

Demand Response Transit / Microtransit:

A Guide for Implementing Flexible
Transportation Services

Arlington County Department of Environmental Services
Transit Bureau

TPB Regional Public Transportation Subcommittee Meeting
September 24, 2019

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Basis for Study

- Fall 2016: County Board adopted the County's FY 2017-2026
 Transit Development Plan (TDP);
- Flex concept was introduced in TDP with proposed service recommendations included four flex zones;
- Recommendations based on desire to provide service in areas of the County where fixed route service may not perform to soon-to-change service standards;
- Spring 2018: County staff applied and received award a TLC Grant to further determine feasibility of concept; and
- Fall 2018: County and COG began working with KFH Group on Zone-Based Demand Response Flex Service Study

Study Tasks



- Data Collection and Analysis
- Proposed Parameters for Flex Service and Zones
- Fare Structure for service
- Service Standards
- Final Report

Models Considered



Model 1: Publicly Regulated and Operated e-Hailing Flex Bus

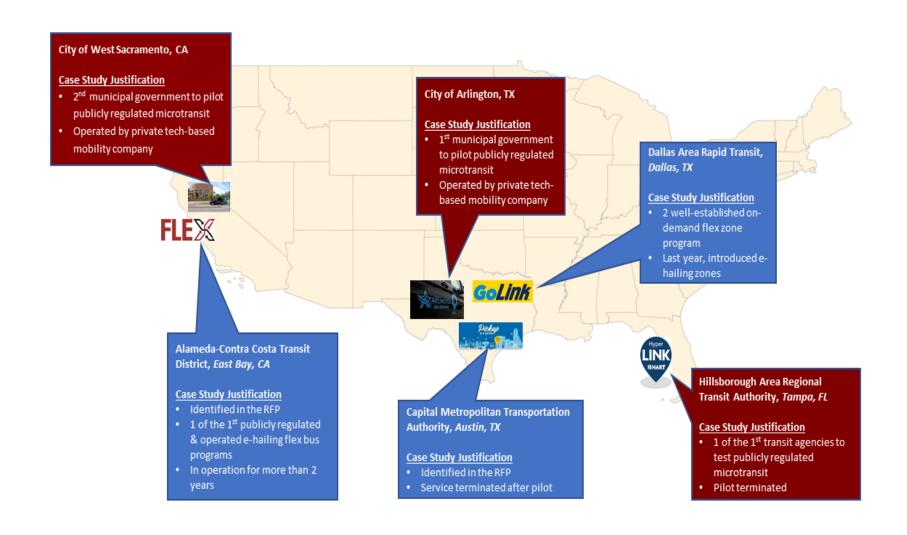
- In this model the public entity enters into a partnership with a tech-based company.
- The tech-based company is contracted to develop the vehicle onboard driver software and a customer smartphone app. The app allows public transit customers to plan, request, pay, and track the vehicle for on-demand, curb-to-curb service within a designated GFZ.
- The service is also available to the general public, and to ensure FTA Civil Rights compliance, the service must satisfy the FTA Circular 4702.1B (Title VI) and FTA Circular 4710.1 (Americans with Disabilities Act).
- The service is operated in-house by the public entity.

Model 2: Publicly Regulated and Privately Operated Microtransit

- Similar to the previous model the public entity also enters into a partnership with a private tech-based company.
- The tech-based company is then contracted to develop the vehicle onboard driver software and a customer smartphone app. The app allows public transit customers to plan, request, pay, and track the vehicle for ondemand, curb-to-curb service within a designated GFZ.
- The service is also available to the general public, and to ensure FTA Civil Rights compliance, the service must satisfy the FTA Circular 4702.1B (Title VI) and FTA Circular 4710.1 (Americans with Disabilities Act).
- With this model the tech-based company supplies the drivers and operates the service.



