

Strategic Investment Plan Typology

Chris Yake, Bill Sadler – Reconnecting America

overview

Purpose for a typology

How can you evaluate/differentiate station areas?

Case Studies: Portland, Pittsburgh, Baltimore,
 Seattle

Objectives & Data Discussion

Why a typology?

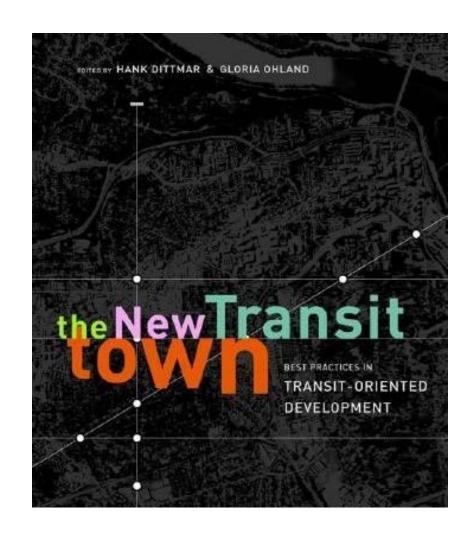
- Create aspirational vision of future land uses
- Prioritize station areas and activity centers for investment

- Provide spectrum of implementation needs, guidelines and actions
- Measure performance on a range of metrics

New Transit Town Typology

Illustrate "one size does not fit all" concept for TOD

- Provided density, use mix guidelines
- Mainly applicable to new development
- Qualitative approach

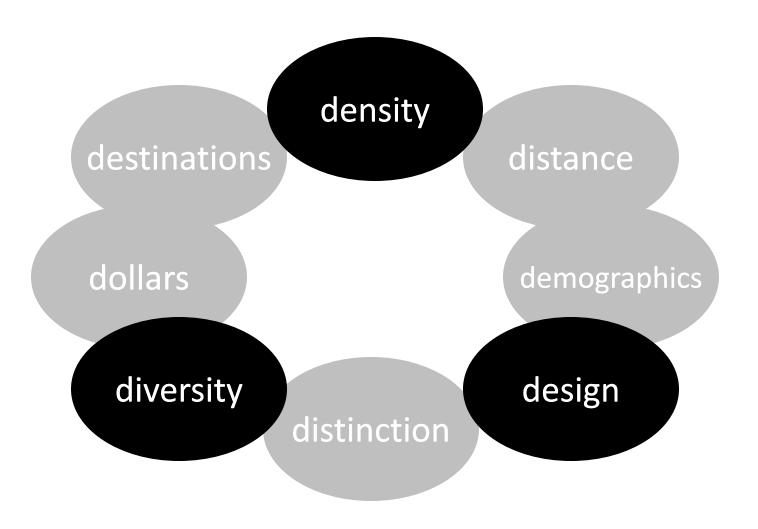


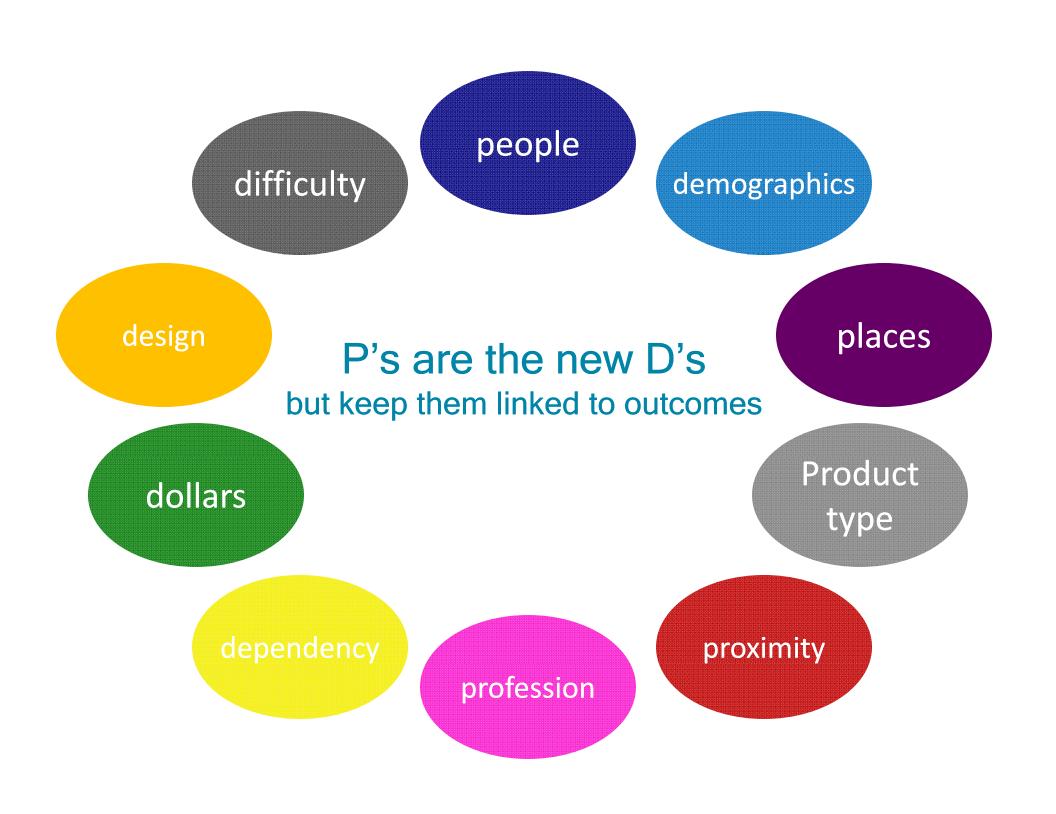


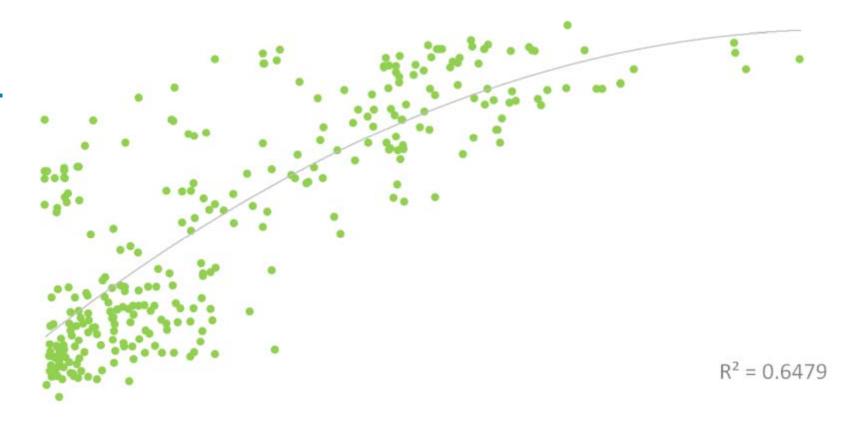
The Quantitative Approach: How can you measure transit orientation?

