

## **Washington Metropolitan Area Transit Authority**

# Project Prioritization at WMATA

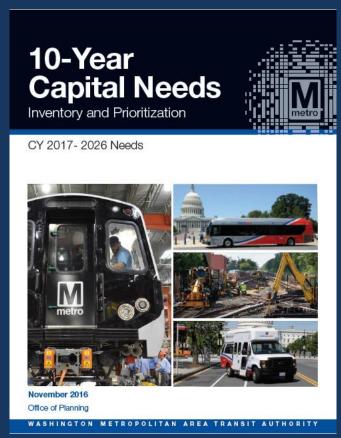
**TPB Technical Committee** 

May 5, 2017



## WMATA's Capital Needs Inventory

- A ten-year prioritized list of capital investment needs from calendar year 2017 through 2026
- Capital investments that renew and/or replace existing assets to achieve/maintain a State of Good Repair (SGR)
- New capital investments needed to
  - match capacity to near-term demand
  - address compliance needs (e.g., NTSB, FTA, etc.)





## What did the CNI Achieve?

- Established a data-driven, riskbased evaluation framework, with simple and transparent prioritization criteria
- Built an asset inventory to quantify investment needs – from existing data sources\*

Key Metro Assets							
4gh	233 miles of revenue track	9 major rail yards	1,589 buses				
	19						
**	miles of bridges	<b>1</b> 242	<b>A</b> 9				
	100 miles	1,242 rail cars	bus garages				
	or turners	O 01	• 675				
4	103 traction power substations	rail stations	paratransit vehicles				

- Identified critical safety or compliance needs and quantified their magnitude
- Delivered defensible high-level investment needs meant as input to funding disscussions



## What did We Learn from the Industry?

- <u>Data-driven</u> approaches provide support for informed funding needs discussions
- Simple criteria with transparent measures are needed for continuous use, annual update
  - Criteria which cannot be reliably measured generally receive low priority from agencies
  - Lesson identify five to six measures for maximum usefulness
- Condition assessments should provide priority for nearterm needs
- Asset-level priorities must be grouped to provide more information for capital planning purposes



## **Overall Approach**

Inventory & Condition (TAICA)

Periodic Updates

Existing Inventory (TERM)

Asset-to-Project (Need) Grouping

SGR Needs

Overlap defined by asset-level reporting

Call for New Needs CNI Database & Prioritization Tool CNI Report:
Prioritized List,
Unconstrained
10 Year Needs



## **Prioritization Elements**

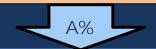
## Four Key Criteria for WMATA's Prioritization Tool

- Avoid collinearity to the fullest extent possible
- All assets scored on 1-5 scale in TERM Lite, using four criteria
- Criteria weighting:
  - CPAC determines weighting approach(es)
  - Up to three weighting scenarios for CNI

#### **Asset Condition**

Definition: Investment's

ability to improve the asset's physical condition.



Ridership Impacts

Definition:

Investment's impact on riders based on the asset's location and asset type.



Service Delivery

Definition:

Investment's ability to reduce risk of service failures/ disruptions or increase reliability.



Safety & Security

Definition:

Investment's ability to reduce risk of safety or security incident.

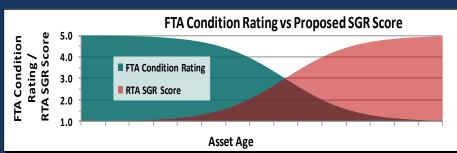


<u>Weighted Average Total Investment Score:</u> (Converted to 100 Point Scale; High Score = High Priority)



# **Prioritization Criteria 1 Asset Condition**

- Definition: The physical condition of an asset
- Measurement:
- Use FTA's 5 point rating scale (consistent w TAICA)
  - The lower the condition rating, the higher the prioritization score
  - Scoring is recalculated each year of analysis
  - Involves asset decay curves

