Integrated Community Energy Solutions: Update

MWAQC

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Opportunity: CHP, District Energy, and Microgrids

1) Combined Heat and Power – Generating electricity and thermal resources on site.

2) District Energy – Sharing the thermal resource.

3) Microgrid – Investing in the technology necessary to enable "Islanding" (off-grid) thereby reducing load on the grid.

Examples in the Region

- DC Convention Center
- Howard University
- FDA White Oak
- NIH Bethesda
- George Mason University
- University of Maryland
- Washington Navy Yard
- and more...

Benefits: CHP, District Energy, and Microgrid Combined

- More efficient use of fuel
- Frees up valuable commercial building space
- Can reduce electricity demand during peak load
- Can provide revenue from PJM Demand Response Program
- May enable use of multiple energy resources (solar, solar thermal, biomass, wind, etc)
- May improve reliability and power quality



District Energy – Community Scale Heating and Cooling

- Underground network of pipes "<u>combines"</u> heating and cooling requirements of multiple buildings
- Creates a "<u>market</u>" for valuable thermal energy
- Aggregated thermal loads creates <u>scale</u> to apply fuels, technologies not feasible on singlebuilding basis
- Fuel flexibility improves energy security, local economy

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- Challenges
 - Limited experience; Utility Law and Regulations; Financing; Existing energy infrastructure and markets