- TOD: "You know it when you see it."
- How can we compare different parts of the region?
- What elements go into those great places?
- Orientation should be related to actual travel behavior

The traditional trinity of TOD





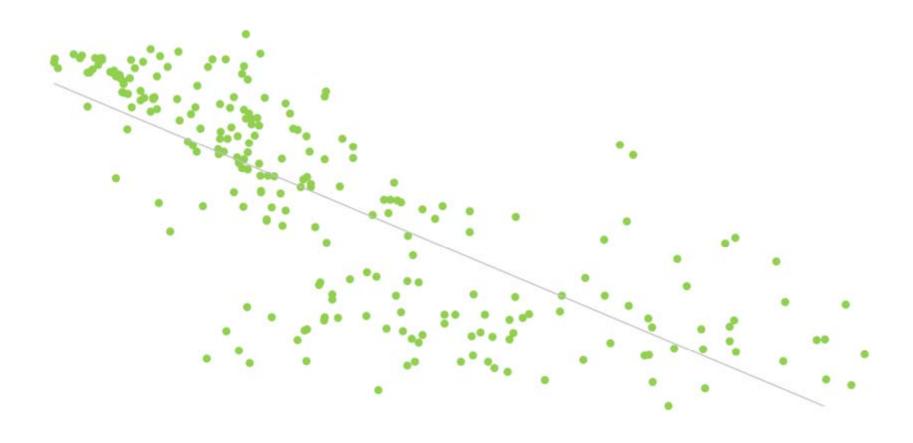


people

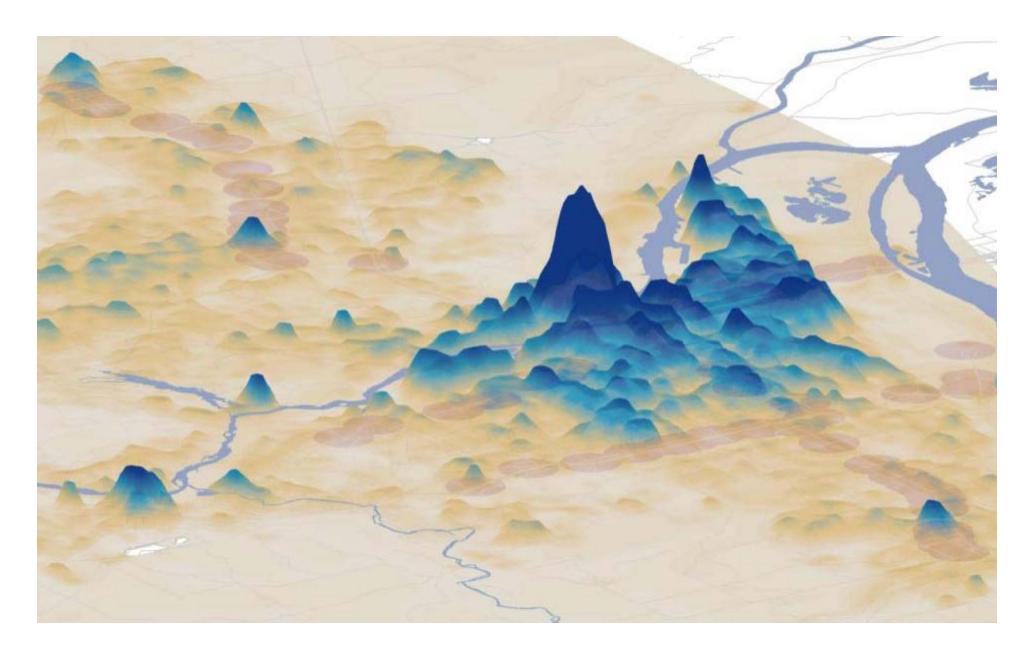


places

 $R^2 = 0.5896$



average block size



Portland TOD Strategic Plan

How Portland Picked its P's:

Objective driven evaluation criteria

- Started with the basics: TOD & travel behavior is a function of elements of the built, market and social environments
- Reasserted the the T in TOD: Incorporated transit quality
- Minded the Market: Nudge, don't shove, the private sector
- Kept it simple:
 - More data points dilute the significance of each variable
 - Readily understood & communicated

Setting Clear Objectives

Portland TOD Program

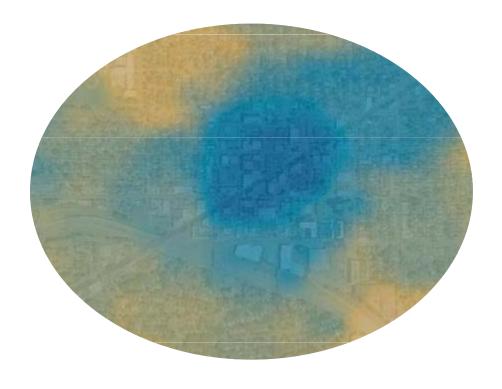
- Strategically target TOD Program investments
- Adjust activities with market cycles
- Leverage resources of other agencies/programs
- Illustrate spectrum of TOD implementation
- Highlight potential areas for program expansion
- Identify new funding opportunities

building a TOD typology

Transit Orientation
Score
(urban + social environments)



Market Strength

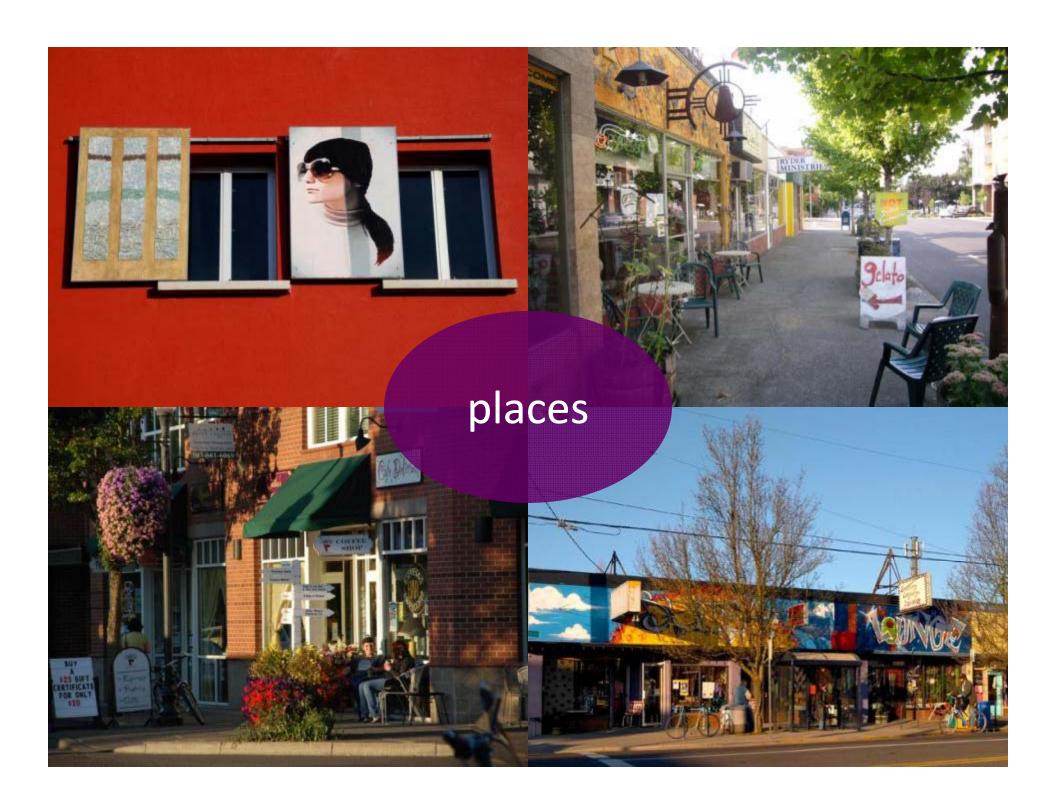




measuring TOD readiness (p's)

