

ITEM 12 – Information

September 18, 2013

Briefing on the Comments Received on the Draft TPB Regional Transportation Priorities Plan (RTPP)

Staff Recommendation: Receive briefing on the comments received and on potential revisions to the priorities plan.

Issues: None

Background: The draft RTPP was released for public comment on July 24. The TPB Regional Transportation Priorities Plan (RTPP) is being developed to identify regional strategies that offer the greatest potential contributions toward addressing regional challenges.

National Capital Region Transportation Planning Board

777 North Capitol Street, N.E., Suite 300, Washington, D.C. 20002-4290 (202) 962-3310 Fax: (202) 962-3202

MEMORANDUM

Date: September 12, 2013

To: Transportation Planning Board

From: Ronald F. Kirby
Director, Department of
Transportation Planning

Re: Comments Received on the Draft TPB Regional
Transportation Priorities Plan (RTPP)

Following the work session and briefing at the July 17 TPB meeting, a draft version of the RTPP report was released for a 30-day public comment period on July 24. Comments received during this period have been posted on the TPB's "Regional Transportation Priorities Plan" web-site. In addition to these comments, TPB staff has assembled and is reviewing comments made by respondents in optional comment boxes in the web-based survey of 660 residents of the Washington region, as well as those by individuals who took this survey after it was made available to other groups and the general public on July 24. All of these comments are also now available for review on the TPB's RTPP web-site, grouped into two categories: those associated with the selected sample of 660 residents; and those associated with other groups and the general public. (In the first category, 418 respondents provided a total of 1887 optional comments, an average of 4.5 comments per respondent. In the second category, 78 of the 141 individuals who took the survey provided 492 optional comments, an average of 6.3 comments per individual.)

The TPB will be briefed on the comments received on the draft RTPP at its September 18 meeting, as well as on potential revisions to the plan. In general, the comments received reflected a good understanding of the information presented in the draft RTPP document, and in the web-based survey. Staff proposes to develop a revised version of the RTPP document for presentation at the October 16 TPB meeting, and to provide for another 30 day comment period on the revised document. In addition to the comments received to date, staff will also address in the revisions to the RTPP any comments or recommendations received at the upcoming COG Economy Forward event on September 27, at which the draft RTPP will be presented and discussed along with COG's Activity Center Strategic Development Plan.

An initial review of the comments received to date suggests that there are three particular topics that need to be clarified or expanded upon in the revised version of the RTPP:

- (1) Tolling of existing highway lanes
- (2) The relationship between regional strategies and specific programs and projects
- (3) The relationship between the RTPP and the CLRP

(1) Tolling of existing highway lanes

A number of comments urged that the RTPP should include a strategy of applying congestion pricing by tolling all existing highway lanes. The TPB has conducted a number of scenario studies involving the tolling of a significant number of existing highway lanes (including the major parkways, for example), and recently completed a study funded by the Federal Highway Administration (FHWA) of the public acceptability of congestion pricing in the Washington region. This latter study included three different congestion pricing scenarios, all of which included pricing of existing highway lanes, and one of which included pricing of the entire highway system. The study found support for some of the scenarios, but also found significant concerns about a number of aspects of the pricing proposals.

During the course of the FHWA sponsored study of the public acceptability of congestion pricing, the new MAP-21 legislation enacted in July of 2012 included language which permits certain types of toll-financed construction activities, including: new highways; new lanes added to existing highways (so long as the number of existing toll-free lanes is not reduced); reconstruction of highways (non-Interstate only); reconstruction or replacement of bridges or tunnels; and capital improvements to existing toll facilities. Also permitted is conversion of high-occupancy vehicle (HOV) lanes to high-occupancy toll (HOT) lanes, both on and off the Interstate system.

As a result of these new MAP-21 legislative provisions, the TPB Aspirations Scenarios were revised to remove any instances where the number of toll-free lanes would be reduced. The results of the revised scenarios were reported to the TPB in April of 2013, and were used in the RTPP web-based survey and subsequent July 2013 draft RTPP report.

