corridor
- 33. Ravensworth

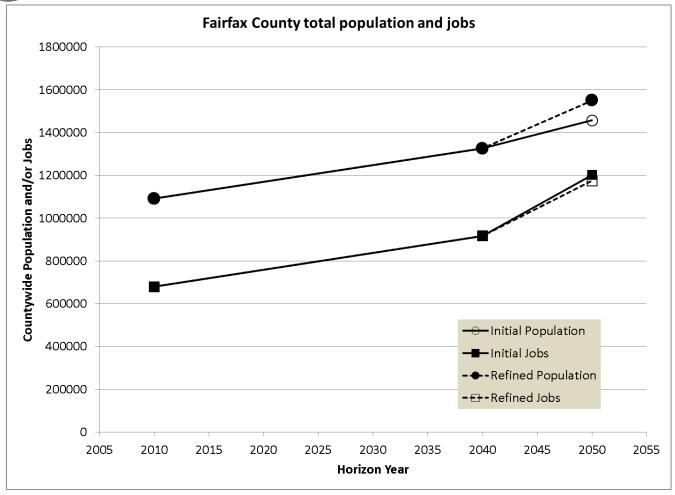
Large Institutional Land Areas

- 34. Fort Belvoir (Main Post and North Area)
- 35. George Mason University
- 36. Washington Dulles International Airport

The proposed 2050 High **Quality Transit** Network supports the County's future development concept by focusing service on activity centers



Land Use Forecasts

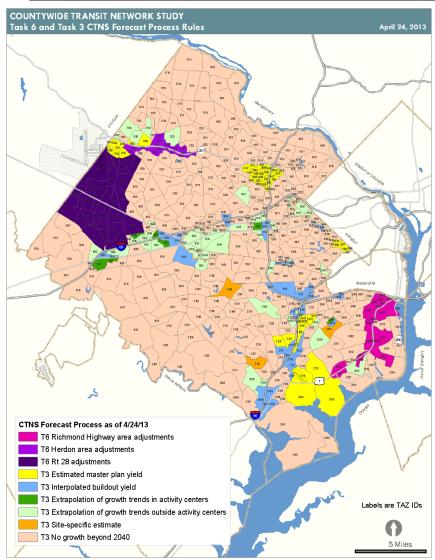


Long-term horizon considering Comprehensive Plan yields





Land Use Forecasts



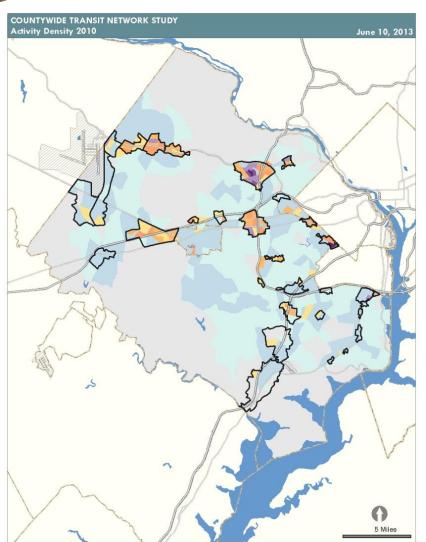
Most of County land area is established residential communities with no significant growth beyond 2040.

Focus of growth in activity centers, with particular attention in study to TOD opportunities along Richmond Highway and Route 28.





Land Use Forecasts



Fairfax County's land use policies encourage development within designated activity centers, which **currently** include about:

- 10% of County acreage
- 19% of County households
- 82% of County jobs

Activity Density = (population+jobs)/acre

Blue: (AD>4): supports local bus service

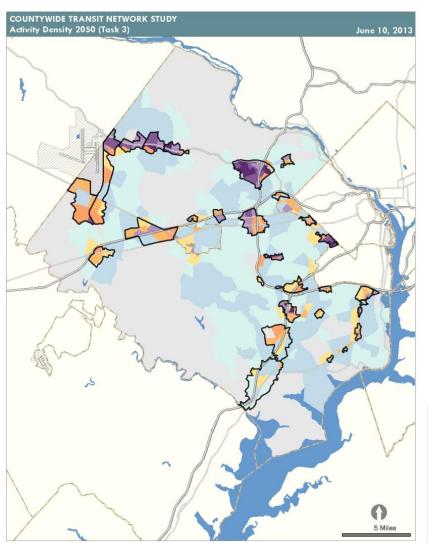
Red: (AD>20) supports bus rapid transit (BRT)

