Financially Constrained **Transportation Plan**

For the National Capital Region

Long-Range ortation Plan the National Capital Region

AIR QUALITY CONFORMITY ANALYSIS

Air Quality Conformity Analysis of the 2014 Financially Constrained Long-Range Transportation Plan (CLRP) and the FY 2015-2020 Transportation Improvement Program (TIP)



ABSTRACT

TITLE: Air Quality Conformity Analysis of the 2014 Constrained Long Range Plan and the FY2015-2020 Transportation Improvement Program for the Washington Metropolitan Region

DATE: October 15, 2014

AGENCY: The Metropolitan Washington Council of Governments is the regional planning organization of the Washington area's major local governments. COG works on finding solutions to regional problems, especially those related to regional growth, transportation, housing, human services, and the environment.

ABSTRACT: This report documents an updated analysis of the 2014 Constrained Long Range Plan (CLRP) with respect to air quality conformity requirements under the 1990 Clean Air Act Amendments. The analysis used criteria and procedures contained in the Environmental Protection Agency (EPA)'s final conformity rule, published in the November 24, 1993 Federal Register, with subsequent amendments and additional federal guidance published by the Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) and by the Federal Highway Administration (FHWA) and the Federal Transit Administration (FTA). The anlaysis is a responsibility of the National Capital Region Transportation Planning Board (TPB).

The report presents an overview of the conformity requirements contained in the legislation and subsequent guidance, and documents the technical procedures used in the analysis including travel demand forecasting, emissions calculation procedures and impacts of transportation emission reduction measures. The analysis demonstrates that mobile source emissions for each analysis year of the long range plan, adhere to all carbon monoxide, ozone season volatile organic compound and nitrogen oxide, and fine particle (PM_{2.5}) pollutants (direct PM_{2.5} and precursor nitrogen oxide) emissions budgets established by the Metropolitan Washington Air Quality Committee (MWAQC), and found adequate or approved the EPA. These results provide a basis for a determination of conformity of the 2014 CLRP and FY2015-2020 TIP.

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EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

This report documents the air quality conformity analysis of the 2014 Constrained Long Range Plan (CLRP) and FY2015-2020 Transportation Improvement Program (TIP) as carried out under the regulations contained in the Environmental Protection Agency's final rule, published in the November 24, 1993 Federal Register, with subsequent amendments and additional federal guidance published by the Environmental Protection Agency (EPA), the Federal Highway Administration (FHWA), and the Federal Transit Administration (FTA). The process involved consultation with affected agencies such as the EPA, the FHWA, the FTA, and the Metropolitan Washington Air Quality Committee (MWAQC), as well as with the public. The analysis is a responsibility of the National Capital Region Transportation Planning Board.

The following summarizes the pollutants included in this analysis:

- Ozone Season VOC and NOx. On May 21, 2012 EPA designated the Washington, DC-MD-VA region as 'marginal' nonattainment for the 2008 ozone National Ambient Air Quality Standards (NAAQS). Under a 'marginal' designation it is not necessary to develop updated mobile budgets, however the region must still adhere to those currently approved by EPA under the old 1997 standard. The currently approved budgets for VOC and NOx were submitted to the EPA by the Metropolitan Washington Air Quality Committee (MWAQC) in 2007, as part of an 8-hour ozone SIP, responding to the 1997 Ozone Standard, under which the region was designated as 'moderate'. On February 7, 2013 EPA found adequate the 2009 Attainment and 2010 Contingency budgets included in this SIP. The budgets are 66.5 tons/day of Volatile Organic Compounds (VOC) and 146.1 tons/day of Nitrogen Oxides (NOx) for the 2009 Attainment Plan and 144.3 tons/day of NOx for the 2010 Contingency Plan.
- Fine Particles (PM_{2.5}). On December 17, 2004 EPA designated the Washington, DC-MD-VA region as nonattainment for the 1997 Fine Particles Standard. The region developed and submitted an Attainment SIP with motor vehicle emissions budgets for $PM_{2.5}$ direct and $PM_{2.5}$ Precursor NOx. On January 12, 2009, however the EPA determined that the region had attained the 1997 PM_{2.5} NAAQS and issued a clean data determination for the area. The region subsequently withdrew the PM_{2.5} Attainment SIP and decided to seek redesignation as a Maintenance Area for the 1997 PM_{2.5} Fine Particles Standard. On May 22, 2013 MWAQC approved a PM_{2.5} Redesignation Request and a Maintenance Plan for the Washington region. This Maintenance Plan includes forecast year mobile budgets for PM_{2.5} direct and PM_{2.5} Precursor NOx for 2017 and 2025. On April 28, 2014, EPA found these mobile budgets adequate for use in conformity analyses, with an effective date of May 13, 2014, so these budgets will be used for the first time officially in the conformity analysis of the 2014 CLRP. The Maintenance Plan includes two tiers of mobile budgets. Tier 1 budgets were based on mobile emission inventory projections for 2017 and 2025, and are applicable with EPA's adequacy finding. Tier 2 budgets were developed by adding a 20% buffer to the mobile emission inventory projections for 2017 and 2025. The Tier 2 mobile budgets will become effective if it is determined that technical uncertainties primarily due to model changes and to

vehicle fleet turnover, which may affect future motor vehicle emissions inventories, lead to motor vehicle emissions estimates above the Tier 1 budgets. The determination to use the Tier 2 budgets will be made through the interagency consultation process. Tier 1 mobile budgets are 1,787 tons/year for 2017 PM_{2.5} direct, 1,350 tons/year for 2025 PM_{2.5} direct, 41,709 tons/year for 2017 PM_{2.5} Precursor NOx, and 27,400 tons/year for 2025 PM_{2.5} Precursor NOx. Tier 2 mobile budgets are 2,144 tons/year for 2017 PM_{2.5} direct, 1,586 tons/year for 2025 PM_{2.5} direct, 50,051 tons/year for 2017 PM_{2.5} Precursor NOx, and 32,880 tons/year for 2025 PM_{2.5} Precursor NOx.

• **Wintertime CO.** The region is designated as a Maintenance Area for mobile source wintertime CO, and is required to show that CO emissions from on-road mobile sources do not exceed the approved budget of 1671.5 tons/day.

Emissions estimates for all pollutants were developed for 2015, 2017, 2025, 2030, and 2040 forecast years. The results show that the 2014 CLRP and FY2015-2020 TIP demonstrate adherence to relevant mobile source emissions budgets for all forecast years.. This analysis provides a basis for a determination of conformity for the 2013 CLRP and FY2013-2018 TIP.

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LIST OF ACRONYMS

AWDT Average Weekday Traffic

BMC Baltimore Metropolitan Council CAAA Clean Air Act Amendments of 1990

CAC Citizens Advisory Committee CLRP Constrained Long Range Plan

CMAQ Congestion Mitigation & Air Quality

CO Carbon Monoxide

DC DOT District of Columbia Department of Transportation DTP (COG's) Department of Transportation Planning

FHWA Federal Highway Administration FTA Federal Transit Administration

HOT High Occupancy Toll
HOV High Occupancy Vehicle
I/M Inspection and Maintenance
LOV Low Occupancy Vehicle

MDOT Maryland Department of Transportation MPO Metropolitan Planning Organization

MSA Metropolitan Statistical Area

MOVES MOtor Vehicle Emissions Simulator MVEB Motor Vehicle Emissions Budget

MWAQC Metropolitan Washington Air Quality Committee MWCOG Metropolitan Washington Council of Governments

NAAQS National Ambient Air Quality Standards

NOx Nitrogen Oxides
PM_{2.5} Fine Particles
PNR Park and Ride Lot

SIP State Implementation Plan
TAZ Transportation Analysis Zone
TCM Transportation Control Measure

TERM Transportation Emission Reduction Measure

T/D Tons Per Day

TIP Transportation Improvement Program

TPB Transportation Planning Board

US DOT United States Department of Transportation
US EPA United States Environmental Protection Agency

VDOT Virginia Department of Transportation

VMT Vehicle Miles Traveled

VOC Volatile Organic Compounds

WMATA Washington Metropolitan Area Transit Authority

NATIONAL CAPITAL REGION TRANSPORTATION PLANNING BOARD 777 North Capitol Street, N.E. Washington, D.C. 20002

RESOLUTION FINDING THAT THE 2014 CONSTRAINED LONG RANGE PLAN AND FY2015-2020 TRANSPORTATION IMPROVEMENT PROGRAM CONFORM WITH THE REQUIREMENTS OF THE CLEAN AIR ACT AMENDMENTS OF 1990

WHEREAS, the National Capital Region Transportation Planning Board (TPB) has been designated by the Governors of Maryland and Virginia and the Mayor of the District of Columbia as the Metropolitan Planning Organization (MPO) for the Washington Metropolitan Area; and

WHEREAS, the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency (EPA), in conjunction with the U.S. Department of Transportation (DOT), under the Clean Air Act Amendments of 1990 (CAAA), issued on November 24, 1993 "Criteria and Procedures for Determining Conformity to State or Federal Implementation Plans of Transportation Plans, Programs, and Projects Funded or Approved Under Title 23 U.S.C. or the Federal Transit Act," and, over the years, subsequently amended these regulations and provided additional guidance, which taken together provide the specific criteria for TPB to make a determination of conformity of its financially Constrained Long Range Transportation Plan (CLRP) and Transportation Improvement Program (TIP) with the state implementation plans (SIPs) for air quality attainment within the Metropolitan Washington non-attainment area; and

WHEREAS, a work program was developed to address all procedures and requirements, including public and interagency consultation, and the work program was released for public comment on March 13 and approved by the TPB at its April 16, 2014 meeting; and

WHEREAS, highway and transit projects inputs submitted for inclusion in the air quality conformity analysis of the 2014 CLRP and FY2015-2020 TIP were released for public comment on March 13, 2014, and approved by the TPB at its April 16, 2014 meeting; and

WHEREAS, on September 11, 2014, the draft results of the Air Quality Conformity Analysis of the 2014 CLRP and the FY2015-2020 TIP were released for a 30-day public comment period and inter-agency review; and

WHEREAS, the analysis reported in *Air Quality Conformity Analysis of the 2014 Constrained Long Range Plan and the FY2015-2020 Transportation Improvement Program for the Washington Metropolitan Region*, dated October 15, 2014, demonstrates adherence to all mobile source emissions budgets for all pollutants analyzed: (1) ground level ozone precursors- Volatile Organic Compounds (VOC) and Nitrogen Oxides (NOx), (2) fine particulate matter – PM_{2.5} direct and PM_{2.5} Precursor

NOx, and (3) Wintertime Carbon Monoxide (CO), meets all regulatory, planning and interagency consultation requirements, and therefore provides the basis for a finding of conformity of the plan with the requirements of the CAAA; and

WHEREAS, in the attached letter of October 2, 2014, the Metropolitan Washington Air Quality Committee (MWAQC) has provided favorable comments on the *Air Quality Conformity Analysis of the 2014 Constrained Long Range Plan and the FY2015-2020 Transportation Improvement Program for the Washington Metropolitan Region;*

NOW, THEREFORE, BE IT RESOLVED THAT THE NATIONAL CAPITAL REGION TRANSPORTATION PLANNING BOARD determines that the 2014 Constrained Long Range Plan and the FY2015-2020 Transportation Improvement Program conform to all requirements of the Clean Air Act Amendments of 1990.

Adopted by the Transportation Planning Board at its regular meeting on October 15, 2014

Metropolitan Washington Air Quality Committee

Suite 300, 777 North Capitol Street, N.E. Washington, D.C. 20002-4239 202-962-3358 Fax: 202-962-3203

October 2, 2014

Honorable Patrick Wojahn, Chair National Capital Region Transportation Planning Board 777 North Capitol Street, NE Washington, D.C. 20002

Dear Chair Wojahn:

Thank you for providing an opportunity to the Metropolitan Washington Air Quality Committee (MWAQC) to comment on the 2014 Constrained Long Range Plan (CLRP) and the FY2015-2020 Transportation Improvement Program (TIP). MWAQC has reviewed the draft Air Quality Conformity assessment and concurs that the transportation sector emissions associated with the proposed transportation plans meet the approved motor vehicle emissions budgets (MVEBs) for the 1997 8-hour ozone national ambient air quality standard (NAAQS); the MVEBs found adequate for the 1997 annual fine particulate matter (PM_{2.5}) NAAQS; and the approved MVEB for the carbon monoxide (CO) NAAQS.

The Washington region is currently working toward meeting the more stringent 2008 ozone standard of 75 parts per billion (ppb). Draft data from the air quality monitors for the period 2012 through 2014 shows the region's design value for ozone is now at 76 ppb; an indication that the air quality has been improving over the years and now there is a strong likelihood that the region will be able to attain the above NAAQS by the required deadline of December 2015. However, since the Washington region's compliance with the 2008 ozone NAAQS will be based on its ambient air quality levels during the period 2013 through 2015, the region would still need to continue its efforts of reducing emissions from both transportation and non-transportation sectors to make sure it is able to meet the above NAAQS by 2015.

MWAQC also notes that U.S. Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) is scheduled to propose a revised and potentially tougher ozone NAAQS likely somewhere in the range of 60-70 ppb in December 2014 and is expected to finalize it by October 2015. Therefore, the region would need to reduce its emissions even further in order to meet the above expected tougher NAAQS. While the recently adopted Tier 3 program will provide significant emissions reduction benefits from the transportation sector, MWAQC will need the support and consultation with TPB to examine emissions from the transportation sector and to identify new cost-effective strategies and opportunities to reduce emissions in order to meet the above expected tougher NAAQS. Please note that the MWAQC also intends to work with the non-transportation related sectors to reduce emission from those sectors in order to meet the expected tougher attainment requirements.

In its $PM_{2.5}$ Maintenance Plan submitted in May 2013 to the EPA , the Washington region committed to update MVEBs for $PM_{2.5}$ and oxides of nitrogen (NO_x) using the latest models by the end of 2015. EPA released a new version of the mobile emissions model called MOVES2014 in July 2014. This model includes the recently published Tier 3 vehicle emission and fuel standards rule as well as two greenhouse gas rules for motor vehicles. MWAQC would like to work with TPB to update the annual $PM_{2.5}$ and NO_x MVEBs described in the above plan using the MOVES2014 model, updated 2014 motor vehicle registration data, and the most current version of TPB's Travel Demand Model.

MWAQC is encouraged to learn that the region is actually achieving reductions in per capita vehicle miles travelled (VMT), even with an increase in employment. We urge TPB's continued investment in VMT and emission reduction strategies including public transit, ridesharing, and transit-oriented development, for example, to continue to mitigate future growth in vehicle emissions. MWAQC strongly urges TPB to maintain its commitments to Transportation Emission Reduction Measures and other emission reduction measures. All of these efforts are essential to meet the 2008 ozone standard and potentially more stringent ozone and fine particle standards expected in the future.

Thank you again for the opportunity to comment on the draft conformity analysis.

Sincerely,

Hon. David Snyder, Chair

Metropolitan Washington Air Quality Committee

I. INTRODUCTION

The Washington region is currently designated as nonattainment for the federal health standards for ozone and fine particles ($PM_{2.5}$), and as a maintenance area for Wintertime Carbon Monoxide (CO). Clean air legislation in 1977 mandated that a metropolitan planning organization may not approve any transportation project that did not conform to the approved state implementation plan (SIP) for the attainment of clean air standards. This established the responsibility on the part of COG/TPB to review transportation plans and programs and affirm that they conform to air quality state implementation plans for the region.

This requirement means that TPB plans, programs, and projects must be consistent with clean air objectives. In the 1990 Clean Air Act Amendments, conformity to an implementation plan is defined as conformity to an implementation plan's purpose of eliminating or reducing the severity and number of violations of the national ambient air quality standards and achieving expeditious attainment of such standards. In addition, Federal activities may not cause or contribute to new violations of air quality standards, exacerbate existing violations, or interfere with timely attainment or required interim emission reductions towards attainment.

II. CONFORMITY REGULATIONS

Background

On November 15, 1990 President Bush signed into law the Clean Air Act Amendments (CAAA) of 1990. The CAAA establishes standards and procedures for reducing human and environmental exposure to a range of pollutants generated by industry and transportation. The law allows EPA to define the boundaries of "nonattainment" areas for various pollutants. These are geographic areas whose air quality does not meet Federal air quality standards. The law also established nonattainment area classifications ranked according to the severity of the area's air pollution problem. These classifications are marginal, moderate, serious, severe, and extreme. EPA assigns each nonattainment area one of these categories, thus triggering various requirements the area must comply with in order to meet a particular standard. The Washington region is currently designated nonattainment for the federal health standards for ozone and fine particles (PM_{2.5}).

The concept of transportation conformity was introduced in the Clean Air Act (CAA) of 1977, which included a provision to ensure that Federal funding and approval go to those transportation activities that are consistent with air quality goals. These goals are set in each state's air quality implementation plan (SIP). Conformity requirements were made substantially more rigorous in the CAA Amendments of 1990. The transportation conformity regulations (Reference 1) that detail implementation of the CAA requirements were first issued in the November 24, 1993 Federal Register, and have been amended several times, most recently in April 2012 (federal register notice: March 14, 2012). The regulations establish the criteria and procedures for transportation agencies to demonstrate that air pollutant emissions from metropolitan Transportation

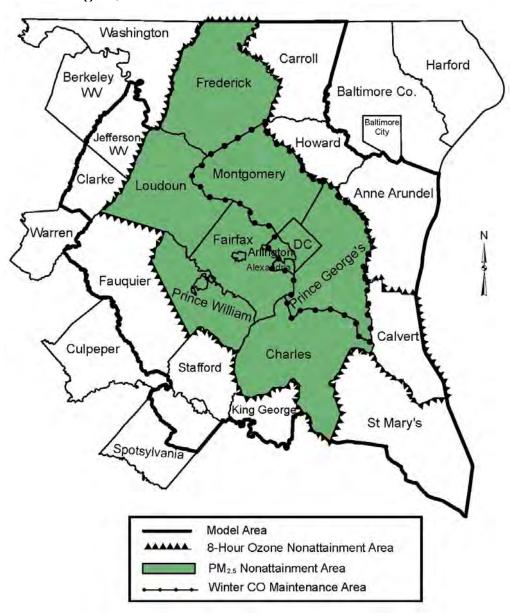
Plans, Transportation Improvement Programs (TIPs), and projects funded or approved by the Federal Highway Administration (FHWA) or the Federal Transit Administration (FTA) are consistent with ("conform to") the State's air quality goals in the SIP.

III. POLLUTANTS

The Washington Metropolitan Region is currently designated as nonattainment for ozone and fine particles (PM_{2.5}) pollutants. It is designated as a maintenance area for wintertime carbon monoxide (CO). The geography of the nonattainment area varies by pollutant. The map in Exhibit 1 outlines the boundaries of the each pollutant's nonattainment area.

EXHIBIT 1

TPB Transportation Planning Area and
Washington, DC-MD-VA Nonattainment & Maintenance Areas



Ozone Season Pollutants

On May 21, 2012 EPA designated the Metropolitan Washington, DC, (DC-MD-VA) region as 'marginal' nonattainment for the 2008 ozone National Ambient Air Quality Standards (NAAQS). Under a 'marginal' designation it is not necessary to develop updated mobile budgets; however, the region must still adhere to those currently approved by EPA under the old 1997 standard. The currently approved budgets for VOC and NOx were submitted to the EPA by the Metropolitan Washington Air Quality Committee (MWAQC) in 2007, as part of an 8-hour ozone SIP, responding to the 1997 Ozone Standard, under which the region was designated as 'moderate'. On February 7, 2013 EPA found adequate the 2009 Attainment and 2010 Contingency budgets included in this SIP. The budgets are 66.5 tons/day of Volatile Organic Compounds (VOC) and 146.1 tons/day of Nitrogen Oxides (NOx) for the 2009 Attainment Plan and 144.3 tons/day of NOx for the 2010 Contingency Plan.

Fine Particles Pollutants

On December 17, 2004 the Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) designated 224 counties, as well as the District of Columbia, that exceeded the health-based standards for fine particles (PM_{2.5}) as nonattainment areas. PM_{2.5} standards refer to particulate matter less than or equal to 2.5 micrometers in diameter. The Washington, DC-MD-VA area was designated as nonattainment for PM_{2.5} (see Exhibit 1 for area). On January 12, 2009, however, the EPA determined that the region had attained the 1997 PM_{2.5} NAAQS and issued a clean data determination for the area. The region subsequently withdrew the PM_{2.5} Attainment SIP and decided to seek redesignation as a Maintenance Area for the 1997 PM_{2.5} Fine Particles NAAQS.

On May 22, 2013 MWAQC approved a PM_{2.5} Redesignation Request and a Maintenance Plan for the Washington region. This Maintenance Plan includes forecast year mobile budgets for PM_{2.5} direct and PM_{2.5} Precursor NOx for 2017 and 2025. On April 28, 2014, EPA found these mobile budgets adequate for use in conformity analyses, with an effective date of May 13, 2014, so these budgets were used for the first time officially in the conformity analysis of the 2014 CLRP. On October 6, 2014 EPA approved the requests from the District of Columbia, Maryland, and Virginia to redesignate to attainment the Washington DC-MD-VA area for the 1997 NAAQS with an effective date of November 5, 2014.

The Maintenance Plan includes two tiers of mobile budgets. Tier 1 budgets were based on mobile emission inventory projections for 2017 and 2025, and are applicable with EPA's adequacy finding. Tier 2 budgets were developed by adding a 20% buffer to the mobile emission inventory projections for 2017 and 2025. The Tier 2 mobile budgets will become effective if it is determined that technical uncertainties primarily due to model changes and to vehicle fleet turnover, which may affect future motor vehicle emissions inventories, lead to motor vehicle emissions estimates above the Tier 1 budgets. The determination to use the Tier 2 budgets will be made through the interagency consultation process. Tier 1 mobile budgets are 1,787 tons/year for 2017

 $PM_{2.5}$ direct, 1,350 tons/year for 2025 $PM_{2.5}$ direct, 41,709 tons/year for 2017 $PM_{2.5}$ Precursor NOx, and 27,400 tons/year for 2025 $PM_{2.5}$ Precursor NOx. Tier 2 mobile budgets are 2,144 tons/year for 2017 $PM_{2.5}$ direct, 1,586 tons/year for 2025 $PM_{2.5}$ direct, 50,051 tons/year for 2017 $PM_{2.5}$ Precursor NOx, and 32,880 tons/year for 2025 $PM_{2.5}$ Precursor NOx.

Wintertime Carbon Monoxide

The Metropolitan Washington DC-MD-VA region attained the federal carbon monoxide standard in the 1990s and submitted a CO maintenance plan covering the 1996-2007 period. EPA approved this maintenance plan effective March 16, 1996. The region was required to submit a second maintenance plan within eight years of its redesignation as an attainment area. This revised plan (Reference 3) was completed on February 19, 2004, and provides for attainment of the CO standard in the Washington DC-MD-VA attainment area through March 16, 2016. As a maintenance area, the region is required to show that pollutants do not exceed the approved mobile budget of 1671.5 tons/day.

IV. TECHNICAL APPROACH

In developing the work program for this year's conformity analysis, contained as Appendix A of this report, staff identified latest planning assumptions and modeling techniques, and considered requirements of the conformity regulations, as well as requirements associated with, and comments received upon, past conformity analyses. Staff presented the work program to regional technical and policy committees starting in March 2014. Staff also coordinated the draft work program with EPA, FHWA, FTA and the state and local air management agencies through the TPB consultation procedures. This scope was adopted by the TPB on April 16, 2014. Exhibit 2 summarizes the key technical components of this conformity analysis.

EXHIBIT 2 Summary of Technical Approach

	Ozone	Wintertime CO	PM _{2.5}				
Pollutant:	VOC, NOx	СО	Direct particles, Precursor NOx				
Mobile Model:	MOVES 2010a	MOVES 2010a	MOVES 2010a				
Conformity Test:	Budget Test: Using mobile budgets most recently approved by EPA. 2009 attainment and 2010 contingency budgets found adequate for use in conformity by EPA in Feb. 2013. All budgets were set using Mobile6 emissions model and submitted to EPA in 2007.	Budget Test: Using mobile budgets established with the Wintertime CO maintenance plan. All budgets set using Mobile6 emissions model and submitted to EPA in 2007.	Budget Test: Using mobile budgets established in the PM _{2.5} Redesignation Request and Maintenance Plan approved by MWAQC on May 22, 2013 and found adequate for use in conformity analyses by EPA on April 28, 2014.				
Emissions Analysis Time-frame:	Daily	Daily	Annual				
Vehicle Fleet Data:	2011 vehicle reç	gistration data for all jur	risdictions				
Geography:	8-hour ozone non-attainment area	DC, Arlington, Alexandria, Montgomery Co., Prince George's Co.	8-hour ozone non- attainment area less Calvert County				
Network Inputs:	Regionally significant projects						
Land Activity:	NEW! Round 8.3						
Modeled Area:	37	722 TAZ SYSTEM					
Travel Demand Model:		Version 2.3.57					

Technical work activities for the 2014 CLRP and FY2015-2020 TIP included the preparation of travel demand forecasts (Vehicle Miles Traveled and trip data) and emissions inventories (daily ozone season VOC and NOx emissions, yearly direct $PM_{2.5}$ and $PM_{2.5}$ precursor NOx emissions, and daily wintertime CO emissions) for each of the specified analysis years (2015, 2017, 2025, 2030, and 2040). The emissions inventories address a primary conformity assessment criterion to demonstrate that the plan adheres to established mobile source emissions budgets for all analyzed pollutants.

V. TRAVEL FORECASTS

Travel Model

The preparation of travel forecasts for each of the conformity alternatives was carried out using the Version 2.3.57 travel modeling process. The 2.3 travel model operates on a 3722-zone area system. It was initially calibrated using the 2007/08 Household Travel

Survey (Reference 4). It was subsequently validated using 2010 data including traffic counts, Metrorail electronic counts, the American Community Survey, and the Geographically Focused Household Travel Survey (Reference 5).

As part of the technical methods originally employed in 2000, transit capacity constraint procedures, constraining trips to and through the regional core at 2020 levels, were applied to better relate transit forecast levels with transit carrying ability. These procedures are documented in the Version 2.3 travel model Calibration Report (Reference 4) and User's Guide (Reference 6).

As in recent years' analyses, in addition to existing toll facilities, the 2014 CLRP and FY2015-2020 TIP includes portions of the Virginia beltway and I-95 in Virginia as managed facilities, with time-of-day tolls used to ensure that a high level of service is maintained throughout the day. The Version 2.3 travel model Calibration Report and a HOT Lanes Modeling memo (Reference 7) document these procedures.

Network Development

Work on this task began last winter with the request for project inputs to the 2014 CLRP and FY2015-2020 TIP. All project submissions were reviewed and organized by DTP staff into transportation networks for appropriate forecast years, according to the project's completion date as estimated by the programming agency. The TPB approved the final project inputs at its April meeting.

These projects, summarized by state, agency, project characteristics and completion date are contained as Appendix B to this report. The list contains transit, highway, and HOV/HOT projects. Each project submission was reviewed and, where appropriate, coded highway and transit networks. In many cases the project inputs could not be coded into a regional network since such projects did not involve changes in capacity (e.g., transit operating assistance, highway rehabilitation, bridge reconstruction) or were too small to show up at the regional level (e.g., intersection improvements, improvements to a facility which is not contained in the regional networks). Exhibit 3 presents mileage summaries for the highway system, according to LOV and HOV/HOT lane miles, and for the rail transit system.

The COG modeled area includes counties outside the non-attainment areas to enable better simulation results within the non-attainment areas. Project inputs from these outer counties are provided by their respective MPOs, state DOTs, or county DOTs, and are coded, when appropriate, into the highway and transit networks. While travel demand estimates include all counties in the modeled area, emissions estimates are only tabulated for the defined nonattainment area for each pollutant.

EXHIBIT 3 RAIL AND ROAD MILES

(modeled area)

	LOV	HOV/HOT	METRORAIL	COMMUTER	STREETCAR,
				RAIL*	LIGHTRAIL **
	LANE MILES	LANE MILES	MILES	MILES	MILES
	TOTAL	TOTAL	TOTAL	TOTAL	TOTAL
2015	22,936	302	119	220	3
2017	23,057	310	131	220	10
2025	23,904	362	131	220	35
2030	23,990	399	131	220	35
2040	24,163	415	131	220	35

^{*} Includes MARC and VRE

NOTE: If a lane operates as HOV/HOT during any part of the day, it is counted in the HOV/HOT column.

Land Activity

The COG Board approved the draft Round 8.3 Cooperative Forecasts for use in the air quality conformity analysis of the 2014 CLRP and FY2015-2020 TIP in February, 2014. This update from Round 8.2 includes changes in the District, as well as Frederick, Fairfax, Loudoun, and Prince William counties. Generally Round 8.3, has slightly higher region-wide projections of households, population, and employment by 2040 when compared to Round 8.2. It also includes updates from the Baltimore region (BMC Round 8) for Anne Arundel, Howard, and Carroll counties. Exhibit 4 presents Round 8.3 household data for each of the years in the conformity analysis. Exhibit 5 presents similar data for the employment assumptions, and Exhibit 6 presents population assumptions. The employment data reflect census adjustments (References 8 & 9).

^{**} Includes Purple Line, Arlington Streetcar (Columbia Pike & US 1 Corridor) & DC Streetcar (Anacostia, M St. SE/SW, Union Station/Georgetown, H St./Benning Rd., Benning Rd. extension, & Benning Rd. spur)

EXHIBIT 4 HOUSEHOLD DATA

TPB PLANNING AREA:	2015	2017	2020	2025	2030	2040
D.C.	287,112	294,489	305,550	323,191	340,307	370,758
MONTGOMERY	377,524	385,296	396,955	414,873	434,767	460,161
PR.GEORGES	323,364	328,465	336,107	348,307	359,878	379,020
ARLINGTON	105,692	108,296	112,211	117,332	121,383	128,605
ALEXANDRIA	72,306	74,175	76,978	81,352	84,717	94,890
FAIRFAX	412,183	419,165	429,673	455,610	478,867	523,521
LOUDOUN	122,644	129,391	139,505	151,558	158,142	164,297
PR. WILLIAM	166,083	172,975	183,321	197,890	210,450	229,944
FREDERICK	89,935	92,546	96,471	103,944	111,118	123,247
CHARLES	57,528	60,235	64,299	70,833	75,847	85,901
SUBTOTAL	2,014,371	2,065,033	2,141,070	2,264,890	2,375,476	2,560,344
ADDITIONAL COUNTIES:						
HOWARD	116,453	120,597	126,806	133,807	137,635	140,696
ANNE ARUNDEL	206,441	209,268	213,504	220,567	227,628	241,619
CALVERT	34,298	34,991	36,027	37,374	38,348	40,301
CARROLL	64,142	64,972	66,219	68,025	69,692	72,853
FREDERICKSBURG (VA)						
&N. SPOTSYLVANIA	47,742	49,894	53,122	57,878	62,604	69,306
CLARKE&JEFFERSON	29,378	30,455	32,064	34,783	37,347	42,371
FAUQUIER	25,337	25,981	26,954	28,616	30,272	33,801
K. GEORGE	9,808	10,379	11,237	12,808	14,366	17,142
ST. MARY'S	44,443	46,408	49,352	53,960	58,143	66,509
STAFFORD	49,673	52,815	57,533	65,473	73,367	87,670
SUBTOTAL	627,715	645,760	672,818	713,291	749,402	812,268
TOTAL	2,642,086	2,710,793	2,813,888	2,978,181	3,124,878	3,372,612

SOURCE:

MWCOG Round 8.3 Cooperative Forecasts

BMC Round 8 Cooperative Forecasts

George Washington Regional Commission / Federicksburg Area MPO February 2013

TAZ Refinements of the January 2012 GWRC/FAMPO Long-Range Transportation Plan

Update Control Estimates and Forecasts for City of Fredericksburg, King George, Spotsylvania and Stafford Counties

Tri-County Council for Southern Maryland data for Calvert, Charles and St. Mary's

COG/TPB Staff used Virginia Employment Commission Population Projections, February 2013 for Clark and Fauquier Counties COG/TPB Staff used West Virginia University Population Projections, February 2013 for Jefferson County

EXHIBIT 5 EMPLOYMENT DATA

TPB PLANNING AREA:	2015	2017	2020	2025	2030	2040
D.C.	814,957	833,701	861,814	905,846	944,096	1,001,814
MONTGOMERY	532,004	544,949	564,377	598,824	635,264	715,121
PR.GEORGES	356,958	365,324	377,879	403,134	427,514	497,652
ARLINGTON	247,460	258,989	276,281	292,078	303,044	308,830
ALEXANDRIA	110,248	112,872	116,812	131,152	149,552	167,598
FAIRFAX	693,803	719,557	758,260	814,740	866,739	930,665
LOUDOUN	163,850	177,217	197,265	224,249	248,803	278,216
PR. WILLIAM	163,423	172,538	186,215	207,340	230,047	278,151
FREDERICK	102,014	103,707	106,242	109,802	114,558	125,556
CHARLES	68,439	69,758	71,731	74,731	77,537	83,138
SUBTOTAL	3,253,156	3,358,612	3,516,876	3,761,896	3,997,154	4,386,741
ADDITIONAL COUNTIES:						
HOWARD	172,819	178,098	186,021	199,221	212,413	229,066
ANNE ARUNDEL	321,519	328,912	339,998	353,529	367,834	398,632
CALVERT	41,059	42,422	44,457	46,258	47,159	48,955
CARROLL	67,946	69,081	70,781	72,933	75,219	79,383
FREDERICKSBURG (VA)						
&N. SPOTSYLVANIA	78,759	81,609	85,881	92,897	99,865	116,175
CLARKE & JEFFERSON	27,533	28,329	29,530	31,348	33,052	36,300
FAUQUIER	29,270	30,016	31,135	33,071	34,996	39,086
K. GEORGE	17,804	18,433	19,377	20,947	22,490	25,747
ST. MARY'S	64,083	65,350	67,268	70,093	71,969	75,862
STAFFORD	52,681	54,970	58,399	64,304	70,170	84,159
SUBTOTAL	873,473	897,220	932,847	984,601	1,035,167	1,133,365
TOTAL	4,126,629	4,255,832	4,449,723	4,746,497	5,032,321	5,520,106

SOURCE:

MWCOG Round 8.3 Cooperative Forecasts

BMC Round 8 Cooperative Forecasts

George Washington Regional Commission / Federicksburg Area MPO February 2013

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COG/TPB Staff used West Virginia University population projections, February 2013 for Clark and Fauquier Counties

·COG/TPB Staff used West Virginia University population projections, February 2013 for Jefferson County

NOTE: Includes Census Adjustment

EXHIBIT 6 POPULATION DATA

TPB PLANNING AREA:	2015	2017	2020	2025	2030	2040
D.C.	660,528	682,499	715,494	764,267	808,718	883,568
MONTGOMERY	1,020,036	1,038,835	1,067,030	1,109,953	1,153,912	1,202,769
PR.GEORGES	881,379	888,788	899,912	926,944	950,030	995,503
ARLINGTON	222,885	228,161	236,083	248,682	258,757	276,072
ALEXANDRIA	148,513	152,348	158,102	167,085	174,030	194,890
FAIRFAX	1,154,153	1,169,931	1,193,606	1,254,384	1,308,944	1,414,154
LOUDOUN	367,957	387,970	417,986	452,242	468,664	484,498
PR. WILLIAM	505,772	524,245	551,967	589,645	623,113	675,953
FREDERICK	241,616	248,507	258,849	278,654	297,708	329,955
CHARLES	160,098	166,434	175,953	191,475	202,552	224,871
SUBTOTAL	5,362,937	5,487,718	5,674,982	5,983,331	6,246,428	6,682,233
ADDITIONAL COUNTIES:						
HOWARD	302,206	309,870	321,370	334,991	343,327	350,116
ANNE ARUNDEL	555,159	562,478	573,462	585,521	597,135	615,624
CALVERT	96,500	98,081	100,450	103,253	105,099	108,882
CARROLL	170,549	172,687	175,901	179,437	183,258	189,574
FREDERICKSBURG (VA)						
&N. SPOTSYLVANIA	133,403	138,651	146,515	158,276	169,994	189,052
CLARKE&JEFFERSON	72,419	74,540	77,714	82,518	87,075	95,697
FAUQUIER	69,658	71,440	74,114	78,710	83,306	93,022
K. GEORGE	26,911	28,237	30,226	34,029	37,819	44,707
ST. MARY'S	118,184	122,945	130,098	141,135	151,403	173,832
STAFFORD	149,386	157,536	169,774	191,249	212,671	251,851
SUBTOTAL	1,694,375	1,736,465	1,799,624	1,889,119	1,971,087	2,112,357
TOTAL	7,057,312	7,224,183	7,474,606	7,872,450	8,217,515	8,794,590

SOURCE:

Includes Household and Group Quarters Population

MWCOG Round 8.3 Cooperative Forecasts

BMC Round 8 Cooperative Forecasts

George Washington Regional Commission / Federicksburg Area MPO February 2013

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COG/TPB Staff used Virginia Employment Commission Population Projections, February 2013 for Clark and Fauquier Counties COG/TPB Staff used West Virginia University Population Projections, February 2013 for Jefferson County

Travel Summaries

After coding the networks, staff executed the travel forecasting process using the Version 2.3.57 model. Transit fares include the latest assumptions for all coded transit service and reflect policies such as price differentials for those who use SmarTrip versus those who use paper fare cards or cash. Transit capacity constraint procedures, in which transit trips to and through the core of the region are constrained at 2020 levels, are in place for 2025, 2030, and 2040 forecast years. Summary mode choice results are shown in Exhibits 7A and 7B. VMT summaries are shown in Exhibit 8. It should be noted that while VMT increases through time, VMT per capita decreases.

EXHIBIT 7A

2014 CLRP AND FY2015-2020 TIP AIR QUALITY CONFORMITY DAILY REGIONAL HOME BASED WORK PURPOSE MODE ANALYSIS BY YEAR (Based on Mode Choice Output - 4th Iteration)

	HBW		HBW SINGLE	HBW MULTIPLE				HBW
	MOTORIZED	TOTAL HBW	OCCUPANT	OCCUPANT	TOTAL HBW	HBW	HBW	TRANSIT
YEAR	PERSON	AUTO PSN	AUTO PSN	AUTO PSN	AUTO DRV	CAR OCC.	TRANSIT	(%)
2015	3,979,258	3,141,278	2,673,478	467,799	2,882,151	1.09	837,980	21.10%
2017	4,075,114	3,193,454	2,716,879	476,575	2,928,854	1.09	881,660	21.60%
2025	4,451,707	3,460,566	2,904,245	556,322	3,137,845	1.10	991,141	22.30%
2030	4,647,569	3,620,190	3,009,038	611,152	3,259,840	1.11	1,027,380	22.10%
2040	4,986,295	3,889,006	3,224,418	664,589	3,495,369	1.11	1,097,289	22.00%

EXHIBIT 7B

2014 CLRP AND FY2015-2020 TIP AIR QUALITY CONFORMITY DAILY REGIONAL ANALYSIS BY YEAR FOR ALL TRIP PURPOSES (Based on Mode Choice Output - 4th Iteration)

	TOTAL MOTORIZED	TOTAL	SINGLE OCCUPANT	MULTIPLE OCCUPANT	TOTAL	TOTAL	TOTAL	TRANSIT
YEAR	PERSON	AUTO PSN	AUTO PSN	AUTO PSN	AUTO DRV	CAR OCC.	TRANSIT	(%)
2015	19,287,802	18,112,657	9,362,041	8,750,616	12,886,954	1.41	1,175,145	6.10%
2017	19,691,634	18,455,765	9,498,168	8,957,597	13,102,937	1.41	1,235,869	6.30%
2025	21,254,974	19,855,098	10,075,485	9,779,613	13,987,023	1.42	1,399,875	6.60%
2030	22,053,154	20,603,016	10,394,559	10,208,457	14,467,452	1.42	1,450,139	6.60%
2040	23,400,961	21,853,001	10,950,909	10,902,092	15,289,031	1.43	1,547,961	6.60%

*Note: Starting in 2020, all HOV facilities are HOV3+

EXHIBIT 8

2014 CLRP / FY2015-2020 TIP AIR QUALITY CONFORMITY MODELED AREA TRIPS AND VEHICLE MILES TRAVELED AVERAGE WEEKDAY TRAFFIC (AAWDT)

(Based on Final Iteration)

	WORK AND	TRUCKS	MISC + THRU	COMMERCIAL	TOTAL	TOTAL
YEAR	NON-WORK AUTO DRV	(Med + Hvy)	TRIPS	VEHICLES	VEH. TRIPS	VMT
2015	13,917,611	689,216	866,773	1,373,827	16,847,427	167,728,795
2017	14,165,232	702,439	893,477	1,406,964	17,168,112	171,082,032
2025	15,182,084	758,612	998,014	1,532,519	18,471,229	186,310,088
2030	15,754,073	789,379	1,060,849	1,603,660	19,207,961	194,932,026
2040	16,683,918	847,665	1,171,113	1,735,284	20,437,980	207,557,341

VI. EMISSIONS

MOVES

MOVES (MOtor Vehicle Emissions Simulator) is a computer program designed by the US Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) to estimate emissions from on-road mobile sources. Officially released in 2010, the MOVES model version, MOVES2010, replaced the previous on-road emissions model, MOBILE6.2. MOVES2010a, a subsequent release of the program, was used in this analysis.

A task force including staff from both transportation and environmental agencies worked together to outline the approach for the use of the MOVES model. During 18 monthly meetings between August 2009 and January 2011, the MOVES Task Force accomplished the following: (1) approved the use of local input data in the MOVES County Data Manager instead of EPA default values, a decision that was based on a series of sensitivity tests evaluating the appropriateness of using local data; (2) approved the county level as the appropriate level of disaggregation in the MOVES County Data Manager, a decision that was based on a series of sensitivity tests evaluating the appropriateness of the domain (reflecting state level) versus the county (jurisdictional level); and (3) selected the Inventory Approach as opposed to the Emissions Rate approach as the preferred method of developing mobile emissions inventories for Air Quality Conformity Determinations.

MOVES Inputs

Input data from ten broad categories were used in the MOVES County Manager in order to generate the mobile emissions inventories for each analysis year. Five of these categories are travel-related (i.e., derived from the regional travel demand model), and five of these are obtained either directly from state agencies (i.e. air agencies and Department of Motor Vehicles), or developed based on actual meteorological data.

Exhibit 9 summarizes these categories, and indicates the methodology used to develop these data.

EXHIBIT 9 Local Input Data Categories

	ı			1
No	Data Category	Data Table Name	Locality	Methodology
1	Age Distribution	source Type Age Distribution	County	based on VIN
2	Average Speed Distribution	avgSpeedDistribution	County	based on travel demand model's post-processor outputs + school bus/refuse truck data from Fairfax Co. + transit bus from WMATA
3	Road Type Distribution	roadTypeDistribution	County	based on travel demand model's post-processor outputs
4	Source Type Population	sourceTypeYear	County	based on CLRP Vehicle Projection & VIN
		HPMSVTypeYear	County	based on TDM's post-processor outputs
		monthVMTFraction	Region	based on Regional Data
5	Vehicle Type VMT	dayVMTFraction	Region	based on Regional Data
		hourVMTFraction	Region	based on Regional Data
6	Ramp Fraction	roadType	Region	8% of the urban/rural restricted access roads
7	Fuel	FuelSupply	State	from state air agency (state-wide data)
8	. 301	FuelFormulation	State	from state air agency (state-wide data)
9	I/M Programs	IMCoverage	State	from state air agency (state-wide data)
10	Meteorology Data	zoneMonthHour	State	from DEP (region-wide data)

Age Distribution and Source Type Population refer to vehicle fleet characteristics, and are developed using regional vehicle registration (VIN) data. Age Distribution refers to the age of the vehicle fleet by vehicle type. For Age Distribution, registered vehicles are divided into 13 vehicle classes and 31 age categories in a series of steps, using a commercial decoding software program and an EPA-developed converter. Source Type Population refers to the specific types of vehicles in the fleet. Trendlines (Reference 10) derived from actual vehicle population data from the period 1975-2011 serve as the basis for developing total vehicle population projections, by jurisdiction, for the analysis years. For each forecast year the population is then converted into 13 vehicle types using a population mapping table included in EPA's technical guidance.