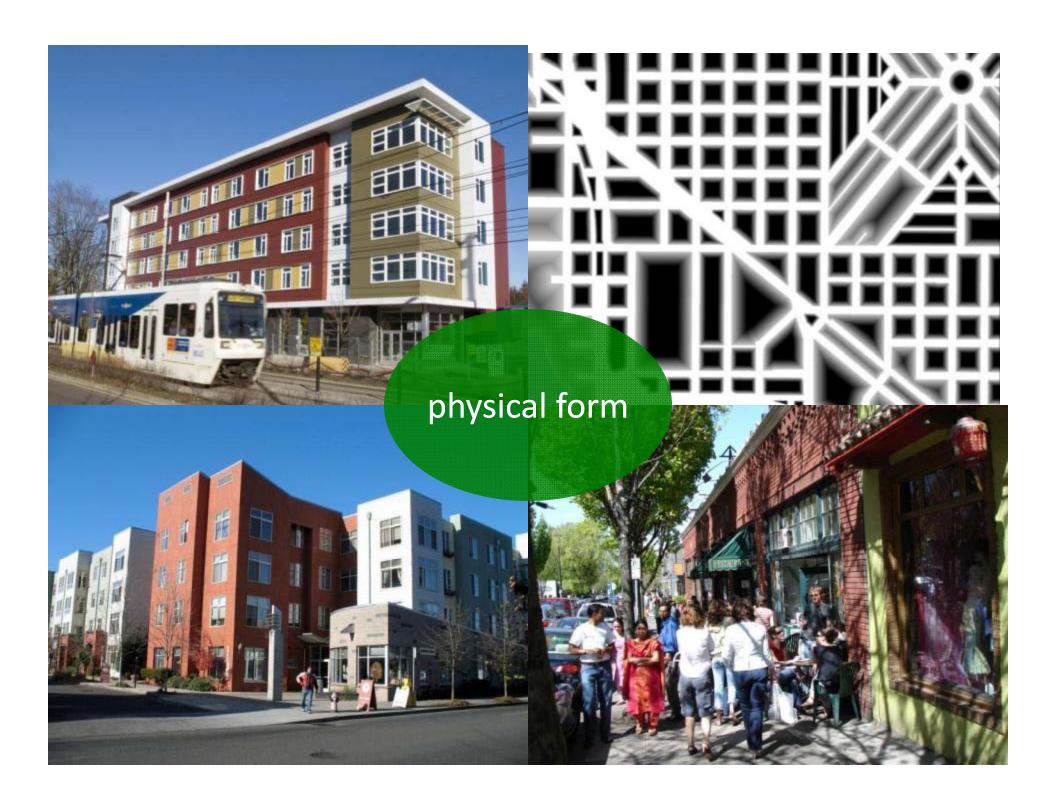


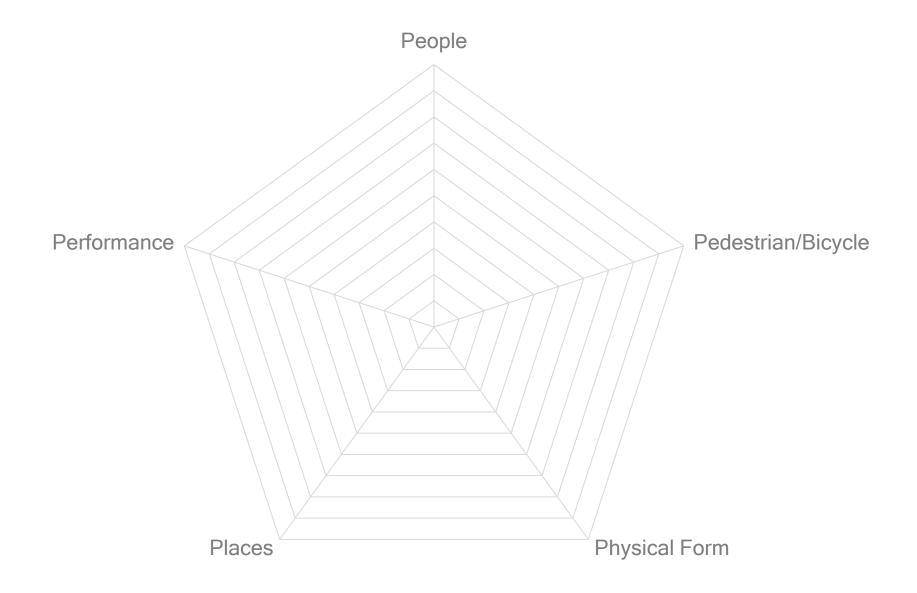






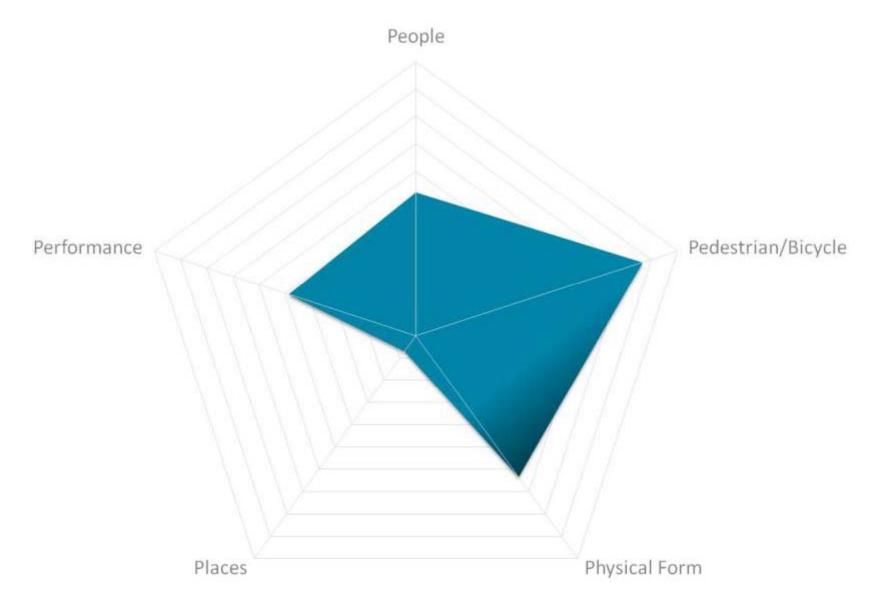




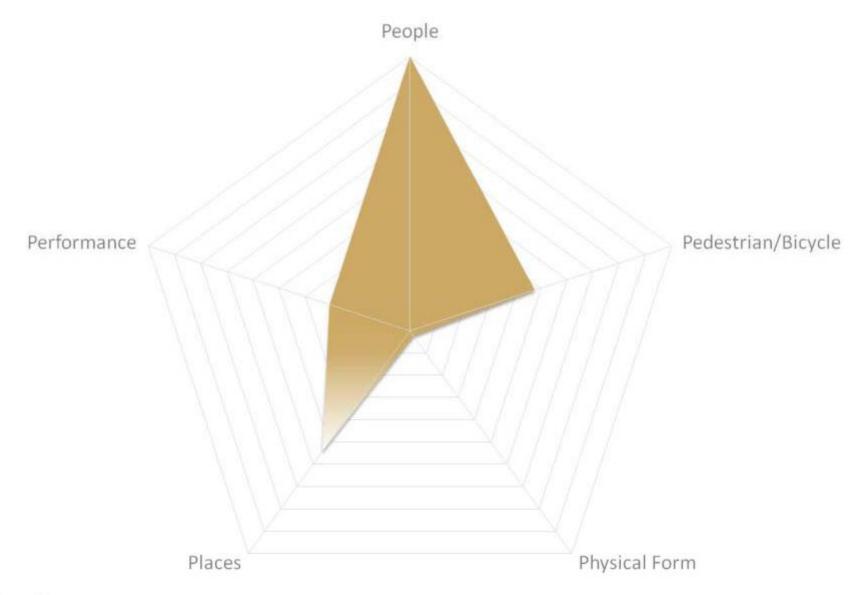




Hollywood

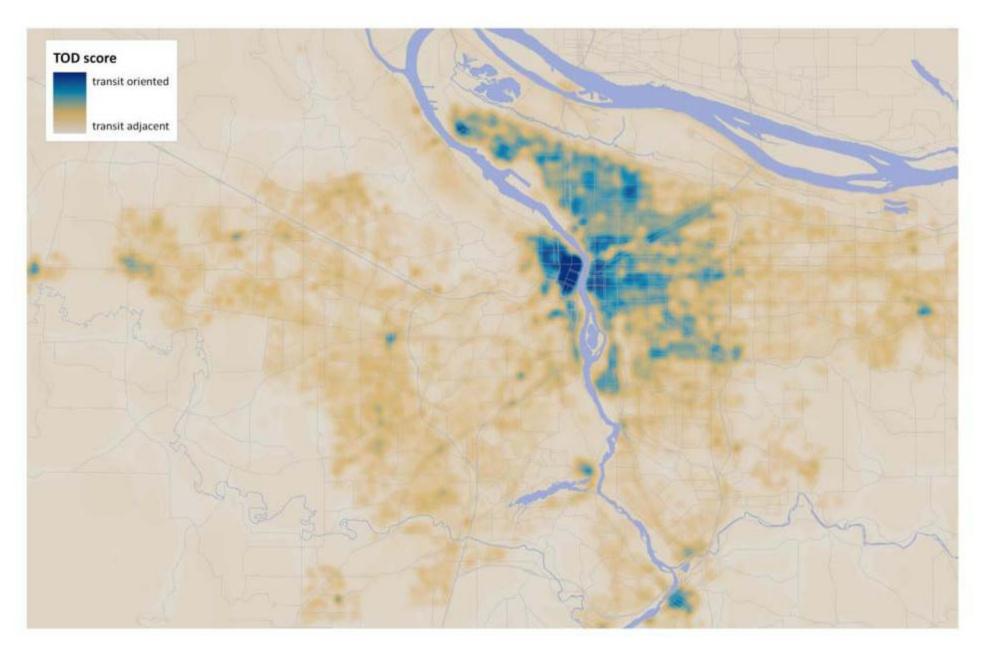


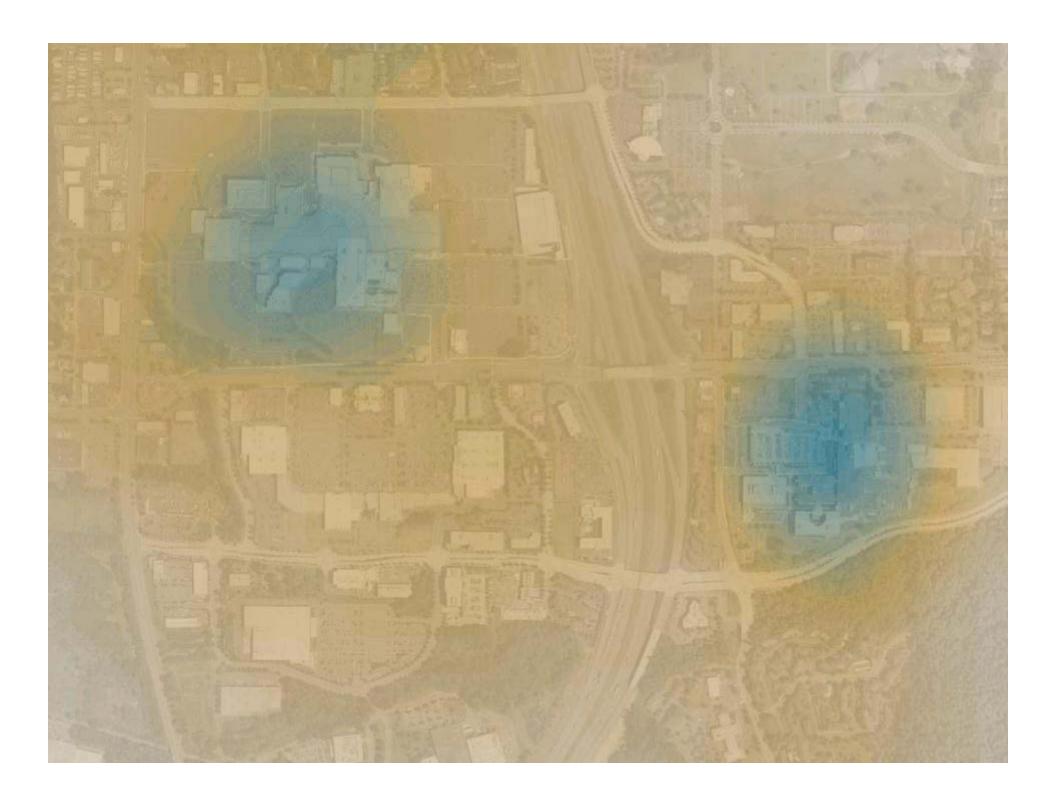
Lents

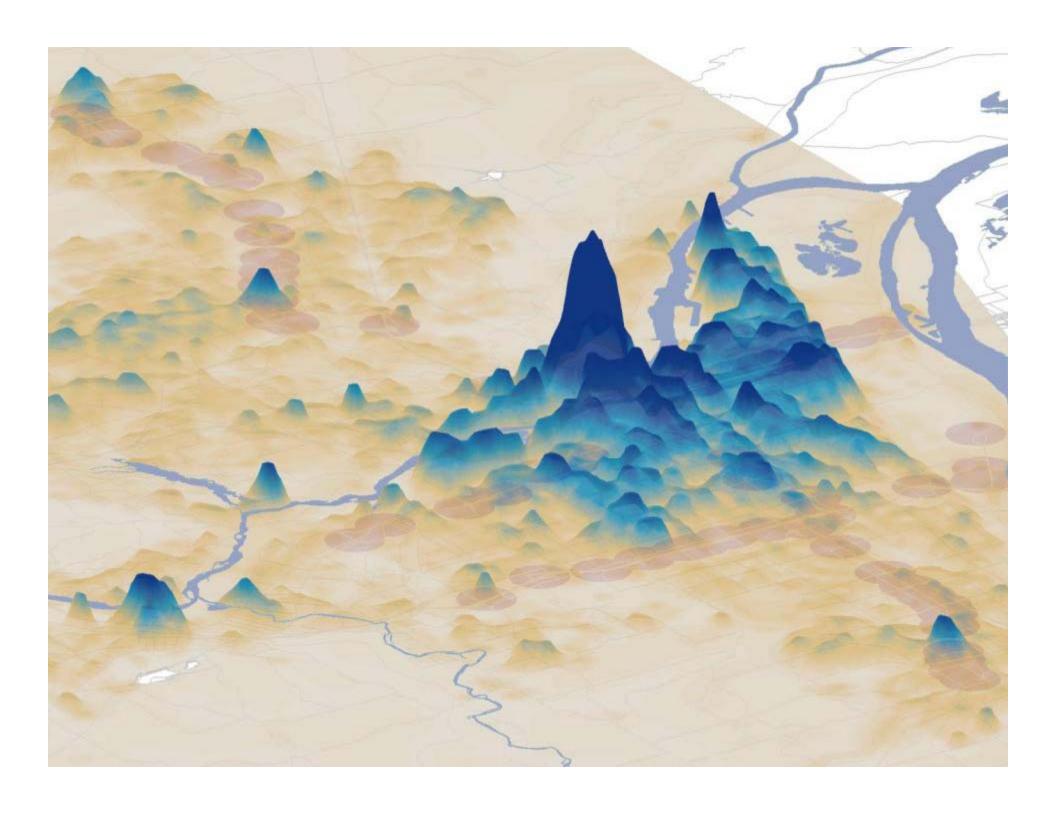


Clackamas

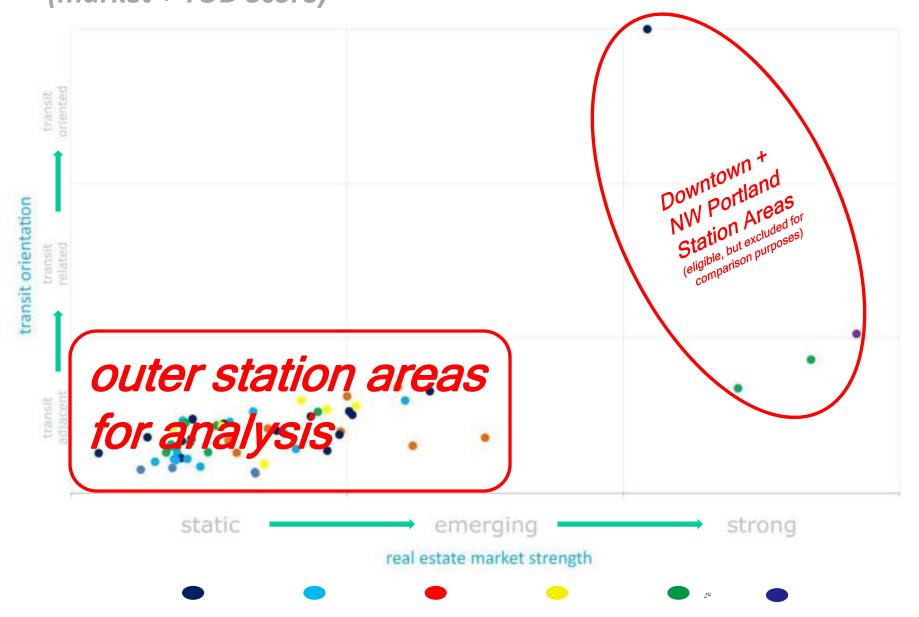
transit orientation score





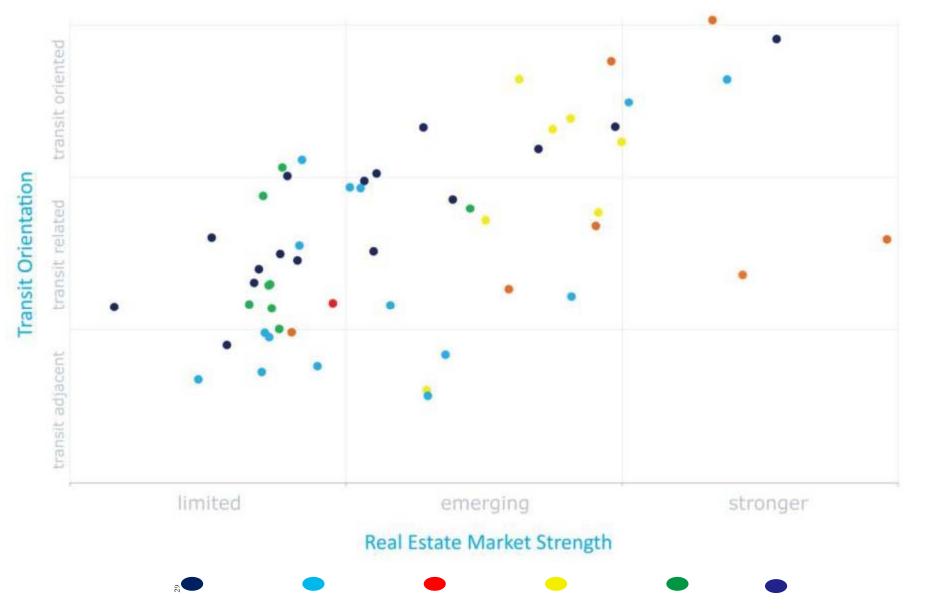


