

HIGH-CAPACITY TRANSIT (HCT) LOCAL TRANSIT ACCESS STUDY

Update

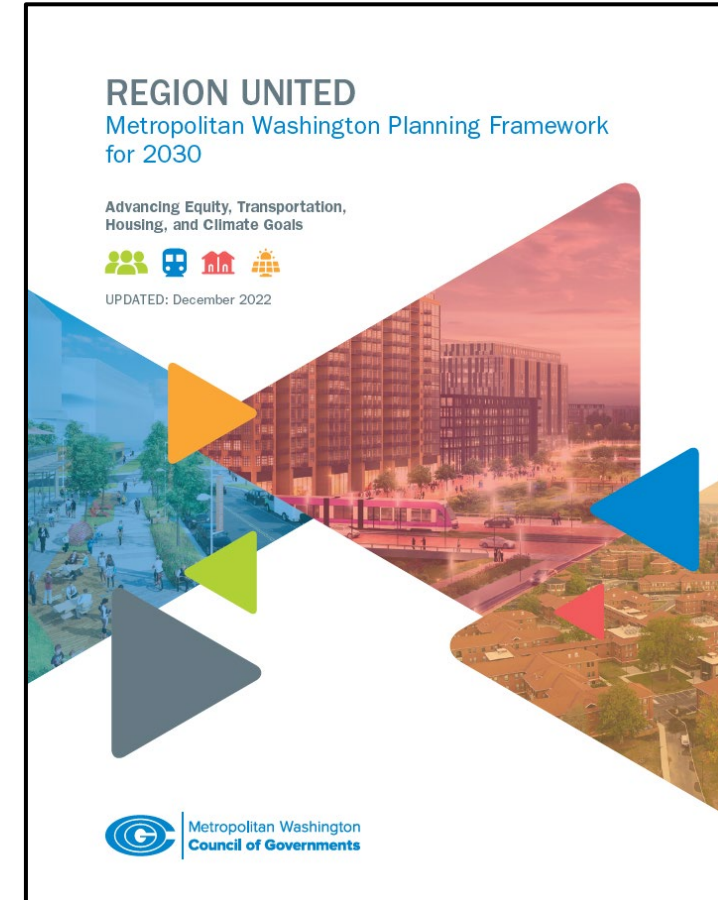
Eric Randall
TPB Transportation Engineer