Average Speed Distribution is average vehicle speeds stratified by vehicle type, road type, time of day, and type of day (i.e. weekday vs. weekend). Average vehicle speed data are used to derive Vehicle Hours of Travel (VHT). Speed data from the travel demand model are stratified, using a post processor, into hourly VHT for each jurisdiction by 3 vehicle types, 4 road types, and 16 speed bins. VHT distribution for trash trucks, school buses, and transit buses is derived using locally observed data.

Road Type Distribution is the percentage of VMT allocated to each road type by vehicle type. The VMT by road type is stratified into 13 vehicle types and 4 road types.

The average annual weekday VMT by six HPMS vehicle types from the travel demand model is fed into the EPA-provided annual VMT converter with local monthly adjustment factors and weekend-day adjustment factors. The converter develops annual VMT in six HPMS vehicle types as required for MOVES and provides two additional outputs, "monthVMTfraction" and "dayVMTfraction". The local "hourlyVMTfraction" is also provided as part of the annual VMT input.

With the MOVES model, local data is used to provide bus VMT estimates. Local bus VMT is substituted for heavy duty vehicle VMT from the travel model. With the MOVES model, auto access to transit VMT is added to the travel model VMT. In order to develop auto access VMT, TPB staff gathered capacity information for current and future parking lots. Parking lot capacities were kept constant through all forecast years because quality historic data is not currently available to develop future growth trends. However, in subsequent conformity analyses this assumption may change if reliable data become available. A regional average home-to-transit travel distance of 4.5 miles was assumed for most parking lots. This assumption was based on findings from Commuter Connections surveys and a 2012 Geographically Focused Travel Survey. An average home-to-transit travel distance of 7.5 miles was used for certain parking lots where longer commuting distances apply. The parking capacity was multiplied by twice the average travel distance to provide auto access to transit VMT.

Ramp Fraction is the percentage of driving time on ramps by road type. Local data indicate that ramp time represents 8 percent of VHT. This, coincidentally, is the same as the national default value.

Appendix D includes a detailed description of how the MOVES inputs were developed. TPB staff developed the travel-related MOVES inputs based on the regional travel demand model (Version 2.3.57). COG's Department of Environmental Programs (DEP) staff provided inputs related to Fuel Supply and Formulation and Inspection and Maintenance (I/M) programs, as well as Meteorology Data. Fuel and I/M program data were supplied directly from DC, Maryland, and Virginia's air agencies in MOVES ready formats. Meteorology data were developed by DEP staff and supplied as hourly records of temperature and relative humidity in MOVES format.

Mobile Emissions Inventories

Ozone Season

The emissions results for ozone season pollutants are summarized in Exhibits 10 and 11, and indicate total VOC and NOx emissions for each analysis year. The emissions are shown in relation to the approved mobile budget for each pollutant. Ozone season emissions show reductions through time despite steady increases in vehicle trips and VMT in the forecast years. The emissions reductions are attributed to cleaner vehicles and fuel standards, including Tier 2 federal standards, Tier 3 fuel formulation, and related emissions reductions/control programs. Tier 3 engine improvements are not included in this conformity analysis because MOVES2010a cannot account for those reductions. The Tier 3 engine improvements will be included once the region adopts MOVES2014 for used in conformity analyses. As programs are put into place, emissions reductions are realized, and decreases continue through time as fleet turnover replaces older vehicles. The uptick in emissions between 2030 and 2040 occurs as the cleaner vehicles have saturated the fleet, and the benefits from programs such as Tier 2 and Tier 3 can no longer keep pace with the emissions resulting from VMT increases.

$PM_{2.5}$

Direct PM_{2.5} and precursor NOx emissions totals are shown in Exhibits 12 and 13. The PM_{2.5} direct and PM_{2.5} Precursor NOx emissions are shown in relation to the Tier 1 level mobile budgets contained in the region's PM_{2.5} Maintenance SIP. The Tier 2 level mobile budgets for these pollutants are available for conformity on an as/if needed basis. Current analysis indicates no such need and, as such, Tier 1 level budgets are in effect and are the only ones included on the graphs. As seen for ozone season pollutants, fine particles pollutants show significant reductions through time. These are attributed to cleaner vehicles and fuel standards, including Tier 2 federal standards, Tier 3 fuel formulation, and the heavy duty engine rule. As with ozone season pollutants, the uptick in fine particles emissions between 2030 and 2040 occurs as the cleaner vehicles have saturated the fleet, and the benefits from programs such as Tier 2 and Tier 3 can no longer keep pace with the emissions resulting from VMT increases.

Wintertime CO

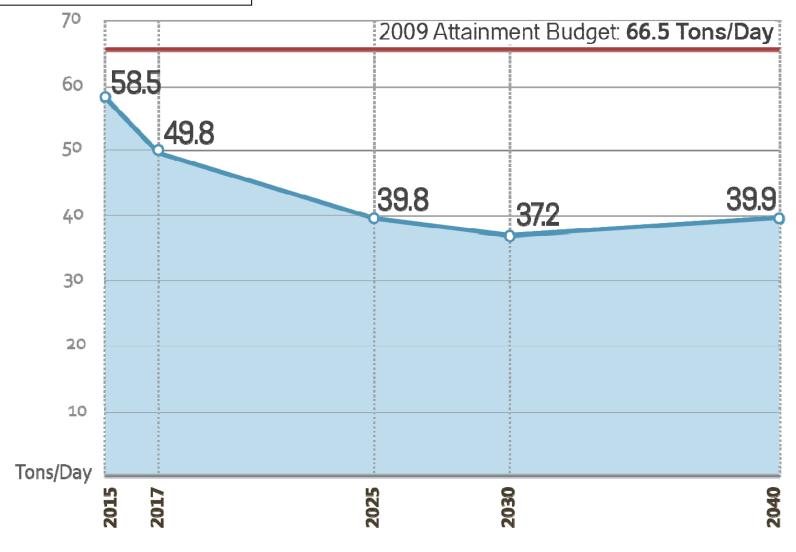
Wintertime CO emissions are shown in Exhibit 14. They are shown in relation to the mobile budget in the Wintertime CO Maintenance Plan.

2014 CLRP Emissions Inventories vs. Budgets

Exhibits 10-14 display net emissions for each forecast year. The charts show that emissions are within the mobile budgets for all analyzed pollutants for all forecast years.

NOTE: The Mobile Budget shown was developed in 2007, as part of the 8-Hour Ozone SIP, in response to the 1997 Ozone Standard. This budget, as the most current approved by EPA, is required for use in any conformity analysis assessing ozone season pollutants.

EXHIBIT 10 AIR QUALITY CONFORMITY 2014 CLRP & FY2015-2020 TIP Mobile Source Emissions Ozone Season VOC



NOTE: The Mobile Budgets shown were developed in 2007, as part of the 8-Hour Ozone SIP, in response to the 1997 Ozone Standard. These budgets, as the most current approved by EPA, are required for use in any conformity analysis assessing ozone season pollutants.

EXHIBIT 11 AIR QUALITY CONFORMITY 2014 CLRP & FY2015-2020 TIP

Mobile Source Emissions Ozone Season NOx

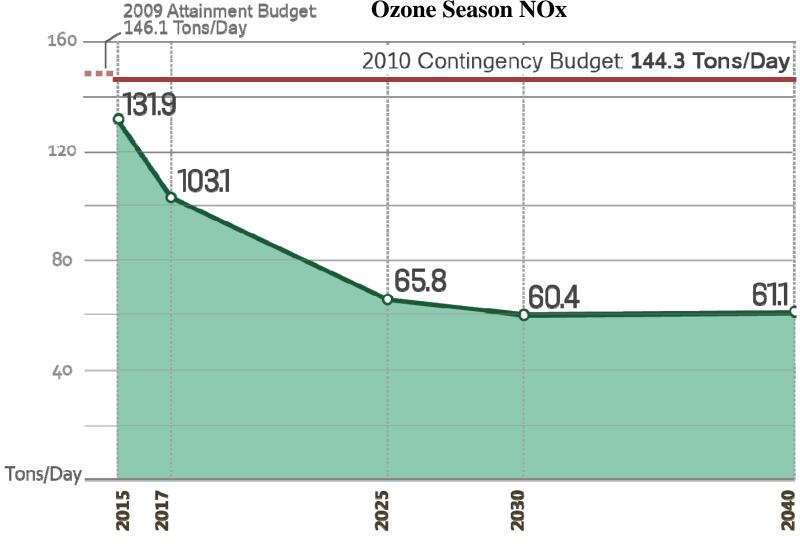


EXHIBIT 12 AIR QUALITY CONFORMITY 2014 CLRP & FY2015-2020 TIP

Mobile Source Emissions PM_{2.5} Precursor NOx

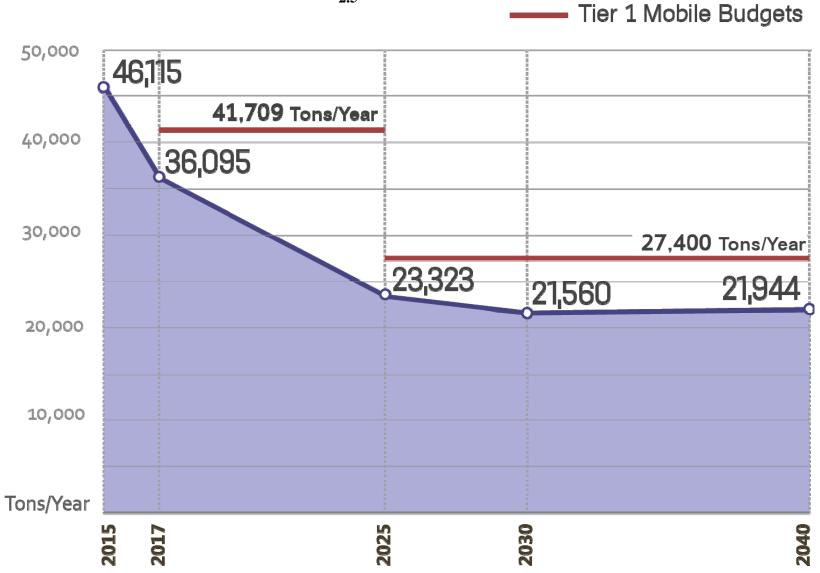


EXHIBIT 13 AIR QUALITY CONFORMITY 2014 CLRP & FY2015-2020 TIP

Mobile Source Emissions

PM_{2.5} Direct — Tier 1 Mobile Budgets

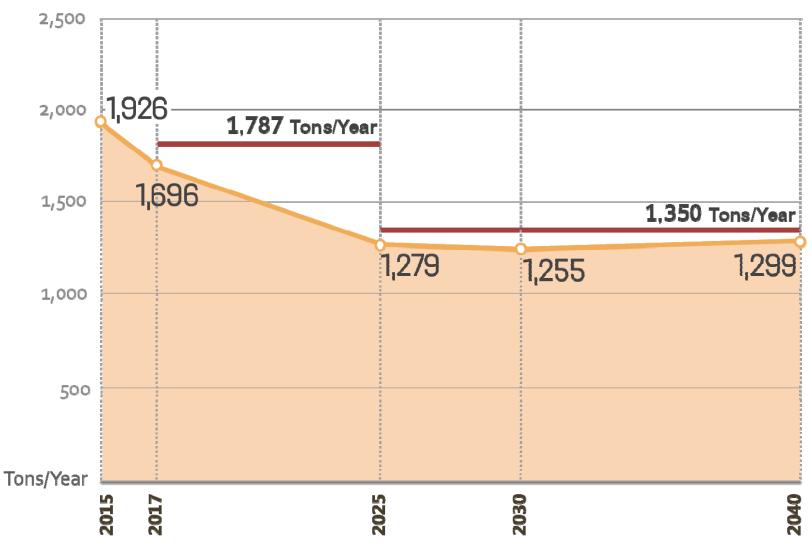
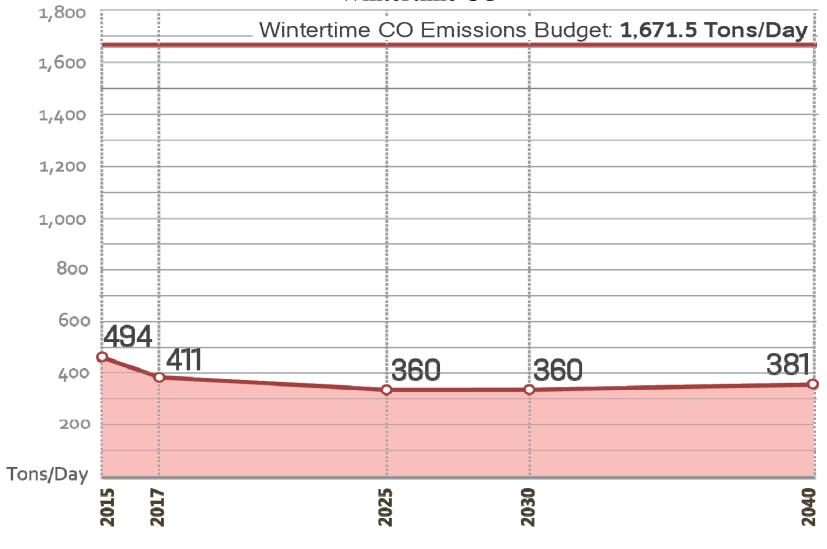


EXHIBIT 14 AIR QUALITY CONFORMITY 2014 CLRP & FY2015-2020 TIP

Mobile Source Emissions Wintertime CO



TCMs and TERMS are not included in totals.

TERMs

Transportation Emission Reduction Measures (TERMs) are strategies or actions that the TPB can employ to offset increases in emissions from mobile sources. TERMs are generally intended to reduce either the number of vehicle trips (VT), vehicle miles traveled (VMT), or both. These strategies may include ridesharing and telecommuting programs, improved transit and bicycling facilities, clean fuel vehicle programs or other possible actions.

TERMs were analyzed using emissions rates generated in a post-processing environment using MOVES outputs from the conformity analysis. This approach ensured consistency of assumptions, inputs, and methodologies with conformity. Only projects put into place after 2010, or projects with improvements since 2010, were included in this analysis.

TERMs analyzed for the 2014 CLRP and FY2015-2020 TIP conformity analysis were grouped into four broad categories. Each category consisted of a grouping of several similar and related activities:

- TPB Commuter Connections Program
- Regional Incident Management Program
- Pedestrian Facilities Expansions & Enhancements
- Freeform Carpooling (Slug Lots)

Exhibit 15 lists the emission reduction potential of these TERMs, by pollutant, for each analysis year. The benefits of these projects are not included in the emissions totals in this report, but are available, if necessary, to offset future growth in mobile emissions. Appendix F contains detailed information about the updated TERMs analysis.

Looking Ahead

While TERMs offer some emissions benefits, other more substantial benefits are anticipated from federal-level programs currently under development. EPA recently proposed Tier 3 Motor Vehicle Emission and Fuel Standards, which would reduce both tailpipe and evaporative emissions from cars and trucks. Reductions in emissions of NO_X, VOC, PM_{2.5} and air toxics expected as a result of these standards are projected to lead to significant decreases in ambient concentrations of ozone, PM_{2.5}, and air toxics. EPA estimates reductions of 8% NO_X, 3% VOC, and .1% PM_{2.5} to on-road inventories by the end of 2017, and reductions of 28% NO_X, 23% VOC, and 10% PM_{2.5} to on-road inventories by the end of 2030 (Reference 11). These significant reductions will lead to air quality improvements that are important both for maintaining current NAAQS and for addressing future, potentially tougher, air quality standards.

EXHIBIT 15

2014 CLRP TRANSPORTATION EMISSIONS REDUCTION MEASURES SUMMARY TABLE

REGIONAL EMISSIONS REDUCTIONS- ALL TERMS COMBINED					
Years/Pollutants	Ozone - VOC	Ozone - NOx	PM2.5 Direct	Precursor NOx	Winter CO
	(tons/day)	(tons/day)	(tons/year)	(tons/year)	(tons/day)
2015	0.06	0.10	1.11	26.72	1.07
2017	0.07	0.10	1.42	27.53	1.30
2025	0.10	0.11	2.32	30.43	2.14
2030	0.12	0.13	2.99	34.63	2.74
2040	0.19	0.19	4.56	49.88	4.23

NOTE: Benefits from these TERMs are not included in the emissions totals in this conformity analysis.

Transportation Control Measures (TCMs)

Section 93.113 of the conformity regulations requires the timely implementation of TCMs. All adopted TCMs for this region were included in the 1-Hour Ozone SIP and the 8-Hour Ozone SIP. The 1-Hour Ozone SIP was adopted by MWAQC on February 19, 2004 and the mobile budgets were found adequate by EPA in December, 2003. The 8-Hour Ozone SIP was adopted by MWAQC on May 23, 2007, and replaced the 1-Hour Ozone SIP when EPA found the Reasonable Further Progress (RFP) mobile budgets adequate for use in conformity in September, 2009. All TCMs included in these SIPs were implemented in a timely manner, as documented in Appendix F of this report.

VII. CONSULTATION & PUBLIC PARTICIPATION

Consultation

The conformity regulations require that Metropolitan Planning Organizations (MPOs) make Transportation Plans, TIPs, and conformity determinations available to the public, and accept

and respond to public comment. The Transportation Planning Board (TPB) staff went through a lengthy process involving EPA and state and local air quality agencies to develop the region's transportation and air quality conformity consultation procedures. These procedures have been organized into a report, <u>Transportation Planning Board Consultation Procedures with Respect to Transportation Conformity Regulations Governing TPB Plans and Programs</u> (Reference 2). They were adopted by the Board initially on September 21, 1994 and subsequently updated in response to EPA's August 15, 1997 amendments, and formally adopted by the TPB on May 20, 1998. The procedures seek early involvement of the air agencies in the transportation planning process through concurrent mailings to the TPB and consultation agencies of all material relevant to transportation conformity, including announcements of work sessions and public forums in which the materials will be discussed.

Public Participation

Public participation is a federal requirement initially outlined in the Intermodal Surface Transportation Efficiency Act of 1991, included in subsequent legislation, and most recently reaffirmed in the federal transportation reauthorization bill, Moving Ahead for Progress in the 21st Century (MAP-21), signed into law in 2012. Public participation is recognized as an integral part of the planning process.

The Region's fourth *Participation Plan* (Reference 12), adopted by the TPB on September 17, 2014, provides an overall framework for participation in the TPB process. The *Participation Plan* describes the policies of the TPB regarding public involvement activities relating to the development of TPB Plans and Programs, including the air quality conformity analysis. The *Participation Plan* ensures that the TPB follows federal requirements for public involvement, by including the following procedures:

- A public comment period of at least 30 days precedes the approval of documents
- Consideration is given and written responses are prepared to comments received
- TPB provides an additional opportunity for public comment, if the final CLRP or TIP
 differs significantly from the version that was made available for public comment by
 the TPB and raises new material issues which interested parties could not reasonably
 have foreseen from the public involvement efforts
- When significant written and oral comments are received on the draft CLRP and TIP
 (including financial plans) as a result of the participation process in the interagency
 consultation process required under the transportation conformity regulations (40
 CFR part 93), a summary, analysis, and report on the disposition of comments shall be
 made as part of the final CLRP and TIP
- A period of time at the beginning of each TPB meeting is provided for public comment by interested citizens and groups on transportation issues under consideration by the TPB, and provide follow-up acknowledgement and response (as appropriate)
- Opportunities for public comment are offered on the TPB website
- Access to the technical and policy activities of the TPB is offered through open attendance at meetings of the TPB, and its Technical Committee and Subcommittees
- All publicly available TPB documents are posted on the TPB website, and otherwise

- opportunities are sought to make reports and technical information widely available through the website
- Reports and technical information material are distributed at TPB, technical committees' and subcommittees' meetings free of charge
- At least one formal public meeting is provided during the TIP development process.

The TPB maintains and supports two public advisory committees, The Citizens Advisory Committee (CAC) and the Access for All Advisory Committee (AFA). These committees are intended to promote public involvement and represent the opinions of a variety of communities and interests. The CAC includes individual citizens and representatives of environmental, business, and civic interests concerned with regional transportation matters. The AFA advises the TPB on transportation issues, programs, policies, and services that are important to low-income communities, minority communities, and people with disabilities. Participants in the AFA include individuals and organizations that represent traditionally unrepresented populations.

The TPB also maintains a portfolio of websites as well as Facebook and Twitter accounts. The websites include a Transportation Homepage ("What's Happening in Transportation") http://www.mwcog.org/transportation, Planning Information a Transportation Hub http://www.transportationplanninghub.org, specific to the **CLRP** and pages These websites cover planning activities, including online http://www.mwcog.org/clrp. meeting calendars of the TPB, technical committees and subcommittees with links to the corresponding meeting agendas and support materials. Staff uses Facebook and Twitter to announce meetings, events, public comment periods, and release of key publications and reports.

The TPB publishes two newsletters, the TPB Weekly Report and TPB News. The TPB Weekly Report www.mwcog.org/tpbweeklyreport is an online publication designed to provide concise and timely updates of recent TPB research, analysis, outreach and planning. It reaches several hundred TPB stakeholders, media representatives, governmental agencies staff and members of the general public. TPB News, http://www.mwcog.org/store/item.asp?PUBLICATION_ID=94 is an online and print publication designed to provide concise updates pertaining to recent planning activities and events. It also includes a 3-month schedule of all advisory committee meetings.

The TPB provided two 30-day comment periods associated with this conformity analysis. The first was for a review of inputs and the conformity scope of work, and the second was for a review of the conformity analysis results and the CLRP and TIP documents. Each comment period began at a CAC meeting, where staff distributed materials and discussed the documents being released for comment. The TPB websites announced the comment opportunities. The Washington Post, The Afro-American, and the El Pregonero posted ads publicizing the comment period information. The TPB provides a comment opportunity at the beginning of each monthly meeting. The CLRP schedule in Exhibit 16 lists these opportunities.

Additional materials including a sample consultation letter, website announcements, Twitter and Facebook postings, and copies of the newspaper notifications are contained in Appendix C.

Additional information about public comment procedures as well as a detailed listing of all TPB consultation and public comment opportunities associated with the conformity assessment of the 2014 CLRP and FY2015-2020 TIP are also included in Appendix C.

^	EXHIBIT 16
	e for the 2014 Financially Constrained Long-Range Transportation Plan (a) and the FY2015-2020 Transportation Improvement Program (TIP)
*October 16, 2013	TPB is Briefed on Draft Call for Projects
*November 20, 2013	TPB Releases Final Call for Projects - Transportation Agencies Begin Submitting Project Information through On-Line Database
December 13, 2013	<u>DEADLINE:</u> Transportation Agencies Complete On-Line Submission of Draft Project Inputs.
March 7, 2014	Technical Committee Reviews Draft CLRP & TIP Project Submissions and Draft Scope of Work for the Air Quality Conformity Analysis
March 13, 2014	CLRP & TIP Project Submissions and Draft Scope of Work Released for Public Comment
*March 19, 2014	TPB is Briefed on Project Submissions and Draft Scope of Work
April 8, 2014	TPB Staff Briefs MWAQC TAC on Project Submissions and Scope of Work
April 12, 2014	Public Comment Period Ends
*April 16, 2014	TPB Reviews Public Comments and is asked to Approve Project Submissions and Draft Scope of Work
June 6, 2014	<u>DEADLINE</u> : Transportation Agencies Finalize Congestion Management Documentation Forms (where needed) and CLRP & TIP Forms. (Submissions must not impact conformity inputs; note that the deadline for changes affecting conformity inputs was April 16, 2014).
September 5, 2014	Technical Committee Reviews Draft CLRP & TIP and Conformity Analysis
September 11, 2014	Draft CLRP & TIP and Conformity Analysis Released for Public Comment at Citizens Advisory Committee (CAC)
*September 17, 2014	TPB Briefed on the Draft CLRP & TIP and Conformity Analysis
September 9, 2014	TPB Staff Briefs MWAQC TAC on the Draft CLRP & TIP and Conformity Analysis
October 11, 2014	Public Comment Period Ends
*October 15, 2014	TPB Reviews Public Comments and Responses to Comments, and is Presented the Draft CLRP & TIP and Conformity Analysis for Adoption
*TPB Meeting	

VIII. FISCAL CONSTRAINT

EPA's conformity regulations require that transportation plans and TIPs must be fiscally constrained in order to be found in conformity. Every four years the TPB conducts a "major" update of the CLRP. This update includes a financial analysis of the regional transportation

plan and program. A report (Reference 13) documenting this financial plan for the 2014 CLRP is available on the COG website. The financial plan demonstrates that the updated 2014 CLRP and FY2015-2020 TIP, covering the period 2015 through 2040, is financially constrained. The plan is fiscally realistic, balancing all proposed new project investments and system maintenance and operating costs with reasonable revenue expectations. The plan demonstrates that the forecast revenues reasonably expected to be available cover the estimated costs of expanding and adequately maintaining and operating the highway and transit system in the region.

A total of \$244 billion in transportation expenditures is projected for the Washington Metropolitan Region for the 26-year period from 2015 to 2040. WMATA expenditures constitute 41 percent and local transit 18 percent of the total for the 2014 CLRP and highways constitute 41 percent. The majority of future transportation revenues will be devoted to the operations and maintenance of the current transit and highway systems. However, funding is identified for significant capital projects, including the Streetcar Projects and the South Capitol Street Corridor project in the District of Columbia; I-270 widening, reconstruction of the Nice Bridge, the Purple Line, the Corridor Cities Transitway, and the MARC Growth and Investment Plan for commuter rail in Maryland; and the I-95 HOT Lanes, phase two of the Silver Line, the Columbia Pike streetcar, and the VRE System Expansion Plan in Virginia. The plan also demonstrates full funding for WMATA's forecast needs for both Operations and State of Good Repair through 2040. Exhibit 17 shows the balanced revenue and expenditures tables for the 2014 CLRP.

EXHIBIT 17
REVENUES & EXPENDITURES
(in millions of year-of-expenditure dollars)

REVENUES:	Federal	State	Local	Private / Other	Fares / Tolls	TOTAL
District of Columbia						
Highway	\$5,624	\$2,128		\$1,956		\$9,708
Local Transit	\$282	\$5,210			\$879	\$6,37
Commuter Rail						\$(
WMATA Support		\$17,042				\$17,04
Sub-Total	\$5,906	\$24,380	\$0	\$1,956	\$879	\$33,121
	17.8%	73.6%	0.0%	5.9%	2.7%	, ,
Maryland						
Highway	\$11,494	\$26,622	\$10,023	\$824		\$48,96
Local Transit	\$1,791	\$5,125	\$6,380		\$2,422	\$15,71
Commuter Rail		\$4,951			\$791	\$5,74
WMATA Support		\$16,902				\$16,90
Sub-Total	\$13,285	\$53,600	\$16,403	\$824	\$3,213	\$87,325
	15.2%	61.4%	18.8%	0.9%	3.7%	
Virginia						
Highway	\$3,767	\$12,036	\$13,880	\$2,745	\$8,080	\$40,50
Local Transit	\$294	\$1,794	\$4,909	\$1,573	\$3,268	\$11,83
Commuter Rail	\$1,125	\$602	\$583	\$8	\$1,430	\$3,74
WMATA Support		\$5,860	\$6,525			\$12,38
Sub-Total	\$5,186	\$20,292	\$25,897	\$4,327	\$12,779	\$68,480
	7.6%	29.6%	37.8%	6.3%	18.7%	
WMATA Fares, Grants		jurisdictional	(Regional) F			
Sub-Total	\$13,382			\$647	\$41,132	\$55,16
GRAND TOTAL	\$37,759	\$98,272	\$42,300	\$7,754	\$58,002	\$244,08

ZDENIDIZUDEG		State of Good		
XPENDITURES:	Operations	Repair	Expansion	TOTAL
District of Columbia				
Highway	\$1,297	\$6,332	\$2,079	\$9,70
Local Transit	\$3,710	\$159	\$2,502	\$6,37
Commuter Rail				\$
WMATA Support	\$12,768	\$4,073	\$201	\$17,04
Sub-Total	\$17,775	\$10,564	\$4,782	\$33,12
Maryland				
Highway	\$10,582	\$21,437	\$16,945	\$48,96
Local Transit	\$7,788	\$2,136	\$5,795	\$15,71
Commuter Rail	\$2,882	\$565	\$2,295	\$5,74
WMATA Support	\$12,764	\$3,946	\$192	\$16,90
Sub-Total	\$34,016	\$28,083	\$25,227	\$87,325
Virginia				
Highway	\$12,050	\$20,434	\$8,024	\$40,50
Local Transit	\$6,482	\$1,839	\$3,517	\$11,83
Commuter Rail	\$2,723	\$216	\$810	\$3,74
WMATA Support	\$8,508	\$3,704	\$174	\$12,38
Sub-Total	\$29,763	\$26,192	\$12,525	\$68,480
WMATA Fares, Grants a	nd Other Nonjurisd	ictional (Region	nal) Funds	
Sub-Total	\$41,132	\$14,028		\$55,160
GRAND TOTAL	\$122,685	\$78,867	\$42.534	\$244,086

IX. CONFORMITY ANALYSIS - CRITERIA AND PROCEDURES

EPA's conformity regulations identify criteria and procedures for the determination of conformity. The March 14, 2012 amendments to EPA's regulations represent the current transportation conformity requirements. The following sections indicate: (1) the appropriate sections of the regulations which must be adhered to in this conformity analysis, and (2) the manner in which the regulations have been met.

Conformity Criteria

This section identifies the criteria (sections of the regulations) which the CLRP must meet in order to conform to current implementation plans in the District of Columbia, Maryland and Virginia. Exhibit 18 lists the sections of the regulations relevant for the analysis of the 2014 CLRP and FY2015-2020 TIP. The following discussion indicates the manner in which each criterion was met.

	EXHIBIT 18			
Conformity Criteria				
All Actions at all times:				
Sec. 93.110	Latest planning assumptions.			
Sec. 93.111	Latest emissions model.			
Sec. 93.112	Consultation.			
Transportation Plan:				
Sec. 93.113(b)	TCMs.			
Sec. 93.118 and/or	Emissions budget and /or Interim			
Sec. 93.119	emissions.			
TIP:				
Sec. 93.113(c)	TCMs.			
Sec. 93.118 and/or	Emissions budget and /or Interim			
Sec. 93.119	emissions.			
Project (From a Conformi	ng Plan and TIP):			
Sec. 93.114	Currently conforming plan and TIP.			
Sec. 93.115	Project from a conforming plan and TIP.			
Sec. 93.116	CO, PM10, and PM2.5 hot spots.			
Sec. 93.117	PM ₁₀ and PM _{2.5} control measures.			
Project (Not From a Conf				
Sec. 93.113(d)	TCMs.			
Sec. 93.114	Currently conforming plan and TIP.			
Sec. 93.116	CO, PM ₁₀ , and PM _{2.5} hot spots.			
Sec. 93.117	PM ₁₀ and PM _{2.5} control measures.			
Sec. 93.118 and/or	Emissions budget and/or Interim			
Sec. 93.119	emissions			

Sec. 93.110 Criteria and procedures: Latest planning assumptions.

The conformity analysis is based upon the most current planning assumptions available for the Washington region. Round 8.3 Cooperative Forecasts were approved for use in the conformity analysis of the 2014 CLRP and FY2015-2020 TIP. These forecasts were developed and reviewed with an explicit perspective on transportation and land use interaction.

Travel demand modeling methods incorporating the latest travel time refinements were used in this study. Other refinements include development and use of a comprehensive set of transit and HOV networks. As with previous conformity analyses, transit fares are modeled explicitly in the modal choice process. The analysis includes actual fares for the base year simulation, with forecast year fares based on current (January 2014) fares with increases through time as a function of increases in the consumer price index. Base year fares are modeled to reflect the WMATA tariff and other actual charges levied by each transit provider; the updated fare tariffs provided the basis for future analysis years. Transit operating policies, such as hours and frequency of service, are updated annually and modeled explicitly to reflect actual conditions in the peak and off-peak hours. The overall travel demand modeling process is continually monitored and refined as new data become available.

Sec. 93.111 Criteria and procedures: Latest emissions model.

The current analysis used MOVES2010a, the latest emission factor model specified by EPA for use in preparation of state implementation plans and conformity assessments.

Sec. 93.112 Criteria and procedures: Consultation.

The TPB offers many opportunities for public comment. Since the initial consultation procedures were developed, TPB has expanded the opportunities for public involvement through a series of initiatives. Examples include: the public comment period at the start of each TPB meeting; regular public forums and workshops on major topics; a monthly newsletter; and the institution of the Citizens Advisory Committee and the Access For All Committee, website posts, and Twitter and Facebook postings. Details relating to public involvement for this conformity analysis are included in Chapter VII, and in Appendix C of this document. General information is summarized in a report called the TPB <u>Participation Plan</u> (Reference 12).

Sec. 93.113 Criteria and procedures: Timely implementation of TCMs.

Transportation Control Measures were included in both the 1-Hour Ozone SIP, the 8-Hour Ozone SIP, and the PM_{2.5} SIP. Documentation regarding the timely implementation of each project is included as Appendix F of this document.

Sec. 93.114 Criteria and procedures: Currently conforming transportation plan and TIP.

There is a currently conforming plan and program in the Washington region. This current conformity analysis is designed to update and supersede the (conforming) 2013 CLRP, adopted by the TPB in July, 2013 and approved by the FHWA on January 22, 2014.

Sec. 93.115 Criteria and procedures: Projects from a plan and TIP.

All projects advanced for implementation come from a conforming plan and program.

Sec. 93.116 Criteria and procedures: Localized CO and PM₁₀ violations (hot spots).

Projects advancing to the current TIP have met this criterion as an element of their environmental study prior to being included in the TIP. (The Washington area is now in attainment for both carbon monoxide and PM_{10} .)

Sec. 93.117 Criteria and procedures: Compliance with PM₁₀ and PM_{2.5} control measures.

The Washington area is in attainment for PM₁₀. Prior to the region attaining the 1997 PM_{2.5} NAAQS, a SIP for the Washington nonattainment area was developed and submitted to EPA in April, 2008. That SIP was never approved. After attaining the 1997 PM_{2.5} NAAQS, MWAQC submitted, and EPA approved, a PM_{2.5} Resignation Request and Maintenance Plan for the Washington region. The On-Road control measures in that Maintenance Plan include only measures directly impacting vehicles and fuels which would not be pertinent for project level conformity determinations. These are: the 2007 heavy duty engine rule, Tier 1 federal motor vehicle emission standards, Tier 2 vehicle and gasoline sulfur program, and enhanced motor vehicle emission and maintenance programs

93.118 Motor vehicle emissions budget

As discussed in earlier in this report, this analysis includes use of the existing budgets developed as part of the 8-hour ozone SIP and the PM_{2.5} maintenance SIP. Approved budgets exist for all pollutants under consideration. The mobile emissions inventories for all analysis years were compared to these budgets. Total VOC, NOx, Fine Particles, and CO emissions for all plan milestone analysis years are within their respective emissions budgets.

Sec. 93.119 Criteria and procedures: Interim emissions in areas without motor vehicle budgets

All assessed pollutants have motor vehicle budgets

NOTE: See EPA's conformity regulations for the full text associated with each section's requirements.

X. FINDINGS

The analytical results described above provide a basis, in relation to US EPA conformity regulations, for a determination of conformity of the year 2014 Constrained Long Range Plan and FY2015-2020 Transportation Improvement Program for The Washington Metropolitan Region, with requirements of the Clean Air Act Amendments of 1990.

APPENDIX A

Scope of Work

AIR QUALITY CONFORMITY ASSESSMENT: 2014 CONSTRAINED LONG RANGE PLAN AND THE FY2015-2020 TRANSPORTATION IMPROVEMENT PROGRAM

SCOPE OF WORK

I. INTRODUCTION

Projects solicited for the 2014 Constrained Long Range Plan (CLRP) and FY2015-2020 Transportation Improvement Program (TIP) are scheduled to be finalized at the April 16, 2014 TPB meeting. This scope of work reflects the tasks and schedule designed for the air quality conformity assessment leading to adoption of the plan on October 15, 2014. This work effort addresses requirements associated with attainment of the ozone standards (volatile organic compounds (VOC) and nitrogen oxides (NOx) as ozone precursor pollutants), and fine particles (PM_{2.5}) standards (direct particles and precursor NOx), as well as maintenance of the wintertime carbon monoxide (CO) standard.

The plan must meet air quality conformity regulations: (1) as originally published by the Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) in the November 24, 1993 Federal Register, and (2) as subsequently amended, most recently on March 14, 2012, and (3) as detailed in periodic FHWA / FTA and EPA guidance. These regulations specify both technical criteria and consultation procedures to follow in performing the assessment.

This scope of work provides a context in which to perform the conformity analyses and presents an outline of the work tasks required to address all regulations currently applicable.

II. REQUIREMENTS AND APPROACH

A. Criteria (See Exhibit A-1)

As described in the 1990 Clean Air Act Amendments, conformity is demonstrated if transportation plans and programs:

- 1. Are consistent with most recent estimates of mobile source emissions.
- 2. Provide expeditious implementation of TCMs, and
- 3. Contribute to annual emissions reductions.

Assessment criteria for ozone, CO, and PM_{2.5} are discussed below.

Ozone season pollutants will be assessed by comparing the "action" scenarios to the most recently approved 8-hour ozone area VOC and NOx mobile emissions budgets. The 2009 Attainment and 2010 Contingency budgets were deemed adequate for use in conformity by EPA in February 2013. These budgets were submitted to EPA by the Metropolitan Washington Air Quality Committee (MWAQC) in 2007 as part of the 8-hour ozone State Implementation Plan (SIP).

The region is in maintenance for mobile source wintertime CO and, as in prior conformity assessments, is required to show that pollutant levels do not exceed the approved budget.

 $PM_{2.5}$ pollutants will be assessed both by comparing the "action" scenarios to a 2002 base, and by comparing the pollutant levels to the budgets in the proposed $PM_{2.5}$ Maintenance Plan. $PM_{2.5}$ emissions will be inventoried for yearly totals (instead of on a daily basis as performed for Ozone and CO).

B. Approach (See Table A-1 – Summary of Technical Approach)

As in the past, this analysis will include use of the Version 2.3 travel demand model with the 3722 TAZ area system and the MOVES emissions model. There will be an update to the Cooperative Forecasts. The new round will be 8.3.

In addition to the elements below, explicit inputs include: a summary list of major policy and technical input assumptions, shown as Attachment A; and all transportation network elements which were finalized at the April 16, 2014 TPB meeting.

TABLE A-1 – Summary of Technical Approach

	Ozone	Wintertime CO	PM _{2.5}		
Pollutant:	VOC, NOx	СО	Direct particles, Precursor NOx		
Mobile Model:	MOVES 2010a	MOVES 2010a	MOVES 2010a		
Conformity Test:	Budget Test: Using mobile budgets most recently approved by EPA. 2009 attainment and 2010 contingency budgets found adequate for use in conformity by EPA in Feb. 2013. All budgets were set using Mobile6 emissions model and submitted to EPA in 2007.	Budget Test: Using mobile budgets established with the Wintertime CO maintenance plan. All budgets set using Mobile6 emissions model and submitted to EPA in 2007.	Reductions From Base (2002 inventory) Test & Budget Test; With no approved budgets, reduction from base test will be needed; if EPA approves the PM maintenance plan budgets, those budgets must be used.		
Emissions Analysis Time-frame:	Daily	Daily	Annual		
Vehicle Fleet Data:	2011 vehicle regis	tration data for all jurisc	dictions		
Geography:	8-hour ozone non-attainment area	DC, Arlington, Alexandria, Montgomery Co., Prince George's Co.	8-hour ozone non- attainment area less Calvert County		
Network Inputs:	Regionally significant projects				
Land Activity:	NEW! Round 8.3				
Modeled Area:	3722 TAZ SYSTEM				
Travel Demand Model:	Version 2.3.57				

III. CONSULTATION

- 1. Execute TPB consultation procedures (as outlined in the consultation procedures report adopted by the TPB on May 20, 1998).
- 2. Participate in meetings of MWAQC, its Technical Advisory Committee, and its Conformity Subcommittee to discuss the scope of work activities, TERM development process, and other elements as needed; discuss at TPB meetings or forums, as needed, the following milestones:
 - CLRP & TIP Call for Projects
 - Scope of work
 - TERM proposals
 - Project submissions: documentation and comments
 - Analysis of TERMs, list of mitigation measures
 - Conformity assessment: documentation and comments
 - Process: comments and responses

IV. WORK TASKS

- 1. Receive project inputs from programming agencies and organize into conformity documentation listings (endorsement of financially constrained project submissions scheduled for April 16, 2014)
 - Project type, limits, NEPA approval, etc.
 - Phasing with respect to forecast years
 - Transit operating parameters, e.g. schedules, service, fares
 - Action scenarios
- 2. Review and Update Land Activity files to reflect Round 8.3 Cooperative Forecasts
 - Households by auto ownership, population and employment
 - Zonal data files
- 3. Prepare forecast year highway, HOV, and transit networks
 - Develop 2015, 2017, 2020, 2025, 2030, & 2040 highway networks
 - Prepare 2015, 2017, 2020, 2025, 2030, & 2040 transit network input files
 - Update transit fares and highway tolls, as necessary
- 4. Prepare 2015 travel and emissions estimates
 - Execute travel demand modeling
 - Calculate emissions (daily for ozone season VOC and NOx for ozone standard requirements; daily for winter CO; yearly for PM_{2.5} direct particles and precursor NOx)
- 5. Prepare 2017 travel and emissions estimates
 - Tasks as in year 2015 analysis

- 5. Prepare 2020 travel estimates (no emissions- only used for transit constraint)
 - Tasks as in year 2017 analysis
- 6. Prepare 2025 travel and emissions estimates
 - Tasks as in year 2017 analysis
 - Apply "transit constraint" using 2020 levels
- 7. Prepare 2030 travel and emissions estimates
 - Tasks as in year 2025 analysis, including transit constraint
- 8. Prepare 2040 travel and emissions estimates
 - Tasks as in year 2030 analysis, including transit constraint
- 9. Identify extent to which plan provides for expeditious implementation of TCMs contained in ozone state implementation plans and provide emissions reductions estimates for TERMs in current TIP
 - Staff will report on TCM's contained in ozone SIPs
 - Staff will report on estimated emissions reductions benefits for TERMs in the FY2015-2020 TIP
- 10. Analyze results of above technical analysis
 - 8-hour ozone season VOC and NOx budgets, direct PM_{2.5} and precursor NOx budgets, and winter CO emissions budgets
 - With oversight from the Technical Committee and the TPB, identify and recommend additional measures, if needed, should the plan or program fail the budget test and incorporate measures into the plan
- 11. Assess conformity and document results in a report
 - Document methods
 - Draft conformity report
 - Forward to technical committees, policy committees
 - Make available for public and interagency consultation
 - Receive comments
 - Address comments and present to TPB for action
 - Finalize report and forward to FHWA, FTA and EPA

V. SCHEDULE

The schedule for the execution of these work activities is shown in Exhibit A-2. The time line shows completion of the analytical tasks, preparation of a draft report, public and interagency review, response to comments and action by the TPB on October 15, 2014.

Exhibit A-1

Conformity Criteria

All Actions at all times:

Sec. 93.110 Latest planning assumptions. Sec. 93.111 Latest emissions model.

Sec. 93.112 Consultation.

Transportation Plan:

Sec. 93.113(b) TCMs.

Sec. 93.118 and/or Emissions budget and /or Interim

Sec. 93.119 emissions.

TIP:

Sec. 93.113(c) TCMs.

Sec. 93.118 and/or Emissions budget and /or Interim

Sec. 93.119 emissions.

Project (From a Conforming Plan and TIP):

Sec. 93.114 Currently conforming plan and TIP.
Sec. 93.115 Project from a conforming plan and TIP.

Sec. 93.116 CO, PM_{10} , and $PM_{2.5}$ hot spots. Sec. 93.117 PM_{10} and $PM_{2.5}$ control measures.

Project (Not From a Conforming Plan and TIP):

Sec. 93.113(d) TCMs.

Sec. 93.114 Currently conforming plan and TIP. Sec. 93.116 CO, PM₁₀, and PM_{2.5} hot spots. Sec. 93.117 PM₁₀ and PM_{2.5} control measures. Sec. 93.118 and/or Emissions budget and/or Interim

Sec. 93.119 emissions

Sec. 93.110 Criteria and procedures: Latest planning assumptions.

The conformity determination must be based upon the most recent planning assumptions in force at the time of the conformity determination.

Sec. 93.111 Criteria and procedures: Latest emissions model.

The conformity determination must be based on the latest emission estimation model available.

Sec. 93.112 Criteria and procedures: Consultation.

