Task II -

Transit Assignment for the Version 2.3 Travel Model

presented to

TPB Travel Forecasting Subcommittee

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Transportation leadership you can trust.



Task II Transit Assignment for the Version 2.3 Travel Model

Focus on Rail Assignment

Graphical Output Options

Reasonableness Guidelines

Data Sources



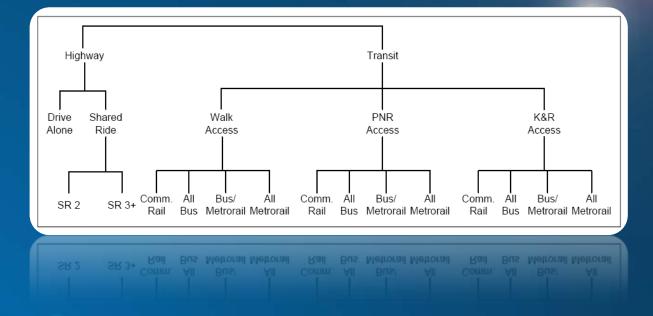
Challenges

New Process

• Submodes

Previous Model

» No Assignment



» Applied Transit Assignment Not Mode
Specific

Roots in the WMATA Post-Processor



Challenges (continued)

• Data

- » Boardings
- » Passenger Loads
- » Purpose
- » Productions and Attractions







Metrics

- TMIP Travel Model Validation and Reasonableness Checking Manual Second Edition
- Screenlines and Cutlines
- Cordon Counts
- Passenger Miles Traveled
- No Performance Standard



Travel Model Validation and Reasonableness Checking Manual Second Edition

Helping Agencies Improve Their Planning Analysis Techniques





Metrics (continued)

- FSUMTS-CUBE Framework Phase II Model Calibration and Validation Standards
 - » Assigning On-Board Survey (FTA Recommendation)
 - » Estimated to Observed

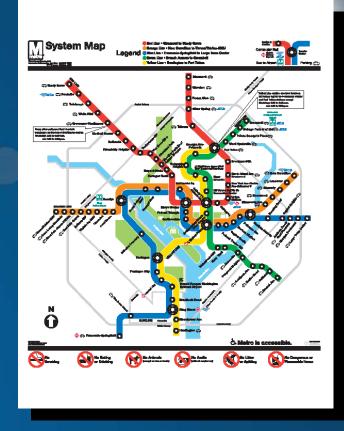
Validation Statistic	Acceptable	Preferable
Regional Estimated-over-Observed Transit Trips (Boardings)	+/- 9 %	+/- 3 %
Transit Screenline	+/- 20 %	+/- 10 %
Transit Line Ridership: <1,000 Passengers per Day	+/- 150 %	+/- 100 %
Transit Line Ridership: 1,000 – 2,000 Passengers per Day	+/- 100 %	+/- 65 %
Transit Line Ridership: 2,000 – 5,000 Passengers per Day	+/- 65 %	+/- 35 %
Transit Line Ridership: 5,000 – 10,000 Passengers per Day	+/- 35 %	+/- 25 %
Transit Line Ridership: 10,000 – 20,000 Passengers per Day	+/- 25 %	+/- 20 %
Transit Line Ridership: 20,000 Passengers per Day	+/- 20 %	+/- 15 %



Focus

Metro

- » Boardings by Station Group
- » Regional Boardings Reasonable
- » By Line Reasonable
- » Station Group Challenges
 - Mode of Access
 - Drive Access PNR Choice
 - ♦ KNR
 - Bus Competition
 - Walk Access





Focus (continue)