Regional Public Transportation Subcommittee
October 24, 2023

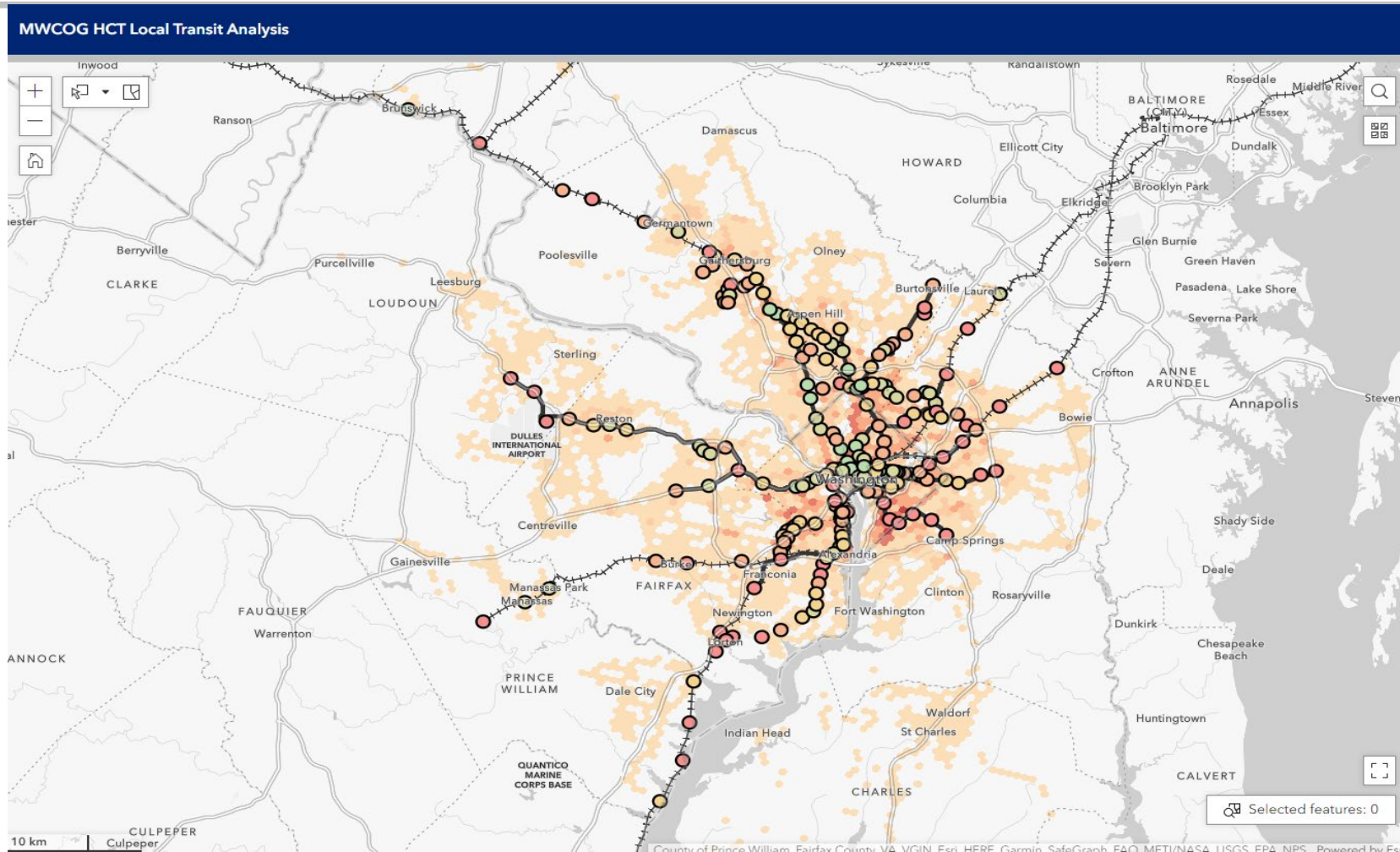


Study Objectives

- Build on previous TPB and COG work on High Capacity Transit (HCT) locations
 - part of the Region United framework
<https://www.mwcog.org/about-us/cog-board-and-priorities/2030-framework/>
- Analyze local bus transit services to HCT stations and related access issues:
 - Operating agencies, HCT riders per station, bus trips per day, and major destinations served.
 - Connections to other HCT stations, to regional Activity Centers outside HCTs, and HCT stations in COG's Equity Emphasis Areas (EEAs).
 - Assess current and planned HCT station accessibility and any needs for improved bus access and improved pedestrian and non-motorized access.



Toolkit and Web Interface in Development



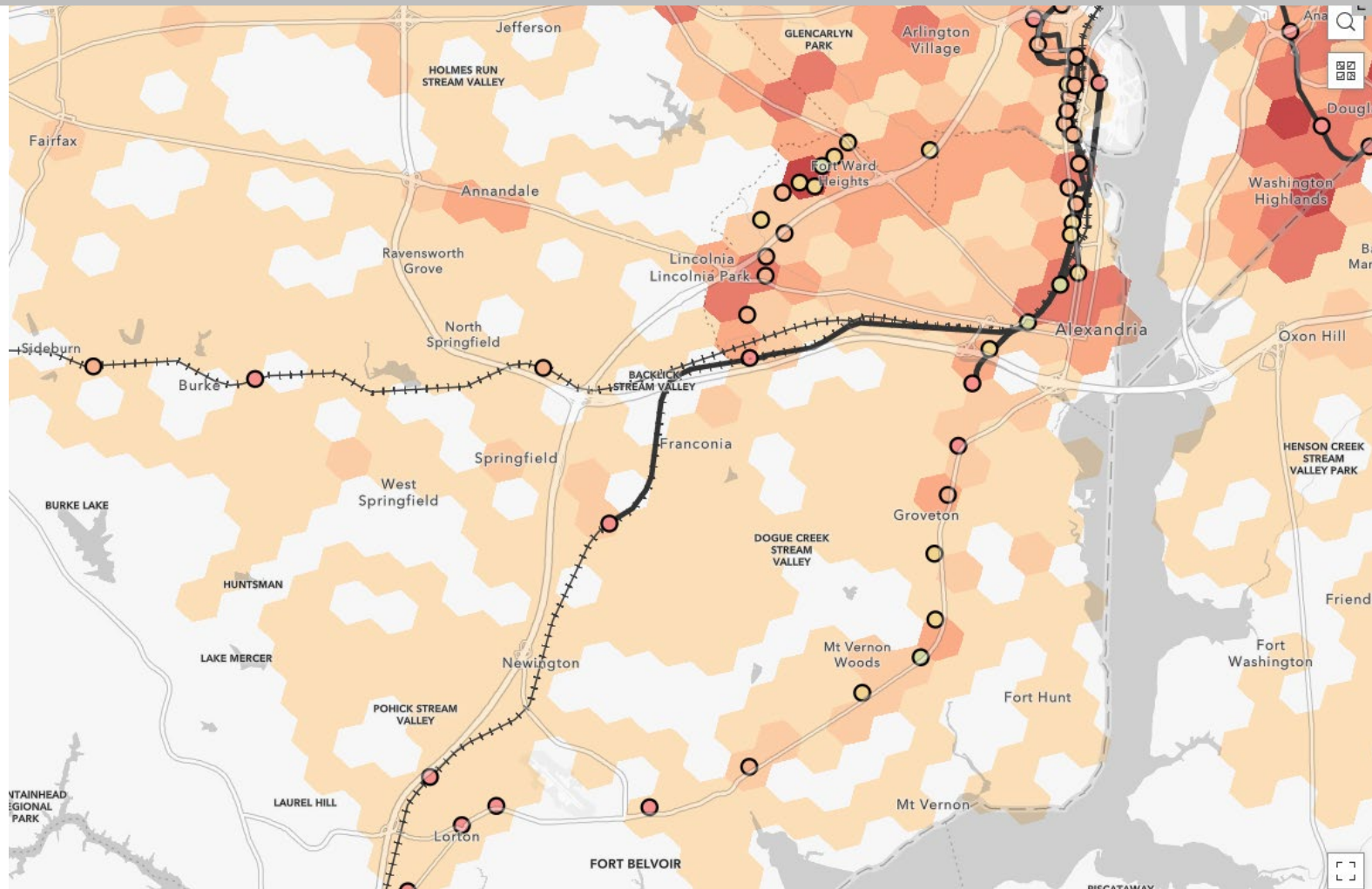
Web Interface: Layers and Indices in Development