Conformity must be determined according to the consultation procedures in this subpart and in the applicable implementation plan, and according to the public involvement procedures established in compliance with 23 CFR part 450.

Sec. 93.113 Criteria and procedures: Timely implementation of TCMs.

The transportation plan, TIP, or any FHWA/FTA project which is not from a conforming plan and TIP must provide for the timely implementation of TCMs from the applicable implementation plan.

Sec. 93.114 Criteria and procedures: Currently conforming transportation plan and TIP.

There must be a currently conforming transportation plan and currently conforming TIP at the time of project approval.

Sec. 93.115 Criteria and procedures: Projects from a plan and TIP.

The project must come from a conforming plan and program.

Sec. 93.116 Criteria and procedures: Localized CO, PM₁₀, and PM_{2.5} violations (hot spots).

The FHWA/FTA project must not cause or contribute to any new localized CO, PM_{10} , and/or $PM_{2.5}$ violations or increase the frequency or severity of any existing CO, PM_{10} , and /or $PM_{2.5}$ violations in CO, PM_{10} , and $PM_{2.5}$ nonattainment and maintenance areas.

Sec. 93.117 Criteria and procedures: Compliance with PM₁₀ and PM_{2.5} control measures.

The FHWA/FTA project must comply with PM_{10} and $PM_{2.5}$ control measures in the applicable implementation plan.

Sec. 93.118 Criteria and procedures: Motor vehicle emissions budget

The transportation plan, TIP, and projects must be consistent with the motor vehicle emissions budget(s).

Sec. 93.119 Criteria and procedures: Interim emissions in areas without motor vehicle budgets

The FHWA/FTA project must satisfy the interim emissions test(s).

NOTE: See EPA's conformity regulations for the full text associated with each section's requirements.

EXHIBIT A-2



Schedule for the 2014 Financially Constrained Long-Range Transportation Plan (CLRP) and the FY2015-2020 Transportation Improvement Program (TIP)

*October 16, 2013	TPB is Briefed on Draft Call for Projects
*November 20, 2013	TPB Releases Final Call for Projects - Transportation Agencies Begin Submitting Project Information through On-Line Database
December 13, 2013	<u>DEADLINE:</u> Transportation Agencies Complete On-Line Submission of Draft Project Inputs.
March 7, 2014	Technical Committee Reviews Draft CLRP & TIP Project Submissions and Draft Scope of Work for the Air Quality Conformity Analysis
March 13, 2014	CLRP & TIP Project Submissions and Draft Scope of Work Released for Public Comment
*March 19, 2014	TPB is Briefed on Project Submissions and Draft Scope of Work
April 8, 2014	TPB Staff Briefs MWAQC TAC on Project Submissions and Scope of Work
April 12, 2014	Public Comment Period Ends
*April 16, 2014	TPB Reviews Public Comments and is asked to Approve Project Submissions and Draft Scope of Work
June 6, 2014	<u>DEADLINE:</u> Transportation Agencies Finalize Congestion Management Documentation Forms (where needed) and CLRP & TIP Forms. (Submissions must not impact conformity inputs; note that the deadline for changes affecting conformity inputs was April 16, 2014).
September 5, 2014	Technical Committee Reviews Draft CLRP & TIP and Conformity Analysis
September 11, 2014	Draft CLRP & TIP and Conformity Analysis Released for Public Comment at Citizens Advisory Committee (CAC)
*September 17, 2014	TPB Briefed on the Draft CLRP & TIP and Conformity Analysis
September 9, 2014	TPB Staff Briefs MWAQC TAC on the Draft CLRP & TIP and Conformity Analysis
October 11, 2014	Public Comment Period Ends
*October 15, 2014	TPB Reviews Public Comments and Responses to Comments, and is Presented the Draft CLRP & TIP and Conformity Analysis for Adoption

^{*}TPB Meeting



WORK SCOPE ATTACHMENT A

POLICY AND TECHNICAL INPUT ASSUMPTIONS AIR QUALITY CONFORMITY ANALYSIS OF 2014 CLRP & FY2015-2020 TIP

1. Land Activity

- Round 8.3 Cooperative Forecasts

2. Policy and Project Inputs

- Highway, HOV, and transit projects and operating parameters
- Financially constrained project submissions to be advanced by the TPB on 4/16/2014

3. Travel Demand Modeling Methods

- Version 2.3 Travel Model
- All HOV facilities at HOV-3 in 2020 & beyond
- Transit "capacity constraint" procedures (2020 constrains later years)

4. Emissions Model and Inputs

- MOVES2010a emissions model
- 2011 Vehicle Registration Data (VIN)

5. Conformity Assessment Criteria

- Emissions budgets for ozone precursors, PM_{2.5} pollutants, and wintertime CO
- Analysis years: 2015, 2017, 2020 (travel demand only, to provide transit constraint), 2025, 2030, & 2040

APPENDIX B

Project Inputs

(significant changes & project input table)

Key to the Air Quality Conformity Table:

COLUMN 1:

Agency - identification of submitting agency

COLUMN 2:

Project ID - project identification number (for reference purposes)

COLUMN 3:

Agency Code- agency project identification number (for reference purposes)

COLUMN 4:

Type of improvement - defined as follows:

Construct = build a new facility

Close = facility cease operation

Widen = increase the number of lanes on an existing facility

Upgrade = improve the facility type of a roadway

Relocate = construct an existing facility on a new right-of-way

Reconstruct = modify an existing facility with no capacity increase i.e.,

shoulder paving, geometric improvements

Rehabilitate = repair existing structures - no capacity increase

Study = to review alternative transportation improvements- project

planning or preliminary engineering only

COLUMN 5:

Facility - name of facility to be studied or improved

COLUMNS 6 and 7:

From and To - limits of the project

COLUMN 8:

Facility Type - defined as follows:

- 1 = Interstate
- 2 = Major Arterial
- 3 = Minor Arterial
- 4 = Collector
- 5 = Expressway or Freeway with at-grade intersections

If a facility is being upgraded, the old facility type is in the "from" column, and the new facility type is in the "to" column. If the facility is not being upgraded, the "from" and "to" columns are the same.

COLUMN 9:

Number of Lanes - same explanation of "from" and "to" columns as above

COLUMN 10:

Currently under construction or right-of-way acquired? -

"yes" = the facility is currently under construction and/or

right-of-way has been acquired

"no" = the facility is not currently under construction and

right-of-way has not been acquired

"completed" = the facility is open for use

COLUMN 11:

Project Completion Date or Status - date project will be open for use.

"not coded" indicates that project is not included in the conformity analysis

MEMORANDUM

March 13, 2014

To: Transportation Planning Board

From: Gerald Miller and Robert Griffiths

Acting Co-Directors,

Department of Transportation Planning

Re: Major Project Submissions for the 2014 Update to the Financially

Constrained Long-Range Transportation Plan (CLRP) and the FY 2015-2020 Transportation Improvement Program (TIP)

The project submissions for inclusion in the Air Quality Conformity Analysis of the 2014 Update to the CLRP were released for public comment on March 13. The project submissions were reviewed and approved for public release by the TPB Steering Committee on March 7th. The attached materials present a summary of the major new projects or changes to existing major projects included in the project submissions. Comments may be submitted:

- online at <u>mwcog.org/TPBPublicComment</u>,
- via email at tpbpubliccomment@mwcog.org,
- by calling (202) 962-3262, TDD: (202) 962-3213
- or in writing to The Transportation Planning Board 777 North Capitol Street, NE, Suite 300 Washington, DC 20002-4239

The public comment period ends on April 12 and the TPB is scheduled to approve the project submissions on April 16.

Summary of Major Additions and Changes to Projects

In the **District of Columbia**, DDOT is proposing three new transit projects; the Union Station to Georgetown Streetcar Line, the M Street SE/SW Streetcar Line, and the Benning Road Streetcar Spur. DDOT is proposing to remove the planned implementation of Peak Period Bus-Only Lanes on H Street NW and I Street NW from the CLRP, pending further study. DDOT is also proposing three studies to examine managed lanes on the 14th Street/Rochambeau Bridge, I-395/I-695 (SE/SW Freeway), and I-295.

In **Maryland**, the Maryland Transit Administration is updating the MARC Growth and Investment Plan. The State Highway administration is resubmitting the construction of an interchange on I-95/I-495, the Capital Beltway at the Greenbelt Metro Station in Prince George's County. This project had previously been included in the CLRP, but was removed in 2010 to meet financial constraint requirements.

In **Virginia**, VDOT is proposing to widen a segment of US 1 in Prince William County and to widen a portion of VA 123, Chain bridge Road in Fairfax County. VDOT is also proposing three alternatives for the Dulles Air Cargo, Passenger, Metro Access Highway project. The TPB released the three alternatives for public comment, but expects that VDOT will select a preferred alternative prior to the approval of project inputs on April 16 so only one of the alternatives will be carried forward into the Air Quality Conformity Analysis. Virginia Railway Express is updating its System Plan.

A complete technical listing of all project submissions can be found in the <u>Air Quality Conformity Inputs for the 2014 CLRP and the FY 2015-2020 TIP</u>, which was released for public comment on March 13.

Major Additions and Changes to the 2014 Update to the Financially Constrained Long-Range Transportation Plan



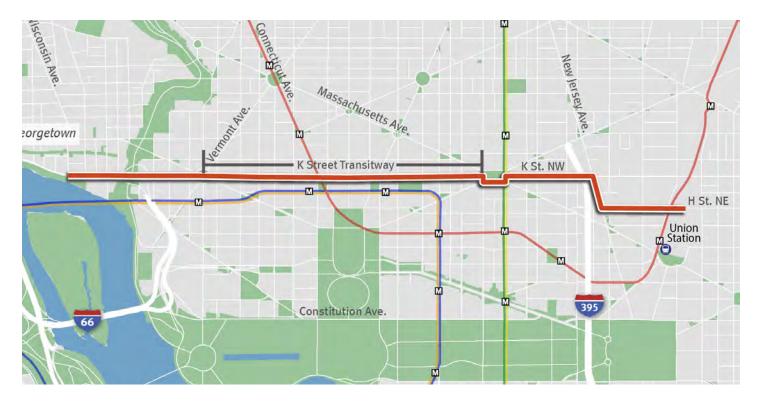
District of Columbia

 Union Station to Georgetown Streetcar Line from H Street NE to Wisconsin Avenue NW

Length: 3.4 miles

Complete: 2020

Cost: \$348 million



Construct a streetcar line from H Street NE near Union Station, running along H Street NW to New Jersey Avenue NW, and continuing on K Street NW into Georgetown, ending at Wisconsin Avenue NW. This line will connect to the H Street NE – Benning Road line, already under construction. The streetcars will travel in mixed traffic lanes through the eastern portion of the route, but will travel in dedicated transit lanes on K Street between Mount Vernon Square/9th Street NW and Washington Circle/23rd Street NW (a project previously approved in the CLRP called the "K Street Transitway").

See CLRP Project Description Form in Attachment A for more information.



2. M Street Southeast/Southwest Streetcar Line from Good Hope Road SE to Maine Avenue SW

Length: 3 miles

Complete: 2020

Cost: \$250 million



Construct a streetcar line running from Good Hope Road SE, across the 11th Street Bridge, to M Street SE/SW, ending at Maine Avenue SW. This line will connect to the planned Anacostia Initial Streetcar Line at Good Hope Road SE.

See CLRP Project Description Form in Attachment A for more information.



3. Benning Road Streetcar Spur from Benning Road to Minnesota Avenue Metro Station

Length: < 1 mile

Complete: 2018

Cost: \$40 million



Construct a spur from the Benning Road Streetcar Line heading north along Minnesota Ave to the Minnesota Avenue Metro Station.

4. Removal of Proposed H and I Streets NW Peak Period Bus-Only Lanes

The approved CLRP contains two projects which proposed to implement bus-only lanes during peak periods. The H Street NW lane was planned between 17th Street NW and New York Avenue NW and the I Street NW lane was planned between 13th Street NW and Pennsylvania Avenue NW. These projects will be removed from the CLRP, pending further study.



5. Studies: Managed Lanes on 14th Street/Rochambeau Bridge, I-395/I-695, and I-295

Length: ≈9 miles

Complete: 2015

Cost: \$5.9 million

A. 14th Street/Rochambeau Bridge

The first study will look at converting the two northbound lanes on the 14th Street/Rochambeau Bridge to High Occupancy Vehicle (HOV 3+) during the morning peak period on weekdays and the two southbound lanes on the same facility to HOV 3+ during the evening peak period on weekdays, to mirror existing HOV operations in Virginia. The existing four northbound lanes on the Arland Williams, Jr. Bridge and four southbound lanes on the George Mason Memorial Bridge would remain as general purpose lanes. The study will also consider a subsequent conversion of the HOV lanes into High Occupancy/Toll (HOT) lanes.

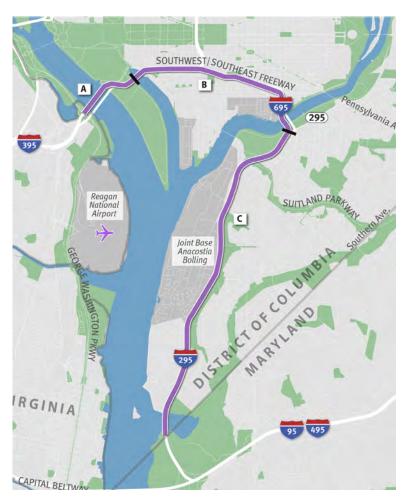
B. I-395/I-695, Southeast-Southwest Freeway

The second study will look at implementing HOV lanes on the Southeast/Southwest Freeway (I-395/I-695) from the Case Bridge to the 11th Street Bridge, and subsequently converting those to HOT.

C. I-295

The third study will consider implementing HOV and then HOT lanes on I-295 from the 11th Street Bridge to the DC/Maryland Line.

See CLRP Project Description Forms in Attachment A for more information.





Maryland

6. MARC Growth and Investment Plan

Complete: 2040

Cost: \$1.06 billion (Washington region)

MDOT is including \$1.06 billion of project improvements for MARC as identified in the MARC Growth and Investment Plan. The MARC Growth and Investment Plan is a multiphased, multi-year plan to increase the capacity of MARC,



Maryland's commuter rail system. MARC is a key component of Maryland's commuter network providing rail service for more than 30,000 commuters a day traveling between Washington's Union Station and northern, central and western Maryland.

Primary objectives of the plan include providing better service for current riders and addressing existing problems with capacity, frequency and reliability. This package of projects will increase passenger-carrying capacity and increase share of trips by MARC during peak travel periods, among other benefits. The \$1.06 billion shown reflects the Washington region's proposed contribution towards projects in the larger \$2.3 billion Growth and Investment Plan, which also includes the Baltimore area.

7. I-95/495 Interchange at Greenbelt Metro Station

Length: <1 mile

Complete: 2020

Cost: \$78.21 million

Construct a full interchange along I-95/I-495 at the Greenbelt Metro Station. The existing partial interchange provides access from the inner loop of the Capital Beltway to the Greenbelt Metro Station. The project includes the addition of auxiliary lanes on I-95/I-495 between the Greenbelt metro and MD 201 interchanges.

See CLRP Project Description Form in Attachment A for more information.





Virginia

8. Virginia Railway Express System Plan

Cost: 2040

Cost: \$977.4 million

The VRE System Plan provides a framework for VRE service expansion through 2040. The Plan includes system investments and expansion of peak service on the Fredericksburg and Manassas Lines, introduction of reverse-peak service, additional mid-day service, and service extension to the Gainesville-Haymarket area of Prince William County. Major railroad capacity projects focus on the relief of key capacity bottlenecks on the VRE system, including additional track capacity in the Long Bridge corridor and completion of a third main track on the Fredericksburg Line from Alexandria to Spotsylvania County.

The VRE System Plan outlines capital investments totaling \$3.2 billion to implement plan recommendations. It builds upon prior VRE growth plans included in the CLRP financial analysis and transit-modeling



assumptions proposed for implementation by 2020, for which funding has been identified. Funding for projected VRE station, yards and equipment needs through 2040 has also been identified and is reflected in the \$977 million CLRP project cost. Full funding for long-term system investments in railroad capacity, including the expansion of the Long Bridge and Fredericksburg Line third main track, and service enhancements such as reverse-peak service, additional mid-day trains or the future run-through of VRE and MARC trains has not been identified. Those recommendations are included for information purposes. As funding is identified for those initiatives they will be added to the CLRP and air quality conformity analysis.



9. Widen US 1 from Fuller Road to Russell Road Interchange

Length: 2.38 miles

Complete: 2025

Cost: \$76 million



Widen US 1 from Fuller Road to Russell Road from 4 to 6 lanes.

See CLRP Project Description Form in Attachment A for more information.

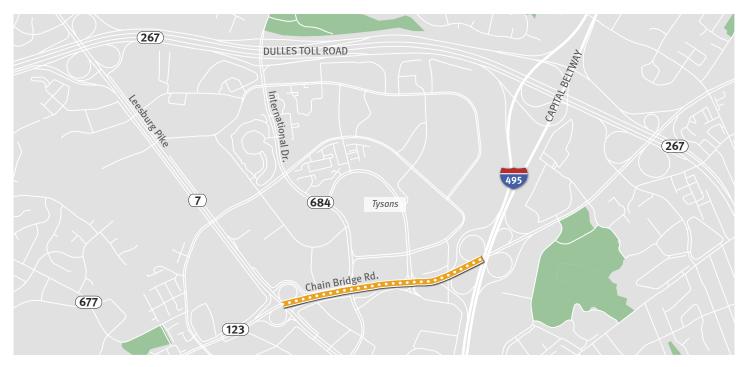


10. Widen VA 123 from VA 7, Leesburg Pike to I-495, Capital Beltway

Length: <1 mile

Complete: 2021

Cost: \$22 million



Widen VA Route 123 from Leesburg Pike to the Capital Beltway from 6 to 8 lanes.

See CLRP Project Description Form in Attachment A for more information.

Attachment A

Project Description Forms

FINANCIALLY CONSTRAINED LONG-RANGE TRANSPORTATION PLAN FOR 2040 PROJECT DESCRIPTION FORM

1. Union Station to Georgetown Streetcar Line

1.	Submitting	Agency:	DDOT
----	------------	---------	------

2. Secondary Agency:

3. Agency Project ID: STC12A, SA306C

4. Project Type: _ Interstate X_ Primary _ Secondary _ Urban _ Bridge _ Bike/Ped _X Transit _ CMAQ _ ITS _ Enhancement _ Other _ Federal Lands Highways Program

_ Human Service Transportation Coordination _ TERMs

5. Category: __System Expansion; _ System Maintenance; _ Operational Program; _ Study; X_ Other (Intermodal Improvement)

6. Project Name: Union Station to Georgetown Streetcar Line

		Prefix	Route	Name	Modifier
7.	Facility:				
8.	From (_ at):			3 rd / H Street NE	
9.	To:			Wisconsin Avenue under Whitehurst Freeway NW	

10. Description: DDOT is proposing a transportation improvement and the introduction of streetcar along the K Street NW corridor from Union Station to Georgetown. This project will provide an efficient east-west connection for transit and improve transportation mobility, and improve transit reliability. The streetcar alignment is primarily located along K Street, NW, New Jersey Avenue NW, and H Street, NE. Below are the proposed station locations and corridor links (to be finalized in the NEPA process):

Station locations:

Location	Platform	Serves
H Street @ Hopscotch Bridge	side platform	Union Station
K Street between 3rd and 4th Streets	side platform	NoMa
Mount Vernon Square	side platform	Mount Vernon
		14th and 15th
K Street @ McPherson Square	side platform	Streets
		17th and 18th
K Street @ Farragut Square	side platform	Streets
		19th and 20th
K Street @ 19th and 20th Streets	side platform	Streets
K Street @ 25th and 26th Streets	split center	Foggy Bottom / GU
K Street @ Wisconsin Avenue	center	Georgetown

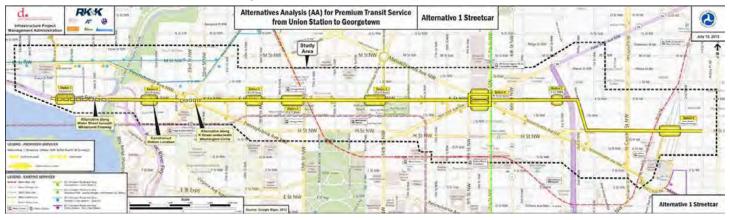
Link-by-link connection:

Link	Roadway	shared/exclusive	streetcar
Georgetown to Washington Circle	Along K Street NW	shared lanes	center
At Washington Circle	Under circle	shared lanes	center
Washington Circle to Mount Vernon Square	Along K Street NW	exclusive	center
At Mount Vernon Square	WB: north side	shared lanes	curb
	EB: south side		curb
Mount Vernon Square to Union Station	K Street	shared lanes	curb
	New Jersey	shared lanes	center
	H Street	shared lanes	curb
At Union Station	Hopscotch Bridge	shared lanes	curb
Connection to existing tracks	at 3rd Street NE	shared lanes	curb

The streetcar program will operate with a 10 minute headway.

NEPA Status: DDOT will begin NEPA in the first quarter of CY 2014; it will be 12 - 18 months.

Map of preferred alternative from Alternatives Analysis. The NEPA process will build from this alternative and information gathered in the AA.



- 11. Projected Completion Year: 2020
- 12. Project Manager: Lezlie Rupert
- 13. Project Manager E-Mail: lezlie.rupert@dc.gov
- 14. Project Information <u>URL: www.unionstationtogeorgetown.com</u>
- 15. Total Miles: 3.41 miles
- 16. Schematic:
- 17. Documentation: Union Station to Georgetown Alternatives Analysis (September 2013)
- 18. Jurisdictions: DDOT
- 19. Baseline Cost: \$348 million cost estimate as of <u>09/30/2013</u>
- 20. Amended Cost: cost estimate as of MM/DD/YYYY
- 21. Funding Sources: X_ Federal; _X State; _X Local; _X Private; _ Bonds; _ Other

MAP-21 PLANNING FACTORS

- 22. Please identify any and all planning factors that are addressed by this project:
 - a. _X Support the **economic vitality** of the metropolitan area, especially by enabling global competitiveness, productivity, and efficiency.
 - b. _ Increase the **safety** of the transportation system for all motorized and non-motorized users.
 - i. Is this project being proposed specifically to address a safety issue? _ Yes; _ No
 - ii. If yes, briefly describe (in quantifiable terms, where possible) the nature of the safety problem:
 - c. _ Increase the ability of the transportation system to support **homeland security** and to safeguard the personal security of all motorized and non-motorized users.
 - d. _X Increase accessibility and mobility of people.
 - e. _ Increase accessibility and mobility of freight.
 - f. X_ Protect and enhance the **environment**, promote energy conservation, improve the quality of life, and promote consistency between transportation improvements and State and local planned growth and economic development patterns.
 - g. X_ Enhance the **integration and connectivity** of the transportation system, across and between modes, for people and freight.
 - h. X_ Promote efficient system management and operation.
 - i. X Emphasize the **preservation** of the existing transportation system.

ENVIRONMENTAL MITIGATION

- 23. Have any potential mitigation activities been identified for this project? _ Yes; X_No
 - a. If yes, what types of mitigation activities have been identified?
 - _ Air Quality; _ Floodplains; _ Socioeconomics; _ Geology, Soils and Groundwater; Vibrations;
 - _ Energy; _ Noise; _ Surface Water; _ Hazardous and Contaminated Materials; _ Wetlands

CONGESTION MANAGEMENT INFORMATION

- 24. Congested Conditions
- a. Do traffic congestion conditions necessitate the proposed project or program? Yes; X No
- b. If so, is the congestion recurring or non-recurring? Recurring; Non-recurring
- c. If the congestion is on another facility, please identify it:
- 25. Capacity
- a. Is this a capacity-increasing project on a limited access highway or other principal arterial? _ Yes; X_ No
- b. If the answer to Question 26.a was "yes", are any of the following exemption criteria true about the project? (Choose one, or indicate that none of the exemption criteria apply):
 - _ None of the exemption criteria apply to this project a Congestion Management Documentation Form is required
 - _ The project will not use federal funds in any phase of development or construction (100% state, local, and/or private funding)
 - The number of lane-miles added to the highway system by the project totals less than one lane-mile
 - _ The project is an intersection reconstruction or other traffic engineering improvement, including replacement of an at-grade intersection with an interchange
 - The project, such as a transit, bicycle or pedestrian facility, will not allow private single-occupant motor vehicles
 - _ The project consists of preliminary studies or engineering only, and is not funded for construction
 - _ The construction costs for the project are less than \$10 million.
- c. If the project is not exempt and requires a Congestion Management Documentation Form, click here to open a blank Congestion Management Documentation Form.

2. M Street Southeast/Southwest Streetcar Line

1.	Submitting	Agency	\cdot DDOT
_ .	Jubilliculty	AGELIC	,.,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,

- 2. Secondary Agency:
- 3. Agency Project ID:

4.	Project Type:	_ Interstate _ Primary _ Secondary _ Urban _ Bridge _ Bike/Ped \underline{x} Transit _ CMAQ
		_ ITS _ Enhancement _ Other _ Federal Lands Highways Program

_ Human Service Transportation Coordination _ TERMs

- 5. Category: __System Expansion; _ System Maintenance; _ Operational Program; _ Study; _ Other
- 6. Project Name: Streetcar M Street Southeast/Southwest Streetcar Line

		Prefix	Route	Name	Modifier
7.	Facility:		М	DC streetcar - M Street SE/SW	
8.	From (_ at):			11 th Street Bridge	
9.	To:			Maine Avenue SW	

10. Description:

Construct a streetcar line running from Good Hope Road SE, across the 11th Street Bridge, to M Street SE/SW, ending at Maine Avenue SW. This line will connect to the planned Anacostia Initial Streetcar Line at Good Hope Road SE.

- 11. Projected Completion Year: 2020
- 12. Project Manager: Thomas Perry
- 13. Project Manager E-Mail:Thomas.Perry@dc.gov
- 14. Project Information URL:www.dcstreetcar.com
- 15. Total Miles:3
- 16. Schematic:
- 17. Documentation: NEPA Phase
- 18. Jurisdictions: Washington, DC
- 19. Baseline Cost (in Thousands): \$250 million cost estimate as of 1/23/2014
 20. Amended Cost (in Thousands):TBD cost estimate as of MM/DD/YYYY
- 21. Funding Sources: _ Federal; _ State; | Local; _ Private; _ Bonds; _ Other

MAP-21 PLANNING FACTORS

- 22. Please identify any and all planning factors that are addressed by this project:
 - a. Support the **economic vitality** of the metropolitan area, especially by enabling global competitiveness, productivity, and efficiency.
 - b. $\boxed{\mathbf{x}}$ Increase the **safety** of the transportation system for all motorized and non-motorized users.
 - i. Is this project being proposed specifically to address a safety issue? _ Yes; _ No
 - ii. If yes, briefly describe (in quantifiable terms, where possible) the nature of the safety problem:
 - c. _ Increase the ability of the transportation system to support **homeland security** and to safeguard the personal security of all motorized and non-motorized users.
 - d. $\boxed{\mathbf{x}}$ Increase **accessibility and mobility** of people.

CLRP Project Description Form

- e. _ Increase accessibility and mobility of freight.
- f. Protect and enhance the **environment**, promote energy conservation, improve the quality of life, and promote consistency between transportation improvements and State and local planned growth and economic development patterns.
- g. x Enhance the **integration and connectivity** of the transportation system, across and between modes, for people and freight.
- h. X Promote efficient system management and operation.
- i. \mathbf{x} Emphasize the **preservation** of the existing transportation system.

ENVIRONMENTAL MITIGATION

- 23. Have any potential mitigation activities been identified for this project? _ Yes; XNo
 - a. If yes, what types of mitigation activities have been identified?
 - _ Air Quality; _ Floodplains; _ Socioeconomics; _ Geology, Soils and Groundwater; Vibrations;
 - _ Energy; _ Noise; _ Surface Water; _ Hazardous and Contaminated Materials; _ Wetlands

CONGESTION MANAGEMENT INFORMATION

- 24. Congested Conditions
 - a. Do traffic congestion conditions necessitate the proposed project or program? _ Yes; 🖟 No
 - b. If so, is the congestion recurring or non-recurring?

 Recurring; _ Non-recurring
 - c. If the congestion is on another facility, please identify it:
- 25. Capacity
 - a. Is this a capacity-increasing project on a limited access highway or other principal arterial? X Yes; _ No
 - b. If the answer to Question 26.a was "yes", are any of the following exemption criteria true about the project? (Choose one, or indicate that none of the exemption criteria apply):
 - _ None of the exemption criteria apply to this project a Congestion Management Documentation Form is required _ The project will not use federal funds in any phase of development or construction (100% state, local, and/or private funding)
 - _ The number of lane-miles added to the highway system by the project totals less than one lane-mile
 - _ The project is an intersection reconstruction or other traffic engineering improvement, including replacement of an at-grade intersection with an interchange
 - The project, such as a transit, bicycle or pedestrian facility, will not allow private single-occupant motor vehicles
 - _ The project consists of preliminary studies or engineering only, and is not funded for construction
 - _ The construction costs for the project are less than \$10 million.
 - c. If the project is not exempt and requires a Congestion Management Documentation Form, click here to open a blank Congestion Management Documentation Form.

3. Benning Road Streetcar Spur - Minnesota Avenue Metro Station

1. Submitting Agency: DDOT

2. Secondary Agency:

3. Agency Project ID: CD052A

4. Project Type: _ Interstate X _ Primary _ Secondary _ Urban _ Bridge _ Bike/Ped _ Transit _ CMAQ

_ ITS _ Enhancement _ Other _ Federal Lands Highways Program

_ Human Service Transportation Coordination _ TERMs

5. Category: __System Expansion; _ System Maintenance; X_ Operational Program; _ Study; _ Other

6. Project Name: Streetcar – Benning Road/Minnesota Avenue Spur

		Prefix	Route	Name	Modifier
7.	Facility:			Minnesota Avenue	
8.	From (_ at):			Benning Road	
9.	To:			Minnesota Avenue Metro Station	

10. Description:

This will be an addition to the DC Streetcar Project which was part of the 2010 CLRP. This addition will have a spur at the Benning/Minnesota Ave intersection and proceed along Minnesota Ave to the Minnesota Ave Metro Station.

11. Projected Completion Year: 2018

12. Project Manager: Clarence Dickerson

13. Project Manager E-Mail: Clarence.dickerson@dc.gov

14. Project Information URL:15. Total Miles: 2/10 of a mile

16. Schematic:

17. Documentation: DC Streetcar Project (2010 CLRP)

18. Jurisdictions: District of Columbia

19. Baseline Cost: \$40 million cost estimate as of MM/DD/YYYY

20. Amended Cost: cost estimate as of MM/DD/YYYY

21. Funding Sources: X_ Federal; X_ State; X _ Local; _ Private; _ Bonds; _ Other

MAP-21 PLANNING FACTORS

- 22. Please identify any and all planning factors that are addressed by this project:
 - a. _ Support the **economic vitality** of the metropolitan area, especially by enabling global competitiveness, productivity, and efficiency.
 - b. X Increase the **safety** of the transportation system for all motorized and non-motorized users.
 - i. Is this project being proposed specifically to address a safety issue? _ Yes; _X No
 - ii. If yes, briefly describe (in quantifiable terms, where possible) the nature of the safety problem:
 - c. _ Increase the ability of the transportation system to support homeland security and to

safeguard the personal security of all motorized and non-motorized users.

- d. X Increase accessibility and mobility of people.
- e. _ Increase accessibility and mobility of freight.
- f. _ Protect and enhance the **environment**, promote energy conservation, improve the quality of life, and promote consistency between transportation improvements and State and local planned growth and economic development patterns.
- g. _X Enhance the **integration and connectivity** of the transportation system, across and between modes, for people and freight.
- h. _X Promote efficient system management and operation.
- i. _ Emphasize the **preservation** of the existing transportation system.

ENVIRONMENTAL MITIGATION

- 23. Have any potential mitigation activities been identified for this project? _ Yes; X_No
 - a. If yes, what types of mitigation activities have been identified?
 - _ Air Quality; _ Floodplains; _ Socioeconomics; _ Geology, Soils and Groundwater; Vibrations;
 - _ Energy; _ Noise; _ Surface Water; _ Hazardous and Contaminated Materials; _ Wetlands

CONGESTION MANAGEMENT INFORMATION

- 24. Congested Conditions
 - a. Do traffic congestion conditions necessitate the proposed project or program? _X Yes; _ No
 - b. If so, is the congestion recurring or non-recurring? _X Recurring; _ Non-recurring
 - c. If the congestion is on another facility, please identify it:
- 25. Capacity
- a. Is this a capacity-increasing project on a limited access highway or other principal arterial? _X Yes; _
 No
- b. If the answer to Question 26.a was "yes", are any of the following exemption criteria true about the project? (Choose one, or indicate that none of the exemption criteria apply):
 - _ None of the exemption criteria apply to this project a Congestion Management Documentation Form is required
 - _ The project will not use federal funds in any phase of development or construction (100% state, local, and/or private funding)
 - The number of lane-miles added to the highway system by the project totals less than one lane-mile
 - _ The project is an intersection reconstruction or other traffic engineering improvement, including replacement of an at-grade intersection with an interchange
 - _ The project, such as a transit, bicycle or pedestrian facility, will not allow private single-occupant motor vehicles
 - _ The project consists of preliminary studies or engineering only, and is not funded for construction
 - _X The construction costs for the project are less than \$10 million.
- c. If the project is not exempt and requires a Congestion Management Documentation Form, click here to open a blank Congestion Management Documentation Form.

FINANCIALLY CONSTRAINED LONG-RANGE TRANSPORTATION PLAN FOR 2040 PROJECT DESCRIPTION FORM

5A. Study: Managed Lanes on the 14th Street/Rochambeau Bridge

1. Submitting Agency: DDOT

2. Secondary Agency:

3. Agency Project ID: PM0A4A

4. Project Type: X Interstate _ Primary _ Secondary _ Urban _ Bridge _ Bike/Ped _ Transit _ CMAQ

_ ITS _ Enhancement _ Other _ Federal Lands Highways Program

_ Human Service Transportation Coordination _ TERMs

5. Category: __System Expansion; _ System Maintenance; _ Operational Program; X Study; _ Other

Project Name: Study: Managed Lanes Conversion to HOV Lanes/HOT Lanes

Prefix	Route	Name	Modifier
		Rochambeau Bridge (I-395)	
		Va State Line	
		Southeast/Southwest Freeway (I-395/I-695)	

7. Facility:

8. From (_ at):

9. To:

10. Description:

The managed lanes study consists of a network of three independent corridors linked to provide access into and through the District of Columbia to provide a predictable travel time. The project will promote multi-modal and High Occupancy Vehicle (HOV) use and promote the reduction of Single Occupancy Vehicle (SOV) travel into the District. The project utilizes the existing transportation network and makes improvements to that network as appropriate and required to provide a managed lane facility. Eventually HOV will be converted to HOT.

The District Department of Transportation completed a feasibility study on the Managed Lanes Corridor, which consisted of Rochambeau Bridge/I-395 (Corridor I); Southeast Southwest Freeway/I-395,I-695 (Corridor II); I-295 (Corridor III). Corridors II and III will have additional NEPA needs.

There are currently three bridges that cross into the District of Columbia from Virginia along the I-395 corridor. The Arland Williams Jr Memorial Bridge (Route 1/I-395) carries the northbound traffic coming into DC, has four General Purpose Lanes. These lanes will remain as GP Lanes and are not being changed.

The George Mason Memorial Bridge (Route 1/I-395) carries the southbound traffic coming into Va, has four GP Lanes, which will remain as GP Lanes and are not being changed.

The Rochambeau Bridge carries in total four lanes, two northbound and two southbound lanes. Traffic from these lanes feed into or come out of the existing HOV system in Va.

The operation of HOV will mirror the existing operation in Va, which is HOV 3+, 6am to 9am/3:30pm to 6pm Mon-Fri.

We are planning to convert the HOV to HOT by March 2015, with the NEPA being a Documented Categorical Exclusion. Corridor 2 and 3 will go through NEPA process.

There have been continuous and on-going coordination with state dot's and jurisdictions.

- 11. Projected Completion Year: 2015
- 12. Project Manager: Clarence Dickerson
- 13. Project Manager E-Mail: Clarence.dickerson@dc.gov
- 14. Project Information URL:
- 15. Total Miles: ≈9 miles
- 16. Schematic:
- 17. Documentation: Managed Lanes Corridor Project Feasibility Study (December 2013)
- 18. Jurisdictions: Virginia, District of Columbia
- 19. Baseline Cost: \$5.9 million cost estimate as of 12/31/2013
 20. Amended Cost: cost estimate as of MM/DD/YYYY
- 21. Funding Sources: X_ Federal; X_ State; X _ Local; X_ Private; _ Bonds; _ Other

MAP-21 PLANNING FACTORS

- 22. Please identify any and all planning factors that are addressed by this project:
 - a. _ Support the **economic vitality** of the metropolitan area, especially by enabling global competitiveness, productivity, and efficiency.
 - b. _X Increase the **safety** of the transportation system for all motorized and non-motorized users.
 - i. Is this project being proposed specifically to address a safety issue? _ Yes; _ No
 - ii. If yes, briefly describe (in quantifiable terms, where possible) the nature of the safety problem:
 - c. _ Increase the ability of the transportation system to support **homeland security** and to safeguard the personal security of all motorized and non-motorized users.
 - d. _X Increase accessibility and mobility of people.
 - e. _ Increase accessibility and mobility of freight.
 - f. _ Protect and enhance the **environment**, promote energy conservation, improve the quality of life, and promote consistency between transportation improvements and State and local planned growth and economic development patterns.
 - g. _ Enhance the **integration and connectivity** of the transportation system, across and between modes, for people and freight.
 - h. X Promote efficient system management and operation.
 - i. _ Emphasize the **preservation** of the existing transportation system.

ENVIRONMENTAL MITIGATION

- 23. Have any potential mitigation activities been identified for this project? _ Yes; X_No
 - a. If yes, what types of mitigation activities have been identified?
 - _ Air Quality; _ Floodplains; _ Socioeconomics; _ Geology, Soils and Groundwater; Vibrations;
 - _ Energy; _ Noise; _ Surface Water; _ Hazardous and Contaminated Materials; _ Wetlands

CONGESTION MANAGEMENT INFORMATION

- 24. Congested Conditions
 - a. Do traffic congestion conditions necessitate the proposed project or program? _X Yes; _ No
 - b. If so, is the congestion recurring or non-recurring? _X Recurring; _ Non-recurring
 - c. If the congestion is on another facility, please identify it:

25. Capacity

- a. Is this a capacity-increasing project on a limited access highway or other principal arterial? _X Yes; _
 No
- b. If the answer to Question 26.a was "yes", are any of the following exemption criteria true about the project? (Choose one, or indicate that none of the exemption criteria apply):
 - _ None of the exemption criteria apply to this project a Congestion Management Documentation Form is required
 - _ The project will not use federal funds in any phase of development or construction (100% state, local, and/or private funding)
 - _ The number of lane-miles added to the highway system by the project totals less than one lane-mile
 - _ The project is an intersection reconstruction or other traffic engineering improvement, including replacement of an at-grade intersection with an interchange
 - _ The project, such as a transit, bicycle or pedestrian facility, will not allow private single-occupant motor vehicles
 - _ The project consists of preliminary studies or engineering only, and is not funded for construction
 - _X The construction costs for the project are less than \$10 million.
- c. If the project is not exempt and requires a Congestion Management Documentation Form, click here to open a blank Congestion Management Documentation Form.

FINANCIALLY CONSTRAINED LONG-RANGE TRANSPORTATION PLAN FOR 2040 PROJECT DESCRIPTION FORM

5B/C. Study: Managed Lanes on the 14th Street/Rochambeau Bridge

Submitting Agency: DDOT
 Secondary Agency: DDOT
 Agency Project ID: PM0A4A

4. Project Type: X Interstate _ Primary _ Secondary _ Urban _ Bridge _ Bike/Ped _ Transit _ CMAQ

_ ITS _ Enhancement _ Other _ Federal Lands Highways Program

_ Human Service Transportation Coordination _ TERMs

5. Category: __ System Expansion; _ System Maintenance; _ Operational Program; X Study; _ Other

6. Project Name: Managed Lanes Corridor II and III NEPA

Facility:
 From (_ at):
 To:

10. Description:

Prefix	Route	Name	Modifier
		{Corridor 2 SE/SW Freeway (I-395/I-695)}	
		{Corridor 3 (I-295)}	
		{Corridor 2 At Case Bridge}	
		{Corridor 3 at the junction of (I-295/I-695)}	
		{Corridor 2 11 th Street Bridge}	
		{Corridor 3 DC/MD Line}	

The managed lanes project consists of a network of three independent corridors linked to provide access into and through the District of Columbia to provide a predictable travel time. The project will promote multi-modal and High Occupancy Vehicle (HOV) use and promote the reduction of Single Occupancy Vehicle (SOV) travel into the District. The project utilizes the existing transportation network and makes improvements to that network as appropriate and required to provide a managed lane facility.

DDOT has plans to perform an environmental study on the Managed Lanes Corridor II and III. The study level of the NEPA document will be determined at later time but it will be at a higher level NEPA document.

Corridor II will be along SE/SW Freeway (I-395/I-695) beginning near the Case Bridge to the 11^{th} Street Bridge. Corridor III will be along I-295 beginning near the 11^{th} Street Bridge to the DC/MD line. The lanes along these corridors would either be converted to HOV/HOT or built into HOV/HOT lanes.

- 11. Projected Completion Year:
- 12. Project Manager: Clarence Dickerson
- 13. Project Manager E-Mail: Clarence.dickerson@dc.gov
- 14. Project Information URL:
- 15. Total Miles: 5.5 miles
- 16. Schematic:
- 17. Documentation: Managed Lanes Corridor Project Feasibility Study (December 2013)
- 18. Jurisdictions: Virginia, District of Columbia and Maryland
- 19. Baseline Cost (in Thousands): cost estimate as of MM/DD/YYYY
- 20. Amended Cost (in Thousands): cost estimate as of MM/DD/YYYY
- 21. Funding Sources: X_ Federal; X_ State; X _ Local; X_ Private; _ Bonds; _ Other

MAP-21 PLANNING FACTORS

- 22. Please identify any and all planning factors that are addressed by this project:
 - a. _ Support the **economic vitality** of the metropolitan area, especially by enabling global competitiveness, productivity, and efficiency.
 - b. _X Increase the **safety** of the transportation system for all motorized and non-motorized users.
 - i. Is this project being proposed specifically to address a safety issue? Yes; No
 - ii. If yes, briefly describe (in quantifiable terms, where possible) the nature of the safety problem:
 - c. _ Increase the ability of the transportation system to support **homeland security** and to safeguard the personal security of all motorized and non-motorized users.
 - d. _X Increase accessibility and mobility of people.
 - e. _ Increase accessibility and mobility of freight.
 - f. _ Protect and enhance the **environment**, promote energy conservation, improve the quality of life, and promote consistency between transportation improvements and State and local planned growth and economic development patterns.
 - g. _ Enhance the **integration and connectivity** of the transportation system, across and between modes, for people and freight.
 - h. _X Promote efficient system **management and operation**.
 - i. _ Emphasize the **preservation** of the existing transportation system.

ENVIRONMENTAL MITIGATION

- 23. Have any potential mitigation activities been identified for this project? Yes; X No
 - a. If yes, what types of mitigation activities have been identified?
 - _ Air Quality; _ Floodplains; _ Socioeconomics; _ Geology, Soils and Groundwater; Vibrations;
 - _ Energy; _ Noise; _ Surface Water; _ Hazardous and Contaminated Materials; _ Wetlands

CONGESTION MANAGEMENT INFORMATION

- 24. Congested Conditions
 - a. Do traffic congestion conditions necessitate the proposed project or program? X Yes; No
 - b. If so, is the congestion recurring or non-recurring? _X Recurring; _ Non-recurring
 - c. If the congestion is on another facility, please identify it:
- 25. Capacity
- a. Is this a capacity-increasing project on a limited access highway or other principal arterial? _X Yes; _
 No
- b. If the answer to Question 26.a was "yes", are any of the following exemption criteria true about the project? (Choose one, or indicate that none of the exemption criteria apply):
 - _ None of the exemption criteria apply to this project a Congestion Management Documentation Form is required
 - _ The project will not use federal funds in any phase of development or construction (100% state, local, and/or private funding)
 - The number of lane-miles added to the highway system by the project totals less than one lane-mile
 - _ The project is an intersection reconstruction or other traffic engineering improvement, including replacement of an at-grade intersection with an interchange
 - _ The project, such as a transit, bicycle or pedestrian facility, will not allow private single-occupant motor vehicles
 - _ The project consists of preliminary studies or engineering only, and is not funded for construction
 - _X The construction costs for the project are less than \$10 million.
- c. If the project is not exempt and requires a Congestion Management Documentation Form, click here to open a blank Congestion Management Documentation Form.

