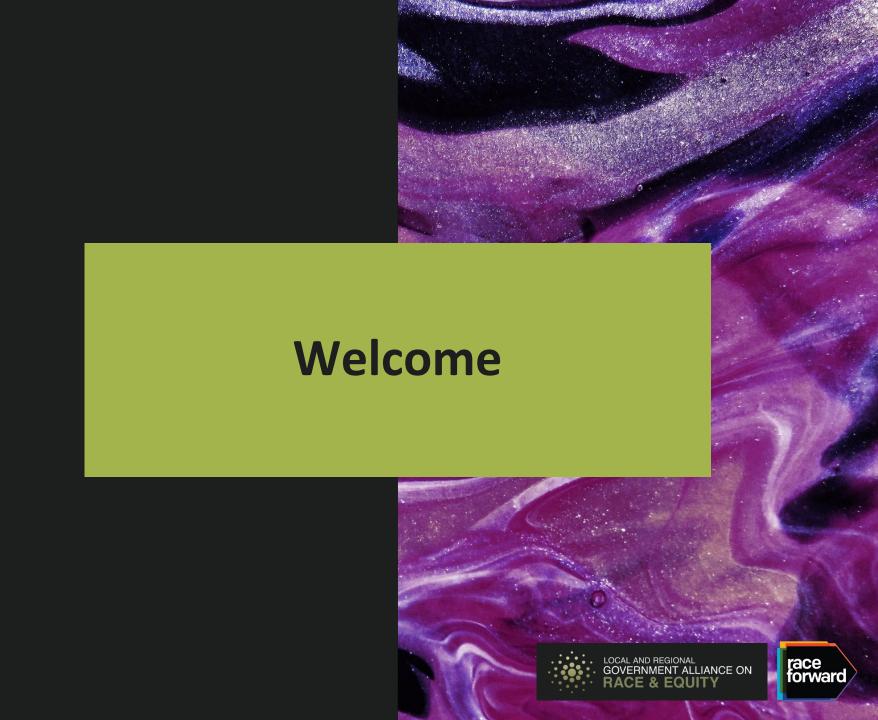




Advancing Racial Equity in the DMV Region: The Roles of Government

Elected Officials Learning Series May 20, 2022



Introducing the GARE Team



Jordan Bingham

GARE Affiliate

Co-Lead Trainer



Tony Pattillo

GARE Affiliate

Co-Lead Trainer



Karen Shaban

GARE Affiliate

Project Manager







Race Forward: Creating Change

GROW POWER

Connect and align networks of people, organizations, and movements to build the collective power.

GROW POWER

TRANSFORM CULTURE

JUST MULTI-RACIAL SOCIETY

> TRANSFORM INSTITUTIONS AND SECTORS

TRANSFORM POLICY

Position communities of color as leaders and decision-makers in the policy-making process.

TRANSFORM CULTURE

Harness the power of narrative, arts, and culture to assert the full humanity of communities of color.

TRANSFORM INSTITUTIONS & SECTORS

Institutions and sectors must operationalize racial equity in their policies, practices, and outcomes.





Government Alliance on Race & Equity

A national network of member jurisdictions aspiring to advance racial justice, transform local government and create a strong multiracial democracy..

The Network = 407 members and growing!

Cities, counties, regional agencies and state agencies in 36 states from across the country

Provide tools to put theory into action



The DMV Region Journey









- 2018 CAO Retreat
- CAO initiated RE Task Force
- 2019 Introductory Cohort

District of Columbia

MD: Charles

College Park

Gaithersburg

Montgomery

Prince Georges

Takoma Park

VA: Alexandria
Arlington
Fairfax
Loudoun

- 2020 Implementation Cohort
- COG RE Task Force elevated to Chief Equity Officers Committee

► 2021 Introductory Cohort

Council of Governments

District of Columbia

MD: Charles

College Park

Frederick

Greenbelt

Montgomery

VA: Alexandria

Arlington

Fairfax

Loudoun

Price William

Elected Officials Series



Our Learning Environment

- Take space, make space
- What is said here, stays here
- What is learned here, leaves here
- Brave space
- Offer what you can, ask for what you need
- One mic, one speaker
- Accept and expect lack of closure
- Use "I" statements





Objectives

Increase your understanding the role of government in advancing racial equity

Strengthen your role as a racial equity leader, including support for the appointed leaders and staff who are implementing racial equity action plans

Build public will and cross-sector support for advancing racial equity, including preparation for challenges.