<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> High-Capacity Transit Station Accessibility	≡ ...
▼ <input type="checkbox"/> HCT Station Classification	≡ ...
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Level of Service	≡ ...
<input type="checkbox"/> Multimodal Potential	≡ ...
<input type="checkbox"/> Multimodal Potential 2045	≡ ...
▼ <input type="checkbox"/> HCT Station Accessibility	≡ ...
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Transit	≡ ...
<input type="checkbox"/> Bicycling	≡ ...
<input type="checkbox"/> Walking	≡ ...
▼ <input type="checkbox"/> High-Capacity Transit Stations	≡ ...
▶ <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> By Mode	≡ ...
▶ <input type="checkbox"/> By Transit Potential (2025 Forecast)	≡ ...
▶ <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Transit Agencies	≡ ...
▶ <input type="checkbox"/> Gap Analysis	≡ ...
▶ <input type="checkbox"/> Travel Time to HCT	≡ ...
▶ <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Service Levels	≡ ...
▶ <input type="checkbox"/> COG Cooperative Forecast 9.2	≡ ...
▶ <input type="checkbox"/> Existing Conditions	≡ ...

- The High-Capacity Transit Station Accessibility layer includes the most robust classification/accessibility data (click on a station to view a pop-up with these fields)
- The HCT Station Classification and HCT Station Accessibility groups contain layers that quickly visualize these various attributes along a Low-High spectrum.



Web Interface: Alexandria / South Fairfax Close-up





Enhanced Network Analyses

How well are people connected to HCT?

How well does HCT serve points of interest?

