The Pendulum Swings

Presented at

Metropolitan Council of Governments

Regional Freight Forum

Identifying Regional Freight Transportation Priorities

April 27, 2011

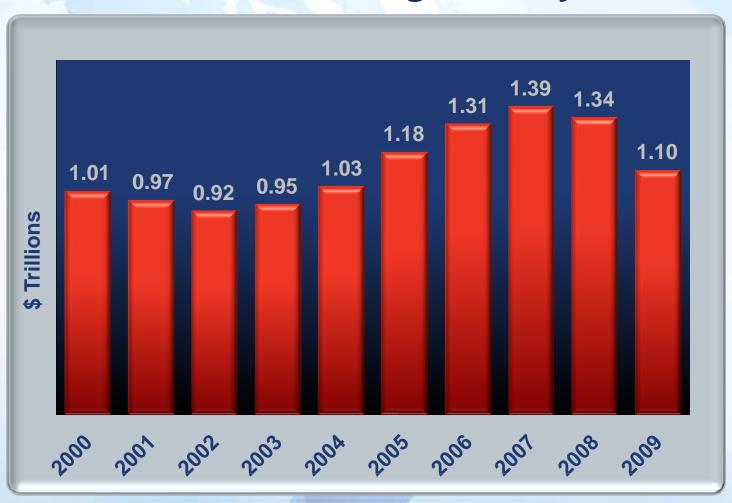
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National Perspective

Cost of the U.S. Logistics System

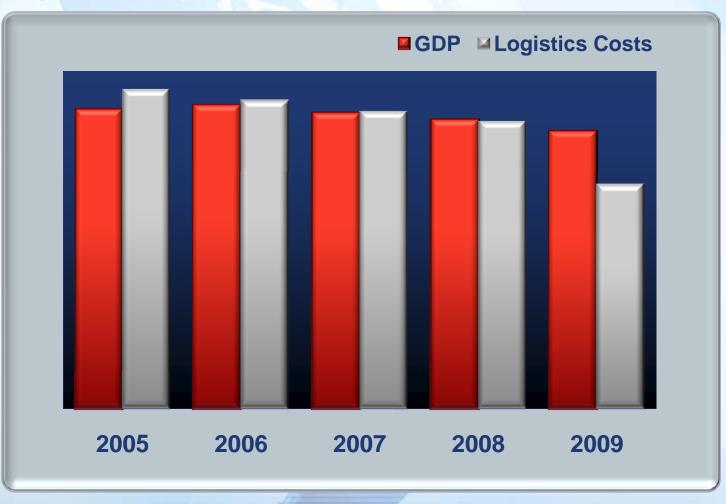






National Perspective

GDP Growth and Logistics Cost Growth



Source: CSCMP's Annual State of Logistics[®] Report



The Recession Hit the Logistics Industry Hard

	\$ Billions	
Carrying Costs - \$1.851 Trillion All Business Inventory		
Interest Taxes, Obsolescence, Depreciation, Insurance Warehousing	5 233 119	- Down 14.1%
Subtotal	357	
Transportation Costs		7
Motor Carriers Truck – Intercity Truck – Local	368 174	
Subtotal	542	
Other Carriers Railroads Water (International 25, Domestic 4) Oil Pipelines Air (International 14, Domestic 15) Forwarders	50 29 10 29 28	- Down 20.2%
Subtotal	146	
Shipper Related Costs	9	
Logistics Administration	42	Down 18.2%
TOTAL LOGISTICS COST	1,095	70-1
Source: CSCMP's Annual State of Logistics [©] Repo	rt	

Setting the Stage

- Reduced carrier capacity
 - Truck over 6,000 bankruptcies, overall truck capacity down 13 percent – not just parked
 - Rail almost 32 percent of freight cars in storage during recession, \$43B in assets idle, capacity can be brought back on line
 - Ocean overcapacity despite 25 percent of fleet laid up or removed, fewer routes, longer travel time
 - Air 12 percent of fleet retired or scrapped, capacity shortage in early stages of recovery, equilibrium now
- Severe downward rate pressure shippers have control
- Fuel costs stabilized fuel surcharges not an issue
- Inventory levels are down and more inventory is being held downstream





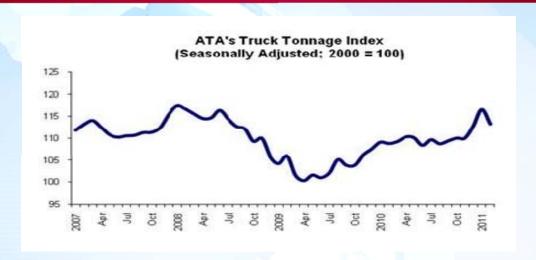


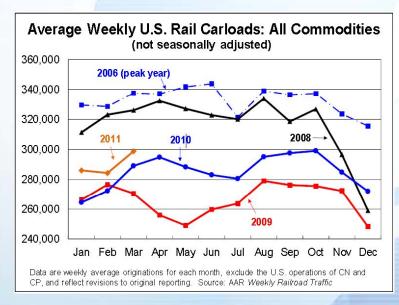
How Did 2010 Look?

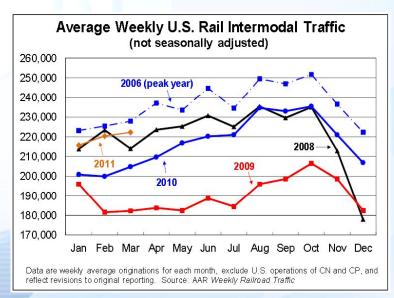
- Better than 2009, but not really a stellar year growth was very uneven
- During 2010 real GDP increased 2.8 percent, after rising only 0.2 percent during 2009.
- Private inventories rose 10.7 percent, but interest fell again in 2010
- Employment at 10 percent, and slow job creation still dragging down the economy
- Housing values still falling, mortgage bankruptcies climb again consumer confidence slightly positive now
- Consumer spending and retail sales growing modestly
- Industrial production and manufacturing for businesses is up, while consumer goods production is almost flat



How Did the Carriers Do in 2010?









The Pendulum Begins to Swing Back....

- Truck capacity is tightening and pricing control is shifting by end of 2Q to mid 2011 we will start to see some <u>very significant rate</u> <u>hikes</u>
- The truck driver shortage is coming
- Truck sales new and used are up
- Diesel prices are on the rise once again with fuel surcharges growing
- Rail carloadings got off to a slow start because of the bad weather, but have posted good growth in 2011 and intermodal is soaring
- The railroads are ready for expansion, but it will come gradually; they could handle another 10 to 15 percent of volume before there are any worries about capacity issues in select corridors



Expectations for the Rest of 2011

- Pricing control is shifting back to the carriers rates are trending higher...quickly
- Volume is growing steadily
- Capacity is getting tight in the trucking segment
 - Carriers being more selective who they carry freight for
 - Will experience both an equipment and a driver shortage
 - Perfect storm...economic improvement + impact of CSA
 + proposed hours of service rules
- Shift to intermodal is increasing
- Fuel prices still on the rise more surcharges
- Infrastructure vs. capacity to be the big issue



