EQUITY EMPHASIS AREAS NATIONAL CAPITAL REGION

Geographic Specificity To Aid Actions

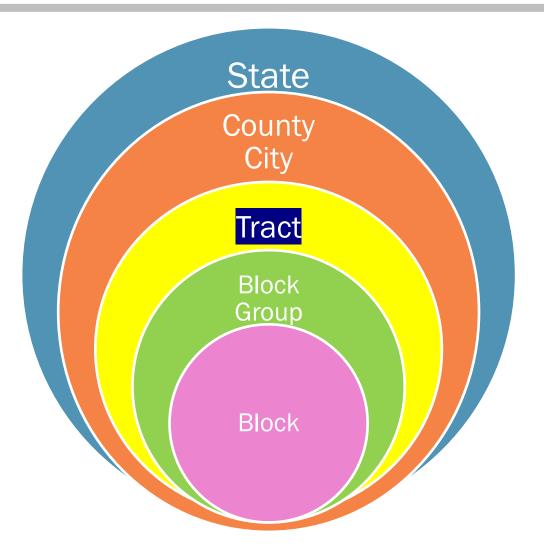
Kanti Srikanth
Deputy Executive Director, COG

Chief Equity Officers Committee, COG May 27, 2021



Equity Emphasis Areas (EEAs)

Geographic areas corresponding to **U.S. Census tracts** with concentration of low-income and / or minority population above regional average.





Why Low Income & Minority:

Title VI: Civil Rights Act of 1964

Prohibit discrimination based on race, color, or national origin under any program or activity receiving Federal financial assistance



Environmental Justice (EO 12898) Recipients of Federal funds must identify and avoid disproportionately high and adverse effects on minority and low-income populations



Low Income / Minority Definitions

Low Income:

A person is considered low-income if their household income is less than $1\,1/2$ times the federal government's official poverty threshold.

Minority groups:

African American - A person having origins in any of the Black racial groups of Africa.

Hispanic or Latino – A person of Mexican, Puerto Rican, Cuban, South or Central American, or other Spanish culture or origin regardless of race.

Asian - A person having origins in any of the original peoples of the Far East, Southeast Asia, or the Indian subcontinent.



Designating Census Tracts as EEA

Criteria

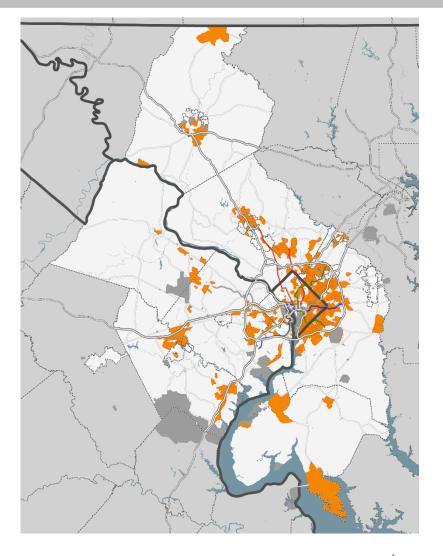
 Low-Income concentration more than 1.5 times the regional average.

OR

 High concentrations of 2+ minority population groups

OR

High concentrations of at least
 1 minority population groups
 with low-income concentration
 at or above the regional average





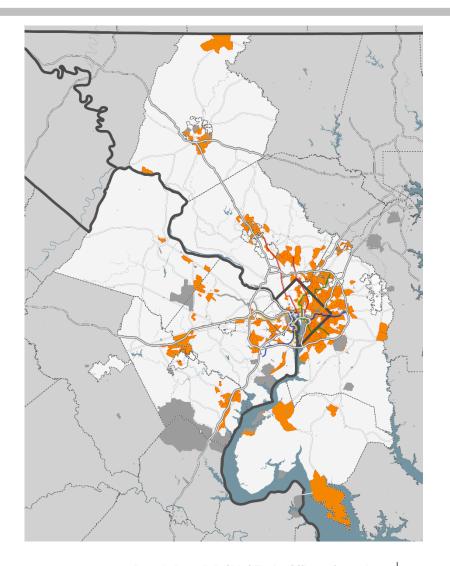
EEA Tool at your fingertips!