7. I-95/I-495 Interchange at Greenbelt Metro Station

1. Submitting Agency: MDOT

2. Secondary Agency:

3. Agency Project ID:

4. Project Type: X Interstate _ Primary _ Secondary _ Urban _ Bridge _ Bike/Ped _ Transit _ CMAQ
 5. Category: X System Expansion; _ System Maintenance; _ Operational Program; _ Study; _ Other

6. Project Name: I-95/I-495 Interchange at the Greenbelt Metro Station

		Prefix	Route Name	difier	
7.	Facility:	I	495/95	Capital Beltway	
8.	From (_ at):			Greenbelt Metro Station	
9.	To:				

10. Description: Construct a full interchange along I-95/I-495 at the Greenbelt Metro Station. The

existing partial interchange provides access from inner loop Capital Beltway to the Greenbelt Metro Station. The project includes the addition of auxilliary lanes on I-95/I-

495 between the Greenbelt metro and MD 201 interchanges.

11. Projected Completion Year: 2020

12. Project Manager:

- 13. Project Manager E-Mail:
- 14. Project Information URL:
- 15. Total Miles:
- 16. Schematic:
- 17. Documentation:
- 18. Jurisdictions: District of Columbia

19. Baseline Cost: \$78.21 million cost estimate as of 12/11/2013

20. Amended Cost: cost estimate as of MM/DD/YYYY

21. Funding Sources: X Federal; X State; _ Local; _ Private; _ Bonds; _ Other

MAP-21 PLANNING FACTORS

- 22. Please identify any and all planning factors that are addressed by this project:
 - a. _ Support the **economic vitality** of the metropolitan area, especially by enabling global competitiveness, productivity, and efficiency.
 - b. _ Increase the **safety** of the transportation system for all motorized and non-motorized users.
 - i. Is this project being proposed specifically to address a safety issue? Yes; X No
 - ii. If yes, briefly describe (in quantifiable terms, where possible) the nature of the safety problem:
 - c. _ Increase the ability of the transportation system to support **homeland security** and to safeguard the personal security of all motorized and non-motorized users.

- d. X Increase accessibility and mobility of people.
- e. _ Increase accessibility and mobility of freight.
- f. X Protect and enhance the **environment**, promote energy conservation, improve the quality of life, and promote consistency between transportation improvements and State and local planned growth and economic development patterns.
- g. X Enhance the **integration and connectivity** of the transportation system, across and between modes, for people and freight.
- h. _ Promote efficient system **management and operation**.
- i. _ Emphasize the **preservation** of the existing transportation system.

ENVIRONMENTAL MITIGATION

- 23. Have any potential mitigation activities been identified for this project? X Yes; _No
 - a. If yes, what types of mitigation activities have been identified?
 - _ Air Quality; _ Floodplains; _ Socioeconomics; _ Geology, Soils and Groundwater; Vibrations;
 - _ Energy; X Noise; X Surface Water; _ Hazardous and Contaminated Materials; X Wetlands

CONGESTION MANAGEMENT INFORMATION

- 24. Congested Conditions
 - a. Do traffic congestion conditions necessitate the proposed project or program? _ Yes; _ No
 - b. If so, is the congestion recurring or non-recurring? _ Recurring; _ Non-recurring
 - c. If the congestion is on another facility, please identify it:
- 25. Capacity
 - a. Is this a capacity-increasing project on a limited access highway or other principal arterial? Yes; No
 - b. If the answer to Question 26.a was "yes", are any of the following exemption criteria true about the project? (Choose one, or indicate that none of the exemption criteria apply):
 - _ None of the exemption criteria apply to this project a Congestion Management Documentation Form is required
 - _ The project will not use federal funds in any phase of development or construction (100% state, local, and/or private funding)
 - The number of lane-miles added to the highway system by the project totals less than one lane-mile
 - _ The project is an intersection reconstruction or other traffic engineering improvement, including replacement of an at-grade intersection with an interchange
 - _ The project, such as a transit, bicycle or pedestrian facility, will not allow private single-occupant motor vehicles
 - The project consists of preliminary studies or engineering only, and is not funded for construction
 - _X The construction costs for the project are less than \$10 million.
 - c. If the project is not exempt and requires a Congestion Management Documentation Form, click here to open a blank Congestion Management Documentation Form.

FINANCIALLY CONSTRAINED LONG-RANGE TRANSPORTATION PLAN FOR 2040 PROJECT DESCRIPTION FORM

9. Widen US 1 from Fuller Road to Russell Road Interchange

1.	Agency Project	: ID: N	/A	Secondary Agency:			
2.	Project Type:	X Syst	em Ex _l	pansion; _ System Maintenance; _ Operational Program; _	_ Study; _ Other		
	(check all	_ Free	way; X	Primary; _ Secondary; _ Urban; _ Bridge; _ Bike/Ped; _ `	Transit; _ CMAQ;		
	that apply)	_ ITS;	_ Enha	ancement; _ Other			
3.	Project Title:	Widen	US 1	from Fuller Road to Russell Road Interchange			
		Prefix	Route	Name	Modifier		
4.	Facility:	US	1	Jefferson Davis			
5.	From (_ at):			Fuller Road			
6.	To:			Russell Road	Interchange		
7.	Jurisdiction(s):	Prince	e Willia	am County			
8.	Description:	Widen	Route	e 1 from Fuller Road to Russell Road from 4 to 6 lane	es		
9.	Bicycle or Pede	estrian	Accon	nmodations: _ Not Included; X Included; _ Primarily a Bil	ke/Ped Project; _ N/A		
10.	Total Miles:			_ , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	, , , , , ,		
11.	Project Manage	er:		12. E-Mail:mbackmon@pwo	cgov.org		
13.	Project Informa	ation U	IRL:				
14.	Projected Com	pletion	Year:	2025			
15.	Actual Complet	tion Ye	ar:	_ Project is ongoing. Year refe	ers to implementation.		
16.	_ This project	t is bei	ng wit	chdrawn from the Plan as of:			
17.	Total cost: \$7	6 millio	on				
18.	Remaining cos	t (in Th	nousar	nds):			
19.	Funding Source	es: XF	ederal	; _ State; X Local; _ Private; _ Bonds; X Other			
COI	NGESTION MA	NAGE	MENT	INFORMATION			
				tions necessitate the proposed project? X Yes; _ No			
	-			ions: _XRecurring congestion; _ Non-site specific co	naestion:		
	,			_ Frequent incident-related, non-recurring con-	-		
22.				g project on a limited access highway or other arterian minor arterial? _ Yes; X No			
23.		oes this project require a Congestion Management Documentation form under the given see <i>Call for Projects</i> document)?Yes;No					
24.		If not, please identify the criteria that exempt the project here: _ The number of lane-miles added to the highway system by the project totals less than 1 lane-mile					
				tion reconstruction or other traffic engineering improde intersection with an interchange	ovement, including		
	$_$ The project v	will not	allow	motor vehicles, such as a bicycle or pedestrian facili	ty		
	$_$ The project σ	consist	s of pr	eliminary studies or engineering only, and is not fun	ded for construction		
	$_$ The project $_{ m r}$	eceive	d NEP	A approval on or before April 6, 1992			
				under construction on or before September 30, 1997 in the FY98-03 TIP.	, or construction funds		

_ The construction costs for the project are less than \$5 million.

<u>S</u>

SA	FETEA-LU PLANNING FACTORS
25.	Please identify any and all planning factors that are addressed by this project:
	X Support the economic vitality of the metropolitan area, especially by enabling global competitiveness, productivity, and efficiency.
	_ Increase the safety of the transportation system for all motorized and non-motorized users.
	a. Is this project being proposed specifically to address a safety issue? $_$ Yes; X No
	b. Please identify issues: _ High accident location; _ Pedestrian safety; _ Other _ Truck or freight safety; _ Engineer-identified problem
	c. Briefly describe (in quantifiable terms, where possible) the nature of the safety problem:
	_ Increase the ability of the transportation system to support homeland security and to safeguard the personal security of all motorized and non-motorized users.
	X Increase accessibility and mobility of people and freight.
	_ Protect and enhance the environment, promote energy conservation, improve the quality of life, and promote consistency between transportation improvements and State and local planned growth and economic development patterns.
	X Enhance the integration and connectivity of the transportation system, across and between modes, for people and freight.
	_ Promote efficient system management and operation.
	_ Emphasize the preservation of the existing transportation system.
<u>EN'</u>	VIRONMENTAL MITIGATION
	Have any potential mitigation activities been identified for this project? _ Yes XNo
	If yes, what types of mitigation activities have been identified?
	_ Air Quality; _ Floodplains; _ Socioeconomics; _ Geology, Soils and Groundwater; Vibrations;
	_ Energy; _ Noise; _ Surface Water; _ Hazardous and Contaminated Materials; _ Wetlands
IN	FELLIGENT TRANSPORTATION SYSTEMS
	Is this an Intelligent Transportation Systems (ITS) project as defined in federal law and regulation, and therefore subject to Federal Rule 940 Requirements? _ Yes; X No
29.	If yes, what is the status of the systems engineering analysis compliant with Federal Rule 940 for the project? _ Not Started; _ Ongoing, not complete; _ Complete
30.	Under which Architecture:
	_ DC, Maryland or Virginia State Architecture
	_ WMATA Architecture
	_ COG/TPB Regional ITS Architecture
	_ Other, please specify:

31. Other Comments

FINANCIALLY CONSTRAINED LONG-RANGE TRANSPORTATION PLAN FOR 2040 PROJECT DESCRIPTION FORM

10. Widen VA 123 from VA 7 to I-495

1.	Agency Project	t ID: N	/A	Secondary Agency:	
2.	Project Type:	_x Sys	tem E	kpansion; _ System Maintenance; _ Operational Program;	_ Study; _ Other
	(check all	_ Free	way; _	x Primary; _ Secondary; _ Urban; _ Bridge; _x Bike/Ped;	_x Transit; _ CMAQ;
	that apply)	_ ITS;	_ Enha	ancement; _ Other	
3.	Project Title:	Widen	VA 1	23 from VA 7, Leesburg Pike to I-495, Capital Beltwa	У
		Prefix	Route	Name	Modifier
4.	Facility:	VA	123	Chain bridge Road	
5.	From (_ at):	VA	7	Leesburg Pike	
6.	To:	Ι	495	Capital Beltway	
_	7 . 1	-	6		
7.	Jurisdiction(s)				
8.	•			oute 123 from Leesburg Pike to the Capital Beltway f	
9.	•			nmodations: _ Not Included; _x Included; _x Primarily a	Bike/Ped Project; _ N/A
	Total Miles: 0.				
	-			kowski 12. E-Mail: Tad.Borkowski@Fairfaxcounty.go	ıV
	-			ttp://www.fairfaxcounty.gov/tysons/transportation	
	Projected Com	•			
	Actual Comple			_ Project is ongoing. Year refe	ers to implementation.
			_	hdrawn from the Plan as of:	
17.	Total cost (in	Thousa	nds):	\$22 million	
18.	Remaining cos	t (in Tl	nousar	nds):	
19.	Funding Source	es: _ F	edera	; _ State; _ Local; _ Private; _ Bonds; _ Other	
				INFORMATION	
	_			cions necessitate the proposed project? x_Yes; _ No	
21.	If so, describe	those	condit	ions: x_ Recurring congestion; x_ Non-site specific c	
				_ Frequent incident-related, non-recurring con	
22.				g project on a limited access highway or other arterian n minor arterial? _ Yes; x_ No	ıl highway of a
23.	If yes, does the criteria (see Co			quire a Congestion Management Documentation form is document)? Yes; _ No	under the given
24.				riteria that exempt the project here: s added to the highway system by the project totals I	ess than 1 lane-mile
				tion reconstruction or other traffic engineering impro de intersection with an interchange	vement, including
	_ The project v	will not	allow	motor vehicles, such as a bicycle or pedestrian facili	ty

_ The project consists of preliminary studies or engineering only, and is not funded for construction

_ The project was already under construction on or before September 30, 1997, or construction funds

_ The project received NEPA approval on or before April 6, 1992

were already committed in the FY98-03 TIP.

_ The construction costs for the project are less than \$5 million.

<u>SAI</u>	FETEA-LU PLANNING FACTORS
25.	Please identify any and all planning factors that are addressed by this project:
	x_ Support the economic vitality of the metropolitan area, especially by enabling global competitiveness, productivity, and efficiency.
	_ Increase the safety of the transportation system for all motorized and non-motorized users.
	a. Is this project being proposed specifically to address a safety issue? $_$ Yes; $x_$ No
	 b. Please identify issues: _ High accident location; _ Pedestrian safety; _ Other _ Truck or freight safety; _ Engineer-identified problem
	c. Briefly describe (in quantifiable terms, where possible) the nature of the safety problem:
	_ Increase the ability of the transportation system to support homeland security and to safeguard the personal security of all motorized and non-motorized users.
	_ Increase accessibility and mobility of people and freight.
	Protect and enhance the environment, promote energy conservation, improve the quality of life, an promote consistency between transportation improvements and State and local planned growth and economic development patterns.
	 Enhance the integration and connectivity of the transportation system, across and between modes, for people and freight.
	_ Promote efficient system management and operation.
	_ Emphasize the preservation of the existing transportation system.
<u>EN'</u>	VIRONMENTAL MITIGATION
26.	Have any potential mitigation activities been identified for this project? _ Yes; x_No
27.	If yes, what types of mitigation activities have been identified?
	_ Air Quality; _ Floodplains; _ Socioeconomics; _ Geology, Soils and Groundwater; Vibrations;
	_ Energy; _ Noise; _ Surface Water; _ Hazardous and Contaminated Materials; _ Wetlands
INT	TELLIGENT TRANSPORTATION SYSTEMS
	Is this an Intelligent Transportation Systems (ITS) project as defined in federal law and regulation, and therefore subject to Federal Rule 940 Requirements? _ Yes; x_ No
29.	If yes, what is the status of the systems engineering analysis compliant with Federal Rule 940 for the project? _ Not Started; _ Ongoing, not complete; _ Complete
30.	Under which Architecture:
	_ DC, Maryland or Virginia State Architecture
	_ WMATA Architecture
	_ COG/TPB Regional ITS Architecture
	_ Other, please specify:

31. Other Comments

(Transit)

	Project					Under Const.	Complt. Date or
Agency	ID	Improv.	Facility	From	То	acquired?	Status
Washing	aton M	etropolitan	Area Transit Authority				
		•	Revised Metrorail Operating				
WMATA		Modify	Plan				2015
District	of Colu	ımhia					
DISTITICE	or core	IIIDIa					
DDOT		Construct	DC Streetcar - Anacostia Initial Line (AIL)	and S. Capitol St. SE	Howard Rd. and Firth Sterling MLK Jr. Ave. SE		2015 2014
			Anacostia	Howard Rd. and Firth Sterling	•		
DDOT		Construct Construct	DC Streetcar Extension	MLK Jr. Ave. SE	Ave. SE		2016 2020
DDOT		Study	M St. SE/SW Streetcar	Good Hope Road, SE	Maine Ave. SW		not coded
DDOT		Construct	Union Station/Georgetown	Wisonsin Ave. under	3rd /H St. (near Union		2020
DDOT		Study	Streetcar	Whitehurst Freeway NW	Station)		not coded
DDOT		Construct	H St. / Benning Rd Streetcar	3rd / H St. (near Union Station)	Oklahoma Ave., NE		2014
DDOT		Construct	Benning Rd. Streetcar Extension	Oklahoma Ave., NE	45th St. / Benning Rd. Metro		2016
DDOT		Construct	Benning Rd. Streetcar Spur	Benning Rd.	Minnesota Ave. Metro Station		2015
DDOT		Reconstruct	K St. Transitway	Mt. Vernon Square/9th St. NW	Washington Circle / 23rd St. NW		2015
DDOT		Study Implement	I St. NW peak period Bus Only Lanes	13th St. NW	Pennsylvania Ave. NW		not coded 2014
DDOT		Study Implement	H St. Bus Lane- peak only	17th St. , NW	New York Ave., NW		not coded 2013
DDOT		Implement	H St./ Benning Rd. Bus Priority Improvements (TIGER Grant)	16th St. NW	Capitol Heights Metro Station		2015 by 2016
DDOT		Implement	16th St. Bus Priority Improvements (TIGER Grant)				2015 by 2016

(Transit)

	Project					Under Const.	Complt.
		_					
Agency	ID	Improv.	Facility	From	То	acquired?	Status
DDOT		Implement	Georgia Ave Bus Priority Improvements				2015 by 2016
DDOT		Implement	Wisconsin Ave. Bus Priority Improvements (TIGER Grant)	Friendship Heights Metro Station	Naylor Road Metrorail Station		2015 by 2016
DDOT		Implement	Theodore Roosevelt Bridge to K St. Bus Priority Improvements (TIGER Grant)				2015 by 2016
DDOT		Implement	14th St. Bus Priority Improvements (TIGER Grant)				2015 by 2016
DDOT		Study	North/South Corridor Streetcar Planning Study	Takoma Park Station	Buzzard Point		not coded
DDOT		Study	Capitol Hill/8th Street- Streetcar	H-St. NE	M-StSE		not coded
DDOT		Study	14th St. NW Streetcar	K St. NW	U St. NW		not coded
DDOT		Study	DC Circulator Expansion	Phase 1 Routes			not coded
DDOT		Implement	DC Circulator	National Mall Area Route	weekend only		2015 2013
Marylan	nd .						
MTA		Construct	Purple Line Transitway	Bethesda	New Carrollton	No	2020
MTA		Construct	Silver Spring Transit Center	Phase II		Yes	2017 2011
MTA		Construct	Corridor Cities BRT	Shady Grove	COMSAT		2020
MTA		Construct	Takoma/ Langley Park Transit Center	Intersection New Hampshire Ave and University Blvd.	Takoma / Langley Park	No	2015 2011
		Implement	Addison Rd. Transit Improvements (TIGER Grant)	near Seat Pleasant	Southern Ave. Metro Station		by 2016

Shaded areas represent changes since the 2013 CLRP.

(Transit)

Agency	Project ID	Improv.	Facility	From	То	Under Const. or ROW acquired?	Complt. Date or Status
		Implement	US 1 (MD) Bus Priority Improvements (TIGER Grant)				by 2016
MTA		Implement	Brunswick Line Service Improvements				2029
MTA		Implement	Camden Line Service Improvements				2029
MTA		Implement	Penn Line Service Improvements				2029
MTA		Study	MD 97 Georgia Ave. Busway	Wheaton	Olney		not coded
MTA		Study	MD 97 Georgia Ave. BRT	Wheaton	Olney		not coded
MTA		Study	Brunswick Line	new station			not coded
Montgo	mery C	ounty					
Mont.Co.	MCT7	Construct	Olney Transit Center University Blvd Bus	adjacent to or north of MD 108		No	2015
Mont.Co.		Construct	Enhancement	Kensington-	Silver Spring	No	2020
Mont.Co.		Study	Veirs Mill Road BRT	Rockville	Wheaton	No	not coded
Mont. Co.		Study	Countywide BRT	various corridors			not coded
Virginia							
VDOT		Widen	US 1 (bus/right-turn lanes) Crystal City / Potomac Yard	VA 235 North Vicinity of Glebe Rd. Ext	SCL Alexandria (I-95 Capital Beltway)	No	2035 2014
Arlington Co.		Construct	Busway (2-lane)	City/County line	Crystal City Metro Station	ROW acquired	

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(Transit)

	Project					Under Const.	Complt. Date or
Agency	ID	Improv.	Facility	From	То	acquired?	Status
Arlington Co.		Construct	Crystal City Streetcar Route 1 Corridor Streetcar	Vicinity of Glebe Rd. Ext City/County line	Pentagon City Metro Station		2019
Alex.		Construct	Potomac Yard Transit Bus lanes (2 lanes) Route 1 Corridor Streetcar	Four Mile Run	Braddock Rd.	Yes	2014
Alex.		Study	Conversion	Four Mile Run	Braddock Rd.		not coded
Alex.		Construct	Metro Station (Proposed)	@ Potomac Yards		No	2021 2017
VDOT		Construct	Columbia Pike Streetcar Transit Center (Bradlee	Skyline Center	Pentagon City	No	2017
VDOT		Construct	Shopping Center)	King St. and Braddock Rd.		No	2014
VDOT		Construct	Transit Center (Seven Corners)	Seven Corners Shopping Center		Completed	2012
VDOT		Construct	Park-and-Ride Lot	Wiehle Ave. Parking Garage	@ Reston East Park-and- Ride Lot	Completed	2013
VDOT		Construct	Park-and-Ride Lot	Springfield CBD	vic. I-95 & Old Keene Mill Road	No	2015
VDOT		Relocate/ Construct	Park-and-Ride Lot (Leesburg)	Relocate to vic. of Leesburg Bypass and / or the Dulles	700 Spaces	Completed	2010
VDOT		Construct	Lease Commuter Parking Spaces at Lowes Island	Leesburg		Completed	2013
VDOT		Construct	Park-and-Ride Lot	Purcellville	100 Space Park & Ride Lot	Completed	2013 2015
VDOT		Implement	Loudoun County Commuter Bus Service.	Town of Leesburg -Harrison St & Catoctin Circle	400 Space Park & Ride Lot	Completed	2010
VDOT		Construct	Park-and-Ride Lot	Dulles Town Center	300 Spaces	Proffered	2014 2015
VDOT		Construct	Park-and-Ride Lot	US 50 at Stone Ridge	100 spaces 450- Spaces	Proffered	2014 2015
VDOT		Construct	Park-and-Ride Lot	US 50 Dulles at East Gate	200 Spaces	Yes	2015 2025

(Transit)

	Droject					Under Const.	Complt.
	Project						
Agency	ID	Improv.	Facility	From	То	acquired?	Status
VDOT		Construct	Park-and-Ride Lot	VA 234 (vicinity of I-66)	at Cushing Road	Completed	2013
VDOT		Construct	Park & Ride Facility	Round Hill	75 Spaces	Completed	2013 2015
VDOT		Construct	Park & Ride Facility	Brambleton	200 space expansion 100 space expansion	No	2018 2015
VDOT		Construct	Park & Ride Facility	Arcola Center	300 Spaces	Proffer	2015
VDOT		Construct	Park-and-Ride Lot	at EPG		No	2015
VDOT		Construct	Park-and-Ride Lot	Telegraph Rd. / Caton Hill	400-500 spaces	Completed	2013
FAMPO		Construct	Park-and-Ride Lot	Staffordboro Blvd. (Stafford Co.)	1,000 spaces	ROW acquired	2015
FAMPO		Expand	Park-and-Ride Lot	Gordon Rd. (Spotsylvania Co)	additional spaces	ROW acquired	2015
VDRPT		Construct	Dulles Corridor Metrorail	East Falls Church Metrorail Station	Wiehle-Reston East Station Wiehle Ave.	Yes	2014 2013
VDRPT		Construct	Dulles Corridor Metrorail	Wiehle-Reston East Station Wiehle Ave.	Route 772	No	2016
VRE		Construct	VRE- Spotsylvania Commuter Rail Station	south of U.S. Route 17, Crossroad	/Mills Drive and west of s Parkway	No	2014
VRE		Construct	VRE - Potomac Shores Cherry Hill-Commuter Rail Station	Potomac Shores Cherry Hill	Prince William County	No	2017 2015
VRE		Implement	VRE Service Improvements (Reduce Headways)	Fredericksburg and Manassas lines		No	2020
FRA/ DRPT		Construct	VRE- 3rd Track/-Cherry Hill- Commuter Rail Station	Arkendale, Stafford Co.	Powell's Creek, Prince William Co.	No	2015
VDOT		Implement	Beltway HOT lanes transit service			Completed	2014
VDOT		Implement	Beltway HOT lanes transit service			No	2020

Shaded areas represent changes since the 2013 CLRP.

(Transit)

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	Project					Under Const.	Complt. Date or
Agency	ID	Improv.	Facility	From	То	acquired?	Status
VDOT		Implement	Beltway HOT lanes transit service			No	2030
		Implement	VA 7 Bus Priority Improvements (TIGER Grant)	Alexandria	Tyson's Corner		by 2016
		Implement	Van Dorn - Pentagon Rapid Bus (TIGER Grant)	Van Dorn St. Metro	Pentagon		2015 2013
Alex.		Construct	Van Dorn - Pentagon BRT (City Funded) I-95/I-395 Multimodal	Van Dorn St. Metro	Pentagon		2019 2016
		Implement	Improvements (TIGER Grant)				by 2016
Alex.	New	Construct	Landmark Transit Center	Duke St. & Van Dorn		No	2030 2023
Alex.		Implement	DASH Bus Expansion	City-Wide			2019
Alex.		Construct	Duke Street BRT	King Street Metro	Fairfax County Line		2022
VDOT			Leesburg Park and Ride Lot (new location)	Crosstrails Blvd (approx)	300 spaces	No	2016
VDOT			Sterling Park and Ride Lot		200 spaces	Yes/leased	2014
VDOT			One Loudoun Park and Ride Lot	VA 7 & Loudoun County Pkwy	200 spaces	ROW acquired	2019
VDOT		Study	Western Loudoun Park and Ride Lot		250 spaces	No	not coded 2018

											Under Const.	Complt.
	Project	Agency					Facil	ity		_anes	or ROW	Date or
Agency	ID	Code	Improv.	Facility	From	То	from	to	from	to	acquired?	Status
District o	f Columbia	3										
DDOT	DI10		Downgrade	Southeast Blvd. SE/SW Freeway	11th St. SE	Barney Circle/ PA Ave.	1	3				2015
DDOT	DI7A		Reconstruct/ Widen	11th St. Bridges (2 spans)	I-295	Southeast Freeway			8	8 freeway 4 local	completed	2013
DDOT	DI7A		Construct	11th St. Bridges (2 spans)	ramp movements to/from the northbound Anacostia Freeway for each span						completed	2013
DDOT			Study	Rochambeau Bridge (I-395 / 14th St. center span)	conversion to HOV / HOT lanes							not coded
DDOT			Study	SE/SW Freeway (I-395-I-695) managed lanes (conversion or construction of HOV/HOT lanes)- Corridor III	Case Bridge	11th St. Bridge						not coded
DDOT			Study	I-295 managed lanes (conversion or construction of HOV/HOT lanes)- Corridor II	11th St. Bridge	DC/MD line						not coded
DDOT			Remove	I-395 SB exit ramp (w/ Return to L'Enfant project)	SB to the 400 block of 3rd St. NW				1	0		2014 2013
DDOT			Construct	F St. (w/ Return to L'Enfant project)	2nd St. NW	3rd St. NW			0	2		2014
DDOT	DI9		Reconstruct	I-295/ Malcolm X Interchange	add above grade ramp connection from NB I-295 off ramp to new St. Elizabeth's Access Rd.							2014
			Widen /	South Capitol St. Corridor:	Independence Ave.	MLK JR. Blvd.						
DDOT	DP9A		Realign	Frederick Douglass Bridge South Capitol St. Corridor: S.	S. Capitol St. (east)	Potomac Ave. (west)	2	2	5	6		2015
DDOT	DP9C		Construct	Capitol St. intersection	at Potomac Ave.							2015
DDOT	DP9D		Construct	South Capitol St. Corridor: Suitland Parkway Intch.	at MLK Jr. Blvd to complete movements							2015 2016
DDOT	DP10		Construct	St. Elizabeth's Access Rd. (along West Campus western boundary)	Firth Sterling	Malcolm X			0	3		2014

	Project	Agency					Facil	ity	L	.anes	Under Const.	Complt. Date or
Agency	ID	Code	Improv.	Facility	From	То	from	to	from	to	acquired?	Status
DDOT	DS3		Construct	Southern Ave. SE	Branch Ave. SE	Naylor Rd. SE			0	2		2018 2016
DDOT	DS5A		Reduce Capacity	M St. NW - add bike lane	Connecticut Ave NW	29th St. NW			5	4	Yes	2014 2013
DDOT	DS5		Reduce Capacity	M St. NW - add bike lane	14th St, NW 15th St., NW	Connecticut Ave NW			4	3	Yes	2014 2013
DDOT	DP11		Widen Reduce- Capacity	Wisconsin Ave.	Garfield St.	34th St.			4 4/6	4/6 4	163	2014 2012
DDOT	DP12		Reduce Capacity	17th St. NE/SE	Benning Rd. NE	Potomac Ave. SE			2 SB	1 SB		2014 2013
DDOT	DP14		Reduce Capacity	H-St. NW peak period Bus- Only Lanes	17th St. NW	New York Ave. NW			5 pk	4 pk		2013
DDOT	DP18		Reduce Capacity	l St. NW peak period Bus Only Lanes	13th St. NW	Pennsylvania Ave. NW			5 pk	4 pk		2014
DDOT			Reduce Capacity	C St. NE	Oklahoma Ave. NE	14th St. NE 16th- St. NE			5 4	3 2		2014 2013
DDOT	DP16		Reduce Capacity	East Capitol Street	40th St.	Southern Avenue			6	4		2015
DDOT	DS6		Reduce Capacity	Maryland Ave. NE	6th St. NE	15th St. NE			4	3		2014
DDOT			Reconstruct- 1-way to 2- way	New Jersey Ave NW	H St. NW	N St. NW						2015
DDOT			Reduce Capacity	South Capitol St.	Firth Sterling Ave.	Maryland border			5	4		2015
DDOT			Reduce Capacity	Adams Mill Rd. NW	Kenyon	Klingle			3	2		2014 2013
DDOT	DP19		Reduce Capacity Pilot Study	4th Street SW	Pennsylvania Ave	Virginia Ave			4	2 3		2014 Not- Coded
DDOT	DP20		Reduce Capacity Pilot Study	Reno Rd	36th	Tilden			4	2 3		2014 Not- Coded

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											Under Const.	Complt.
	Project	Agency					Facil	ity	L	anes	or ROW	Date or
Agency	ID	Code	Improv.	Facility	From	То	from	to	from	to	acquired?	Status
Mondond												
Maryland												
MDOT Fr	eeway											
MDSHA	MI2q		Construct	I-270	Interchange at Watkins Mill Road Extended		1	1	8	8+2	No	2016
	MI2SHOV		OUNSTRUCT		Rodd Exterided		'	Ė		012	110	2010
MDSHA	MI2S		Construct	I-270/US 15 Corridor	Shady Grove Metro	Biggs Ford Rd	1	1	varies		No	2030
MDSHA	nrs		Reconstruct	I-270	Interchange at MD 121		1	1	1	2	No	2016
						I-270 / US 40						
MDSHA	MI4		Widen	I-70	Mt. Phillip Rd. I-270/ US 40	MD 144FA	1	1	4	6	No	2020 2013
MDSHA	MI4b		Widen	I-70	Mt. Phillip Rd.	MD 144FA	1	1	4	6	Completed	2020
MDSHA	MI4a		Reconstruct	I-70	Interchange at Meadow Rd.	to add missing movements	1	1			No	2020
					Contee Road Relocated w/							2014
MDSHA	MI1f		Construct	I-95 I-95/I-495	CD Roads		1	1	8	8+4	No	2016
MDSHA	MI1k		Construct	(Capital Beltway)	Branch Avenue Metro Access		1	1	8	8	Yes	2020
			Construct	I-95/I-495	Interchange at Greenbelt							2020 not
MDSHA	MI1p		Study	(Capital Beltway)	Metro		1	1	8	8+2	No	coded
MDSHA	MP12a		Construct	Intercounty Connector	I-95	US 1	0	1	0	4	Yes	2014
MDOT Pr	imary											
MDCLIA	MD40-		December	US 1	College Assessed	Cuppinide Access	•	^	4	4	NI-	2022
MDSHA	MP10a		Reconstruct	(Baltimore Avenue) US 1	College Avenue	Sunnyside Avenue	2	2	4	4	No	2020
MDSHA	MP10b		Widen	(Baltimore Avenue)	Cherry Hill Road	I-95/I-495	2	2	4	6	Completed	2010
MDSHA	MP9		Widen	MD 2/4 Solomons Island Road	south of MD 765	Stoakley Road MD 2/4 at Lusby	2	2	4	6 3	No	2035 2040
	_					MD 235 (including MD 235						
MDSHA	nrs		Reconstruct	MD 4 in St. Mary's County	MD 2 on MD 4, between St. Mary's	intersection)	2	2	2	2	No	2040
MDSHA	MP9B		Widen	Thomas Johnson "TJ" Bridge	County and Calvert County		2	2	2	4	No	2040
				MD 3								
MDSHA	MP2c		Widen	(Robert Crain Highway) MD 4	US 50	Anne Arundel County Line	2	2	4	6	No	2030
MDSHA	nrs		Construct	(Pennsylvania Avenue)	Interchange at Westphalia Rd		2	5	4	6	No	2020

	Project	Agency					Facil	ity	Lanes		Under Const.	Complt.
Agency	ID	Code	Improv.	Facility	From	То	from	to	from	to	acquired?	Status
MDSA	nrs		Construct	MD 4 (Pennsylvania Avenue)	Interchange at Suitland Pkwy		2	5	4	6	No	2016
MDSHA	MP3a		Upgrade/ Widen	MD 4 (Pennsylvania Avenue)	MD 223	I-95/I-495	2	1	4	6	No	2035
MDSHA	nrs		Construct	MD 5 (Branch Avenue)	Interchange at Earnshaw/Burch Hill Roads	. 66.1 166	2	5	4	6	No	2025
MDSHA	MP4f		Upgrade/ Widen	MD 5 (Branch Avenue)	US 301 at T.B.	North of the Capital Beltway	2	5	4	6	No	2025
MDSHA	nrs		Construct	MD 5 (Branch Avenue) MD 5	Interchange at MD 373/Brandywine Road Rel.		2	5	4	6	No	2018 2016
MDSHA	nrs		Construct	(Branch Avenue)	Interchange at Surratts Road		2	5	4	6	No	2025
MDSHA	MP15		Construct	US 15	Interchange at Monocacy Blvd.		2	2	6	6	No	2016
MDSHA	nrs		Construct	US 29 (Columbia Pike)	Interchange at Musgrove/Fairland Rd.				6	6	No	2025
MDSHA	MP5e		Study	US 29 (Columbia Pike)	north of MD 650	Howard County Line	2	5	6	6	No	not coded
MDSHA			Construct	MD 75 Relocated	MD 80		0	4	0	4	No	2020
MDSHA	FP2		Widen	MD 85 (Buckeystown Pike)	English Muffin Way	north of Grove Road	2	2	2/4	4/6	No	2020
MDSHA	MP14		Reconstruct	MD 202 (Largo Town Ctr. Metro Access Improvs.)	at Brightseat Rd		2	2	6	6	No	2020
MDSHA	nrs		Upgrade	MD 210 interchange improvs. MD 210 (Indian Head	@ Livingston Rd. / Kerby Hill Rd.		2	5	6	6		2020
MDSHA	MP6d		Upgrade	МD 210 (Indian Head Highway) with interchange	MD 228	Capital Beltway	2	5	6	6	No	2030
MDSHA	MP8e		Study	US 301	North of Mount Oak Road	US 50	2	5	4/6	6+2	No	not coded
MDTA	MP18		Construct	US 301 Governor Nice Bridge	Charles County, MD	King George County, VA	2	2	2	4	No	2030
MDSHA	MP16		Construct	US 340 Interchange	@US 340 at Jefferson Tech Park		1	1	4	4	No	2016
MDOT Se	condary											
MDSHA	MS33		Widen	MD 27	MD 355	A 305	2	2	4	6	No	2020
MDSHA	MS2f		Widen	MD 28 (Norbeck Road) / MD 198 (Spencerville Road)	MD 97	I-95	2	2	2/4	4/6	No	2025

	Project	Agency					Facil	ity	Lanes		Under Const.	Complt.
Agency	ID	Code	Improv.	Facility	From	То	from	to	from	to	acquired?	Status
				-								
MDSHA	MP12c		Construct	MD 97 (Brookeville Bypass) MD 97	South of Brookeville interchange @ MD 28	North of Brookeville	0	2	0	2	No	2020
MDSHA	nrs		Upgrade	(Georgia Avenue)	(Norbeck Road)		2	2	6	6	No	2030
MDSHA	nrs		Upgrade	MD 97 (Georgia Avenue)	interchange @ Randolph Road		2	2	6	6	No	2015
MDSHA	MS32		Widen	MD 117	I-270	Great Seneca Park	2	2	2	4	No	2025
MDSHA	MS34		Study	MD 121 MD 124	I-270	W. Old Baltimore Rd.	3	3	4	6	No	not coded
MDSHA	MS6b		Widen	(Woodfield Road)	Midcounty Highway	S. of Airpark Dr.	3	3	2	6	No	2020
MDSHA	MS6d		Widen	MD 124 (Woodfield Road)	N. of Fieldcrest Rd.	Warfield Road	3	3	2	6	No	2020
MDSHA			Study	MD 180/MD 351	Greenfield Dr.	Corporate Dr.					No	not coded
MDSHA	MS35		Widen	MD 197 (Collington Rd.)	MD 450 Relocated	Kenhill Dr.	2	2	2	4/5	No	2025
MDSHA	MS10b		Study	MD 201 (Kenilworth Ave.)	I-95/I-495 (Capital Beltway) Rittenhouse Road	north of Muirkirk Rd. Pontiac St.	2	2	4	6	No	not coded
MDSHA	nrs		Construct	MD 355 MD 450	Montrose/Randolph Rds.	CSX RR	2	2	6	6	No	2020
MDSHA	MS18d		Widen	เท่บ 450 (Annapolis Road)	Stonybrook Drive	West of MD 3	2	2	2	4	No	2020 2016
MDSHA	BRAC nrs		Reconstruct	BRAC Intersection Improvements near the National Naval Medical Center, Bethesda								2012
Montgom	ery Count	У										
Mont Cs	MC11a		Construct	A-305 Snowden Farm Parkway - MidCounty Highway Extended	MD 255	MD 07	0	2	0		No	2015 2012
Mont.Co.	MC11c		Construct		MD 355	MD 27	0	3	0	4	No	2025
Mont.Co.	nrs		Construct	Burtonsville Access Rd.	MD 198	School Access Rd.	0	4	0	2	No	2013

											Under Const.	Complt.
	Project	Agency					Facil	ity	Lanes		or ROW	Date or
Agency	ID	Code	Improv.	Facility	From	То	from	to	from	to	acquired?	Status
					6 1116 1	0110	•		•			2016
Mont.Co.	nrs		Construct	Chapman Avenue	Randolph Road	Old Georgetown Road	0	3	0	2	No	2015
Mont.Co.	MC5c		Widen	Father Hurley/ Ridge Rd.	I-270	existing MD 27	2	2	4	6	Completed	2010
Mont.Co.	MC7a		Widen	Goshen Rd. South	South of Girard Street	1000 feet north of Warfield Road	3	3	2	4	No	2025 2015
MOHL.CO.	IVIC/a		widen	Dorsey Mill Rd. Bridge over I-	South of Ghard Street	Noau	3	3		4	INO	2020
Mont.Co.	MC43		Construct	270	Century Boulevard	Milestone Center Drive	0	3	0	4	No	2015
Mark	M044-		0	M-83 - Midcounty Highway	MD 27	Middlehmed Deed)	0	0	4.0	NI-	2025
Mont.Co.	MC11a		Construct	Extended M-83 - Midcounty Highway	(Ridge Road)	Middlebrook Road	0	2	0	4-6	No	2020 2025
Mont.Co.	MC11d		Construct	Extended	Middlebrook Road	Montgomery Village Avenue	0	2	0	4-6	No	2020
				MD 118 Ext			_			_		
Mont.Co.	MC12f		Widen	(Germantown Road)	MD 355	M-83/Watkins Mill Rd.	2	2	3	4	No	2020 2025
Mont.Co.	MC14g		Widen	Middlebrook Road Ext.	MD 355	M-83	2	2	3	4	No	2020
					Eastern Limit of MD	Veirs Mill Road/Parkland						2022
Mont.Co.	MC15b		Construct	Montrose Parkway East	355/Montrose Interchange Charles Road	Road Intersection	0	2	0	4	No	2015
Mont.Co.	MC42		Construct	Randolph Road	Parklawn Drive	Rock Creek Park	2	2	4	5	No	2014
				•	MD 124							
Mont.Co.	MC34		Widen	Snouffer School Rd.	(Woodfield Road)	Centerway Road	3	3	2	4	No	2016
Mont.Co.	MC23a		Construct	Watkins Mill Rd. ext.	l 270 (future interchange)	MD 355	0	2	0	6	Completed	2011
				Woodfield Rd.	,		,			-		
Mont.Co.	MC13		Construct	(MD 124 Ext.)	1200' North of MD 108 Rockville Pike	MD 27 at Faith Ln.	0	2	0	2	Yes	2011
Mont.Co.			Construct	Executive Blvd. Ext East	(MD 355)	Nebel St. Ext.			0	4		2020
					,							
Mont.Co.			Construct	Executive Blvd. Ext West	Old Georgetown Rd.	Marinelli Rd.			0	4		2020
Mont.Co.			Construct	Main St./Market St.	Old Georgetown Rd.	Rockville Pike (MD 355)			0	2		2020
Mont.Co.			Construct	Old Georgetown Rd.	Old Georgetown Rd.	Nicholson Lane/TildenLane			0	6		2020
Mont.Co.			Construct	Hoya St.	Executive Blvd.	Montrose Pkwy	_		0	4		2020
Mont.Co.			Construct	Platt Ridge Dr. Ext.	Jones Bridge Rd.	Montrose Dr.			0	2		2016 2014
				0 1 51 1	Current terminus south of	Intersection with future						2020
Mont.Co.	nrs		Construct	Century Blvd.	Oxbridge Tract	Dorsey Mill Road	?	?	0	4		2014

	Project	Agency					Facil	ity	, Lanes		Under Const.	Complt.
Agency	ID	Code	Improv.	Facility	From	То	from	to	from	to	acquired?	Status
Prince Go	eorges Cou	ıntv										
PG Co.	PGS3a	y	Widen	Addison Road	MD 214	Walker Mill Road	3	3	2	4	Yes	2019
PG Co.	nrs		Reconstruct	Addison Road	Sheriff Road MD 210	MD 704	4	4	2	2	Yes	2014
PG Co.	PGS5		Construct	Allentown Road Relocated	(Indian Head Highway)	Brinkley Road	0	3	0	4	No	2025
PG Co.	PGS73		Widen	Ardwick-Ardmore Road	MD 704	91st Ave.	4	4	2	4	Yes	2015
PG Co.	PGP4a		Construct	Baltimore Washington Pkwy/Greenbelt Rd (MD 193)	ramp to southbound Baltimore Washington Pkwy		0	5	0	4	No	2025
PG Co.	PGS9b		Widen	Bowie Race Track Road	MD 197 (Laurel-Bowie Road)	Old Chapel Road	4	4	2	4	No	2015
					MD 450	•						
PG Co.	PGS9a		Widen	Bowie Race Track Road	(Annapolis Road) MD 223	Old Chapel Road	4	4	2	4	No	2015
PG Co.	PGS10		Widen	Brandywine Road	(north of Piscataway Road) MD 414	Thrift Road MD 337	4	4	2	4	No	2020
PG Co.	PGS12		Widen	Brinkley Road	(St. Barnabas Road)	(Allentown Road)	3	3	4	6	No	2020
PG Co.	PGS13		Construct	Brooks Drive Extended	Marlboro Pike	Rollins Avenue	0	3	0	4	No	2020
PG Co.	PGS14		Widen	Cabin Branch Drive	Columbia Park Road	north of Sheriff Road	4	4	2	4	No	2015
PG Co.	PGS16a		Construct	Campus Way North	Lake Arbor Way	south of Lottsford Road	0	4	0	4	No	2023
PG Co.	PGS16b		Construct	Campus Way North Extended	south of Lottsford Road	Evarts Drive	0	4	0	4	No	2020
PG Co.	PGS17		Widen	Cherry Hill Road	Powder Mill Road	Selman Rd. Baltimore Avenue (US 1)	3	3	2	4	No	2019
PG Co.	PGS18		Widen	Church Road	Woodmore Rd.	MD 214 (Central Ave.)	4	4	2	4	No	2011 2020
PG Co.	PGS20a		Widen	Columbia Park Road	Cabin Branch Road	Columbia Terrace	4	4	2	4	No	2020
PG Co.	PGS20b		Widen	Columbia Park Road	US 50	Cabin Branch Road	4	4	2	4	No	2020
PG Co.	PGS21a		Widen/ Construct	Contee Road	US 1	MD 201/ VA Manor Rd. Old Gunpowder Road	4	4	2	4	Yes	2016
PG Co.	PGS22		Widen	Dangerfield Road	Cheltenham Avenue	MD 223 (Woodyard Road)	4	4	2	4	No	2020

