

# National Capital Region Transportation Planning Board

777 North Capitol Street, N.E., Suite 300, Washington, D.C. 20002-4290 (202) 962-3310 Fax: (202) 962-3202 TDD: (202) 962-3213

## **Item #5**

### **MEMORANDUM**

**June 14, 2012**

**TO:** Transportation Planning Board

**FROM:** Ronald F. Kirby  
Director, Department of  
Transportation Planning

**RE:** Letters Sent/Received Since the May 16<sup>th</sup> TPB Meeting

The attached letters were sent/received since the May 16<sup>th</sup> TPB meeting. The letters will be reviewed under Agenda #5 of the June 20<sup>th</sup> TPB agenda.

Attachments





For Immediate Release  
May 18, 2012

CONTACT: Anne Marie Corbalis: (845) 855-7077 /  
[amcorbalis@archstreetcommunications.com](mailto:amcorbalis@archstreetcommunications.com);  
Lewis Miller: (202) 962-3209 / [lmiller@mwcoq.org](mailto:lmiller@mwcoq.org)

## **Record Breaking 12,700 Bike to Work**

Washington, D.C. - Commuters swapped gas pedals for bike pedals in the metropolitan Washington region today, as 12,700 cycled to work for the annual Bike to Work Day event. More people than ever before participated in this year's event which promotes bicycling as a healthy, low cost commute alternative. Bike to Work Day 2012 exceeded its goal of 12,500 commuters and the number of participants increased by almost 2,000 compared to 2011.

The event, coordinated by Commuter Connections and the Washington Area Bicyclist Association, was attended by dozens of elected officials who spoke to crowds of cyclists at 58 pit stops located throughout the District of Columbia, Maryland, and Virginia, from Frederick County to Prince William County. Pit stops welcomed cyclists and bicycling convoys with free T-shirts, food, beverages, entertainment, bike checks and prizes provided by regional and local sponsors.

"This event has increased the popularity of bicycling as a reliable, sustainable, and healthy commuting option thanks to the support and dedication of participants, sponsors, volunteers and officials," said David Robertson, Executive Director of the Metropolitan Washington Council of Governments. "Regionally, Bike to Work Day has grown tremendously. Five years ago 6,600 people participated in the event, since then the number has nearly doubled and pit stops have increased from 49 to 58. Next year, we look forward to even more participants."

"Commuters throughout the metropolitan area are looking for ways to make their commutes easier and less costly. Bicycling to work is one of the options that can improve the daily commute," said Nicholas Ramfos, Director of Commuter Connections. "The dramatic growth of this event is an indicator that area commuters view bicycling as a viable commute alternative that can fit into their daily routine."

Generous contributions from major regional sponsors, including, Marriott International, REI, ICF International, City Bikes, Whole Foods Market, Bike Arlington, BicycleSPACE, AAA Mid-Atlantic and The City of Alexandria helped make the event a success. Bike to Work Day celebrates National Bike Month in cities throughout the United States.

*\*Photos from Bike to Work Day available upon request. Please contact Lewis Miller at (202) 962-3209 or [lmiller@mwkog.org](mailto:lmiller@mwkog.org).*

# # #

*Commuter Connections, [www.commuterconnections.org](http://www.commuterconnections.org) is a program of the National Capital Region Transportation Planning Board at the Metropolitan Washington Council of Governments, [www.mwkog.org](http://www.mwkog.org).*

*Commuter Connections promotes bicycling to work, ridesharing and other alternatives to drive alone commuting, and provides ridematching for carpools and vanpools and offers the Guaranteed Ride Home and 'Pool Rewards programs. Commuter Connections, is funded by the District of Columbia, Maryland, Virginia and U.S. Departments of Transportation.*

# National Capital Region Transportation Planning Board

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## Memorandum

TO: Transportation Planning Board

FROM: Patrick Wojahn  
Chair, TPB Access for All (AFA) Advisory Committee  
College Park City Council

SUBJECT: AFA Comments on 2012 Draft Financially-Constrained Long-Range Transportation Plan and General Transportation-Related Concerns of the Committee

DATE: June 13, 2012

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The TPB Access for All Advisory (AFA) Committee received a presentation on the significant changes to the Draft 2012 Financially Constrained Long Range Transportation Plan (CLRP) at its May 3, 2012 meeting. During a roundtable discussion, the AFA provided the following comments on projects in the plan, and raised several other concerns about issues for low-income communities, minority communities and people with disabilities and suggestions to address these issues at the regional and local level. The AFA is submitting the following comments based on discussion at the May meeting and other discussions during AFA meetings in 2012.

### Comments on New Projects and Significant Changes in the CLRP

The AFA supports public transportation options that are accessible and affordable.

- The AFA approves of the many public transportation projects included in the 2012 CLRP and stresses the importance of ensuring that these options are accessible and affordable to low-income communities and people with disabilities.
- The AFA would also like to ensure that low fares and accessibility remain a priority as these projects proceed.

The AFA requested clarification of the costs, benefits, and funding of specific CLRP projects.

- The AFA raised a question about how new transit projects, such as the proposed BRT from Van Dorn to Pentagon Metrorail stations, may impact the funding of other large-scale transit projects, such as the Silver Line Phase II.

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*This document is available in an alternative format upon request.  
Email: [accommodations@mwco.org](mailto:accommodations@mwco.org), or phone: (202) 962-3275 or (202) 962-3213 (TDD).  
Please allow up to seven working days for preparation of the material.*

- The committee raised a concern about what the costs and benefits are of providing Bus Rapid Transit (BRT) or rail service in corridors where bus transit already exists, also referring to the Van Dorn to Pentagon Metrorail stations.
- More generally, the AFA asked for an explanation of what happens to the other projects in the plan when new projects are added. Members asked if there was really funding for all of these projects.

### General Comments on Transportation-Related Concerns

The AFA has expressed strong opposition to fare increases on MetroBus, MetroRail and MetroAccess that were approved as part of WMATA's FY2013 budget.

- The AFA opposes increasing the surcharge for using paper fare-cards on MetroRail because this could significantly disadvantage people with limited incomes throughout the region.
- The AFA opposes increasing the cash payment surcharge on MetroBus because this will significantly disadvantage riders who are reliant on cash payments. The surcharge increase will have significant impacts specifically on low-income and minority riders since nearly half of MetroBus riders who pay with cash are low-income residents, and a majority are minority residents.
- The AFA strongly opposes raising MetroAccess fares, and recommends that WMATA should restructure the MetroAccess fare system to simplify and lower rates. The current MetroAccess fares are making it difficult for people reliant on paratransit service to meet their daily transportation needs and the increase will exacerbate the problem. With the fare increase implemented last year, many MetroAccess users have found it difficult to pay for the much needed service.

The AFA expressed concern about the District Department of Transportation's (DDOT) red top meter program, which has recently been suspended.

- There has been a lack of communications from DDOT to the disability community concerning the details and the suspension of the red top meter program. Persons with disabilities and advocacy organizations were not told why the program was suspended, or when it might come back online.
- There doesn't seem to be much opportunity for public input on the program, especially from those with disabilities.
- When the program was in place, there were too few meters that were not well distributed throughout the city.
- In addition, many of the meters that are in place are hard to access by people with mobility limitations. These meters should to accessible by all potential users.

As WMATA evaluates proposals responding the new MetroAccess RFP, the AFA recommends that particular attention should be paid to the following:

- The MetroAccess contract(s) should be structured in such a way to ensure clear lines of communication, reporting and responsibility between scheduling, dispatching, the call center and the transportation vendors.
- If the “Multiple Contractor with a Broker” model is utilized, the contract should be written so that the broker is truly independent of conflicting considerations and acts on behalf of Metro. The broker should not operate any MetroAccess service.
- The transition to the new paratransit business model and contractors should be seamless, and there should be no interruptions in service.

The AFA applauds the TPB’s efforts to develop guidance for complete streets policies throughout the region.

- Providing safe and accessible pedestrian infrastructure is necessary to accommodate all road users throughout the region. This is especially important to people with disabilities, including those who use wheelchairs, or have other mobility or visual impairments. This policy guidance is a great step in the direction of making all transportation infrastructure compliant with ADAAG standards (ADA Accessibility Guidelines for Buildings and Facilities).
- The AFA would like to see the following strategies for addressing safe and accessible pedestrian infrastructure included in complete streets policies throughout the region:
  - Accessible pedestrian signals, markings, and signage at intersections.
  - Audible, visual, and vibro-tactile information features at bus stop and bus bays;
  - Adequate crossing times at intersections to allow people with disabilities and older adults to safely cross; and
  - The maintenance of safe pedestrian access for people with visual and physical disabilities as roadways are being constructed or upgraded.





## **National Capital Region Transportation Planning Board**

777 North Capitol Street, N.E., Suite 300, Washington, D.C. 20002-4290 (202) 962-3310 Fax: (202) 962-3202

June 1, 2012

Honorable Phil Mendelson  
Chairman  
Metropolitan Washington  
Air Quality Committee (MWAQC)  
777 North Capitol Street, NE, #300  
Washington, DC 20002

Dear Chairman Mendelson:

At its March 21, 2012 meeting, the National Capital Region Transportation Planning Board (TPB) approved a letter to MWAQC recommending the incorporation of safety margins of 20 percent and 30 percent into out-year mobile emissions budgets for 2017 and 2025 respectively in a PM2.5 maintenance plan under development by MWAQC. In this letter, TPB staff is providing additional information in support of the TPB's March 21 recommendation.

If MWAQC proceeds with the development of a PM2.5 maintenance plan for the Washington region, mobile emissions budgets will need to be developed for the out-years of 2017 and 2025 for both precursor NO<sub>x</sub> and primary PM2.5. EPA conformity regulations require that these budgets be based on current estimates of those emissions for 2017 and 2025 using the latest assumptions about future transportation and land use for the region, as well as the age and composition of the region's vehicle fleet and the parameters and procedures incorporated into the model currently mandated by EPA for estimating motor vehicle emissions. Once set, these budgets will be used, perhaps for many years, for determining the conformity of the TPB's plans and programs with the requirements of the Clean Air Act of 1990, as amended. The key issue of concern to the TPB is that future emissions estimates that the TPB will be required to develop to demonstrate conformity for these out-years could be impacted significantly by changes in the composition and age of the region's vehicle fleet, as well as by revisions to EPA's emissions estimation model (currently "MOVES 2010a"), both of which are external inputs to the planning process administered by the TPB.

### The potential impact of changes in the vehicle fleet

TPB staff is providing as an attachment to this letter, and as a supplement to the TPB's March 21 letter, detailed results of a sensitivity test designed to assess the potential impact of changes in the mix and age of the vehicle fleet. As discussed later, these results form part of the rationale for the TPB's recommendation of safety margins of 20 percent and 30 percent for 2017 and 2025 respectively.