Purple: (AD>50) supports rail transit





Land Use Forecasts



Fairfax County's land use policies encourage development within designated activity centers, which by 2050 include about:

- 10% of County acreage
- 36% of County households
- 89% of County jobs

Activity Density = (population+jobs)/acre

Blue: (AD>4): supports local bus service

Red: (AD>20) supports bus rapid transit (BRT)

Purple: (AD>50) supports rail transit



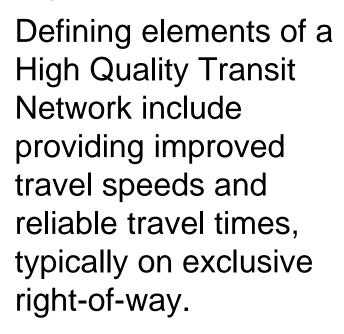


High Quality Transit







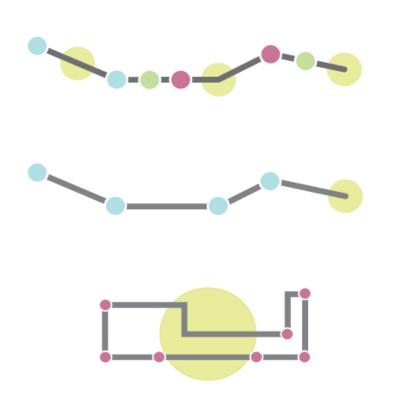


Commuter rail, Metrorail, LRT, and BRT are all examples of High Quality Transit modes.



Transit Corridor Function

The type of premium transit service appropriate for each corridor will reflect the traveler needs and land use context in that corridor.



Source: Center for Transit Oriented Development

Destination corridors, like the Crystal City Potomac Yards transitway, connect neighborhoods to multiple activity centers, functioning primarily to provide <u>access</u>.

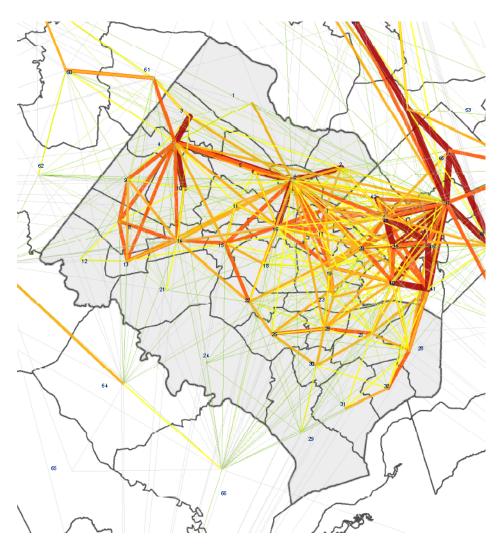
Commuter corridors, like Virginia Railway Express, primarily serve one major activity center and tend to focus on journey-to-work trips and function primarily to provide *mobility*.

District circulators, like the planned Tysons Circulator, enhance mobility within an activity center or group of adjacent centers.





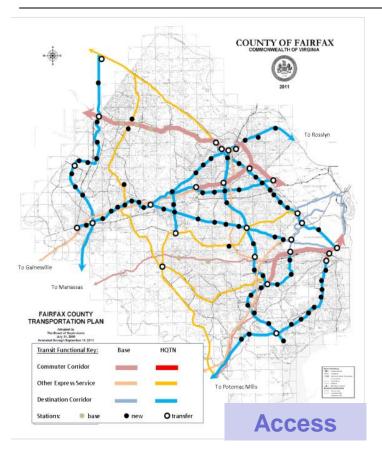


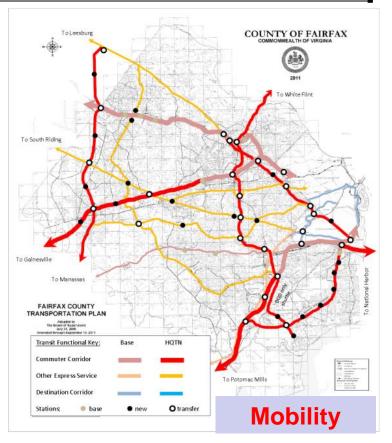


The travelshed based sketch model facilitated early identification of key person-trip desire lines and potential concepts for developing alternative networks.