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PG Co.	PGS24a		\\/;don	Dower House Book	MD 223	Forder Dood	4	4	2	4	No	2025
			Widen	Dower House Road	(Woodyard Road)	Foxley Road MD 4	4	4		4	No	2015
PG Co.	PGS24b		Widen	Dower House Road	Foxley Road	(Pennsylvania Avenue)	4	4	2	6	No	2017 2025
PG Co.	PGS25		Widen	Fisher road	Brinkley Road	Holton Lane	4	4	2	4	No	2015
PG Co.	PGS26		Construct	Forbes Boulevard Extended	south of Amtrak	MD 193 (Greenbelt Road)	0	4	0	4	No	2020
PG Co.	PGS27		Widen	Forestville Road	MD 337 (Allentown Road)	MD 4 (Pennsylvania Avenue) MD 210	4	4	2	4	No	2025
PG Co.	PGS29		Widen	Fort Washington Road	Riverview road MD 2001	(Indian Head Highway)	4	4	2	4	No	2025
PG Co.	PGS30a		Widen	Good Luck Road	(east of Kenliworth Avenue)	Cipriano Road MD 193	4	4	2	4	No	2025
PG Co.	PGS30b		Widen	Good Luck Road	Cipriano Road	(Greenbelt Road)	4	4	2	4	No	2025
PG Co.	nrs		Widen	Governor Bridge Road	US301	Anne arundel County MD 704	4	4	2	4	No	2020 2016
PG Co.	PGS34a		Widen	Hill Road	Central Avenue (MD 214) MD 704	(ML King Jr Highway)	4	4	2	4	No	2018 2018
PG Co.	PGS34b		Construct	Hill Road	(ML King Jr Highway)	Sheriff Road	0	4	0	2	No	2015
PG Co.	PGS88		Construct	Iverson St. Extended	Wheeler Road	19th Avenue	0	4	0	4	No	2018
PG Co.	PGS35		Widen	Karen Boulevard	Walker Mill Road MD 210 at Eastover	Central Avenue (MD 214)	4	4	2	4	No	2020
PG Co.	PGS38a		Widen	Livingston Road	(Indian Head Highway)	Kerby Hill Rd.	4	3/4	2	4	No	2015
PG Co.	PGS38b		Widen	Livingston Road	Piscataway Creek	Farmington Road	2	2	2	4	No	2020
PG Co.	PGS40a		Widen	Lottsford Road	Archer Lane	MD 193 Enterprise Rd. Lottsford Vista Rd.	3	3	2	4	No	2012 2020
PG Co.	PGS39b		Widen	Lottsford Vista Road	MD 704 (ML King Jr Highway)	Ardwick-Ardmore Road/Relocated	4	4	2	4	No	2020
PG Co.	PGS44b		Widen	Metzerott Road	Adelphi Road	MD 193 (University Boulevard)	4	4	2	4	No	2020
PG Co.	PGS44a		Widen	Metzerott Road	MD 650 (New Hampshire Avenue)	Adelphi Road	4	4	2	4	No	2020
PG Co.	PGS45a				Atlantis/Northview Dr.	Mount Oak Road	4	4	4	6		

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PG Co.	PGS46		Widen	Murkirk Road	US 1 (west of Baltimore Avenue)	Odell Road	4	4	2	4	No	2020
PG Co.	PGS47		Widen	Oak Grove and Leeland Roads	MD 193 (Watkins Park Road)	US 301 (Robert Crain Highway)	4	4	2	4	No	2020
PG Co.	PGS48		Widen	Old Alexandria Ferry Road	MD 223 (Woodyard Road)	MD 5 (Branch Avenue)	4	4	2	4	No	2015
PG Co.	PGS80		Construct	Old Baltimore Pike Extended	Muirkirk Road	Contee Road	0	4	0	2	Yes	2020
PG Co.	PGS50		Widen	Old Branch Avenue	MD 223 (north of Piscataway Road)	MD 337 (Allentown Road)	4	4	2	4	Yes	2020
PG Co.	PGS90		Construct	Old Fort Rd. Extended	MD 223 (Piscataway Road)	Old Fort Rd	0	4	0	4	No	2020
PG Co.	PGS51a		Widen	Old Gunpowder Road	Powder Mill Road	Greencastle Road	3	3	2	4	No	2018 2015
PG Co.	PGS52		Reconst. Widen	Oxon Hill Road	Fort Foote Rd - North	MD 210	3	3	2	2 4	No	2015
PG Co.			Reconst. Widen	Oxon Hill Road	National Harbor Entrance	Fort Foote Rd - North	4	4	2	2 -3	Yes	2015
PG Co.	PGS81		Construct	Presidential Parkway	Suitland Parkway	Melwood Road	0	3	0	6	No	2025
PG Co.	PGS54		Reconst. Widen	Rhode Island Avenue	MD 193 (University Boulevard)	US 1 (Baltimore Avenue)	4	4	2	2 4	No	2016
PG Co.	PGS55b		Widen	Ritchie Marlboro Road	White House Road	Old Marlboro Rd.	3	3	2	4		2020
PG Co.	PGS56a		Widen	Ritchie Road/Forestville Road	Alberta Drive	MD 4 (Pennsylvania Avenue)	3	3	2	4	Yes	2020
PG Co.	PGS57		Widen	Rollins Avenue	MD 214 (Central Avenue)	Walker Mill Road	4	4	2	4	No	2020
PG Co.	PGS58		Widen	Rosaryville Road	US 301 (Robert Crain Highway)	MD 223 (Woodyard Road)	3	3	2	4	No	2020
PG Co.	PGS60b		Widen Construct	Spine Road	MD 5/US 301 (Branch Avenue)	MD 381 (Brandywine Road)	3	3	2 0	4	No	2016
PG Co.	PGS61		Widen	Springfield Road	MD 546 (Lanham-Severn Road)	Good Luck Road	4	4	2	4	No	2020
PG Co.	PGS82		Construct	St. Joseph's Drive	MD 202	Ardwick-Ardmore Road	0	4	0	4	No	2015
PG Co.	PGP2		Construct	Suitland Parkway	interchange at Rena/Forestville Roads		5	5	0	0	No	2025
PG Co.	PGS62a		Widen	Suitland Road	MD 337 (Allentown Road)	Suitland Parkway	3	3	2	4	No	2018

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PG Co.	PGS62b		Widen	Suitland Road	Suitland Parkway	MD 458 (Silver Hill Road)	3	3	2	4	No	2018
1 0 00.			Widen	Sulliand Road	US 1	MD 201	3	<u> </u>			110	2010
PG Co.	PGS63		Widen	Sunnyside Avenue	(Baltimore Avenue)	(Kenliworth Avenue)	4	4	2	4	No	2020
DO 0-	D0004)	Commette Deced	Daviedo Avenue	Danada saina Danad	4	4	0	4	NI-	2015
PG Co.	PGS64		Widen	Surratts Road	Beverly Avenue MD 223	Brandywine Road MD 414	4	4	2	4	No	2012
PG Co.	PGS65		Widen	Temple Hill Road	(Piscataway Road)	(St. Barnabas Road)	3	3	2	4	No	2020
DO 0	DODE -		0 1 1	US 50/Columbia Park Road	westbound ramp to Columbia		_	١.	4	_	NI.	0005
PG Co.	PGP5a		Construct	Ramp	Park Road	MD 198	5	5	1	1	No	2025
PG Co.	PGS67a		Widen	Van Dusen Road	Contee Road	(Sandy Springs Road)	3	3	2	4	No	2020
PG Co.	PGS67b		Construct	Van Dusen Road Interchange	@Contee Road		0	0	0	0	No	2025
	. 000.2		00::01:00	ran Daoon road interestallige	O COMO MOCA	Old Gunpowder Rd.		Ů		Ū		2014
PG Co.	PGS68		Widen	Virginia Manor Road	Muirkirk Road	Contee Road	4	4	2	4	No	2015
PG Co.	PGS69a		Widen	Walker Mill Road	Silver Hill Road	I-95	3	3	2	4	No	2020
PG Co.	PGS91		Widen	Westphalia Rd.	MD 4	Ritchie-Marlboro Rd.	4	3	2	4		2020
					MD 414							2018
PG Co.	PGS70		Widen	Wheeler Road	(St. Barnabas Road)	District of Columbia limits	3	3	2	4	No	2020
PG Co.	PGS71		Widen	White House Road	Ritchie-Marlboro Road	MD 202 (Largo-Landover Road)	3	3	2	6	Yes	2020
1 0 00.	1 007 1		Wideli	vviike Fiedde Redd	MD 450	(Largo Laridover Moda)		Ů			100	2020
PG Co.	PGS72		Widen	Whitfield Chapel Road	(Annapolis Road)	Ardwick-Ardmore Road	4	4	2	4	No	2020
					MD 193							
PG Co.	PGS40b		Construct	Woodmore Road	(Enterprise Road)	Church Road	3	3	2	4	No	2015
PG Co.	PGS42		Widen	Woodyard Road (MD 223)	Rosaryville Road	Dower House Road	2	2	2	4	No	2020
PG Co.	PGS42c		Widen	Woodyard Road Relocated (MD 223)	Piscataway Creek / Floral Park Rd.	Livingston Road / MD 4	3	3	2	4	No	2017
			WILLELL	(IVID ZZS)	r ain Nu.	LIVINGSION RODU / IVID 4	J	J	۷	+	INU	2011
City of Fr	ederick											0040
City of Fred	FS2		Construct	Monocacy Blvd	Hughes Ford Rd.	Gas House Pike	0	3	0	4	completed	2012 2011
			Jonothadt	Wielloudy Biva	riagrico i ora ita.	340 F10400 F INO		Ü	Ü	-	osmpiotou	2011
Charles C	County		\\/idon/	Cross County Connector								
Chas.Co.	CHS1		Widen/ Realign	Cross County Connector (Billingsly Rd.)	Middletown Rd.	MD 210	3	3	2	4		2009
J1143.00.	01101		rtoungn	(Dillingsty 1td.)	wiiddiotowii itu.	WID ZTO		٦		-т		2000

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Anne Arı	ındel Cour	ity										
ВМС	AA1d		Widen	I-97	US 50/301	MD 32/3	1	1	4	6		2025
ВМС	AA15a		Widen	I-295	I-195	MD 100	1	1	4	6		2015
вмс	AA15c		Widen	I-295	I-695	I-195	1	1	4	6		2015
вмс	AA15b		Construct	I-295 (New Interchange)	Hanover Road							2015
BMC	AA4e		Widen	MD 3	MD 32	St. Stephen's Church Rd.	2	2	4	6		2025
ВМС	AA6e		Widen	MD 100	Howard Co. Line	I-97		5/1	4	6		2025
BMC	AA8b		Widen	MD 175	MD 170	BW Parkway		2	4	6		2015
ВМС	AA30		Widen	MD 198	MD 32	BW Parkway	2	2	2	4		2025
ВМС	AA34a		Widen	MD 713	MD 175	Arundel Mills Boulevard		2	2	4		2025
вмс	AA34b		Widen	MD 713	Arundel Mills Boulevard	MD 176		2	4	6		2025
Carroll C	ounty											
ВМС	CA1B		Widen	MD 140	Sullivan Road	Market St.		1	4/6	8		2025
ВМС	CA1C		reconstruct	MD 140 (w/ intchg @ MD 191)	Baltimore County Line	Kays Mill Rd.			4	4		2020
BMC	CA2a		Widen	MD 26	MD 32	Reservoir			2	4		2015
BMC	in base		Widen	MD 32	MD 26	Howard County Line		2	2	4		2020
BMC	CA5		Widen	MD 97	MD 140	Pleasant Valley Rd		2	2	4		2020
ВМС	nrs		Construct	Boxwood Dr. Ext	Dogwood Dr. Terminus	MD 43 Ext.			0	2		2015
Howard (County											
BMC	HW1b		Widen	I-70	US 29	US 40	1	1	4	8 -6		2025

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BMC	HW20		Widen	US 1	MD 100	PG/ Howard Line			4	6		2025
ВМС	HW10b		Widen	US 29 NB	Seneca Dr.	Middle Patuxent River		5	4	6		2015
BMC	HW3c		Widen	MD 32	Cedar Lane	Anne Arundel County Line		1	4/6	8		2025
ВМС	HW3d		Widen	MD 32	MD 99	Carroll County Line		2	2	4		2025
вмс	HW3e		construct/ reconstruct	MD 32 (interchanges)	@ I-70/@ MD 144@ Linden Church Rd/Dayton Shop@Rosemary Lane							2014
ВМС	HW6d		Widen	MD 108	Woodland Rd.	1200' w. of Centennial Ln.	2	2	2	4		2014
ВМС	HW8b		Widen	MD 216	High School Access Rd.	Maple Lawn Blvd.		3	2	4		2015
вмс	nrs		Widen	Guilford Rd.	US 1	Dorsey Run Road			2	4		2017
BMC	HW14c		Widen	Snowden River Parkway	MD 100	Broken Land Parkway		3	4	6		2020
Federal L	ands											
Fed. Lands	FED3a	103319	Construct	Manassas Battlefield Bypass	US 29 West of Centreville	East of Gainesville, via 234		1	0/2	4	No	2035
VDOT	VP1a		Widen	US 1	Telegraph Rd.	VA 235 South	2	2	4	6	No	2016 2020
Fed Lands	FED3b		Close	US 29 (Lee Hwy.) - in battlefield park	Pageland Ln.	Bridge over Bull Run		0	2/4	0	No	2035
Fed Lands	FED3c		Close	VA 234 (Sudley Rd.)- in battlefield park	Southern Park Boundary	Northern Park Boundary		0	2	0	No	2020 2035
Fed. Lands	FED2	77404	Widen	Old Mill Rd. (future Mulligan Rd.)	US 1	VA 611 (Telegraph Rd.)	4	4	0/2	4	Yes	2014
VIRGINIA												
VDOT Fre	eeway											
VDOT	VI1w	93577	Widen	I-66 HOV during peak and SOV	1.2 miles west of US 15	0.8 miles east of US 29 (Gainesville)	1	1	4	8	No	2016
VDOT	VI1wa	100566	Reconstruct	I-66 Interchange	US 15 (Haymarket)		1	1			No	2017 2016

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VDOT	VI1ab	56356	Reconstruct	I-66 Interchange	@ I-495 (Capital Beltway)		1	1	_	-	Completed	2013
VDOT	VI1aj	81009	Construct	I-66 Vienna Metro Station bus ramp	EB I-66 and Saintsbury Dr.	Saintsbury Dr. and WB I-66	1	1	0	2	No	2014
VDOT	VI1AK		Widen	I-66 EB Auxiliary Lanes	West of Gallows Road	Off Ramp I-495 SB	1	1	3+1	3+1+2	Completed	2013 2030
VDOT	VI1AL		Widen	I-66 WB Auxiliary Lanes	On Ramp from SB I-495	West of Gallows Road	1	1	3+1	3+1+2	Completed	2013 2030
VDOT	VI1ah		Widen	I-66 EB Auxiliary Lanes	Cedar Lane	West of Gallows Road	1	1	3+1	3+1+1	No	2030
VDOT	VI1ai		Widen	I-66 WB Auxiliary Lanes	West of Gallows Road	Cedar Lane	1	1	3+1	3+1+1	No	2030
				I-66 WB Operational/ Spot								
VDOT	VI1af	78828	Reconstruct	Improvements- extend acceleration/deceleration lanes	Washington Blvd.	Dulles Airport Access Rd. connector	1	1	3	4	No	2020
VDOT	VI1ag	78827	Reconstruct	I-66 WB Operational/ Spot Improvements	Lee Hwy. / Spout Run	Glebe Rd.	1	1	2	3	No	2020
VDOT	VI2ka	18136	Widen	I-95 (Wilson Bridge and approaches)	VA 241 (Telegraph Rd.)	US 1	1	1	6	12	Completed	2013
VDOT	VI2ac		Reconstruct	I-95 Interchange	@ VA 613 (Van Dorn Street)		1	1	1	-	No	2025
VDOT	VI2ab		Reconstruct	I-95 Interchange	@ VA 642 (Lorton Road)		1	1	1	-	Completed	2010
VDOT	VI2RB		Widen	I-395 HOV Lanes ramp	exit to Eads St.		1	1	1	2	No	2014
VDOT	VI2r	70849	Widen / Revise Operations	I-395/I-95 HOV/ BUS/ HOT Lanes	Approx. 2 mi. N. of I-495	VA 294 (Prince William Pkwy)	1	1	2	3	No	2015
VDOT	VI2r	70849	Revise Operations	I-395/I-95 HOV/ BUS/ HOT Lanes	VA 294 (Prince William Parkway)	S. of VA 234 (Dumfries Rd.)	1	1	2	2	No	2015
VDOT	VI2s	70849	Construct	I-395 (Auxiliary lane)	.28 mi. north of Duke St. on ramp	Sanger Rd. Seminary Rd off ramp	1	1	3	4	Yes	2015

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VDOT	VI2T		Widen	I-395 Southbound	North of Duke Street	South of Edsall Rd.	1	1	3	4	No	2018
VDOT	VI2ra		Construct	I-395/I-95 HOV/ BUS/ HOT Lanes	S. of VA 234 (Dumfries Rd.)	VA 610 (Garrisonville Rd.) in Stafford Co.	1	1	0	2	No	2015
VDOT	nrs	104323	Construct	Boundary Chanel Drive Intersection Modifications	Boundary Chanel Drive	Old Jefferson Davis Highway (off of I-395 Boundary Chanel Inter.					No	2016
VDOT	BRAC	BRAC0005	Construct	I-95 NB Off Ramp @ Newington	NB I-95	NB Fairfax County Parkway	1	1	0	1	No	2020
VDOT	VI2r11		Construct	I 95: HOV / Bus / HOT Lanes Ramp: Between VA 648 (Edsall) and Turkeycock Run	NB I-395 HOV/HOT lanes	NB I-395 GP	,	1	0	1	No	2015
VDOT	VI2r24		Construct	I 95: HOV / Bus / HOT Reversible Ramp:	NB HOV/Bus/HOT Lanes	VA 7100 (Fairfax Co. Pkwy) (Alban Rd.)	,	1	0	1	No	2015
VDOT	VI2r24		Construct	I 95: HOV / Bus / HOT Reversible Ramp:	VA 7100 (Fairfax Co. Pkwy) (Alban Rd.)	SB HOV/Bus/HOT Lanes	1	1	0	1	No	2015
VDOT	BRAC0004 / Vl2ra		Construct	I-95 Reversible Ramp (Colocated w/ existing slip ramp from HOV to GP lanes)	NB HOV/BUS/HOT Lanes - Located N of Rte. 7100/I 95 I/C Phase II DAR	EPG Southern Loop Road AM Only	1	1	0	1	No	2015
VDOT	BRAC0004 / VI2rb		Construct	I-95 Reversible Ramp (Colocated w/ existing slip ramp from HOV to GP lanes)	EPG Southern Loop Road PM Only Phase I DAR	SB HOV/BUS/HOT Lanes - N of Rte. 7100/I 95 I/C	1	1	0	1	No	2015 2013
VDOT	BRAC0004/ VI2rc		Construct	I-95 Ramp (Colocated w/ existing slip ramp from HOV to GP lanes)	EPG Southern Loop Road PM Only Phase I DAR	NB I 95 GP Lanes	1	1	0	1	No	2015 2013
VDOT	VI2r31		Construct	I 95: HOV / Bus / HOT Ramp:	SB Gen Purpose Lanes to SB HOV/Bus/HOT lanes	Between US 1 & VA 123	•	1	0	1	No	2015
VDOT	VI2r37		Construct	I 95: HOV / Bus / HOT Ramp:	SB Gen Purpose Lanes to SB HOV/Bus/HOT lanes	Between Opitz Blvd. and Dale Blvd.	•	1	0	1	No	2015
VDOT	VI2r34		Construct	I 95: HOV / Bus / HOT Ramp:	NB HOV/Bus/HOT to Gen. use lanes	Between VA 123 (Gordon Rd.) & VA 294 (Prince William Pkwy.)	-	1	0	1	No	2015
VDOT	VI2r43		Construct	I 95: HOV / Bus / HOT Ramp:	SB HOV/Bus/HOT lanes to SB Gen Purpose Lanes	Between Dumfries Rd. and Joplin Rd.	-	1	0	1	No	2015

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VDOT	VI2r43a		Construct	I 95: HOV / Bus / HOT Ramp:	SB Gen Purpose Lanes to SB HOV/Bus/HOT lanes	Between Dumfries Rd. and Joplin Rd.	ı	1	0	1	No	2018
VDOT	VI2r45a		Construct	I 95: HOV / Bus / HOT Ramp:	NB HOV/Bus/HOT lanes to NB Gen Purpose Lanes	Between Joplin Rd. and Russell Rd.	•	1	0	1	No	2018
VDOT	VI2r44		Construct	I 95: HOV / Bus / HOT Ramp:	SB HOV/BUS/HOT lanes to SB GP lanes	Between VA 619 (Joplin Rd.) and VA 610 (Garrisonville Rd.)	-	1	0	1	No	2015
VDOT	VI2r45		Construct	I 95: HOV / Bus / HOT Ramp:	NB GP lanes to NB HOV/BUS/HOT Lanes	Between VA 619 (Joplin Rd.) and VA 610 (Garrisonville Rd.)	-	1	0	1	No	2015
VDOT	VI2R6A		Construct	I-395 HOV Lanes Reversible Ramp	NB HOV off-ramp to Seminary Rd. & Seminary Rd. on-ramp to SB HOV		1	1	0	1	No	2015
VDOT	VI4laux		Widen	I-495 NB Auxiliary Lane	North of Hemming Ave. Underpass	Off Ramp to Braddock Rd	1	1	4+2	5+2	Yes	2030
VDOT	VI4laux		Widen	I-495 SB Auxiliary Lane	On Ramp from Braddock Rd	North of Hemming Ave. Underpass	1	1	4+2	5+2	Yes	2030
VDOT	VI4laux		Widen	I-495 NB Auxiliary Lane	On Ramp from Braddock Rd	Off Ramp to Rte 236	1	1	4+2	5+2	Yes	2030
VDOT	VI4laux		Widen	I-495 SB Auxiliary Lane	On Ramp from Rte 236	Off Ramp to Braddock Rd	1	1	4+2	5+2	Completed	2013
VDOT	VI4laux		Widen	I-495 NB Auxiliary Lane	On Ramp from Rte 236	Off Ramp to Gallows Road	1	1	4+2	5+2	Yes	2030
VDOT	VI4laux		Widen	I-495 SB Auxiliary Lane	On Ramp from Gallows Road	Off Ramp to Rte 236	1	1	4+2	5+2	Yes	2030
VDOT	VI4laux		Widen	I-495 NB Auxiliary Lane	On Ramp from Gallows Road	Off Ramp to Route 50	1	1	4+2	6+2	Completed	2013
VDOT	VI4laux		Widen	I-495 SB Auxiliary Lane	On Ramp from Route 50	Off Ramp to Gallows Road	1	1	4+2	5+2	Completed	2013
VDOT	VI4laux		Widen	I-495 NB Auxiliary Lane	On Ramp from Route 50	Off Ramp to I-66	1	1	4+2	5+2	Completed	2013
VDOT	VI4laux		Widen	I-495 NB Auxiliary Lane	On Ramp from Route 50	Off Ramp to I-66	1	1	5+2	6+2	Yes	2030

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VDOT	VI4Iaux		Widen	I-495 SB Auxiliary Lane	On Ramp from I-66	Off Ramp to Route 50	1	1	4+2	5+2	Completed	2013
				•	'	·		Ċ				
VDOT	VI4laux		Widen	I-495 NB	On ramp from EB I 66	Off Ramp to Rte 7	1	1	4+2	5+2	Completed	2013
VDOT	VI4laux		Widen	I-495 SB Auxiliary Lane	On ramp from Rte 7	Off Ramp to WB I 66	1	1	4+2	5+2	Yes	2030
VDOT	VI4laux		Widen	I-495 NB Auxiliary Lane	On ramp from Rte 7	Off Ramp to Rte 123	1	1	4+2	5+2	Completed	2013
VDOT	VI4laux		Widen	I-495 SB Auxiliary Lane	On ramp from Rte 123	Off Ramp to Route 7	1	1	4+2	5+2	Completed	2013
VDOT	VI4laux		Widen	I-495 SB Auxiliary Lane	On Ramp from Rte 123	Off Ramp to Route 7	1	1	5+2	6+2	Yes	2030
VDOT	VI4laux		Widen	I-495 NB Auxiliary Lane	On Ramp from Rte 123	Off Ramp to Rte 267	1	1	4+2	5+3	Completed	2013
VDOT	VI4Iaux		Widen	I-495 SB Auxiliary Lane	On Ramp from Route 267	Off Ramp to Route 123	1	1	4+2	5+4	Completed	2013
VDOT	VI4laux		Widen	I-495 NB Auxiliary Lane	On Ramp from Route 267	Off Ramp to Route 193	1	1	4+2	5+2	Yes	2030
VDOT	VI4laux		Widen	I-495 SB Auxiliary Lane	On Ramp from Route 193	Off Ramp to Route 267	1	1	4+2	5+2	Yes	2030
VDOT	VI4k			·	·	S. of George Washington			8	8+2		2030
VDOT	V14K		Construct	I-495 HOT	American Legion Bridge S. of George Washington	Parkway	1	1	8	8+2	Yes	2030
VDOT	VI4ka		Construct	I-495 HOT Lanes	Parkway	S. of Old Dominion Dr.	1	1	8	8+4	No	2015
VDOT	VI4IHOT		Construct	I-495 HOT	S. of Old Dominion Dr.	Hemming Ave. Underpass	1	1	8	8+4	Completed	2013
VDOT	VI4Ib		Construct	I-495 NB Auxiliary Lane	1 mi. east of I-95/I-395/I-495	North of Hemming Ave. Underpass	1	1	8	5+1	Completed	2013
VDOT	VI4Ib		Construct	I-495 SB Auxiliary Lane	Hemming Ave. Underpass	1 mi. east of I-95/I-395/I-495	1	1	8	5+1	Completed	2013
VDOT	VI2ca		Construct	I-495 access ramps (Phase VIII of I-95/394/495 Interchange)	All Movements (I-95/395 NB & SB main & HOT to/from I-495/I-95 EB & WB main & HOV lanes)	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	1	1	-	-	Completed	2013

	Project	Agency					Facil	ity	L	anes	Under Const.	Complt.
Agency	ID	Code	Improv.	Facility	From	То	from	to	from	to	acquired?	Status
VDOT	part of VI4IHOT		Construct	I-495 HOT Lanes Interchange Phase 1 DTR	Provides SB to WB, EB to SB, & NB to WB HOV movements	@ VA 267 (Dulles Toll Road)	1	1	-	-	Completed	2013
VDOT/ MWAA	Part V141HOTa		Relocate	I-495 Interchange Ramp (Phase 4)	Relocate I-495 Interchange Flyover Ramp (EB DAAH to NB GP)	@ VA 267 (Dulles Toll Rd)	1	1	1	1	Yes	2030
VDOT/ MWAA	part of VI4IHOTa		Construct	I-495 HOT Lanes Interchange (Phase IV)	Provide SB HOT to EB HOV & EB DTR to NB HOT movements	@ VA 267 (Dulles Toll Road)	1	1	-	-	Yes	2030
VDOT/ MWAA	part of VI4IHOTa		Widen	I-495 Interchange Ramp (Phase III DTR)	Widen EB DTR ramp to 2 NB lanes	NB GP lanes	1	1	1	2	Yes	2030
VDOT/ MWAA	VI4Irmp1		Construct	I-495 Interchange Ramp (Phase III DAAH)	NB GP lanes	WB Dulles Airport Access Highway (DAAH)	0	1	0	1	Yes	2030
VDOT/ MWAA	part of VI4IHOTa		Relocate / Reconstruct	I-495 HOT Lanes Interchange Phase III DTR	Move ramps from left side to right side: NB GP lanes to WB DTR; SB GP lanes to EB DTR	@ VA 267 (Dulles Toll Road)	1	1	1	1	Completed	2013
VDOT/ MWAA	VI4IHOTb		Construct	I-495 Interchange Ramp (Phase II, Ramp 3 DAAH	SB I-495	WB Dulles Airport Access Highway (DAAH)	0	1	0	1	Yes	2020
VDOT			Construct	I-495 Interchange Ramp (Phase I Ramp 2 DAAH)	EB Dulles Airport Access Highway (DAAH)	NB I-495	0	1	0	1	Completed	2013
VDOT			Construct	I-495 Interchange Ramp	EB Dulles Airport Access Highway (DAAH)	SB I-495	0	1	0	1	Completed	2013
VDOT	part of VI4IHOT		Construct	I-495 HOT Lanes Interchange	NB to WB, SB to WB, EB to NB, and EB to SB	@ Jones Branch Connector	1	1	-	1	Completed	2013
VDOT	part of VI4IHOT		Construct	I-495 HOT Lanes Interchange	NB to WB, SB to WB, EB to NB, and EB to SB	@ West Park Connector	1	1	-	-	Completed	2013
VDOT	part of VI4IHOT		Construct	I-495 HOT Lanes Interchange	NB to EB, NB to WB, EB to SB, and WB to SB	@ VA 7	1	1	-	1	Completed	2013
VDOT	part of VI4IHOT		Construct	I-495 HOT Lanes Interchange	Provides SB to WB, WB to SB, EB to SB, NB to WB, & EB to NB movements	@ I-66	1	1	-	-	Completed	2013
VDOT	part of VI4IHOT		Construct	I-495 HOT Lanes Interchange	NB to EB	@ I-66	1	1	-	-	Completed	2013

	Project	Agency					Facil	ity	L	-anes	Under Const.	Complt.
Agency	ID	Code	Improv.	Facility	From	То	from	to	from	to	acquired?	Status
VDOT	part of VI4IHOT		Relocate	I-495 HOT Lanes Interchange	@ I-66	Left side off ramp from NB I 495 to WB I 66 relocated to combine with right side off ramp from NB I 495 to WB I 66	1	1	1	2	Completed	2013
VDOT	part of VI4IHOT		Construct	I-495 HOT Lanes Interchange	NB to EB, NB to WB, EB to SB, and WB to SB	@ US 29	1	1	-	-	Completed	2013
VDOT	part of VI4IHOT		Construct	I-495 HOT Lanes Interchange	EB to NB, WB to NB, SB to EB, and SB to WB	@ VA 650 (Gallows Road)	1	1	0	1	Completed	2013
VDOT	part of VI4IHOT		Construct	I-495 HOT Lanes Interchange	EB to NB, WB to NB, SB to EB, and SB to WB	@ VA 620 (Braddock Road)	1	1	-	-	Completed	2013
VDOT	part of VI4IHOTa		Construct	I-495 HOT Lanes Interchange	NB to EB, NB to WB, EB to SB, and WB to SB	@ VA 620 (Braddock Road)	1	1	-	-	Completed	2013
VDOT	SHOULDER		Construct	I-495 HOT lanes shoulder NB peak period only - (operating until HOT lanes extend northward)	South of Old Dominion Dr	GW Parkway					2014	2015
VDOT/ private	VP21F		Construct	VA 267 (Dulles Greenway) Egress Ramp	@ Hawling Farm Boulevard (Future)		0	1	0	1	No	2015
VDOT	VP15A		Construct	Rt 267 (Dulles Toll Road) Ramp	New Boone Blvd Ext. @Ashgrove		0	1	0	2	No	2037
VDOT	VP15B		Construct	Rt 267 (Dulles Toll Road) Ramp	Greensboro Dr. @ Tyco Rd		0	1	0	2	No	2036
VDOT	MW1		Widen	Dulles Airport Access Road	Dulles Airport	VA 123	1	1	4	6	No	2017
VDOT Pr	imary											
VDOT	VP1ah	90339	Widen	US 1	Russell Rd.	Fuller Rd.	2	2	4	6	No	2025
VDOT	VP1ad	90339	Widen	US 1	Brady's Hill Road	VA 234 Dumfries Rd.	2	2	4	6	No	2025
VDOT	VP1ada		Widen	US 1	VA 234 Dumfries Rd.	Cardinal Drive	2	2	4	6	No	2030 2025
VDOT	VP1ae	100426	Widen	US 1	Blackburn Dr/Neabsco Dr.	Featherstone Road	2	2	4	6	No	2016 2014

	Project	Agency					Facil	itv		_anes	Under Const.	Complt.
Agency	ID	Code	Improv.	Facility	From	То	from	to	from	to	acquired?	Status
7.90.109												
VDOT	VP1AF	104303	Widen	US 1	Featherstone Road	Mary's Way	2	2	4	6	No	2020
VDOT	VP1p	14693 & 94102	Widen	US 1 (part of 1/123 interchange)	Mary's Way	Annapolis Way	2	2	4	6	Yes	2018 2017
VDOT	nrs	100938/ 1469	Reconstruct	US 1 interchange	at VA 123						Yes	2018
VDOT	VSP63	100938	Construct	Belmont Bay Dr. Extension	US 1	Heron's View Way			0	4	Yes	2018
VDOT	VP1AG		Widen	US 1	Annapolis Way	Lorton Road	2	2	4	6	No	2035
VDOT	VP1u		Widen	US 1	VA 235 South	VA 235 North	2	2	4	6	No	2025
VDOT	nrs		Study	VA Route 7 Interchange at VA Route 690					0	4	No	not coded
VDOT	nrs	58599	Construct	VA 7 WB Truck Climbing Lane	VA 9	Business 7 West	5	1	4	5	No	2015 2014
VDOT	VP2ja	16006	Widen	VA 7 Bypass	VA 7 West	US 15 South (South King St)	5	1	4	6	No	2040
VDOT	VP2j	16006	Widen	VA 7 Bypass	US 15 South (South King St)	VA 7/US 15 East	5	1	4	6	No	2040
VDOT	VP2ma			VA 7	Rolling Holly Drive	Reston Avenue			4	6	No	2015
FCDOT	VP2m		Widen	VA 7	Reston Avenue	West Approach to Bridge over DTR	2	2	4	6	No	2025
VDOT	nrs	82135	Construct	VA 7	Bridge over Dulles Toll Road				4	6	No	2030
VDOT	VP2La		Widen	VA 7	Dulles Toll Rd.	VA 123	2	2	6	8	Yes	2014
VDOT	VP2Lb		Widen	VA 7	VA 123	I-495	2	2	6	8	Yes	2021 2014
FCDOT	VP2N		Widen	VA 7	I-495	I-66			4	6	No	2021
VDOT	VP2b		Widen	VA 7	Seven Corners	Bailey's Crossroads	2	2	4	6	No	2025

											Under Const.	Complt.
	Project	Agency					Facil	ity	L	_anes	or ROW	Date or
Agency	ID	Code	Improv.	Facility	From	То	from	to	from	to	acquired?	Status
VDOT	nrs	99256	Construct	VA 7/15/ Bypass	Overpass at Sycolin Road		1	1	4	4	No	2014
VDOT	nrs	100425	Construct	VA 7	Overpass at Lexington Drive		1	1	6	6	No	2020
VDOT	nrs	99481	Construct	VA 7 interchange	@ VA 659 (Belmont Ridge Rd.)		2	2	6	6	No	2017
VDOT	nrs		Reconstruct	VA Route 7 Interchange at Ashland Village Boulevard	Route 7 @ Ashland Village Boulevard				0	4	No	2017
VDOT	VP4e		Widen	US 15 (James Madison Highway)	US 29	I-66	2	2	2	4	No	2040
VDOT	nrs		Widen	US 15 (James Madison Highway)	Monroe Glen Dr.	Thoroughfare Road	3	3	2	4	No	2017
				, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,		VA 652						
VDOT	VP6h		Widen	VA 28	Fauquier County Line	(Fitzwater Dr.)	3	3	2	4	No	2040
VDOT	VP6ka	105198	Widen	VA 28	VA 652 (Fitzwater Dr.)	VA 215 (Vint Hill Rd.) Relocated	3	3	2	4	No	2016
VDOT	VP6kb	92080	Widen	VA 28	VA 215 (Vint Hill Rd.) Relocated	VA 619 (Linton Hall Road)	3	3	2	6	No	2015
VDOT	VP6ma	96721	Widen	VA 28 (Nokesville Rd.)	Godwin Drive	Manassas City limits - west	3	2	4	6		2018
VDOT	VP6K	105428	Widen	VA 28 (Nokesville Road)	Prince William Parkway Manassas City Limits	VA 619 (Linton Hall Road)	3	3	4	6	No	2020 2025
VDOT	VP6e		Widen/ Upgrade	VA 28 PPTA (Phase II)	I-66	VA 7	2	1	6	8	No	2025
VDOT	VP6eb	78906	Construct	VA 28 Interchange	@ VA 209 (Innovation Ave.)		1	-	-	-	Yes	2015
VDOT	VP6ec	92080	Construct/ Upgrade	VA 28 Intersection	at Warp Dr.		1	1	6	6	Completed	2011
Manassas City			Study	VA 28 Manassas Bypass	VA 234 (Sudley Road)	I-66 Proposed Interchange					·	not coded
VDOT	VP7s		Widen	US 29 (add NB lane)	I-66	Entrance to Conway Robinson MSF	3	2	4	5	No	2030 2014
VDOT	VP7AG		Widen	US 29 (add NB lane)	Legato Road	Shirley Gate/Waples Mill Rd.	2	2	2	3	No	2017

	Project	Agency					Facil	ity	L	_anes	Under Const.	Complt. Date or
Agency	ID	Code	Improv.	Facility	From	То	from	to	from	to	acquired?	Status
VDOT	VP7af	59094	Reconstruct	US 29 Bridge Little Rocky Run	0.2 Miles East of Pickwick Rd	Rte 659 (Union Mill Road)			4	5	No	2015
VDOT	VP7ae	52326	Construct	US 29 Interchange	at VA 55/ VA 619 (Linton Hall)						Yes	2015 2014
VDOT	VP7aa		Widen	US 29	ECL City of Fairfax (vic. Nutley St.)	Espana Court	2	2	4	6	No	2025 2013
VDOT	VP7ab		Complete	US 29	Espana Court	I-495	2	2	4	6	No	2025 2012
VDOT	VSP57a		Construct	Route 29 (Parallel)	US 29 (Lee Highway) (near US 15)	Sommerset Crossing Drive	0	4	0	4	No	2020 2040
VDOT	VP8q	LDN0015	Widen	US 50	VA 659 Relocated	VA 742 (Poland Rd.)	2	2	4/5	6	No	2025
VDOT	VP8c	68757	Widen	US 50	VA 742 (Poland Rd.)	VA 609 (Pleasant Valley)	2	2	4/5	6	Yes	2014
VDOT	VP8r	68757	Widen	US 50	VA 609 (Pleasant Valley)	Rte 28	2	2	4/5	6	Yes	2014
VDOT	VP8h		Widen	US 50	ECL City of Fairfax	Arlington County Line	2	2	4	6	No	2025
VDOT	AR2e		Reconstruct	US 50 (Arlington Blvd.)	ARC/FFX Line	Washington Blvd.	2	2	6	6	Completed	2013 2015
VDOT	AR2f		Reconstruct	US 50 (Arlington Blvd.)	Pershing Dr.	Ft. Myer Dr.	5	5	6	6	Completed	2013 2015
VDOT	VP8o	13531	Reconstruct	US 50 Interchange	@ Courthouse Road / 10th Street		1	1	6	8	Yes	2014
VDOT	nrs		Construct	US 50 Interchange	VA 606 (Loudoun County Parkway)		-	-	-	-	No	2025
VDOT	nrs		Construct	US 50/ Gum Springs Interchange	West Spine (Gum Springs Rd)				0	4	No	2035
VDOT	nrs		Construct	US 50/South Riding Interchange	South Riding Blvd.				0	4	No	2035
VDOT	nrs		Construct	US 50/ Tall Cedars Interchange	Tall Cedars Pkwy				0	4	No	2035
VDOT	VP10g	100938	Widen	VA 123	Route 1	Annapolis Way	2	2	4	6	No	2018 2017

	Project	Agency					Facil	ity	ı	anes	Under Const.	Complt.
Agency	ID	Code	Improv.	Facility	From	То	from	to	from	to	acquired?	Status
VDOT	VP10h		Widen	VA 123 (Ox Road)	Hooes Rd.	Fairfax Co. Parkway	2	2	4	6	No	2025
VDOT	VP10f	1784	Widen	VA 123 (Ox Road)	Fairfax Co. Parkway	Burke Center Parkway	2	2	4	6	No	2025
VDOT	VP10r		Widen	VA 123	Burke Center Parkway	Braddock Road	2	2	4	6	No	2025
VDOT	VP10S		Widen	VA 123	VA 677 (Old Courthouse Rd)	Rt 7 (Leesburg Pike)			4	6	No	2025 2020
VDOT	VP10T		Widen	VA 123	Rt 7 (Leesburg Pike)	I-495			6	8	No	2021
VDOT	VP24A		Construct	VA 215 (Vint Hill Road Relocated)	VA 28	Schaefer Lane	0	3	0	4	Yes No	2015
VDOT	VP24B		Widen	VA 215 (Vint Hill Road)	VA 655 (Schaefer Lane)	Sudley Manor Dr.	4	4	2	4	No	2020
VDOT		105420 / T143	Construct	VA 234 (Bypass Interchange)	Relocated Balls Ford Rd						No	2020
VDOT		T5665	Construct	VA 234 (Bypass Interchange)	Dumfries Rd/Brentsville Rd.						No	2025
VDOT	VP13a		Widen	VA 236	Pickett Road	I-395	2	2	4	6	No	2025
VDOT			Reconstruct	VA 244/VA 27 Interchange	.03 MI North of I-395	.29 MI North of Rte 244					Yes	2015
VDOT	VSF25aa	57167	Convert	VA 286 (Fairfax Co Pkwy HOV)	VA 267 (Dulles Toll Road)	Sunrise Valley Dr.	5	5	6	4+2	No	2035
VDOT	VSF25ea	57167	Widen	VA 286 (Fairfax Co Pkwy HOV)	Sunrise Valley	West Ox Rd. Rugby Rd.	5	5	4	4+2	No	2035
VDOT	VSF25e	57167	Convert	VA 286 (Fairfax Co Pkwy HOV)	West Ox Rd. Rugby Rd.	US 50	5	5	6	4+2	No	2035
VDOT	VSF25y	57167	Convert/ Upgrade	VA 286 (Fairfax Co Pkwy HOV)	US 50	VA 7735 (Fair Lakes Pkwy)	2	5	6	4+2	No	2035
VDOT	VSF25EB		Widen	VA 286 (Fairfax Co Pkwy)	Rugby Rd.	US 50	5	5	4	6	Completed	2013
VDOT	VSF25YA		Widen	VA 286 (Fairfax Co Pkwy)	US 50	VA 7735 (Fair Lakes Pkwy)	2	2	4	6	Completed	2013