Honorable Phil Mendelson

June 1, 2012

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The TPB has collected and analyzed Vehicle Identification Number (VIN) data for all vehicles registered in the Washington region for three distinct points in time in 2005, 2008, and 2011. Snapshots of the VIN data were taken on July 1 of each of these years, and it is anticipated that similar snapshots will be taken each July 1 at three year intervals into the future: 2014, 2017, 2020, and so on.

Since the TPB has VIN data for 2005, 2008, and 2011, it has been possible for TPB staff to estimate precursor NOx and primary PM2.5 fine particulate emissions for 2017 and 2025 for different vehicle fleet mix and age assumptions. Specifically, TPB staff calculated these emissions with the most recent 2011 VIN data (already programmed for use in the PM2.5 maintenance SIP), and also with the 2005 VIN data. As documented in the attached Power Point presentation, significant differences were found in the emissions levels using the two different years of VIN data. For 2017, precursor NOx and primary PM 2.5 emissions were found to be higher by 25 percent and 22 percent respectively with 2011 VIN data than with 2005 VIN data, due largely to aging of the fleet between 2005 and 2011. For 2025, the differences were found to be 8 percent and 11 percent respectively. Breakdowns by vehicle type found that these differences were due predominately to light commercial trucks, buses and heavy duty trucks. For precursor NOx only 41 percent of the difference in 2017 and 21 percent in 2025 was due to passenger vehicles. The corresponding percentages for primary PM2.5 were 19 percent and 40 percent respectively.

The levels of emissions reductions that will actually be achieved in 2017 and 2025 will be highly dependent on continued steady turnover of not only passenger vehicles, but also light commercial trucks, buses and heavy duty trucks. If the turnover rates are slower than currently projected, the anticipated reductions will not be achieved. Such slower turnover rates could result in revised precursor NOx and primary PM2.5 projections that exceed the TPB staff projections currently being considered by MWAQC for use in setting mobile emissions budgets for 2017 and 2025. It is to allow for the possibility of such slower turnover rates, as well as possible changes in EPA's mandated emissions model, that the TPB has recommended the incorporation of safety margins in mobile emissions budgets for 2017 and 2025.

### Summary

The specific safety margins recommended by the TPB in its March 21 letter to MWAQC, 20 percent for 2017 and 30 percent for 2025, are based in part on the VIN data assessment reported above, and in part on previous experience with changes in EPA's mandated emissions estimating procedures, which have typically resulted in significantly higher emissions estimates from the same set of local inputs. While there is no basis at this time for predicting the impact of future changes in EPA's emissions estimating procedures, the likelihood of such changes occurring increases as time goes on; hence the significantly higher safety margins recommended for 2025 than for 2017.

Three charts that were provided in the attachment to the TPB's March 21 letter are provided again in the PowerPoint attached to this letter. First, page 10 shows that primary PM2.5 emissions currently projected for 2040 are 2.1 percent higher than projected for 2025, so that conformity could not currently be demonstrated for 2040 if the 2025 mobile emissions budget were set at the 2025 projected level. Second, pages 11 and 12 show that even with the safety margins recommended by the TPB, total emissions from all sources are significantly below the levels required for a PM2.5 maintenance plan.

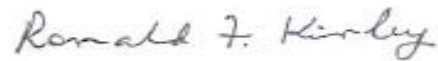
Honorable Phil Mendelson

June 1, 2012

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TPB staff is transmitting with this letter a set of detailed results of the VIN data assessment reported above. The letter and the supporting data tables are being provided to help inform ongoing MWAQC deliberations about the development of a PM2.5 maintenance plan, and the implications of such a plan for the TPB's ability to meet air quality conformity requirements for future updates to the region's transportation plans and programs.

Sincerely,

A handwritten signature in cursive script that reads "Ronald F. Kirby".

Ronald F. Kirby  
Director, Department of  
Transportation Planning



THE POTENTIAL IMPACT OF CHANGES IN  
THE REGIONAL VEHICLE FLEET  
ON FUTURE NO<sub>x</sub> AND PM<sub>2.5</sub> EMISSIONS  
— A SENSITIVITY TEST

TPB Technical Committee Meeting  
June 1, 2012

# PURPOSE & SCOPE OF THE SENSITIVITY TEST

## Purpose:

- To assess the potential impact of changes in the mix and age of the vehicle fleet on NOx and PM2.5 emissions for 2017 and 2025

## Scope:

- To calculate and compare NOx and PM2.5 emissions for 2017 and 2025 with
  - (1) 2011 VIN data and
  - (2) 2005 VIN data,keeping all other input data unchanged

# 2011 and 2005 REGIONAL VEHICLE FLEETS

## Fleet Composition

	2011 VIN		2005 VIN	
	# of Units	Percent	# of Units	Percent
Passenger Cars/Trucks	3,326,987	88.35%	3,056,520	89.01%
Light Commercial Trucks	389,406	10.34%	325,843	9.49%
Buses	16,033	0.43%	21,629	0.63%
Heavy Duty Trucks	33,083	0.88%	29,784	0.87%
All Vehicle Types	3,765,509	100%	3,433,776	100%

# 2011 and 2005 REGIONAL VEHICLE FLEETS

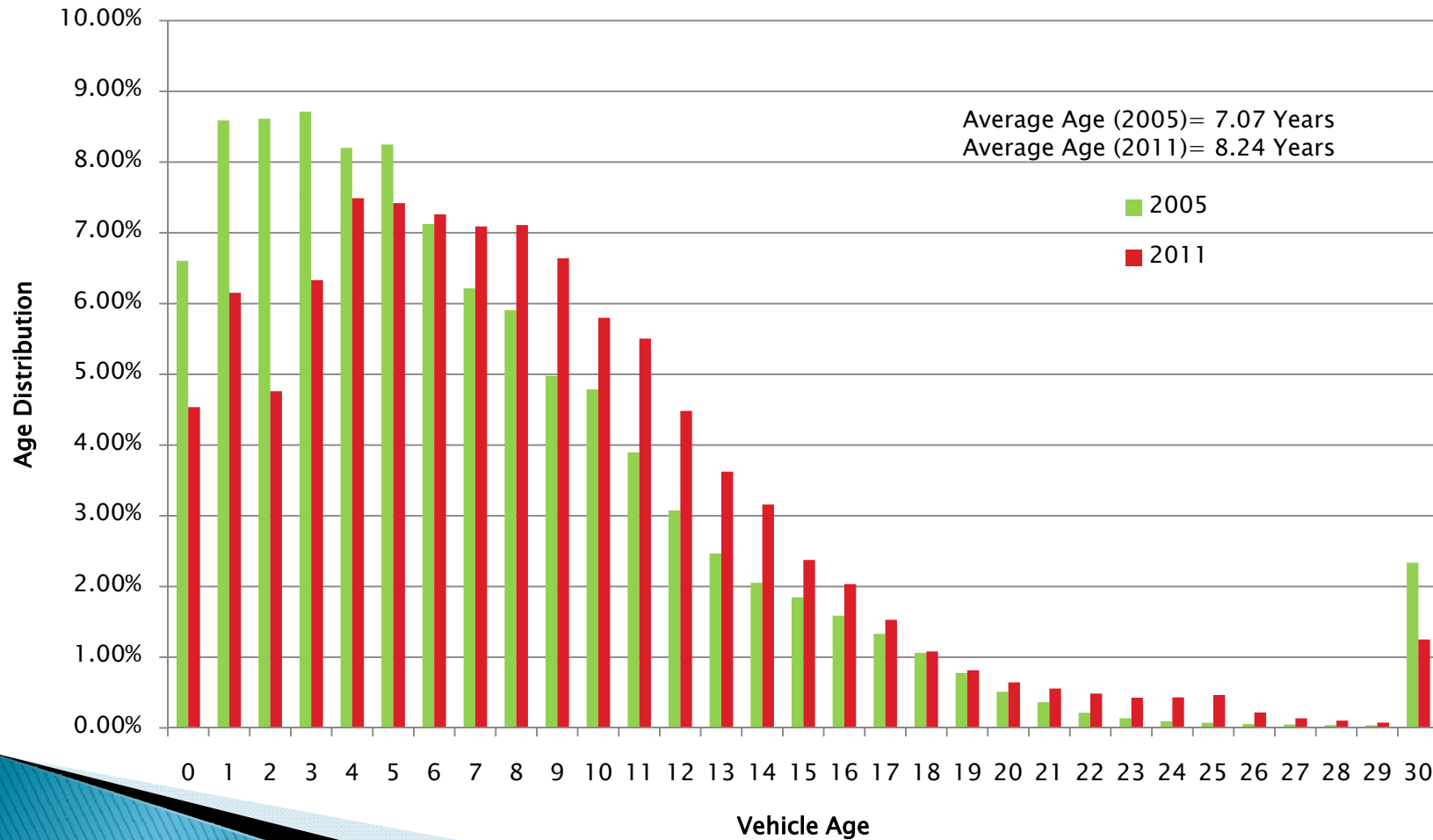
## Average Vehicle Age

	2011 VIN	2005 VIN	Difference
Passenger Cars/Trucks	8.21	7.08	1.13
Light Commercial Trucks	8.09	6.63	1.46
Buses	10.36	9.99	0.37
Heavy Duty Trucks	11.28	9.15	2.13
All Vehicle Types	<b>8.24</b>	<b>7.07</b>	<b>1.17</b>