Functional Concepts



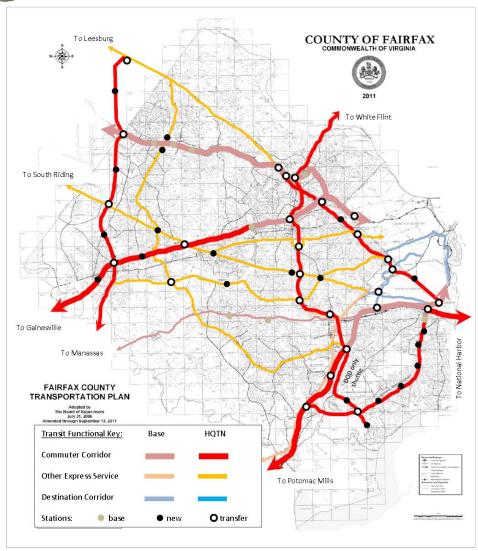


The November 2012 public meeting presented different functional concepts for a High Quality Transit Network. The access focus attracted more total transit riders whereas the **mobility** focus provided better access to regional jobs. Both had a similar benefit in reducing vehicle travel.





Alternative Concepts

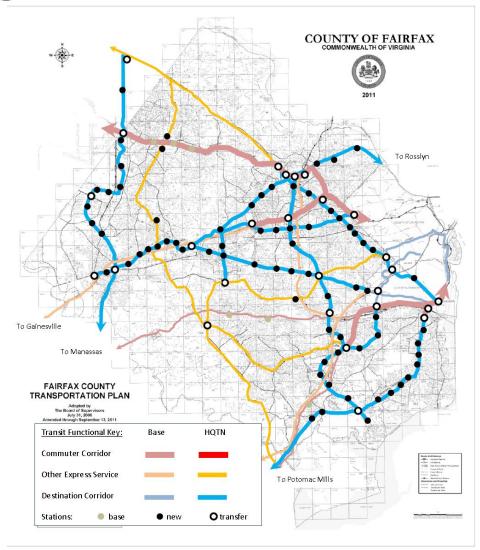


Mobility focus

Connect activity centers within Fairfax County and adjacent jurisdictions with *high* speed commuter corridors that best serve *longer-distance* trips.



Alternative Concepts



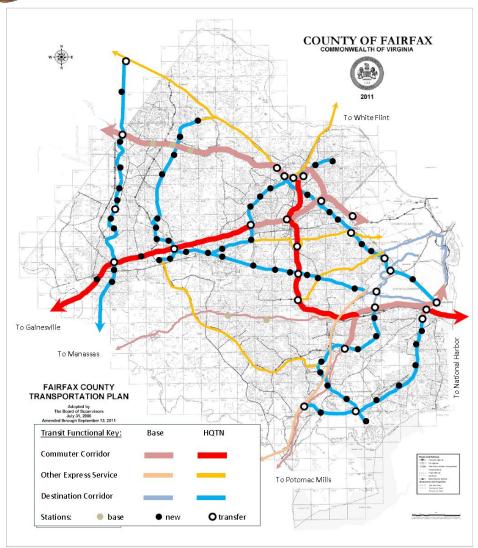
Accessibility focus

Connect activity centers within Fairfax County and adjacent jurisdictions with high access transitways (light rail or bus rapid transit) destination corridors that best serve shorter-distance trips





Alternative Concepts



Blended approach Orange Line Extension

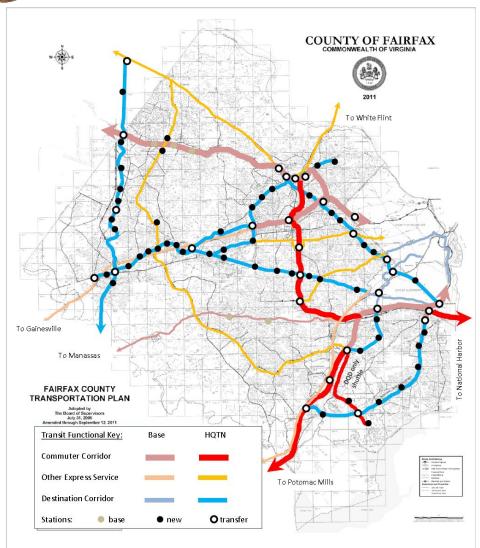
Blend **mobility** and

accessibility
approaches with Orange
Line Metrorail extension
in I-66 corridor as
envisioned in
Comprehensive Plan