Detailed information & reports – COG Website:

https://www.mwcog.org/transportation/plannin g-areas/fairness-andaccessibility/environmental-justice/equityemphasis-areas/

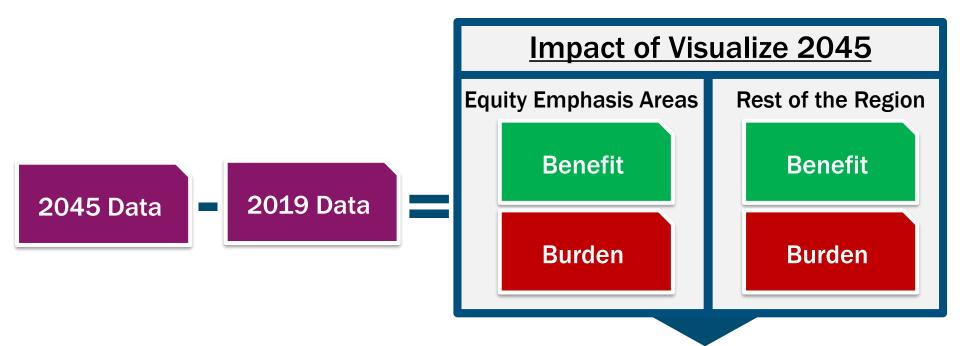
GIS Tool - COG Website:

http://gis.mwcog.org/webmaps/tpb/clrp/ei/





Application of EEAs: Transportation Plan



Determine if the impact is disproportionately high and adverse on low-income and minority populations



Transportation Plan: Summary Findings

Determination:

Planned projects of Visualize 2045 would not have a disproportionate and adverse impact on low-income and minority populations

✓ Seven measures: Similar <u>Benefits</u> for EEAs and the Rest of the Region

✓ One measure: Disproportionate Benefits for EEAs

Two measures: Similar <u>Burdens</u> for EEAs and the Rest of the Region

Improvement Opportunities:

 Close the gap in difference in magnitude of benefit / dis-benefit between EEAs & Non-EEAs

Limitations:

- Impacts of all EEAs combined not individual EEAs
- Combined impact of all projects and policies not individual project / policy
- Current location of EEAs remain unchanged in 2045
- Other factors not considered include: Safety and comfort; Reliability;
 Availability of information and ease of use; Language barriers



Application of EEAs: Roadway Safety

How do EEAs compare to the rest of the region when it comes to roadway fatalities and serious injuries?

Jurisdiction	Average Population in EEAs	Percentage of Population in EEAs	Percentage of Fatalities in EEAs	Percentage of Serious Injuries in EEAs
Urban Core	447,026	42.3%	58.9%	46.8%
District of Columbia	355,176	55.0%	65.9%	54.4%
Arlington County	46,778	20.7%	14.3%	16.4%
City of Alexandria	45,072	29.8%	57.9%	25.6%
Inner Suburbs	880,947	28.4%	36.1%	27.3%
Montgomery County	254,559	24.8%	44.0%	28.9%
Prince George's County	412,062	45.9%	41.0%	39.2%
Fairfax County	214,326	18.9%	16.2%	18.0%
Outer Suburbs	199,793	15.5%	19.8%	19.6%
Charles County	18,058	11.7%	13.9%	21.7%
Frederick County	39,929	16.4%	21.4%	24.2%
Loudoun County	25,837	7.1%	11.9%	8.7%
Prince William County	101,648	22.9%	30.0%	29.7%
Manassas	7,556	18.4%	16.7%	11.0%
Manassas Park	6,765	42.7%	0.0%	42.9%
National Capital Region	1,527,766	28.0%	34.4%	28.7%



EEA Roadway Safety: Summary Findings

- Contain 29 percent of the region's population yet they account for 34 percent of the region's fatalities
- Contain 42 percent of the Urban Core's population yet they account for 59 percent of the Urban Core's fatalities
- Contain 16 percent of the Outer Suburb's population yet they account for 20 percent of the Outer Suburb's serious injuries
- Have higher percentages of fatalities involving young drivers, pedestrians, crashes at intersections, and crashes on major arterials



Other Applications!?

- What other aspect of Community Services within an EEA would you want to examine and compare to non-EEA?
- How would you use findings of such geographically focused equity analysis to inform decision making?
- Sample topics:
 - Inequities in conditions for wellness in this region?

 https://www.mwcog.org/documents/2020/10/26/uneven-opportunities-how-conditions-for-wellness-vary-across-the-metropolitan-washington-region-health-health-data/
 - Impediments to equitable housing affordability? (COG's Regional Housing Equity Plan: https://www.mwcog.org/fairhousing)



METROPOLITAN WASHINGTON HEALTHY PLACES INDEX INDICATORS BY DOMAIN:

Bivariate correlations with life expectancy at birth by domain.