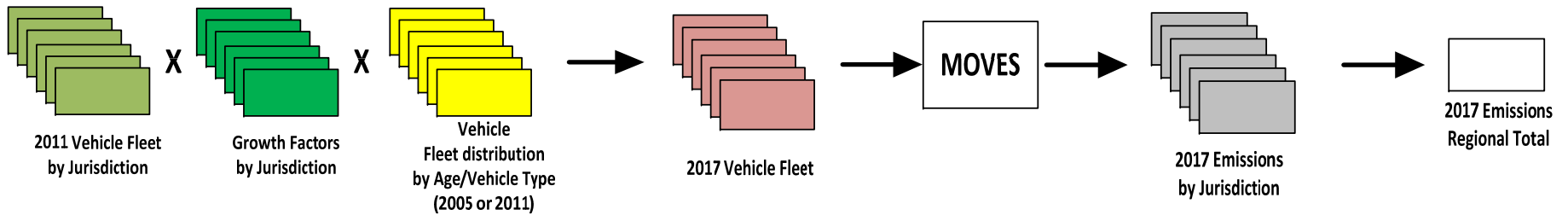


# 2011 and 2005 REGIONAL VEHICLE FLEETS

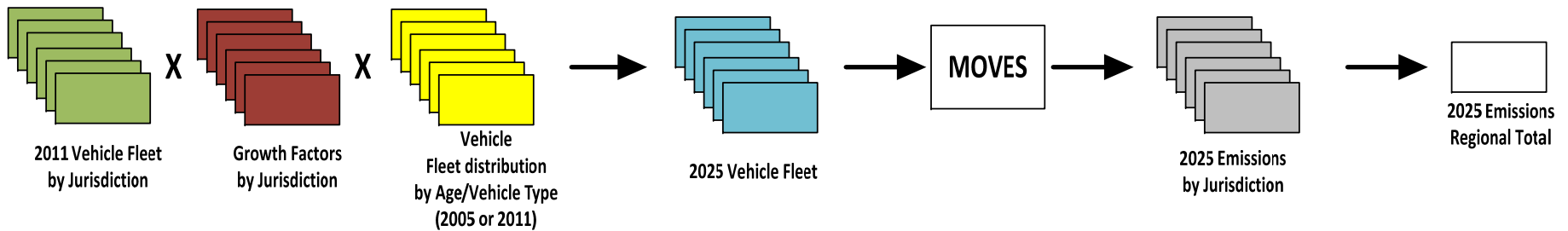
## Vehicle Age Distribution



# DEVELOPMENT OF MOTOR VEHICLE EMISSIONS ESTIMATES Conceptual Flow Chart



## 2017 Inventories



## 2025 Inventories

# MOTOR VEHICLE EMISSIONS COMPARISON

	2017		2025	
	NOx (t/yr)	PM2.5 (t/yr)	NOx (t/yr)	PM2.5 (t/yr)
2011 VIN Basis	41,709 <sup>(1)</sup>	1,787 <sup>(4)</sup>	27,400 <sup>(7)</sup>	1,322 <sup>(10)</sup>
2005 VIN Basis	33,468 <sup>(2)</sup>	1,465 <sup>(5)</sup>	25,406 <sup>(8)</sup>	1,187 <sup>(11)</sup>
Difference	<b>8,241 <sup>(3)</sup></b>	<b>322 <sup>(6)</sup></b>	<b>1,994 <sup>(9)</sup></b>	<b>136 <sup>(12)</sup></b>
Ratio	1.25	1.22	1.08 <sup>⊗</sup>	1.11 <sup>⊗</sup>

Source:

(1): Appendix Table 1.1  
 (2): Appendix Table 1.2  
 (3): Appendix Table 1.3

(4): Appendix Table 1.4  
 (5): Appendix Table 1.5  
 (6): Appendix Table 1.6

(7): Appendix Table 2.1  
 (8): Appendix Table 2.2  
 (9): Appendix Table 2.3

(10): Appendix Table 2.4  
 (11): Appendix Table 2.5  
 (12): Appendix Table 2.6

⊗ Note: Ratios of 1.19 and 1.16 provided on page 12 of the March 21 PowerPoint were incorrect due to use of a vehicle age distribution for 2002 rather than for 2005

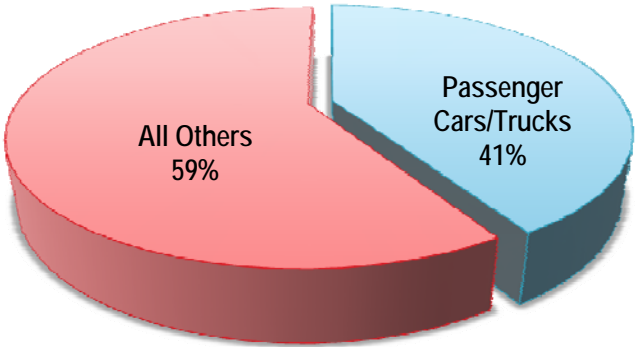
# ORIGINS OF THE MOTOR VEHICLE EMISSIONS DIFFERENCES

	2017				2025			
	NOx		PM2.5		NOx		PM2.5	
	t/yr	Percent	t/yr	Percent	t/yr	Percent	t/yr	Percent
Passenger Cars/Trucks	3,399	41%	60	19%	423	21%	55	40%
Light Commercial Trucks	1,040	13%	26	8%	244	12%	12	9%
Buses	256	3%	18	6%	160	8%	15	11%
Heavy Duty Trucks	3,546	43%	217	67%	1,168	59%	54	40%
All Vehicle Types	<b>8,241<sup>(1)</sup></b>	100%	<b>322<sup>(2)</sup></b>	100%	<b>1,994<sup>(3)</sup></b>	100%	<b>136<sup>(4)</sup></b>	100%

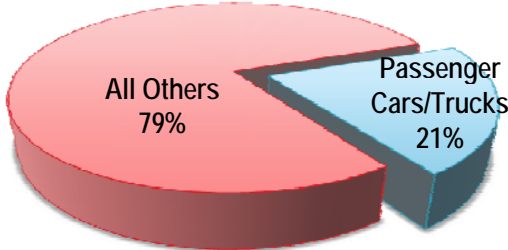
Source:

(1): Appendix Table 1.3    (2): Appendix Table 1.6    (3): Appendix Table 2.3    (4): Appendix Table 2.6

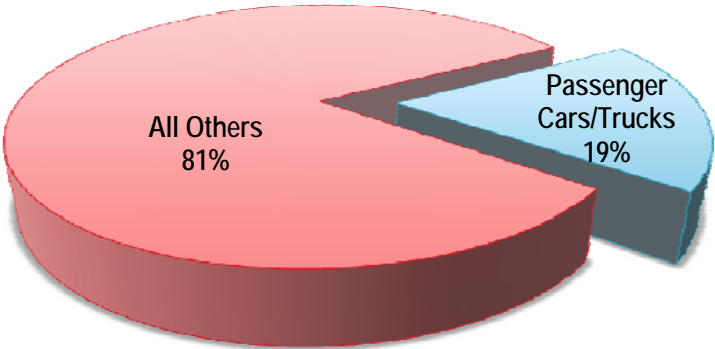
# ORIGINS OF THE MOTOR VEHICLE EMISSIONS DIFFERENCES



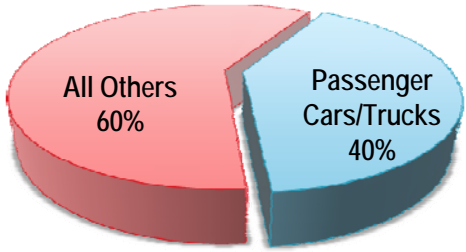
2017 NOx Emissions Difference = 8,241 t/yr



2025 NOx Emissions Difference = 1,994 t/yr



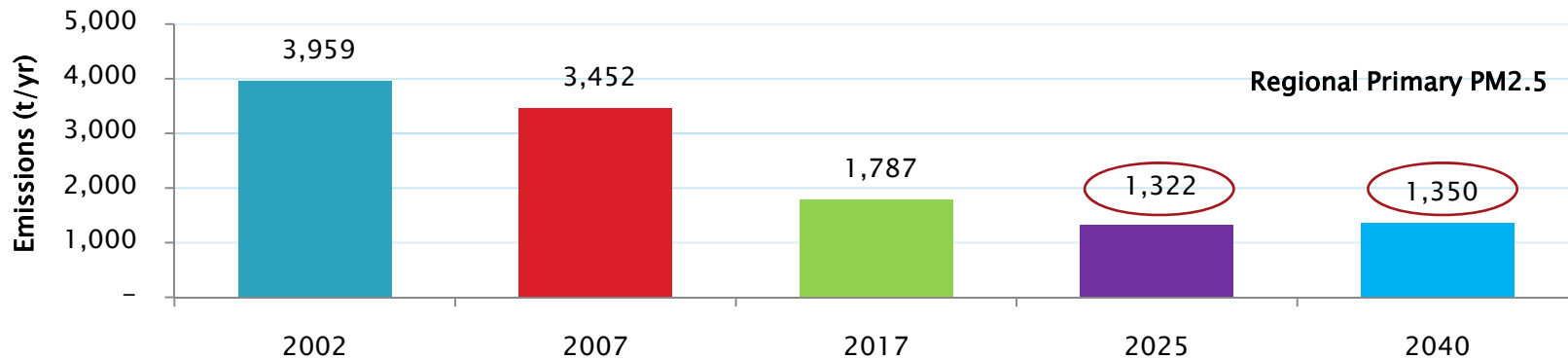
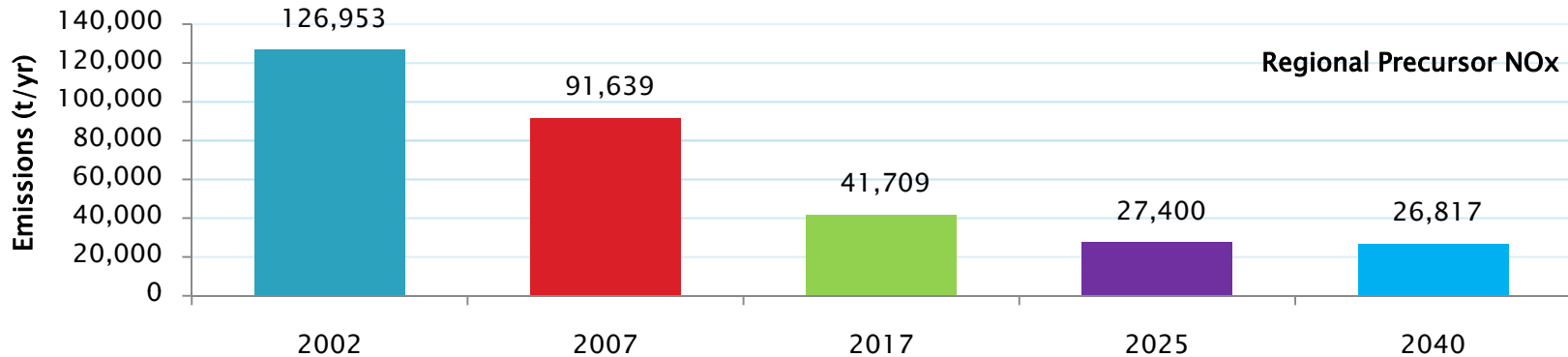
2017 PM2.5 Emissions Difference = 322 t/yr



