

History of Diesel Emission Regulations

- 1974 - 1st Smoke Standards (HC & NOx 16 g/bhp-hr)

1984 – 1st NOx (nitrous oxides) Standards (NOx 10.7 g/bhp-hr)

1988 - 1st PM (particulate matter) Standards (0.60 g/bhp-hr)



History of Diesel Emission Regulations-cont.

- Early 1990's Emission Standards did not affect Diesel Simplicity
 - NOx Reduction achieved thru retarding injection timing (>PM)

- 1998 NOx standard tightened to 4.0 g/bhp-hr
 - Turbocharger improvements
 - Electronic controls on nearly all engines
 - Retarded fuel injection timing
 - Unit injection on most engines; introduction of hydraulic electronic unit injectors
 - 4 valves per cylinder



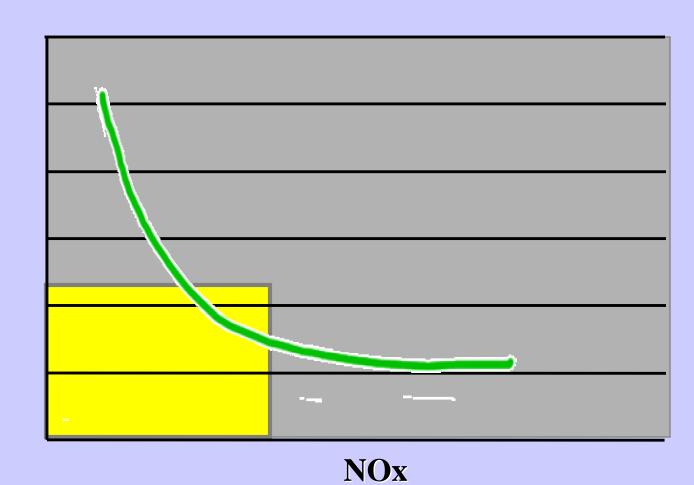
History of Diesel Emission Regulations-cont.

- Oct. 2002 NOx + HC standard re-introduced at 2.5g/bhp-hr
 - Introduction of Exhaust Gas Re-circulation (EGR)
 - Lowers NOx but encourages formation of PM
 - Introduction of PM Trap



PM / Nox Trade Off

Particulate Matter (PM)





History of Diesel Emission Regulations-cont.

2007 Technology is coming on like a Freight Train

2007-2010 Technology

- NOx (nitrogen oxides) standard revised to 0.20 g/bhp-hr (grams per brake horsepower hour)
- NMHC (non-methane hydrocarbon) standard revised to 0.14 g/bhp-hr
- PM (particulate matter) standard revised to 0.01 g/bhp-hr
 - Test Labs will have a difficult time measuring 0.01
- Diesel fuel sulfur content maximum reduced to 15 ppm
- Selective Catalytic Reduction (UREA)
 - Adds \$15,000-\$25,000 to Vehicle



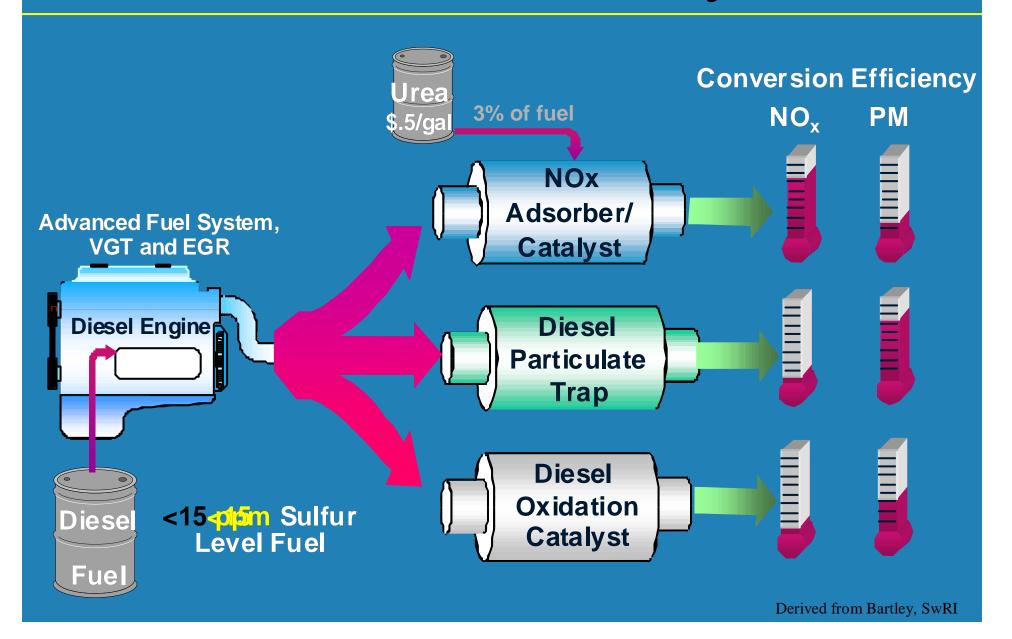
History of Diesel Emission Regulations-cont.