Case Studies for Analysis



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Case Studies for Analysis

Study compared and analyzed the approach of each case study on the following:

- Public-Private Partnerships
- Service Area Characteristics and Provision
- Fare Policy
- Civil Rights
- Service Standards

Tech-Based Partnerships

Technological Platform

Service Provider



Service Area Analysis

	Publicly R	egulated e-Hailing F	lex Bus	Publicly Regulated Microtransit			
Variable	AC Transit <i>FLEX</i>	CapMetro <i>Pickup</i>	DART GoLink	HART HyperLINK	City of Arlington Via Rideshare	City of West Sacramento Via On-Demand Rideshare	
Population	Zone 1: 50,000Zone 2: 33,000	• NA	• NA	• NA	• 121,105	• 53,398	
Population density	Zone 1: 9,300Zone 2: 7,800	• NA	• NA	• NA	• 4,844	• 2,597	
Employment density	• Zone 1: 1,814 • Zone 2: 1,900	• NA	• NA	• NA	• 3,345	• 1,483	
Land use pattern	 Suburban, low- density 	Suburban, low-density	Suburban, low-density	• Low-density	Suburban, low-density	• Low-density	



Service Area Analysis

Variable	Publicly F	Regulated e-Haili	ng Flex Bus	Publicly Regulated Microtransit			
	AC Transit FLEX	CapMetro <i>Pickup</i>	DART GoLink	HART HyperLINK	City of Arlington Via Rideshare	City of West Sacramento Via On-Demand Rideshare	
Service area	• 2 zones	• 1 zone	• 6 zones	• 4 zones	• 1 zone	• 1 zone (citywide)	
Square miles	Zone 1: 5.4Zone 2: 4.2	• 7	• NA	• 3	• 25	• 21	
Bus stops	 Designated 	Virtual	 Virtual 	DesignatedVirtual	 Virtual 	 Virtual 	
Walking distance	Min: CurbMax: 2 blocks	Min: CurbMax: Curb		Min: CurbMax: 2 blocks	Min: DoorMax: 2 blocks	Min: DoorMax: 2 blocks	



Service Area Analysis

Variable	Publicly Regulated e-Hailing Flex Bus			Publicly Regulated Microtransit			
	AC Transit FLEX	CapMetro <i>Pickup</i>	DART GoLink	HART HyperLINK	City of Arlington Via Rideshare	City of West Sacramento Via On-Demand Rideshare	
Service days/ hours	Weekdays ● 6am-8pm	Weekdays ● 7am-7pm Saturdays ● 10am-5pm	Weekdays ● 5am-8pm	Daily ● 530am-1030pm	Weekdays Gam-9pm Saturdays Gam-9pm	Weekdays ■ 7am-10pm Saturdays ■ 9am-10pm	
Reservations	 AC Transit website 	Pickup app	 GoLink app 	HyperLINK app	 Via app 	● Via app	
Wait times	• 15 min max	• 15 min max	NA	NA	• 12 min max	• 15 min max	
First Mile-Last Mile Connections	 2 Heavy Rail stations Park & Ride Amtrak 9 major trip generators 	1 Light Rail Station6 major trip generators	 Each connect to a Light Rail station 	 Connect local and express bus 2 Transit Centers 7 major trip generators 	 1 Commuter Rail station 10 major trip generators 	1 Transit Center9 major tripgenerators	



Analysis: Fare Structure

Variable	Publicly Regulated e-Hailing Flex Bus			Publicly Regulated Microtransit			
	AC Transit FLEX	CapMetro <i>Pickup</i>	DART GoLink	HART HyperLINK	City of Arlington Via Rideshare	City of West Sacramento Via On-Demand Rideshare	
Fare Policy	Same as local fare	● Free	 Same as bus local fare 	Bus base: \$2.00 \$1* \$3*	Bus base: \$2.50 • \$3.00	Bus base: \$2.75 ● \$3.50	
Special fares	• Free 1st month	• None	• None	 First 5 trips free 	ViaPass: \$15/week (4 trips per day)	ViaPass: \$15 / week (4 trips per day)	
Transfer Policy	None	• None	• Yes	• None	• None	• None	
Regional fare integration	• No	• No	GoPass app	• No	• No	• No	
Payment	CashAC Transit passSmartcard	 Pickup app 	• GoPass app	HyperLINK app	 Via app 	● Via app	