2025 PM2.5 Emissions Difference = 136 t/yr

# MOTOR VEHICLE EMISSIONS BUDGETS

## Implications for the 2011 Constrained Long Range Plan (CLRP)

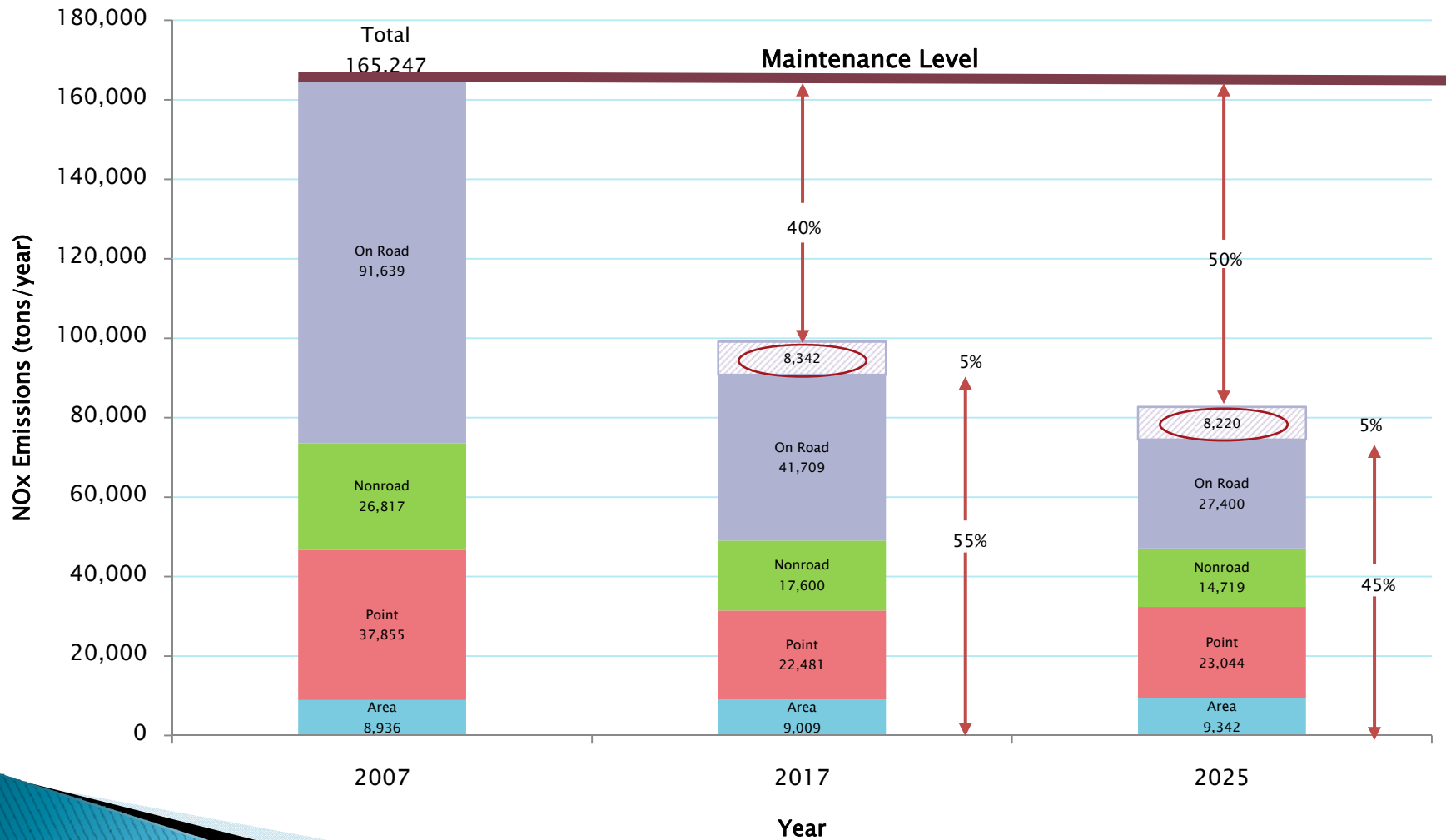


Example:

- If the 2025 mobile budget for primary PM2.5 had been set and in effect at the inventory level of 1,322 tons per year, conformity could not have been demonstrated for 2040.
- The new 2017 and 2025 budgets for precursor NOx and primary PM2.5 could be in effect for the 2013 CLRP update.

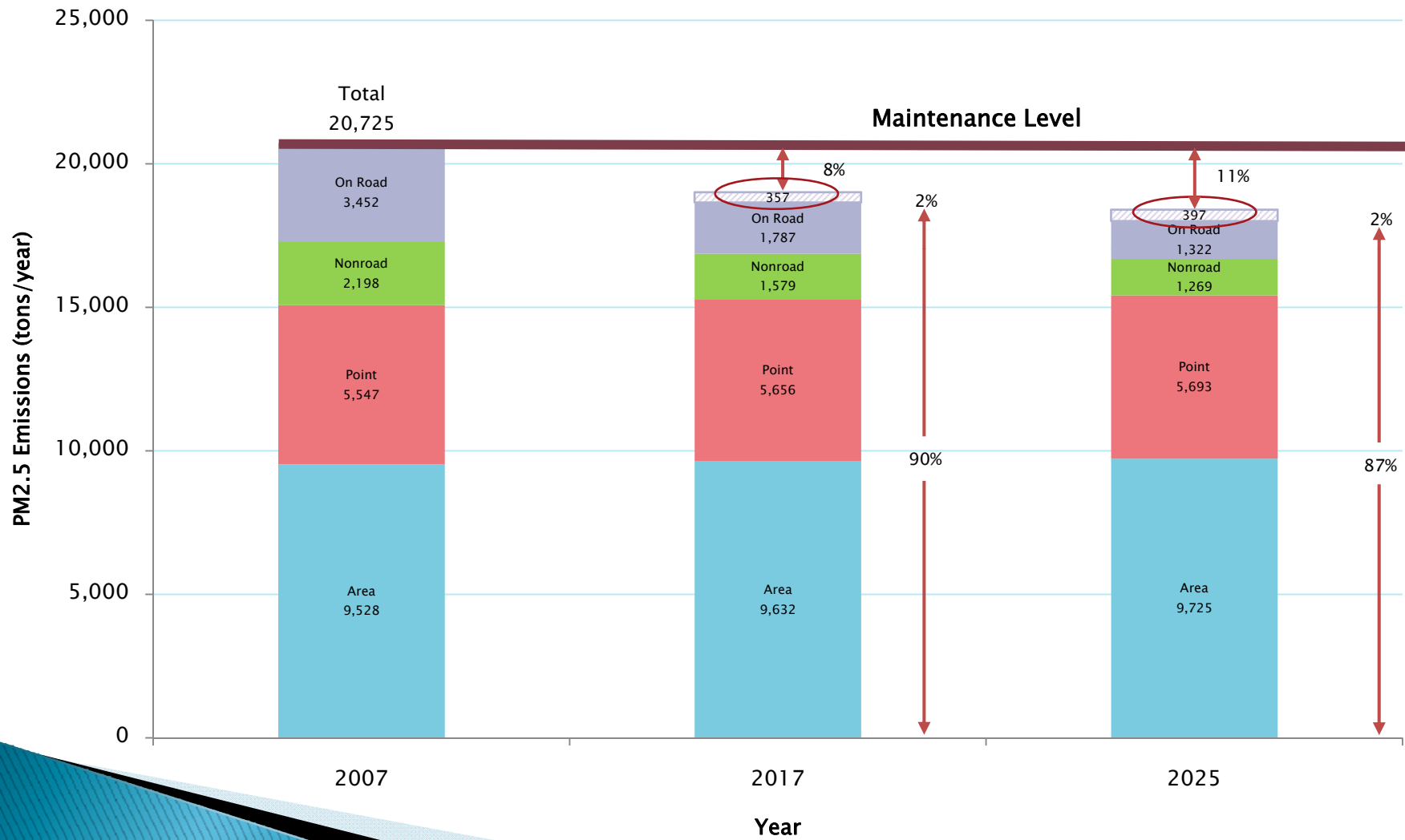
# SETTING MOTOR VEHICLE EMISSIONS BUDGETS

## Safety Margins as Percentages of Maintenance Level for NOx



# SETTING MOTOR VEHICLE EMISSIONS BUDGETS

## Safety Margins as Percentages of Maintenance Level for PM2.5





## Appendix

# Emissions by Vehicle Type and Vehicle Age in Tons/Year

TPB Technical Committee Meeting  
June 1, 2012

2011 VIN Basis

Table 1.1 2017 NOX Emissions (by Vehicle Type and Vehicle Age) in tons/year

Veh_Age	MOVES SourceUseType Vehicle Categories													TOTAL
	MC	PC	PT	LCT	IB	TB	SB	RT	SUSH	SULH	MH	CUSH	CULH	
	Motorcycle	Passenger Car	Passenger Truck	Light Commercial Truck	Intercity Bus	Transit Bus	School Bus	Refuse Truck	Single Unit Short-haul Truck	Single Unit Long-haul Truck	Motor Home	Combination Short-haul Truck	Combination Long-haul Truck	
0	8	108	238	125	3	9	3	6	107	6	1	70	180	864
1	7	160	292	150	6	14	1	4	74	4	1	54	145	912
2	13	134	179	94	7	17	2	5	89	5	1	65	177	789
3	11	154	294	159	5	12	4	5	97	6	2	55	146	951
4	12	257	410	211	6	11	5	16	251	16	5	203	452	1,854
5	10	245	409	220	15	25	4	14	193	12	4	184	400	1,735
6	8	272	523	269	14	26	2	14	228	15	5	190	412	1,977
7	6	258	512	264	8	15	8	8	153	10	4	113	242	1,601
8	7	347	581	317	19	38	9	19	188	13	4	270	369	2,182
9	5	346	548	288	26	50	14	14	172	12	5	191	253	1,923
10	4	373	524	260	28	52	14	18	205	15	6	244	338	2,081
11	3	445	509	272	66	115	26	32	343	26	10	468	536	2,849
12	2	375	486	300	26	44	29	22	243	19	8	305	349	2,207
13	1	385	456	293	41	68	14	15	179	14	6	217	253	1,942
14	2	627	773	345	49	78	9	12	134	11	5	167	205	2,417
15	1	569	571	244	18	27	10	14	103	8	3	219	258	2,047
16	1	551	395	177	15	22	14	17	148	12	6	247	269	1,875
17	1	359	298	125	18	25	14	11	83	7	3	168	203	1,315
18	1	316	207	88	11	14	7	7	60	5	3	98	117	932
19	0	331	170	63	21	20	7	6	74	7	3	91	94	887
20	0	248	143	56	14	16	20	7	75	7	4	101	109	799
21	0	196	134	54	15	19	25	7	95	9	6	103	103	767
22	0	207	315	112	43	48	24	6	66	6	4	94	110	1,036
23	0	155	317	109	37	42	9	6	67	6	5	91	111	954
24	0	125	389	131	32	35	4	8	78	8	5	112	141	1,067
25	0	95	491	158	27	30	2	5	73	7	6	80	91	1,066
26	0	74	155	54	23	26	1	3	47	5	5	39	38	470
27	0	58	76	27	22	23	1	1	19	2	2	15	14	260
28	0	42	52	18	24	25	1	1	20	2	3	15	14	218
29	0	21	45	15	21	21	1	1	12	1	2	11	11	162
30	2	558	399	168	24	23	96	6	63	7	10	93	122	1,569
<b>SUBTOTAL</b>	<b>109</b>	<b>8,392</b>	<b>10,891</b>	<b>5,163</b>	<b>684</b>	<b>989</b>	<b>381</b>	<b>308</b>	<b>3,738</b>	<b>284</b>	<b>138</b>	<b>4,372</b>	<b>6,259</b>	<b>41,709</b>
<b>% OF SUBTOTAL</b>	<b>0.3%</b>	<b>20.1%</b>	<b>26.1%</b>	<b>12.4%</b>	<b>1.6%</b>	<b>2.4%</b>	<b>0.9%</b>	<b>0.7%</b>	<b>9.0%</b>	<b>0.7%</b>	<b>0.3%</b>	<b>10.5%</b>	<b>15.0%</b>	<b>100.0%</b>
<b>TOTAL</b>		<b>19,392</b>		<b>5,163</b>		<b>2,054</b>				<b>15,100</b>				
<b>% OF TOTAL</b>		<b>46%</b>		<b>12%</b>		<b>5%</b>				<b>36%</b>				