Quantifying Access

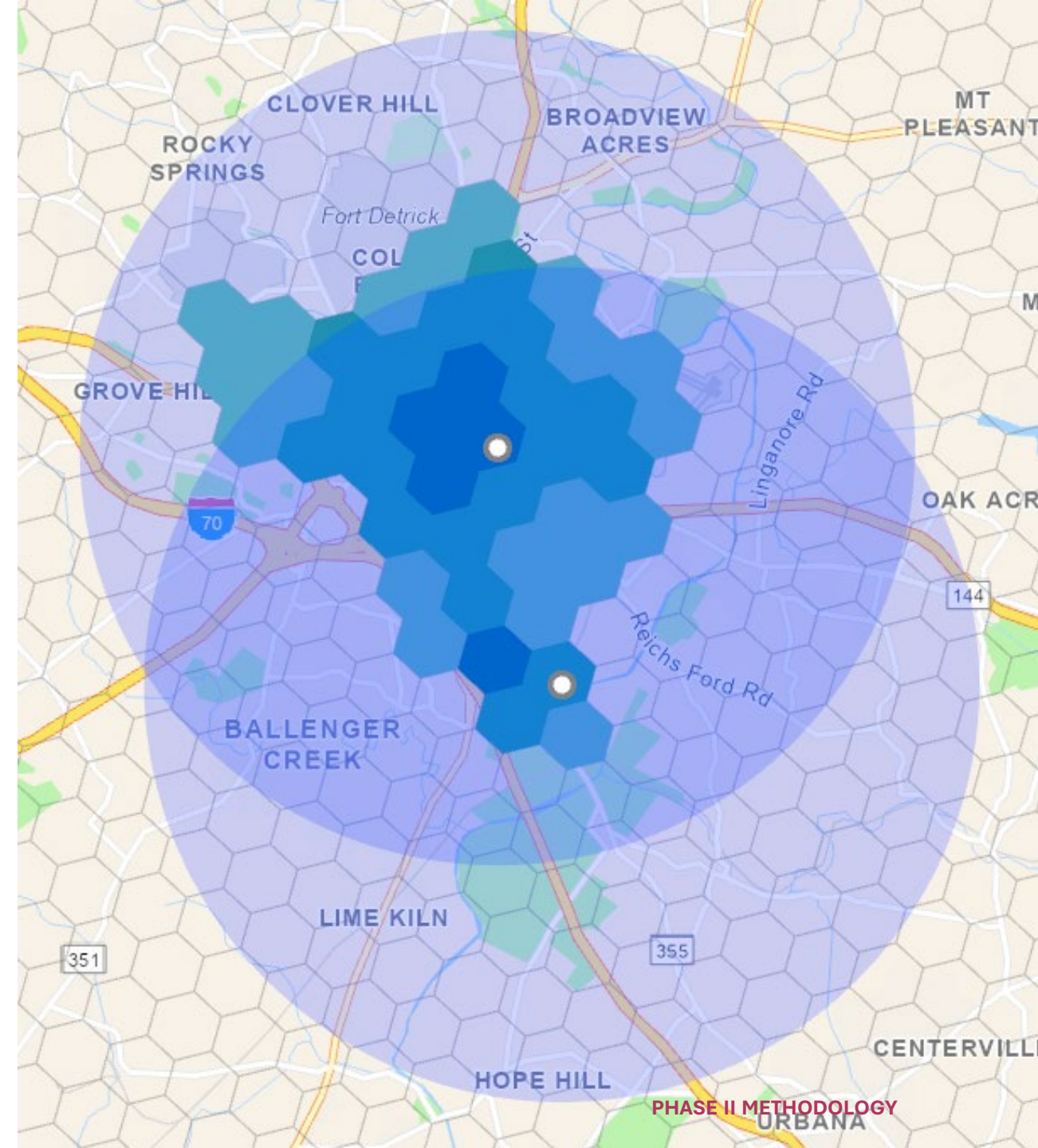
- 30-minute accessibility determination for each regional hex by mode:
 - Walking
 - Bicycling
 - Transit
 - Driving*

Mode	Speed (mph)	Buffer (mi)
Walking	2.2	1.1
Bicycling	7.5	3.7
Transit	10	5.0

* Select stations; additional experimentation needed to develop speeds/buffer

A Deeper Understanding of Access

- Indices measure networked accessibility relative to a geometric buffer:
 - Residents
 - Existing and forecast
 - Jobs
 - Existing and forecast
 - Points of interest



Data

Existing Demographics

- American Community Survey and Longitudinal Employer-Household Dynamics Survey:
 - Population
 - Employment
 - Transit Potential
 - Disabled Population
 - Youth Population
 - Senior Population
 - Zero-car Population
 - Low-income Population
 - Non-white Population

Forecast Demographics

- COG Cooperative Forecast (2030)
 - Population
 - Employment
 - Transit Potential

Points of Interest Index

Counting and binning POIs by category for each hex facilitates a matching index:

- ❑ Churches
- ❑ Dentists
- ❑ Doctors
- ❑ Pharmacy
- ❑ Primary Schools
- ❑ Local Government Offices
- ❑ Schools
- ❑ Supermarkets
- ❑ Hospitals
- ❑ Universities
- ❑ Drugstores
- ❑ Libraries
- ❑ Secondary Schools
- ❑ Post Offices
- ❑ Mosques
- ❑ Synagogues
- ❑ Courthouses
- ❑ Hindu Temples
- ❑ City Halls