Typology (market + TOD Score)

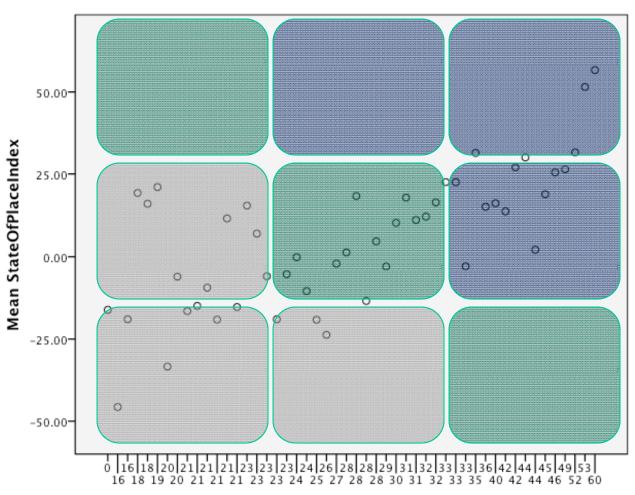


Station Community Typology

(market + TOD Score)



Activity Centers



OfficeAvgDirectRate

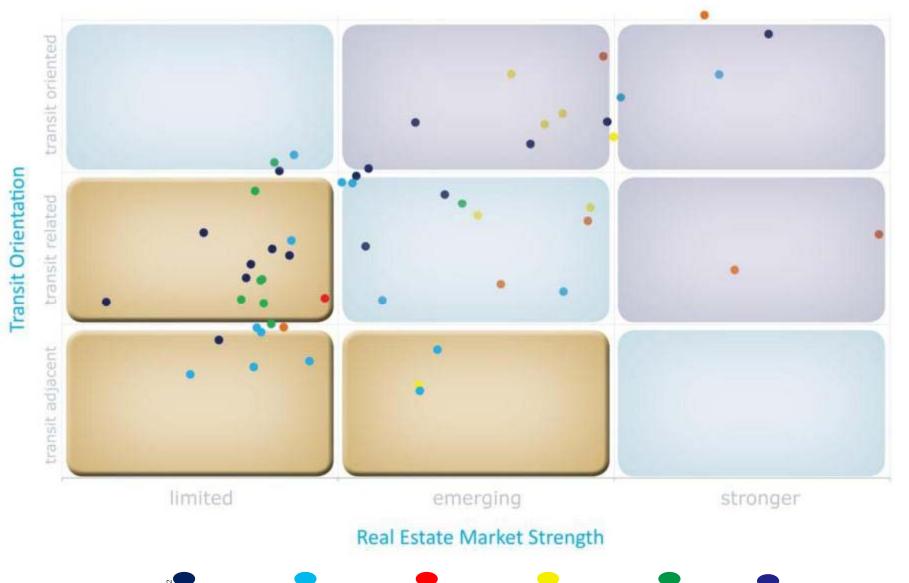
Station Community Typology

(market + TOD Score)



Plan + Partner

(longer term station areas)



Plan + Partner

- Promote planning and longer term visioning
- Increase activity levels and transit service through increased densities
- Plan and fund multimodal transportation system
- Build public, private and philanthropic relationships and coalitions
- Leverage regional and state planning initiatives

Catalyze + Connect

(emerging station areas)



Catalyze + Connect

- Invest in catalytic TOD projects to prime and push the market
- Promote predevelopment work and development oriented planning
- Mind the gaps: Evaluate and address missing multimodal connections and accessibility