2005 VIN Basis

Table 1.2 2017 NOX Emissions (by Vehicle Type and Vehicle Age) in tons/year

Veh_Age	MOVES SourceUseType Vehicle Categories														TOTAL
	MC	PC	PT	LCT	IB	TB	SB	RT	SUSH	SULH	MH	CUSH	CULH		
	Motorcycle	Passenger Car	Passenger Truck	Light Commercial Truck	Intercity Bus	Transit Bus	School Bus	Refuse Truck	Single Unit Short-haul Truck	Single Unit Long-haul Truck	Motor Home	Combination Short-haul Truck	Combination Long-haul Truck		
0	26	154	333	179	5	13	1	17	271	15	4	222	599	1,839	
1	17	192	475	257	6	15	8	9	169	10	3	109	285	1,556	
2	16	195	447	243	6	14	3	8	125	7	2	101	285	1,453	
3	11	198	442	235	6	14	6	6	118	7	2	72	192	1,309	
4	8	277	462	241	8	14	8	11	170	11	3	130	292	1,635	
5	6	296	407	216	14	23	6	14	196	13	4	177	383	1,754	
6	4	295	446	231	3	7	10	9	165	11	4	112	235	1,532	
7	3	262	370	181	10	18	7	9	141	10	3	112	249	1,374	
8	3	323	400	216	45	89	11	21	211	15	4	283	389	2,010	
9	2	292	338	175	5	10	15	9	118	8	3	126	165	1,266	
10	2	364	299	150	13	24	30	11	159	12	5	143	183	1,394	
11	2	347	278	146	18	31	28	15	152	11	4	196	229	1,455	
12	1	301	228	137	13	23	23	11	123	9	4	153	183	1,209	
13	1	302	199	131	24	40	20	5	93	7	4	64	62	953	
14	1	476	323	140	17	27	18	5	82	7	4	64	68	1,230	
15	1	497	287	127	19	29	37	12	133	11	5	169	173	1,500	
16	1	375	324	143	57	84	58	11	99	8	4	158	171	1,493	
17	0	245	315	129	82	116	22	12	104	9	4	178	209	1,426	
18	0	230	265	109	43	56	41	9	84	7	4	124	141	1,114	
19	0	223	239	87	5	5	23	6	72	6	3	93	98	861	
20	0	155	134	56	20	23	15	5	67	6	4	80	84	648	
21	0	100	103	42	7	8	16	3	40	4	3	35	33	393	
22	0	88	109	40	3	3	13	0	7	1	1	6	6	276	
23	0	50	71	26	3	4	6	1	8	1	1	9	10	188	
24	0	30	51	19	4	4	3	1	11	1	1	7	6	139	
25	0	17	40	15	5	5	3	1	25	2	3	16	13	146	
26	0	10	35	13	6	6	1	1	12	1	1	9	9	104	
27	0	6	32	12	8	8	1	1	13	1	2	7	5	96	
28	0	3	28	10	12	13	0	0	3	0	0	2	2	75	
29	0	2	29	10	15	15	0	0	1	0	0	1	2	75	
30	0	920	1,153	410	14	14	114	7	83	9	13	102	127	2,966	
<b>SUBTOTAL</b>	<b>106</b>	<b>7,225</b>	<b>8,661</b>	<b>4,122</b>	<b>495</b>	<b>756</b>	<b>548</b>	<b>230</b>	<b>3,054</b>	<b>221</b>	<b>103</b>	<b>3,060</b>	<b>4,886</b>	<b>33,468</b>	
<b>% OF SUBTOTAL</b>	<b>0.3%</b>	<b>21.6%</b>	<b>25.9%</b>	<b>12.3%</b>	<b>1.5%</b>	<b>2.3%</b>	<b>1.6%</b>	<b>0.7%</b>	<b>9.1%</b>	<b>0.7%</b>	<b>0.3%</b>	<b>9.1%</b>	<b>14.6%</b>	<b>100.0%</b>	
<b>TOTAL</b>		<b>15,992</b>		<b>4,122</b>		<b>1,799</b>				<b>11,554</b>					
<b>% OF TOTAL</b>		<b>48%</b>		<b>12%</b>		<b>5%</b>				<b>35%</b>					

**Table 1.3 2017 NOx Emissions Differences (by Vehicle Type and Vehicle Age) in tons/year**

Veh_Age	MOVES SourceUseType Vehicle Categories													TOTAL
	MC Motorcycle	PC Passenger Car	PT Passenger Truck	LCT Light Commercial Truck	IB Intercity Bus	TB Transit Bus	SB School Bus	RT Refuse Truck	SUSH Single Unit Short-haul Truck	SULH Single Unit Long-haul Truck	MH Motor Home	CUSH Combination Short-haul Truck	CULH Combination Long-haul Truck	
0	(18)	(46)	(95)	(54)	(2)	(4)	2	(11)	(164)	(9)	(2)	(152)	(419)	(975)
1	(10)	(32)	(183)	(108)	(0)	(1)	(7)	(4)	(96)	(5)	(2)	(56)	(140)	(644)
2	(3)	(61)	(268)	(149)	1	2	(1)	(3)	(36)	(2)	(1)	(37)	(108)	(665)
3	0	(44)	(147)	(75)	(1)	(2)	(2)	(1)	(21)	(1)	(1)	(17)	(46)	(358)
4	4	(19)	(53)	(30)	(2)	(4)	(3)	5	81	5	2	73	160	218
5	5	(51)	2	4	1	2	(2)	0	(2)	(0)	(0)	7	17	(19)
6	4	(23)	77	38	10	20	(9)	4	63	4	1	79	177	445
7	3	(3)	141	83	(2)	(3)	1	(1)	12	1	1	1	(7)	227
8	4	24	181	101	(26)	(51)	(1)	(2)	(23)	(2)	(0)	(13)	(20)	173
9	3	54	210	114	21	40	(1)	5	54	4	1	65	88	657
10	2	8	224	111	16	29	(16)	7	47	3	1	101	155	687
11	1	98	231	126	48	84	(2)	17	191	14	6	272	307	1,394
12	1	75	258	163	12	21	6	10	120	9	4	152	167	998
13	1	83	257	162	17	27	(6)	10	86	7	2	152	191	989
14	1	151	450	205	32	51	(9)	7	52	4	1	103	137	1,186
15	1	73	284	117	(1)	(2)	(27)	2	(29)	(3)	(2)	50	86	548
16	1	176	71	35	(42)	(62)	(44)	5	49	4	2	89	98	382
17	1	114	(17)	(4)	(64)	(91)	(8)	(1)	(21)	(2)	(1)	(10)	(5)	(111)
18	0	85	(58)	(21)	(32)	(42)	(35)	(2)	(24)	(2)	(1)	(25)	(24)	(182)
19	(0)	108	(68)	(24)	16	15	(16)	(0)	2	0	0	(2)	(5)	25
20	(0)	93	10	(0)	(6)	(7)	6	1	8	1	0	21	25	151
21	0	96	31	13	9	11	9	5	56	5	3	68	70	374
22	0	119	206	72	40	45	11	6	59	6	3	88	104	759
23	0	106	246	83	34	39	3	6	59	5	4	82	101	766
24	0	95	338	111	28	31	1	7	67	6	4	105	135	928
25	0	78	450	143	23	25	(1)	4	48	5	3	63	78	920
26	0	64	120	41	18	19	0	2	35	4	4	30	29	367
27	0	52	45	14	14	15	0	0	6	1	1	8	8	164
28	0	39	24	8	12	12	1	1	17	2	3	13	12	144
29	0	19	16	6	6	6	1	1	11	1	2	9	10	87
30	2	(362)	(754)	(243)	10	9	(18)	(1)	(20)	(2)	(4)	(9)	(5)	(1,397)
<b>SUBTOTAL</b>	<b>3</b>	<b>1,167</b>	<b>2,230</b>	<b>1,040</b>	<b>189</b>	<b>233</b>	<b>(167)</b>	<b>78</b>	<b>684</b>	<b>63</b>	<b>34</b>	<b>1,312</b>	<b>1,374</b>	<b>8,241</b>
<b>% OF SUBTOTAL</b>	<b>0.0%</b>	<b>14.2%</b>	<b>27.1%</b>	<b>12.6%</b>	<b>2.3%</b>	<b>2.8%</b>	<b>-2.0%</b>	<b>1.0%</b>	<b>8.3%</b>	<b>0.8%</b>	<b>0.4%</b>	<b>15.9%</b>	<b>16.7%</b>	<b>100.0%</b>
<b>TOTAL</b>		<b>3,399</b>		<b>1,040</b>		<b>256</b>					<b>3,546</b>			
<b>% OF TOTAL</b>		<b>41%</b>		<b>13%</b>		<b>3%</b>					<b>43%</b>			