(2) The relationship between regional strategies and specific programs and projects

There were some comments relating to the lack of specific programs and projects in the RTPP, and the exclusive focus on regional strategies. The relationship between strategies, programs, and projects was considered and discussed at some length in the development of the RTPP work scope approved by the TPB in July of 2011. The work scope called for a focus on regional strategies that offer the greatest potential toward addressing regional challenges and that the public can support. A major focus of the RTPP work effort has been in communicating regional goals, challenges, and strategies to representative groups of the public in the region, and seeking their comments and responses. This involved presenting challenges and strategies in a form to which the public could relate and respond. Potential benefits and costs of alternative strategies were presented in largely qualitative terms that would allow survey respondents to provide some rankings of the relative importance of alternative approaches. Respondents were invited to suggest additional strategies in optional comments boxes.

As the RTPP process moves forward, highly ranked strategies can be developed into more specific programs and projects, including those aimed at system maintenance and operations as well as location-specific improvements in system capacity. An in-depth review of benefits and costs based on quantification of program components and location specific factors will be necessary for this level of assessment. The recent “bus-on-shoulder” discussions conducted for a TPB Task Force illustrate the complexity and effort involved in taking a broad strategy like “bus-on-shoulder” to the level of location-specific projects.

(3) The relationship between the RTPP and the CLRP

The draft RTPP report noted that the TPB will soon initiate steps toward the next federally required four-year update of the CLRP, and that the results of the RTPP should be considered in this significant CLRP update. (The 2010 CLRP update was approved the TPB on November 17, 2010, and approved by FHWA and FTA on February 9, 2011. The 2014 update must be completed within four years of these dates.)

A number of comments sought additional information on the CLRP update process, and the revised RTPP report will address this topic in greater detail. Additional discussion will be provided on the continuing and cooperative nature of the CLRP process, and the relationship between inclusion of programs and projects in the CLRP and the extensive location specific studies conducted by sponsoring agencies. It will be noted in particular that the CLRP is not “carved in stone”, and that in the past CLRP projects have been modified and even removed entirely along with the addition of new programs and projects. In addition, the report will note that the TPB will shortly launch a new “Transportation Planning Information Hub for the National Capital Region” that will describe transportation planning activities at the regional, state, and local levels, and provide links to high profile projects, documents, and resources.