Alternative Concepts



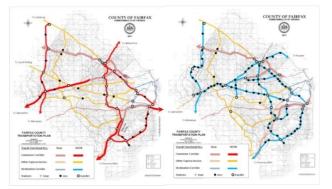
Blue Line Extension

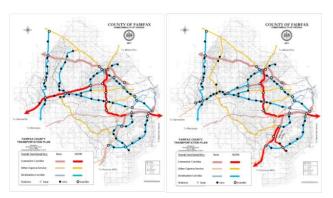
Blend mobility and accessibility approaches with Blue Line Metrorail extension in I-95 corridor in contrast to Comprehensive Plan

Alternative Concepts

Constituents value multiple objectives:

- Increase access to destinations
- Include both high demand commuter and Transit Oriented Development (TOD) destination corridors
- Increase transit ridership
- Take cars off the road
- Encourage TOD
- Support Countywide vision for managed growth
- Be affordable
- Be understandable/usable
- Be connected



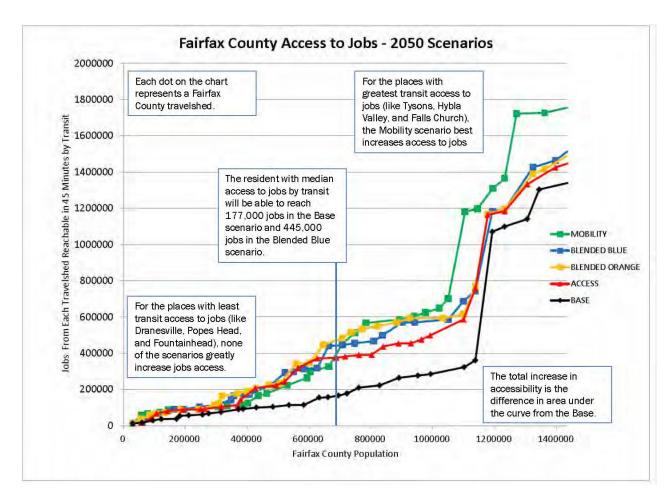


Four concepts were reviewed in November. The Proposed High Quality Transit Network Concept utilizes the best ideas from each for a context-sensitive fit to individual corridor needs.





Alternative Concepts

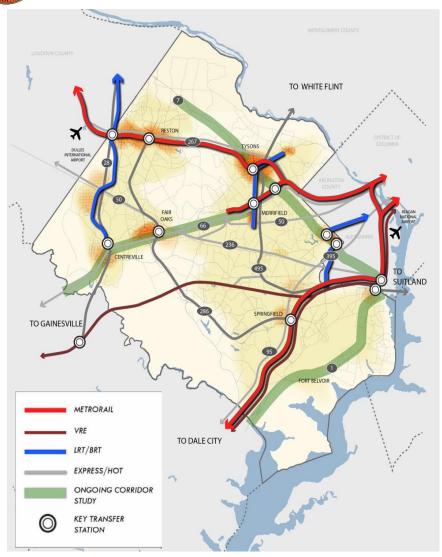


The sketch model also facilitated consideration of metrics like access to regional jobs for County residents.





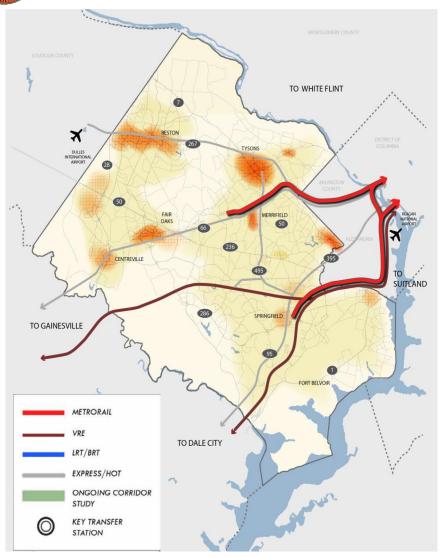
Proposed Network Concept



The Proposed High Quality **Transit Network Concept** builds upon the existing and **Constrained Long Range Plan** (CLRP) transit investments to create an interconnected network of commuter and destination corridors, supported by connecting express bus routes.