2011 VIN Basis

Table 1.4 2017 PM2.5 Emissions (by Vehicle Type and Vehicle Age) in tons/year

Veh_Age	MOVES SourceUseType Vehicle Categories													TOTAL
	MC	PC	PT	LCT	IB	TB	SB	RT	SUSH	SULH	MH	CUSH	CULH	
	Motorcycle	Passenger Car	Passenger Truck	Light Commercial Truck	Intercity Bus	Transit Bus	School Bus	Refuse Truck	Single Unit Short-haul Truck	Single Unit Long-haul Truck	Motor Home	Combination Short-haul Truck	Combination Long-haul Truck	
0	1	14	17	5	0	0	0	0	2	0	0	3	2	44
1	0	20	20	6	0	1	0	0	1	0	0	2	2	54
2	1	17	13	4	0	1	0	0	2	0	0	2	2	42
3	1	19	21	7	0	0	0	0	2	0	0	2	2	54
4	1	25	31	10	0	0	0	1	5	0	0	7	6	86
5	1	24	31	10	1	1	0	1	4	0	0	6	5	83
6	1	25	33	10	1	1	0	1	4	0	0	6	5	87
7	0	24	32	10	0	0	0	0	3	0	0	4	3	77
8	0	26	33	10	0	0	0	0	2	0	0	3	3	80
9	0	24	30	9	0	1	0	0	2	0	0	2	2	71
10	0	26	28	9	1	1	0	0	2	0	0	3	3	73
11	0	26	27	12	7	9	2	3	20	2	0	38	37	183
12	0	20	20	11	3	3	3	2	14	1	0	25	24	127
13	0	16	15	10	4	5	1	1	10	1	0	18	18	101
14	0	13	15	9	5	6	1	1	8	1	0	14	14	86
15	0	15	12	7	1	1	1	1	5	0	0	11	12	66
16	0	14	9	6	1	1	1	1	8	1	0	12	12	66
17	0	12	8	4	1	1	1	1	4	0	0	8	9	50
18	0	8	5	3	1	1	0	0	3	0	0	5	5	32
19	0	7	3	1	1	1	0	0	3	0	0	3	3	24
20	0	8	4	2	1	1	1	0	4	0	0	6	6	34
21	0	6	4	2	1	1	2	0	5	1	0	6	5	33
22	0	5	5	3	3	2	2	0	4	0	0	5	6	33
23	0	4	5	3	2	2	1	0	4	0	0	5	6	31
24	0	3	6	3	2	1	0	0	3	0	0	5	6	31
25	0	3	8	3	1	1	0	0	3	0	0	4	4	27
26	0	2	3	1	1	1	0	0	2	0	0	2	2	14
27	0	2	2	1	1	1	0	0	1	0	0	1	1	9
28	0	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	1	0	0	1	0	7
29	0	1	1	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	5
30	0	28	12	6	2	1	6	0	4	0	0	7	10	76
<b>SUBTOTAL</b>	<b>7</b>	<b>440</b>	<b>449</b>	<b>177</b>	<b>43</b>	<b>48</b>	<b>23</b>	<b>18</b>	<b>135</b>	<b>11</b>	<b>4</b>	<b>214</b>	<b>217</b>	<b>1,787</b>
<b>% OF SUBTOTAL</b>	<b>0.4%</b>	<b>24.6%</b>	<b>25.1%</b>	<b>9.9%</b>	<b>2.4%</b>	<b>2.7%</b>	<b>1.3%</b>	<b>1.0%</b>	<b>7.6%</b>	<b>0.6%</b>	<b>0.2%</b>	<b>12.0%</b>	<b>12.2%</b>	<b>100.0%</b>
<b>TOTAL</b>		<b>896</b>		<b>177</b>		<b>114</b>			<b>599</b>					
<b>% OF TOTAL</b>		<b>50%</b>		<b>10%</b>		<b>6%</b>			<b>34%</b>					

2005 VIN Basis

Table 1.5 2017 PM2.5 Emissions (by Vehicle Type and Vehicle Age) in tons/year

Veh_Age	MOVES SourceUseType Vehicle Categories													TOTAL
	MC	PC	PT	LCT	IB	TB	SB	RT	SUSH	SULH	MH	CUSH	CULH	
	Motorcycle	Passenger Car	Passenger Truck	Light Commercial Truck	Intercity Bus	Transit Bus	School Bus	Refuse Truck	Single Unit Short-haul Truck	Single Unit Long-haul Truck	Motor Home	Combination Short-haul Truck	Combination Long-haul Truck	
0	2	19	23	7	0	0	0	1	5	0	0	8	7	74
1	1	23	33	11	0	1	0	0	3	0	0	4	3	81
2	1	24	31	10	0	1	0	0	2	0	0	4	3	77
3	1	24	31	10	0	1	0	0	2	0	0	3	2	74
4	1	26	35	11	0	1	0	0	3	0	0	4	4	86
5	0	28	31	10	1	1	0	1	4	0	0	6	5	86
6	0	26	28	9	0	0	0	0	3	0	0	3	3	75
7	0	23	23	7	0	1	0	0	2	0	0	3	3	65
8	0	24	23	7	1	1	0	0	2	0	0	3	3	65
9	0	20	18	6	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	1	1	49
10	0	25	16	5	0	0	1	0	2	0	0	2	2	53
11	0	20	15	6	2	2	2	1	9	1	0	16	16	91
12	0	16	10	5	1	2	2	1	7	1	0	13	13	70
13	0	13	7	5	2	3	2	1	5	0	0	5	4	47
14	0	10	6	4	2	2	2	0	5	0	0	5	5	41
15	0	13	6	4	1	2	2	1	7	1	0	8	8	52
16	0	10	8	5	4	4	4	1	5	0	0	8	8	56
17	0	8	8	4	5	6	1	1	5	0	0	9	10	58
18	0	6	6	3	3	3	3	1	4	0	0	6	6	42
19	0	5	4	2	0	0	1	0	2	0	0	3	4	23
20	0	5	4	2	1	1	1	0	4	0	0	4	4	27
21	0	3	3	2	0	0	1	0	2	0	0	2	2	16
22	0	2	2	1	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	7
23	0	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	5
24	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	4
25	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	1	1	5
26	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	3
27	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	3
28	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2
29	0	0	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2
30	0	45	33	14	1	1	7	1	5	1	0	8	11	125
<b>SUBTOTAL</b>	7	422	408	151	29	34	32	12	96	8	3	134	130	1,465
<b>% OF SUBTOTAL</b>	0.5%	28.8%	27.8%	10.3%	2.0%	2.4%	2.2%	0.8%	6.6%	0.5%	0.2%	9.1%	8.9%	100.0%
<b>TOTAL</b>		836		151		96			382					
<b>% OF TOTAL</b>		57%		10%		7%			26%					

**Table 1.6 2017 PM2.5 Emissions Differences (by Vehicle Type and Vehicle Age) in tons/year**

Veh_Age	MOVES SourceUseType Vehicle Categories													TOTAL
	MC	PC	PT	LCT	IB	TB	SB	RT	SUSH	SULH	MH	CUSH	CULH	
	Motorcycle	Passenger Car	Passenger Truck	Light Commercial Truck	Intercity Bus	Transit Bus	School Bus	Refuse Truck	Single Unit Short-haul Truck	Single Unit Long-haul Truck	Motor Home	Combination Short-haul Truck	Combination Long-haul Truck	
0	(1)	(5)	(7)	(2)	(0)	(0)	0	(1)	(3)	(0)	(0)	(6)	(5)	(29)
1	(1)	(3)	(13)	(4)	(0)	(0)	(0)	(0)	(2)	(0)	(0)	(2)	(2)	(27)
2	(0)	(7)	(19)	(6)	0	0	(0)	(0)	(1)	(0)	(0)	(1)	(1)	(35)
3	0	(5)	(10)	(3)	(0)	(0)	(0)	(0)	(0)	(0)	(0)	(1)	(1)	(20)
4	0	(1)	(4)	(1)	(0)	(0)	(0)	0	2	0	0	2	2	(0)
5	0	(4)	0	0	0	0	(0)	0	(0)	(0)	(0)	0	0	(3)
6	0	(1)	5	1	1	1	(0)	0	1	0	0	2	2	12
7	0	0	9	3	(0)	(0)	0	(0)	0	0	0	0	(0)	13
8	0	2	10	3	(0)	(1)	(0)	(0)	(0)	(0)	(0)	(0)	(0)	14
9	0	4	11	4	0	0	(0)	0	1	0	0	1	1	22
10	0	1	12	4	0	0	(0)	0	1	0	0	1	1	21
11	0	6	12	5	5	7	(0)	2	11	1	0	22	21	92
12	0	4	11	6	1	2	1	1	7	1	0	12	11	56
13	0	4	9	6	2	2	(1)	1	5	0	0	12	13	53
14	0	3	8	5	3	4	(1)	1	3	0	0	8	10	45
15	0	2	6	4	(0)	(0)	(2)	0	(1)	(0)	(0)	2	4	14
16	0	5	2	1	(3)	(3)	(3)	0	3	0	0	4	4	11
17	0	4	(0)	(0)	(4)	(5)	(0)	(0)	(1)	(0)	(0)	(1)	(0)	(8)
18	0	2	(1)	(1)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(0)	(1)	(0)	(0)	(1)	(1)	(10)
19	(0)	2	(1)	(0)	1	1	(1)	(0)	0	0	0	(0)	(0)	1
20	(0)	3	0	(0)	(0)	(0)	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	6
21	0	3	1	0	1	0	1	0	3	0	0	4	4	17
22	0	3	3	2	2	2	1	0	3	0	0	5	5	27
23	0	3	4	2	2	2	0	0	3	0	0	4	5	26
24	0	3	5	2	2	1	0	0	3	0	0	5	6	27
25	0	2	7	3	1	1	(0)	0	2	0	0	3	4	23
26	0	2	2	1	1	1	0	0	1	0	0	1	1	11
27	0	2	1	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	5
28	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	5
29	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	3
30	0	(17)	(21)	(8)	1	0	(1)	(0)	(1)	(0)	(0)	(1)	(0)	(49)
<b>SUBTOTAL</b>	0	19	41	26	14	13	(9)	6	39	3	1	81	87	322
<b>% OF SUBTOTAL</b>	0.0%	5.9%	12.8%	8.2%	4.4%	4.1%	-2.8%	1.7%	12.2%	1.1%	0.3%	25.1%	27.1%	100.0%
<b>TOTAL</b>		60		26		18				217				
<b>% OF TOTAL</b>		19%		8%		6%				67%				