- 2007-2010 Technology
 - Selective Catalytic Reduction (SCR)
 - NOx conversion of 70% with durability at low to mid range temperatures
 - Needs sophisticated controls and infrastructure for urea distribution
 - Adds \$15,000-\$25,000 to Vehicle



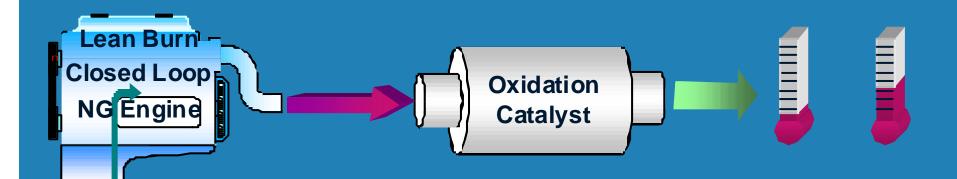


Diesel Emission Control Systems



Natural Gas Emission Control Systems

Conversion Efficiency
NO_x PM



CNG or STORAGE LNG

Implications of the Low-Emitting Diesel Technology Road Map

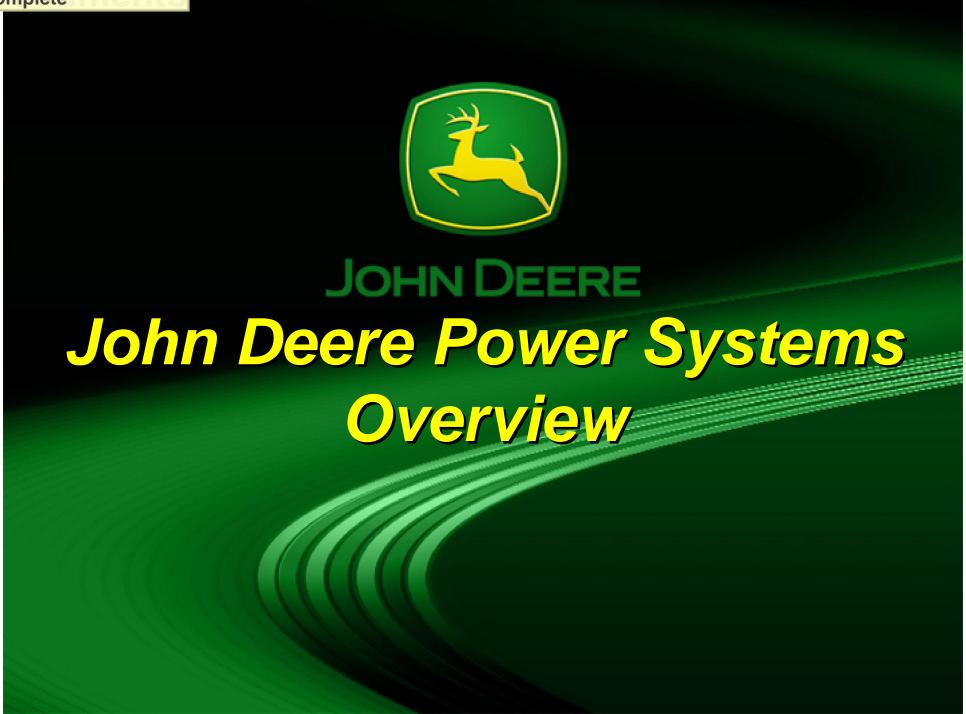
Ultra Low Sulfur Diesel

- Increased Capital & Maintenance Costs
- Increased Fuel Consumption
- Reduced Reliability
- Additional Training
- 15 ppm does not clean up PM
- Technology Enabler