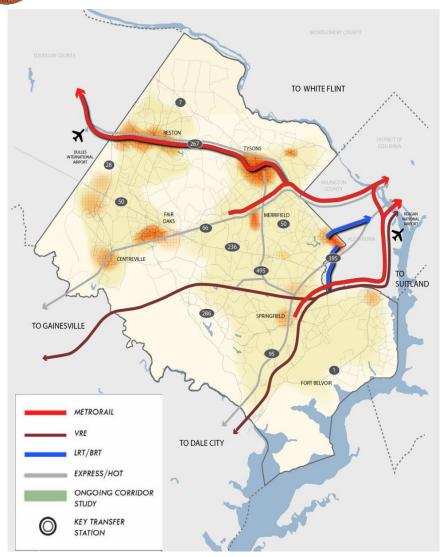




Existing High Quality
Transit Network
elements serving Fairfax
County include Metrorail
and VRE with supportive
express bus services on
HOV/HOT lanes.





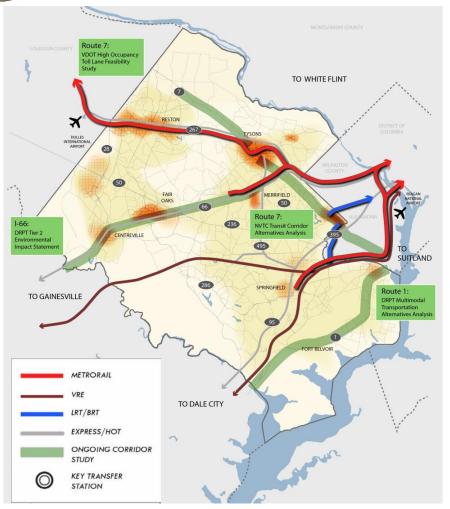


Constrained Long Range Plan transit connections provide starting point for **Proposed HQTN Concept:**

- Silver Line (Metrorail)
- Columbia Pike (Streetcar)
- Beauregard/Van Dorn Transitway (TBD)







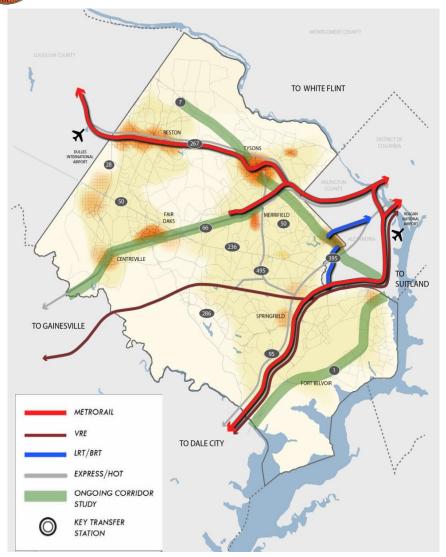
These concepts are being coordinated with <u>current</u> <u>studies</u>:

- Route 1 Alternatives Analysis
- Route 7 Alternatives Analysis (Tysons to Alexandria)
- Route 7 High Occupancy Toll Lane Study (North of DTR)
- I-66 Environmental Impact Statement (EIS)

Tested Transit Network includes modes in ongoing study corridors for complete Network; Additional coordination and outreach will be needed to develop study recommendations.







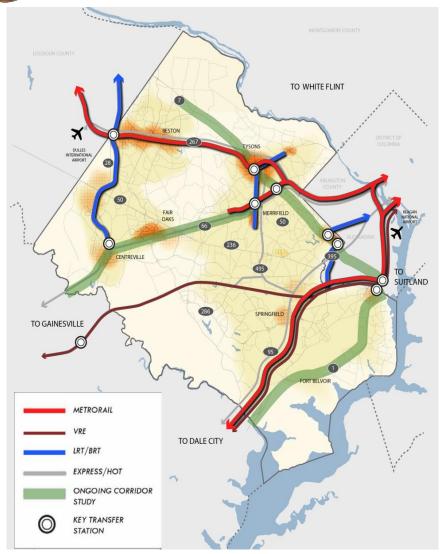
Commuter Corridors provide capacity to connect Fairfax County with other jurisdictions for longerdistance trips as region expands over time:

- **High Capacity Transit in Orange Line Corridor**
- Metrorail Blue Line Extension