Domain	Indicator	r
	Cancer risk	0.10
Air Quality	Environmental hazards	0.05
	Respiratory risk	0.01
	Public assistance	-0.59
	Single-parent households	-0.54
	Unemployment rate	-0.52
	Median household income	0.52
5	Marital status	0.49
Economic/Other Household Resources	Low income (adult)	-0.47
Resources	Poverty (child)	-0.40
	Poverty (adult)	-0.39
	Low food access (low income population)	-0.23
	Income inequality	-0.01
	Low food access (overall)	0.00
	Some college/higher	0.66
Ed.,	High school diploma/higher	0.48
Education	Lack of English proficiency	0.24
	Preschool enrollment	-0.18
	Private insurance	0.50
	Public Insurance	-0.47
	OB/GYN provider access	0.33
Health Care Access	Primary care provider access	0.29
	Uninsured adults	-0.22
	Mental health provider access	0.05
	Uninsured children	0.00
	Median home value	0.54
	Median rent	0.51
	Housing cost burdened (overall)	-0.40
	Poor housing conditions (homeowners)	-0.38
	Housing cost burdened (homeowners)	-0.37
	Extremely housing cost burdened (overall)	-0.31
	Housing vacancies	-0.29
Housing	Housing opportunity index	0.27
	Extremely housing cost burdened	
	(homeowners)	-0.25
	Older age of housing	-0.24
	Poor housing conditions (renters)	-0.20
	Renter occupied	-0.19
	Renter housing cost burdened	-0.18
	Housing moves	-0.18
	Overcrowding	-0.18
	Extremely housing cost burdened (renters)	-0.15
	Housing stability	0.02
	Travel time to work	-0.32
	No access to vehicle	-0.27
-	Commute by public transit	-0.20
Transportation	Commute by motor vehicle	0.16
	Commute by walking/cycling	0.07
	Transportation Cost	-0.06



Kanti Srikanth

COG, Deputy Executive Director, Planning (202) 962-3257 Ksrikanth@mwcog.org

mwcog.org/TPB

Metropolitan Washington Council of Governments 777 North Capitol Street NE, Suite 300 Washington, DC 20002



EQUITY EMPHASIS AREAS NATIONAL CAPITAL REGION

Geographic Specificity To Aid Actions Additional Information

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EJ Analysis Findings: Accessibility

Similar **Benefits** for EEAs and the Rest of the Region

		Impact of Visualize 2045	
Measure		Absolute	Percent
Avg. # of jobs accessible by auto	EEAs	+16	+1.6%
	Rest of the Region	+54	+6.8%
Avg. # of jobs accessible by transit	EEAs	+198	+36.7%
	Rest of the Region	+126	+42.0%
Avg. # of jobs accessible by High Capacity Transit	EEAs	+138	+70.2%
	Rest of the Region	+78	+62.9%
Avg. # of jobs accessible by bus	EEAs	+46	+46.3%
	Rest of the Region	+34	+49.4%



EJ Analysis Findings: Accessibility (continued)

Similar **Benefits** for EEAs and the Rest of the Region

		illipact of visualize 2045		
Measure	Absolute Percent			
Pop. with walkable	EEAs	+471	+72.8%	

Pop. with walkable access to High Capacity Transit	EEAs	+471	+72.8%
	Rest of the Region	+540	+55.2%
Pop. with walkable access to bus service	EEAs	+380	+25.5%
	Rest of the Region	+594	+22.7%
Avg. travel time to closest hospital	EEAs	-0.3	-0.9%
	Rest of the Region	-0.1	-0.2%