Infill + Enhance

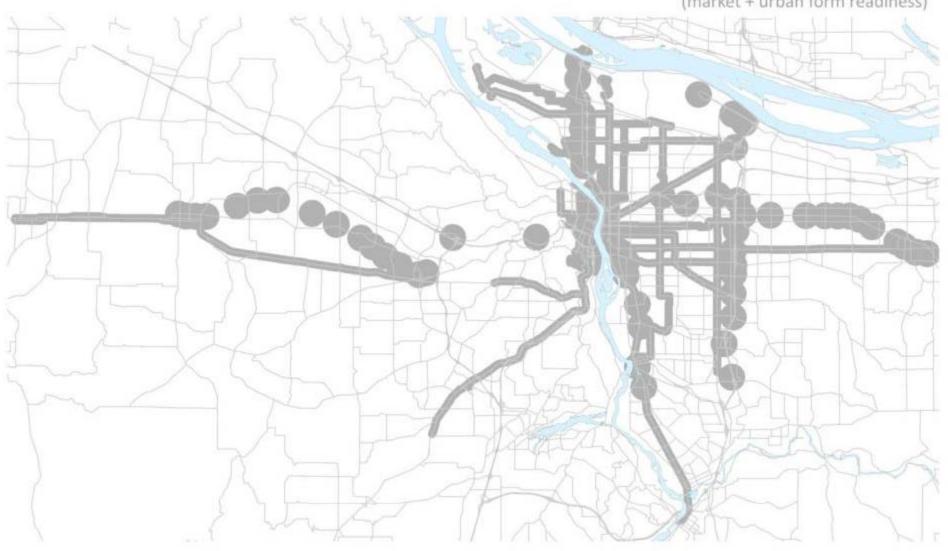
(near term station areas)



Infill + Enhance

- Invest in aggressive TOD projects to push the market
 - Significantly higher densities and lower parking ratios
 - Innovative building types and advancements in urban design & living
 - "eTOD" employment uses and destinations
- Encourage affordable or workforce housing
- Foster increased transit service, capacity and amenities to support intensity of uses

TOD Typology Clusters (market + urban form readiness)

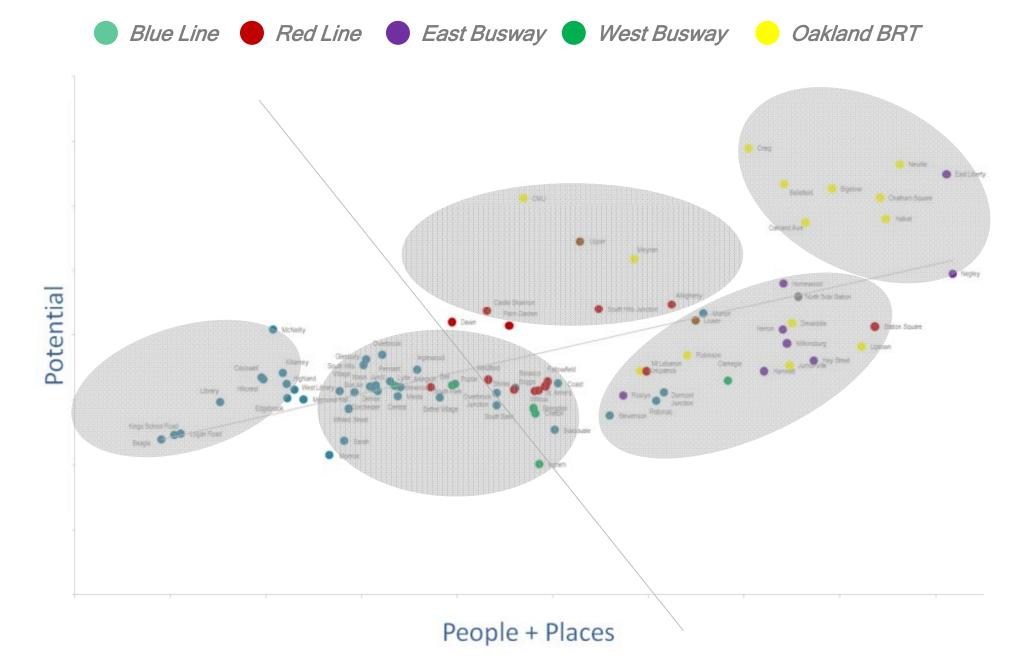


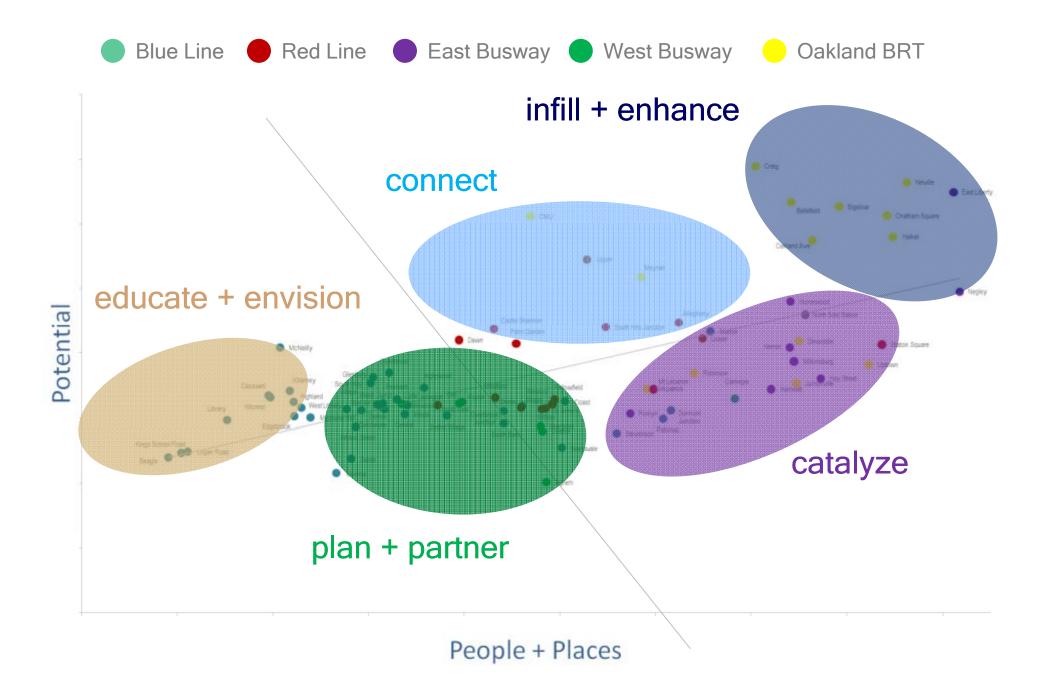
TOD Typology Clusters Clusters (market + urban form readiness) infill + enhance catalyze + connect plan + partner



pittsburgh

People + Places







Baltimore

Implementation: Central Maryland TOD Strategy

• Goal: prioritizing investment

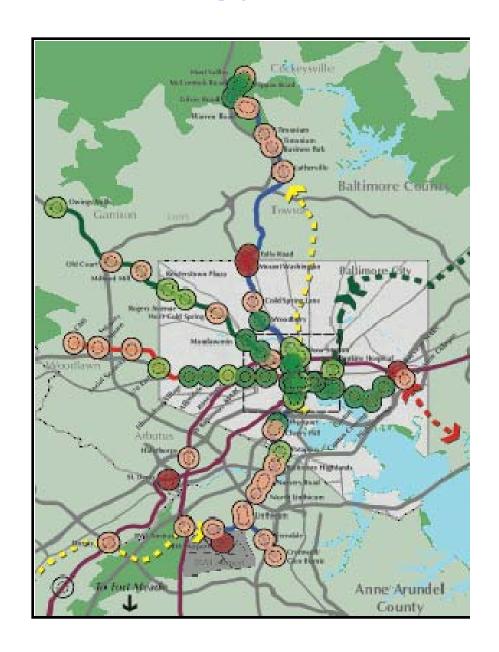
 "Place types" didn't suggest how to deal with implementation

 Regional scale creates new challenges of jurisdiction and collaboration



Central Maryland TOD Strategy

- Regional Priority
 Map based
 on TOD goals
- Station-level TOD approach based on current conditions



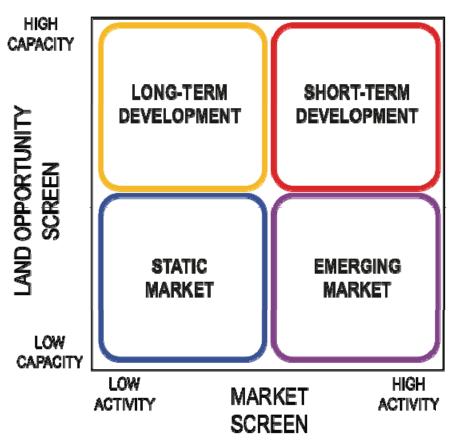
TOD OPPORTUNITY ANALYSIS

KEY QUESTIONS

- · Is there land available for development?
- Is there the potential for some uses to transition to others?
- Are the opportunities to intensify existing residential or employment concentrations?

