Update:

Anacostia Watershed Restoration:

Prince George's County, Maryland

February 23, 2017

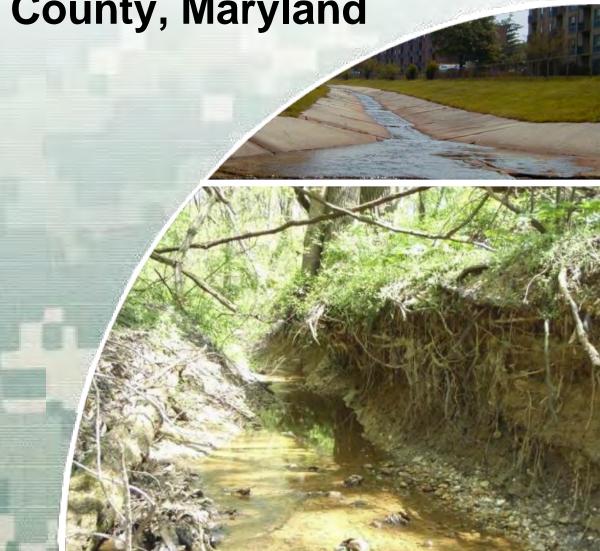
Jacqueline Seiple Study Manager

USACE

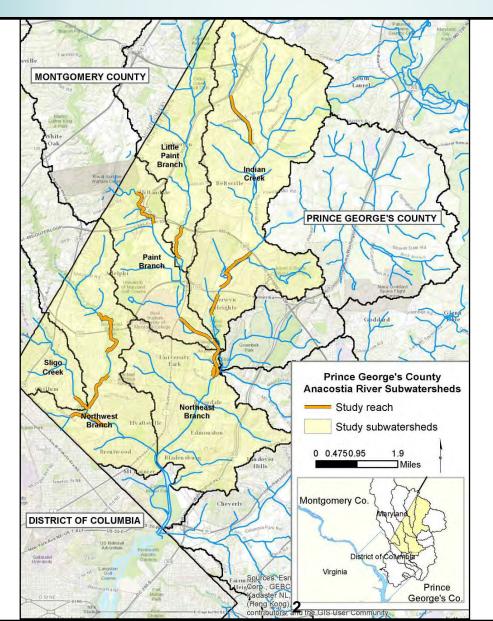
Baltimore District



US Army Corps of Engineers
BUILDING STRONG



Study Area



Study Area:

Anacostia River Watershed Prince George's County, Maryland

Feasibility Study Purpose

- Aquatic ecosystem restoration mission area
- Builds on the Anacostia Restoration Plan (2010)
- Contributes to comprehensive watershed (Chesapeake Bay, Potomac River, and Anacostia River) restoration through interagency collaboration and integration of actions and investments

Sponsor:

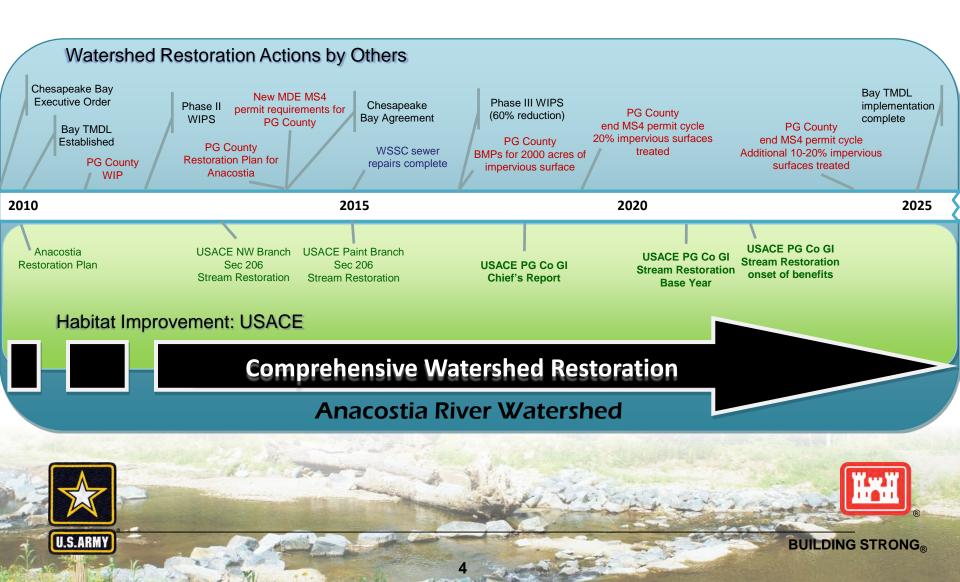
Prince George's County Department of the Environment







Comprehensive Restoration Strategy



Problems & Objectives

Problem:

Human alteration of the Anacostia River watershed has resulted in significant degradation of aquatic ecosystems through changes to the hydrologic regime and direct anthropogenic alteration of streams, including by USACE for flood risk management.