"THE RIGHT QUESTION INEVITABLY LEADS YOU TO THE CORRECT ANSWER. ASK THE RIGHT QUESTIONS."

Robin Sharma







Let's Talk About It

A Panel Discussion With Leaders Advancing Racial Equity In The Region



The Role Of Government





GARE Practice

Normalize

A shared analysis and definitions

Urgency / prioritize

Visualize

Operationalize

Racial equity tools

Data to develop strategies and drive results

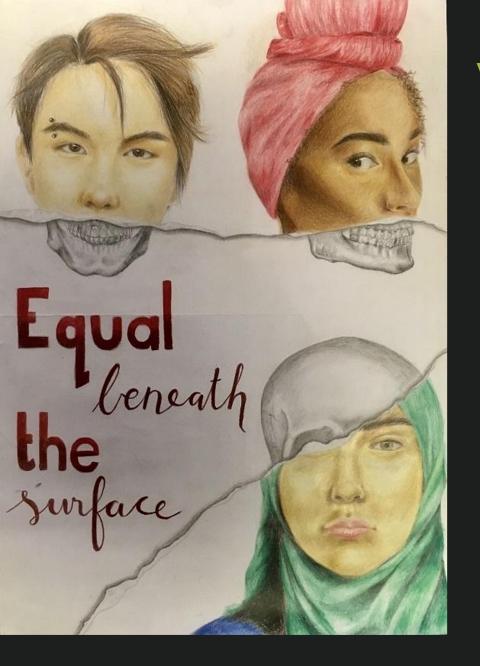
Organize

Internal infrastructure

Partnerships







Values and realities

- All men are created equal
- With liberty and justice for all
- Government of the people, by the people, for the people, shall not perish from the earth





History of Government and Race

INSTRUCTIONS TO ALL PERSONS OF JAPANESE ANCESTRY Living in the Following Area: All that pertine of the city and County of Sun Practices, State of California, Iping presently were of the morth-senth of the catalistic by Junipero Serra Boulevand, Wrancies of Areans, and Marketten Areans, and Marketten for the Sun Francies in established by California Servick, to the intervention of Market Street, and those on Market Street, and those of the Street Street, and those of the Street Street, and those of the Street Street, and those of the Street, and those of the Street, and the

Government explicitly creates and maintains racial inequity.

Became implicit



Discrimination illegal, but "race-neutral" policies and practices perpetuate inequity. Government for racial equity



Proactive policies, practices and procedures that advance racial equity.





Individual racism:

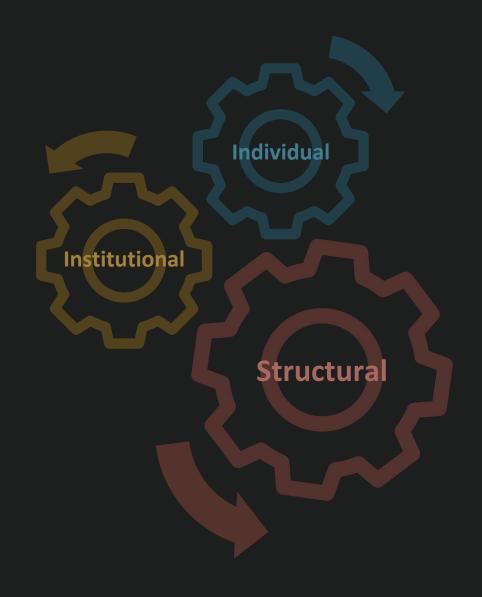
Bigotry or discrimination by an individual based on race.

Institutional racism:

Policies, practices and procedures that work better for white people than for people of color, regardless of intent.

Structural racism:

A history and current reality of institutional racism across all institutions, combining to create a system that negatively impacts communities of color.







Racial equity means:

 "Closing the gaps" so that race does not predict one's success, while also improving outcomes for all

- To do so, have to:
 - ☐ Target strategies to focus improvements for those worse off
 - Move beyond "services" and focus on changing policies, institutions and structures





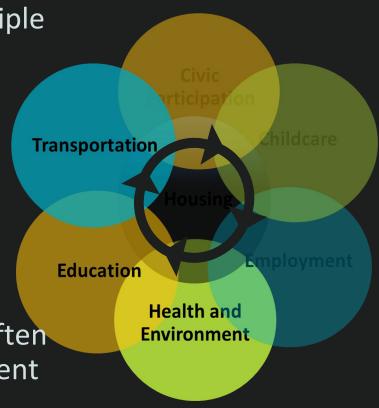
What We Mean by Structural Racial Inequity?

