

Evaluation of Transportation Projects in Northern Virginia Transportation District

TPB Travel Forecasting Subcommittee

January 24, 2014



Study Background

2012 VA-GA: § 33.1-13.03:1

(Code Chp. 768/825) (HB 599 / SB 531)



Evaluating and Rating at Least 25 Significant Projects



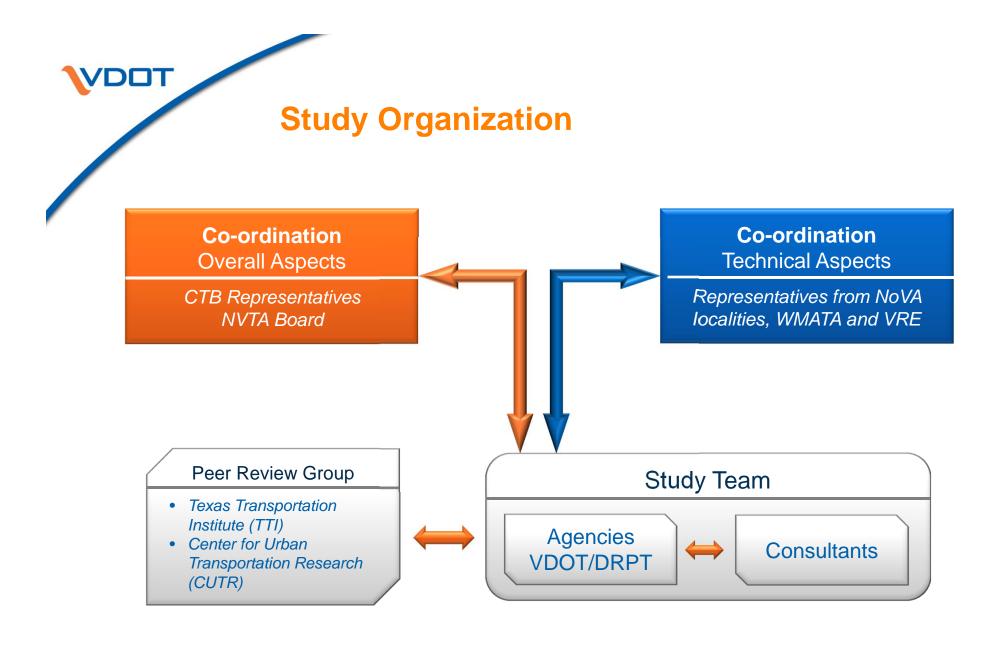
Publish Project Ratings

Informs allocations

CTB / Others

Governs allocations
(Non-transit capacity adding projects)

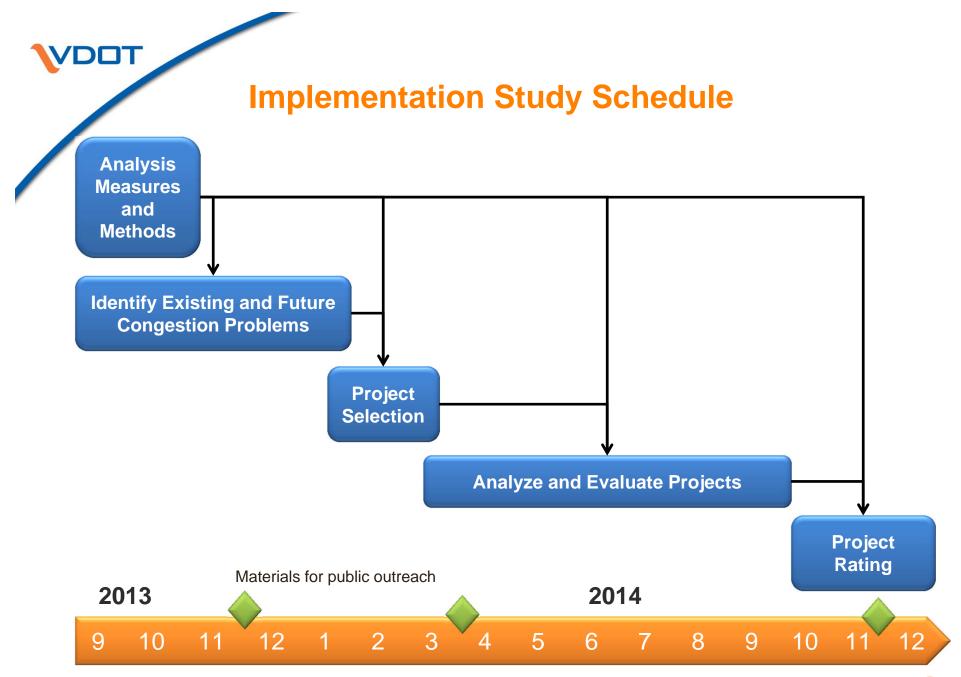
New NVTA
Transportation Funds





Overall Project Approach

- > Establish the analytical and decision framework
- > Identify existing and future congestion problems
- > Solicit projects to address identified problems
- > Select 25-30 regionally significant projects
- > Analyze and evaluate projects
- > Rate project performance