	Project	Agency					Facil	ity	L	_anes	Under Const.	Complt. Date or
Agency	ID	Code	Improv.	Facility	From	То	from	to	from	to	acquired?	Status
VDOT	VSF25z	F74C7	Upgrade		VA 7735 (Fair	I-66	2	5	6	6+2	No	2025
VDOT VDOT	VSF25ga	57167	/Widen Widen	(Fairfax Co Pkwy HOV) VA 286 (Fairfax Co Pkwy)	Lakes Pkwy)	US 29	5	5	4	6	Completed	2035
VDOT	VSF25g		Widen	VA 286 (Fairfax Co Pkwy)	US 29	VA 123 (Ox Road)	5	5	4	6	No	2020
VDOT	VSF25na	88195	Construct	VA 286 (Fairfax County Parkway) Phase 3	Donegal La. / Hooes Rd.	VA 289 (Franconia-Springfield Pkwy)	0	1	0	6	Completed	2012
VDOT	BRAC	88195	Construct	VA 286 (Fairfax County Parkway) Interchange (Phase 3)	Franconia Springfield Parkway	Various movements; includes relocated Rolling Rd.	-	-	-	-	Completed	2012
VDOT	BRAC / VSF25nb	88195	Construct	VA 286 (Fairfax County Parkway) Interchange (Phase 4)	@ Boudinat Drive (BD)	Ramp movements: EB F.C.Pkwy. To SB BD; WB F.C.Pkwy to SB BD; NB BD to WB F.C.Pkwy.	-	-	-	-	Completed	2011
VDOT			Construct	VA 286 Interchange	@ VA 7700 (Fair Lakes Pkwy) & Monument Dr.		2	5	4	6	Yes	2013
VDOT	VSF39		Widen	VA 7735 (Fair Lakes Pkwy) (3rd EB Lane)	VA 286 (Fairfax County Parkway)	Fair Lakes Circle	4	4	4	5	Completed	2013
VDOT	VSF26		Construct	VA 289 HOV (Franconia-Springfield Pkwy)	VA 286 (Fairfax County Parkway)	VA 2677 (Frontier Drive)	5	5	1	2	No	2025
VDOT	VSF26a	1833	Construct	VA 289 HOV (Franconia-Springfield Pkwy)	Interchange @ Neuman St.		1	1	1	-	No	2025
VDOT	VSF26b	1833 / 10101	Upgrade	VA 289 HOV (Franconia-Springfield Pkwy)	VA 638 (Rolling Rd.)	VA 617 (Backlick Rd.)	5	1	6+2	6+2	No	2025
VDOT	VSP23d		Widen	VA 294 (Prince William Parkway)	VA 776 (Liberia Ave.)	Hoadly Rd	2	2	4	6	Yes	2040
VDOT	VSP23f	PWC0008	Widen	VA 294 (Prince William Parkway)	Old Bridge Road	Minnieville Rd	2	2	4	6	Yes	2014
FCDOT	VP15CD		Construct	Collector-Distributor Rd Westbound (parallels Dulles Toll Rd.)	VA 684 (Spring Hill Road)	VA 828 (Wiehle Ave)	0		0	2	No	2037
FCDOT	VP15CD		Construct	Collector-Distributor Rd Eastbound (parallels Dulles Toll Rd.)	VA 828 (Wiehle Ave)	VA 684 (Spring Hill Road)	0		0	2	No	2036

	Project	Agency					Facil	ity	L	.anes	Under Const.	Complt.
Agency	ID	Code	Improv.	Facility	From	То	from	to	from	to	acquired?	Status
VDOT	VP12o	99482	Construct	VA 234 Bypass Ext (aka Tricounty and Bi-County Parkway) Tri-County Parkway (CTB- alignment C & D)	VA 234 Bypass @ I 66	Braddock Road (note: segment from Braddock Rd. to US 50 is included as North Star Blvd in secondary projects)	0	5	0	4	No	2020
VDOT Url	ban											
VDOT	VU28b	100518	Construct	Battlefield Parkway	US 15 south of Leesburg	Dulles Greenway	0	2	0	4	No	2020
VDOT	VU28f		Construct	Battlefield Parkway	Fort Evans Road	Edwards Ferry Road	0	2	0	4	Completed	2012
VDOT	VU30f	50100	Widen	East Elden Street	Monroe St	Fairfax County Parkway	2	2	4	6	No	2019
VDOT	VU52	77378	Widen	Eisenhower Ave.	Mill Road	Holland Lane	3	3	4	4	No	2016 2015
VDOT	VU55	VUAL1.4.2	Widen	Evergreen Mills Rd.	US 15 S. King St.	South limits City of Leesburg	3	3	2	4	No	2022
VDOT	VU56	VUAL1.4.1	Construct	Farrington Ave.	Van Dorn St at Eisenhower Ave.	Edsall Rd.	0	4	0	2	No	2035
VDOT	VU51a		Construct	Potomac Yard Spine Road	US Route 1	Crystal Dr.	0	4	0	4	Completed	2014
VDOT	VU10b		Widen	Spring Street	Herndon Parkway / Spring St. Intersection	Fairfax County Parkway / Spring St. Interchange	3	3	4	6	No	2017 2020
VDOT	VU33	78853 (91474 / 102895)	Widen	Sycolin Road	VA 7/US 15 Bypass	SCL of Leesburg	3	3	2	4	No	2020
VDOT	VU32	17687 VUL14.1	Widen	US 15 (South King Street)	Evergreen Mills Road	SCL of Leesburg	3	2	2	4	Yes No	2015
VDOT		89890	Construct	US 15 (Bypass Interchange)	Edwards Ferry Rd.	.2 mi. north to .3 mi. south	2	2	-	2	No	2020 2035
VDOT	VU29		Construct	VA 123 (Chain Bridge Road)	US 50	I-66	2	2	5	6	Completed	2013
VDOT	VU45	15960	Widen	VA 234 (Dumfries Road)	South Corporate Limits	Hastings Drive	3	3	2	4	No	2018
VDOT	nrs		Reconstruct	VA 234 (Grant Ave.)	Lee Ave.	Wellington Rd.	3	3	4	4	Yes	2020

											Under Const.	Complt.
	Project	Agency					Facil	ity	L	anes	or ROW	Date or
Agency	ID	Code	Improv.	Facility	From	То	from	to	from	to	acquired?	Status
						VA 28						
VDOT	VU48b	53037	Widen	Wellington Road	Godwin Drive	(Nokesville Road)	3	3	2	4	Completed	2010
VDOT	VU14a		Widen	Liberia Ave.	Rt.e 28	Quarry Road	3	3	4	6	Completed	2013 2017
												2016
	nrs	8645	Construct	Intersection Improvement	King St.	Beauregard St					No	2015
VDOT	nrs		Construct	Ellipse	Seminary Road	Beauregard St					No	2020
												2017
VDOT	nrs	70580	Construct	Intersection Improvement	King/Quaker Lane East of Rte 666/van Buren	Braddock Rd West of Rte 675 / Spring					No	2014
				Herndon Parkway (East): Transit Drop-off/Pick-Up	Street (@ 593 Herndon	Street (@ 575 Herndon						
VDOT	nrs		Construct	Access to Metrorail Station	Parkway)	Parkway	2	2	4	4	No	2017
VDOT	VU54	101304	Construct	Southern Collector Road	Rte 7 -Main St. at Rte 287	A Street(2,200) Ft N Yaxley	0	2			Yes	2014
				VA 17 Intersection								
VDOT	nrs	76408	Reconstruct	Improvements in Warrenton	South of Frost Ave.	South of Winchester St.					No	2021
ARLINGT	ON COUN	TY SECOI	VDARY									
												2016
VDOT	AR17a		Widen	Washington Blvd.	Wilson	Kirkwood	3	3	3	4	No	2015
FAIRFAX	COUNTYS	SECONDA	NRY									
		3_00.1.D	., ,	VA 602	VA 5320	VA 606						
VDOT	FFX2a		Construct	(Reston Pkwy.)	(Sunrise Valley Dr.)	(Baron Cameron Avenue)	2	2	4	6	No	2020
VDOT	\/OE4(10/2-1	VA 611	VA 123	VA 642	0		0	,		0044
VDOT	VSF4f		Widen	(Furnace Road)	(Ox Road)	(Lorton Road)	3	3	2	4	Yes	2014
VDOT	VSF4c	11012	Widen	VA 611 (Telegraph Road)	VA 613 (Beulah St.)	Leaf Road North	3	3	2	4	Yes	2014
		11012		VA 611	,	VA 635					. 50	
VDOT	VSF4ca	11012	Widen	(Telegraph Road)	Leaf Road North	(Hayfield Road)	3	3	2	4	No	2025
VDOT	VSF4i		Widen	VA 611 (Telegraph Road)	VA 635 (Hayfield Road)	VA 613 (Van Dorn St.) VA 633 (S. Kings Hwy.)	3	3	2	4	No	2025
VDOI	V 3 F 4 I		widen	(Telegraph Road)	(Hayilelu Kuau)	THUS (O. KINGS FIWY.)	ა	ა		4	INU	2020

	Project	Agency					Facility Lanes		anes	Under Const.	Complt.	
Agency	ID	Code	Improv.	Facility	From	То	from	to	from	to	acquired?	Status
VDOT		96509	Widen	VA 611 (Telegraph Road)	VA 633 (S. Kings Hwy.)	VA 613 (S. Van Dorn)	3	3	2	4	No	2015
VDOT	VSF4h	11012	Widen	VA 611 (Telegraph Road)	VA 613 S. Van Dorn	VA 644 (Franconia Road)	3	3	2	3	No	2025
VDOT	VSF15b		Construct	VA 613 (Van Dorn Street)	@ VA 644 (Franconia Road)	interchange	0	0	0	0	No	2025
VDOT	VSF8g		Widen	VA 620 (Braddock Rd)	VA 286 (Fairfax Co. Pkwy.)	VA 123 (Ox Road)	3	3	4	6	No	2025
VDOT	VSF8j		Construct/ Widen	VA 620 (New Braddock Rd.)	VA 28	US 29 @ VA 662 (Stone Rd.)	0/4	3	0/2	4	No	2025
VDOT	BRAC	100391	Widen	VA 638 (Rolling Rd.) NB off- ramp @ Fairfax County Pkwy.	NB Rolling Rd.	NB Fairfax County Pkwy	3	3	2	4	No	2015
VDOT	VSF10a	5559	Widen	VA 638 (Rolling Rd.)	VA 286 (Fairfax Co. Pkwy.)	VA 644 (Old Keene Mill Rd.)	3	3	2	4	No	2020
VDOT	VSF10E		Widen	VA 638 (Rolling Road)	Delong Dr.	N. Fullerton Rd.	3	3	2	4	No	2022
VDOT	VSF10c	16505	Widen	VA 638 (Pohick Road) VA 642	US 1 VA 123	I-95 VA 600	3	3	2	4	No	2025
VDOT	VSF13d		Widen	(Lorton Road)	(Ox Road)	(Silverbrook Road)	3	3	2	4	Yes	2014
VDOT	FFX11a		Widen	VA 645 (Stringfellow Rd.)	US 50	VA 286 (Fairfax Co. Pkwy.)	3	3	2	4	No	2020
VDOT	VSF16g	60864	Widen	VA 645 (Stringfellow Road)	VA 7735 (Fair Lakes Blvd.)	US 50	3	3	2	4	Yes	2015
VDOT	VSF37		Widen	VA 650 (Gallows Road)	Gatehouse Road	Providence Forest Dr.	2	2	4	6	Completed	2013
FCDOT	VSF37A		Widen	VA 650 (Gallows Road)	VA 7 (Leesburg Pike)	Rte. 699 (Prosperity Ave.)	3	3	4	6	No	2038
VDOT	VSF33d	60866	Widen	VA 651 (Guinea Road)	VA 620 (Braddock Road)	VA 2430 (Braeburn Road)	3	3	2	4	No	2025
VDOT	VSF33a	16508	Widen	VA 651 (Guinea Road)	VA 6197 (Roberts Parkway)	VA 4807 (Pommeroy Drive)	3	3	2	4	No	2025
VDOT	FFX12a		Construct	VA 651 (New Guinea Rd.)	VA 123 (Ox Road)	Roberts Rd.	0	3	0	4	No	2025

											Under Const.	Complt.
	Project	Agency					Facil	ity	L	anes	or ROW	Date or
Agency	ID	Code	Improv.	Facility	From	То	from	to	from	to	acquired?	Status
				VA 655	VA 286	VA 620	_		_			
VDOT	VSF17b		Construct	(Shirley Gate Road) VA 657	(Fairfax Co. Pkwy.) VA 8390	(Braddock Road) VA 668	0	3	0	4	No	2025
VDOT	VSF18c	74749	Widen	(Centreville Road)	(Metrotech Dr.)	(McLearen Road)	3	3	4	6	No	2040
FCDOT	VSF42		Construct	Boone Blvd Extension	VA 123 (Chain Bridge Road)	Ashgrove Lane			0	4	No	2036
FCDOT			Construct	New Bridge /Road Crossing	Tysons Corner Center Ring Road	Old Meadow Road				4	No	2035
				•	Rt 7	VA 694						
FCDOT	VSF43		Widen	Magarity Road	(Leesburg Pike)	(Great Falls St)			2	4	No	2037
VDOT	\/0544	400007	Construct /	Cootto Coossina Drive	Rte. 123	Rte. 5062			0/2	4/4	Na	2040
VDOT	VSF41	103907	Widen Extend /	Scotts Crossing Drive	(Dolley Madison Blvd.)	(Jones Branch Drive)			0/2	4/4	No	2018
FCDOT	nrs		Construct	Greensboro Dr. WB	Spring Hill Td.	Tyco Rd.	4	4	0	2	No	2034
LOUDOU	N COUNTY	SECONE	DARY									
				VA Pouto COC Pour	VA COC Footh averd	Laskrides Das desarthbased			0	2	No	2020
VDOT	nrs	0==00	Construct	VA Route 606 Ramp	VA 606 Eastbound	Lockridge Road northbound			U		NO	2020
VDOT	VSL1b	97529 &105064	Widen/ Upgrade	VA 606 (Old Ox Rd.)	VA 634 (Moran Rd.)	VA 621 (Evergreen Mills Rd.)	4	3	2	4	No	2020
			1 0	VA 607	,							
VDOT	VSL10E		Widen	(Loudoun County Pkwy)	US 50	VA 606 at new Arcola Blvd.			4	6	No	2030
VDOT	VSL10c		Construct	VA 607 (Loudoun County Pkwy)	VA 606 (Old Ox Rd.) / VA 842 (Arcola Rd.)	VA 772 (Ryan Rd.)	0	3	0	4	Yes	2015
VDOT	VSLIUC		Widen/	VA 607	VA 642 (Alcola Ru.)	(Kyan Ku.)	U	3	U	4	162	2015
VDOT	VSL10bb		Upgrade	(Loudoun County Pkwy)	W&OD Trail	Redskin Park Drive	4	3	2	6	No	2025
			Widen/	VA 607								2014
VDOT	VSL10bf		Upgrade	(Loudoun County Pkwy)	Redskin Park Drive	Gloucester Parkway	4	3	2	4	yes	2013
VDOT	VSL12d	00087106	Construct	VA 625 (Waxpool Rd.)	VA 2920 Faulkner Parkway	Unbridled Way	4	3	2	4	Completed	2013
VDOT	VSL54		Widen	Farmwell Rd.	Smith Switch	Ashburn Road	4	4	2	6	No	2017
				Interchange Waxpool Road/								
VDOT	nrs		Construct	Loudoun County Parkway Intersection					0	4	No	2019
VDOT	1115		Construct	Intersection					J	-7	140	2010

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VDOT	VSL45		Widen/ Upgrade	VA 643 (Sycolin Road) Phase II	Leesburg Town Limits	Crosstrails Blvd.	4	3	2	4	No	2035
VDOT	VSL4ac	76243?	Widen	VA 659 (Belmont Ridge Road)	VA 7	Croson Ln. Dulles Greenway	4	3	2	4	No	2018 2014
VDOT	VSL4a	73823	Study	VA 659 (Belmont Ridge Rd.) PE ONLY	National Rec. & Park Ent.	Dulles Greenway	4	3	2	4	No	not coded
VDOT	VSL4e	LDN0005	Widen/ Upgrade	VA 659 (Gum Spring Rd.)	VA 620 (Braddock Road)	US 50	4	3	2	4	Yes	2015
VDOT	VSL4f		Widen/ Upgrade	VA 659 (Gum Spring Rd.)	Prince William County Line	VA 620 (Braddock Road)	4	3	2	4	No	2035
VDOT	VSL58		Construct	Route 772 Transit Station Connector Bridge	Dulles Greenway	Route 772 Transit Station			0	4	No	2019
VDOT	VSL50		Widen/ Upgrade	VA 773 (Fort Evans Road)	Leesburg Town Limits	Kingsport Rd.	4	3	2	4	Completed	2013
VDOT	nrs		Construct	VA 868 (Davis Dr.)	VA 606 (Old Ox Road)	VA 846 (Sterling Blvd)	0	4	0	4	No	2025
VDOT	VSL46	68767	Construct	VA 1036 (Pacific Boulevard)	Sterling Blvd.	Gloucester Parkway	0	3	0	4	Completed	2013 2015
VDOT	VSL52	104418	Construct	VA 2150 (Gloucester Pkwy Extension)	VA 607 (Loudoun County Pkwy)	VA 1036 (Pacific Blvd.)	0	3	0	4	Yes	2016 2015
VDOT	VSL61		Construct	Arcola Boulevard (Southern Segment)	US 50	Loudoun County Parkway	0	4	0	4	No	2022
VDOT	VSL40F		Construct	Clairborne Parkway	Croson Lane	Ryan Road			2	4	No	2015
VDOT	VSL56		Construct	Crosstrail Boulevard	Sycolin Road	Kincaid Blvd.			0	4	No	2019
VDOT	VSL62		Widen	Evergreen Mills Road (Eastern Segment)	Loudoun County Parkway	Belmont Ridge Rd.	4	4	2	4	No	2025
VDOT	nrs		Construct	George Washington Boulevard Overpass	George Washington Boulevard	Richfield Street			0	4	No	
VDOT	nrs		Construct	Glascock Road (Eastern Segment)	Arcola Boulevard	Loundoun County Parkway			0	4	No	2023
VDOT	nrs		Construct	Glascock Road (Western Segment)	Arcola Road	Northstar Boulevard			0	4	No	2023

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Amanau	ID	Code	Improv.	Facility	From	То	from	to	from	to	acquired?	Status
Agency	טו	Code	illipiov.	Mooreview Parkway	FIOIII	10	110111	10	110111	10	acquireu	Status
VDOT	VSL57		Construct	(Missing Link)	Amberleigh Farm Drive	Old Ryan Road			0	4	No	2019
VDOT	VP12R		Construct	Northstar Boulevard (Missing Link #79)	Shreveport Drive	U.S. 50		2	0	4	No	2022
VDOT	VP12Q		Construct	Northstar Boulevard (Missing Link #78)	US 50	Tall Cedars Parkway		5	0	4	No	2019
VDOT	VP12P		Construct	Northstar Boulevard (Missing Link #80)	Tall Cedars Parkway	Braddock Road		5	0	4	No	2017
VDOT	VSL59		Construct	Prentice Drive (Western Segment)	Loudoun County Parkway	Loudoun Station Drive			0	4	No	2019
VDOT	VSL59		Construct	Prentice Drive (Eastern Segment)	Lockridge	Loudoun County Parkway			0	4	No	2019
VDOT	VSL48A		Construct	Riverside Parkway	River Creek Parkway	Upper Meadow Drive / Kingsport Drive			2	4	Yes	2014 2013
VDOT	VSL49		Construct	Russell Branch Parkway	Loudoun County Parkway	Ashburn Village Rd. VA 659 (Belmont Ridge Road)	0	3	0	4	Completed	2014
VDOT	VSL49A		Construct	Russell Branch Parkway (Eastern Segment)	Ashburn Village Road	Ashburn Road			0	4	No	2017
VDOT	VSL49B		Construct	Russell Branch Parkway (Western Segment)	Belmont Ridge Road	Tournament Parkway			0	4	No	2017
VDOT	VSL55		Construct	Shreveport Drive (Eastern Segment)	Belmont Ridge Road	Loudoun County Parkway			0	4	No	2017
VDOT	VSL60		Construct	Sterling Boulevard Extension	Pacific Boulevard	Moran Road			0	4	No	2019
VDOT	VSL53		Construct	Tall Cedars Parkway	Pinebrook Road	Gum Springs Road			0	4	No	2015
PRINCE	WILLIAM C	OUNTY SI	ECONDARY	,								
VDOT	VSP59		Construct	Peaks Mill (Purcell Road east)	Route 643 (Purcell Road)	Route 294 (Prince William- Parkway)	0	4	0	2	No	2035
VDOT	VSP63	104802	Construct	VA 2190 (Summit School Rd Extension)	Telegraph Rd. Herner P & R Access Read	South end of existing VA 2190 (Summit School Road)	4	4	2	4	No	2020 2040

	Project	Agency					Facil	ity	L	_anes	Under Const.	Complt.
Agency	ID	Code	Improv.	Facility	From	То	from	to	from	to	acquired?	Status
)/A 4704	VA 040	VA 2190 Summit School Rd.						0000
VDOT	VSP25b	104802	Widen	VA 1781 (Telegraph Rd)	VA 849 (Caton Hill Rd)	Extension VA 640 (Minnieville Rd.)	4	4	2	4	No	2020 2040
				VA 1781	VA 294	VA 849				-	-	2020
VDOT	VSP25c	104802	Widen	(Telegraph Rd.) VA 619	(Prince William Parkway)	(Caton Hill Rd.)	4	4	2	4	No	2040 2015
VDOT	VSP2H	92999	Widen	(Joplin Rd Eastbound)	I-95 Ramp	US 1			2	3	No	2015 2014
			Widen/	VA 621	VA 234	Ashton Ave.						
VDOT	VSP3a		Upgrade	(Balls Ford Road)	(Sudley Road)	Bethlehem Road	4	3	2	4	No	2040
			Widen/	VA 621	Ashton Ave.	Groveton Rd.						2025
VDOT	VSP3b	80347	Upgrade	(Balls Ford Road)	Bethlehem Road	VA 234 Bypass	4	3	2	4	No	2040
VDOT	VSP64		Construct	Balls Ford Road Relocated	Doane Drive	Devlin Rd.	0	3	0	4	No	2020
\/D.O.T	1/05-	100101	107	VA 640	VA 643	VA 00.4		•		,	N	0045
VDOT	VSP5e	103484	Widen	(Minnieville Road)	(Spriggs Road)	VA 234 VA 642	3	3	2	4	No	2015
VDOT	nrs VSP8a	90499	Reconstruct Widen	VA 643 (Purcell Rd.)	VA 234 (Dumfries Rd.)	VA 642 (Hoadly Rd.)	4	4	2	2 4	No	2025
		00.00		VA 674	VA 621	VA 234 Bypass						2025
VDOT	VSP17ba		Widen	(Wellington Rd.)	(Devlin Rd/Balls Ford Rd)	(Prince William Parkway)	3	3	2	4	No	2035
				VA 674	VA 234 Bypass Prince	VA 668						
VDOT	VSP17b		Widen	(Wellington Rd.)	William Parkway	(Rixlew Lane)	3	3	2	4	No	2035
VDOT	\/OD40		147' de e	VA 676	VA 55	Hardbards Blad			•		NI.	0040
VDOT	VSP18		Widen	(Catharpin Rd.)	(John Marshall Highway)	Heathcote Blvd.	3	3	2	4	No	2040
VDOT	VSP20c		Widen/ Upgrade	VA 1392 (Rippon Blvd Extension)	West of Wigeon Way	Rippon VRE Station	4	3	2	4	No	2040
			5 p g. s.s. s	VA 840 (University Blvd.)	······································			_			110	2013
VDOT	VSP47d	94194	Construct	(nee East-West Connector)	Rt 234 Bypass	Sudley Manor Dr.	0	3	0	4	Completed	2014
					Sudley Manor Dr.							
VDOT	VSP47e		Construct	University Blvd/Progress Ct	Rollins Ford Extension	Wellington Rd /Progress Ct.	0	3	0	4	No	2016
VDOT	VCDCCA		Enternal	VA 840 (University Blvd.)	Drogress Court	US 29			0	4	Completed	2006
VDOT	VSP56A		Extend	(nee East-West Connector)	Progress Court				0	4	Completed	2014
VDOT	VSP2I	92999	Widen	Fuller Road	US 1	Relocated Rt 619 (Fuller Heights Rd)			2	4	No	2015 2014
	-				N. of its intersection with	-						
VDOT			Widen	Hornbaker Rd.	University Blvd.	Thomason Barn Rd.			2	4	Completed	2013

Agency P	Project ID	Agency									Under Const.	Complt.
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7 tgonoy		Code	Improv.	Facility	From	То	from	to	from	to	acquired?	Status
	15	oodo									ar quiri ou i	
VDOT V	VSP65		Widen	Neabsco Mills Road	Route 1	Dale Blvd			2	4		2020
					Songsparrow Rd./ Yellow	VA 215						
VDOT V	VSP62	90226	Construct	Rollins Ford Rd.	Hammer	(Vint Hill Rd.)	0		0	4	Yes	2014
		00220				()						
VDOT V	VSP62a		Construct	Rollins Ford Rd.	Wellington Rd	Linton Hall Rd	0	3	0	4	No	2020
							_					
VDOT V	VSP66		Construct	Van Buren Rd.	VA 234	Cardinal Dr.	0	4	0	_ 4	<u>No</u>	2035
FAMPO												
77.W					Rte. 610 (Garrisonville Rd.)	VA 17 in Spotsylvania County (exit						
	VI2rf		Construct	I 95 : HOV / Bus / HOT Lanes	in Stafford County	126)	1	1	0	2	No	2025
				I 95 : HOV / Bus / HOT Lanes:	South of Telegraph Road	SB GP Lanes to SB HOT						
			Construct	Ramp	(North of Aquia Creek)	Lanes	1	1	0	1	No	2025
				I 95 : HOV / Bus / HOT Lanes:	South of Telegraph Road	NB HOT Lanes to NB GP						
			Construct	Ramp	(North of Aquia Creek)	Lanes	1	1	0	1	No	2025
				T 95 : HOV / Bus / HOT Lanes:	North of Garrisonville Road	NB GP Lanes to NB HOT						i I
			Construct	Ramp	(south of Aquia Creek)	Lanes	1	1	0	1	No	2025
			0 1 1	I 95 : HOV / Bus / HOT Lanes:	Between Garrisonsville Road	SB GP Lanes to SB HOT	4		0		NI-	0005
			Construct	Ramp T 95 : HOV / Bus / HOT Lanes:	and Courthouse Road Between Garrisonsville Road	Lanes NB HOT Lanes to NB GP	1	1	0	1	No	2025
			Construct		and Courthouse Road	Lanes	1	1	0	1	No	2025
			Construct	Ramp T 95 : HOV / Bus / HOT Lanes:	Between Garrisonsville Road	SB HOT Lanes to SB GP	ı	'	U	<u>'</u>	INO	2025
			Construct	Ramp	and Courthouse Road	Lanes	1	1	0	1	No	2025
	-		Construct	T95 : HOV / Bus / HOT Lanes:	Between Garrisonsville Road	NB GP Lanes to NB HOT	'	<u>'</u>		<u>'</u>	110	2020
			Construct	Ramp	and Courthouse Road	Lanes	1	1	0	1	No	2025
				I 95 : HOV / Bus / HOT Lanes:	South of Rt 628 (North of	SB HOT Lanes to SB GP	-					
			Construct	Ramp	Stafford Regional Airport)	Lanes	1	1	0	1	No	2025
				T 95: HOV / Bus / HOT Lanes:	South of Rt 628 (North of	NB GP Lanes to NB HOT						
			Construct	Ramp	Stafford Regional Airport)	Lanes	1	1	0	1	No	2025
				I 95 : HOV / Bus / HOT Lanes:	Between Centerpoint Road	SB GP Lanes to SB HOT						
			Construct	Ramp	(St.Co.Airport Access Rd.)	Lanes	1	1	0	1	No	2025
				I 95 : HOV / Bus / HOT Lanes:	Between Centerpoint Road	NB HOT Lanes to NB GP	_					000-
			Construct	Ramp	(St.Co.Airport Access Rd.)	Lanes	1	1	0	1	No	2025
			Construct	I 95 : HOV / Bus / HOT Lanes:	Between Centerpoint Road	SB HOT Lanes to SB GP	1	4	0	1	No	2025
			Construct	Ramp T 95 : HOV / Bus / HOT Lanes:	(St.Co.Airport Access Rd.) Between Centerpoint Road	Lanes NB GP Lanes to NB HOT	ı		U	1	No	2025
			Construct	Ramp	(St.Co.Airport Access Rd.)	Lanes	1	1	0	1	No	2025
	-		CONSTRUCT	T 95 : HOV / Bus / HOT Lanes:	South of Rt 17 (North of	NB HOT Lanes to NB GP	-	<u> </u>	U	<u> </u>	INU	2020
			Construct	Ramp	Rappahannock River)	Lanes	1	1	0	1	No	2025

	Project	Agency					Facility Lanes		Lanes	Under Const.	Complt.	
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				I 95 : HOV / Bus / HOT Lanes:	Just South of Rappahannock	SB HOT Lanes to SB GP						
			Construct	Ramp	River	Lanes	1	1	0	1	No	2025
				T 95: HOV / Bus / HOT Lanes:		NB GP Lanes to NB HOT						
			Construct	Ramp	Just north of Rt 3	Lanes	1	1	0	1	No	2025
				T95: HOV / Bus / HOT Lanes:		NB GP Lanes to NB HOT						
			Construct	Ramp	Between Rt 620 and Rt 208	Lanes	1	1	0	1	No	2025
				T95: HOV / Bus / HOT Lanes:		SB HOT Lanes to SB GP			_			
			Construct	Ramp	Between Rt 620 and Rt 208	Lanes	1	1	0	1	No	2025
				T 95 : HOV / Bus / HOT Lanes:	D . D. 4 D. 47	NB GP Lanes to NB HOT			_			0005
			Construct	Ramp	Between Rt 1 and Rt 17	Lanes	1	1	0	1	No	2025
			Canadania	1 95 : HOV / Bus / HOT Lanes:	Datus an Dt 4 and Dt 47	SB HOT Lanes to SB GP	1	1	0	1	Nie	0005
			Construct	Ramp	Between Rt 1 and Rt 17 at Courthouse Rd.	Lanes	1	1	U	1	No	2025
			December	LOF interchange							Yes	2025
			Reconstruct	I-95 interchange Inside I-95 shoulders for use	(exit #140)						res	2025
	FAI1E		Upgrade	as travel lanes in peak periods	1.2 mi n of Carriconvilla Pd	.4 mi. n. of Amleg Rd.					No	2020
	FAILE		Opgrade	as traver laries in peak perious	1.3 IIII. II. OI Gairisonville Ru.	VA-637, Telegraph Rd.					INO	2020
	FAP5F		Widen	US-1	Prince William County Line	(Northern Intersection)			4	6	No	2025
	TAISI		Widen	US-1/US-17/PR-218	1 Tince William County Line	(Northern intersection)				Ŭ	110	2023
			Reconstruct	Intersection							Yes	2020
			reconstruct	US 1	US 17	Princess Anne St.					100	2025
	FAP5I		Widen	(Bridge Replacement)	(Butler Rd.)	Fredericksburg N. City Limit	2	2	4	6	No	2020
				VA-3	(=)	William St./Blue Gray					- 110	
	FAS22A		Widen	(William St)	Gateway Blvd.	Parkway			4	6	No	2030
	_			VA 3		VA 627				_		
	FAS22		Widen	(Spotsylvania)	Chewing Lane	(Gordon Rd.)	2	2	4	6	Complete	2013
	1 7022		Widen	US 17 Bypass	Chewing Lane	(Goldon Rd.)				Ŭ	Complete	2013
	FAP6A		Widen	(Mills Dr.)	I-95	Caroline County Line	2	2	2	4	No	2030
	1741 074		WIGOII	Tidewater Trail US	1 00	US 17 Bypass		_		-	110	2040
	FAP6E		Widen	17 Business/VA 2	SCL Frederickburg	(Mills Dr.)	2	2	2	4		2035
	. , 02			US 17	001:1000	(6 2)						
	FAP6C		Widen	(Warrenton Rd.)	McLane Drive	Stafford Lakes Parkway	2	2	4	6	Yes	2020
				US 17		VA 612						
	FAP6D		Widen	(Warrenton Rd.)	Stafford Lakes Parkway	(Hartwood Road)	2	2	4	6		2040
				,		, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,						
				VA 218		VA 212						
	FAP7		Widen	(Butler Rd)	US 1	(Chatham Heights Rd)	4	4	2	4	No	2030
				VA 208	US 1	Smith Station Road VA	·	Ė		<u> </u>		
	FAS40		Widen	=**		628 (Station Road)	3	3	4	6		2040
	FA340		widen	(Courthouse Road)	(Jefferson Davis Hwy)	020 (StatiOH KOUU)	3	3	4	0		∠U4U

											Under Const.	Complt.
	Project	Agency					Facil	ity	L	anes.	or ROW	Date or
Agency	ID	Code	Improv.	Facility	From	То	from	to	from	to	acquired?	Status
FREDER	CKSBURG											
				Fall Hill Ave./ Mary								
	FAU1		Widen	Washington Blvd. Extension	Mary Wash. Blvd.	Gordon Shelton Blvd.			2	4	Yes	2020
			Upgrade/	Lafayette Blvd.		VA-3						
			roundabout	(Phase 1)	Sophia St	(Blue & Gray Parkway)					No	2025
					William St.	Fall Hill Ave						1
	FAU2		Construct	Gateway Blvd. Extended	(PR-3)	(UR-3965)			0	4	No	2030
STAFFOR	RD COUNT	Y SECON	DARY									
			Intersection	VA 606	VA 3	VA 608						
	FAS43		improvement	(Ferry Rd)	(Kings Highway)	(Brook Rd)	4	3				2035
				VA 630	Winding Creek Dr.	VA 648						2030
	FAS5b		Widen	(Courthouse Rd)	Austin Ridge Dr.	(Shelton Shop Rd)	4	4	2	4	No	2035
				VA 648	VA 610	VA 627						
	FAS13		Widen	(Shelton Shop Rd.)	(Garrisonville Rd)	(Mountainview Rd)	4	4	2	4	No	2035
SPOTSVI	VANIA CO	IINTV SE	CONDARY									
0/0/0/1		ONTIOL	CONDAINT	VA 620	VA 610	VA 627						
	FAS18c		Widen	(Harrison Rd)	(Old Plank Rd.)	(Gordon Rd.)	4	4	2	4		2025
	1 70100		Widen	VA-620	US-1 BUS	VA-639		_				2023
	FAS18B		Widen	(Harrison Rd.)	(Lafayette Blvd.)	(Salem Church Rd.)			2	4	No	2025
	1710101		WIGGII	VA 628	VA 608	VA 627				т -	110	2025
	FAS28		Widen	(Smith Station Rd)	(Massaponax Church Rd.)	(Gordon Rd.)	4	4	2	4	No	2035
	1 A320		WIGGII	VA 636	VA 208	(Gordon Rd.)	-			7	140	2000
	FAS19		Widen	(Mine Rd./ Hood Dr.)	(Courthouse Rd.)	US 1	4	4	2	4	No	2025
	1 7019		WIGHT	VA 639	VA 208	VA 628	-	_		7	110	2020
	FAS20b		Widen	(Leavells Rd.)	(Courthouse Rd.)	(Smith Station Rd.)	4	4	2	4	Yes	2035

APPENDIX C

Interagency Consultation and Public Involvement Process

TPB Public Comment Procedures and Opportunities Related the Air Quality Conformity Planning Process

As described in the 2014 TPB *Participation Plan*, it is the policy of the TPB to carry out the following public involvement activities with respect to air quality conformity regulations governing TPB plans and programs.

- Ensure that the TPB follows federal requirements for public involvement, including a public comment period of at least 30 days prior to the approval of air quality conformity determinations that are part of the Financially Constrained Long-Range Transportation Plan (CLRP), Transportation Improvement Program (TIP) and other major documents, and the development and consideration of written responses to comments received.
 - Provide notification of the opportunity to comment during the public comment period through a variety of means, including:
 - Direct email notifications that the public comment period has begun;
 - Paid advertisements in local newspapers;
 - Notices in the TPB's monthly newsletter the TPB News;
 - Information in other publications, including the TPB Weekly Report;
 - Announcements on TPB websites including the COG Transportation homepage http://www.mwcog.org/transportation, the TPB Transportation Planning Information Hub http://www.transportationplanninghub.org, and pages specific to the CLRP http://www.mwcog.org/clrp.
 - Agenda items on key TPB committee's including the Citizens Advisory Committee, Access for All Advisory Committee and Technical Committee;
 - At least one formal public meeting during the development process for the TIP.
 - Comments from the public can be submitted on the TPB's web site, by email, postal mail, or in person at the beginning of TPB meetings. All comments are posted on the web site and are grouped according to whether the comment was submitted by a private citizen, a business or non-profit organization, or a government official or representative body. Comments can also be sorted according to the nature of the comment.
 - The TPB shall provide an additional opportunity for public comment, if the final CLRP or TIP differs significantly from the version that was made available for public comment by the TPB and raises new material issues which interested parties could not reasonably have foreseen from the public involvement efforts.
 - When significant written and oral comments are received on the draft CLRP and

- In addition to the formal public comment process described above, the following ongoing public involvement opportunities are in place and can be used to provide comment on air quality conformity determinations related to the TPB's plans and programs, and to learn about the conformity process:
 - A period of time for public comment is provided at the beginning of each TPB meeting.
 - o The TPB website provides online opportunities for public comment.
 - o All meetings of the TPB's committees are open to public.
 - o The TPB strives to provide reasonable public access to technical and policy information through its website, distribution of paper documents, and through telephone and email communications.
 - o Information about the planning process, including air quality conformity issues, is provided through a variety of ad hoc meetings and presentations that regularly occur throughout the region.

TPB Consultation and Public Comment Opportunities for the Air Quality Conformity Analysis of the 2014 CLRP and FY2015-2020 TIP

The following lists TPB consultation and public comment opportunities during the air quality conformity analysis of the 2014 CLRP and FY2015-2020 TIP:

- October 10th, 2013 TPB Citizen Advisory Committee (CAC) meeting presentation on the draft call for projects and schedule for the air quality conformity analysis of the 2014 CLRP and FY2015-2020 TIP;
- October 10th, 2013 Draft call for projects and schedule for the air quality conformity analysis of the 2014 CLRP and FY2015-2020 TIP was in the TPB's monthly newsletter the *TPB News* as an agenda item for the TPB October 16, 2014 meeting;
- October 10th, 2013 Monthly conformity consultation letter referenced the draft call for projects and schedule for the air quality conformity analysis of the 2014 CLRP and FY2015-2020 TIP;
- October 16th, 2013 Opportunity for the public comment at the TPB meeting;
- October 16th, 2013 TPB presentation on the draft call for projects and schedule for the air quality conformity analysis of the 2014 CLRP and FY2015-2020 TIP;
- November 1st, 2013 Draft call for projects and schedule for the air quality conformity analysis of the 2014 CLRP and FY2015-2020 TIP was in the TPB's monthly newsletter the *TPB News*;
- January 3rd, 2014 Update on project submissions and schedule for the air quality conformity analysis of the 2014 CLRP and FY2015-2020 TIP was in the TPB's monthly newsletter the *TPB News* as an agenda item for the TPB January 15, 2014 meeting;
- January 10th, 2014 Monthly conformity consultation letter referenced the upcoming discussion of transportation projects and the schedule for the air quality conformity analysis of the CLRP at the upcoming TPB meeting;
- January 15th, 2014 Opportunity for public comment at the TPB meeting;
- January 15th, 2014 TPB presentation on the update on project submissions and schedule for the air quality conformity analysis of the 2014 CLRP and FY2015-2020 TIP;
- February 7th, 2014 Update on project submissions and schedule for the air quality conformity analysis, and status of the financial analysis for the

- 2014 CLRP was in the TPB's monthly newsletter the *TPB News* as an agenda item for the TPB February 19, 2014 meeting;
- February 12th, 2014 Monthly conformity consultation letter referenced the upcoming discussion of the project submissions and schedule for the air quality conformity analysis, and status of the financial analysis for the 2014 CLRP;
- February 19th, 2014 Opportunity for public comment at the TPB meeting;
- February 19th, 2014 TPB presentation on the update on the project submissions and schedule for the air quality conformity analysis of 2014 CLRP and FY2015-2020 TIP;
- March 11th, 2014 MWAQC Technical Advisory Committee (TAC) presentation on inputs and scope of work and project inputs for the air quality conformity analysis of the 2014 CLRP and FY2015-2020 TIP;
- March 13th, 2014 Draft scope of work and project inputs released for 30-day public comment and documents posted on web;
- March 13th, 2014 TPB CAC meeting presentation on inputs and scope of work and project inputs for the air quality conformity analysis of the 2014 CLRP and FY2015-2020 TIP;
- March 13th, 2014 Paid advertisement posted in the Washington Post announcing 30-day public comment period for scope of work and project inputs;
- March 20th, 2014 Paid advertisement posted in the El Pregonero announcing 30-day public comment period for scope of work and project inputs;
- March 14th, 2014 Monthly conformity consultation letter referenced inputs and scope of work and announced public comment period;
- March 18th, 2014 Public comment period announced in the TPB's monthly newsletter the *TPB News* and the TPB *Weekly Report*;
- March 19th, 2014 Opportunity for public comment at the TPB meeting;
- March 19th, 2014 TPB presentation on the inputs and scope of work for the air quality conformity analysis of the 2014 CLRP and FY2015-2020 TIP;
- April 4th, 2014 Approval of scope of work for the air quality conformity analysis for the 2014 CLRP and FY2015-2020 TIP was in the TPB's monthly newsletter the *TPB News* as agenda items for the TPB April 16, 2014 meeting;

- April 10th, 2014 -TPB CAC meeting presentation on the project submissions for the air quality conformity analysis for the 2014 CLRP and FY2015-2020 TIP;
- April 11th, 2014 Monthly conformity consultation letter referenced the upcoming discussion of comments received and recommended responses, and TPB approval of inputs and scope of work for the air quality conformity analysis;
- April 16th, 2014 Opportunity for public comment at the TPB meeting;
- April 16th, 2014 TPB presentation on the comments received and recommended responses, and TPB approval of the scope of work and project inputs for the air quality conformity analysis for the 2014 CLRP and FY2015-2020 TIP;
- May 13th, 2014 CLRP air quality conformity analysis article was in the TPB Weekly Report;
- September 4th, 2014 Paid advertisement posted in the El Pregonero announcing 30-day public comment period for draft conformity analysis of the 2014 CLRP and FY2015-2020 TIP;
- September 9th, 2014 MWAQC TAC presentation on results of the air quality conformity analysis of the 2014 CLRP and FY2015-2020 TIP;
- September 11th, 2014 Draft CLRP and TIP conformity analysis released for 30-day public comment period and posted on web;
- September 11th, 2014 TPB CAC meeting presentation on the draft conformity analysis of the 2014 CLRP and FY2015-2020 TIP;
- September 11th, 2014 Paid advertisement posted in the Washington Post announcing 30-day public comment period for draft conformity analysis of the 2014 CLRP and FY2015-2020 TIP;
- September 11th, 2014 Public comment period announced in the TPB's monthly newsletter the *TPB News*;
- September 12th, 2014 Paid advertisement posted in the Afro-American announcing 30-day public comment period for draft conformity analysis of the 2014 CLRP and FY2015-2020 TIP;
- September 12th, 2014 Monthly conformity consultation letter referenced results and announced public comment period for draft conformity analysis of the 2014 CLRP and FY2015-2020 TIP;

- September 15th, 2014 MWAQC Air and Climate Public Advisory Committee (ACPAC) presentation on results of the air quality conformity analysis of the 2014 CLRP and FY2015-2020 TIP;
- September 16th, 2014 Public comment period announced in the TPB Weekly Report;
- September 17th, 2014 Opportunity for public comment at the TPB meeting;
- September 17th, 2014 TPB presentation on the draft air quality conformity analysis of the 2014 CLRP and FY2015-2020 TIP;
- October 10th, 2014 Monthly conformity consultation letter referenced results for the air quality conformity analysis of the 2014 CLRP and FY2015-2020 TIP;
- October 16th, 2014 Opportunity for public comment at the TPB meeting;
- October 16th, 2014 TPB responded to comments received during public comment period.

Note: All TPB and TPB subcommittee meetings are open to the public

National Capital Region Transportation Planning Board

777 North Capitol Street, N.E., Suite 300, Washington, D.C. 20002-4290 (202) 962-3310 Fax: (202)962-3202

April 11, 2014

TO: Transportation Consultation Agencies

(United States Environmental Protection Agency, Federal Highway

Administration, Federal Transit Administration, Metropolitan Washington Air Quality Committee, Air Quality Public Advisory Committee, and Transportation

Planning Board Citizens Advisory Committee)

FROM: Gerald Miller

Acting Co-Director, Department of

Transportation Planning

SUBJECT: Consultation with respect to TPB plans and programs

Enclosure:

1) Agenda for April 16, 2014 TPB meeting

This memo transmits the agenda for the April TPB meeting, which is relevant to TPB consultation with respect to air quality conformity. Materials associated with each agenda item are available on the TPB web site www.mwcog.org under Dates and Events. As always, you are welcome to attend the TPB meetings (and/or any meetings of the TPB committees and their subcommittees). A schedule of monthly meetings is listed in the Calendar of Events in *TPB NEWS*.