Proposed Concept Elements



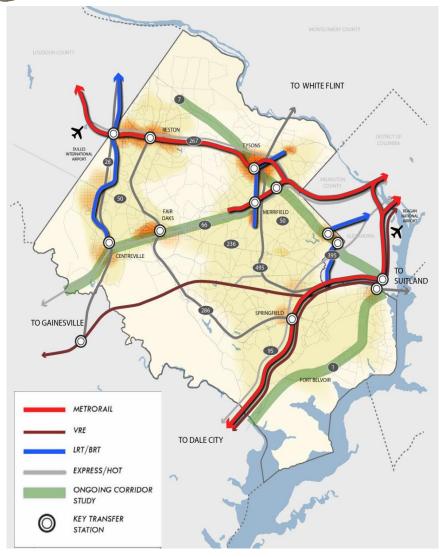
Destination Corridors provide service to support access to and within transit-oriented development along linear corridors:

- Route 1 (Richmond Highway)
 High Capacity Transit
- Route 7 High Capacity Transit east of Tysons
- Route 28 LRT/BRT
- Merrifield/McLean LRT/BRT





Proposed Concept Elements



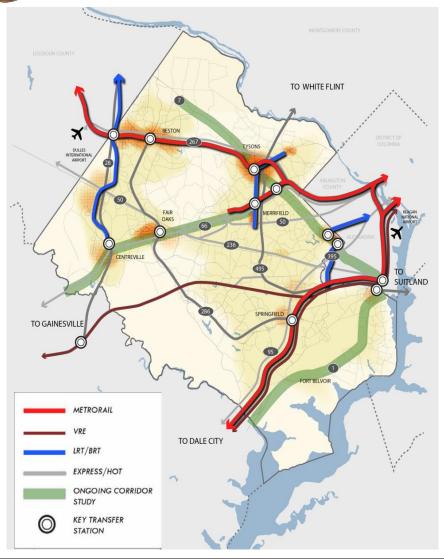
North-South Express Bus

Services connect activity centers and transit services in radial corridors and provide flexibility for throughrouting:

- I-495 (Beltway) Express (Enhanced)
- Fairfax County Parkway
- Route 28
- Bus lanes may also include HOV/HOT







East-West Express Bus

Services support HQTN services, augment grid of direct and flexible transit connections:

- Route 50 Orange Line bus bridge function
- Route 236 continuation of Alexandria transitway
- Express bus route mileage at least 50% managed lanes





Tested Network Elements



Adds: 104 miles and 53 stations to CLRP

(of which, 61 miles and 35 stations are in Fairfax County)

The full 104-mile system has:

- 31 miles & 9 Stations Metrorail
- 73 miles & 44 Stations LRT/BRT

Supported by:

114 miles & 21 stations
 Express Bus

Final Network Concept to be defined in coordination with ongoing studies.



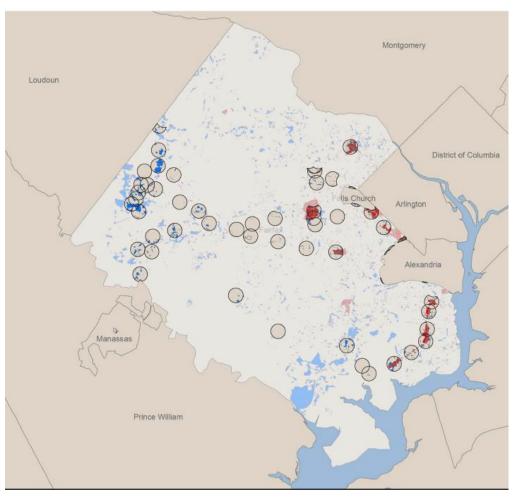
Measures of Effectiveness

Goal	Achievement (compared to 2050 CLRP conditions)
CONNECT Provide more transportation choices for Fairfax County and regional connectivity	Allows average County resident to reach 190,000 more jobs within a 45 minute transit commute Increases Fairfax County transit trips by 150,000 per day, a 35% increase over base conditions. Introduces rail service to 14 previously unserved activity centers Cost per passenger consistent with recent New Starts approvals
GROW Support local and regional economic development goals	Serves 27 new station areas within designated activity centers.
	Brings 120,000 new County households and 263,000 County jobs within ½ mile of high quality transit station
THRIVE	Serves 28 new station areas with higher than average transit dependency.
Strengthen quality of life by making transit-friendly, sustainable investments	Reduces weekday peak period Vehicle Hours of Travel by 68,000
	Furthers Comprehensive Plan concepts for Enhanced Public Transportation Corridors