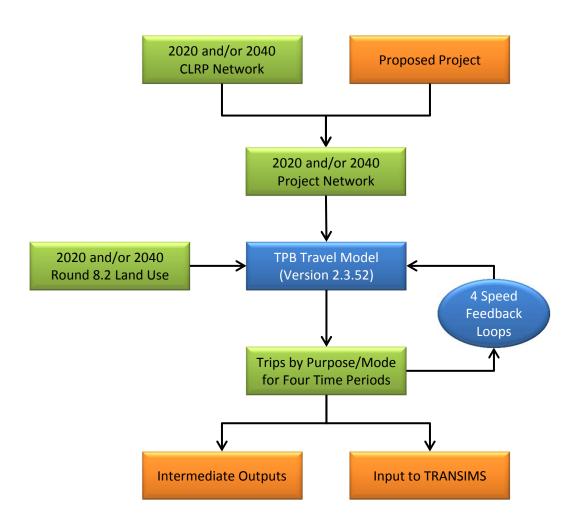


Analytical Process

- Authorizing Legislation
 - > Use transportation models and computer simulations to provide an objective, quantitative rating of significant transportation projects...
 - Projects will be evaluated and rated based on how well they reduce congestion and improve mobility during emergencies
- ➤ The proposed analytical process combines the TPB regional model with a dynamic travel simulation
 - > TPB regional model generates zone-to-zone demand in four time periods
 - > TRANSIMS distributes demand to activity locations and seconds of the day
 - > Dynamic user equilibrium routing and simulation estimates the congestion impact and calculates performance measures

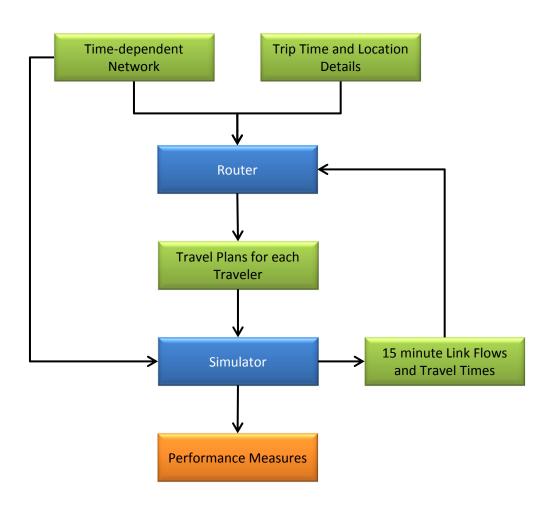


TPB Travel Model → **Travel Demand**





TRANSIMS Simulation Convergence





Decision Support Models

- Project selection and rating decisions will be supported by an Analytical Hierarchical Process (AHP) using the Decision Lens tool
- > The project team, the peer review group and stakeholders will help establish project selection and evaluation measures and methods
- > Stakeholder input creates the relative weights for each performance measure and selection criteria
- > Two decision support models will be developed for this study
 - Project Selection Model
 - Project Evaluation Model



Project Selection Model

| Calana | Allelo | Category | Attribute | Overall | |
|--------------------------------|---------------------------------------|-------------------|-----------|---------|--|
| Category | Attribute | Weights | Weights | Weights | |
| Project Significance | | 55.5% | | | |
| | Project Type | | 5.6% | 3.1% | |
| | Designated Corridors | | 23.3% | 12.9% | |
| | High Travel Volume | | 27.3% | 15.2% | |
| | Connects Regional Activity Centers | | 29.3% | 16.3% | |
| | Connects Major Facilities | | 14.4% | 8.0% | |
| | | | 100.0% | 55.5% | |
| Congestion Reduction Potential | | 36 .5% | | | |
| | Congestion Severity | | 15.6% | 5.7% | |
| | Congestion Duration | | 25.2% | 9.3% | |
| | Person Hours of Delay | | 22.1% | 8.1% | |
| | Adds Capacity | | 24.4% | 8.9% | |
| | Reduces Vehicle Trips | | 12.7% | 4.6% | |
| | | | 100.0% | 36.5% | |
| Homeland Security Mobility | | 8.0% | | | |
| | Facility and Operational Improvements | | 100.0% | 8.0% | |
| Total | · | 100.0% | | | |