Typology Assignment

Overview

- Station typologies provide a means of contextualizing index scores, and ensure toolkit recommendations reflect station contexts
- Considerations include:
 - Regional connectivity (i.e., existing transit service levels)
 - Surrounding land use (i.e., Activity Center designation)
 - Forecast growth



Toolkit Development

Overview

- Provide a framework for practitioners to evaluate station amenities
 - Integrate renderings with Phase II web application
- Recommend improvements based on station typology and accessibility scores
- Build on existing work in this space



Example: MBTA Mobility Hub Prioritization

Mobility hubs typologized by anchor services/amenities

Rapid Transit Classifications:

- Core
- Neighborhood
- Regional

Hub Type	Anchor Services						
Regional Downtown Hubs							
Urban District Hubs							
Emerging Urban District Hubs							
Suburban Hubs							
Pulse Hubs							
Opportunity Hubs							

Example: LA Metro Mobility Hub Typologies

Mobility Hub Amenities	Bicycle Connections			Vehicle Connections			Bus Infrastructure		Information-Signage			Support Services				Active Uses		Pedestrian Connections	
	2.1. Bike Share	2.2. Bike Parking	2.3. Bicycling Facilities	3.1. Ride Share/Pick up-Drop off	3.2. Car Share	3.3. EV Charging Stations	4.1. Bus Layover Zone	4.2. Bus Shelters	5.1. Wayfinding	5.2. Real-time Information	5.3. Wi-Fi / Smartphone Connectivity	6.1. Ambassadors	6.2. Waiting Area	6.3. Safety and Security	6.4. Sustainable Approach	7.1. Retail	7.2. Public Space	8.1. To the Mobility Hub	8.2. At the Mobility Hub
(N) Neighborhood	●	●	■	■	○	○	■	○	●	○	○	■	○	○	○	■	■	○	○
(C) Central	●	●	○	●	●	●	○	●	●	●	●	○	○	●	●	○	●	●	●
(R) Regional	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	○	●	●	●	●	●	●

Legend: Vital: ● Recommended: ○ Optional: ■

Example: CATS Bus Priority Study

Three levels of mobility hubs:

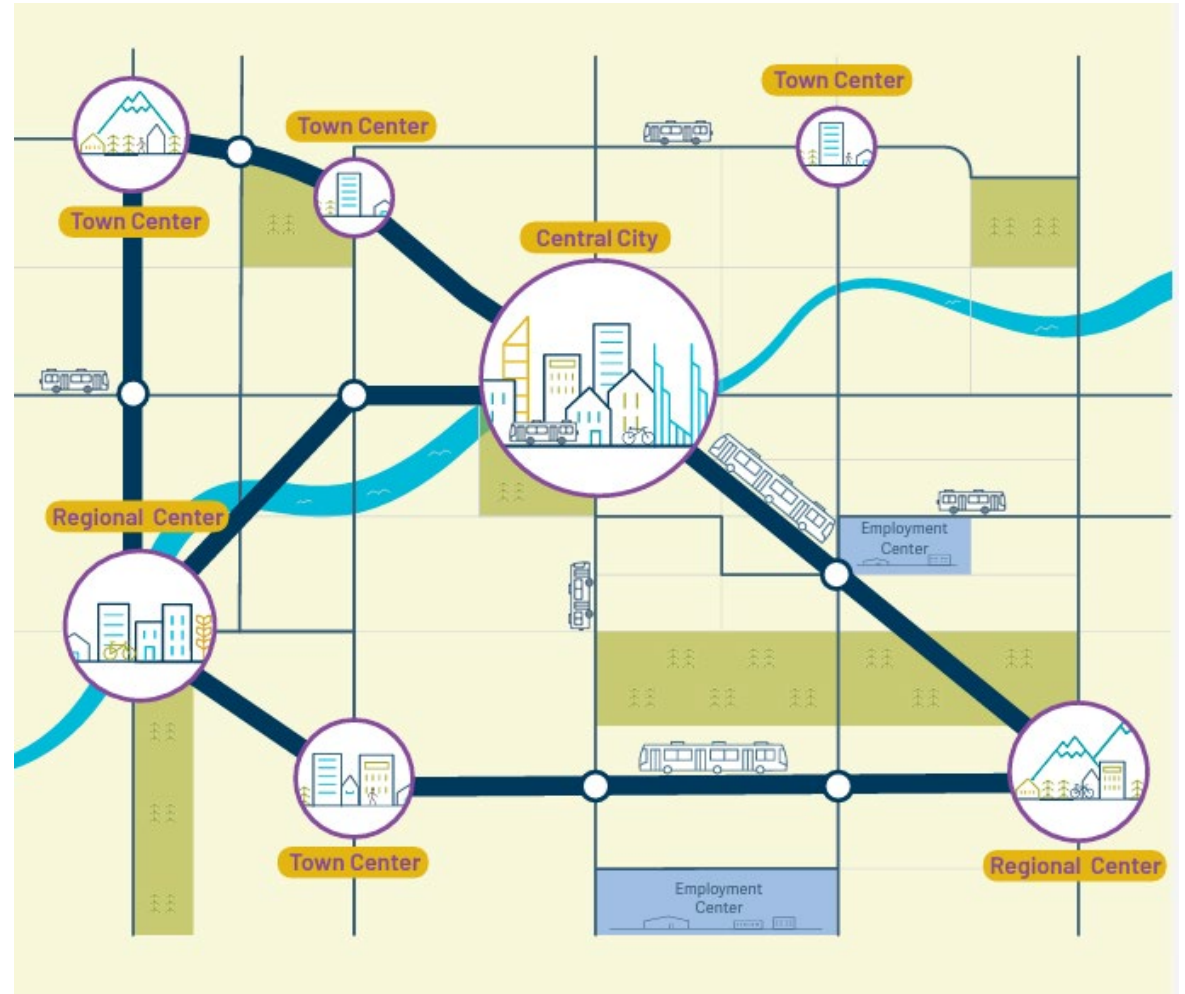
- Enhanced Stop Pair
- Mobility Plaza
- Mobility Center
 - Type A
 - Type B
 - Type C