KEY INDICATORS

- · Underutilized Comercial/Industrial Land
- Holding Capacity
- · Non-programmed public land



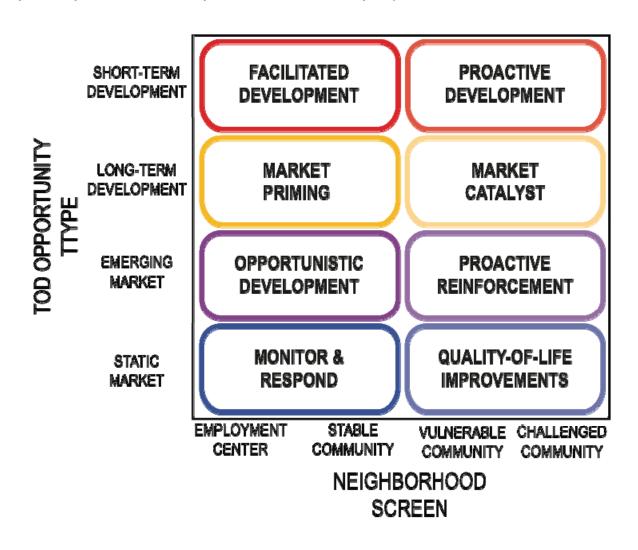
KEY QUESTIONS

- Is there development happening now?
- Are values going up quickly?
- · Is there a lot of transaction activity?

KEY INDICATORS

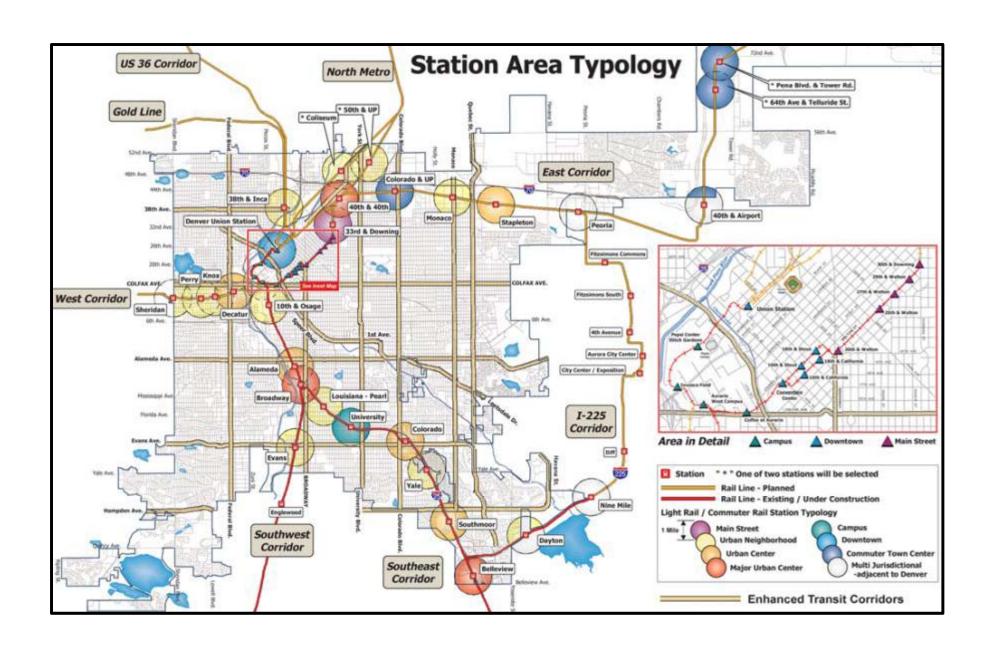
- · Permit activity
- Sales Activity
- Median Income

NEIGHBORHOOD STRATEGY ANALYSIS

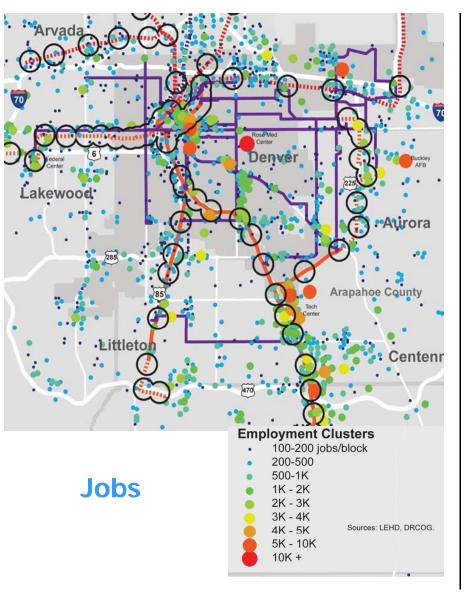


Denver:

Aspirational typology & equity mapping

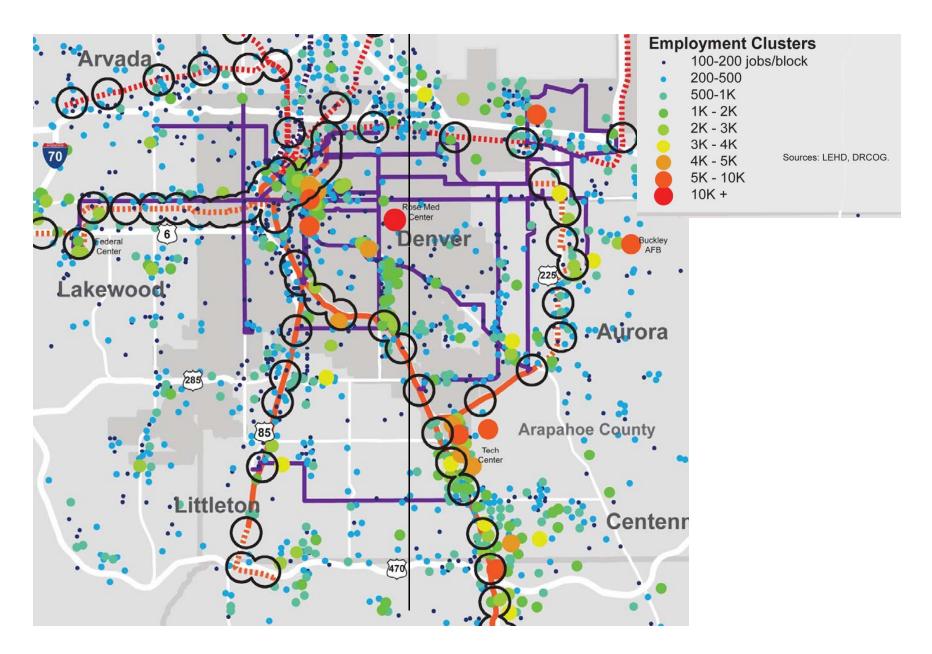


Linking Workers to Jobs

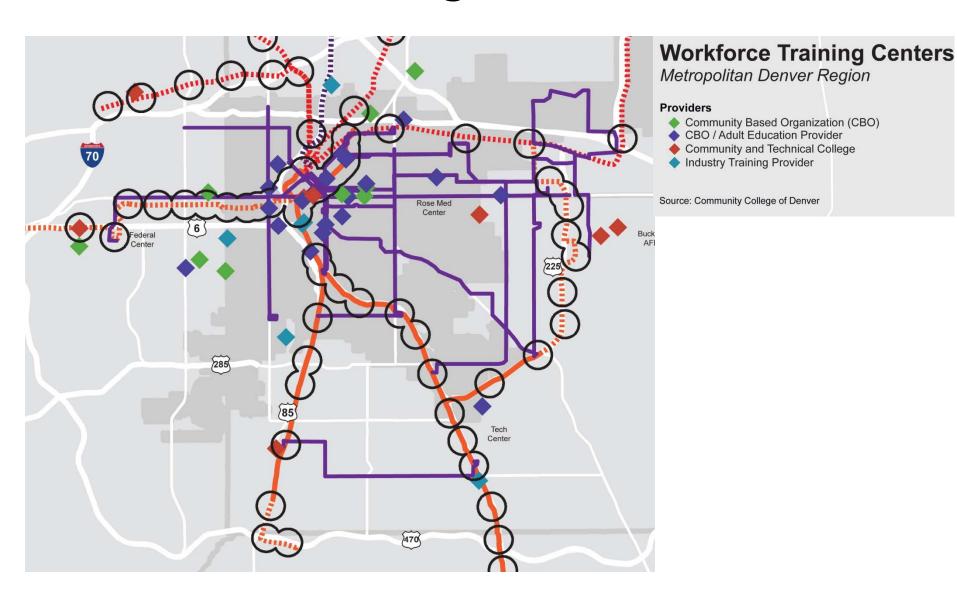




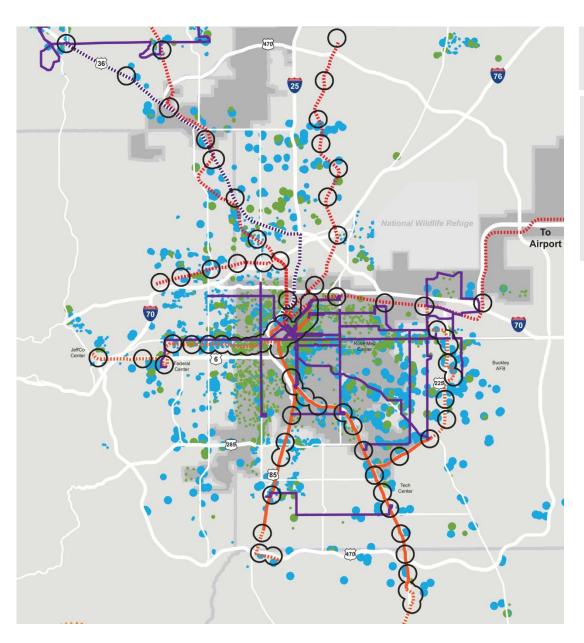
Where The Jobs Are



Where the Training Is



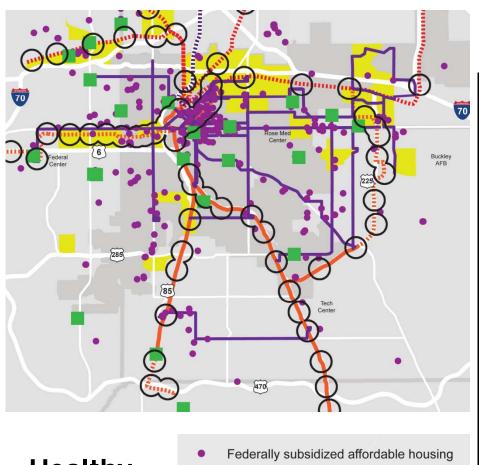
Where the Affordable Housing Is

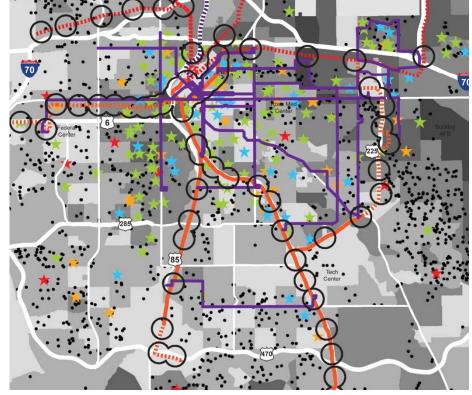


Distribution of Affordable Rental Housing in the Denver Region



Where The Supportive Services Are

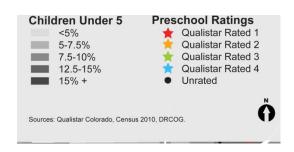




Healthy Food





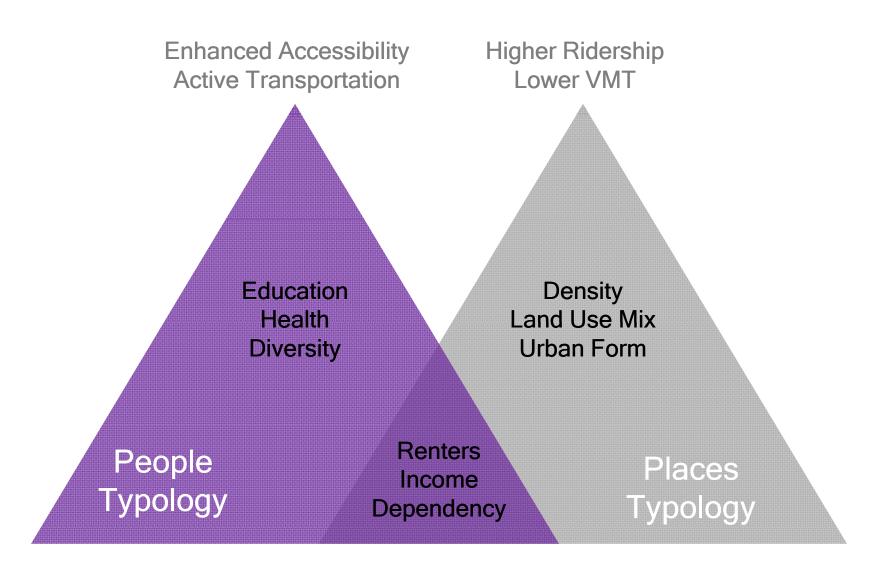




Seattle:

capturing the built, social and market environments

Merging People + Places



People: equity + change

Equity Score (income, tenure, transit dependency)



Socioeconomic Change





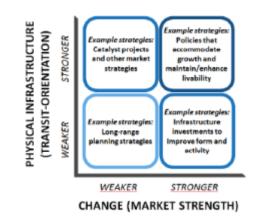




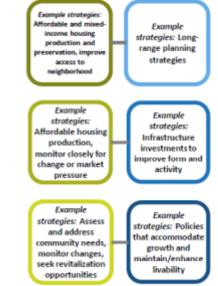
VULNERABILITY

CHANGE (DISPLACEMENT RISK)

PEOPLE PROFILE



PLACE PROFILE



IMPLEMENTATION STRATEGIES



Key Takeaways

- Set clear objectives
- Inform regional planning and programs, help influence local initiatives
- Incorporate Places AND People
- Link directly to implementation strategies
- Keep it simple!



q&a