Lubricating Oils

- Enormous Amount of Sulfur
- Adds 10 ppm to Combustion Chamber





John Deere Market Position













- Market Position
- Agricultural Equipment
- Sugarcane Equipment (Cameco)
- Construction Equipment (Bell)
- Forestry Equipment (Timberjack)
- Lawn & Ground Care Equipment
- Commercial Worksite Equipment
- Golf & Turf Equipment

- 1st Worldwide
 - 1st Worldwide
- 2nd North America
 - 1st Worldwide
- 1st Worldwide
 - 3rd North America
- 2nd Worldwide

POWER SYSTEMS



Leading manufacturer of off-highway diesel engines and the technology leader in on-highway heavy-duty natural gas engine business



HEAVY-DUTY DIESEL HERITAGE

- 8.1L Powers Deere On
 - Agriculture 70%+ load factors
 - Construction
 - · Variability in speed and loading
 - High cyclic loading
 - Abusive environment



- Current diesel configuration rated up to 375 HP
 - Higher peak firing pressure
 - Higher BMEP



JOHN DEERE NATURAL GAS ENGINES

Rear Engine, Transit Style School Bus



1996 – 8.1L 250hp released in Blue Bird rear engine school bus

- 3 year exclusivity with Blue Bird (1996-1999)
- 110 buses deployed in 1996 California Energy Commission



JOHN DEERE PRODUCT PROFILE

- Customer Expectations of Deere CNG Engines
- Diesel-Like:
 - Driveability
 - Reliability
 - Cost of Ownership
 - Fuel Economy
 - Maintenance
 - Durability
 - Serviceability



Natural Gas Engine Maintenance

Service Intervals

Oil/ Filter change: 12 months / 25,000 miles (Low sulfated ash oil 0.5)

to 1.0%)

New Spark Plugs: 12 months / 25,000 miles

Adjust Valve Lash: 24 months / 50,000 miles

Coolant Filter Not Required

Diagnostics

Computer Aided: Trouble-shooting simplified

• Warranty School Bus - 5 years / 100,000 miles

Transit Bus - 2 years / unlimited miles

Trucks - 2 years / 150,000 miles

Extended Warranty Available



HFNO4 TECHNOLOGY

- NEXT GENERATION TECHNOLOGY
- Takes the 8.1L Natural Gas Engine to the Next Level of Capability
 - Reliability
 - Performance
 - Application flexibility
 - Platform for emission reduction





Future Development - 2005

- 8.1L
- Lean Burn
- 1.2 g NOx + NMHC Fall 2005
- MHDD, HHDD & Urban Bus
- 250 280hp



Future Direction - 2007

- 8.1L 9.0L
- Stoichiometric with 3 way catalyst
- Increased power rating-320 hp / 1100 lbft. Torque
- 0.2 g NOx unveiled Summer 2005
- 0.2 g NOx field test Spring 2006
- 0.2 g NOx production Fall 2006







BELL DETROIT DIESEL, Inc.

1973 1st Truck Repower American La France 6-71 Detroit Diesel Allison Automatic



1984 Form Apparatus Services Division

Hahn Fire Trucks FMC Fire Trucks LTI (Ladder Towers Indus.)







Bell Power Systems

1989 Sign John Deere Distributor Agreement



1998 Form Natural Gas Vehicle Business Unit

Specialize in Repowering:

§Buses (School, Transit & Shuttle)

§Trucks (Delivery, Refuse, Municipal & Utility)

2003 Sign Cummins-Westport Agreement





Bell Power Systems SERVING THE NORTHEAST Bell Power Systems

1999 Built 20,000 Sq.Ft.
NGV Repower Facility









Bell Power Systems

Engineering Services § Work with OEMs to design engine installation §AutoCAD

Fuel System Design & Fabrication §Unique System for wide variety of vehicle applications