Impact of Vigualize 2015

EJ Analysis Findings: Mobility

Disproportionate **Benefits** for EEAs

Impact of Visualize 2045

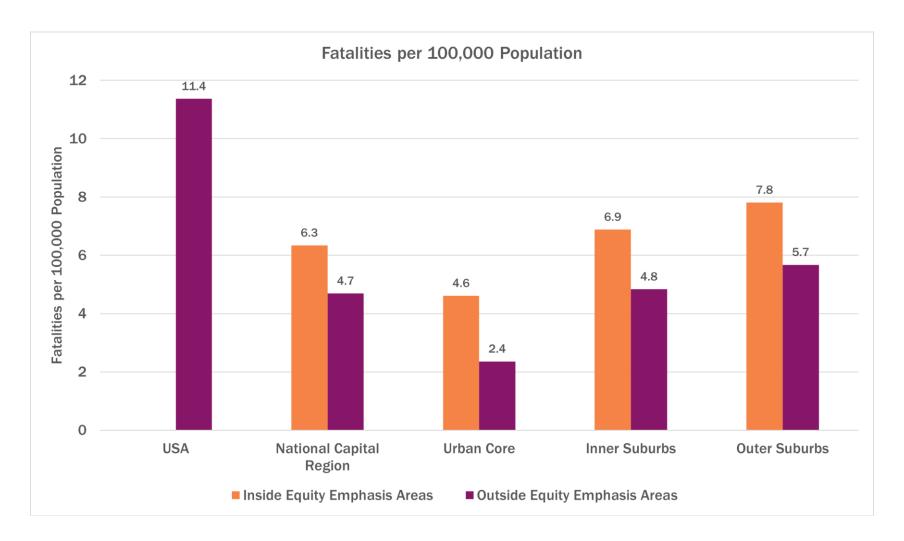
Measure		Absolute	Percent
Avg. commute	EEAs	-1.2	-2.2 %
time by transit	Rest of the Region	+1.0	+1.9%

Similar **Burdens** for EEAs and the Rest of the Region

Avg. commute time by auto Avg. travel time to closest hospital by auto	EEAs	+4.7	+11.1%
	Rest of the Region	+5.1	+10.8%
	EEAs	+1.4	+9.2%
	Rest of the Region	+1.7	+10.1%

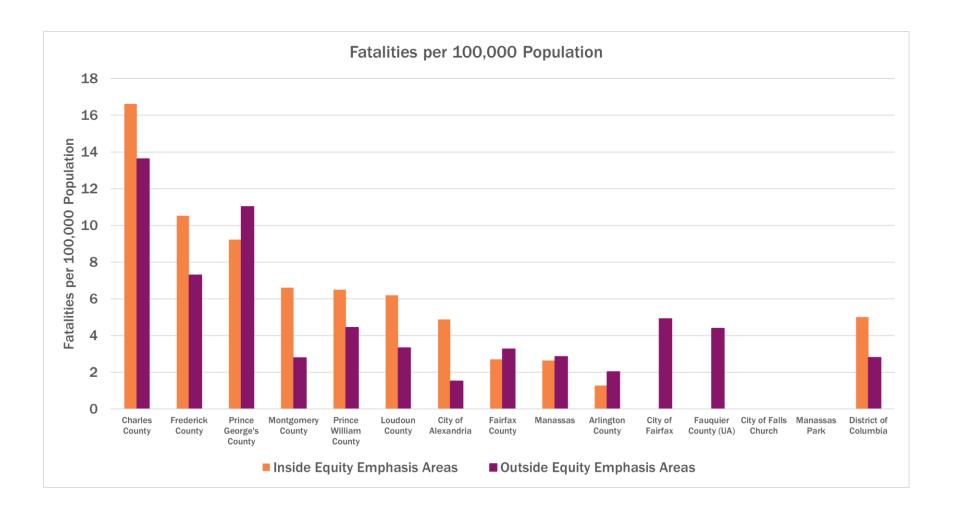


Fatalities per 100,000 Population (2014-2018)





Fatalities per 100,000 Population (2014-2018)

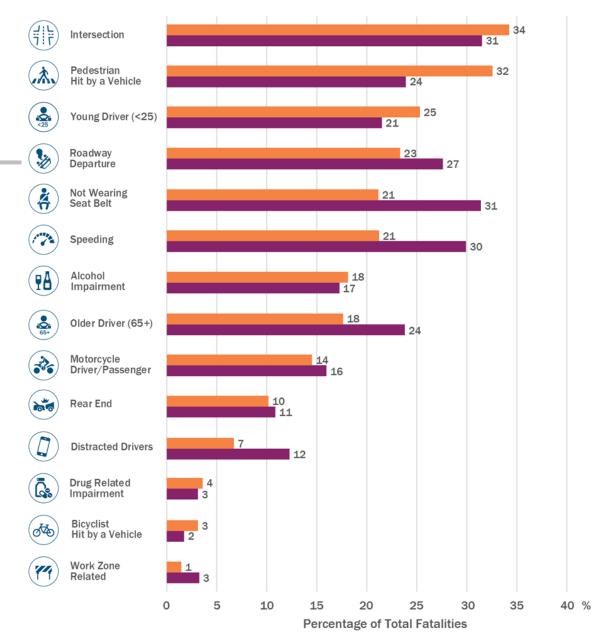




Contributing Circumstances Fatality Percentage

(2014-2018)

Percentage of Total Fatalities by Contributing Circumstance





Contributing Circumstances Fatality Percentage (2014-2018)