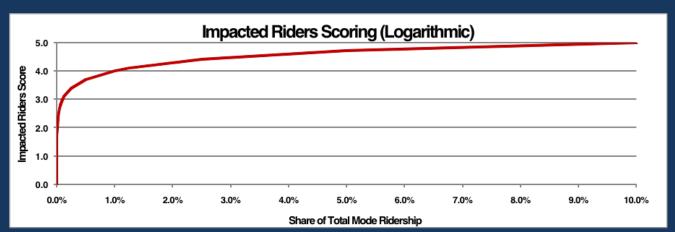


Condition	FTA Rating	Description
Excellent	5	<ul><li>New asset</li><li>No visible defects</li></ul>
Good	4	<ul> <li>Asset showing minimal signs of wear</li> <li>Some (slightly) defective or deteriorated components(s)</li> </ul>
Adequate	3	<ul> <li>Asset has reached mid-life (3.5)</li> <li>Some defective or deteriorated components(s)</li> </ul>
Marginal	2	<ul> <li>Asset reaching or just past the end of useful life (2.75 to 2.5)</li> <li>Increasing number of defective or deteriorated component(s) and increasing maintenance needs</li> </ul>
Worn	1	<ul> <li>Asset is past useful life and is in need of immediate repair or replacement</li> <li>May have critically damaged components</li> </ul>



# Prioritization Criteria 2 Ridership Impacts

- <u>Definition</u>: The relative number of riders impacted by asset reinvestment
- Measurement: Ridership from Metrorail, Metrobus, and MetroAccess
  - Scoring uses logarithmic scale based on riders served at a location
  - Scoring is not recalculated by the model and remains fixed throughout years of analysis





# **Prioritization Criteria 3 Service Delivery Measure**

### Basics:

- <u>Primary</u> level of impact of an asset on customer satisfaction
- <u>Secondary</u> mode-specific measure
  - Rail: minutes of delay
  - Bus: missed trips due to mechanical failure
  - Access: fleet failure rates

### Scoring Guideline:

- Over 20% impact on customer satisfaction is given a score of 5
- Less than 5% impact on customer satisfaction is given a score of 1

## Data and Methodology:

- CY Customer Satisfaction Survey for level of impact - divided in <u>quintiles</u>
- Assets causing delays or missed trips divided based on mode-specific data into top two scores
- Critical support infrastructure and equipment given the same score as the asset type they support



# **Prioritization Criteria 3 Service Delivery Methodology**

Bus and Rail Score:	High impact on satisfaction	4	3	2	Low impact on satisfaction
Level of impact on satisfaction	>20%	20-15%	15-10%	10-5%	5-0%
Asset examples	Reliability for bus and rail	On-time Performance (OTP)	Rail signage & graphics, faregates, bus climate control	Train climate control, train cleanliness, station climate control, bus fareboxes, bus stop signage	Vertical transport (ELES), station lighting, paper signage, station/train & bus announce- ments

5 4

Distribute by: Minutes of Delay (Rail), Missed Trips (Bus), and Failure Rate (Access)

- Any asset that causes Missed Trips or Delays is assigned a 5 or 4 ranking.
- Other assets are assigned 1 to 3 rankings based on customer satisfaction impact (e.g. vertical assets, station chillers)



# **Prioritization Criteria 4 Safety and Security Measure**

## **Basics**

### Measure:

- Risk-based approach that takes into account <u>severity</u> and <u>probability</u> by asset type
- Uses the MIL-STD-882E standard recommended by WMATA SAFE members

### **Scoring Guideline:**

- High-risk for safety incident is a given a score of 5
- Low-risk for safety incident is given a score of 1

## **For Information**

### Data and Methodology:

- Initial risk-based scoring by WMATA experts
- Verification and adjustment of scores, as needed, with asset owner and specialist input

### **Progress:**

- SAFE developed scoring based on MIL-STD-882E
- SAFE and PLAN identified assets relating to corrective actions



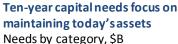
## Risk-Based Weighting Methodology

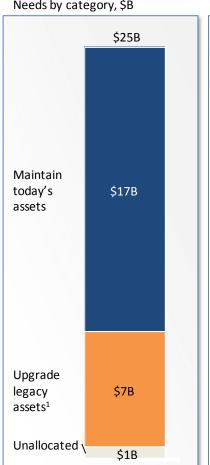
- Risk-based scoring uses criteria to represent either the likelihood or consequence of asset failure
  - Asset Condition as likelihood and other criteria as consequence
- Pros: Captures risk of asset failure; recommended by FTA
- Cons: Use of condition for likelihood debatable; May be harder to link weights to goals





