# VIS-Indicators of Structural Root Decay and Root Problems in Trees

# Introduction-Indicators of Root Decay

Indicators of decay in structural roots are very important because roots are much less accessible. Root excavations may be needed to expose roots for decay testing in important situations. Whole tree failures from root decay can be catastrophic, so careful evaluation is critical.

## Positive indicators of decay in roots

Positive indicators mean that some degree of structural root decay is present. The amount of decay may need to be verified with testing.



#### Conks or mushrooms on roots, or in soil and attached to roots.

A limited number of decay fungi fruit directly from roots. Conks or mushrooms attached to woody roots are a positive indicator of decay. Most of the root decay fungi fruit on buttress roots or the butt or base of trees.



#### Conks on butt or buttress roots

Almost all the fungi that fruit on buttress roots or the butts (lower trunk) of trees also cause decay structural roots. Conks on the butt of a tree indicate structural root decay is present.



#### **Basal Decay**

This is a visual symptom of decay that is often observed on trees in urban areas that have been damaged by maintenance equipment or other wounding. The decay at the soil line indicates some degree of butt rot and structural root decay.

#### VIS-Potential Indicators of Root Decay Urban Forestry LLC

Potential indicators suggest that root decay might be present. The indicators presented here are mostly observed in the butt of trees. Butt rot fungi usually also decay structural roots, therefore trees with these symptoms should also be evaluated for root rot. Some indictors are not specific to root disease and may be due to soil compaction, construction, soil drainage or other soil related problems.







### **Butt Flattening**

This symptom may develop on trees with root and butt rot. The butt of the tree flattens and suggests decay may be present.

#### Bottlebutt

This is a potential symptom of butt rot and structural root rot in trees. The outline of the stem base is "coke" bottle or elephant hoof print shaped.

#### **Rhizmorphs** (arrow)

Rhizomorphs are vegetative growth structures of the fungus Armillaria spp. Their presence is an indicator and not proof that roots or butts of a tree are infected or decayed.



**Previous Root/Butt Failures** Root disease fungi, especially Armillaria sp., often affect groups of trees.



indicator of root decay.

**Branch Dieback/Decline** Branch dieback and decline are often symptoms of root decay or site/soil related problems.



**Grade Changes or Fill** Fill around trees cause bark death, soil girdling and eventually leads to decay and /or basal or root failures.



**Evidence of Root Cutting** Cutting of structural roots can directly cause tree failure or lead to root decay in cut roots.



**Evidence of Construction** Construction damage can lead to root death from soil compaction or grade changes. Damage to roots can lead to decay.