Regional Transportation Priorities Plan

For the National Capital Region

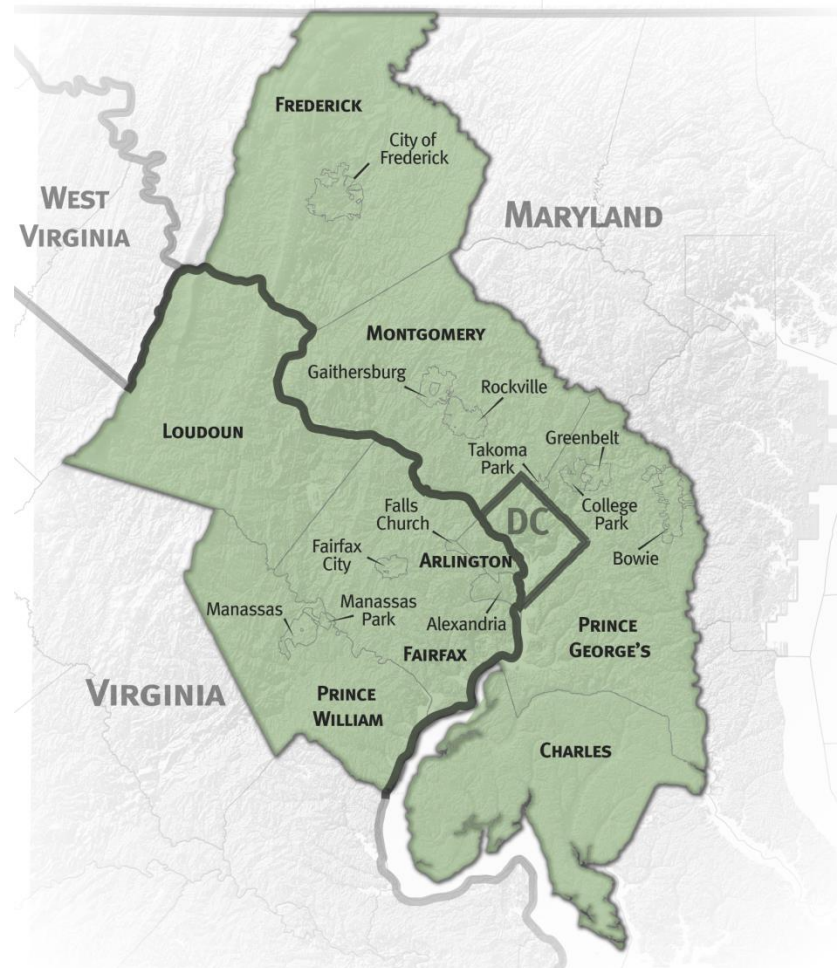
Overview

September 18, 2013

Regional Transportation Priorities Plan

Objective

- Identify near-term, ongoing, and long-term regional strategies that offer the **greatest potential for addressing regional challenges and that the public can support**
- Two year effort:
July 2011 – July 2013

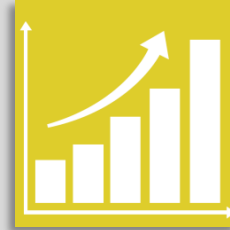


Regional Goals:



Goal 1 - Options

Provide a comprehensive range of transportation options for everyone



Goal 4 – Effectiveness

Maximize operational effectiveness and safety of the transportation system



Goal 2 - Activity Centers

Promote a strong regional economy including a healthy regional core and dynamic activity centers



Goal 5 – Environment

Enhance environmental quality, and protect natural and cultural resources



Goal 3 - Maintenance

Ensure adequate system maintenance, preservation, and safety



Goal 6 – Inter-regional

Support inter-regional and international travel and commerce

Public Opinion Survey:

- **Purpose:** TPB staff conducted an online survey to learn 1) which regional challenges are most important to people; and 2) which strategies people think would best address the challenges
- **Survey Period:** April 2013 – July 2013
- **Random sampling method:** Ensured representative sample by soliciting potential respondents via postal mail using list of randomly-selected addresses throughout region
- **Sample size:** 660 individuals
- **Results:** Summarized in the draft report and used to help set regional priorities

Regional Transportation Priorities

Address Metro and Highway Repair Challenges

Finish carrying out the backlog of deferred maintenance, set up systems to address maintenance challenges as they arise, and secure dedicated, reliable sources of funding to ensure that maintenance is carried out as needed.

Address Transit Crowding and Roadway Congestion

Employ a combination of supply- and demand-side strategies to ease crowding and congestion, to include: alleviating roadway bottlenecks, improving roadway efficiency, upgrading pedestrian infrastructure, increasing the capacity of the rail and bus network (especially eight-car trains on Metro), improving access to transit stations, and operating a network of bus rapid transit on express toll lanes on major highways.

Address Special Focus Areas

Meet the mobility needs of people with disabilities, provide bus priority, update and enforce traffic laws, encourage alternative fuel vehicles, and expand bicycle infrastructure

Process Strategies

- Provide sufficient transparency to inspire confidence that agencies are making good use of the resources available to them
- Make maximum use of public information campaigns to raise public awareness about key transportation issues
- Provide opportunities for involvement of all affected parties when high density development is being considered near transit stations throughout the region

Relationship to the CLRP

- The timing of this RTPP document provides an opportunity for the region's decision-makers to consider the three categories of priorities as part of the next four year update of the TPB's Constrained Long Range Plan (CLRP), due at the end of calendar year 2014.