Objectives:

- Restore degraded instream physical habitat in both the Northwest and Northeast Branch subwatersheds
- 2. Enhance aquatic
 ecosystem resilience
 (restore fish passage and
 connectivity) in both the
 Northwest and Northeast
 Branch subwatersheds

Site Selection per Criteria

- 18 screened (23 miles)
- 10 selected for study (11 miles)

Plan Formulation

Management Measures Combined

Natural Channel Design (supplemented)

Alternatives Formulated

Combinations of stream sites for Northwest and Northeast Branches

Cost Effectiveness Analysis

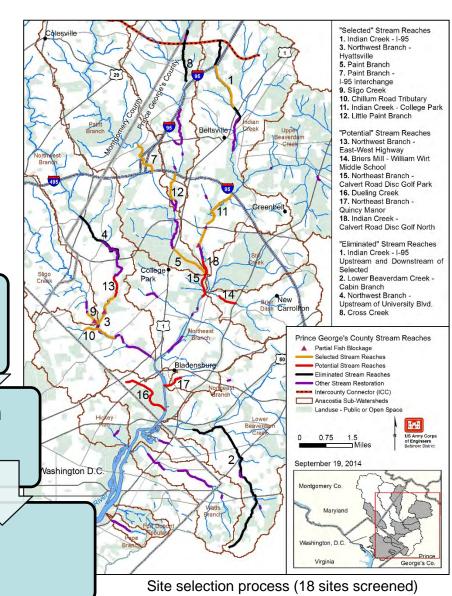
- Parametric costs
- Benefits MBSS Physical Habitat Index

Plan Evaluation and Comparison

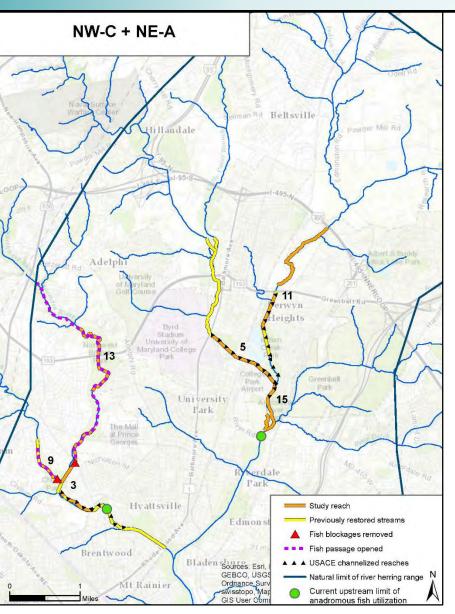
CE/ICA, Planning Objectives, USACE Criteria

Tentatively Selected Plan

Six stream sites



Tentatively Selected Plan



Includes six stream sites:

Northwest Branch: 3, 9, 13Northeast Branch: 15, 5, 11

Restores:

- 7 miles of in-stream habitat (orange)
- 4 miles of fish passage (purple dashed)

Connects:

13 miles of restored habitat (yellow)

Restores:

 All four sites damaged by USACE FRM project from 1970s (black triangles)

Enhances prior Federal investments by connecting to previous USACE restoration projects

Meets planning objectives, addresses problems and opportunities:

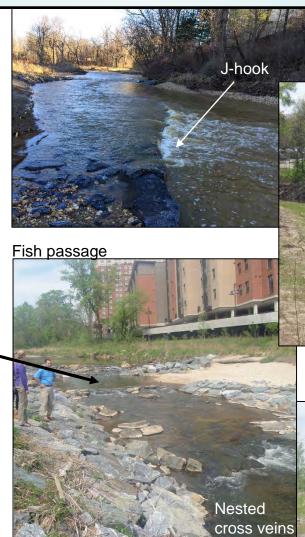
- Ameliorates fish blockages
- Increases habitat availability
- Increases habitat suitability

Management Measures









Post-Restoration



Log vein

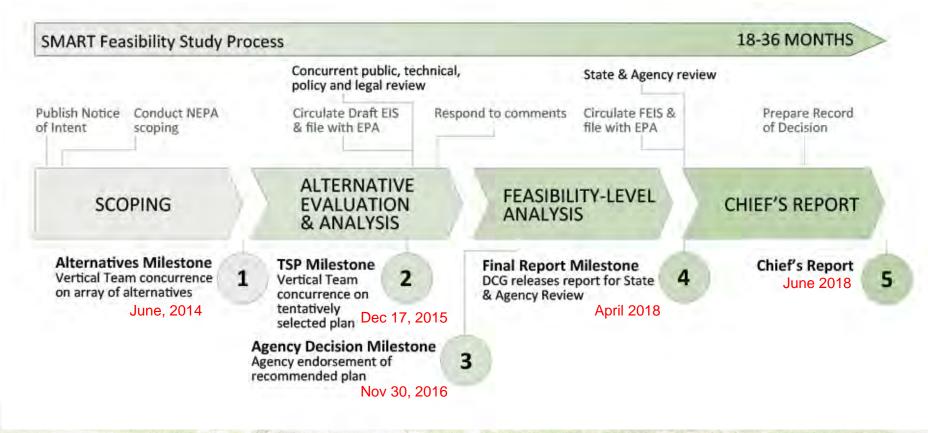
Feasibility-Level Design Phase

- Draft Feasibility Report with the Tentatively Selected Plan and conceptual designs and costs released for public review in June 2016; concurrent internal reviews
- Agency Decision Milestone to gain agency endorsement of the recommended plan held on November 30, 2016
- Currently in Feasibility-Level Design Phase
 - Advance design to feasibility-level
 - Run HEC-RAS model for water surface elevation, flood risk
 - Run SIAM (Sediment Impact Assessment Model) to evaluate sediment transport
 - Develop feasibility-level costs
 - Respond to comments on Draft Report
 - Complete agency coordination and environmental compliance
 - Finalize Feasibility Report





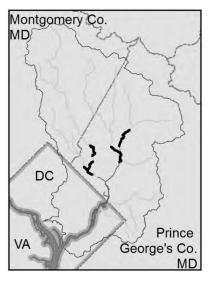
Schedule







Questions?



Recommended Plan: NW-C + NE-A

- 7 miles of stream restored
- 4 miles of anadromous fish passage opened
- 13 miles of restored habitat connected

Cost: \$40,694,000 (Federal: \$26,451,000; non-Federal: \$14,243,000)

Contact:

Jacqueline Seiple
USACE Baltimore District

<u>Jacqueline.a.Seiple@usace.army.mil</u>

410-962-4398