Stop Amenity	Standard Bus Stop (Level 0)			Mobility Hubs		
	Type A	Type B	Type C	Enhance Stop Pair (Level 1)	Mobility Plaza (Level 2)	Mobility Center (Level 3, Types A, B, C)
5'X10' Or 5'X15' Shelter			●	●	●	●
Bench		●	●	●	●	●
Simme Seats		●	●			
Trash Receptor	●	●	●	●	●	●
Bicycle Rack			●	●	●	●
Scooter & E-Bike Storage					●	●
Bus Stop Marker: Signpost With Sign	●	●	●			
Bus Stop Marker: Pylon				●	●	●
Sidewalk Wayfinding				●	●	
Boarding & Alighting Area	●	●	●	●	●	●
Crosswalk Improvements			●	●	●	● ¹
Operator Restroom						●
Bus & Sidewalk Bulb				●	●	
Bus Bay						●
Offboard Fare Payment						●
Public Wifi				●	●	●
Microtransit Pickup/Dropoff Area						●
Lighting	●	●	●	●	●	●
Information Kiosks					●	●

Example: Tri-Met High-Capacity Transit Strategy

Four HCT Station types:

- Central City
- Town Center
- Neighborhood Center
- Regional Center



Next Steps

- Upcoming item for the November RPTS meeting with actual demo and discussion
 - TPB staff still reviewing draft
 - ICF and Foursquare ITP still adding and refining information
 - Hope to send out link to web tool for review in advance of meeting
- Goal is a common regional tool that can be used to identify and build support for improved local transit connections and station access improvements at HCT locations



ADVANCING ACCESSIBILITY:
High-Capacity
Transit Station Areas

OUR CHALLENGE
While area officials have made—and continue to make—major investments in transportation, metropolitan Washington’s multimodal network will be severely strained in the future as the region grows unless additional actions are taken. For example, as part of its Visualize 2045 long-range transportation plan, the TPB forecasts morning roadway congestion to significantly increase in the decades to come. In addition, concerns about combatting climate change and planning for resilient communities and ensuring access to transportation for underserved groups require an even more comprehensive planning approach.

HCT Locations and Modes

High-Capacity Transit Station Areas (HCTs)

225
locations that can be optimized to better leverage the region’s major investment in transit and advance multiple goals.

Legend:
• Metro
• Commuter Rail
• Light Rail
• Street Car / Bus Rapid Transit
• Multimodal

Explore an interactive map: www.mwcoog.org/hct

6 Region United: Metropolitan Washington Planning Framework for 2030

Eric Randall

TPB Transportation Engineer

(202) 962-3254

erandall@mwcog.org

mwcog.org

777 North Capitol Street NE, Suite 300

Washington, DC 20002



National Capital Region
Transportation Planning Board