2011 VIN Basis

Table 2.1 2025 NOX Emissions (by Vehicle Type and Vehicle Age) in tons/year

Veh_Age	MOVES SourceUseType Vehicle Categories														TOTAL
	MC	PC	PT	LCT	IB	TB	SB	RT	SUSH	SULH	MH	CUSH	CULH		
	Motorcycle	Passenger Car	Passenger Truck	Light Commercial Truck	Inter city Bus	Transit Bus	School Bus	Refuse Truck	Single Unit Short-haul Truck	Single Unit Long-haul Truck	Motor Home	Combination Short-haul Truck	Combination Long-haul Truck		
0	8	119	260	136	4	9	3	7	118	7	2	77	200	949	
1	7	176	319	164	6	14	1	5	81	5	1	59	161	1,000	
2	14	147	196	103	7	17	2	6	98	6	2	71	197	866	
3	12	169	322	174	5	12	4	5	107	7	2	61	163	1,044	
4	13	283	448	231	6	11	5	17	278	17	6	225	504	2,044	
5	11	269	448	241	13	24	4	14	204	13	4	183	430	1,857	
6	9	298	572	294	13	25	2	14	242	16	6	189	442	2,120	
7	6	285	549	286	7	14	8	8	162	11	5	112	261	1,714	
8	7	354	567	283	6	13	4	7	115	8	3	96	241	1,704	
9	5	328	516	253	8	17	6	5	105	7	4	68	166	1,487	
10	4	331	446	217	9	19	6	7	124	9	4	86	222	1,484	
11	3	333	370	182	11	21	5	6	126	9	5	83	210	1,366	
12	2	262	300	148	4	8	6	4	90	7	4	54	137	1,026	
13	1	217	224	105	7	14	3	3	69	5	3	43	103	799	
14	1	179	196	96	9	16	2	2	50	4	3	33	84	676	
15	1	151	151	70	2	3	1	2	32	3	2	24	63	503	
16	1	152	110	59	4	7	5	5	80	7	4	73	107	614	
17	1	119	86	44	5	7	5	4	46	4	2	50	81	454	
18	1	92	60	30	3	4	2	2	34	3	2	30	47	309	
19	0	83	47	25	9	12	4	3	46	4	3	40	49	324	
20	0	66	47	27	5	7	9	3	41	4	3	39	51	302	
21	0	66	55	36	6	7	11	3	52	5	4	40	48	334	
22	0	90	127	57	17	20	11	3	37	4	3	37	52	458	
23	0	72	123	54	25	29	7	5	46	4	3	66	87	522	
24	0	57	153	65	22	24	3	6	53	5	4	83	112	587	
25	0	37	193	75	18	20	1	4	49	5	5	59	74	541	
26	0	35	70	30	16	16	1	2	32	3	4	29	30	268	
27	0	37	41	15	17	13	1	1	18	2	2	14	13	175	
28	0	28	30	12	17	15	0	1	17	2	2	13	12	150	
29	0	15	26	10	15	14	0	1	10	1	2	9	10	113	
30	2	599	458	191	17	15	78	5	55	6	7	75	104	1,612	
<b>SUBTOTAL</b>	113	5,450	7,511	3,709	315	445	199	159	2,618	193	104	2,121	4,461	27,400	
<b>% OF SUBTOTAL</b>	0.4%	19.9%	27.4%	13.5%	1.1%	1.6%	0.7%	0.6%	9.6%	0.7%	0.4%	7.7%	16.3%	100.0%	
<b>TOTAL</b>	13,075			3,709	959			9,657							
<b>% OF TOTAL</b>	48%			14%	4%			35%							



2005 VIN Basis

Table 2.2 2025 NOX Emissions (by Vehicle Type and Vehicle Age) in tons/year

Veh_Age	MOVES SourceUseType Vehicle Categories													TOTAL
	MC	PC	PT	LCT	IB	TB	SB	RT	SUSH	SULH	MH	CUSH	CULH	
	Motorcycle	Passenger Car	Passenger Truck	Light Commercial Truck	Intercity Bus	Transit Bus	School Bus	Refuse Truck	Single Unit Short-haul Truck	Single Unit Long-haul Truck	Motor Home	Combination Short-haul Truck	Combination Long-haul Truck	
0	28	170	365	196	5	13	1	19	300	17	4	246	670	2,033
1	18	211	520	282	6	15	8	9	188	11	3	122	320	1,714
2	17	214	489	266	6	15	4	9	138	8	2	112	318	1,599
3	12	219	483	257	6	14	6	6	131	8	3	80	215	1,440
4	9	304	505	264	8	14	8	12	188	12	4	145	327	1,800
5	6	325	445	236	12	22	6	13	207	13	4	176	411	1,878
6	4	324	487	252	3	6	10	9	175	12	4	110	252	1,648
7	3	290	397	196	9	17	7	9	149	10	4	111	268	1,469
8	3	330	390	192	15	30	4	8	129	9	3	100	255	1,467
9	2	278	318	153	2	3	6	3	72	5	2	45	108	996
10	2	325	255	125	4	8	12	4	96	7	4	51	119	1,011
11	2	260	202	97	3	6	6	3	56	4	2	35	91	766
12	1	210	141	67	2	4	5	2	45	3	2	27	74	584
13	1	170	98	47	4	8	5	1	35	3	2	13	25	413
14	1	137	82	39	3	5	4	1	30	2	2	13	28	347
15	0	132	76	36	2	3	5	2	41	3	3	18	42	364
16	0	104	91	47	17	25	19	4	53	5	3	46	67	481
17	0	82	91	46	24	35	8	4	57	5	3	53	83	490
18	0	67	77	37	12	18	14	3	48	4	3	37	56	376
19	0	56	66	34	2	3	12	3	45	4	3	41	52	322
20	0	42	44	27	8	10	6	2	36	3	3	31	39	251
21	0	34	42	27	3	3	7	1	22	2	2	13	15	172
22	0	39	45	21	1	1	6	0	4	0	0	2	3	123
23	0	24	28	13	2	2	4	0	6	1	1	6	8	95
24	0	14	20	10	3	3	2	0	8	1	1	6	5	72
25	0	7	16	7	3	3	2	1	17	2	2	13	11	85
26	0	5	16	7	4	4	1	0	8	1	1	7	7	61
27	0	4	18	7	6	5	1	1	13	1	1	6	5	69
28	0	3	18	7	9	8	0	0	2	0	0	2	2	50
29	0	2	19	7	11	10	0	0	1	0	0	1	1	52
30	1	989	1,327	464	10	9	92	5	72	8	10	83	109	3,177
<b>SUBTOTAL</b>	112	5,370	7,170	3,465	204	324	271	137	2,371	165	81	1,750	3,985	25,406
<b>% OF SUBTOTAL</b>	0.4%	21.1%	28.2%	13.6%	0.8%	1.3%	1.1%	0.5%	9.3%	0.6%	0.3%	6.9%	15.7%	100.0%
<b>TOTAL</b>	12,652			3,465	799			8,489						
<b>% OF TOTAL</b>	50%			14%	3%			33%						

**Table 2.3 2025 NOX Emissions Differences (by Vehicle Type and Vehicle Age) in tons/year**

Veh_Age	MOVES SourceUseType Vehicle Categories													TOTAL
	MC	PC	PT	LCT	IB	TB	SB	RT	SUSH	SULH	MH	CUSH	CULH	
	Motorcycle	Passenger Car	Passenger Truck	Light Commercial Truck	Intercity Bus	Transit Bus	School Bus	Refuse Truck	Single Unit Short-haul Truck	Single Unit Long-haul Truck	Motor Home	Combination Short-haul Truck	Combination Long-haul Truck	
0	(19)	(51)	(105)	(59)	(2)	(4)	3	(12)	(182)	(10)	(2)	(169)	(470)	(1,084)
1	(11)	(35)	(201)	(118)	(0)	(1)	(7)	(5)	(107)	(6)	(2)	(62)	(159)	(714)
2	(3)	(67)	(294)	(163)	1	2	(1)	(3)	(40)	(2)	(1)	(41)	(121)	(733)
3	0	(49)	(161)	(83)	(1)	(2)	(2)	(1)	(23)	(1)	(1)	(19)	(52)	(395)
4	4	(22)	(57)	(33)	(2)	(4)	(3)	6	89	6	2	81	177	244
5	5	(57)	2	5	1	1	(2)	0	(3)	(0)	(0)	7	19	(22)
6	4	(26)	85	42	9	19	(8)	4	68	4	1	78	190	472
7	4	(4)	152	90	(2)	(3)	1	(1)	13	1	1	1	(7)	246
8	4	24	177	91	(8)	(17)	(1)	(1)	(14)	(1)	(0)	(4)	(14)	236
9	3	51	198	100	7	13	(0)	2	33	2	1	23	58	491
10	2	7	191	92	5	10	(7)	2	28	2	0	36	103	473
11	1	73	168	85	8	15	(1)	3	71	5	3	48	120	600
12	1	52	159	80	2	4	1	2	45	3	2	27	63	442
13	1	47	126	58	3	5	(2)	2	33	3	1	30	78	386
14	1	43	114	57	6	10	(2)	1	20	2	1	21	56	328
15	1	19	75	33	(0)	(0)	(4)	0	(9)	(1)	(1)	5	20	139
16	0	48	19	11	(12)	(18)	(15)	2	27	2	2	26	40	133
17	0	37	(5)	(1)	(18)	(27)	(3)	(0)	(11)	(1)	(1)	(3)	(3)	(37)
18	0	24	(17)	(7)	(9)	(13)	(12)	(1)	(14)	(1)	(1)	(7)	(9)	(67)
19	(0)	26	(19)	(10)	7	9	(8)	(0)	1	0	0	(1)	(3)	3
20	(0)	25	3	(0)	(2)	(3)	2	1	4	0	0	8	12	51
21	0	32	13	8	3	4	4	2	31	3	2	26	33	161
22	0	51	83	36	16	19	5	3	34	3	2	34	49	334
23	0	48	95	41	23	26	2	4	41	4	3	60	80	427
24	0	43	133	55	19	21	0	5	46	4	3	77	107	514
25	0	30	177	68	15	17	(0)	3	32	3	2	47	63	457
26	0	29	54	23	12	12	0	2	24	3	3	22	23	206
27	0	33	23	8	11	8	0	0	5	1	1	7	8	106
28	0	25	12	5	9	8	0	1	14	2	2	11	11	100
29	0	14	7	3	4	4	0	1	9	1	1	8	8	61
30	2	(390)	(868)	(273)	7	6	(14)	(1)	(17)	(2)	(3)	(7)	(4)	(1,564)
<b>SUBTOTAL</b>	2	80	341	244	111	121	(72)	22	248	29	23	371	476	1,994
<b>% OF SUBTOTAL</b>	0.1%	4.0%	17.1%	12.2%	5.6%	6.1%	-3.6%	1.1%	12.4%	1.4%	1.1%	18.6%	23.9%	100.0%
<b>TOTAL</b>	423			244	160			1,168						
<b>% OF TOTAL</b>	21%			12%	8%			59%						

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Table 2.4 2025 PM2.5 Emissions (by Vehicle Type and Vehicle Age) in tons/year