# Well-funded Capital Investment Supports Safe, Reliable Service





#### Critical projects are unfunded

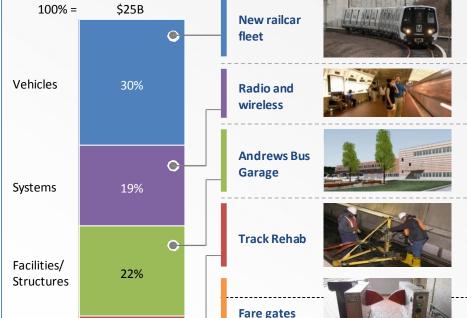
Guideway

elements

Stations

ocated

Needs by asset class, percent, \$B **Example projects requiring funding** 



Development

(D&E)

- 748 new 7000 series cars
- Accelerated replacement of 2000 and 3000 legacy cars
- Enables all 8-car trains

Complete upgrades to radio system and underground wireless infrastructure

New bus operations and maintenance facility, fuel and wash buildings, heavy repair & overhaul, and other structures

Annual program to replace components (crossties, fasteners, switches, insulators), based on condition

Replace and modernize existing fare collection assets

Red Line Core Capacity

Planning, development,

and evaluation for next

transformational

projects

- Red Line Water Remediation
- Gallery Place, Union Station, etc
- Bladensburg Bus Garage

0

15%



# Metro and Region will ensure a Safe, Reliable, and Effective System

#### 

# Vehicles

- 748 new 7000 series railcars in service
- 2000-3000 series railcars replaced with 8000 Series
- 85% of railcar fleet will be new vehicles
- Modern & well maintained Metrobus & MetroAccess fleets



- New radio and wireless system for customers, first responders & operations
- New wayside-worker protection, fire life safety, and train control signal systems
- Power system upgrades for safety, reliability and more 8-car trains
- Modernized fare collection and information technology infrastructure and applications



- Complete Cinder Bed and Andrews Federal bus garages
- Complete rehabilitation of railcar maintenance facilities
- Complete rehabilitation of rail bridges and structures



 Address the remaining 80% of track not yet replaced in SafeTrack to ensure safety and reliability



- Replace or rehabilitate escalators and elevators
- Rehabilitate station platforms and improve lighting
- New stations at Potomac Yard and Silver Line Phase 2



Develop the next generation of capital projects to improve safety, reliability, and capacity, such as Red Line water remediation, replacement bus garages, railcar overhaul facility, Rosslyn tunnel, and projects to resolve safety and circulation challenges in core stations including Gallery Place, Metro Center, & Union Station













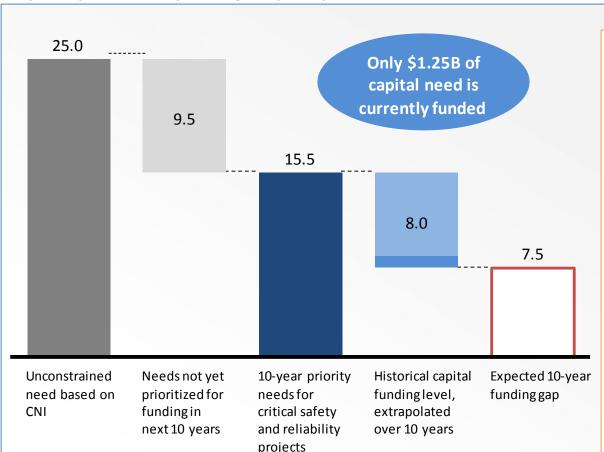
Metro will follow best practice in delivering the capital program

- Prioritize safety and reliability projects
- Deploy 95% of annual capital budget
- Implement costeffective design and construction approaches
- Deliver projects on time and on budget
- Revamp capital process and implement D&E program
- Expand reliabilitycentered maintenance program, including asset-specific, datadriven maintenance



# \$15.5B of Capital Investment is Required over next 10 years for Safety and Reliability

#### Ten year capital needs, by funding and priority status, \$B



- Metro has \$25B in capital needs over the next ten years. Capital needs were identified through a CNI process
- \$15.5B is required for critical safety and reliability projects
- Currently, only the first year of the FY2018-23 capital program is
  - funded, at \$1.25B
- Maintaining historic capital funding levels would leave an unfunded gap over 10 years that would:
  - Keep Metro's assets in a state of disrepair
  - Inhibit completion of safety, reliability, and compliance projects
  - Continue service disruptions and delays in the system



# Even if FY18 Budget Levels were sustained beyond 6 years, WMATA does not achieve SGR

#### Amount of CNI State of Good Repair Funded in the FY18 6-Year CIP