Presentation Context

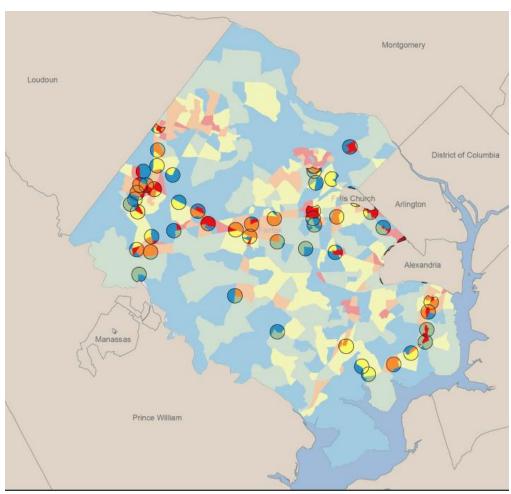


The tested transit network provides new destination corridor transit routes to serve places with developable properties and designated revitalization areas





Presentation Context

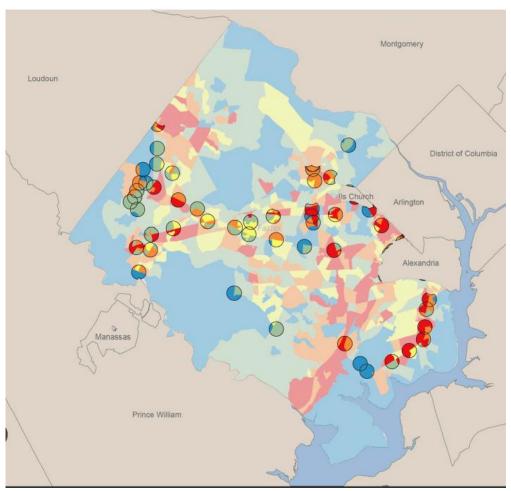


The tested transit network provides new transit access to activity centers with key retail/service destinations





Presentation Context

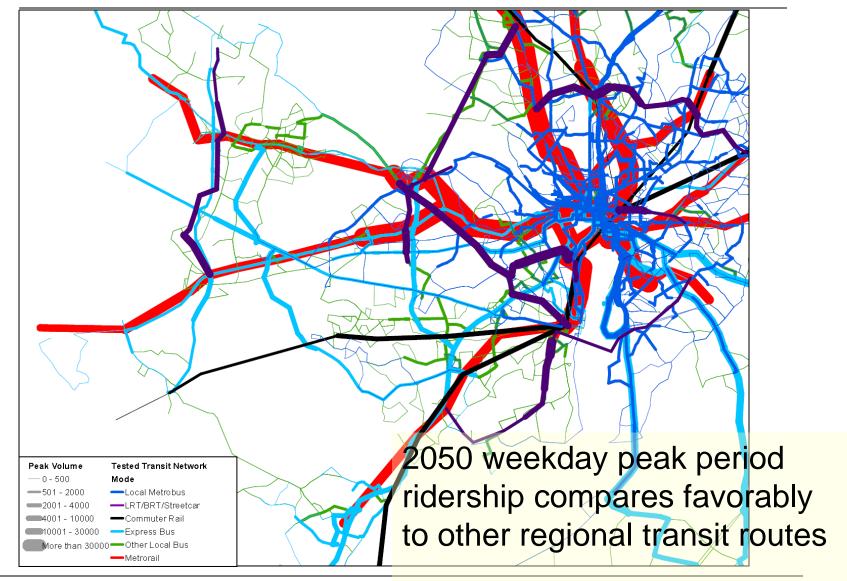


The tested transit network provides new transit access to activity centers with higher than average levels of transit ridership propensity based on transit dependency.