Veh_Age	MOVES SourceUseType Vehicle Categories														TOTAL
	MC	PC	PT	LCT	IB	TB	SB	RT	SUSH	SULH	MH	CUSH	CULH		
	Motorcycle	Passenger Car	Passenger Truck	Light Commercial Truck	Intercity Bus	Transit Bus	School Bus	Refuse Truck	Single Unit Short-haul Truck	Single Unit Long-haul Truck	Motor Home	Combination Short-haul Truck	Combination Long-haul Truck		
0	1	15	18	6	0	0	0	0	2	0	0	3	2	49	
1	1	22	22	7	0	1	0	0	2	0	0	2	2	59	
2	1	19	14	4	0	1	0	0	2	0	0	3	2	46	
3	1	21	23	7	0	0	0	0	2	0	0	2	2	60	
4	1	28	34	10	0	0	0	1	5	0	0	7	6	94	
5	1	26	34	11	1	1	0	1	4	0	0	6	6	89	
6	1	26	36	11	1	1	0	1	4	0	0	6	6	93	
7	0	25	35	11	0	0	0	0	3	0	0	4	3	83	
8	0	28	35	11	0	0	0	0	2	0	0	3	3	84	
9	0	26	32	10	0	1	0	0	2	0	0	2	2	75	
10	0	27	29	9	0	1	0	0	2	0	0	3	3	76	
11	0	27	24	8	1	1	0	0	2	0	0	3	3	69	
12	0	21	20	6	0	0	0	0	2	0	0	2	2	53	
13	0	17	15	4	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	1	1	42	
14	0	14	13	4	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	1	1	36	
15	0	15	11	3	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	1	1	32	
16	0	14	8	2	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	1	1	27	
17	0	10	6	2	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	1	1	20	
18	0	7	4	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	13	
19	0	5	3	1	1	1	0	0	3	0	0	3	3	21	
20	0	6	3	1	1	1	1	1	2	0	0	3	4	21	
21	0	4	2	1	1	1	1	0	3	0	0	3	3	21	
22	0	3	3	2	2	2	1	0	2	0	0	3	4	21	
23	0	2	3	2	2	2	0	0	2	0	0	3	4	21	
24	0	2	4	2	1	1	0	0	3	0	0	4	5	23	
25	0	2	6	2	1	1	0	0	3	0	0	3	3	22	
26	0	1	2	1	1	1	0	0	2	0	0	1	1	11	
27	0	1	1	0	1	1	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	6	
28	0	1	1	0	1	1	0	0	1	0	0	1	1	6	
29	0	0	1	0	1	1	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	5	
30	0	14	7	5	1	1	5	0	3	0	0	4	5	46	
<b>SUBTOTAL</b>	<b>8</b>	<b>430</b>	<b>445</b>	<b>147</b>	<b>19</b>	<b>19</b>	<b>12</b>	<b>8</b>	<b>64</b>	<b>5</b>	<b>2</b>	<b>82</b>	<b>82</b>	<b>1,322</b>	
<b>% OF SUBTOTAL</b>	<b>0.6%</b>	<b>32.5%</b>	<b>33.7%</b>	<b>11.1%</b>	<b>1.4%</b>	<b>1.4%</b>	<b>0.9%</b>	<b>0.6%</b>	<b>4.8%</b>	<b>0.4%</b>	<b>0.2%</b>	<b>6.2%</b>	<b>6.2%</b>	<b>100.0%</b>	
<b>TOTAL</b>		<b>882</b>		<b>147</b>		<b>50</b>					<b>243</b>				
<b>% OF TOTAL</b>		<b>67%</b>		<b>11%</b>		<b>4%</b>					<b>18%</b>				

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Table 2.5 PM2.5 Emissions (by Vehicle Type and Vehicle Age) in tons/year

Veh_Age	MOVES SourceUseType Vehicle Categories														TOTAL
	MC	PC	PT	LCT	IB	TB	SB	RT	SUSH	SULH	MH	CUSH	CULH		
	Motorcycle	Passenger Car	Passenger Truck	Light Commercial Truck	Intercity Bus	Transit Bus	School Bus	Refuse Truck	Single Unit Short-haul Truck	Single Unit Long-haul Truck	Motor Home	Combination Short-haul Truck	Combination Long-haul Truck		
0	2	20	26	8	0	0	0	1	6	0	0	9	8	81	
1	1	26	36	12	0	1	0	0	4	0	0	5	4	89	
2	1	26	34	11	0	1	0	0	3	0	0	4	4	85	
3	1	26	34	11	0	1	0	0	3	0	0	3	3	81	
4	1	29	38	12	0	1	0	1	4	0	0	5	4	94	
5	0	31	33	11	1	1	0	1	4	0	0	6	5	93	
6	0	28	31	10	0	0	0	0	3	0	0	4	3	80	
7	0	25	25	8	0	1	0	0	3	0	0	4	3	69	
8	0	25	24	7	1	1	0	0	2	0	0	3	3	69	
9	0	21	20	6	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	1	1	52	
10	0	26	17	5	0	0	1	0	2	0	0	2	2	54	
11	0	21	13	4	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	1	1	42	
12	0	16	9	3	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	1	1	32	
13	0	13	6	2	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	24	
14	0	11	5	2	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	20	
15	0	13	6	2	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	1	1	23	
16	0	9	6	2	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	1	1	20	
17	0	7	6	2	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	1	1	18	
18	0	5	5	1	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	1	14	
19	0	4	4	2	0	0	1	0	3	0	0	3	4	21	
20	0	3	2	1	1	1	1	0	2	0	0	3	3	17	
21	0	2	2	1	0	0	1	0	1	0	0	1	1	10	
22	0	1	1	1	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	4	
23	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	3	
24	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	3	
25	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	1	0	4	
26	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	3	
27	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	
28	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	
29	0	0	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	
30	0	23	20	11	1	0	6	0	4	0	0	5	6	76	
<b>SUBTOTAL</b>	<b>8</b>	<b>413</b>	<b>407</b>	<b>135</b>	<b>10</b>	<b>11</b>	<b>14</b>	<b>6</b>	<b>52</b>	<b>4</b>	<b>2</b>	<b>64</b>	<b>61</b>	<b>1,187</b>	
<b>% OF SUBTOTAL</b>	<b>0.6%</b>	<b>34.8%</b>	<b>34.3%</b>	<b>11.4%</b>	<b>0.8%</b>	<b>0.9%</b>	<b>1.2%</b>	<b>0.5%</b>	<b>4.4%</b>	<b>0.3%</b>	<b>0.1%</b>	<b>5.4%</b>	<b>5.1%</b>	<b>100.0%</b>	
<b>TOTAL</b>		<b>827</b>		<b>135</b>		<b>35</b>					<b>189</b>				
<b>% OF TOTAL</b>		<b>70%</b>		<b>11%</b>		<b>3%</b>					<b>16%</b>				

**Table 2.6 2025 PM2.5 Emissions Differences (by Vehicle Type and Vehicle Age) in tons/year**

Veh_Age	MOVES SourceUseType Vehicle Categories													TOTAL
	MC	PC	PT	LCT	IB	TB	SB	RT	SUSH	SULH	MH	CUSH	CULH	
	Motorcycle	Passenger Car	Passenger Truck	Light Commercial Truck	Intercity Bus	Transit Bus	School Bus	Refuse Truck	Single Unit Short-haul Truck	Single Unit Long-haul Truck	Motor Home	Combination Short-haul Truck	Combination Long-haul Truck	
0	(1)	(5)	(7)	(2)	(0)	(0)	0	(1)	(3)	(0)	(0)	(6)	(6)	(33)
1	(1)	(3)	(14)	(5)	(0)	(0)	(0)	(0)	(2)	(0)	(0)	(2)	(2)	(30)
2	(0)	(7)	(21)	(7)	0	0	(0)	(0)	(1)	(0)	(0)	(2)	(1)	(39)
3	0	(5)	(11)	(3)	(0)	(0)	(0)	(0)	(0)	(0)	(0)	(1)	(1)	(22)
4	0	(1)	(4)	(2)	(0)	(0)	(0)	0	2	0	0	3	2	(0)
5	0	(5)	0	0	0	0	(0)	0	(0)	(0)	(0)	0	0	(3)
6	0	(1)	5	2	0	1	(0)	0	1	0	0	3	2	13
7	0	0	9	3	(0)	(0)	0	(0)	0	0	0	0	(0)	14
8	0	3	11	4	(0)	(1)	(0)	(0)	(0)	(0)	(0)	(0)	(0)	15
9	0	4	12	4	0	0	(0)	0	1	0	0	1	1	24
10	0	1	12	4	0	0	(0)	0	1	0	0	1	1	21
11	0	6	11	4	0	0	(0)	0	1	0	0	2	2	26
12	0	5	10	3	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	1	1	21
13	0	4	8	2	0	0	(0)	0	1	0	0	1	1	18
14	0	4	7	2	0	0	(0)	0	0	0	0	1	1	16
15	0	2	6	2	(0)	(0)	(0)	0	(0)	(0)	(0)	0	0	9
16	0	4	1	0	(0)	(0)	(0)	0	0	0	0	0	0	7
17	0	3	(0)	(0)	(0)	(0)	(0)	(0)	(0)	(0)	(0)	(0)	(0)	2
18	0	2	(1)	(0)	(0)	(0)	(0)	(0)	(0)	(0)	(0)	(0)	(0)	(0)
19	(0)	2	(1)	(0)	1	1	(1)	(0)	0	0	0	(0)	(0)	1
20	(0)	2	0	(0)	(0)	(0)	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	4
21	0	2	1	0	0	0	0	0	2	0	0	2	2	11
22	0	2	2	1	2	2	0	0	2	0	0	3	3	17
23	0	2	2	1	1	1	0	0	2	0	0	3	4	17
24	0	1	4	2	1	1	0	0	2	0	0	4	5	21
25	0	1	5	2	1	1	(0)	0	2	0	0	2	3	18
26	0	1	2	1	1	1	0	0	1	0	0	1	1	8
27	0	1	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	3
28	0	1	0	0	1	0	0	0	1	0	0	1	1	4
29	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	3
30	0	(9)	(13)	(7)	0	0	(1)	(0)	(1)	(0)	(0)	(0)	(0)	(30)
<b>SUBTOTAL</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>17</b>	<b>38</b>	<b>12</b>	<b>9</b>	<b>8</b>	<b>(2)</b>	<b>1</b>	<b>12</b>	<b>1</b>	<b>1</b>	<b>17</b>	<b>21</b>	<b>136</b>
<b>% OF SUBTOTAL</b>	<b>0.0%</b>	<b>12.3%</b>	<b>28.0%</b>	<b>8.9%</b>	<b>6.6%</b>	<b>6.2%</b>	<b>-1.7%</b>	<b>0.9%</b>	<b>8.7%</b>	<b>1.0%</b>	<b>0.5%</b>	<b>12.7%</b>	<b>15.8%</b>	<b>100.0%</b>
<b>TOTAL</b>		<b>55</b>		<b>12</b>		<b>15</b>					<b>54</b>			
<b>% OF TOTAL</b>		<b>40%</b>		<b>9%</b>		<b>11%</b>					<b>40%</b>			