Proposed Performance Measures

- > Travel Time Index (TTI) = percent reduction in the ratio of peak hour travel time / free flow travel time
- > Transit Congestion = percent reduction in route miles with heavy crowding on transit vehicles by transit mode (local bus >= 1.15 riders/seat; express bus/commuter rail > 1.0 riders/seat; Metrorail > 110 riders/car)
- ➤ Congestion Duration = percent reduction in the number of lane miles * number of hours of the day with heavily congested travel conditions (TTI >= 2.0)
- > Person Hours of Delay (PHD) = percent reduction in the person hours of travel time above free flow travel time on roadway facilities
- ➤ Person Hours of Congested Travel (PHC) = percent reduction in the number of person hours on congested roadways (TTI >= 2.0)
- ➤ Person Miles of Congested Travel (PMC) = percent reduction in the number of person miles of travel on congested roadways (TTI >= 2.0)
- ➤ Accessibility to Jobs = percent increase in the number of jobs that can be reached from each household based on a 45 minute travel time by automobile and a 60 minute travel time by transit
- Emergency Mobility = percent increase in person travel time resulting from a 10 percent increase in peak hour trip making

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Project Evaluation – MOE Weights

| | Performance Measure | Near-Term 2020 Benefits | | | Long-Term 2040 Benefits | | | | |
|----------------------------|----------------------------------|---|-----------------------------------|------------------------------------|-------------------------|-----------------------------------|-----------|--|--|
| Impact Area | | Category Weights ¹ | Attribute Weights ¹ | Weighted MOE Score ² | | Attribute Weights ¹ | _ | | |
| Identified Congestion Site | | A% | | | C% | | | | |
| | Travel Time Index | | E% | A%*E%*S11 | | E% | C%*E%*S31 | | |
| | Transit Congestion | | F% | A%*F%*S12 | | F% | C%*F%*S32 | | |
| | Congestion Duration | | G% | A%*G%*S13 | | G% | C%*G%*S33 | | |
| | Person Hours of Delay | | Н% | A%*H%*S14 | | Н% | C%*H%*S34 | | |
| | Person Hours of Congested Travel | | i% | A%*I%*S15 | | i% | C%*I%*S35 | | |
| | Person Miles of Congested Travel | | J% | A%*J%*S16 | | J% | C%*J%*S36 | | |
| | Accessibility to Jobs | | Κ% | A%*K%*S17 | | Κ% | C%*K%*S37 | | |
| | Emergency Mobility | | L% | A%*L%*S18 | | L% | C%*L%*S38 | | |
| | | | 100% | Score1 | | 100% | Score3 | | |
| Rest of Northern Virginia | | В% | | | D% | | | | |
| | Travel Time Index | | E% | B%*E%*S21 | | E% | D%*E%*S41 | | |
| | Transit Congestion | | F% | B%*F%*S22 | | F% | D%*F%*S42 | | |
| | Congestion Duration | | G% | B%*G%*S23 | | G% | D%*G%*S43 | | |
| | Person Hours of Delay | | Н% | B%*H%*S24 | | Н% | D%*H%*S44 | | |
| | Person Hours of Congested Travel | | i% | B%*I%*S25 | | i% | D%*I%*S45 | | |
| | Person Miles of Congested Travel | | J% | B%*J%*S26 | | J% | D%*J%*S46 | | |
| | Accessibility to Jobs | | Κ% | B%*K%*S27 | | Κ% | D%*K%*S47 | | |
| | Emergency Mobility | | L% | B%*L%*S28 | | L% | D%*L%*S48 | | |
| | | 100% | 100% | Score2 | 100% | 100% | Score4 | | |
| | Congestion Reduction Score | ngestion Reduction Score 2020 Score = (Score1 + Score2) | | | | 2040 Score = (Score3 + Score4) | | | |

1. category and attribute weights will be determined through a stakeholder consensus building process

2. S11-S48 represent the project performance value from the modeling process



Next Steps

- Review Stakeholder input on the proposed performance measures and project evaluation process
- > January 31 stakeholder meeting to weight the performance measures
- ➢ February 7 distribute 2020 congestion maps to help stakeholders define projects
- > Apply the project selection model to projects proposed by NVTA
- ➤ Present the recommended set of projects to NVTA on March 13th and CTB on March 19th
- > Run each project through the TPB modeling process by June 1st
- > Run each project through the TRANSIMS process by October
- > Final rating report in December



Questions / Comments

THANKS!

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