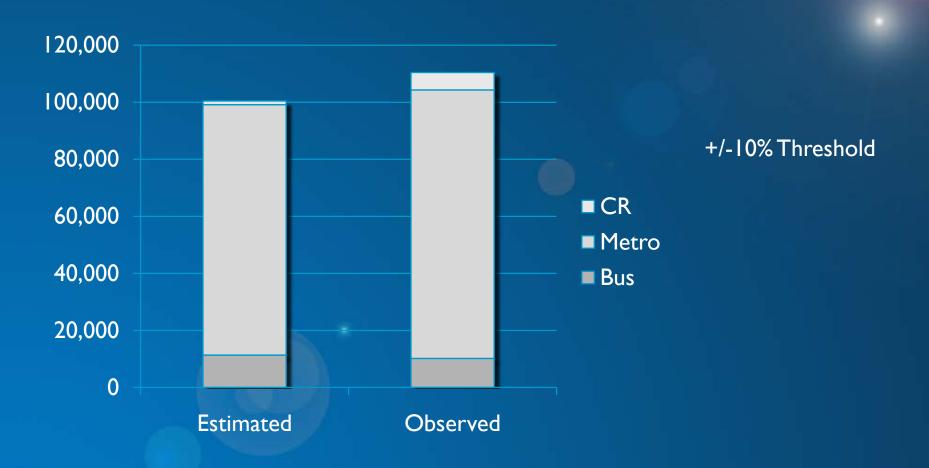
- Commuter Rail
 - » VRE
 - » MARC
- Directional Travel
- Boardings By Station
- Drive Access Issue PNR Choice







Potomac Screenline





Beltway Screenline



- The screenline is missing bus passengers.
- The impact of the drive access and PNR choice is a potential issue.
- Requires special attention in corridor studies outside of the Beltway.



Other Agencies

Seattle Transit Validation

Transit Operator	2000 Modeled Boardings			2000 Observed Boardings	
	AM	MD	Daily	Daily	Percent Difference
King County Metro	92,940	77,627	294,226	329,913	-11%
Pierce Transit	9,987	11,440	36,661	45,265	-19%
Community Transit and Everett Transit	10,070	7,662	30,660	33,318	-8%
Kitsap Transit	4,403	3,967	. 14,410	11,889	21%
Washington State Ferries	11,372	2,114	23,979	21,000	14%
Sound Transit	10,006	8,900	32,560	see note	n/a
Total	138,778	111,710	432,497	441,385	-2%



Other Agencies (continued)

Baltimore Transit Validation

Transit Boardings by Submode

Submode	2000 Observed Boardings	Version 3.3 2000 BMC Model Estimate	% Error
Bus	239,908	273,280	14%
Rail	74,968	64,962	13%
MARC	17,899	12,842	-28%

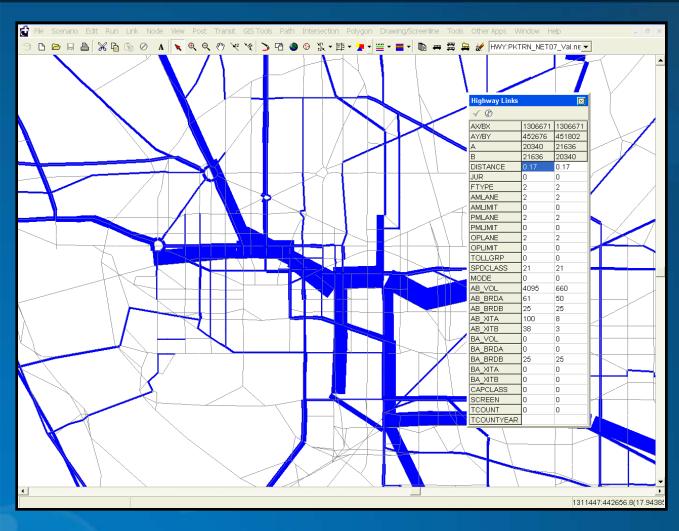


Other Agencies (continued)

- NYMTC Best Practices Model
 - » Iterative Transit Assignment Using O-D Trip Tables
 - » Transit Capacity Incorporated Using BPR-like Congestion Equations
 - » Five Iterations 2.5 days to Run
 - » Validated for Morning Peak Only
 - Subway Station Boardings
 - Screenlines for Bus Volumes
 - Commuter Rail Ridership by Line



Graphical Output



 Transit Assignment DBF Files Output

- Sort DBF by Mode
- Sum Volumes by Link for Motorized Modes
- Build Network with Rail Modes
- Upload Sorted DBF Files



Summary

- Data is a Challenge
- Drive and Walk Access Present Challenges
- Future Exploration Would be Assigning Drive Access Trips

 Need to Define The Expectation of the Transit Assignment Based on the Focus of the Study



Questions or Comments