CNG, LNG & LPG Fuel Systems











CHASSIS PARTNERS

Transit Style School Bus



Thomas Bluebird

40' Transit Bus



New Flyer

Orion

EIDorado

NABI

Bluebird

EIDorado

Cable Car



Commercial Bus

Refuse Trucks





Class 6 / 7 Trucks



Freightliner **Sterling**

Manhattan Beer Distributors

2000 Repowered 15 IHC Beverage Delivery Trucks-Bronx, NY

Truck Wrap" Public Awareness
Campaign
§On-site CNG station

2004 15 Trucks-Brooklyn, NY

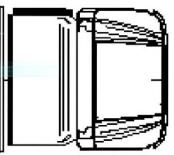
2005 15 Trucks-Wyandanch, NY

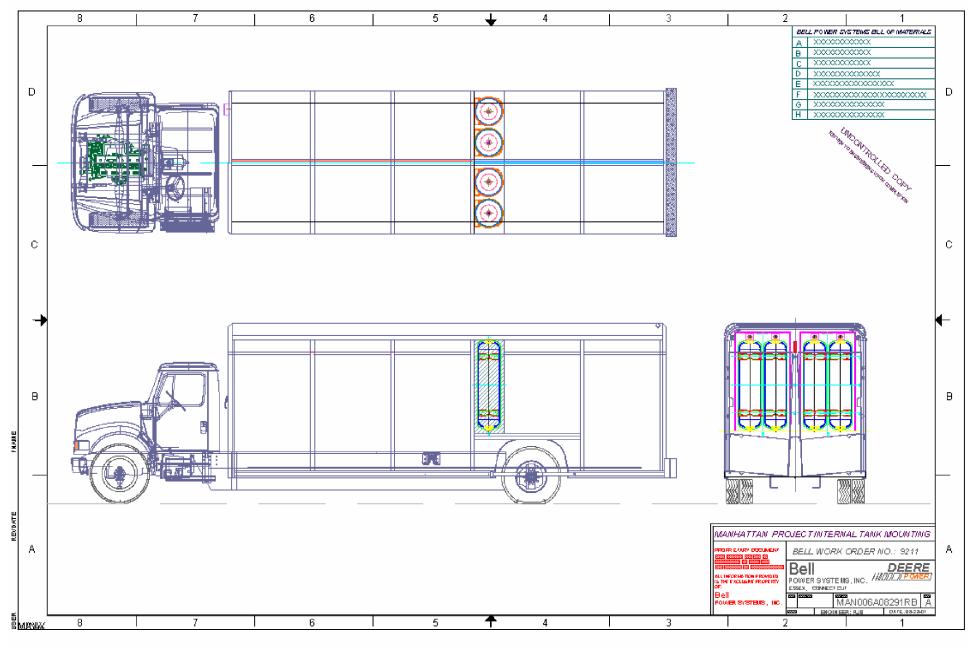
Second on-site CNG station











Public Utilities

2003 Repowered 2 Sterling Actera Utility Trucks Sewer Jet & Aerial Lift Norwich (CT)

2004 Repowered 11
Freightliner FL70
Utility Crew & Dump
Trucks
Pacific Gas & Electric









16 Yd Leach Refuse Truck Sterling Cargo Chassis Powered by:

§ John Deere 220 hp @ 2400 rpm

§ 640 Lb-Ft @ 1600 rpm



JOHN DEERE





3 6 THE CONTROLLE STERLING / LEACH ~ JOHN DEERE 8. 250 HP, TANKS 21.2 X 72=3 Bell PERSONAL PROPERTY OF THE Bell Роменауатема, мо LEA002A 11280 1R 8 BIGINEER: RJB DATE. (3 6 2



Washington Metropolitan Area Transportation Authority



Repowered five New 2003
Flyer Transit Buses

§John Deere 6081HFN 280 hp

§4th Transit "Field Test" Program

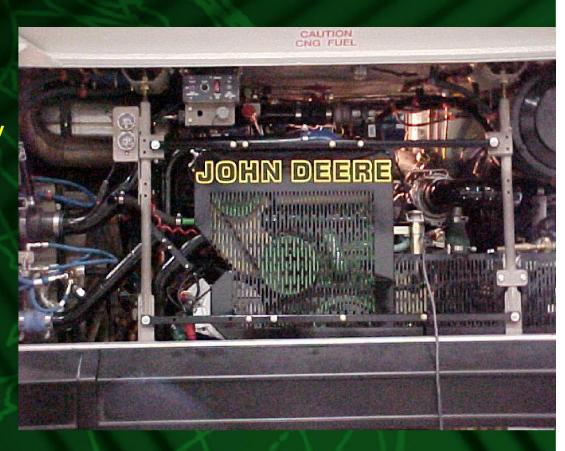
§Bell Power Systems provides
New Flyer Industries with
engineering assistance for
production intent



Washington Metropolitan Area Transportation Authority

2005

- Deere's MTBF is currently +12,000 miles
- Competitive CNG Engines are averaging 8,000 MTBF
- WMATA orders 100
 Orion VII Buses with
 Deere Engines







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SERVING THE NORTHEAST