"Structural Racism" points to multiple institutions

 The ways our public and private institutions interact to produce barriers to opportunity and racial disparities.

 Intent to discriminate is largely irrelevant

 Structures just do what they do, often invisibly, and reinforce disinvestment and disparities.





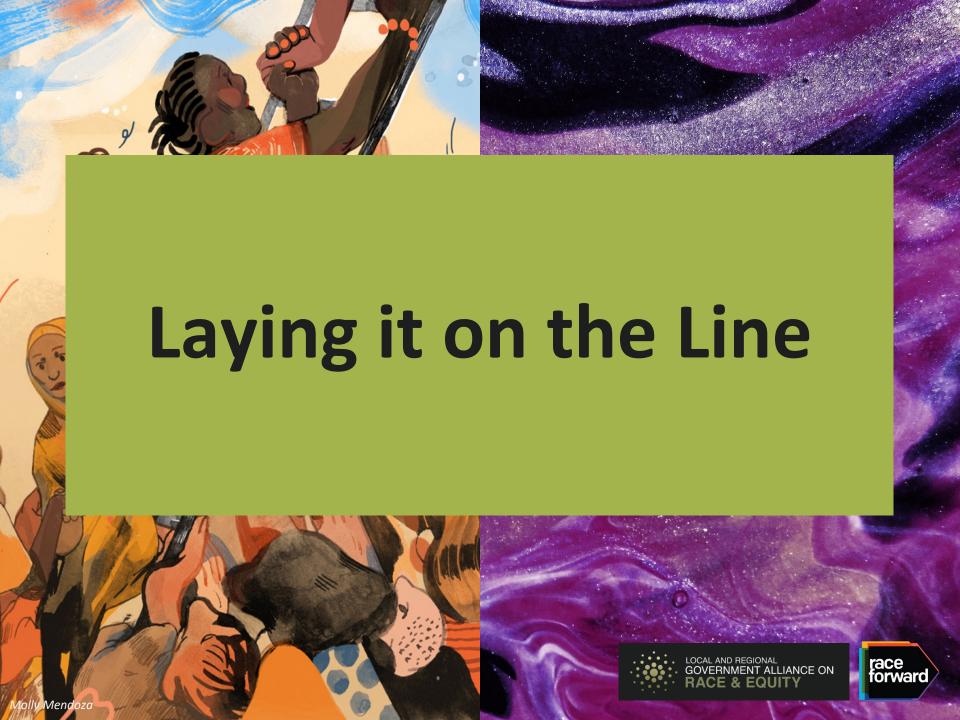


Structures are a part of our lives:









Laying it on the Line

People who engage in public meetings are the ones who care the most about the issues.

We should invest more resources to engage marginalized communities, even if it means reallocating the resources invested in the broader community.





Diversity, Equity and Inclusion (DEI)

INCLUSION DIVERSITY • **EQUITY**



Quantity

Different identities & cultures



Quality

Participation across identities & cultures



Justice

Policies, practices, & procedures to ensure equitable outcomes Source: City of Portland Office of Equity and Human Rights

Equity? Equality? What's the difference?



Explicit bias

Expressed directly

Aware of bias / operates consciously

Example: Sign in the window of an apartment building – "Whites only"

Implicit bias

Expressed indirectly

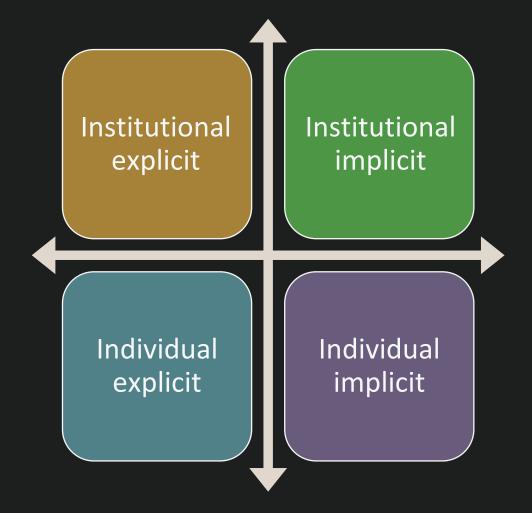
Unaware of bias / operates sub-consciously

Example: A property manager doing more criminal background checks on people with "Black-sounding" names than "White-sounding" names





Types of bias







Institutional / Explicit

Policies which explicitly discriminate against a group.