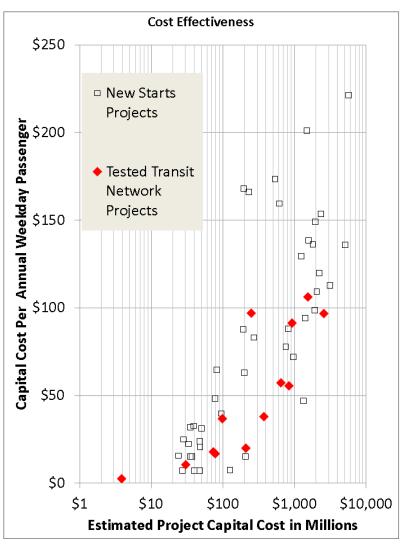
Measures of Effectiveness







Measures of Effectiveness

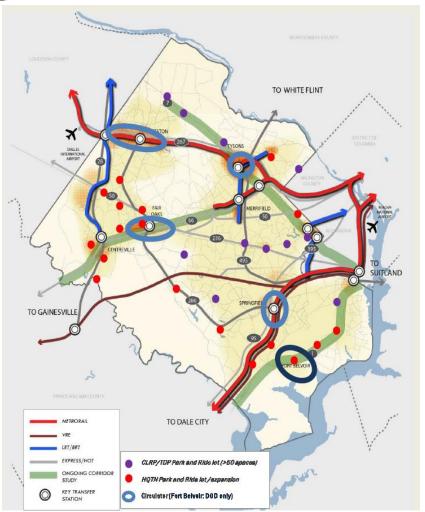


- Capital cost per passenger is a measure of cost effectiveness.
- Higher cost projects can bear higher capital costs per passenger due to operating efficiencies
- New Starts approvals indicate current federal/local funding climate
- Tested Transit Network projects compare favorably





Supporting Policies



Transit-oriented community designs promote safe and effective pedestrian and bicyclist access to stations.

Feeder bus, park and ride (beyond existing or TDP/CLRP spaces), and circulator systems provide broader access to commuter services and increased coverage within larger activity centers.

Tested Transit Network includes modes in ongoing study corridors to complete network; Additional coordination and outreach will be needed to develop study recommendations.





Fairfax Countywide Transit Network Study

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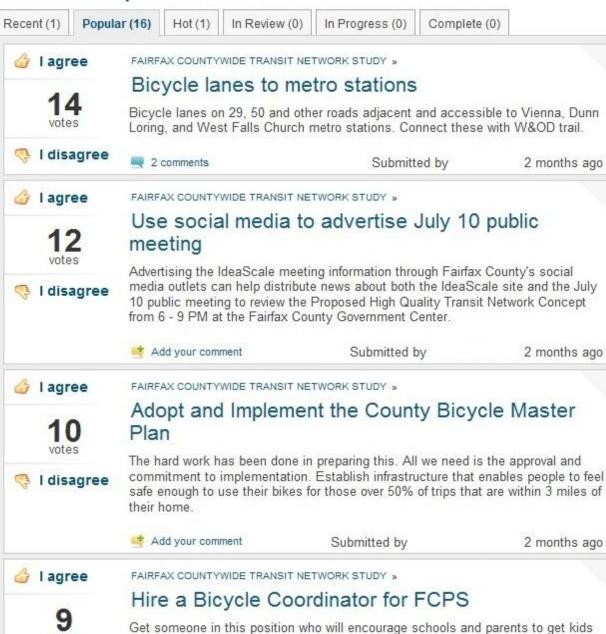
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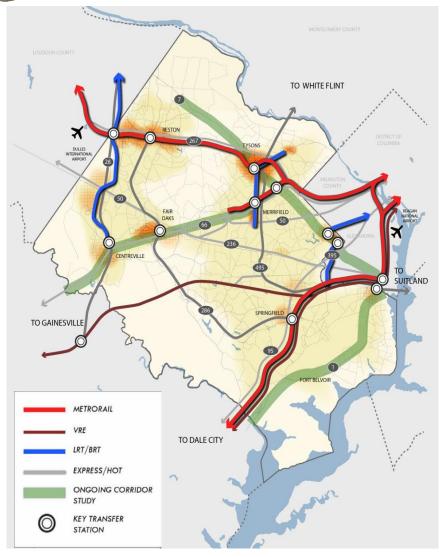


out of the kiss and ride and on to buses, walking, or cycling.

Submitted by

2 months ago

Next Steps



- Response to comments and further stakeholder coordination
- Network refinements
- Evaluation of network performance
- Mode, ROW, station, and typical section requirements
- Implementation phasing, timing, and funding strategies
- Comprehensive Plan Amendment(s)













FAIRFAX COUNTY COUNTYWIDE TRANSIT NETWORK STUDY

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http://www.fairfaxcounty.gov/fcdot/2050transitstudy/http://www.fairfaxcountydot.ideascale.com/