The April TPB agenda items relevant for transportation conformity and consultation are identified below.

Item 8 is an action item in which the Board will be briefed on comments received and recommended responses, and asked to approve the project submissions for inclusion in the air quality conformity assessment for the 2014 Constrained Long Range Transportation Plan (CLRP) and FY 2015-2020 Transportation Improvement Program (TIP). At the March 19 meeting, the Board was briefed on the major project changes submitted for inclusion in the air quality conformity assessment for the 2014 CLRP and FY 2015-2020 TIP which were released for a 30-day public comment period that ended April 12.

Item 9 is an action item in which the Board will be briefed on the comments received and recommended responses, and asked to approve the scope of work for the air quality conformity assessment for the 2014 CLRP and FY 2015-2020 TIP. At the March 19 meeting, the Board was briefed on the draft scope of work which was released for a

30-day public comment period that ended April 12.

Item 12 is an information item in which the Board will be briefed on a draft initial assessment of the 2014 update of the CLRP and the Regional Transportation Priorities Plan (RTPP). In January, the TPB approved the RTPP which identifies strategies that are "within reach" both financially and politically and have the greatest potential to respond to the most significant transportation challenges. In response to a request at the February TPB meeting, staff has prepared an initial qualitative assessment of how the priorities identified in the RTPP compare to the transportation system in the CLRP as it is being updated with a new financial analysis and additional projects in 2014.

Item 13 is a notice item in which the Virginia Department of Transportation (VDOT) has requested an amendment to update projects and funding in the Northern Virginia section of the FY 2013-2018 TIP. The Board will be asked to approve this amendment at the May 21 meeting.

National Capital Region Transportation Planning Board 777 North Capitol Street, N.E., Suite 300, Washington, D.C. 20002-4290 (202) 962-3310 Fax: (202) 962-3202

Date: April 16, 2014

Time: 12 noon

Place: **COG Board Room**

AGENDA (BEGINS PROMPTLY AT NOON)

12 noon	1.	Public Comment on TPB Procedures and Activities
		Chairman Wojahn
		Interested members of the public will be given the opportunity to make brief comments on transportation issues under consideration by the TPB. Each speaker will be allowed up to three minutes to present his or her views. Board members will have an opportunity to ask questions of the speakers, and to engage in limited discussion. Speakers are asked to bring written copies of their remarks (65 copies) for distribution at the meeting.
12:20 pm	2.	Approval of Minutes of March 19 Meeting Chairman Wojahn
12:25 pm	3.	Report of Technical Committee
12:30 pm	4.	Report of the Citizen Advisory Committee
•		Ms. Loh
		Chair, Citizens Advisory Committee
12:35 pm	5.	Report of Steering Committee
		Acting Co-Director, Department of Transportation Planning (DTP)
12:40 pm	6.	Chair's Remarks
•		Chairman Woiahn

Alternative formats of this agenda and all other meeting materials are available upon request. Email: accommodations@mwcog.org. Phone: 202-962-3300 or 202-962-3213 (TDD). Please allow seven working days for preparation of the material. Electronic versions are available at www.mwcog.org.

ACTION ITEMS

12:50 pm	7.	Approval of Regional Bike to Work Day 2014 Proclamation		
		In an effort to increase public awareness of the viability of bicycle commuting in the Washington region, regional Bike to Work Day events are being organized at seventy-nine locations in the region for Friday May 16. These events will encourage the business community and other regional decision-makers to support increased bicycle commuting through bicycle-friendly policies and initiatives.		
		Action: Approve the enclosed Bike to Work Day 2014 Proclamation.		
12:55 pm	8.	Review of Comments Received and Approval of Project Submissions for the Air Quality Conformity Assessment for the 2014 Financially Constrained Long Range Transportation Plan (CLRP) and the FY 2015-2020 Transportation Improvement Program (TIP)		
		Acting Co-Director, DTP At the March 19 meeting, the Board was briefed on the major project changes submitted for inclusion in the air quality conformity assessment for the 2014 CLRP and FY 2015-2020 TIP which were released for a 30-day public comment period that ended April 12. The Board will be briefed on the comments received and recommended responses, and asked to approve the project submissions for inclusion in the air quality conformity assessment for the 2014 CLRP and FY 2015-2020 TIP.		
		Action : Adopt Resolution R15-2014 to approve the project submissions for inclusion in the air quality conformity assessment for the 2014 CLRP and FY 2015-2020 TIP.		
1:00 pm	9.	Approval of Scope of Work for the Air Quality Conformity Assessment for the 2014 CLRP and the FY 2015-2020 TIP		
		At the March 19 meeting, the Board was briefed on the draft scope of work for the air quality conformity assessment for the 2014 CLRP and FY 2015-2020 TIP which was released for a 30-day public comment period that ended April 12. The Board will be briefed on the comments received and recommended responses, and asked to approve the scope of work for the air quality conformity assessment for the 2014 CLRP and FY 2015-2020 TIP.		
		Action: Approve the enclosed scope of work for the air quality conformity assessment for the 2014 CLRP and FY 2015-2020.		
1:05 pm	10.	Briefing on the Requirement that A Portion of Fauquier County, Virginia Now be Included in the in TPB Planning Area, and Approval of a Letter Inviting the County to Join TPB		
		Mr. Griffiths The 2010 Census extended the Washington DC-VA-MD Urbanized Area into a portion of Fauquier County, including the Town of Warrenton. Federal MPO planning regulations require that this portion with a population of about 21,000 be included in the metropolitan planning area and that representatives of the area be included in the TPB's transportation planning and programming process. The Board will be briefed on steps for Fauquier		

County to join TPB and asked to formally invite the county to become a member.

Action: Approve the enclosed letter to Fauquier County inviting it to become a member of the TPB.

INFORMATION ITEMS

developed Round 8.3 forecasts.

1:30 pm 12. Briefing on a Draft Initial Assessment of the 2014 Update of the CLRP and the Regional Transportation Priorities Plan (RTPP)

In January, the TPB approved the RTPP which identifies strategies that are "within reach" both financially and politically and have the greatest potential to respond to the most significant transportation challenges. In response to a request at the February TPB meeting, staff have prepared an initial qualitative assessment of how the priorities identified in the RTPP compare to the transportation system in the CLRP as it is being updated with a new financial analysis and additional projects in 2014. The Board will be briefed on this draft initial assessment.

NOTICE ITEM

1:55 pm 13. Notice of a Proposed Amendment to the FY 2013-2018 TIP that is Exempt from the Air Quality Conformity Requirement to Include Project and Funding Updates for the Northern Virginia Section of the FY 2013-2018 TIP

Ms. Cuervo, VDOT Notice is provided that the Virginia Department of Transportation (VDOT)) has requested an amendment to update projects and funding in the Northern Virginia section of the FY 2013-2018 TIP. The Board will be asked to approve this amendment at the May 21 meeting.

- 1:56 pm 14. **Other Business**
- 2:00 pm 15. **Adjourn**

2 hours

Lunch will be available for Board members and alternates at 11:30 am

TPB News November 2013

SCHEDULE ANNOUNCED FOR CLRP



During its October 16 meeting, the TPB received a briefing on the draft call for projects document and schedule for the air quality con-

formity assessment for the 2014 Constrained Long-Range Transportation Plan (CLRP) and FY 2015-2020 Transportation Improvement Program (TIP). The currently proposed schedule is as follows:

- November 20, 2013: TPB releases Final Call for Projects.
- December 13, 2013 (deadline): Transportation agencies complete on-line submission of draft project Inputs.
- January 3, 2014: Technical Committee reviews Draft CLRP project submissions and draft Scope of Work for the Air Quality Conformity Assessment.
- January 9, 2014: CLRP project submissions and draft Scope of Work released for public comment.
- January 15, 2014: TPB is briefed on project submissions and draft Scope of Work.
- February 8, 2014: Public comment period ends.
- February 19, 2014: TPB reviews public comments and is asked to approve project submissions and draft Scope of Work.
- May 2, 2014 (deadline): Transportation agencies finalize CLRP forms and inputs to the FY 2015-2020 TIP.
- June 12, 2014: Draft CLRP, TIP, and Conformity Assessment released for public comment at Citizens Advisory Committee (CAC).
- June 18, 2014: TPB briefed on the draft CLRP, TIP, and Conformity Assessment.
- July 12, 2014: Public comment period ends.
- July 16, 2014: TPB reviews public comments and responses to comments, and

is presented the draft CLRP, TIP, and Conformity Assessment for adoption.

Gary Erenrich of the Montgomery County Department of Transportation asked how the fiscal constraint of the CLRP would be reviewed in light of the jurisdictions and states working to fund projects through a larger variety of funding opportunities. Ron Kirby, Director of Transportation Planning at MWCOG, responded that work is currently underway to update the financial forecasts for the region. Kirby noted that the 2014 CLRP schedule could be revised if necessary.

Harriet Tregoning of the District of Columbia Office of Planning noted that the 2013 call for projects included "an explicit acknowledgment of Region Forward, a document that had been voted on and approved by all 22 jurisdictions, and specifically mentioned climate goals." Staff said the documentation was shifted towards focusing on the Regional Transportation Priorities Plan. She asked that language also be included in the Policy Framework again to call attention to Region Forward. It was agreed that the Region Forward language will be added back into the documentation.

The TPB will be asked to approve the final call for projects document at its November 20 meeting.

FIND TPB ON FACEBOOK & TWITTER

If you're interested in getting up-to-date information about the TPB, find us on Facebook and follow us on Twitter! Search National Capital Region Transportation Planning Board on Facebook and "like" our page. Follow us on Twitter at @NatCapRegTPB.

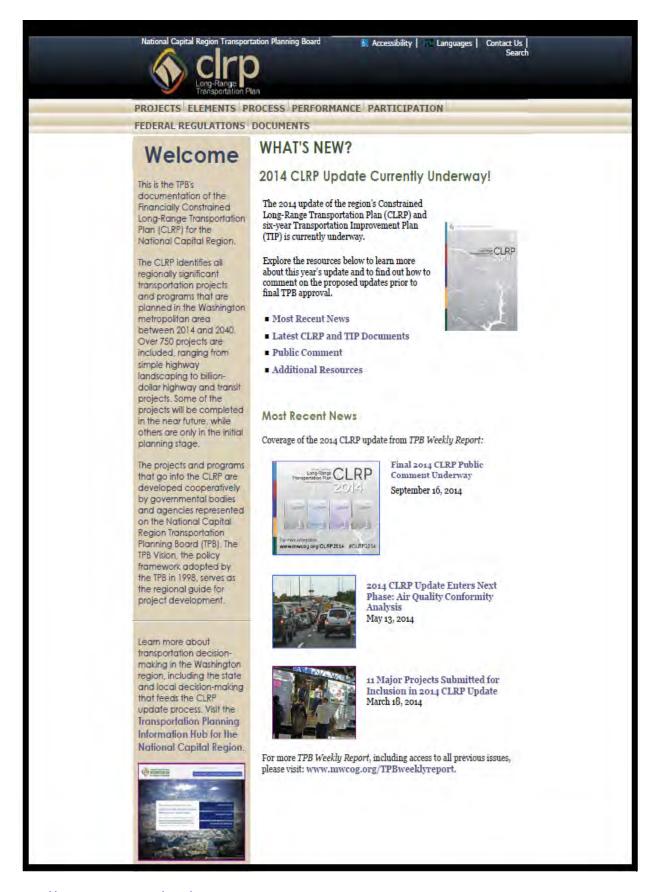
We announce upcoming meetings; release of key studies; presentations; reports and publications; public comment periods; and other relevant information.

9

TPB Weekly Report September 16, 2014

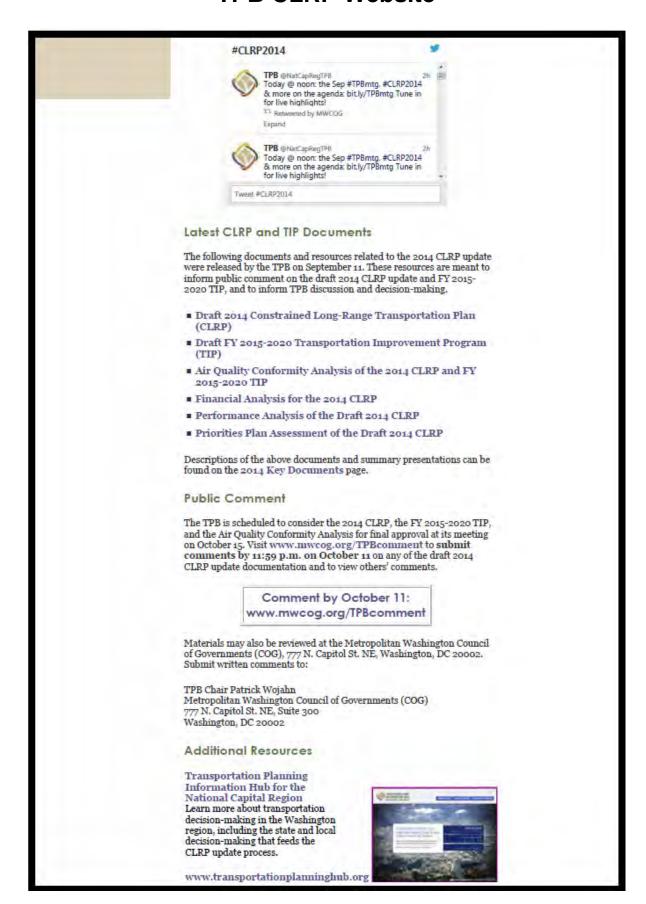


TPB CLRP Website

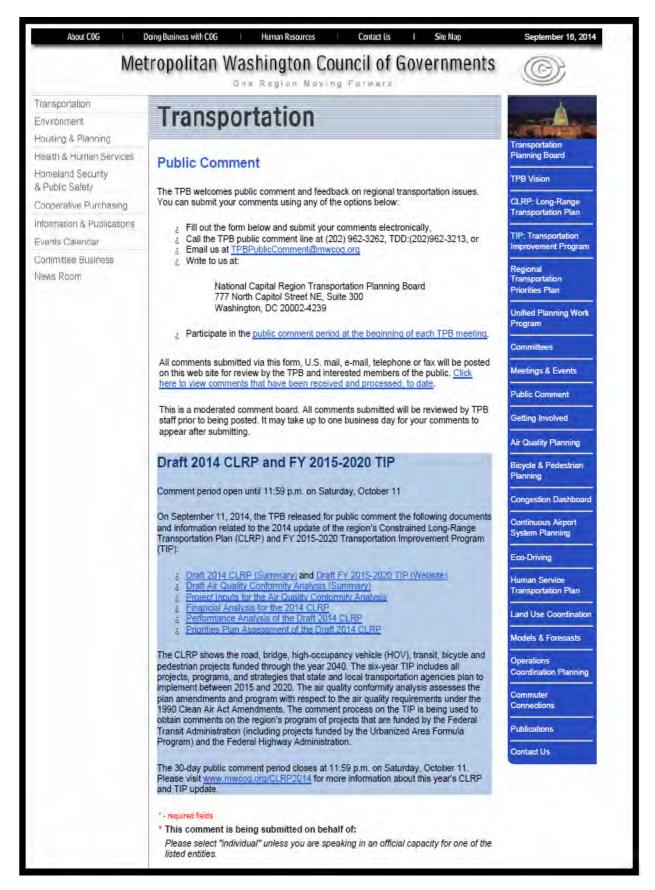


http://www.mwcog.org/clrp/

TPB CLRP Website



MWCOG Website 2014 CLRP Public Comment Notification



http://www.mwcog.org/transportation/public/

PERIODO DE COMENTARIOS PÚBLICOS
SOBRE PRESENTACIONES DE PROPUESTAS EN LA
REGIÓN DE WASHINGTON PARA LA ACTUALIZACIÓN
2014 DEL PLAN RESTRINGIDO DE LARGO ALCANCE
(CLRP), PROGRAMA DE MEJORAS EN EL TRANSPORTE
FY 2015-2020 Y ANÁLISIS DE CONFORMIDAD
DE LA CALIDAD DEL AIRE

La Junta de Planeamiento del Transporte en la Región de la Capital de la Nación (TPB) iniciará un periodo de 30 días para comentarios del público sobre las presentaciones de propuestas para la actualización 2014 del Plan Restringido de Largo Alcance (CLRP) y el Programa de Mejoramiento en el Transporte FY 2015-2020 (TIP), incluyendo un panorama del trabajo para el análisis de conformidad de la calidad del aire el 13 de marzo en la reunión del Comité Asesor del Ciudadano (CAC). El CAC se reúne de 6 a 8 pm en el centro de conferencias del primer piso del Consejo de Gobiernos del Área Metropolitana de Washington, 777 N. Capitol St. NE, Washington, DC 20002. Este periodo de comentarios públicos se extenderá hasta el sábado 12 de abril del 2014. Se ha programado que el TPB apruebe estas propuestas en su reunión del 16 de abril del 2014. El público en general está invitado a revisar estos documentos provisionales en el portal cibernético de COG: www.mwcog.org/transportation/. Este material también puede revisarse en persona en la sede del Consejo de Gobiernos del Área Metropolitana de Washington (COG), 777 N. Capitol St. NE, Washington, DC 20002.

El CLRP muestra la carretera, puente, vehículos que transitan en carriles restringidos (HOV), proyectos para tránsito, bicicletas y peatones con fondos hasta el año 2040. El TIP de seis años incluye todos los proyectos, programas y estrategias que las agencias de transporte local y estatal planean implementar entre el 2015 y 2020. El análisis de conformidad de la calidad del aire evalúa el programa y las enmiendas del plan con respecto a los requerimientos de la calidad del aire según las enmiendas a la Ley de Aire Puro de 1990. El público en general está invitado a enviar sus comentarios sobre los documentos provisionales a través del internet: www.mwcog.org/tpbpubliccomment/. Los comentarios escritos también pueden ser enviados por correo a: TPB Chairman Patrick Wojahn, Metropolitan Washington Council of Governments (COG), 777 N. Capitol St. NE, Suite 300, Washington, DC 20002.

Para información adicional o asistencia especial, por favor llame al (202) 962-3311 ó (202) 962-3213 (TDD).

PUBLIC COMMENT PERIOD FOR THE WASHINGTON REGION'S PROPOSED SUBMISSIONS FOR THE 2014 UPDATE TO THE CONSTRAINED LONG-RANGE PLAN (CLRP), FY 2015-2020 TRANSPORTATION IMPROVEMENT PROGRAM (TIP), AND AIR QUALITY CONFORMITY ANALYSIS

The National Capital Region Transportation Planning Board (TPB) will initiate a 30-day public comment period for the proposed submissions for the 2014 update to the Constrained Long-Range Plan (CLRP) and FY2015-2020 Transportation improvement Program (TIP), including a scope of work for the air quality conformity analysis, on March 13 at the TPB Citizen Advisory Committee (CAC) meeting. The CAC meets from 6 pm to 8 pm in the Metropolitan Washington Council of Governments (COG) first floor conference center, 777 N. Capitol St. NE, Washington, DC 20002. This public comment period will extend through Saturday April 12, 2014. The TPB is scheduled to approve these submissions at its April 16, 2014 meeting. Members of the public are invited to review these draft documents on the COG website, www.mwcog.org/transportation/. These materials may also be reviewed at the Metropolitan Washington Council of Governments (COG), 777 N. Capitol St. NE, Washington, DC 20002.

The CLRP shows the road, bridge, high-occupancy vehicle (HOV), transit, bicycle and pedestrian projects funded through the year 2040. The six-year TIP includes all projects, programs, and strategies that state and local transportation agencies plan to implement between 2015 and 2020. The air quality conformity analysis assesses the plan amendments and program with respect to the air quality requirements under the 1990 Clean Air Act Amendments.

Members of the public are invited to submit comments on the draft documents on-line at www.mwcog.org/tobpub-lic comment/. Written comments can also be mailed to TPB Chairman Patrick Wojahn, Metropolitan Washington Council of Governments (COG), 777 N. Capitol St. NE, Suite 300, Washington, DC 20002.

For additional information or for special assistance, please call (202) 962-3311 or (202) 962-3213 (TDD).

PUBLIC COMMENT PERIOD FOR THE WASHINGTON REGION'S PROPOSED 2014 UPDATE TO THE CONSTRAINED LONG-RANGE PLAN (CLRP), FINANCIAL PLAN, FY 2015-2020 TRANSPORTATION IMPROVEMENT PROGRAM (TIP), AND AIR QUALITY CONFORMITY ANALYSIS

The National Capital Region Transportation Planning Board (TPB) will initiate a 30-day public comment period for the proposed 2014 update to the Constrained Long-Range Plan (CLRP) and FY 2015-2020 Transportation Improvement Program (TIP), their accompanying air quality conformity analysis, and the CLRP Financial Plan, on September 11 at the TPB Citizen Advisory Committee (CAC) meeting. The CAC meets from 6 pm to 8 pm in the Metropolitan Washington Council of Governments (COG) first floor conference center, 777 N. Capitol St. NE, Washington, DC 20002. This public comment period will extend through Saturday October 11, 2014. The TPB is scheduled to approve these submissions at its October 15, 2014 meeting. Members of the public are invited to review these draft documents on the COG website, www.mwcog.org/cirp/. These materials may also be reviewed at the Metropolitan Washington Council of Governments (COG), 777 N. Capitol St. NE, Washington, DC 20002.

The CLRP shows the road, bridge, high-occupancy vehicle (HOV), transit, bicycle and pedestrian projects funded through the year 2040. The six-year TIP includes all projects, programs, and strategies that state and local transportation agencies plan to implement between 2015 and 2020. The air quality conformity analysis assesses the plan amendments and program with respect to the air quality requirements under the 1990 Clean Air Act Amendments. The comment process on the TIP is being used to obtain comments on the region's program of projects that are funded by the Federal Transit Administration (including projects funded by the Urbanized Area Formula Program) and the Federal Highway Administration.

Members of the public are invited to submit comments on the draft documents on-line at www.mwcog.org/TPBcomment/. Written comments can also be mailed to TPB Chairman Patrick Wojahn, Metropolitan Washington Council of Governments (COG), 777 N. Capitol St. NE, Suite 300, Washington, DC 20002. For additional information or for special assistance, please call (202) 962-3311 or (202) 962-3213 (TDD).

El Pregonero September 4, 2014

PERIODO DE COMENTARIO PUBLICO
PARA LA PRESENTACIÓN DE PROPUESTAS DE LA REGIÓN
DE WASHINGTON PARA LA ACTUALIZACIÓN DE 2014
A LA RESTRINGIDO PLAN A LARGO PLAZO (CLRP),
EL AÑO FISCAL 2015-2020 PROGRAMA
DE MEJORAMIENTO DEL TRANSPORTE (TIP)
Y ANÁLISIS DE CALIDAD DEL AIRE DE LA CONFORMIDAD

La National Capital Region Transporte Junta de Planificación (TPB) se iniciará un período de 30 días de comentarios públicos para las presentaciones propuestas para la actualización de 2014 a la restringida Plan a Largo Plazo (CLRP) y FY2015-2020 Programa de Mejoramiento del Transporte (TIP), incluyendo un alcance del trabajo para el análisis de conformidad de calidad del aire, el 11 de Septiembre en el TPB Ciudadana Comité Consultivo (CAC) de reuniones. El CAC se reúne 6pm-8pm en el Consejo Metropolitano de Washington de Gobiernos (COG) centro de conferencia primer piso, 777 N. Capitol St. NE, Washington, DC 20002. Este período de comentarios públicos se extenderá hasta el Sábado 11 de Octubre 2014. La TPB tiene previsto aprobar estas propuestas en su reunión el 15 de Octubre 2014. Los miembros del público están invitado a revisar estos proyectos de documentos en el sitio web del CLRP. www.mwcog.org/clrp/. Estos materiales pueden ser vistos en Metropolitan Washington Council of Governments (COG), 777 N. Capitol St. NE, Washington, DC 20002.

El CLRP muestra el camino, el puente, los vehículos de alta ocupación (HOV), el tránsito, proyectos para bicicletas y peatones a través de fondos para el año 2040. El TIP de seis años, incluye todos los proyectos, programas y estrategias que las agencias estatales y locales del Plan de Transporte a aplicar entre 2015 y 2020. El análisis de la calidad del aire conforme evalúa las modificaciones del plan y el programa con respecto a los requisitos de calidad del aire en la década de 1990 la Ley de Aire Limpio Enmiendas.

Los miembros del público están invitados a presentar sus observaciones sobre los proyectos de documentos en línea en www.mwcog.org/TPBcomment/. Los comentarios por escrito también pueden enviarse por correo, TPB Chairman Patrick Wojahn, Metropolitan Washington Council of Governments (COG), 777 N. Capitol St. NE, Suite 300, Washington, DC 20002.

Para información adicional o asistencia especial, por favor llame, (202) 962-3311 o (202) 962-3213 (TDD).

PUBLIC COMMENT PERIOD FOR THE WASHINGTON REGION'S PROPOSED 2014 UPDATE TO THE CONSTRAINED LONG-RANGE PLAN (CLRP), FINANCIAL PLAN, FY 2015-2020 TRANSPORTATION IMPROVEMENT PROGRAM (TIP), AND AIR QUALITY CONFORMITY ANALYSIS

The National Capital Region Transportation Planning Board (TPB) will initiate a 30-day public comment period for the proposed 2014 update to the Constrained Long-Range Plan (CLRP) and FY 2015-2020 Transportation Improvement Program (TIP), their accompanying air quality conformity analysis, and the CLRP Financial Plan, on September 11 at the TPB Citizen Advisory Committee (CAC) meeting. The CAC meets from 6 pm to 8 pm in the Metropolitan Washington Council of Governments (COG) first floor conference center, 777 N. Capitol St. NE, Washington, DC 20002. This public comment period will extend through Saturday October 11, 2014. The TPB is scheduled to approve these submissions at its October 15, 2014 meeting. Members of the public are invited to review these draft documents on the COG website, www.mwcog.org/clrp/. These materials may also be reviewed at the Metropolitan Washington Council of Governments (COG), 777 N. Capitol St. NE, Washington, DC 20002.

The CLRP shows the road, bridge, high-occupancy vehicle (HOV), transit, blcycle and pedestrian projects funded through the year 2040. The six-year TIP includes all projects, programs, and strategies that state and local transportation agencies plan to implement between 2015 and 2020. The air quality conformity analysis assesses the plan amendments and program with respect to the air quality requirements under the 1990 Clean Air Act Amendments. The comment process on the TIP is being used to obtain comments on the region's program of projects that are funded by the Federal Transit Administration (including projects funded by the Urbanized Area Formula Program) and the Federal Highway Administration.

Members of the public are invited to submit comments on-line the draft documents 00 www.mwcog.org/TPBcomment/. Written comments can also be mailed to TPB Chairman Patrick Wojahn, Metropolitan Washington Council of Governments (COG), 777 N. Capitol St. NE. Suite 300, Washington, DC 20002.

For additional information or for special assistance, please call (202) 962-3311 or (202) 962-3213 (TDD).

APPENDIX D

Documentation of Mobile Source Emissions

MOBILE EMISSIONS INPUT DEVELOPMENT

TECHNICAL DOCUMENTATION

LIST OF REFERENCES

- 1. <u>VinPOWER</u>, Copyright: ESP Data Solutions Inc., Product version 4.0.0.16
- 2. RegistrationDistributionConverter_Veh16 http://www.epa.gov/oms/models/moves/tools.htm
- 3. AAD VMT Calculator HPMS.XLS http://www.epa.gov/oms/models/moves/tools.htm

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BACKGROUND

This technical appendix documents how the various input categories needed for successful MOVES model runs were developed. It covers the development of travel-related inputs, which are based on the MWCOG/TPB regional travel demand model (Version 2.3. 57), non-travel related inputs (i.e., meteorology, fuel supply and formulation, and Inspection/Maintenance Programs), and the latest vehicle population data for year 2011 obtained from agencies in the District of Columbia, the Commonwealth of Virginia, and the state of Maryland.

Inputs from ten broad categories were used in the MOVES County Manager in order to generate the mobile emissions inventories. The input categories and the overall modeling sequence are graphically illustrated in Figure 1.

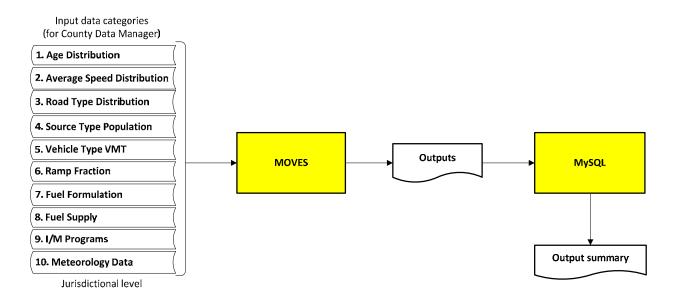


Figure 1- MOVES Modeling Process

Inputs were obtained from a variety of sources (Table 1). Local data was used as much as possible instead of MOVES defaults. .

	1			I					
No	Data Category	Data Table Name	Locality	Methodology					
1	Age Distribution	sourceTypeAgeDistribution	County	based on VIN					
2	Average Speed Distribution	avgSpeedDistribution	County	based on travel demand model's post-processor outputs + school bus/refuse truck data from Fairfax Co. + transit bus from WMATA					
3	Road Type Distribution	roadTypeDistribution	County	based on travel demand model's post-processor outputs					
4	Source Type Population	sourceTypeYear	County	based on CLRP Vehicle Projection & VIN					
	5 Vehicle Type VMT	HPMSVTypeYear	County	based on TDM's post-processor outputs					
		monthVMTFraction	Region	based on Regional Data					
5		Vehicle Type VMT	Vehicle Type VMT	Vehicle Type VMT	Vehicle Type VMT	Vehicle Type VMT	Vehicle Type VMT	dayVMTFraction	Region
		hourVMTFraction	Region	based on Regional Data					
6	Ramp Fraction	roadType	Region	8% of the urban/rural restricted access roads					
7	Fuel	FuelSupply	State	from state air agency (state-wide data)					
8	. 301	FuelFormulation	State	from state air agency (state-wide data)					
9	I/M Programs	IMCoverage	State	from state air agency (state-wide data)					
10	Meteorology Data	zoneMonthHour	State	from DEP (region-wide data)					

Table 1- MOVES Input Categories

AGE DISTRIBUTION

On a triennial basis since 2005, the Departments of Motor Vehicles (DMV) of the District of Columbia, Maryland and Virginia have been supplying MWCOG/TPB vehicle registration data for use in Air Quality Conformity Determinations. These databases contain a broad range of attributes of the vehicles registered in the jurisdictions of the Metropolitan Washington DC (DC-MD-VA) non-attainment area. The latest database is from 2011 and it was used as the basis for developing future year vehicle population profiles (i.e., age and vehicle type distributions) for all the analysis years of this air quality conformity assessment.

Prior to being used as inputs in MOVES model runs, the "raw" vehicle registration data – also known as Vehicle Identification Numbers (VIN) – were decoded by TPB staff using a commercial decoding software program ⁽¹⁾. The decoding was achieved in two steps: (1) the "raw" data was decoded to a Mobile 6.2-compatible format; and (2) the Mobile 6.2-compatible vehicle population distributions were converted to a MOVES-compatible format using an EPA-developed converter ⁽²⁾ while following the process recommended by EPA. The vehicle population mapping process is shown in greater detail in Table AS1 in the Appendix Supplement section.

The vehicle population databases were reviewed by the MWCOG/TPB technical oversight committees and went through public comments prior to becoming approved for transportation planning applications. The 2011 VIN database was formally approved by MWCOG/TPB concurrently with the 2012 CLRP Air Quality Conformity Determination (July 2012).

AVERAGE SPEED DISTRIBUTION

The MWCOG/TPB regional travel demand model is calibrated on link-level traffic volumes and not average link-level speed estimates. Therefore, Vehicle Hours of Travel (VHT) distributions were chosen as suitable proxies in the analyses. The regional travel demand model derives VHT distributions by six travel markets:

- 1. Light Duty Vehicles/Single Occupancy Vehicles (SOV)
- 2. Light Duty Vehicles/High Occupancy Vehicles (HOV2)
- 3. Light Duty Vehicles/High Occupancy Vehicles (HOV3+)
- 4. Airport Passenger Trips
- 5. Commercial Vehicles
- 6. Trucks

Through post-model processing, VHT distributions by MOVES-compatible speed bins, by jurisdiction (i.e., county), and road type from the six travel markets were "condensed" to distributions by three key vehicle type categories as follows:

- Passenger Vehicles (PVs) = SOV + HOV2 + HOV3+ + Airport Passenger Trips
- Commercial Vehicles (CVs) = Commercial Vehicles
- Heavy Duty Vehicles (HDVs) = Trucks

MOVES calls for: (1) 16 speed bins along a continuous spectrum of speeds ranging from a low value of 2.5 mph to a high value of 75 mph in increments of 5 mph; and (2) Four road types: restricted access facilities (i.e., freeways and expressways) in urban and rural settings and unrestricted access facilities (i.e., major/minor arterials, collectors and local roads) in urban and rural settings. The assumptions used to develop Average Speed Distributions fulfilling all of the above MOVES requirements are as follows:

1. VHT Distribution to Restricted Facilities:

a. All Vehicle Type Categories:

- Weekday VHT Distribution:
 - All Day: Hourly distribution for all vehicles
- Weekend VHT Distribution:
 - 11:00 am 7:00 pm: Distribution across the 13 MOVES-compatible vehicle type categories reflecting the 3:00 pm hour on a weekday
 - 7:01 pm 10:59 am: Distribution across the 13 MOVES-compatible vehicle type categories reflecting the 12:00 am hour on a weekday

2. VHT Distribution to Unrestricted Facilities:

- a. All Vehicle Type Categories plus Intercity Bus minus Refuse Trucks, School Buses and Transit Buses:
 - Weekday VHT Distribution:
 - All Day: Hourly distribution for all vehicles
 - Weekend VHT Distribution:
 - 11:00 am 7:00 pm: Distribution reflecting the 3:00 pm hour on a weekday
 - 7:01 pm 10:59 am: Distribution reflecting the 12:00 am hour on a weekday
- b. Refuse Trucks: Refuse Trucks operate on a 3-phase cycle: Phase 1 is the period of driving from the dispatch garage to trash collection sites; Phase 2 is the period of the actual trash/recycle collection; Phase 3 is the period of driving back to transfer stations. Using local data from Fairfax County, VA, the average speed of Phases 1 and 3 were assumed to be in the range of 22.5-27.5 miles per hour (i.e., MOVES Speed Bin 6), and the average speed of Phase 2 was assumed to be in the range of 2.5-7.5 miles per hour (i.e., MOVES Speed Bin 2). Based on the above assumptions the refuse truck vehicle type VHT distributions were as follows:
 - Weekday VHT Distribution (Table 2):
 - 5:00 am-5:00 pm (Trash Collection): VHT hourly distributions according to Phases 1, 2 and 3.
 - 5:01 pm-5:00 am (On Road Phase): VHT hourly distribution consists of Phase 2.

Conned Bine	Conned Donner	5:00 AM - 5:00	5:01 PM - 4:59
Speed Bins	Speed Range	PM	AM
1	speed < 2.5mph	0.00%	0.00%
2	2.5mph <= speed < 7.5mph	62.65%	0.00%
3	7.5mph <= speed < 12.5mph	0.00%	0.00%
4	12.5mph <= speed < 17.5mph	0.00%	0.00%
5	17.5mph <= speed <22.5mph	0.00%	0.00%
6	22.5mph <= speed < 27.5mph	37.35%	100.00%
7	27.5mph <= speed < 32.5mph	0.00%	0.00%
8	32.5mph <= speed < 37.5mph	0.00%	0.00%
9	37.5mph <= speed < 42.5mph	0.00%	0.00%
10	42.5mph <= speed < 47.5mph	0.00%	0.00%
11	47.5mph <= speed < 52.5mph	0.00%	0.00%
12	52.5mph <= speed < 57.5mph	0.00%	0.00%
13	57.5mph <= speed < 62.5mph	0.00%	0.00%
14	62.5mph <= speed < 67.5mph	0.00%	0.00%
15	67.5mph <= speed < 72.5mph	0.00%	0.00%
16	72.5mph <= speed	0.00%	0.00%

Table 2– VHT Distribution for Refuse Trucks (Average Weekday)

• Weekend VHT Distribution:

- All Day: VHT distribution made up of Phase 1 and Phase 3 (on road phases)

c. School Buses:

- Weekday VHT Distribution:
 - 6:00 am 6:00 pm: VHT distribution per Table 3
 - 6:00 pm 6:00 am: VHT distribution of heavy duty vehicles

• Weekend VHT Distribution:

- 11:00 am-7:00 pm: VHT Distribution of heavy duty vehicles at 3:00 pm on a weekday
- 7:00 pm 11:00 am: VHT Distribution of heavy duty vehicles at 12:00 am on a weekday

d. Transit Buses

- Weekday VHT Distributions (Table 4):
 - 6:00 9:00 am: Per WMATA's bus speed distribution of the AM peak period
 - 9:00 am-3:00 pm: Per WMATA's bus speed distribution of the off-peak period
 - 3:00 6:00 pm: Per WMATA's bus speed distribution of the PM peak period
 - 6:00pm-6:00 am: Per WMATA's bus speed distribution of the off-peak period
- Weekend VHT Distribution (Table 4):
 - All Day: Per WMATA's bus speed distribution of the off-peak period.

ROAD TYPE DISTRIBUTION

The Vehicle Miles of Travel (VMT) allocations by Vehicle Class Type and Facility Type was as follows:

- 1. Through post-model processing, VMT distributions by MOVES-compatible speed bins, by jurisdiction (i.e., county), and road type from the six travel markets were "condensed" to distributions by three key vehicle type categories as follows:
 - Passenger Vehicles (PVs) = SOV + HOV2 + HOV3+ + Airport Passenger Trips
 - Commercial Vehicles (CVs) = Commercial Vehicles
 - Heavy Duty Vehicles (HDVs) = Trucks
- 2. VMT percentages by the three key vehicle type categories were allocated to MOVES-compatible vehicle type categories as follows:
 - Passenger Vehicles (PVs): VMT percentages (by facility type) were applied to motorcycles, passenger cars and passenger trucks
 - Commercial Vehicles (CVs): VMT percentages (by facility type) were applied to light commercial trucks
 - Heavy Duty Vehicles (HDVs): VMT percentages (by facility type) were applied to single unit short haul and long haul trucks, and combination short and long haul trucks
 - Refuse Trucks and Motor Homes: MOVES default percentage values
 - School, Transit and Intercity Buses: Local network percentages from local data sources (i.e., local bus operators)

Speed Bins	Speed Range	Bus Trip 1	Bus Trip 2	Bus Trip 3	Bus Trip 4	Bus Trip 5	Bus Trip 6	Bus Trip 7	Bus Trip 8	Bus Trip 9	Bus Trip 10	Bus Trip 11	Weighted Average
1	speed < 2.5mph	35.20%	24.30%	17.58%	14.65%	7.90%	16.11%	6.65%	18.30%	25.76%	16.18%	17.67%	19.21%
2	2.5mph <= speed < 7.5mph	10.87%	11.57%	6.45%	11.04%	29.89%	20.20%	44.83%	11.01%	9.68%	6.49%	9.12%	14.39%
3	7.5mph <= speed < 12.5mph	10.90%	9.35%	12.89%	6.50%	26.31%	17.69%	3.34%	9.12%	9.52%	6.69%	8.69%	10.92%
4	12.5mph <= speed < 17.5mph	8.81%	9.18%	8.59%	9.45%	6.00%	11.13%	23.76%	10.12%	9.98%	8.46%	10.32%	10.37%
5	17.5mph <= speed <22.5mph	5.01%	10.15%	5.18%	14.04%	3.04%	5.94%	4.09%	10.36%	7.57%	9.74%	12.02%	8.30%
6	22.5mph <= speed < 27.5mph	8.91%	8.55%	11.62%	12.59%	6.18%	5.30%	3.54%	7.29%	7.11%	8.87%	11.73%	8.13%
7	27.5mph <= speed < 32.5mph	8.79%	7.97%	14.36%	11.28%	5.86%	13.33%	6.35%	9.43%	5.37%	10.06%	10.20%	9.41%
8	32.5mph <= speed < 37.5mph	5.33%	9.10%	5.86%	13.43%	7.62%	3.32%	6.36%	13.79%	8.68%	12.04%	6.81%	7.81%
9	37.5mph <= speed < 42.5mph	3.43%	6.89%	8.69%	7.02%	4.80%	3.76%	1.07%	7.94%	9.79%	13.81%	8.16%	7.22%
10	42.5mph <= speed < 47.5mph	1.72%	2.44%	8.79%	0.00%	2.40%	2.87%	0.00%	1.31%	5.83%	5.15%	4.75%	3.42%
11	47.5mph <= speed < 52.5mph	0.68%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.36%	0.00%	0.67%	0.31%	2.27%	0.36%	0.59%
12	52.5mph <= speed < 57.5mph	0.34%	0.50%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.67%	0.41%	0.24%	0.18%	0.23%
13	57.5mph <= speed < 62.5mph	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%
14	62.5mph <= speed < 67.5mph	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%
15	67.5mph <= speed < 72.5mph	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%
16	72.5mph <= speed	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%

Source: Fairfax Co., VA

Table 3– VHT Distribution of School Buses (6:00 am – 6:00 pm)

avgSpeedBinID	avgBinSpeed	avgSpeedBinDesc	6:00AM-9:00AM	3:00PM-6:00PM	9:01AM-2:59PM/6:01PM-5:59AM
1	2.5	speed < 2.5mph	9.94%	9.10%	7.92%
2	5	2.5mph <= speed < 7.5mph	13.79%	18.95%	14.49%
3	10	7.5mph <= speed < 12.5mph	34.07%	37.86%	31.36%
4	15	12.5mph <= speed < 17.5mph	28.52%	23.97%	29.17%
5	20	17.5mph <= speed <22.5mph	10.02%	5.92%	10.77%
6	25	22.5mph <= speed < 27.5mph	1.88%	1.84%	3.91%
7	30	27.5mph <= speed < 32.5mph	0.92%	0.85%	1.04%
8	35	32.5mph <= speed < 37.5mph	0.34%	0.60%	0.72%
9	40	37.5mph <= speed < 42.5mph	0.14%	0.50%	0.35%
10	45	42.5mph <= speed < 47.5mph	0.05%	0.15%	0.15%
11	50	47.5mph <= speed < 52.5mph	0.31%	0.28%	0.06%
12	55	52.5mph <= speed < 57.5mph	0.00%	0.00%	0.06%
13	60	57.5mph <= speed < 62.5mph	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%
14	65	62.5mph <= speed < 67.5mph	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%
15	70	67.5mph <= speed < 72.5mph	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%
16	75	72.5mph <= speed	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%

Source: Washington Metropolitan Area Transit Authority (WMATA)

Table 4– VHT Distribution of Transit Buses

3. Urban versus Rural percentage split factors were subsequently applied to differentiate VMT allocations between urban and rural facilities. These factors varied by jurisdiction as they were based on the latest Highway Performance Monitoring System (HPMS) VMT data provided by the three state transportation agencies. Figure 2 graphically illustrates the process used to allocate VMT percentages by vehicle type class and road type in a format that is MOVES-compatible.

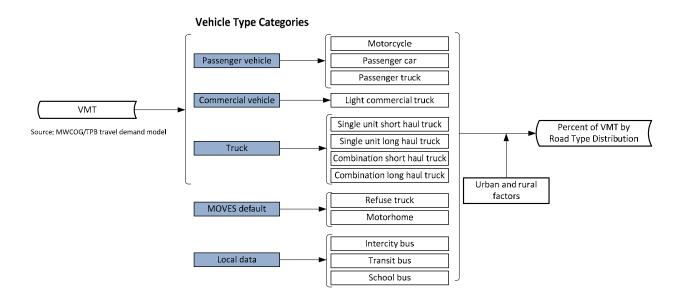


Figure 2 – VMT Distribution Development Process

SOURCE TYPE POPULATION

Vehicle population totals by jurisdiction for the analysis years were developed by extrapolating empirical data from the region from years 1975 through 2011. The method to project future year vehicle population totals by jurisdiction is a modified version of a previously used approach, which has been used for several years. Both methods are based on the statistical linear regression analysis, which draws the "best fitting" line among scattered data points. While the previous approach was based on five data sets from the 1975-1989 time period and derived future year projections using a fixed annual growth rate, the updated approach is based on a larger sample of data points, ten data sets spanning the 1975-2011 time period. Furthermore, the updated approach no longer derives future year projections based on a fixed annual growth rate. Instead, it derives projections directly from the linear regression equation.