Example:

Police department refusing to hire people of color.

Institutional / Implicit

Policies, practices and procedures that negatively impact one group unintentionally.

Example:

Police department focusing on street-level drug arrests.

Individual / Explicit

Prejudice in action – discrimination.

Example:
Police officer
calling someone
an ethnic slur while
arresting them.

Individual / Implicit

Unconscious attitudes and beliefs.

Example:
Police officer calling
for back-up more
often when
stopping a person
of color.







Shaping Racial Equity Analysis as a Policymaker:

The Racial Equity Toolkit



GARE Practice

Normalize

A shared analysis and definitions

Urgency / prioritize

Visualize

Operationalize

Racial equity tools

Data to develop strategies and drive results

Organize

Internal infrastructure

Partnerships





Racial Equity Tool (RET) Methodology



TAKING NOTICE.

Gain understanding of the community as a whole. Take notice of institutional and structural racism.

1 Desired results

Your vision and desired state-of-being for ALL

- 2 Analysis of data
 Identifying who is most negatively impacted
- Community engagement
 Shifting power to those most impacted
- Strategies for racial equity
 Informed by desired results, data and engagement
- Implementation plan
 Identifying tasks and setting a plan
- 6 Communications and accountability
 Forming a message and documenting impact











Questions

 How do you connect to the racial equity work in your jurisdiction?

 When an equity issue has been brought to your attention, what challenges or questions did that raise for you?

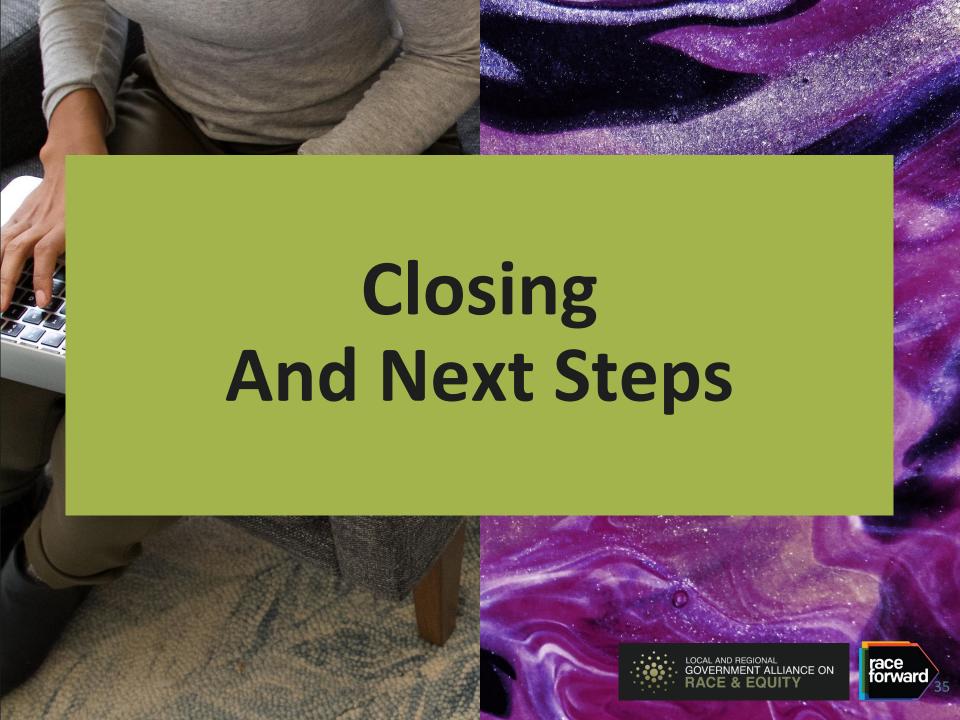




When we find solutions that work for those most vulnerable in our communities, we find solutions that work better for everyone.







Elected Officials Learning Series: A Look Ahead

June 17: Normalize as Policymakers

- virtual
- Exploring the leadership role as an elected official
- Asking the key questions to reveal root causes of inequities
- July 22: Organize as Policymakers

in person

- Building on the strengths in your community
- Strengthening inclusive governmental structures
- September 16: Operationalize as Policymakers virtual
 - Building public will and cross sector support
 - Preparing for Challenges





GARE Team Contact information

Tony Pattillo

(980) 556-2752 — via text tonypattillo01@outlook.com

Karen Shaban (571) 509-8263 kshaban@raceforward.org

Jordan Bingham jordan@ninacollective.com