Analysis: Civil Rights Compliance

	Publicly Reg	ulated e-Hailing Fle	ex Bus	Publicly Regulated Microtransit			
Variable	AC Transit FLEX	CapMetro <i>Pickup</i>	DART GoLink	HART HyperLINK	City of Arlington Via Rideshare	City of West Sacramento Via On-Demand Rideshare	
Title VI analysis	 Service Equity Analysis 	• NA	• NA	• NA	• NA	• NA	
Reduced fares	<54% discount: Youth, Senior, Disabled	● Free	DART Fare Policy	• None	• \$1.75 senior/ disabled	Senior: <50%Disabled: <50%	
Customers with no smartphone or internet access	AC Transit Call Center	CapMetro call center	DART call center	TransdevCall center	 Via Customer Call Center 	 Via Customer Call Center 	
Unbanked customers	Pay cash onboard vehicleAC Transit passSmartcard	Pay cash onboard vehicle	 Pay cash onboard vehicle 	 Pay cash onboard vehicle 	 Cashless 	 Cashless 	

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Lessons Learn from Case Studies

- > Services have been well received by the community.
 - Arlington, TX and West Sacramento have receive positive community feedback.
- Services are appealing to a variety of population groups.
- Depending on the arrangement, operating costs versus other services may be cost neutral.
- But by other measures, services may not have performed as well.
- > There are quality of life impacts beyond transportation.
- > There are economic benefits from the services.
 - City of West Sacramento also noted that Via Rideshare users were frequenting local businesses and participating in social activities more often as a result of having this service available.
- Technology can lead to greater efficiency and on-time performance.
 - AC Transit experience these improvements with their service.
- ➤ The best application for DRT/Microtransit is in low-density, low-demand areas.
 - AC Transit noted the importance of these services when trying to ensure coverage in low density areas. However without additional funding, expanding coverage may result in reduction of service elsewhere.

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From Report to A Guide

- When TDP was adopted, the service recommendations for the FLEX concept were projected to take place later in the implementation phase (FY 2025-2026;
- It was based upon service that was anticipated to not meet standard and those services were being proposed for elimination sooner that the FLEX service would be implemented;
- TDP called for a service evaluation process that would give better clarity as to whether service adjustments or reductions were needed;
- Therefore the study transformed into a guide that will help identify neighborhoods that would benefit from FLEX service, after the service evaluation process was put in place for ART.

Service Evaluation Process

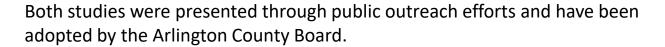


Why do we evaluate service?

Service Evaluation process based on established performance standards. Standards were updated through the following planning studies:

FY 2017-26 Transit Development Plan (Summer 2016); and

FY 2017 Master Transportation Plan Update (Winter 2017).

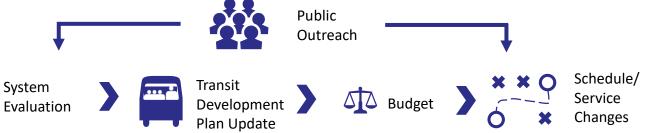


Local and State Funding Partners require County to evaluate and review service as part of annual processes.

County view Flex Concept as a possible service option in filling gaps and providing supplemental service to County citizens and commuters.







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Implementation Process

Step 1: Conduct Ongoing Assessment of ART System Performance

Step 2: Identify Key Stakeholders and Conduct Renewed Community

Outreach

Step 3: Identify Service Delivery Model and Determine

Step 4: Develop Geo-Fenced Zone Characteristics

Step 5: Determine Budget and Identify Funding Sources

Step 6: Develop Fare Structure

Step 7: Ensure Compliance with Federal Civil Rights

Step 8: Develop Program and Service Evaluation Measures

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Next steps

- Provide update to Transit Advisory Committee with presentation of FY 2019 Service Evaluation Report (Tentative – late fall 2019)
- Review current efforts in Montgomery County and other agencies
- After County Manager approval, present findings to Transportation Commission and conduct public outreach efforts.