The long-term advantages of the updated process are: (1) there are no fixed annual growth rates representative of a certain time period, which may become stale over time if they are not systematically monitored for relevance, and ultimately refreshed periodically; (2) with the infusion of new data – when they become available over time – the updated pool of data will continuously refresh the "best fitting" regression line for each jurisdiction, thus resulting in systematically updated future year vehicle population projections; (3) there is an inherently higher degree of confidence in the forecasts due to the stronger and broader foundation of data points.

The 2011 VIN vehicle population profile by jurisdiction – comprised of vehicle type and age distributions – was used as the "template" to develop future year vehicle population profiles. The vehicle type and age distributions were applied to the jurisdictional totals to derive the future year vehicle population profiles (Table 5).

	SOURCE TYPE POPULATION FORECASTS										
	Jurisdictions in the Non-Attainment Area										
State	Jurisdiction		Analysis Years								
State	Julisalction	2015	2017	2025	2030	2040					
DC	District of Columbia	294,342	301,618	330,723	348,914	385,295					
	Calvert Co.	98,950	103,147	119,934	130,426	151,410					
	Charles Co.	146,405	151,765	173,201	186,599	213,395					
MD	Frederick Co.	243,781	252,659	288,170	310,364	354,753					
טועו	Montgomery Co.	783,222	802,436	879,293	927,328	1,023,398					
	Prince George's Co.	635,586	646,610	690,706	718,266	773,386					
	SUB TOTAL 1 - MD	1,907,945	1,956,617	2,151,304	2,272,983	2,516,342					
	City of Alexandria	141,034	144,486	158,295	166,925	184,186					
	Arlington Co.	152,012	154,420	164,054	170,075	182,116					
VA	Fairfax Co.	974,175	1,003,096	1,118,784	1,191,089	1,335,698					
VA	Loudoun Co.	266,765	279,994	332,907	365,979	432,121					
	Prince William Co.	393,396	410,318	478,009	520,316	604,929					
	SUB TOTAL 2 - VA	1,927,382	1,992,315	2,252,049	2,414,383	2,739,050					
	TOTAL	4,129,669	4,250,550	4,734,076	5,036,280	5,640,687					

Table 5– Vehicle Population Forecasts (Source Type Population)

The future year extrapolated population distributions by jurisdiction -- were converted to a MOVES-compatible format using the standard EPA-developed vehicle population mapping table. Figure 3 graphically illustrates the process.

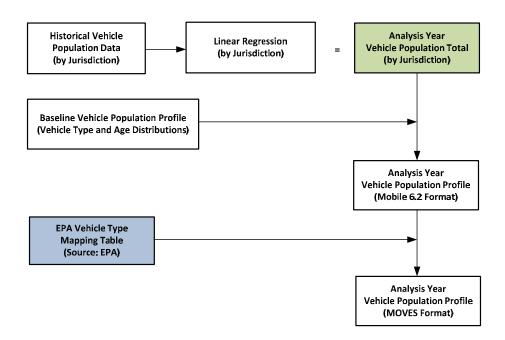


Figure 3 – Source Type Population Development Process

VEHICLE TYPE VMT

MOVES requires annual VMT by 6 Highway Performance Monitoring System (HPMS) function-based vehicle types (10, 20, 30, 40, 50 and 60). Through post processing average annual weekday VMT estimates by three vehicle types: passenger vehicles, commercial vehicles and heavy duty vehicles are developed. Based on the local VMT percent by the 13 FHWA vehicle types, and the vehicle registration data, the average annual weekday VMT in three vehicle types through post processing and the local bus VMT estimates, VMT estimates are developed for the MOVES-required 6 HPMS vehicle types.

The average annual weekday VMT by six HPMS vehicle types is then fed into the EPA-provided annual VMT converter (AAD VMT Calculator HPMS.XLS) ⁽³⁾ with local monthly adjustment factors and weekend-day adjustment factors. The converter develops annual VMT in six HPMS vehicle types required as an input to MOVES with two additional outputs (i.e., 'monthVMTfraction' and 'dayVMTfraction'). The local "hourlyVMTfraction" is also provided as part of the annual VMT input.

RAMP FRACTION

Local data was used to estimate the local ramp fraction using a method approved by the MOVES Task Force. The locally-derived percentage is equal to 8 percent of VHT, the same as the MOVES default value.

METEOROLOGY

Meteorology data used in the conformity analysis vary by pollutant. For each pollutant they match the data used in the appropriate State Implementation Plan (SIP) or Maintenance Plan demonstrating attainment or maintenance of the national ambient air quality standard (NAAQS) for the pertinent pollutant. The meteorology data used are as follows:

- Ozone: Meteorology data from a 2007 Ozone attainment SIP (submitted to EPA in May 2007) for the 1997 ozone NAAQS. The data while remained unchanged in content they were reformatted from the original format -- Mobile6.2-compatible, the prevailing emissions estimating model in 2007 -- to MOVES-compatible format for this application¹.
- Fine Particles (PM_{2.5}): Meteorology data from a 2013 PM_{2.5} Maintenance Plan (submitted to EPA in May 2013) for the 1997 annual PM_{2.5} NAAQS. Since the original data was already in MOVES-compatible format, no further data conversion was necessary.
- Carbon Monoxide (CO): Meteorology data from a 1995 CO Maintenance Plan (submitted to EPA in September 1995) for the 1971 CO NAAQS. The 1995 database did not contain relative humidity percentages, which is a MOVES input requirement. Therefore, hourly relative humidity percentages were developed in consultations and oversight by MWAQC in a MOVES-compatible format in order to be used for conformity analyses purposes. The original temperature data while remained unchanged in content they were reformatted from the original format Mobile5a the prevailing emissions estimating model in 1995 to MOVES-compatible format for this application¹.

 $^{^1}$ Sunil Kumar, "Development of Meteorology Inputs for Existing Conformity Analyses (Ozone & PM2.5 – 1997 Standards, CO – 1971 Standard", July 20, 2013.

FUEL SUPPLY & FORMULATION

The state air agencies of the District of Columbia, the state of Maryland, and the Commonwealth of Virginia provided fuel characteristics data for the analysis years in a MOVES-compatible format.

For analysis year 2015, the gasoline sulfur content was 30 ppm or lower. For analysis year 2017 and beyond, the gasoline sulfur content used was 10 ppm, which is an assumption that is consistent with the 2014 Tier 3 rule of EPA. The 2013 CLRP air quality conformity analysis was based on the assumption of gasoline sulfur content of 30 ppm or lower for the analysis year 2015 and beyond.

INSPECTION/MAINTENANCE (I/M) PROGRAMS

The District of Columbia, Maryland, and Virginia provided details of I/M programs for all analysis years in MOVES2010a ready format.

In addition to the above inputs there are state-specific programs that were taken into account in the analyses:

STATE SPECIFIC CONTROL PROGRAMS

- 1. <u>Early NLEV</u>: The District of Columbia, Maryland, and Virginia adopted an Early NLEV program, which is reflected in all analysis years. Early NLEV input database file early NLEV
- 2. Stage II: Varies by jurisdiction as follows:
 - <u>District of Columbia:</u> 1999 onwards Refueling vapor program adjustment- 0.9,
 Refueling spill program adjustment- 0.5 (MOVES2010a defaults)
 - Maryland: 1999 onwards Refueling vapor program adjustment- 0.7, Refueling spill program adjustment- 0.7, MOVES2010a Stage II database file - md stageii yy
 - <u>Virginia</u>: 2015 onwards Refueling vapor program adjustment- 0, Refueling spill program adjustment- 0, MOVES2010a Stage II database file - va_stage2_input_20140507

3. <u>CAL-LEV II/ZEV Programs</u>: Since 2011 Maryland adopted CAL-LEV II program and as such it is reflected in all analysis years. The following auxiliary files, provided by the Maryland Department of the Environment (MDE), were used to model these programs in the Maryland jurisdictions:

MOVES2010a Cal-Lev II Database file - md_levii; MOVES2010a ZEV MS-Excel file - ZEV_AVFT_MD_2010a.xls

APPENDIX SUPPLEMENT

TABLE AS1 - Population Mapping from MOBILE6.2 Vehicle Types to MOVES Source Types

MO	BILE6.2 Vehicle		MOVES Source Type				
ID	Name	ID	Name	Fraction			
1	LDGV	21	Passenger Car	1.00			
2	LDGT1	31	Passenger Truck	0.78			
	LDGTT	32	Light Commercial Truck	0.22			
3	LDGT2	31	Passenger Truck	0.78			
3	3 LDG12	32	Light Commercial Truck	0.22			
4	L DCT2	31	Passenger Truck	0.78			
4	4 LDGT3	32	Light Commercial Truck	0.22			
	10074	31	Passenger Truck	0.78			
5	LDGT4	32	Light Commercial Truck	0.22			
	11501/05	31	Passenger Truck	0.63			
6	HDGV2B	32	Light Commercial Truck	0.37			
_	1150) (0	31	Passenger Truck	0.63			
7	7 HDGV3	32	Light Commercial Truck	0.37			
_	11501//	31	Passenger Truck	0.06			
8	8 HDGV4	32	Light Commercial Truck	0.94			
_		31	Passenger Truck	0.06			
9	HDGV5	32	Light Commercial Truck	0.94			
		43	School Bus	0.04			
		52	Single Unit Short-haul Truck	0.69			
10	HDGV6	53	Single Unit Long-haul Truck	0.03			
		54	Motor Home	0.23			
		61	Combination Short-haul Truck	0.01			
		43	School Bus	0.04			
		52	Single Unit Short-haul Truck	0.69			
11	HDGV7	53	Single Unit Long-haul Truck	0.03			
		54	Motor Home	0.23			
		61	Combination Short-haul Truck	0.01			
		52	Single Unit Short-haul Truck	0.90			
12	HDGV8A	53	Single Unit Long-haul Truck	0.08			
		61	Combination Short-haul Truck	0.02			
		52	Single Unit Short-haul Truck	0.90			
13	HDGV8B	53	Single Unit Long-haul Truck	0.08			
		61	Combination Short-haul Truck	0.02			
14	LDDV	21	Passenger Car	1.00			

TABLE AS1 - Population Mapping from MOBILE6.2 Vehicle Types to MOVES Source Types (continues)

MOBIL	E6.2 Vehicle Type		MOVES Source Type				
ID	Name	ID	Name	Fraction			
4.5	L DDT40	31	Passenger Truck	0.42			
15	LDDT12	32	Light Commercial Truck	0.58			
4.0	LIDDVOD	31	Passenger Truck	0.43			
16	HDDV2B	32	Light Commercial Truck	0.57			
47	LIDDVO	31	Passenger Truck	0.43			
17	HDDV3	32	Light Commercial Truck	0.57			
10	HDD)//4	31	Passenger Truck	0.10			
18	HDDV4	32	Light Commercial Truck	0.90			
40	LIDD\/F	31	Passenger Truck	0.10			
19	HDDV5	32	Light Commercial Truck	0.90			
		51	Refuse Truck	0.01			
		52	Single Unit Short-haul Truck	0.72			
20	HDDV6	53	Single Unit Long-haul Truck	0.06			
20	HDDV6	54	Motor Home	0.07			
		61	Combination Short-haul Truck	0.11			
		62	Combination Long-haul Truck	0.03			
		51	Refuse Truck	0.01			
	HDDV7	52	Single Unit Short-haul Truck	0.72			
21		53	Single Unit Long-haul Truck	0.06			
21	прри	54	Motor Home	0.07			
		61	Combination Short-haul Truck	0.11			
		62	Combination Long-haul Truck	0.03			
		51	Refuse Truck	0.02			
		52	Single Unit Short-haul Truck	0.30			
22	HDDV8A	53	Single Unit Long-haul Truck	0.02			
		61	Combination Short-haul Truck	0.35			
		62	Combination Long-haul Truck	0.31			
		51	Refuse Truck	0.02			
		52	Single Unit Short-haul Truck	0.30			
23	HDDV8B	53	Single Unit Long-haul Truck	0.02			
		61	Combination Short-haul Truck	0.35			
		62	Combination Long-haul Truck	0.31			
24	MC	11	Motorcycle	1.00			
25	HDGB	43	School Bus	1.00			
26	HDDBT	41	Intercity Bus	0.62			
20	ו פטטו	42	Transit Bus	0.38			
27	HDDBS	43	School Bus	1.00			
28	LDDT24	31	Passenger Truck	0.42			
20	LDDT34	32	Light Commercial Truck	0.58			

APPENDIX E

TERMS

Transportation Emission Reduction Measures

TRANSPORTATION EMISSIONS REDUCTION MEASURES (TERMs) ANALYSIS

for the **2014 CLRP and FY2015-2020 TIP**

TECHNICAL DOCUMENTATION

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BACKGROUND

Mobile emissions reductions were estimated from four categories of TERMs as follows:

- a. <u>MWCOG/TPB Commuter Connections Program</u>: It has been the cornerstone program for regional travel demand management (TDM) and emissions reductions since its inception in 1999. Its service area has expanded considerably since its early days in 1999, and it now serves a vast geographical area that extends beyond the TPB modeled area. It is also a legacy program, which is subjected to a rigorous performance review process. As a result, it maintains a data inventory that was used in this analysis.
- b. <u>Regional Incident Management Program (MATOC)</u>: The Metropolitan Area Transportation Operations Coordination is a regional umbrella organization, and a clearance house of real-time information sharing when significant incidents occur in order for traffic congestion and secondary accidents to be mitigated.
- c. <u>Pedestrian Facilities Expansions & Enhancements:</u> The FY2015-2020 Transportation Improvement Program (TIP) contains a number of pedestrian facilities expansions and enhancements (i.e., trails, bike paths and bikeways, and sidewalks). They were used as a TERM since they can contribute to mobile emissions reductions by enticing travelers to switch from driving to walking or biking.
- d. <u>Informal Carpooling Lots:</u> "Slugging" is local phenomenon and a widespread practice of free forming carpools among commuters aiming to save travel time by traveling on the HOV lanes during peak commuting periods, and to reduce travel costs. They were used as a TERM since they can contribute to mobile emissions reductions by reducing singleoccupancy driving.

The emissions reductions from the above TERMs were <u>not</u> used for meeting conformity of the 2014 CLRP and FY2015-2020 TIP because it was not necessary in order to be in conformity.

EMISSIONS REDUCTIONS FROM THE MWCOG/TPB COMMUTER CONNECTIONS PROGRAM

The program comprises of four activities: (1) Telework; (2) Guaranteed Ride Home; (3) Employer Outreach; and (4) Mass Marketing. Supplemental services have been provided over time, and they were accounted for as elements of one core activity or another. Such internal accounting shifts did not alter the <u>overall</u> effectiveness of the program in terms of reducing VMT, which was the variable used in the TERMs analysis.

The program undergoes triennial audits to assess its effectiveness in reducing vehicle trips and mobile emissions¹. The self-reported daily VMT reduction estimates from five audited periods are shown in Table 1. These historic estimates were used for developing daily VMT reductions for the conformity analysis years (Table 2). It should be noted that only the incremental VMT reductions above and beyond year 2007/2008 levels were used in the TERMs analysis. This is because the latest travel demand model (Version 2.3.57) was calibrated using a 2007/2008 Household Travel Survey. As such, travel behavior prior to 2007/2008 was assumed as already "embedded" in the travel demand model.

HISTORIC VMT REDUCTIONS - COMMUTER CONNECTIONS							
(Average Weekday)							
	Audited Periods ¹						
	Audit #1	Audit #2	Audit #3	Audit #4	Audit #5		
Telework Resource Center	606,908	279,692	226,913	413,703	241,834		
Guaranteed Ride Home	13,069	202,058	334,088	227,428	208,346		
Expanded Telecommuting	0	0	36,859	0	0		
Integrated Rideshare	6,977	117,940	146,612	199.079	51,589		
Employer Outreach	90,000	1,107,698	1,339,818	968,047	1,656,726		
Employer Outreach- Bicycling	0	1,225	3,431	0	0		
Mass Marketing	0 0 132,861 69,274 78,297						
Commuter Operations Center	0 0 279,055 575,237 180,409						
TOTAL	716,964	1,708,613	2,499,637	2,453,895	2,418,264		

Table 1– Historic VMT Reductions (Commuter Connections)

1

¹ "Transportation Emission Measure (TERM) Analysis Report", which has been published in September 1999 (Audit #1 of the FY1997-FY1999 period), March 2003 (Audit#2 of the FY2000-FY2002 period), January 2006 (Audit#3 of the FY2003-FY2005 period), January 2009 (Audit#4 of the FY2006-FY2008 period), and January 2012 (Audit#5t of the FY2009-FY2011 period).

FORECASTED VMT REDUCTIONS - COMMUTER CONNECTIONS						
Years	Ozone (VOC and NO _x)	PM _{2.5} Direct and Precursor NO _x	Winter CO			
i cais	VMT/day	VMT/year	VMT/day			
2015	59,592	14,897,973	59,592			
2017	108,600	27,150,081	108,600			
2025	314,378	78,594,487	314,378			
2030	451,298	112,824,603	451,298			
2040	745,791	186,447,702	745,791			

Table 2– Forecasted VMT Reductions (Commuter Connections)

Mobile emissions rates (Table 3) were derived as follows: (1) mobile emissions by pollutant and analysis year attributable <u>only</u> to passenger cars and light duty trucks vehicle types were segregated from the overall mobile emissions; (2) they were subsequently divided by the appropriate daily VMT totals by pollutant and analysis year (Table 2). Heavy duty vehicles were excluded because the Commuter Connections Program operates only light-duty vehicles. The product of VMT * Emissions Rates yielded the emissions reduction estimates from Commuter Connections (Table 4).

MOBILE EMISSIONS RATES - COMMUTER CONNECTIONS (gr/mile)							
Years	Ozone - VOC	Ozone - NOx	PM _{2.5} Direct	Precursor NOx	Winter CO		
2015	0.344	0.501	0.022	0.523	6.750		
2017	0.287	0.373	0.021	0.387	5.530		
2025	0.214	0.225	0.019	0.236	4.569		
2030	0.191	0.196	0.019	0.207	4.425		
2040	0.195	0.190	0.019	0.201	4.482		

Table 3– Mobile Emissions Rates (Commuter Connections)

	MOBILE EMISSIONS REDUCTIONS – COMMUTER CONNECTIONS							
Years	Ozone - VOC	Ozone - NOx	PM _{2.5} Direct	Precursor NOx	Winter CO			
Tears	(tons/day)		(tons	(tons/year)				
2015	0.023	0.033	0.355	8.583	0.443			
2017	0.034	0.045	0.619	11.572	0.662			
2025	0.074	0.078	1.636	20.412	1.583			
2030	0.095	0.098	2.327	25.782	2.201			
2040	0.160	0.156	3.893	41.343	3.684			

Table 4– Mobile Emissions Reductions (Commuter Connections)

EMISSIONS REDUCTIONS FROM THE REGIONAL INCIDENT MANAGEMENT PROGRAM

The Metropolitan Area Transportation Operations Coordination (MATOC) Program – a jointly funded program by the state of Maryland, the District of Columbia, and the Commonwealth of Virginia — monitors, gathers and communicates timely incident information so that transportation agencies may better coordinate their respective response activities in order to reduce travel delay, fuel consumption and better inform the public. The information allows travelers to make informed travel decisions by deferring/delaying trip making, taking an alternate route, or switching modes of travel.

Mobile emissions reductions from the MATOC program were derived based from VMT savings that can be realized by avoiding the queue that forms after an incident occurrence. The emissions reductions were based on the VMT differential between two hypothetical scenarios: "without MATOC" and "with MATOC" scenarios. A customized methodology was developed especially for this analysis, which is based on based on published data², conservative assumptions, and it is assumption-driven. As such, the resulting emissions reductions reflect the assumptions made, which are as follows:

- Fairfax County (VA) was selected as a representative jurisdiction of the National Capital region for having a balanced mix of restricted-access facilities (i.e., highways and expressways) and unrestricted-access facilities (i.e., arterials, collectors, locals)
- Travel speeds in a typical queue after an highway/expressway incident were in the 12.5 -17.5 mph range (i.e., 4th MOVES Speed Bin)
- ".....MATOC is typically involved in approximately 20 minor incidents and one major freeway, arterial or transit incident of regional significance per month...." 2.

<u>Customized Methodology:</u>

➤ Speed Specific Emission Rates Development: An adjustment factor -- Rate_{adj} -- was developed to align the mobile emission rates developed as part of the conformity assessment in MOVES Inventory Approach, which are not speed sensitive, with low speed ranges (i.e., 12,5-17.5 mph), which are typical at the queue behind incident occurrences.

$$Rate_{adj} = \frac{P_Rate_e}{P_Rate_i}$$

Where:

² MATOC Benefit-Cost Analysis White Paper", June 2010 authored by Sabra, Wang & Associates, Inc., on behalf of MWCOG and under the guidance of the MATOC Steering Committee.

P_Rate_e (grams per mile): was derived using MOVES in Rate Approach for Fairfax County, for year 2015 based on the 2012 CLRP Air Quality Conformity Assessment, and applicable to the 4th MOVES Speed Bin (i.e., 12.5-17.5 mph)

P_Rate_i (grams per mile) was derived using MOVES in Inventory Approach for Fairfax County, for year 2015 based on the 2012 CLRP Air Quality Conformity Assessment as follows:

$$P_{-}Rate_{i} = \frac{Total \ Emissions \ FFX \ Co., \ 2012 \ CLRP, Yr \ 2015}{Total \ VMT \ FFX \ Co., 2012 \ CLRP, Yr \ 2015}$$

For Ozone (VOC and NOx) daily emissions the corresponding rate was 1.30.

Regional Emission Rates Development: The Total Emissions in the Region (by pollutant and analysis year) were divided by the corresponding VMTs from the 2014 CLRP Air Quality Conformity Analyses, as follows:

$$Rate_{i} (grams per mile) = \frac{Total \ Regional \ Emissions, by \ Analysis \ Year, 2014 \ CLRP \ AQC}{Total \ Regional \ VMT, by \ Analysis \ Year, 2014 \ CLRP \ AQC}$$

➤ Mobile Emissions Savings Development (attributable to MATOC):

Emissions Savings (grams per mile) = Queue VMT Savings * Rate_i * Rate_{adj} Major Incident Queue VMT Savings = 452,120 (vehicle miles) 2 Minor Incident Queue VMT Savings = 19,040 (vehicle miles) 2

Daily Emissions Savings (grams per mile) by Pollutant:

1/30 (1 major incident per month) * Emissions Savings from Major Incident + 20/30 (20 minor incidents per month) * Emissions Saving from Minor Incident ²

Annual Emissions Savings (grams per mile) by Pollutant:

12 (1 major incident per month) X Emissions Savings from Major Incident + 240 (20 minor incidents per month) X Emissions Savings from Minor Incident ²

M	MOBILE EMISSIONS RATES – REGIONAL INCIDENT MGMT PROGRAM (gr/mile)							
Years	Ozone - VOC	Ozone - NOx	PM _{2.5} Direct	Precursor NOx	Winter CO			
2015	0.493	1.111	0.038	0.921	6.900			
2017	0.412	0.853	0.033	0.708	5.671			
2025	0.305	0.504	0.023	0.423	4.696			
2030	0.273	0.443	0.022	0.375	4.544			
2040	0.277	0.424	0.021	0.360	4.595			

Table 5– Mobile Emissions Rates (Regional Incident Management Program)

EMISSIONS REDUCTIONS - REGIONAL INCIDENT MGMT PROGRAM								
Voors	Ozone - VOC	Ozone - NOx	PM _{2.5} Direct	Precursor NOx	Winter CO			
Years	(tons/day)		(tons	(tons/year)				
2015	0.015	0.034	0.424	10.146	0.211			
2017	0.013	0.026	0.366	7.798	0.174			
2025	0.009	0.015	0.256	4.666	0.144			
2030	0.008	0.014	0.241	4.133	0.139			
2040	0.008	0.013	0.235	3.965	0.141			

Table 6– Mobile Emissions Reductions (Regional Incident Management Program)

EMISSIONS REDUCTIONS FROM THE PEDESTRIAN FACILITIES EXPANSIONS & ENHANCEMENTS

A customized methodology was developed to generate mobile emissions reductions from VMT savings realized from travelers choosing a non-motorized mode of travel instead of driving. It is assumption-driven³, and the resulting emissions reductions are dependent on the assumptions made, which are as follows:

- Facility construction/expansions/enhancements were post-2007/2008
- Baseline Year 2010 Pedestrian Facilities Length = 634 miles⁴. VMT estimates were based only on Home-Based-Work (HBW) trips from the regional travel demand model
- Average Trip Length (ATL) = 3 miles⁵
- Non-motorized HBW trips percentage = 3% of the regional total HBW trips⁶

Customized Methodology:

➤ Baseline (Year 2010) VMT Reductions from use of the pedestrian facilities as a function of non-motorized HBW trips percentage, HBW trips (regional total), and average trip length:

Baseline VMT Reductions = HBW Bike Trips % x HBW Trips x ATL

Where:

HBW Bike Trips Percentage = 3%
Average Weekday HBW Trips (Year 2010) = 3,659,233
Average Trip Length (ATL) = 3.0 miles

Baseline (Year 2010) VMT reductions per mile as follows:
 VMT Reductions/mile = Baseline VMT Reductions/Baseline Length of Ped. Facilities

Where:

Baseline VMT Reductions = 0.03 x 3,659,233 x 3.0 = 329,330.97 Baseline (Year 2010 Regional Total) Pedestrian Facilities Length = 634 miles VMT Reductions (per mile) = 329,330.97/634 = 519.45

Forecasting of VMT Reductions/mile, based on the mileage of new or expanded pedestrian facilities included in the 2014 CLRP & FY2015-2020 TIP beyond 2007/2008 according to their forecasted completion years. Facilities without adequate numerical information to allow

³ Caltrans/Air Resources Board analysis, dated December, 1995, which was developed by COMSIS Corporation, for FHWA & FTA, and which was previously used by MWCOG/DTP staff for TERMs analyses starting in 1993.

⁴ "2010 Bicycle and Pedestrian Plan for the National Capital Region Report", TPB, October 2010

⁵ 2012 TPB Geographically Focused Household Travel Survey)

⁶ 2010 TPB State of the Commute Report, June 2011

computations were omitted. For projects without a stated completion year, it was assumed that they would be completed when the funding was programed. Consistent with the above, the following pedestrian facilities expansions were assumed:

Year 2015: 6.27 lane miles Year 2017: 46.85 lane miles

Year 2025 - 2040: 58.25 lane miles

Future VMT reductions (average weekday) due to the above lane mile additions:

Year 2015: 6.27 miles x 519.45 = 3,257 vehicle miles Year 2017: 46.85 miles x 519.45 = 24,336 vehicle miles

Year 2025 - 2040: 58.25 miles x 519.45 = 30,258 vehicle miles

The emissions rates used in the Commuter Connections calculations (Table 3) were multiplied by the above VMT reductions by milestone year to yield mobile emission reductions (Table 7).

	EMISSIONS REDUCTIONS - PEDESTRIAN FACILITIES EXPANSIONS							
Years	Ozone - VOC	Ozone - NOx	PM _{2.5} Direct	Precursor NOx	Winter CO			
Teals	(tons/day)		(tons/year)		(tons/day)			
2015	0.001	0.002	0.019	0.469	0.024			
2017	0.008	0.010	0.139	2.593	0.148			
2025	0.007	0.007	0.157	1.965	0.152			
2030	0.006	0.007	0.156	1.729	0.148			
2040	0.007	0.006	0.158	1.677	0.149			

Table 7– Mobile Emissions Reductions (Pedestrian Facilities)

EMISSIONS REDUCTIONS FROM INFORMAL CARPOOLING LOTS

"Slugging" is a widespread phenomenon in the National Capital region, born out of a need to capitalize on the availability of HOV lanes during the peak commuting periods, and to save time and money. Several unofficial Park & Ride lots throughout the region exist for this purpose and their location and functions are spread through word-of-mouth. Over time, commuters have been gathering at such facilities to build informal carpools and vanpools.

Park & Ride lots <u>without</u> transit service were inventoried, and their capacities were obtained from several sources (e.g., the Commuter Connections Program, state departments of transportation and local jurisdictions). They are listed in Table 8.

Average travel distance estimates (18.12 miles) from such facilities to Work were derived from the weighted average Home-Based-Work (HBW) trip purpose trip lengths of the Traffic Analysis Zones (TAZs) containing Slug Lots locations. The estimates were derived directly from the TPB regional travel demand model for year 2012. Furthermore, the following assumptions were made:

- 1. The TAZ containing each slug lot was considered as "home" of each HBW trip for this exercise because it is the origin of the "slugged" trip to work
- 2. The TAZ containing the work trip destination was considered as "work" of each HBW trip for this exercise, thus assuming the spatial distribution of destinations of slug lots trips as the overall HBW trips in the region
- 3. The slugged trips are made along the sshortest path during the am peak commuting period
- 4. The overall average slugged trip distance was calculated as the weighted average trip distances for each slug lot (thus taking into account the size/utilization of each lot in the computations)
- 5. TAZs 926 and 2728 were used as proxies for TAZs 925 and 2729 because there no household population data are associated with TAZs 925 and 2729 respectively; the proxy TAZs are abutting to the original ones, thus not affecting the resulting average slugged trip distances in a meaningful way
- 6. Average trip length calculations are based on trip productions

According to the paper of "Methods to find the Cost-Effectiveness of Funding Air Quality Projects, May 2005" by Caltrans/Air Resources Board, a default 16 miles is suggested as the Length of auto trips eliminated for Ridesharing programs.

According to the paper of "Reasonably Available Control Measure (RACM) Analysis for the Baltimore Region, July 2001" by MDE, an estimated 13 miles were reduced (one way travel) by

people who rideshare in Guaranteed Ride Home Program based on BMC Travel Demand Model Validation Report. The resulting weighted average distance of 18.12 miles (Table 8) calculated based on local data is within range of the average distances reported by the other sources.

SLUG LOTS SUMMARIES	TAZ ID	2013 Parking Spaces	Average HBW Trip length (miles)
Beltway (195 south of 1495)	925 (926)	265	11.6
Autumn Willow Park	1654	105	14.4
AMF Centreville Lanes	1658	31	15.9
Greenbriar Park	1665	60	12.9
Apple Federal Credit Union	2039	12	13
Potomac Station	2263	50	17.6
Crossroads United Methodist Church	2302	90	18
Ashburn Farm	2303	20	17.6
Broadlands	2304	30	16.9
Ashburn Village	2340	40	17.8
Sterling Park Shopping Center	2375	46	13.9
Harbor Drive	2668	183	16.7
Prince William Stadium	2678	190	18.2
Princedale	2712	75	22
Montclair Commuter Lot	2729(2728)	49	22.2
Good Shepherd United Methodist Church	2732	58	17.9
Cherrydale Road	2732	30	17.9
Bethel United Methodist Church	2745	49	18.1
Rosemont	2820	44	29.5
Jefferson	2826	105	28.9
Woodsboro	2879	23	27.1
New Market	2888	54	26.9
Urbana (North Lot)	2899	250	19.1
Frederick Armory	2914	125	16.3
Frederick Stadium	2934	112	17.9
Mount Zion East	2940	36	20.3
Lusby	3324	30	26
Weighted Average Trip Length (Lots to work)			18.12

Table 8–Informal Carpooling Lots (Capacity and Trip Length to Work)

Average weekday VMT reductions were derived by multiplying the capacities of the lots – reduced by 1/3 to account for less-than-full lots – by average weekday travel distances to/from these lots. The capacity reduction assumption is consistent with WMATA observations (Washington Examiner article on March 19, 2013), earlier TPB TERMs analyses, and literature research from metropolitan areas in California.

Base Year 2013 lot capacities were kept constant for the analysis years because: (1) no reliable historic data was available to allow the development of trendlines; where such data was available, it was fragmented and deemed not reliable for extrapolation; (2) prospects for Park & Ride lot expansions were considered limited as most of these facilities are located in developed areas with limited additional developable land. As data become available, the zero growth assumption may be revisited and potentially changed. Based on these assumptions the average weekday VMT estimate was equal to 52234 miles. Using the emission rates of Table 3, the emission reductions from the informal carpooling lots were derived (Table 9).

REGIONAL EMISSIONS REDUCTIONS - INFORMAL CARPOOLING LOTS								
Years	Ozone - VOC	Ozone - NOx	PM _{2.5} Direct	Precursor NOx	Winter CO			
Tears	(tons/day)		(tons,	(tons/year)				
2015	0.020	0.029	0.311	7.523	0.389			
2017	0.017	0.021	0.297	5.566	0.318			
2025	0.012	0.013	0.272	3.391	0.263			
2030	0.011	0.011	0.269	2.984	0.255			
2040	0.011	0.011	0.273	2.896	0.258			

Table 9– Mobile Emissions Reductions from Informal Carpooling Lots

REGIONAL EMISSIONS REDUCTIONS – ALL TERMs COMBINED					
Years	Ozone - VOC	Ozone - NOx	PM _{2.5} Direct	Precursor NOx	Winter CO
Tears	(tons/day)	(tons/day)	(tons/year)	(tons/year)	(tons/day)
2015	0.06	0.10	1.11	26.72	1.07
2017	0.07	0.10	1.42	27.53	1.30
2025	0.10	0.11	2.32	30.43	2.14
2030	0.12	0.13	2.99	34.63	2.74
2040	0.19	0.19	4.56	49.88	4.23

Table 10– Mobile Emissions Reductions (All TERMs Combined)

APPENDIX F

Transportation Control Measures (TCMs) Implementation

MEMORANDUM

September 11, 2014

To: Files

From: Jane Posey

Senior Transportation Engineer

Subject: TCM Reporting: All TCMs Completed

The transportation conformity rule and the Clean Air Act require that Transportation Control Measures (TCMs) in approved State Implementation Plans (SIPs) be implemented in a timely manner according to the schedules in the SIP. If a nonattainment or maintenance area cannot determine that TCMs are meeting the timely implementation requirement, the Long Range Plan or Transportation Improvement Program does not conform.

Table F-1 lists all TCMs included in the Washington DC- Maryland-Virginia Region's 1-Hour Ozone SIP (adopted by the Metropolitan Washington Air Quality Committee-- MWAQC on 2/19/04), the 8-Hour Ozone SIP (adopted by MWAQC on 5/23/07), and the PM_{2.5} SIP (adopted by MWAQC on 3/7/2008). Following the table are TCM implementation status letters from the agencies responsible for the completion of each project. These letters confirm that all of the TCM's in Table F-1 were completed in a timely manner.

TABLE F-1
DC-MD-VA Region State Implementation Plan
TRANSPORTATION CONTROL MEASURES (TCMs)

ID	Description	Responsible Agency
DC-1	Bicycle Lane in D. C. (8 miles)	DDOT
DC-2	New CNG Powered Trash Trucks (2 Vehicles)	DDOT
DC-3	Bicycle Racks in D.C. (150 Racks)	DDOT
MD-1	Maryland Suburban Bus Replacements	MCG, PG
MD-2	Transit Parking Facilities (at Lake Forest, Tulagi, Germantown)	MDOT
MD-3	MARC Replacement/Expansion Coaches	MARC
MD-4	Bicycle Facilities	MDOT
MD-5	Park and Ride Facilities (at MD5/MD205, MD210/MD 373, I-270/MD 80)	MDOT
MD-6	Grosvenor Metro Garage (1300 spaces)	MDOT
MD-7	Maryland Park & Ride Lots (at MD 210/MD 373, I-270/ MD 124, MD 2/MD 4, MD 231/ Fairgrounds, MD 117/I-270, MD 2/MD 4)	MDOT
NV-1	Northern Virginia Districtwide Park-And-Ride Spaces (1872 spaces)	VDOT
NV-2	Transit Access Improvements (200 VRE Parking Spaces)	VDOT
NV-3	Purchase Of New Transit Buses (52 WMATA buses)	VDOT
NV-4	Improved Pedestrian Access	VDOT
NV-5	Construction of Bus Shelters (12 shelters)	City of Fairfax
NV-6	Park & Ride Spaces (3200 spaces)	VDOT
NV-7	Bicycle Lanes/Trails in Northern Virginia (12 miles)	VDOT
NV-8	Bicycle Lockers in Northern Virginia (100 lockers)	VDOT
NV-9	Hybrid Light Duty Vehicles (25 vehicles)	Fairfax County
		Arlington County
NV-10	Bicycle Trails/Lanes in Northern Virginia (29 miles)	P.W. County
NV-11	Sidewalk improvements in Northern Virginia (1.5 miles)	VDOT
NV-12	11 New CNG Buses in place of Diesel Buses	Arlington County
WM-1	Bicycle Racks on Buses (1458 racks)	WMATA
WM-2	ULSD; CRT Filters (886 buses)	WMATA
WM-3	CNG Buses (164 buses)	WMATA

NOTE: The projects in this list include all TCMs in the 1-Hour Ozone SIP (adopted by MWAQC 2/19/04), the 8-Hour Ozone SIP (adopted by MWAQC 5/23/07), and the $PM_{2.5}$ SIP (adopted by MWAQC on 3/7/2008).

GOVERNMENT OF THE DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION



d. Policy, Planning and Sustainability Administration

August 11, 2014

Mr. Kanti Srikanth, Director Department of Transportation Planning Metropolitan Washington Council of Governments 777 North Capitol Street, N.E., Suite 300 Washington, D.C. 20002-4239

RE: Confirmation of Transportation Control Measures (TCMs) Completion

Dear Mr. Srikanth:

The Transportation Control Measures (TCMs) commitments made by the District Department of Transportation (DDOT) as a part of a regional coordinated effort to mitigate ozone emissions from on-road mobile sources have been completed as demonstrated in pervious conformity determinations. The summary of the status remains unchanged in that all TCMs committed by DDOT have been completed. Listed below are the TCM projects in our jurisdiction, completion years, and reference to the provided documentation.

ID	Description	Completion Year	Reference
DC-1	Bicycle Lanes (8 miles)	2004	DDOT internal documents
DC-2	CNG Powered Refuse Haulers (2)	2004	DDOT Letter 6/6/2004
DC-3	Bicycle Racks (150)	2004	DDOT Letter 6/6/2004

Should you have any questions, please contact Mark Rawlings at (202) 671-2234 or mark.rawlings@dc.gov.

Sincerely,

Sam Zimbabwe Associate Director



Martin O'Malley Governor

Anthony G. Brown Lt. Governor

James T. Smith, Jr. Secretary

August 6, 2014

Mr. Gerald Miller Co-Director of Transportation Planning (Acting) Transportation Planning Board Metropolitan Washington Council of Governments 777 N. Capitol Street, N.E., Suite 300 Washington, D.C. 20002-4239

Re: Confirmation of Transportation Control Measures (TCMs) Completion

Dear Mr. Miller,

The Transportation Control Measures (TCMs) commitments made by the Maryland Department of Transportation (MDOT) as part of a regional coordinated effort to mitigate ozone emissions from on-road mobile sources have been completed as demonstrated in previous conformity determinations. The summary of the status remains unchanged in that all of the TCMs that have been committed to by MDOT have been duly completed/implemented. Listed below are the TCM projects in our jurisdictional area, their completion years, and the reference to the documentation that had been provided:

ID	Description	Completion Year	Reference
MD-1	Maryland Suburban Bus Replacements	2003	MDOT letter 7/29/2003
MD-2	Transit Parking Facilities (@ Lake Forest, Tulagi, Germantown)	2003	MDOT letter 7/29/2003
MD-3	MARC Replacement/Expansion Coaches	2004	MDOT letter 7/29/2003
MD-4	Bicycle Facilities	2003	MDOT letter 7/29/2003
MD-5	Park & Ride Facilities (@ MD5/MD205, MD210/MD373, I-270/MD80	2003	MDOT letter 8/25/2004
MD-6	Grosvenor Metro Garage (1,300 spaces)	2004	Montgomery County email 7/30/2004
MD-7	Park & Ride Facilities (@ MD210/MD373, I-270/MD124, MD2/MD4, MD231/Fairgrounds, MD117/I-270, MD2/MD4)	2001	MDOT letter 9/3/2003

My telephone number is
Toll Free Number 1-888-713-1414 TTY Users Call Via MD Relay
7201 Corporate Center Drive, Hanover, Maryland 21076

Page Two Mr. Gerald Miller

We appreciate your cooperation in this matter. If you have any questions or comments, please do not hesitate to me at 410-865-1279, toll-free at 888-713-1414 or via email at lerickson@mdot.state.md.us.

Thank You,
Syn Sickson

Lyn Erickson, Manager

Office of Planning and Capital Programming

Attachment

cc: Mr. Donald A. Halligan, Director, Office of Planning and Capital Programming
Maryland Department of Transportation

Ms. Heather Murphy, Deputy Director, Office of Planning and Capital Programming Maryland Department of Transportation

Michael W. Nixon, Manager, Office of Planning and Capital Programming Maryland Department of Transportation

Mr. Howard Simons, Air Quality Specialist, Office of Planning and Capital Programming Maryland Department of Transportation



COMMONWEALTH of VIRGINIA

DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION

CHARLES A. KILPATRICK, P.E.

4975 Alliance Drive Fairfax, VA 22030

August 21, 2014

Mr. Kanathur Srikanth
Director of Transportation Planning
Transportation Planning Board
Metropolitan Washington Council of Governments
777 N. Capitol Street, N.E., Suite 300
Washington, D.C. 20002-4239

Re: Confirmation of Transportation Control Measures (TCMs) Completion

Dear Mr. Srikanth,

The Transportation Control Measures (TCMs) commitments made by our agency as part of a regional coordinated effort to mitigate ozone emissions from on-road mobile sources have been completed in a timely manner and consistent with the agreed upon schedule. Listed below are the TCM projects in our jurisdictional area and their completion years:

ID	Description	Completion Year
VA-1	Northern Virginia Districtwide Park & Ride Facilities (1,872 Parking Spaces)	1996-1999
VA-2	Transit Access Improvements (200 VRE Parking Spaces)	1994 & 2002
VA-3	Purchase of New Transit Buses (52 WMATA Buses)	1995-1996
VA-4	Improved Pedestrian Access	2001-2004
VA-5	Construction of Bus Shelters (12 Shelters)	2000-2004
VA-6	Park & Ride Facilities (3,200 Parking Spaces)	2000-2002
VA-7	Northern Virginia Bicycle Lanes/Trails (12 miles)	1999-2003
VA-8	Northern Virginia Bicycle Lockers (100 Lockers)	1997-2002
VA-9	Hybrid light Duty Vehicles purchase (25 Vehicles)	2002-2003
VA-10	Northern Virginia Bicycle Lanes/Trails (29 miles)	2000-2003
VA-11	Northern Virginia Sidewalk Improvements (1.5 miles)	2001-2003
VA-12	CNG Bus Replacements for Diesel Buses (11 Vehicles)	2002-2003

Thank you for the TPB's cooperation assistance and cooperation. Please contact me if you need any additional information.

Sincerely,

Norman Whitaker, AICP

Transportation Planning Manager

C: Maria Sinner, P.E.

VirginiaDot.org
WE KEEP VIRGINIA MOVING



August 5, 2014

Mr. Gerald Miller Co-Director of Transportation Planning (Acting) Transportation Planning Board Metropolitan Washington Council of Governments 777 N. Capitol Street, N.E., Suite 300 Washington, D.C. 20002-4239

Re: Confirmation of Transportation Control Measures (TCMs) Completion

Dear Mr. Miller,

The Transportation Control Measures (TCMs) commitments made by our agency as part of a regional coordinated effort to mitigate ozone emissions from on-road mobile sources have been completed in a timely manner and consistent with the agreed upon schedule. Listed below are the TCM projects in our jurisdictional area and their completion years:

ID	Description	Completion Year
WM-1	Bicycle Racks on Buses (1,458 Racks)	2004
WM-2	Ultra Low Sulfur Diesel Fuel with CRT Filters (886 Buses)	2004
WM-3	CNG Buses Purchase (164 Buses)	2004

Washington Metropolitan Area Transit Authority

600 Fifth Street, NW Washington, D.C. 20001 202/962-1234

By Metrorail: Judiciary Square-Red Line Gallery Place-Chinatown Red, Green and Yellow Lines

> A District of Columbia Maryland and Virginia Transit Partnership

Sincerely,

Shydin Kannan Managing Director Office of Planning